

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

VOL. 1.

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, FEB. 18, 1867.

NO. 48.

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY,

PUBLISHED BY

GEORGE REYNOLDS,

SEATTLE, W. T.

OFFICIAL.

LAW OF THE UNITED STATES,
Passed at the First Session of the Thirty
Sixth Congress.

As Act Making Appropriations for the Current and Contingent Expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling Treaty Stipulations with various Indian Tribes for the year ending thirtieth June, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of paying the current and contingent expenses of the Indian Department and fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes:

For the current and contingent expenses of the Indian department, namely:

For the pay of superintendents of Indian affairs and of Indian agents, one hundred and ten thousand and fifty-six dollars.

For pay of clerk to superintendent at St. Louis, Missouri, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For pay of temporary clerks by superintendents of Indian affairs, five thousand dollars.

For pay of clerk to superintendent of Indian affairs in California, one thousand eight hundred dollars.

For pay of interpreters, twenty-eight thousand dollars.

For presents to Indians, five thousand dollars.

For provisions for Indians, eleven thousand eight hundred dollars.

For buildings at agencies and repairs thereof, ten thousand dollars.

For fulfilling treaty stipulations with the various Indian tribes:

Chacta, Seton, and Unqupa Indians.—

For twelfth of fifteen instalments of annuity, to be expended as directed by the President, per third article treaty eighteenth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, two thousand dollars.

For twelfth of fifteen instalments for the pay of a farmer, per fifth article treaty eighteenth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For twelfth of fifteen instalments for pay of physician, medical, and expense of care of the sick, per fifth article treaty eighteenth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For twelfth of fifteen instalments for pay of teachers and purchase of books and stationery, per fifth article treaty eighteenth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand two hundred dollars.

Chippewa of Lake Superior.—For two-thirds of last of twenty-five instalments in money, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, eight thousand three hundred and thirty-three cents.

For two-thirds of last of twenty-five instalments for the pay of two carpenters, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, eight thousand three hundred and thirty-three cents.

For two-thirds of last of twenty-five instalments for the support of schools, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three thousand dollars and thirty-three cents.

For two-thirds of last of twenty-five instalments for the support of two equal instalments in coin, to be distributed per capita, in the usual manner of paying annuities, per second article of the treaty of August second, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, eighteen thousand eight hundred dollars.

Chippewa, Menomonee, Winnebago, and New York Indians.—For education during the pleasure of Congress, per fifth article treaty eleventh August, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Chickasaw.—For permanent annuity in goods, per act of twenty-fifth of February, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, three thousand dollars.

Choctaw.—For permanent annuity, per second article treaty sixteenth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand three hundred and thirty-three cents.

For twelfth of twenty instalments in coin, per fourth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, five thousand dollars.

For twelfth of twenty instalments in goods, household furniture, and cooking utensils, per fourth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, eight thousand dollars.

For twelfth of twenty instalments for agricultural implements, and cattle, carpenters' and other tools, and building materials, per fourth article treaty September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three thousand dollars.

For twelfth of twenty instalments for moral and educational purposes, three hundred dollars of which to be paid to the Grand Portage band yearly, to enable them to maintain a school at their village, per fourth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three thousand dollars.

For twelfth of twenty instalments for six smiths and assistants, per second and fifth articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, five thousand and sixty dollars.

For twelfth of twenty instalments for the seventh and eighth articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand and sixty dollars.

For support of a smith, assistant, and shop for the Bois Forte band, during the pleasure of the President, per twelfth article of the treaty

thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand and sixty dollars.

For support of two farmers for the Bois Forte band, during the pleasure of the President, per twelfth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For gratuities for the purpose of quieting the claim of the Lac de Flambeau band of Chippewas, for an interest in the lands ceded to the United States by the Bois Forte band of Chippewa Indians, three thousand dollars.

Chippewa of the Mississippi.—For one-third of last of twenty-five instalments in money, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, four thousand one hundred and sixty-six dollars and sixty-seven cents.

For one-third of last of twenty-five instalments for the pay of two carpenters, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, four thousand dollars.

For one-third of last of twenty-five instalments in goods, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three thousand dollars.

For one-third of last of twenty-five instalments for the support of schools, per fourth article treaty fourth October, eighteen hundred and forty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three thousand dollars.

For one-third of last of twenty-five instalments for the support of two equal instalments in coin, to be distributed per capita, in the usual manner of paying annuities, per second article of the treaty of August second, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, eighteen thousand eight hundred dollars.

Chippewa, Pillager, and Lake Winnebago Indians.—For education during the pleasure of Congress, per fifth article treaty eleventh August, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Chickasaw.—For permanent annuity in goods, per act of twenty-fifth of February, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, three thousand dollars.

Choctaw.—For permanent annuity, per second article treaty sixteenth November, eighteen hundred and fifty-two, and eighth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand three hundred and thirty-three cents.

For twelfth of twenty instalments in coin, per fourth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, five thousand dollars.

For twelfth of twenty instalments in goods, household furniture, and cooking utensils, per fourth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, eight thousand dollars.

For twelfth of twenty instalments for agricultural implements, and cattle, carpenters' and other tools, and building materials, per fourth article treaty September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three thousand dollars.

For twelfth of twenty instalments for moral and educational purposes, three hundred dollars of which to be paid to the Grand Portage band yearly, to enable them to maintain a school at their village, per fourth article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three thousand dollars.

For twelfth of twenty instalments for six smiths and assistants, per second and fifth articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, five thousand and sixty dollars.

For twelfth of twenty instalments for the seventh and eighth articles treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand and sixty dollars.

For support of a smith, assistant, and shop for the Bois Forte band, during the pleasure of the President, per twelfth article of the treaty

April twenty eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty six one thousand five hundred dollars.

For this amount to be advanced to the Choctaws for the session of the leased district, and the admission of the Kansas Indians, as per fourth sixth article treaty of April twenty eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty six, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For pay of commissioners to be appointed by the President, as per forty ninth and fiftieth articles treaty of April twenty eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty six, and Senate amendment thereto, or so much thereof as may be necessary, four thousand three hundred and twenty dollars.

Comanches, Kiowas, and Apaches, of Arkansas River.—For the third of five instalments being the second series for the purchase of goods, provisions, and agricultural implements, per sixth article treaty twenty-seventh July, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, seven thousand dollars.

For expenses of transportation of the second of five instalments of goods, provisions, and agricultural implements, per sixth article treaty twenty-seventh July, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, seven thousand dollars.

Creeks.—For permanent annuity in money, per fourth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity in money, per second article treaty sixteenth June, eighteen hundred and two, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, twenty thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity for blacksmith and assistant, and for shop and tools, per eighth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty six, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For permanent annuity for iron and steel for shop, per eighth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty six, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, two hundred and seventy dollars.

For permanent annuity for the pay of a wheelwright, per eighth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty six, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, six hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity for the pay of a blacksmith and assistant, and shop and tools, during the pleasure of the President, per eighth article treaty fourth January, eighteen hundred and twenty six, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, eight hundred and forty dollars.

For iron and steel for shop during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourth February, eighteen hundred and twenty three, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, two hundred and seventy dollars.

For wagon maker during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourth February, eighteen hundred and twenty three, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, two hundred and seventy dollars.

For education during the pleasure of the President, per fifth article treaty fourth February, eighteen hundred and twenty three, and fifth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, one thousand dollars.

For five per centum interest on two hundred thousand dollars, for purposes of education, per sixth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, ten thousand dollars.

Delaware.—For life annuity to chief, per private article to supplemental treaty fourth September, eighteen hundred and twenty nine, to treaty of third of October, a given hundred and eighty-eight, one hundred dollars.

For interest on forty six thousand and eighty dollars, at five per centum, being the value of thirty six sections of land set apart by treaty of eighteen hundred and twenty nine, for education, per Senate resolution of January nineteenth, eighteen hundred and thirty eight, and fifth article treaty May sixth, eighteen hundred and fifty four (four); two thousand three hundred and four dollars.

Iowa.—For interest in lieu of investment on fifty seven thousand five hundred dollars, balance of one hundred and fifty seven thousand five hundred dollars, to the first of July, eighteen hundred and sixty six, at five per centum per annum, per second article treaty January fourth, eighteen hundred and forty two, six thousand dollars.

Kickapoo.—For thirtieth instalment of interest, at five per centum, on one hundred thousand dollars, for educational and other beneficial purposes, per second article treaty May eighteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty four, five thousand dollars.

For thirtieth instalment on two hundred thousand dollars, to be paid in eighteen hundred and sixty seven, per second article treaty eighth May, eighteen hundred and fifty four, seven thousand dollars.

Memoria.—For eleventh of twelve instalments for continuing and keeping up a blacksmith shop, and providing the usual quantity of iron and steel, per fourth article treaty eighth October, eighteen hundred and forty eight, and third article treaty twelfth May, eighteen hundred and fifty four, nine hundred and sixteen dollars and sixty six cents.

For first of fifteen instalments of annuity upon two hundred and forty two thousand six hundred and eighty six dollars for cession of lands per third article treaty May twelfth, eighteen hundred and fifty four, and Senate amendment thereto, sixteen thousand one hundred and seventy nine dollars and six cents.

For eleventh of fifteen instalments for pay of miller, per third article treaty twelfth May, eighteen hundred and fifty four, six hundred dollars.

Memoria of Kansas.—For permanent provision for blacksmith and assistant, and iron and steel for shop, per fifth article treaty sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighty eight, and fourth article treaty June fifth, eighteen hundred and fifty four, nine hundred and forty dollars.

For permanent provision for miller, in lieu of gunsmith, per fifth article treaty sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighty eight, fifth article treaty twenty third October, eighteen hundred and eighty eight, and fourth article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty four, six hundred dollars.

For interest on fifty thousand dollars, at five per centum, for educational purposes, per third article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty four, two thousand five hundred dollars.

Memoria of Indiana.—For interest on two hundred and twenty one thousand two hundred and fifty seven dollars and eighty six cents, uninvested, at five per centum, for Miami Indians of Indiana, per Senate's amendment to fourth article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty four, eleven thousand and sixty two dollars and eighty nine cents.

Miamia.—Ed. Liver.—For permanent annuity in goods or otherwise, per fourth article treaty third August, seventeen hundred and sixty five, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity in goods or otherwise, per third article treaty twenty first August, eighteen hundred and fifty two, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For permanent annuity in goods or otherwise, per third and separate article to treaty September, eighteen hundred and nine, three hundred and fifty dollars.

Nigiqually, Puyup, and other Tribes and Bands of Indians.—For twelfth instalment, in part payment for relinquishment of title to lands, to be applied to beneficial objects, per fourth article treaty twenty sixth December, eighteen hundred and fifty four, twelve hundred dollars.

For twelfth of twenty instalments for pay of instructor, smith, physician, carpenter, farmer, and assistant if necessary, per tenth article treaty twenty sixth December, eighteen hundred and fifty four, six thousand seven hundred dollars.

Omaha.—For the ninth of ten instalments of this amount, being second of series, in lieu of otherwise, per fourth article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, thirty thousand dollars.

Ojibwa.—For interest on sixty-nine thousand one hundred and twenty dollars, at five per centum, being the value of fifty-four sections of land set apart by treaty of July eighth, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, for educational purposes, per Senate resolution nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, three thousand four hundred and fifty-six dollars.

For interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, to be paid semi-annually in money or such articles as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, as per first article treaty of September twenty one, eighteen hundred and sixty six, for the two hundred thousand dollars, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, fifteen thousand dollars.

For transportation of goods, provisions, and so forth, purchased by the Great and Little Slave Indians, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, or so much thereof as may be necessary, three thousand five hundred dollars.

Ottawa and Chippewa of Michigan.—For interest on two hundred and sixty thousand dollars, at five per centum, per act of five per centum per annum, to be distributed per capita, in the usual manner of paying annuities, per second article of treaty of thirtieth July, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, ten thousand dollars.

Pawnee.—For fourth of five instalments of the second series in goods and such articles as may be necessary for them, per second article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, thirty thousand dollars.

For support of two manual labor schools annually, during the pleasure of the President, per third article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, ten thousand dollars.

For pay of two teachers, under the direction of the President, per third article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, one thousand dollars.

For purchase of iron and steel, and other necessaries for the shop, during the pleasure of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, five hundred dollars.

For payment of two blacksmiths, one of whom to be a gunsmith and thirteenth, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, one thousand dollars.

For compensation of two strikers or apprentices in shop, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, four hundred dollars.

For twelfth of ten instalments for farming utensils and stock, during the pleasure of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For pay of a farmer, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, four hundred dollars.

For payment of ten instalments for pay of miller, at the discretion of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, six hundred dollars.

For eighth of ten instalments for pay of an engineer, at the discretion of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation to apprentices, to assist in working the mill, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, five hundred dollars.

For grist and saw mill, and keeping the same in repair, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth January, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, five hundred dollars.

Pottawattamie of Huron.—For permanent annuity in money or otherwise, per second article treaty seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and twenty-seven, one thousand dollars.

Pottawattamie.—For permanent annuity in silver, per third article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity in silver, per third article treaty twenty second June, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, five hundred dollars.

For life annuity to chief, per second article treaty twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two hundred dollars.

For life annuity to chief, per third article treaty twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two hundred dollars.

For life annuity to chief, per third article treaty twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two hundred dollars.

For permanent provision for the payment of money in lieu of tobacco, iron, and steel, per second article treaty twelfth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, one thousand dollars.

For permanent provision for fifty barrels of salt, per second article treaty twelfth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three hundred dollars.

For permanent provision for three blacksmiths and assistants, and permanent provision for iron and steel for shop, per third article treaty sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty three, one thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For iron and steel, six hundred and sixty dollars.

For permanent provision for twenty fifth July, eighteen hundred and twenty nine, four hundred and thirty seven dollars and fifty cents.

For interest on six hundred and forty three thousand dollars, at five per centum, per seventh article of the treaty of the fifth and seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty six, thirty two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For education during the pleasure of the President, per third article treaty thirtieth May, eighteen hundred and thirty three, one thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, shop and tools, and iron and steel for shop, during the pleasure of the President, per third article treaty thirtieth May, eighteen hundred and thirty three, one thousand and sixty dollars.

For farming during the pleasure of the President, per third article treaty thirtieth May, eighteen hundred and thirty three, six hundred dollars.

For farming during the pleasure of the President, per third article treaty thirtieth May, eighteen hundred and thirty three, six hundred dollars.

Sixty and Foxes of Missouri.—For permanent annuity in goods or otherwise, per third article treaty thirtieth August, eighteen hundred and forty, one thousand dollars.

For interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, per second article treaty twenty first October, eighteen hundred and thirty seven, ten thousand dollars.

For interest on eight hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, per second article treaty twenty first October, eighteen hundred and thirty seven, forty thousand dollars.

Sacs and Foxes of Missouri.—For interest on one hundred and fifty seven thousand four hundred dollars, at five per centum, under the direction of the President, per second article treaty twenty first October, eighteen hundred and thirty seven, seven thousand dollars.

For the last of ten instalments for the support of schools, per eighth article of treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, three thousand dollars.

For ten instalments for agricultural assistance, per eighth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, two thousand dollars.

For the last of ten instalments for the support of a blacksmith, carpenter, farmer, and physician, per eighth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, two thousand two hundred dollars.

For five per centum interest on two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be paid as annually, per fourth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity in specie, per fourth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty six, five hundred dollars.

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OUR AGENTS.

Table listing agents for various locations: San Francisco, Victoria, Trekket, Port Madison, Southend City, Port Orchard, Port Townsend, Port Ludlow, Port Blakely, Compeville, Whatcom.

The present state of affairs and the future prospects of this section of the Territory are anything but gratifying to all who have an earnest desire for, and interest in, its prosperity.

It is earnestly to be desired to put on a keener lamp by following down the chimney. An explosion is very likely to be the result of so doing.

The suffrage and destitution at Chattanooga have reached such an extent that it has been proposed to open soup houses for the poor and those out of employment.

The McNear arrived safely at Portland on the morning of the 14th inst. The New World will probably arrive here this week.

A new morning paper is to be published in Victoria.

CALIFORNIA SILK.—The San Francisco Times has the following item concerning the culture and manufacture of silk in California:

One of the attractive sights to be seen in San Francisco, is the exhibition of California silk at the store of Kolman & Galinger on Montgomery street. The exhibition includes the material in every stage of the process...

BRAINS—MAN'S AND MONKEY'S.—Until lately it was supposed that the relative weight of the brain, as compared with the body, was greater in man than any of the lower animals...

DEATH.—Mr. Charles C. Terry, one of the earliest settlers and a prominent citizen, died at his residence in this place at two o'clock on Sunday morning last.

THE REFORM MOVEMENT IS ASSUMING gigantic proportions in England, and bids fair to become "master of the situation."

WE acknowledge the receipt, from the Public Printer, of a neatly printed copy of the election and apportionment laws.

THE pumping of the water out of the works of the Bellingham Bay coal mines is progressing. It is said that it will take two months longer to finish pumping out the water.

OUR thanks are again due Captain Fack, of the Anderson, for kindly furnishing us with Victoria papers.

A new bell was sounded on Yeater's wharf last week. We believe it is for Mr. Herley's church.

The ship Heloise is loading with January at Yeater's wharf for San Francisco.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Atlantic States.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Banks made a speech of an hour and forty minutes yesterday, in which he submitted a plan of reconstruction to be applied first to Louisiana and subsequently to other States...

Boutwell, of Massachusetts, followed in an exciting speech, demanding that Congress should no longer delay the work of reconstruction, and declaring that the President has the interest of the rebellion, and the great obstacles to the restoration of the Union.

Raymond and other members tried to get a bill from Boutwell concerning the impeachment inquiry. None of them succeeded.

Boutwell charged that the acts of wrong and oppression were instigated by the President. The remarks caused much sensation.

Raymond conveyed the idea cautiously but unmistakably that the President was about to abandon his hostile attitude, and make a long advance for the sake of harmony of Congress and the country.

Buneroft has been appointed collector of the port of Boston.

New York, Feb. 9.—The steamer Ocean Queen, with San Francisco dates to Jan. 18th, has arrived. She brought \$788,000 in treasure.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—The Senate increased the pay of the District Judges of California to \$5,000, and the District Judges of Oregon and Nevada, each to \$4,500.

Mr. Conness moved that the Secretary of War be directed to cause a survey of the Rocky Mountains and the Sierra Nevada Mountains for a new route to the Pacific.

New York, Feb. 8.—A large delegation is at Washington, requesting the passage of the Pacific Railroad bill.

New York, Feb. 8th.—Detective Baker was before the Judiciary committee yesterday. It is stated, on high authority, that he testified that he was in possession of a letter, written by President Johnson, when Military Governor of Tennessee, to Jeff. Davis, offering to identify himself and Tennessee with the Confederacy...

Washington, Feb. 8.—The President recognizes it as the obligation of his oath to submit to trial for impeachment, but he will resist suspension to the uttermost power of the Courts.

New York, Feb. 8.—The New York Legislature has passed a joint resolution instructing the delegates in Congress to advocate the granting national aid to the Northern Pacific Railroad, connecting Lake Superior with Puget Sound.

Advices from Mexico, Feb. 2nd, discredit the report that Canales was shot.

A battle was fought at Jalapa in which the French were victorious.

Ortega will be tried by court-martial.

The French Consul at Mexico announces a free passage home to all French residents who desire to accompany the French army.

New York, Jan. 29.—The Herald's Mexican advices say: The French authorities at Mazatlan executed Carman, the United States Consul; whereupon the U. S. Gunboat bombarded the town for eight hours.

New Orleans, Jan. 30.—An Imperial newspaper, dated City of Mexico, Jan. 19, says: Maximilian is at the City of Mexico arranging his private bureau. A new Congress has been called, to meet at Orizaba, but the result is uncertain.

London, Feb. 8.—The trial of Governor Eyre of Jamaica has commenced.

Dargan, the Railroad King, who failed with heavy liabilities, is dead.

The Greek Government has sent a note to foreign powers declaring that war is at hand. They desire peace, but deem it proper to propose an increase of the army and navy.

Advices from the Greek frontier represent things to be in such a threatening condition that Turkish families are fleeing from the country.

London, Feb. 5.—Great preparations are being made for the reform demonstration on the 11th inst. The bitterness of popular feeling is tremendous. Even personal regard for the Queen is eclipsed by the reform furor.

Whereas, it is beneath the dignity and contrary to the justice of the nation to be represented at any Court whose Government prohibits the free worship of American citizens within its jurisdiction, they professing Protestant religion; and, whereas the Roman Government recently ordered American churches to be moved beyond the limits of the city, and does prohibit the free exercise by them of the Christian religion, therefore, be it enacted, that no moneys be hereby appropriated for the support of a legation at Rome, or for the future expenses of any such legation.

A proviso was adopted that no further expenditures shall be authorized for running the boundary line between Washington Territory and the British Possessions after the present appropriation is exhausted.

House—Feb. 1.—Trowbridge, of Michigan, from the committee on Enrolled bills, reported a preamble and resolutions to the effect that, whereas the bill to repeal the Amnesty Proclamation of the President and the bill to regulate the franchise in the Territories, had become laws by the failure of the President to sign them and to return them with objections, they ask that the Secretary of State be requested to inform the House that said laws had been filed in the Department. After discussion the resolution was adopted.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—The Queen's Speech at the opening of Parliament, was transmitted over the cable yesterday.

During the delivery of the Queen's address the people cried "Reform! Reform!"

Atlantic States.

Junction City, Feb. 2.—A man came into Sallins, 50 miles from here, yesterday, and reported a frightful massacre of whitemen by Cheyenne Indians, near the head of Smoky Hill river, a few days since, under the following circumstances: A train of 60 men was camped, when a party of 14 Indians came in begging; the teamsters refused to give them anything, whereupon the Indians fired upon them without effect.

The teamsters returned the fire killing 8 Indians; about eight o'clock that night the camp was surrounded by 200 Indians, who massacred 59 out of 63 men. The man that brought the news had an arrow hole in his shoulder and another wound in the hip. He claims to be one of the four men who escaped.

Washington, Jan. 30.—In the Senate the certificate of John A. Winston, Alabama, was presented and tabled.

The Committee on Indian Affairs have reported adversely on the bill to indemnify citizens of Washington Territory and Oregon for property destroyed in 1856.

The President returns the Nebraska bill, assigning similar objections as were read in the case of Colorado. The condition affixed by Congress is inconsistent with the original purpose and intent of the bill, without precedent, and in conflict with the Constitution.

Washington, Jan. 29.—In the Senate the Chair submitted the Colorado veto message, and asked what action should be taken. After some debate, the morning hour expired and the message went over till to-morrow.

Washington, Jan. 23.—In the House—On motion, the Judiciary Committee obtained leave to report at any time a bill to establish the eight hour labor system.

The same committee reported a bill to limit the time for bringing suits before the Court of Claims, providing that the petitions shall be filed within six years from the time claims arise, which was passed.

Boutwell, from the Judiciary committee, reported back the House bill to amend the Act of 1792, declaring what officers shall act as President of the United States, in case of vacancy in the office of either President or Vice President. It provides that in case of the removal by death, resignation or impeachment of the President or Vice President, the President pro tempore of the Senate, then the Speaker of the House; in case there is no Speaker, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court; in case there is no Chief Justice, then the oldest commissioned Justice of the Supreme Court shall be until a President is elected.

The Secretary of State, if the Senate and House by concurrent resolution so requested and direct, shall forthwith cause a notification of the vacancies to be made to the Executive of each State, requiring electors to be chosen within thirty-four days preceding the first Tuesday in December. The person discharging the duties of President, if Congress is not in session, shall continue it immediately. The bill was ordered printed and recommitted to the Judiciary committee.

A resolution was adopted, with a lengthy preamble, that the committee on Elections inquire if the laws of Maryland were violated by disfranchised rebels voting, and whether any one under his command interfered with said election, threatened to use military power, and if so whether it was upon the requisition of the Governor of Maryland. The Committee to have power to send for persons and papers—yeas 104, nays 35.

Washington, Jan. 28.—In the Senate Washburn presented a petition for the removal of the Capital to a position nearer to the center of population.

Wilson from the Military Committee reported the bill recently introduced by him abolishing gavage in the Territories.

Poland gave notice that when the next term amendment of the committee came up he should move to amend by extending the term to six years. He was in favor of restricting the service of the President to one term, but believed it ought be fixed for six years.

Trumbull called up the act giving United States Judges power to grant writs of habeas corpus in all cases where any person is restricted of liberty in violation of the constitution or laws. The bill was verbally amended and passed.

The Consular and Diplomatic appropriation bill was taken up.

Williams, of Pennsylvania, moved to strike out the appropriation for the legation at Rome.

Stevens of Pennsylvania moved to insert the following: Whereas, it is beneath the dignity and contrary to the justice of the nation to be represented at any Court whose Government prohibits the free worship of American citizens within its jurisdiction, they professing Protestant religion; and, whereas the Roman Government recently ordered American churches to be moved beyond the limits of the city, and does prohibit the free exercise by them of the Christian religion, therefore, be it enacted, that no moneys be hereby appropriated for the support of a legation at Rome, or for the future expenses of any such legation.

For the erection of a saw and sawing mill, to be located at Kamia, as per third clause fourth article treaty of June ninth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, ten thousand dollars.

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sixty seven, per fourth article treaty June twenty fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty two, four hundred and forty nine dollars and eighty seven cents.

Aransas and Chippewa Indians of the Upper Arkansas River.—For sixth of fifteen instalments of annuity of thirty thousand dollars, to be expended for their benefit,—that is, to say, fifteen thousand dollars per annum for each tribe, commencing with the year in which they shall remove to a settle upon their reservations,—per fourth article treaty February eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty one, thirty thousand dollars.

For fourth of five instalments to provide the said Indians with a mill suitable for sawing timber and grinding grain, one or more mechanic shops, with necessary tools for the same, and dwelling houses for an interpreter, miller, engineer for mill (if one be necessary), farmers, and the mechanics that may be employed for the benefit, per fifth article treaty February eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty one, five thousand dollars.

For transportation and necessary expenses of delivery of annuities, goods, and provisions, per fifth article treaty February eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty one, five thousand dollars.

For insurance, transportation, and necessary expenses of the delivery of annuities and provisions to the Chippewa of Lake Superior, per seventh article treaty September thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty four, five thousand seven hundred and sixty two dollars and sixty three cents.

For insurance, transportation, and necessary expenses of the delivery of annuities at provisions to the Chippewa of the Mississippi, per eighth article treaty September thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty four, five thousand seven hundred and sixty two dollars and sixty three cents.

Chippewa of Red Lake, and Pembina Tribe of Chippewa.—For annuity to be paid per third article treaty second October, eighteen hundred and sixty three, and second article supplementary to treaty twelfth April, eighteen hundred and sixty four, ten thousand dollars.

For this amount to the Pembina band of Chippewa, during the pleasure of the President, per third article treaty October second, eighteen hundred and sixty three, and second article supplementary treaty April twelfth, eighteen hundred and sixty four, five thousand dollars.

For the third of fifteen instalments to be expended annually for the purpose of supplying them with gilling twine, cotton matter, calico, linen, blankets, sheeting, flannels, provisions, farming tools, and for such other useful articles, and for such other useful purposes as may be deemed for their best interests, per third article supplementary treaty twelfth April, eighteen hundred and sixty four, eight thousand dollars.

For the third of fifteen instalments for the Pembina band of Chippewa, per third article supplementary treaty twelfth April, eighteen hundred and sixty four, four thousand dollars.

For third of fifteen instalments for pay of one blacksmith, one physician, who shall furnish medicine for the sick, one miller and one farmer, per fourth article supplementary treaty twelfth April, eighteen hundred and sixty four, three thousand nine hundred dollars.

For third of fifteen instalments for the purchase of iron and steel, and other articles for blacksmithing purposes, per fourth article supplementary treaty April twelfth, eighteen hundred and sixty four, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For third of fifteen instalments, to be expended for carpentering and for other purposes, per fourth article supplementary treaty April twelfth, eighteen hundred and sixty four, one thousand dollars.

For third of fifteen instalments, to defray the expenses of a board of visitors, to consist of not more than three persons, to attend upon the annuity payments of the said Chippewa Indians, whose salary shall not exceed five dollars per day, nor more than twenty days, and ten cents per mile for traveling expenses, and not to exceed three hundred miles, per sixth article treaty October second, eighteen hundred and sixty three, three hundred and ninety dollars.

For insurance and transportation of annuity goods and provisions, and material for building mill, including machinery, iron and steel for blacksmiths, for the Chippewa of Red Lake and Pembina tribe, ten thousand dollars.

Western Bands of Shoshones.—For third of twenty instalments, to be expended under the direction of the President in the purchase of such articles as he may deem suitable to their wants, either as hunters or herdsmen, per seventh article treaty October first, eighteen hundred and sixty three, five thousand dollars.

Eastern Bands of Shoshones.—For third of twenty instalments, to be expended under the direction of the President, in the purchase of such articles as he may deem suitable to their wants, either as hunters or herdsmen, per fifth article treaty July second, eighteen hundred and sixty three, ten thousand dollars.

Northeastern Bands of Shoshones.—For third of twenty instalments, to be expended under the direction of the President, in the purchase of such articles including cattle for herding, or other purposes, as he shall deem suitable to their wants and condition, either as hunters or herdsmen, per third article treaty July thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty three, five thousand dollars.

Snake Bands of Shoshones.—For third of twenty instalments to be expended under the direction of the President in the purchase of such articles, including cattle for herding, or other purposes, as he shall deem suitable for their wants and condition, either as hunters or herdsmen, per seventh article treaty October second [twelfth] eighteen hundred and sixty three, one thousand dollars.

Oreka Nation.—For interest on two thousand dollars, at five per centum per annum, as per annuity to be paid them in money, or for such mechanical labor or useful articles as the Secretary of the Interior may from time to time direct, per third article treaty September third, eighteen hundred and sixty three, as amended by Senate, ten thousand dollars.

For payment of their five instalments, to be expended for their benefit in the purchase of stock, horses sheep, clothing, and such other articles as the Secretary of the Interior, with the council of said nation, may direct, per fourth article treaty September third, eighteen hundred and sixty three, as amended by Senate, forty thousand dollars.

Tabagache Band of Utah Indians.—For third of ten instalments for the purchase of goods, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, per eighth article treaty of October seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty three, and Senate amendment of March twenty fifth, eighteen hundred and sixty four, ten thousand dollars.

For the third of five instalments, to be applied for the purposes of agriculture, and for the purchase of farming utensils and stock animals, per tenth article treaty October second, eighteen hundred and sixty three, and Senate amendment thereof, ten thousand dollars.

For the third of ten instalments for the purchase of provisions, under the direction of the

Secretary of the Interior, per eighth article treaty, October seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty three, and Senate amendment thereof, ten thousand dollars.

For insurance transportation, and general incidental expenses of the delivery of goods, provisions, and stock, five thousand dollars.

Chippewa of the Mississippi, Pillagers, and Lake Winnebagoish Bands of Chippewa Indians in Minnesota.—For third of ten instalments to furnish said Indians with ten yoke of good work oxen, twenty log-chains, two hundred grubbing hoes, ten ploughs, ten grindstones, one hundred axes, handled, twenty axes, and other farming implements, per fifth article treaty May seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty four, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For the employment of two carpenters, one thousand eight hundred dollars, and two blacksmiths, one thousand eight hundred dollars; four farm laborers, two thousand two hundred dollars; one physician, one thousand two hundred dollars; per fifth article treaty May seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty four, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, seven thousand seven hundred dollars.

For this amount to be applied towards the support of a saw mill to be built for the common use of the Chippewa of the Mississippi and the Red Lake and Pembina bands of Chippewa, so long as the President may deem it necessary, per sixth article treaty May seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty four, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, one thousand dollars.

For pay of services and traveling expenses of a board of visitors, to consist of not more than five persons, to attend the annuity payments to the Indians and so forth, and to inspect the fields, buildings, mills, and other improvements, as stipulated in the seventh article treaty May seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty four, not exceeding any one year more than twenty days' service, at five dollars per day, or more than three hundred miles' travel, at ten cents per mile, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, six hundred and fifty dollars.

For the payment of female teachers employed on the reservations to instruct Indian girls in domestic economy, per tenth article May seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty four, one thousand dollars.

Minneconjo Band of Dakota or Sioux.—For first of twenty instalments, to be paid in such articles as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, as per fourth article of treaty of October tenth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, ten thousand dollars.

Lower Brule Band of Dakota or Sioux.—For first of twenty instalments to be paid in such articles as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, as per fourth article of treaty of October fourteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, six thousand dollars.

Blackfoot Band of Dakota or Sioux.—For first of twenty instalments, to be paid in such articles as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, as per fourth article of treaty of October nineteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, seven thousand dollars.

Two Kettle Band of Dakota or Sioux.—For first of twenty instalments, to be paid in such articles as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, as per fourth article of treaty of October nineteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, seven thousand dollars.

Upper Yanktonai Band of Dakota or Sioux.—For first of twenty instalments, to be paid in such articles as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, as per fourth article of treaty of October nineteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, six thousand dollars.

For this sum, to be paid the widow and children of Ish-tah-uh-neh, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, as per sixth article of treaty of October nineteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, five hundred dollars.

For this sum, being for indemnity, to be paid under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, as per sixth article of the treaty of October nineteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, five hundred dollars.

Onkapah Band of Dakota or Sioux.—For first of twenty instalments, being thirty dollars for each lodge or family, (three hundred lodges), to be paid in such articles as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, as per fourth article of treaty of October twentieth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, nine thousand dollars.

Sons Arva Band of Dakota or Sioux.—For first of twenty instalments, being thirty dollars to each lodge or family, (two hundred and eighty lodges), to be paid in such articles as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, as per fourth article of the treaty of October twentieth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, eight thousand four hundred dollars.

Yanktonai Band of Dakota or Sioux.—For first of twenty instalments, being thirty dollars for each lodge of (or) family, (three hundred and fifty lodges), to be paid in such articles as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, as per fourth article of treaty of October twentieth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, ten thousand dollars.

Upper Yanktonai Band of Dakota or Sioux.—For first of twenty instalments, to be paid in such articles as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, as per fourth article of treaty of October twentieth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, ten thousand dollars.

Bois Fort Band of Chippewa.—To enable the President of the United States to set apart a reservation for the Bois Fort band of Chippewa Indians, as provided in article third, treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, one thousand dollars.

For the erection of one blacksmith shop, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, five hundred dollars.

For the erection of a school house, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, five hundred dollars.

For the erection of an agency building and storehouse, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, two thousand dollars.

For the erection of twenty instalments, for the support of one blacksmith and assistant, and for tools, iron and steel, and other articles, necessary for the blacksmith shop, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, one thousand five hundred dollars.

For the erection of twenty instalments, for the support of one school teacher, and for necessary books and stationery, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, eight hundred dollars.

For seventh of twenty instalments, for the support of one school teacher, and for necessary books and stationery, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, eight hundred dollars.

For first of twenty instalments for the instruction of the Indians in farming, and purchase of seeds, tools, and so forth, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For first of twenty instalments of annuity in money, to be paid per capita, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For first of twenty instalments of annuity in provisions, ammunition, and to a co, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, one thousand dollars.

For first of twenty instalments of annuity in goods and other articles, as per third article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, one thousand dollars.

To enable the chiefs, headmen, and warriors to establish their people upon the new reservation, and to purchase useful articles and presents, as per fourth article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, seven thousand seven hundred dollars.

To pay necessary transportation and subsistence of the delegates who visited Washington for the purpose of negotiating treaty, as per eighth article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, ten thousand dollars.

For transportation and necessary cost of delivery of annuity goods and provisions to the Bois Fort band of Chippewa Indians, as per sixth article treaty of April seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty six, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Tabagache Band of Utah Indians.—For building a blacksmith shop for the Tabagache band of Utah Indians, as per tenth article treaty of October seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty three, five hundred dollars.

For the purchase of iron and steel and necessary tools for said shop, as per tenth article treaty of October seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty three, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For the purchase of iron, steel and necessary tools for said shop, as per tenth article treaty of October seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty three, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, two hundred and twenty dollars.

For pay of blacksmith and assistant for the Tabagache band of Utah Indians, as per tenth article treaty of October seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty three, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, one thousand one hundred dollars.

For pay of blacksmith and assistant for the Tabagache band of Utah Indians, as per tenth article treaty of October seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty three, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, one thousand one hundred dollars.

ARAPACHO AND CHEYENNE INDIANS OF THE UPPER ARKANSAS RIVER.—For reimbursing members of the bands of Arapachos and Cheyennes who were at and Creek on September twenty ninth, eighteen hundred and sixty four, to be paid in United States securities, animals, goods, provisions, or such other useful articles as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, as per sixth article treaty of October seventh, eighteen hundred and sixty five, thirty nine thousand and fifty dollars.

For first of forty instalments, to be expended in such manner and for such purposes as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, being an amount equal to twenty dollars per capita for two thousand eight hundred persons, the number agreed upon for the present year, as per seventh article treaty of October fourth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, fifty six thousand dollars.

For transportation of goods, provisions, and so forth, purchased for the Arapachos and Cheyenne Indians of the Upper Arkansas river, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, twenty thousand dollars.

CAMANCHIE AND KIOWAY.—For first of forty instalments, to be expended under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, being an amount equal to ten dollars per capita for four thousand persons, the number agreed upon for the present year, as per fifth article treaty of October eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, forty thousand dollars.

For first of forty instalments, to be expended in such manner and for such purposes as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, being an amount equal to ten dollars per capita for four thousand persons, the number agreed upon for the present year, as per fifth article treaty of October eighth, eighteen hundred and sixty five, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty seven, forty thousand dollars.

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NEW FIRM.

THE undersigned having purchased the entire stock of merchandise formerly owned by D. Horton, will continue the business of Wholesale and Retail dealers in general merchandise, at his old stand, Corner of

Commercial and Washington Streets, Seattle.

Never having conferred any favors upon the public that we are aware of, we shall NOT respectfully solicit their patronage; neither have we received any "past favors" to be thankful for. We have embarked in our mercantile career EVEN with the world. We have engaged

No Credit
as a rider and
Ready Pay

as Judge, and we have no doubt but that we shall win in the race.

If any one doubts the correctness of our conclusions let them come and purchase our wares and see that the most skeptical will be ready to concede that we are AHEAD.

We have a new on hand and shall continue to keep the

Largest and Best Stock of Goods
ever on Puget Sound, consisting of

Domestic and Foreign, plain and Fancy
Marines, Silks, Poplins, Delaines, and
Velvets, Flannels, Brown and
Bleached Cottons, Trimmings,
&c., &c.

ALSO,
Fine and Heavy Clothing,
Boots, Shoes and Wheelbarrows,
Hats, Caps and Boiler Iron,
Trunks, Valises, Nails,
Feed-cutters, Plows and Provisions,
Iron, steel and Groceries.

A general assortment of
Crockery Glass and Stoneware,
Paints, Oils and Varnish.

HARDWARE & POCKET CUTLERY,
together with divers and sundry other things
too numerous to mention.

Willamette Woolen Goods.

We are also agents for the Willamette Woolen Manufacturing Company, and shall keep constantly on hand a large assortment of cloths, such as
TWEEDS, CASSIMERES AND FLANNELS; also
YARNS and BLANKETS.

GOODS at HIGHEST RATES given in exchange
for CASH or PRODUCE.
ATKINS & SHROUD,
Seattle, Jan. 1st, 1867. no43

SILVESTER'S

Seed Warehouse,
317 Washington Street,
Between Battery and Front.

Garden Seeds.
Fresh Supplies of the New Crop received by every steamer, from the most reliable sources in the East and Europe, making the largest and most complete stock of seeds on this Coast.

The undersigned offers, at wholesale or retail, the following varieties of
GRASS AND CLOVER SEEDS:
Ky. Blue Grass; Eng. Rye Grass; Red-Top Grass; Mixed Lawn Grass; White Clover; Red Clover; Alfalfa, best quality; Millet; Timothy or Heurdegrass, etc. etc

BULBOUS ROOTS:
Hyacinths, assorted; Tulips, assorted; Crocus, assorted; Crown Imperial; Jonquills; Lily of the Valley; Tuberoses; Gladioli; Aconites; Narcissus; Iris, Ixias, etc.

FLOWER SEEDS, OF GREAT VARIETY.
ALSO
PRUNING AND BUDDING KNIVES,
and a general assortment of
Garden and Agricultural Implements.

Our Annual Catalogue will be ready for distribution about the middle of December. Orders by mail or express will receive prompt and faithful attention. Address,
GEO. F. SILVESTER,
Seedsman,
317 Washington street, between Battery and Front
Dec. 30, 1866-no43

Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given that, on the 21st day of January, 1867, the following articles were seized for violation of the Revenue Laws, viz:

3 cases Anchor Ging
2 cases Champagne
1 demijohn Port Wine
4 " Gin
4 " Scotch Whisky
1 case Old Tom Gin
1 case Old Tom Gin
1 bid. Scotch Whisky
1 bid. Sherry Wine
1 case Orange Bitters
33 doz. London Stout.

Any person or persons claiming the above articles will come forward within twenty days and file their claims according to law.
Custom House, Port Townsend, District of Puget Sound 103, Jan. 29, 1867
F. A. WILSON, Collector.

Boot and Shoe Shop!

THE UNDERSIGNED have just received a large assortment of the best French calf and kip leather that was ever exhibited in Seattle, suitable for making from the finest to the heaviest dress boots.

We have also on hand a large supply of Santa Cruz Sole Leather, Philadelphia kip and California kip.

Cash Prices:
Best fine boots, French calf, sewed, with Napoleon top \$15 00
Best ditto without Napoleon top, " " 11 00
" pegged, with " " 11 00
French kip, " " " " 10 00
" " without " " 10 00
Good coarse kip, with top, " " 9 00
" " without " " 8 00
Shoes, or boys boots in proportion.

All our work is warranted to give satisfaction.
Please give us a call and examine our stock.
Shop on Commercial street, opposite Mr. Horton's store.

WOLD BROS.
P. S. All persons wishing to purchase Good Leather are requested to give us a call, as we now have on hand and are constantly receiving from San Francisco, new supplies of French calf, California kip, and Santa Cruz Sole Leather.
Seattle, Jan. 25, 1867. no42

STOVES! STOVES!

STOVES!

THE LARGEST AND BEST

ASSORTMENT OF

COOKING BOX,

AND

PARLOR STOVES

ever offered for sale on

Puget Sound,

—AND—

a general and extensive assortment of

KITCHEN FURNITURE,

FRENCH AND ENGLISH

ENAMELED WARES,

BRITANIA AND JAPAN

WARES, TIN,

COPPER AND SHEET IRON

WARES;

AND METAL ROOFING.

Job Work.

All Job work pertaining to the business done in the shortest notice, and in the most workmanlike manner.

Terms cash.

Call and examine my stock.
J. H. McALEER,
Seattle, W. T., April 6th. no41

Occidental

HOTEL,

Seattle, King Co., W. T.

A. S. MILLER & Co., Proprietors.

FIRST CLASS HOTEL

The rooming, handsomely furnished in the best of style. The

CULINARY DEPARTMENT

is under the management of an experienced cook, and the table will always be supplied with the best in the market.

Rates of Board:

Board per week, \$5
Board and Lodging per week, \$8
" per day, " 1
Meals, " " 50
Board Payable in Advance.

OPEN AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT,

AN ELEGANT BAR constantly supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

A PLUMMER BILLIARD TABLE,

With Marble Bed and Commodious Cushions, is connected with the above establishments for the accommodation of its customers and the public generally.

A LIVERY STABLE

is attached to the house, where all who desire them, will find good horses, and where feed can be found for those who wish to stable their animals.

Seattle, Apr. 5, 1866. no41

SEATTLE

CLOTHING STORE.

WELCH & GREENFIELD

SEATTLE, W. T.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON

hand for sale a large assortment of

Ready Made and Custom

CLOTHING

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

LADIES' HATS, CLOAKS, and

RIDING DRESSES.

Of the Latest Style.

We have, also, on hand a large assortment of

FRENCH, ENGLISH, and

AMERICAN CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES and

VESTINGS,

Which will make up to order on the most reasonable terms.

Oregon Cloths for sale at the lowest market value.

Orders from abroad strictly attended

Terms Cash.

Seattle, April 5th. no41

REMOVAL,

CONNOISEUR'S

</

THE SNOW.

The author and subject of the following piece was an actress of some reputation, who formerly lived in St. Louis in great style and magnificence.



Oh! the snow, the beautiful snow, Filling the sky and earth below! Over the housetops, over the street, Over the heads of the people you meet,

A great many side bills are being made at the plantation by a score of interested friends who have endeavored to imitate or counterfeit them.

MEDICAL INSTITUTE! ESTABLISHED BY DR. J. C. YOUNG IN 1850.

It would be equally useless and unnecessary to enumerate here all the various complaints are treated; but I consider it my duty to mention those of a special nature, as upon such the attending and irresponsible quack dwells, with phrases well calculated to deceive those ignorant of the emptiness of their profession.

WARD'S PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS

WARD'S PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS FOR SALE BY ALL ESPECTABLE DEALERS IN MEN'S WEAR.



WARD'S PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS FOR SALE BY ALL ESPECTABLE DEALERS IN MEN'S WEAR.

FRENCH MEDICAL OFFICE.

DR. JULIEN PERRAULT, Doctor of Medicine of the Faculty of Paris, Graduate of the University, Queen's College, and Physician of the St. John Baptist Society of San Francisco.

STOP THAT COUGHING.

COME OF YOU CAN'T, AND WE SIFT YOU. You have tried every remedy but the ONE destined, by its intrinsic merit, to supersede all similar preparations.

How wild the crowd goes away along, Hailing each other with humor and song! How the gay sledges, like meteors flash by, Bright for the moment, then lost to the eye—

Barne's Magnolia Water. A toilet delight! The ladies' treasure and gentleman's boon!

The Records of those institutions for the safety of those who are afflicted with mental troubles, and disastrous influence of this dreadful complaint.

THE UNDERSIGNED have on hand a fine stock of LEATHER, consisting of SOLE LEATHER, UPPER LEATHER, HARNESS LEATHER, BRIDLE LEATHER, BELTING LEATHER, SKIRTING LEATHER, RUSSET LEATHER, CALF AND KIP SKINS, BUCKSKINS, &c. &c.

WARD'S SHIRT STORE, 323 MONTGOMERY STREET, San Francisco.

DR. PERRAULT'S diploma is in his office, where patients can see for themselves that they are under the regular supervision of a practitioner.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES. Copy of the Report of the Committee of Awards at the Fair of the AMERICAN EXHIBITION, NEW YORK.

THE PHRENOLOGICAL. A correspondent writes, an immense flock of pigeons of the Place St. Mark had been from time immemorial, as is generally known, fed at the expense of the Republic.

OVER A MILLION DOLLARS SAVED. A gentleman writes: "I had a negro man worth \$1,000 who took cold from a bad fever in the winter, and was useless for over a year."

An unsolicited Testimonial of Cure. Let all who are afflicted with Seminal Weakness read the sworn-to certificate first published without the Doctor's name.

CIGAR MANUFACTORY, COMMERCIAL STREET, SEATTLE, W. T.

SPECIAL NOTICE. The Best Remedy for Purifying the Blood, Strengthening the Nerves, Restoring the Lost Appetite, is FRENCH'S HAMBURG TEA.

GRAFENBERG'S UTRINE CATHOLICON. If faithfully used according to directions will cure every case of Diabetes, and greatly mitigate the troublesome effects caused by a relaxation of the outlet of the bladder.

JOSIAH SETTLE, DEALER IN MEN'S CLOTHING, Consisting in part of Coats, Pants, Vests, Fine Woolen Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers, Overalls, &c. &c.

CURRENCY CALCULATION.—The following rates for performing currency calculations will be found convenient and simple. Gold being quoted at a certain per cent., to find the relative value of currency—divide 10,000 by the gold quotation.

Lyon's Katharion. It is the most delightful Hair Dressing. It eradicates dandruff. It keeps the head cool and clean.

Important to Persons afflicted with Venereal. There are no milder remedies than those arising from the contamination of venereal poison.

HENRY M. MCGILL, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, PORT TOWNSEND W. T.

NEW STORE. J. P. BLUMBERG & CO., PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

H. L. YESLER & CO., SEATTLE LUMBER & FLOUR MILLS.

DRY GOODS, BOOKS & STATIONERY, CROCKERY, Groceries, Provisions, Etc., &c.

BANYAN TREE.—These trees are common all over the East Indies, and to such a size do they grow that one tree forms a miniature forest.

Lyon's Pina Powder. DEATH TO PLEAS.—It is well known that Lyon's genuine Magnetic Powder will perfectly destroy everything in the shape of fleas, ticks, bed-bugs, roaches, &c.

Important to Persons afflicted with Venereal. The highest market price paid for Wood, Hides, Deerkins, Etc.

J. P. BLUMBERG & CO., PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

NEW STORE. J. P. BLUMBERG & CO., PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

H. L. YESLER & CO., SEATTLE LUMBER & FLOUR MILLS.

DRY GOODS, BOOKS & STATIONERY, CROCKERY, Groceries, Provisions, Etc., &c.