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WEDNESDAY NOVEMBER 11 1874

Puget Sound Dispatch

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 12 1874. No. 49

Puget Sound Dispatch.

BROWN & SON,
 PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS.
 No. 1000 First Street, Seattle, Wash. Terr.
 Single Copy One Cent.
 Single Month Three Dollars.
 Single Year Thirty Dollars.
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 One Square of 12 Lines, 1st Insertion, \$1.00
 Each Subsequent Insertion, .50
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 JOB PRINTING
 of every description at the shortest notice and on the most liberal terms.
 AGENTS:
 Capt. Frank Tarbell, Seattle, Wash. Terr.
 Charles McCormick, Victoria, B. C.
 George Berthorp, Port Townsend, Wash. Terr.
 M. McPherson, Bellingham, Wash. Terr.
 H. G. Ferguson, Snohomish City, Wash. Terr.

W. R. ANDREWS,
 Attorney and Counselor-at-Law, Seattle, W. T.
 Will attend to business in all Courts in the Territory.
Jacob Hoover,
 Attorney-at-Law, Seattle, W. T.

STELLACOM, W. T.
 Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,
 At the United States Hotel, Seattle, W. T.

A. BAGLEY, M. D.
 Homoeopathic Physician and Surgeon,
 At the United States Hotel, Seattle, W. T.

DENTISTRY.
 Dr. J. C. GRASSE, DENTIST, Office in Stone & Burnett's new building, on Commercial street. All work warranted. Oct. 11.

DR. G. A. WEED,
 SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN, Seattle, W. T.
 Office over Merrill & Kings Drug Store. Office hours from 9 to 12, a. m., and from 2 to 5, p. m.

W. H. WHITE,
 ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SEATTLE, W. T.
 Will attend to all legal business in the Law, Chancery and Admiralty Courts of the Territory.

CHARLES D. EMERY,
 ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SEATTLE, W. T.

WILLIAM PROMPT ATTENTION TO
 all business in Law, Equity and Admiralty. Office in Stone & Burnett's new building, on Commercial street, over City Bank. Oct. 11.

D. P. JENKINS,
 Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor-in-Chancery,
 Office in Stone & Burnett's new building, on Commercial street, over City Bank. Oct. 11.

GEORGE N. MCCONAHA,
 ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SEATTLE, W. T.
 Particular attention paid to Collections.

MENAUIGT & LEARY,
 Seattle, King County, W. T.
 Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors-in-Chancery and Proctors in Admiralty.

MR. LEARY WILL GIVE PARTICULAR
 attention to the purchase and sale of Real Estate.
 Collections, etc.
 Agents for the Phoenix of Hartford, North British and Mercantile of London and Edin.burgh Fire Insurance Companies.

S. F. CHAPIN, M. D.
 Physician and Surgeon,
 Office in Stone & Burnett's new building, on Commercial street, over City Bank. Oct. 11.

JOHN J. MCILVRA,
 Attorney at Law,
 Office in Stone & Burnett's new building, on Commercial street, over City Bank. Oct. 11.

Coal Tar!
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The Canvass Concluded.

Being pressed by other engagements, we have no time to comment upon the canvass just closed and therefore adopt the language of Mr. James O'Meara, in closing his connection with the Courier: Last night the campaigning time closed and to-day the real work of voting began. It, too, will be closed before what we now write will fall under the eyes of our readers, and the result, as declared by the voice of the people expressed through the ballot-box, will in a day or two be made known. Which ever way it shall turn, in favor of this or that ticket, one candidate or another, the minority equally with the majority will acquiesce, for the campaign has in the main been conducted honorably and worthily. There has been much active work, much warm zeal displayed, and opposing partisans have either upon the stump or through the party press exerted themselves to aid the particular side each favored. But, we are glad to say, the campaign has not been befouled or made to appear other than respectable, except in one or two instances which we can well afford to pass over without special mention, inasmuch as the offenders have borne and will bear the disapprobation of the community in which they live, and this is their sufficient punishment. Only in these very exceptional cases have the proprieties of fair political antagonism been overstepped, either on the stump or by the respective party organs. And yet there has not been any lack of ardor or effort on either side by those engaged. Neither did Judge Jacobs nor Mr. Sharpstein in the slightest particular exceed the best recognized rule and limit of debate or opposing candidacies in their campaigning, and each honorably and praiseworthy abstained from the angry and bitter personal exchanges which too often disgrace if they do not actually disgrace political contests in many of the States. And it gives us especial pleasure to note the exemplary conduct of the partisan press of the Territory of the Sound, particularly in the canvass now closed. We have not seen in any paper in this division, save in one instance, anything for which its conductor need feel the slightest self-reproach on mature and calm reflection, and the sole instance alluded to we believe was caused more through momentary zeal, in which prudence was temporarily unseated, than through a disposition to err. Eastwards, it is reserved for the paper published at Vancouver to perpetrate the only flagrant violation of the good rule which was otherwise observed by the Territorial press, and that, we have reason to believe, was not the fault of its publisher, but of one whom he had engaged to fill his columns. And now, confident of the election of Judge Jacobs as the next Delegate to Congress from this Territory, by the votes of the people this day, we close this brief review of the campaign with gladness and good feelings. After all, the object which every voter has at heart is to elect the best man. Candidly, and aside from every partisan or personal consideration, we believe that Judge Jacobs is in every respect far better qualified for the position than Mr. Sharpstein is. With this belief and with renewed expressions of hearty good will toward honorable party opponents as well as toward our party cotemporaries throughout the Territory, we cease from campaigning labors.

WHAT OF IT?

Some of our bed-rock Democratic friends are taunting us upon the assumption that we supported Judge Jacobs because he was in sympathy with the Administration and a majority in Congress and would therefore have more influence in procuring favors for the Territory than an opposition candidate; whereas, the recent elections render it probable that the next House of Representatives in Congress will have an opposition majority. Well, what of it? The main point we have gained is, that Jacobs is far the superior of his opponent in ability and in those social qualities which command influence regardless of party, and that he is personally devoted to those material interests upon which the future prosperity of the Territory mainly depends. The present Administration and Senate will, in any event, remain in power during the entire term for which Judge Jacobs is elected, and he has the confidence and sympathy of both; and can command their friendly offices at least to that extent, which will be the controlling power in the Government, until the 4th of March, 1877, and all the Federal power and influence in this Territory will be of a like political character. So that on political party grounds we have lost nothing, while upon personal and local grounds we are largely the gainers in the election of Judge Jacobs, as all will admit who know the two men, and our individual support of Judge Jacobs was based solely upon the two latter considerations. The vote which he received in the city and county of his home clearly prove that he is not an offensive partisan, and in his speeches he assured his hearers that if elected he should make the discussion of national politics no part of his business in Congress, but should seek to make friends for the interests of the Territory with representatives of all parties, and we know him well enough to know that he will be his position.

REPORTED MAJORITIES.

So far as heard from the following are the reported majorities by counties: King—Jacobs, 400; and by precincts: Kitsap—Jacobs, 51; Jefferson—Jacobs, 236; Whatcom—Jacobs, 195; Thurston—Jacobs, 100; Pierce—Jacobs, 40; Clark—Sharpstein, 60; Jacobs' majority thus far 1016.

PERSONAL.

Gov. Ferry has been spending a couple of days in this city, on personal business.

THURSTON COUNTY.—The entire Republican ticket was elected in Thurston county. The majority for Jacobs is about 75.

ACCIDENT.—Capt. Bailey had the misfortune to sprain his wrist badly while putting a car back on the track, at the portage, last night.

POSTPONED.—On account of the stormy weather we are requested to say that the illumination appointed for to-night is postponed.

A private telegram from Walla Walla, as we go to press, says: "Sharpstein carries this county by between two fifty and three hundred."

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SKATING RINK.—The new rink now building on the corner of Mill and Second streets will be opened on Saturday evening, November 21st.

OFF THE TRACK.—The large locomotive of the S. C. & T. Co. ran off the track to-day, on account of a defective frog. Capt. Jackson with the assistance of a number of men soon got it back again without any serious damage.

At the school meeting on Friday evening, Col. D. P. Jenkins was elected School Director of this District for the ensuing three years, in the place of John Webster, Esq., whose term has expired.

LAND FOR THE LANDLESS.—During the canvass, Gen. Murphy, of the Standard, stated positively that Judge Jacobs had a farm in Oregon to which he would return as soon as his term of office expired.

In consideration of Murphy's disappointment and damage in the election, the Judge has generously determined to donate him that farm; provided he can find it, and be at the expense of a quit claim deed. That will just precisely offset Sharpstein's subscription to the Seattle and Walla Walla Railroad.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—Passengers per steamer Los Angeles: O. Parsons and wife, Geo. James, John McHenry, Mrs. Attridge, B. D. Attridge, Mrs. G. Blass, Mrs. Anna Brownson, Mrs. O. Haar, Hiram Loele, Mrs. J. Bosowitz and Servant, H. Brown, Chas. Alpers, Miss I. Smith, Miss E. McAttee, Mrs. E. Baker, Miss Swett, Marcus Lewis, Mrs. M. J. West, John Neal, Wm. Jamieson, Mrs. M. M. Shinn, Wm. Blair, Mrs. Lilley and 2 children, Mrs. McCurdy, daughter and child, and a great number in the steerage.

While the steamer North Pacific was approaching the wharf here last night, Captain Starr having procured a fine lot of sky-rockets, with jets including all the colors of the rainbow, assisted by others sent skyward from the hurricane deck, the steamer near the wharf, lighting the sky in splendor, to the honor of Judge Jacobs and his election to Congress.

When the steamer reached the wharf, those on board joined those on shore in three round cheers for the victorious Delegate to the next Congress.

A passenger over from Astoria yesterday remarked that at every landing they were cheered lustily for Jacobs, and at Kalama, too, they rose the same joyous shout and cheers which made the welkin ring.

Snohomish County.

The reported returns from Snohomish County in full are as follows: Delegate—Jacobs, 163; Sharpstein, 111. Prosecuting Attorney—McConaha, 205; Blanchard, 62.

Council—S. W. Hoyer, 98. Representatives—E. C. Ferguson, 142; Charles Harrison, 121.

Commissioners—Reeves, 203; Kyles, 247; Wright, 92; Davis, 91; Ross, 79; Smith, 62.

Sheriff—R. Stretch, 163; O. Ferguson, 101.

Treasurer—Belt, 101; Marks, 159. Auditor—Packard, 127; Sheridan, 151. Judge of Probate—Haskell, 101; Packard, 98.

Assessor—Ross, 159; Matthews, 115. Surveyor—Ireland, 78; Ballou, 48.

Geo. H. Williams and the Rev. Rogers Mission—Chicago, Oct. 30.—A Washington special says there is a very strong opinion among the closest friends of the Administration in this city, that Attorney-General Williams will retire from the office of the Attorney General at the beginning of the next session of Congress, and that his name will be sent to the Senate for the mission to St. Petersburg. The delay in the appointment of a successor to Jewell is accounted for on the ground that Williams will not allow his name to be sent to the Senate unless he is certain of confirmation, and the Senate will be carefully canvassed as soon as it comes together, to see if he can pull through.

Kitsap County.

Full returns from Kitsap county are as follows: Delegate—O. Jacobs, 304; B. L. Sharpstein, 183.

Prosecuting Attorney—G. N. McConaha, 369; H. L. Blanchard, 38. Council—S. W. Hoyer, 308.

Representatives—W. B. Gravel, 179; A. S. Miller, 192.

Probate Judge—J. L. Allison, 103; Comstock, 207.

Joint Representatives—Jacob Haggerty, 110; Joel Miller, 104; Ryan, 37; Foster, 62.

Sheriff—T. O. Williams, 311; Case, 101.

Treasurer—P. J. Primrose, 313. Auditor—W. B. Emery, 157; McCollum, 149.

Commissioners—Thos. J. Jackson, 176; A. Storah, 186; W. R. Impett, 120.

PREZING TOM—THE OLD MAN WORE TENS.—Last night about half past ten a well known young man, a very diminutive fellow not above five feet high and as slim as a last year's bean pole, who sports the weakest of blonde mustaches, concluded to take a peep at his lady love when she retired for the night by glancing under the bottom of the window curtain. The excitement of the moment caused this visionary one to stir the gruel with his feet, and the young miss, judging that somebody was at her window, stole silently from her chamber and informed her father of the fact. He went out and caught the fellow by the ear, asking for explanation of his conduct, who failed to explain in a satisfactory manner, whereupon the old man (who wears No. 10 boots) commenced kicking him harder than a Government mule ever kicked. After tiring of this sport he turned him loose with the admonition never to be seen around his premises again. The young man can be seen around town sitting on chairs sideways, and even so with evident pain, and no wonder considering that the old man is a six footer with shoulders like a prize ox and feet like a pair of valves. The family connections of the youngascal forbid our giving his name.

Telegraphic.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—Arrived, W. H. Meyer, from Seattle.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 5.—In the first Congressional District Gibson, Democrat, has a majority over Sypher of about 3,500. In the second district Ellis, Democrat, has a majority over Dibble of about 2,000. In the Verde district additional returns indicate the election of Darrall, Republican, by 500 majority. There is nothing additional from other districts.

BOSTON, Nov. 5.—There is a full Republican Council elected to advise and consult with Gov. Gaston.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 5.—Republicans claim the Legislature by 18 majority on joint ballot, which will be the same as last year.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 5.—Meagre returns show that the Democratic majority in the State will be from 30,000 to 40,000. The Congressional delegation will be entirely Democratic.

JERSEY CITY, Nov. 5.—Phelps, Republican candidate for Congress, has a majority of 17. This result is sustained by counting for him all ballots bearing the name of W. W. Phelps and William Walter Phelps, of which there were 22.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 5.—The Evening Telegraph says: "The Democratic State ticket is pretty certainly elected. Gen. McCandless undoubtedly defeats Gen. Beath for Secretary of Internal Affairs. Judge Olmstead, Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor, leads his ticket here and elsewhere, and may possibly be elected by a small majority, but the chances appear to be against him. The Senate will stand 28 Republicans to 22 Democrats, but the House will have from 7 to 12 Democratic majority, making the Legislature Democratic on joint ballot, securing to the Democrats a U. S. Senator in place of Scott, Republican."

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—Samuel J. Randall, Democratic, telegraphs from Philadelphia: "I feel certain that we have the State by four thousand majority, with a majority on joint ballot in the Legislature and sixteen Congressmen."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.—U. S. Marshall Wallace of South Carolina telegraphs to Attorney General Williams that Christian Belmont selected Governor by 20,000 majority; and that five Republicans Congressmen are elected. No serious disturbance is reported.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 5.—The News and Courier, from incomplete returns, concede the election of Chamberlain by about 6,000 majority; also the election of W. A. Hall over Hoge, Republican, to Congress.

HARRISBURG, Nov. 5.—Thornburgh, Republican, is elected to Congress in the Second District; McFarland, Democrat, is elected in First District over Frederick B. Butler. This makes the Congressional Delegation stand nine Democrats to one Republican. Legislature is nearly unanimously Democratic. Democratic majority on Governor is over 40,000.

RICHMOND, Nov. 5.—A Louisville dispatch claims that Cabell, Conservative, is elected from the Fifth District; Douglas, Conservative, in First District; defests Sener, present member; Platt, Republican, is elected in the Second District. Congressional delegation from Virginia stands 7 Conservatives, 2 Republicans. Conservatives gain 3.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—International Congress of Catholics will soon convene in London for the purpose of reaffirming temporal and spiritual power, and infallibility of the Pope. Order for Congress comes from the Vatican. Carlists are still bombarding Orense, but without much effect.

It is reported that Russia will soon formally recognize the Republic of Government of Spain.

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Puget Sound Dispatch.

SEATTLE, W. T., Nov. 12, 1874.

The Power of the Press.

We copy the following from the Olympia Courier, not because of the voluntary and unexpected compliment it pays to our services in the late canvass, but because it is an able and unanswerable vindication of the influence and power of the newspaper press over the popular sentiment, against the efforts of disinterested politicians and interested time servers to detract from its power and underrate its influence; and also, to explain our own position, which has been greatly misrepresented, if not misunderstood.

It may be only a coincidence, that two years ago, when we supported the opposition candidate for Congress, we carried the county, before Republican, by 180 majority, and this year, when we supported the Republican candidate, the said candidate carried the county by 400 majority. It may be nothing more than a coincidence that during three years we edited a Democratic paper in Portland, that city was carried against the Republican party every year; a circumstance which had not occurred before in ten years and has not occurred since; and that during that time the State was carried Democratic for the first time in ten years, by a majority of 1,400, a majority which has not been reached by many hundreds since. During that canvass we printed and circulated in the State 8,000 copies of our paper weekly. Intelligent Republicans attributed the unparalleled Democratic majority to the influence of the paper, but the leading Democratic politicians ascribed it to their speeches. In this Territory we have taken no part in politics as a partisan; but leading business men from San Francisco and other sections have publicly declared that our paper has done more to promote the prosperity and call attention to the resources of our city than all other influences combined, and the "land-ring," which owned Tacoma, attributed their defeat mainly to the representations and influence of this paper, while property-holders here, whose private and selfish schemes we have not favored, have done all in their power to suppress our paper, and to destroy our influence, while our labors have been devoted exclusively to the public welfare. They represent us as a mercenary politician and a social Ishmael.

These are facts well known to our citizens. To our political opponents, they are what they have ever been from their first entrance into public life, and we hold them in common with many of the recognized leaders of the Republican party, like John A. Dix, Wm. Cullen Bryant, and many others; while we are at irreconcilable disagreement with all the Blanton Duncans, Brick Pomeroy and the class of that ilk who, especially on this coast, give tone to the Democratic party. Hence, for more than four years, we have taken no part in politics, either in any manner or form. Our support of Republicans in the recent election was based solely and exclusively upon considerations of public interests, attended by no sacrifice of political principles, for none such were at issue, and since we while we remain in colonial dependence to the General Government. That support was entirely voluntary, free from any pecuniary consideration. We received not a sixpence from any party of candidate as a bonus, subsidy or condition of our editorial support. Our mechanical labor was bestowed upon both parties alike on the same conditions. So much for the often repeated falsehood that we were subsidized to the support of the Republican party. We are bound to no party but such as will most directly promote the public interests. We shade in no party friendships but such as augment the prosperity of our town. Whatever editorial ability we possess we have had been equally devoted to those meetings and projects which will benefit our city and Territory. We have no other purpose to serve; and to this end we will give an honest, hearty and able support to the General Administration whether it be Republican or Democratic, until such time as the people of this Territory may be called upon, as citizens of a State, to take part in the General Government.

When two years ago, Mr. G. J. Field, Republican, and Judge McAdams, Democrat, ran for Delegate to Congress, King county gave the Democratic candidate 121 majority. At the election of last Tuesday the same county gave Judge Jacobs, the Republican candidate, a majority now reported at between 400 and 400. It is a satisfactory sign, and a most gratifying Republican triumph. It confers upon King the honor of being the banner Republican county of the Territory; and, having at the honor of counting among its citizens the Delegate elect, the measure of pride and joy and exultation is full to the brim. OHI

But while the people rejoice over the splendid victory, they ought not to lose sight of the causes which more than any other, perhaps, led to it, nor should they neglect to manifest their appreciation of the same. In Seattle the great change took place. It alone gave Judge Jacobs 288 majority—which is beyond that given him by any other county, outside of King, in the Territory. These are two papers published in that city—the Independent, Republican, and the Dispatch, Independent. When the canvass was opened the Weekly Intelligencer was not under the control of its present editor, but it was, nevertheless, regarded as a Republican organ. Yet it was in its columns that one of the most unjust and most damaging editorials to the cause of Judge Jacobs and the Republican ticket was published, and not all the opportunity and ability of its present

editor was sufficient to make good, or to contract the harm which that one article had done the Republican cause. On the other hand, the Daily Dispatch, though an independent paper, which under ordinary circumstances might have been expected to advocate the independence for the Republican ticket, once held a significant position in the support of Judge Jacobs. For long months a veteran editor was assailed and denounced, vilified and abused vehemently. He was called "an assassin," "a traitor of his party," "an apostate," and other similar pet political names, by his malignant and partisan foes, and accused of having betrayed his principles for gain. But he has in recent years given to the gauntlet that species of abuse and scurrilous vituperation, and passed scathless through the wicked fire. He cannot be either corrupted or intimidated, forced or cajoled. He determined upon his course of action after a deliberate and dispassionate survey of the whole field, and when he has resolved just what to do, he stops thinking and acts—with all the skill of a veteran, too, and all the ardor of an enthusiast.

It was thus he viewed the situation at the opening of the late campaign, and thus he acted after he had resolved. The potency of his support and the efficiency of his action have significant and satisfying demonstration in the returns from Seattle and from King county entire. He has notably helped to overthrow the majority given to Judge McAdams in the years ago, and to rear upon its site the towering column of a Republican victory, from which now floats the conspicuous banner of the party far above that of any other party in the whole Territory. It proves that, say what you will, the power and influence of a party organ, when wisely directed and ably wielded, is in itself a host; and it evidences, moreover, that the honest and unvolunteered aid which a skilled and intellectual political writer contributes to a cause, is not undervalued more or less than all the weight of engaged services of organs of less experience and less ability—as in the particular instance which we cite. The triumph in Seattle and in King county all through, is exceedingly gratifying, and will not only be the lesson which the King county victory has taught to them. An able press is their most potential champion.

New Mining Town.—The new mineral discoveries on the Skykomish, in Snohomish county, are now the excitement of this city. The assays from four or five well defined and extensive quartz ledges indicate prospects fully equal to Washoe or White Pine. These mines are about sixty miles from Seattle, the greater portion of the way by navigable waters. For the last twenty miles of the route the country is very rugged and almost inaccessible, until roads are constructed, which, on account of the snow in the mountains, cannot be done till Spring. Such a discovery as this anywhere in California or Nevada would draw together 5,000 people within the next six months, and if the indications turn out as well as they promise, the future of this prospective town can be estimated by thousands of inhabitants and millions of treasure, and Seattle will be the base of supplies. We have had considerable experience in mining and are not very sanguine of "prospects" but from the numerous specimens of the quartz we have seen, we have great faith in the future of the new El Dorado.

Municipal Independence and Centralization.—Some of the leading papers of California are discussing the causes of high taxation and the constantly increasing expenses of government, and suggesting remedies for the manifest evil. Referring the other day to the multiplication of offices, and alleging that this is the main cause of the high taxation, the Bee suggested that instead of carving territory into more states and counties, consolidation should be the rule; and said that New England might be squeezed into one state, New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania into another, and so on all over the nation, and held that in California several counties should be rolled into one. And now comes the San Jose Mercury, reasoning thus:

"The tendency to multiply state and county governments—thereby swelling the ranks of the grand army of office-holders to devour the substance of the people and pile up the burdens of taxation—in one of the crying evils of the times. Two states ought to do for the Pacific coast, one for the New England States, two each for the Middle and Western, and three for the Southern States. We have three times too many office-holders in all departments of government. We have too much red tape and too high salaries. The whole system needs simplifying and economizing."

The evils complained of are too apparent for dispute, but the above writers confound the wrong with the remedy, and suggest the homoeopathic theory of similia similibus curantur—like cures like. The real cause of the multiplication of offices—mostly of that class who are not responsible for their acts to the people of their vicinage—and the consequent increase of the burdens of government, is not in the increase of municipal government, but in the consolidation and centralization of power. It is in a radical departure from the fundamental principles upon which our system of government is based. These plain facts seem to have been lost sight of, and ignored by the political parties of the present day. Thus we find the foregoing sentiments of the California journals adopted for publication in the leading Democratic paper of Washington Territory, without protest. The Constitution of the United States is the plainest, simplest, most comprehensive and perfect system of government ever adopted by any people or country. It comes as near the perfection of human reason as any plan of government ever formed. There is nothing vague, uncertain or

indefinite in any of its parts; nothing obscure or complicated in its provisions. It is based upon the political principle that governments derive their powers from the consent of the governed; 2nd, that with that consent independence there can be no personal liberty. The compact between the States which formed the Union, definitely and expressly recognized these fundamental principles in the declaration that "all powers not expressly delegated to the General Government are reserved to the States."

While these principles were strictly construed and adhered to, there was no more chance of collision or disturbance than in the solar system. It gave no countenance or excuse to the assumption of the right of a State to repudiate its obligations to the General Government, at will; obligations voluntarily entered into as sovereign States and perpetual in their terms. It conferred no power upon the General Government to meddle with the domestic institutions or personal rights of the States and citizens thereof. It gave to the General Government no right to multiply Federal offices in the States and Territories. It provided for no officers of the Federal Government in the several States but those connected with the judiciary simply to adjudicate cases arising between citizens of different States, of the character of consuls in foreign ports. The powers now assumed by the General Government to exercise the right of eminent domain over any portion of the soil of a sovereign State, not ceded by the States; the right to appoint Land officers and to collect revenues from the same; the right to establish custom houses, revenue assessors, and collectors of taxes, in the States, are all without any Constitutional warrant, and lead to the many evils and oppressions which are the subject of just complaint. The only Constitutional provision made for the support of the General Government is, that such expenses should be apportioned among the several States according to their representation in Congress. No provision was made or even contemplated for assessing and collecting Federal taxes directly from the people, without any responsibility to the State Government, and least of all was any power conferred upon the General Government to impose upon the people that most odious and onerous of all systems of taxation—stamp duties and income taxes.

It was not our Constitution of system of Government, but departing from the same, which led to conflict and civil war and all the manifold evils under which we are now suffering. And further consolidation and centralization of power will in no wise remedy, but increase the evils. Nothing but a return to first principles offers any reasonable hope for the maintenance of our Republican system of Government in its original purity. Whatever political party will undertake that such needed reform can count upon our services. No party now in existence gives any such promise.

The following clipped from the Atlantic Observer, shows what kind of women they have in Kansas: "Lost, strayed or stolen.—An individual whom I, in an urgent moment of loneliness, was thoughtless enough to adopt as my husband. He is a good looking and feeble individual, not knowing enough, however, to come in when it rains, unless some good looking girl offers him the shelter of her umbrella. Answers to the name of Jim. Was last seen in company with Julia Harris, walking with his arm around her waist, looking more like a fool, if possible, than ever. Anybody who will catch the poor fellow, and bring him carefully back, so that I can chastise him for running away, will be invited to stay for tea by KATE E. SMITH.

YOUTHFUL CONDUCT.—The line of conduct chosen during the five years from fifteen to twenty, will, in almost every instance determine his character for life. As he is then careful or careless, prudent or imprudent, industrious or indolent, truthful or dissimulating, intelligent or ignorant, temperate or dissolute, so will he be in after years, and it needs no prophet to cast his horoscope or calculate his chances in life.

A well-dressed man attracted considerable attention the other day, by sitting upon the edge of the sidewalk, for some time with his head between his hands, as if in deep meditation. At last a sympathetic stranger approached him, and said: "Friend, you seem to be in trouble; can I assist you in any way?" The man sprang to his feet, and taking off his hat, parred his hair carefully, and said: "Stranger, do you see that cut?" My wife did it this morning with a flat-iron, and then sent me down town to buy her a new bonnet. And I have been sitting here for an hour, trying to decide whether I will buy one or not; and blame me, stranger, if I haven't about decided to get it."—Daily Republican.

Female physicians are popular in London, and strange to say, they are especially popular with their own sex. A Rochester paper says: "There is a rascal in New York who needs a good thrashing." Is there a rascal in New York who does not need a good thrashing? A MARRIED MAN.—The Leavenworth Commercial tells about "a newly married couple that came in from Holton, the bridegroom being 55 years old, and the bride 20. The bridegroom is on his sixth matrimonial venture, and the father of thirty-three children, twenty-three of whom are still living. It is to be hoped that the sixth wife will live long enough to cure him of his marrying propensity."

Brooklyn has a spinster ninety-five years of age, named Rebecca Weekes, who has lived to see many people on the ragged edge, but never got there herself, although she has been for years an attendant at Beecher's church.

A justice of the peace in Cincinnati had become so imbued with the routine of his office that, in concluding a marriage ceremony the other evening, he substituted for the regular formula, "You will now stand committed until death and bed be joined."

REMOVAL OF GLASS STOPPERS.—It may not have occurred to any one—at all events it is not noticed in any of our treatises on practical pharmacy—that the easiest way to take out a stopper which has become fixed in the neck of a bottle, is to reverse the motion given to it when putting it in, that is to knock the stopper from right to left. In most instances when the stopper is fixed, without the intervention of an adhesive substance, it is by turning as one would a screw. The direction is almost invariably from left to right, and thus a thread is formed which it is easier to follow backward than to break. The trouble with which the removal of stoppers is usually attended, must form my apology for introducing a suggestion of so little apparent importance.—Canada Medical Record.

A BIRD GOING SOUTH.—The Athenaeum, quoting a book on birds, says:—Birds have a great fear of death. A hen canary belonging to the author died while nesting, and was buried. The surviving mate was removed to another cage; the bird-cage itself was thoroughly purified, cleaned, and put aside till the following spring. Never afterwards, however, could any bird venture to be in that cage. The little creatures fought and struggled to get out, and, if obliged to remain, they huddled close together and moped and were thoroughly unhappy, refusing to be comforted by any amount of sunshine or dainty food. The experiment was tried of introducing foreign birds, who were not even in the house when the canary died, nor could, by any possibility, have heard of her through other canaries. The result was the same, no bird would live in the cage. The cage was haunted, and the author was obliged to desist from all further attempts to coax or force a bird to stay in it.

THE TRUE GENTLEMAN.—Show us the young man who can quit the society of the young, and take pleasure in listening to the kindly voice of age; show us a man who bows as politely and gives street as freely to a poor sewing girl as to a millionaire; who values virtue, not clothes; who shows the man who never forgets for an instant the delicacy and respect due a woman, as a woman, in any condition or class—and you show us a true gentleman.

The Sale of Record, says: Mr. F. E. Eldridge owns the donation claim of Joseph Gervais which lies on the Willamette river one and a half miles above Fairfield. It was first settled the same year the Hudson Bay Company moved from Astoria to Vancouver, about forty years ago, perhaps more, and it has been farmed continuously ever since. The H. B. Co. concluded to try the experiment of grain raising and Gervais came up the Willamette river, located here, and commenced farming under their auspices. The present year about 275 acres of this land was under cultivation, and raised over 10,000 bushels of grain. One acre and a half of oats yielded 165 bushels; 110 bushels to the acre. The average yield of oats on other ground was 64 bushels. The ground was summer-fallow. His best wheat averaged 40 bushels to the acre, some of it grown on land cultivated forty years and the average of all spring and fall sowing, was 30 bushels to the acre. Three-fourths of all the land was fallowed.

While manipulating the windlass of a well, the other night, a party who had been laying in a stock of whisky before it all was seized by the bucket, let the handle slip when the bucket was half way up, and naturally enough received a chuck under the chin that knocked him over a neighboring fence. "Sold again," he muttered, as he climbed to his feet, "might as well—better than to—his—go foolin' round" so much water. Betches boots I'd stick 't, whisky after this."

A lady sitting in her parlor, and engaged in the dreamy contemplation of the moonset of the gentleman who was to escort her and her sister to a musical festival, was suddenly awakened by an enormous whisper in a juvenile voice as the door, "You've got Ann's teeth, and she wants 'em."

Gen. Butler ceased long ago to be Ben-official. Female physicians are popular in London, and strange to say, they are especially popular with their own sex. A Rochester paper says: "There is a rascal in New York who needs a good thrashing." Is there a rascal in New York who does not need a good thrashing?

A MARRIED MAN.—The Leavenworth Commercial tells about "a newly married couple that came in from Holton, the bridegroom being 55 years old, and the bride 20. The bridegroom is on his sixth matrimonial venture, and the father of thirty-three children, twenty-three of whom are still living. It is to be hoped that the sixth wife will live long enough to cure him of his marrying propensity."

Brooklyn has a spinster ninety-five years of age, named Rebecca Weekes, who has lived to see many people on the ragged edge, but never got there herself, although she has been for years an attendant at Beecher's church.

DAUGHTER MEN.—You can see them any day in the streets of any town, men who look damaged. Men, too, of good original material, who started out in life with generous sentiments and some generous aspirations. Once it was said they were bright, promising lads; once they looked happily into the faces of mothers whose daily breath was a prayer for their purity and peace. Ah, God! What if some of them have waded their souls away to quadding wives, who silently wonder what can be the meaning of the change—le cold, slow-crawling shadow that is coming over home and heart! What if some of them shrink from the touch of their own babes, as if innocence had nothing for them but rebuke!

Going to the bad! The spell of evil companionship, the willingness to hold and use money not honestly gained; the stealthy, seductive, plausible advance of the appetite for strong drink; the treacherous fascinations of the gambling table; the gradual loss of interest in business and in things which help a man up; the rapid weakening of all noble purposes; the decay of manliness; the reckless and blasphemous against fate; the sullen despair of ever breaking the chains of evil habits; what victories of shame and contempt, what harvests of hell have grown from such seeds as these.

Sneer, if you will, like a fool, at the suggestions of reform, morals, religion; every man knows in his better moods—and every man has better moods—that all there is of true life is personal virtue and rectitude of character. Going to the bad! But there is hope. Earth and heaven are full of hands ever reaching to help the lost man back to the better way. All the good there is in the universe, is in full sympathy with that little goodness which inwardly reproves and protests.—Charles G. Ames.

Jose Mansfield, one of America's heroines, whose name will be handed down to posterity on the sterns of many canal boats and schooners, has returned from Paris to New York, and is ready to get into another scrape. The Empress of Austria, who recently had a falling out with the Emperor and left his bed and board, has returned to the royal roof and now the Emperor of peace and happiness sits on the globe end of that roof and smiles.

It is not generally known that nearly 200 people in New York city rise at day break for the purpose of repairing to the slaughter-houses for drinking the warm blood of animals. These people are not vampires, but consumers of prolonging existence. One lady, who has followed the practice of drinking warm blood for several years, contends that it has prolonged her life fifteen years, and has become an absolute luxury. At first the taste is said to be repulsive, but subsequently the desire for the engorged fluid becomes intense, and its good effects make it commendable to invalids. The Irish peasantry are very fond of baked blood, which is placed in large shallow pans and baked until it is browned. It is notorious that consumption is a disease almost unknown among these people, and perhaps Velpeau and other famous physicians, who have recommended the drinking of blood, have taken the hint from the baked blood of the Irish peasantry.

AFTER THE CONFESSION.—There is a man living on Fifth Street, says the Burlington Huker, who is a good man, endeavoring to train up his children in the way they should go, and as his flock is numerous, and two of them are boys, he has anything but a sneer in his traiting business. One day or two ago the elder of these male olive branches, who has lived about fourteen wicked years, enticed his younger brother, who has had only ten years experience of boyish devilry, to go out on the river in a boat, a species of pasture which their father had many a time forbidden. But the boys went this time, trusting to luck to conceal their depravity from the knowledge of their parents, and in due time they returned, and walked around the house, the two most innocent looking boys in Burlington. They separated for a few minutes, and at the expiration of that time the elder was suddenly confronted by the father, who requested a private interview in the usual place, and the pair adjourned to the wood-shed, where, after a brief but highly spirited performance, in which the boy appeared most successfully as "heavy villain," and his father took his favorite role of "first old man," the curtain went down and the boy considerably mystified sought his brother.

"John," he said, "who do you suppose told dad? Have you been licked?" "No, have you?" "Have I Come down to the cowshed and look at my back?" John declined, but said: "Well, Bill, I'll tell you how father found me out. I am tired of acting in this way, and I ain't going to run away and come back home and lie about it any more. I'm going to be better after this, and so when I saw father I could not help it, and went right to him and confessed."

Bill was touched at this manly action on the part of his younger brother. It found a tender place in the bad boy's heart, and he was visibly affected by it. But he asked: "How did it happen the old man did not lick you?" "Well," said the penitent young reformer, "you see I didn't confess on

myself. I only confessed on you. That was the way of it." A strange, cold light glittered in Bill's eyes. "Only confessed on me," he said. "Well, that's all right, but come down behind the cow-shed and look at my back." And when they got there...

The Millerites of New York are making arrangements for their long expected ascension next month. Their ascension robes make excellent overcoats, and about the first of December they may be had cheap by those who are a little hard up. A gentleman in Florida is desirous of obtaining a wife, who must have a 'cow, a good feather bed, comfortable linens and five hundred dollars in good genuine greenbacks. She must also understand the whole art of tending children, and must have been through the small-pox and measles. A rich but parsimonious old gentleman, on being taken to task for his uncharitableness, said: "True, I don't give much, but if you only knew how it hurts when I give anything, you wouldn't wonder."

"Don't prevaricate, sir!" thundered Judge Shell, to a witness. "Can't help it, Judge," answered the youth. "Ever since I got a kick from a mule, that knocked my teeth out, I prevaricate a good deal."

SUMMONS.

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in and for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish. Henry B. Davis, Defendant, vs. United States of America.

You are hereby notified to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in the County of King, for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within the said County of King; or if served out of that County, but in this District, within thirty days, otherwise within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to recover the sum of Five Hundred and Thirty-three Dollars on account for the work, labor and services in getting out logs and working in and about the defendant's logging camp, in Snohomish county, in Washington Territory, performed by plaintiff within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint. Witness the Hon. Orange Jacobs, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, this 19th day of October, A. D. 1874. W. H. WHITE & W. B. ANDREWS, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SUMMONS.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, ss. In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in and for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish. William Bonines, Plaintiff, vs. Joseph Bonines, Defendant.

Complaint filed in the County of King, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court. The United States of America send Greeting To JOSEPHINE BONINES, Defendant. You are hereby notified to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in the County of King, for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within the said County of King; or if served out of that County, but in this District, within thirty days, otherwise within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to recover the sum of Four Hundred and Eighty Dollars on account for the work, labor and services in getting out logs and working in and about the defendant's logging camp, in Snohomish county, in Washington Territory, performed by plaintiff within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint. Witness the Hon. Orange Jacobs, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, this 19th day of October, A. D. 1874. W. H. WHITE & W. B. ANDREWS, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

IN THE PROBATE COURT.

KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON TERRITORY. In the matter of the estate of Herman Hansen, deceased.

IT APPEARING BY THE PETITION OF C. T. PERKINS, the Administrator of said estate, that there is a will of said Herman Hansen in the hands of said Administrator to pay the debts outstanding against the deceased and the expenses of administration, and that it is necessary to sell the whole or some portion of the real estate of said deceased for the payment thereof; it is ordered that all persons interested in the said estate be and appear in the office of said Court, in Seattle, in said county, on Monday, the twenty-first day of December next, at ten o'clock, A. M., then and there to show cause why the said real estate should not be sold, and it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published for four successive weeks before said time of hearing in the PUGET SOUND DISPATCH, a weekly newspaper published in said County, dated November 9th, 1874. W. M. YUKIC, Judge.

King County, ss. The above is a correct copy of an order to show cause why real estate of Herman Hansen deceased should not be sold as appears of record in the Probate Court of said County. Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, November 9th, 1874. W. M. YUKIC, Clerk of said Court.

SUMMONS.

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in and for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish. George Hartin, ss. Plaintiff, vs. Henry S. Davis, Defendant.

Complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said District Court, on the 19th day of October, 1874, in the County of the Clerk of the said District Court. United States of America. To HENRY S. DAVIS, Defendant. You are hereby notified to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in the County of King, for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within the said County of King; or if served out of that County, but in this District, within thirty days, otherwise within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to recover the sum of Four Hundred and Eighty Dollars on account for the work, labor and services in getting out logs and working in and about the defendant's logging camp, in Snohomish county, in Washington Territory, performed by plaintiff within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint. Witness the Hon. Orange Jacobs, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, this 19th day of October, A. D. 1874. W. H. WHITE & W. B. ANDREWS, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SUMMONS.

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in and for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish. Alexander Berrier, Plaintiff, vs. Henry S. Davis, Defendant.

Complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said District Court, on the 19th day of October, 1874, in the County of the Clerk of the said District Court. United States of America. To HENRY S. DAVIS, Defendant. You are hereby notified to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in the County of King, for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within the said County of King; or if served out of that County, but in this District, within thirty days, otherwise within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to recover the sum of Five Hundred and Sixty-two Dollars on account for the work, labor and services in getting out logs and working in and about the defendant's logging camp, in Snohomish county, in Washington Territory, performed by plaintiff within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint. Witness the Hon. Orange Jacobs, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, this 19th day of October, A. D. 1874. W. H. WHITE & W. B. ANDREWS, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

FOR RENT—Two small Cottages, on the Hill, adjoining the residence of Mrs. Brown. Inquire at this office, or of M. S. BOOTH, Nov. 10, 1874.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET. Apply to MRS. YESLER, Nov. 10.

TIDE LANDS FOR SALE. 169 ACRES OF FIRST CLASS TIDE LANDS for sale on cheap, on easy terms. The owner is going East and is determined to sell. Apply immediately to A. MACKINTOSH, Seattle, Nov. 9, 1874.

SUMMONS.

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in and for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish. Robert Macdonald, Plaintiff, vs. Henry B. Davis, Defendant, vs. United States of America.

You are hereby notified to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in the County of King, for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within the said County of King; or if served out of that County, but in this District, within thirty days, otherwise within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to recover the sum of Five Hundred and Thirty-three Dollars on account for the work, labor and services in getting out logs and working in and about the defendant's logging camp, in Snohomish county, in Washington Territory, performed by plaintiff within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint. Witness the Hon. Orange Jacobs, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, this 19th day of October, A. D. 1874. W. H. WHITE & W. B. ANDREWS, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SUMMONS.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, ss. In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in and for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish. William Bonines, Plaintiff, vs. Joseph Bonines, Defendant.

Complaint filed in the County of King, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court. The United States of America send Greeting To JOSEPHINE BONINES, Defendant. You are hereby notified to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in the County of King, for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within the said County of King; or if served out of that County, but in this District, within thirty days, otherwise within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to recover the sum of Four Hundred and Eighty Dollars on account for the work, labor and services in getting out logs and working in and about the defendant's logging camp, in Snohomish county, in Washington Territory, performed by plaintiff within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint. Witness the Hon. Orange Jacobs, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, this 19th day of October, A. D. 1874. W. H. WHITE & W. B. ANDREWS, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SUMMONS.

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in and for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish. James H. May and Kate A. May, vs. United States of America.

Complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said District Court, on the 19th day of October, 1874, in the County of the Clerk of the said District Court. United States of America. To JAMES H. MAY and KATE A. MAY, Defendants. You are hereby notified to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in the County of King, for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within the said County of King; or if served out of that County, but in this District, within thirty days, otherwise within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to recover the sum of Two Hundred and Twenty-four Dollars, interest at one per cent per annum after date, and one year from the date of the mortgage deed executed by the said defendant to the said plaintiff, bearing even date with said mortgage deed, and the costs of this action, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within the said County of King; or if served out of that County, but in this District, within thirty days, otherwise within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint. Witness the Hon. Orange Jacobs, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, this 25th day of October, A. D. 1874. L. B. ANDREWS, Clerk.

SUMMONS.

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in and for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish. James H. May and Kate A. May, vs. United States of America.

Complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said District Court, on the 19th day of October, 1874, in the County of the Clerk of the said District Court. United States of America. To JAMES H. MAY and KATE A. MAY, Defendants. You are hereby notified to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in the County of King, for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within the said County of King; or if served out of that County, but in this District, within thirty days, otherwise within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to recover the sum of Two Hundred and Twenty-four Dollars, interest at one per cent per annum after date, and one year from the date of the mortgage deed executed by the said defendant to the said plaintiff, bearing even date with said mortgage deed, and the costs of this action, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within the said County of King; or if served out of that County, but in this District, within thirty days, otherwise within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint. Witness the Hon. Orange Jacobs, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, this 25th day of October, A. D. 1874. L. B. ANDREWS, Clerk.

THE DEMOCRATIC ILLUMINATION is postponed till Thursday evening, when there will be a public demonstration at the Pavilion, and Sapper in the evening. Democrats, Rally!

\$50 REWARD! FOR THE RETURN OF YOUNG CHINAMAN, who was kidnapped about 20 years ago, 5 feet

Puget Sound Dispatch OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Seattle, W. T., Nov. 12, 1874.

Rink.—The new rink will open on Saturday evening of this week.

New Year's Eve.—The King Yarn Germanists intend giving another one of their recherche parties on the anniversary day of the city, New Year's Eve.

Is Doubt.—The Olympia Standard of the 7th, says: "Partial returns leave us in doubt as to the general result."

Attempted Murder.—On Sunday evening, one of the principal Chinese merchants of this place, Quong Cheong, while standing at the counter of his store was shot by some person on the outside of the building, who fired through the window at him.

The Matter.—Petitions are in circulation for a daily mail. Every man interested in the town should attend at one to getting his name on the petition.

By order of the Department, all mails between this city and Olympia are now sent by the way of Fenino and Tacoma, and the temporary contract with Capt. Starr is for carrying the mail twice a week between Tacoma and Victoria, leaving Tacoma every Monday and Friday morning at 3 o'clock, and Victoria every Wednesday and Saturday morning at 6 o'clock.

Telegraphic

DEFERRED DISPATCHES.—From dispatches deferred in consequence of the storm last week, we get the following returns from Eastern elections, which we have not heretofore published:

In New York, the Democrats have elected the Governor by 40,000 majority and a majority of the Legislature. In Massachusetts the Democrats elect the Governor, and defeat Gen. Butler by 1,500 majority.

In Pennsylvania the Democrats gain when Congressmen are elected to Congress in Minnesota. In Jersey elects a Democratic Governor and four of the six Congressmen.

THE CIVIL SUIT of Tien vs. Beecher came up this morning before Judge Reynolds in the City Court of Brooklyn, which was crowded with spectators, including many women.

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Their names are suppressed for the present. SHANGHAI, Nov. 8.—The difficulty between China and Japan has been amicably arranged. China agrees to pay an indemnity of half a million taels, in consideration of which the Japanese troops are to be withdrawn from Formosa.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Upon retiring from the Brooklyn City Court room today, Judge Fullerton visited the United States Court building and filed the reply of Moulton to complaint. Miss Proctor, in her libel suit document, is very long. Moulton admits that he knew Miss Proctor was the lady referred to in connection with the scandal, but felt himself coerced by combination of circumstances to make the statement which is deemed libelous; that after Beecher's statement it became a matter of self-defense for Moulton to make public his version of the matter.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—Carlists here deny the truth of the assertion of Spanish Government that siege of Ciuen has been raised, and profess to have information that the besiegers are cannonading the town and that Don Carlos visited the outposts yesterday. A Republican battalion has landed at Fontarabla and a decisive action is expected to-morrow.

MONTREAL, Nov. 9.—The small-pox is still increasing here; the Hotel Dieu and the general hospital are overcrowded. The Hall House in New Mountain Park has been taken possession of, and 10 patients have been placed there since Saturday.

During special services in the French Parish Church this morning, an alarm of fire was given, when the large congregation made a rush for the doors and several persons were trampled under foot. A few were injured slightly.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 9.—Greenbacks, 90% @ 91 1/2. Pacific Mail Str. Mohongo, from Panama and way ports, arrived today. The Saranac lay in the harbor of La Paz, prepared to protect the American citizens, even at cost of bombardment the town. No belligerent act had been committed, however, and it was believed by her Commander that no further trouble would ensue.

STEAMER Cypreness sails at 10 A. M. for Honolulu, Fiji and Australia. She will carry English mails and a pretty full complement of passengers.

OFFICERS of the Pacific Jockey Club, who visited the race track this morning, report it heavy and say the trotting for to-morrow will probably be again postponed.

POST MADISON, Nov. 6.—Arrived, GAW 17.

NOV. 7.—Arrived, Oakland.

PURT GAMBLE, Nov. 9.—Arrived, ship Roswell Sprague.

NOV. 7.—Arrived David Howley from San Francisco; bark Milan and ship Arkwright from Acapulco.

UTAHLAND, Nov. 6.—Arrived John Jay. SEATTLE, Nov. 6.—Arrived, schooner Lovett Peacock, Capt. Decker, 10 days from San Francisco, with one passenger, Andrew Urquhart, to Seattle and the following freight:

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF CURES THE WORST PAINS. In from one to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need any ONE SUFFER WITH PAIN.

THE ONLY PAIN REMEDY that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, always inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

DR. J. WALKER'S California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!! Strong and Pure Blood—Incubator of Flesh and Weight—Clear Skin and Beautiful Complexion secured to all.

DR. RADWAY'S SARSAPARILLA RESOLVENT Has made the most Astonishing Cures; so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine.

DR. RADWAY'S PERFECT POGUATIVE PILLS perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse, and strengthen.

CRICHTON'S SUPERIOR ALE, PORTER AND LAGER BEER.

R. ABRAMS' LIVERY STABLE, Cor. Commercial and Washington Sts. SEATTLE, W. T.

PONY SALOON, KEPT BY BEN MURPHY, Commercial Street, Opposite Schwabacher's.

United States Hotel, Corner Main & Commercial Streets.

WILL COMPARE FAVORABLY with any hotel on the Sound.

VINEGAR BITTERS, PURELY VEGETABLE, FREE FROM ALCOHOL.

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California.

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SUMMONS. In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holden at the City of Seattle, in and for the County of King.

United States of America send Greeting: TO HENRY L. DAVIS, Defendant.

KEARNEY'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU! THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY FOR BRIGHT'S DISEASES, AND A POSITIVE REMEDY FOR Gout, Gravel, Strictures, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, Dropsy, Non-retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration OF THE BLADDER AND KIDNEYS, Spermatorrhoea.

KEARNE EXTRA T BUCHU. For acutely Curable Diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, AND DEEPERICAL SWELLINGS.

Nervous Debilitated OF BOTH SEXES. No Charge for Advice or Consultation.

FRESH GOODS! FRAUDENTIAL DROGS' DRY GOODS.

ELGIN WATCHES. Choice and Fashionable Clothing, Hats, Under Wear, Furnishings, Trunks, Etc., Etc.

J. F. Morrill & Co. Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.

Notice! HENRY APPOINTMENT BOOKS.

Crawford & Harrington, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN Hardware, Groceries, Wines and Liquors, Flour and Feed.

SUGAR, TEA, TOBACCO, COFFE ETC., Are continually adding to their Stock on hand to meet the increasing demand of the Puget Sound trade and the public generally.

CALL AND EXAMINE. Warehouse and Wharf adjoining Steamboat landing, STORE AND OFFICE, COMMERCIAL STREET SEATTLE, W. T.

Imperial Fire Insurance Company of London. SUCH IS LIFE!

Schwabacher Bros. & Co. Our new two-story building is filled from Garret to Cellar; all of which we offer at prices that DEFY COMPETITION!

JAS. R. ROBBINS. Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Brandies, Whiskeys, ETC., ETC., ETC.

W. G. JAMIESON'S. No. 15 Commercial st. Seattle, W. T. Genuine Cutter Whiskey always on Hand.

J. F. Morrill & Co. Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T. Sign—"CITY DRUG STORE."

W. G. JAMIESON'S. No. 15 Commercial st. Seattle, W. T. Genuine Cutter Whiskey always on Hand.

