

Puget Sound Dispatch

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The Unwelcome Guest.

In the summer of 1790 Miss Lois Stephens was teaching the district school in West Norfield, Mass. The old log school house stood upon a bank above, but quite near, the well-traveled road leading from Greenfield to Brattleboro. A little foot-path led up to it, winding among the shining, graceful brakes, low, tangled blueberry bushes and fragrant sweet fern.

One still, balmy afternoon, just after the school was dismissed, and the scholars came marching in an orderly manner out of the school-room, a portly, good-looking man, riding on a large white horse, was seen emerging from the edge of the pine forest, just above the school-house, and galloping leisurely down the road towards them.

The children stopped their singing and hastened a little, thinking to form themselves into line, as was the very polite and pretty custom in those days, and make their "manners" to the traveler as he passed.

The gentleman gazed at the row of bright, eager faces with evident interest. Just as he reached a point nearly in front of the log school-house where the children were standing, he suddenly reigned up his horse and in a loud voice of command, shouted:

"Halt! Stand where you are every one of you! Don't move a step!"

The children were in great terror now, supposing the stranger to be an Indian in disguise, or a Hessian soldier, or a government official of some sort, who was intending either to scalp, kill, or take them into custody forthwith.

They were paralyzed more by wonderment than by the command given them by the stranger.

The "school-mistress," as the teacher was called at that time, hearing this ringing piece of authority, ran to the door, while the children stood frightened by the roadside. "Stay where you are, madam! You step out that doorway at your peril!"

Quickly dismounting from his horse, and throwing the bridle-rein to the affrighted boy nearest him, the stranger, with his short, heavy riding whip, in his hand, ran rapidly up the stony path to the school house.

The scholars were now in greater trepidation than before. They were sure he was going to do some injury to their beloved school-mistress, and could only look at her, the stranger and each other, with pallid faces and round eyes.

Miss Stephens stood her ground bravely. She looked at the approaching stranger with steady eye and without the least outward appearance of fear.

As he neared the lower floorway, however, instead of raining down vigorous blows with his riding whip upon the defenceless head and shoulders of the school-mistress, as the children fully expected he would, he suddenly stopped, and taking hold of the smoothy worn white boulder used as a door-stone, he rolled it away from the door.

The man, with two or three well-directed, sharp and rapid blows with the stock of the whip, killed the reptile. His twelve rattles were soon detached and given to the schoolmistress as a memento of her narrow escape.

"I well knew the peculiar warning sound that this snake always gives," said the gentleman, smiling pleasantly around the little group now gathered about him.

"Its singular whirr reached my ears in spite of the sound of your many voices singing. I could not determine at first where the dangerous fellow was lurking, but thought each of you would be safer to stand where you were."

"Stepping upon the stone of course jarred it, thus disturbing the snug quarters of his snakeship, and he told, in the only way he had to communicate with others, that it would be best to leave him to himself."

"I have heard that sound nearly every day since school began," said Miss Stephens, "but had no idea what it was."

"We have all heard it," chorused the scholars, "and we called it 'little Jack a-hitchin' in his hatchet, and comin' up his bean-stalk from China.' We've all put our ears down there ever so many times, and listened to hear what fast he was coming; and by his hitchin' in with his hatchet and comin' up his bean-stalk from China, we expected to find him settin' here to-morrow morning, sure, when we came to school."

"Your escape is almost miraculous. He must have been quite contented with his snug quarters, or he would have shown himself before now," said the gentleman, as he turned to remount his horse. "Good

day to you, madame. Good day to you, scholars."

"Thank you most gratefully," said Miss Stephens.

"Good-by, and thank you kindly," echoed the children.

And "Thank you, thank you; thank you," floated on in the still summer air to the ears of the horseman, until he had crossed "Stillman's Brook," and struck again into the pine woods.—*Youth's Companion*.

Contraction and Expansion.

The rural idea of contraction and expansion is peculiar. Here it is. Charles Augustus was with Julia the other evening, when she observed:

"Charles, dear, what is all this talk about contracting and expanding the currency, and which do you believe in?"

"Well, my sweet," said Charles, pulling up his collar, "that depends upon circumstances. In some cases I should advocate contraction of the currency, and in others an expansion of it. It is according to the circumstances—that is, the condition of things."

"But what is the difference between the two, and how does circumstances affect them? That's what I want to know, Charles."

"Oh, that's easily explained," said Charles, in a tone of great cheerfulness.

"For instance, when we are alone we both sit on one chair, don't we?"

"Yes."

"Well, that's contraction. But when we hear your pa or ma coming, we get on two chairs, don't we?"

"I should say we did."

"Well, my love, that is expansion.

So you see, it is according to circumstances."

"Charles," said she, very softly, burrowing under his ear, "we are contracting now, ain't we?"

"You bet," said Charles, with increased cheerfulness.

The *British Medical Journal*, in speaking of the effect of the habit of smoking upon the general health of boys under 16 years of age, says: "A celebrated physician took for his purpose thirty-eight boys, aged from 9 to 15, and carefully examined them. In twenty-seven of them he discovered injurious traces of the habit. In twenty-two there were various disorders of the circulation and of digestion, palpitation of the heart, and a more or less marked taste for strong drink. In twelve there was frequent bleeding of the nose, ten had disturbed sleep, and twelve had slight ulcerations of the mucous membrane of the mouth, which disappeared on ceasing from the use of tobacco for some days. The doctor treated them all for weakness, but with little effect until the smoking was discontinued, when health and strength were soon restored."

A Georgia farmer undertook a few evenings ago to clear his hogs of vermin by rubbing them with kerosene, which he accomplished by the light of a fat pitch knot. Just as he had got them well oiled a spark fell on the back of one, and in an instant he was in a blaze. The flames communicated to the others, and in a few moments the drove was running wild, and appearing in the darkness like fire fiends. The next day the farmer found his bacon not only cured, but "done brown."

A witness in a Charleston Court refused to sign a deposition taken down in short hand, on the ground that he could not be compelled to put his signature to any document in ordinary writing. The presiding Judge sent him to jail for contempt, and the case is to go to the Supreme Court.

Booth, as *Othello*, left the imprint of his painted moustache on the lips of *Desdemona*, in Baltimore. She tried to wipe off the black mark, but only spread it over her face; and for once the wronged wife died amid uproarious laughter.

FARMERSVILLE, La., May 24.—Jesse Walker, colored, for the murder of *Vie* Simmons on the 17th of February last, was executed to-day. He declared his innocence and intimated that John Simmons is the guilty party.

GENERAL NEWS.

MINERAL POINT, Wis., May 23.—A destructive tornado occurred here about 5 o'clock. A large stone brewery and several other buildings were demolished—about a dozen in all. John Spence's fine family residence was destroyed while a family reunion was in progress, and Mrs. Wallace was instantly killed. The rest miraculously escaped. The residence of Judge Cothran was struck by the storm and his aged mother killed.

QUINCY, May 23.—A tornado struck the western part of Brown county this afternoon, blew down a few houses, and it is reported three persons were killed; particulars wanting.

ELLSWORTH, Me., May 24.—Small parties of Russian officers are leaving the Cimbric to-day with all their baggage, which they pass formally through the custom house. A few leave by every boat going west. One of the officers in conversation confirms the report that the Russian force is composed of three ships' crews, each fully officered. He says there is no harm in now saying that they have come to America to man three fast vessels, to be purchased and converted into Russian cruisers. He thinks two have already been purchased and are now in Philadelphia. Such officers as have left the Cimbric have gone to these vessels. When asked if any sailors had been sent on he answered, sailors will be taken directly in the Cimbric to the port of transfer. The officer conversed with is of the rank of lieutenant, highly educated and apparently candid in his statements.

CHICAGO, May 24.—The storm at Barrington was the most destructive about three miles from that town, where the farm house of Mr. Burnes was completely demolished, Mrs. Burnes instantly killed and two young children carried through the air by the whirlwind and hurled dead to the ground, a distance of twenty rods away.

MADISON, May 24.—Last night a heavy rain storm was accompanied by the remarkable phenomenon of a rain of sticks, stones, boards and twigs of various sizes and large hail. The cyclone came from the southwest, probably from Mineral Point, Bowen, Mount Vernon and Oregon. Fifteen to twenty barns are reported destroyed. Near Mount Vernon three persons were killed. Great destruction of property and loss of life undoubtedly resulted from the storm.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 24.—Police commissioners this morning rendered a decision suspending Sergeant Harmon during the pleasure of the board. Harmon was in command of the police force on duty at Horticultural Hall some weeks ago when the county committee wing of the Workingmen's party met inside the hall and Kearneyites outside. After the meeting in the hall adjourned Harmon ordered Kearney's meeting to disperse, and subsequently charged with his force, and a number in the crowd were roughly handled and clubbed. The decision of the commissioners is quite lengthy and to the effect that Sergeant Harmon's conduct was praiseworthy in all respects except that an unnecessary degree of force was used in dispersing a crowd which offered no active resistance. The decision clearly lays down the law that all street meetings are on sufferance and may be legally dispersed at all times, but that no more violence should be used than is absolutely necessary to accomplish the end in view.

It has been frequently said of the Turk, as an individual, that he is a very estimable person so long as he does not come under European influence. Midhat Pasha confirms this view. He was talking the other day to an English statesman about the national character of the Turk. "You are mistaken," he said, "in assuming the Osmanli to be effete, degenerate, corrupt, and so forth. On the contrary he is, as a rule, brave, sober, frugal and upright. In fact he is a capital fellow until he knows how to speak French."

The Naval and Military Club of London have leased Cambridge House for a term of sixty years at a rental of \$25,000 per annum. After spending \$172,000 in alterations and improvements, the members formally opened it on Easter Monday.

THE CHURCHES SUNDAY.

METHODIST PROTESTANT CHURCH.

D. Bagley, Pastor. Morning Text—Hebrews, 13 chapter, 10 and 16 verses. Preparatory Thoughts—Christ above Angels and all other created beings, obedience due to Him. He most worthy, rest of believers and the bloom of Christ above all else. The speaker observed that the human mind seems to require truth to be presented in a tangible form—hence the types, altars and sacrifices of the book—meeting this requirement and that no one subject was so prominently kept before the mind under the former dispensation as the altar and sacrifices. The altar was spoken of as most holy being consecrated and in the Divine economy sanctifying the gift. Heart blindness was regarded as the cause of inability to see and appreciate spiritual truth and Christ as the cure of that heart blindness. It being communion season the service was closed by the reception of members and administration of the Lord's supper.

EVENING.

Text—Second Kings, 17 chapt, 6 and 18 verses. The separation of the Kingdom of Israel from Judah was spoken of and traced to their downfall, the text noting the fact and causes of the overthrow of the Kingdom of Israel by the Assyrian power, the result of sin and guilt were set forth in the seventh and 12th verses inclusive. God is not and will not be mocked was emphasized in connexion with verses 13 and 18 inclusive. The speaker dwelt with emphasis upon the fact that the judgment of God fails not finally. He also spoke of the danger of abandoning the central truth in religious matters, resulting in sinking deeper and deeper into unbelief or superstition and closed by remarking that responsibilities come unsought and abide and that God does all. He can consistent with human volition to save men from sin and hell.

Testimonial.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:—We, Pastors of the several Protestant Congregations of Seattle, W. T., take great pleasure in commending the bearer, our dear brother in the ministry, Rev. D. W. Macfie, to the kind attentions, Christian confidence and sympathies of the people of God in all lands where he may travel. Mr. Macfie has labored as Pastor of the Presbyterian Church in this place for nearly two years with ability, dignity and usefulness. In nearly all of the churches he has preached with great acceptability, and in many instances with remarkable power and earnestness. We have ever found him a ready and willing co-worker in every department of ministerial labor. In prison visitation, street preaching, Young Men's Christian Association meetings, as well as in our more formal union congregations we have been witnesses of his faithful labors for the salvation of souls—"a work that needeth not to be ashamed."

Our united prayer is that the blessing of the Great Head of the Church may ever rest upon our brother; that as he goes he may everywhere find opportunity to preach the Word, and thus aid in building up the Church of our Lord Jesus Christ.

This, in token of our personal confidence in, and Christian love toward our dear brother, we sign in our several official relations.

ISAAC DILLON, Pastor M. E. Church.

DANIEL BAGLEY, Pastor M. P. Church.

A. C. FAIRCHILD, Presiding Elder of Puget Sound District.

S. F. ELLIS, Pastor Congregational Church.

Seattle, W. T., May 24, 1878.

Chicago and St. Louis are again wrangling as their population and abusing each other's directory in the select language usually employed in such quarrels. A St. Louis paper says: "Here, where people are all busy, it is harder to take a full census than in a place like Chicago, where people are at home, packing what few traps they have left, preparatory to going into bankruptcy, or are standing on the street corners cursing the city government and waiting for invitations to drink."

A WIFE IN DISTRESS.—Tuscarora (Nev.) has a sensation. Marence Hughes, one of the belles of that place, some six months ago, married a husband named Samuel M. Pollard, and the wife has now revealed the fact that Pollard is a woman. The wife says she has kept the secret because her husband threatened her with vengeance if she divulged it. A warrant for perjury against the offender has been sworn out for swearing falsely to the truth of the wife's statement, and the *Times-Review* says: "The flight of Pollard has shaken the faith of many who have along advocated the male theory, and it is now, we opine, pretty generally believed here that the story of the wife is true. We do not know of any law that will reach the case, and we are confident that the charge of perjury can never be successfully maintained in court. It is sufficient, however, to bring Pollard back here, which will perhaps result in a solution of the sex problem, a consummation which a large proportion of the population here is impatiently awaiting."

Carrizal, Mexico, has lately lost an exceedingly novel bank of deposit, and burglars are bewailing their lack of knowledge of local institutions. Three years ago a priest built a house there, ordering the masons to leave the partition walls unfinished. Those he ran up himself in the night time, an old woman holding a candle for him. In a series of holes in the walls he secreted \$60,000 in gold and silver coin, and then completed the walls, leaving small holes to drop other earnings in. Up to a month ago he lived alone in his house, allowing no one to pass the threshold. Deciding to remove into another parish, he broke open his vaults of deposit, took out his savings, and departed leaving about \$10 scattered on the floor in his haste. Then the discreet old lady told the story and the swearing was begun.

Alaska is a wonderful place for thieves. A correspondent of the *San Francisco Chronicle* says one merchant in Sitka hires Indians to steal for him, and recently shipped away a ton of copper that they had taken away from the flooring and walls of a Government building for storing furs. The candlesticks and other silver articles were long ago stolen from the church, and even metal crosses have been taken from graves in the cemetery. There is not a constable or a justice in the Territory, and there is no attempt to enforce any law.

A servant girl in Dayton, O., has been pronounced an irresponsible kleptomaniac by a Judge. This case is the first one that has come under our attention where the victim was poor.

A private letter from New South Wales announces that Parliament has voted \$75,000 to encourage immigration.

Maryland has had a State Convention to consider how to get rid of tramps.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS PROCEEDINGS.

SEATTLE, May 6 1878.

Present, M. R. Maddocks, Rufus Stearns and Terrence O'Brien, Commissioners. M. S. Booth, City Clerk.

Board met at 9 A. M., and continued in session eight consecutive days, (Sunday excepted), during which time the following business was transacted:

Minutes of the previous meeting of the Board were read and approved.

Notice was given in each of the daily newspapers of Seattle, soliciting sealed proposals to do the public printing for King County for the ensuing year. In compliance with said notices, the following proposals were presented to the Board, viz:

Beriah Brown & Co., *DISPATCH OFFICE*. For printing, (that the county is exclusively chargeable or responsible (blanks excepted), *Spec of charge*.

Thomas W. Broun, *Tribe Office*. Delinquent tax list at the rate of fifty

cents a description, and all other matters, forty cents a square each insertion.

Thaddeus Hanford, *Intelligencer Office*. In Daily and Weekly Intelligencer, Commissioners proceedings gratis to the extent of one-half column in the [Daily Intelligencer] per day, on an average during the sessions of said commissioners court, and at the rate of twenty cents per square of ten lines bourgeois type, for all in excess of said one-half column as an average per day of the said sessions. Tax list in weekly at the rate of twenty cents per description, or in case of descriptions that exceed twelve lines of nonpareil, at the rate of twenty cents per square of twelve lines nonpareil; legal notices gratis, and job work at customary rates.

Board postponed the awarding of the public printing of the county until their adjourned meeting in May 1878.

Board settled with the following named road supervisors as per lists and accounts rendered viz: John W. Neely, K. Olson, J. S. Flowers, James Begley, John Gilkey, J. J. Crow, David Graham, M. B. Maddocks, Frank George, H. H. Tibbitts, G. S. Dudley, James Langdon, C. S. Greenleaf, Julius Mess, Alexander Adair, Henry Adams, Geo. Hilton, A. C. Kimball, James Bush, Theodore Burr, Robert Brown and Henry H. Weston.

Board rejected all of the election returns for supervisors which had been filed with the auditor, on the ground that said elections were illegal—the present tenure of office law requiring that all supervisors are to be elected at the general election in November, and that the present supervisors hold over until the second Monday in January, 1879, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

Board having, at their last February term, consolidated some of the road districts in the county, appointed the following named persons supervisors of their respective districts as now numbered, to hold their respective offices as required by law, viz:

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|---|--|
| G. M. Bowman, Supr road district No. 1. | |
| C. S. Greenleaf, " " " " 2. | |
| James Langdon, " " " " 3. | |
| Alex. Adair, " " " " 4. | |
| Shamgar Morris, " " " " 5. | |
| W. W. Perrigo, " " " " 6. | |
| K. Olson, " " " " 7. | |
| Theodore Burr, " " " " 8. | |
| G. S. Dudley, " " " " 9. | |
| J. A. Gilkey, " " " " 10. | |
| J. A. Smart, " " " " 11. | |
| Wm. Dennis, " " " " 12. | |
| A. C. Kimball, " " " " 13. | |
| R. M. Stewart, " " " " 14. | |
| Wm. P. Smith, " " " " 15. | |
| E. M. Smithers, " " " " 16. | |
| Henry Weston, " " " " 17. | |
| Robert Graham, " " " " 18. | |
| Henry Adams, " " " " 19. | |
| Louis McMillin, " " " " 20. | |
| J. McCallister, " " " " 21. | |
| E. D. Plumb, " " " " 22. | |
| Louis C. Smith, " " " " 23. | |
| John W. Neely, " " " " 24. | |

Board authorized the auditor to officially notify each of the foregoing named persons of his appointment as road supervisor, the change in the number of his district, the boundary of his district; his term of office and that he is required to qualify as required by law; but not required to give a bond.

Board granted grocery licenses to the following named persons for the period of six months in Seattle precinct; and approved the bonds of the same viz: August Hess & August Zarska; partners; August Wolff; Andrew Pfau; Lewis Jacobs; Mrs. Jane Berry.

Board granted a retail liquor license to Wm. Kennedy; for six months in Seattle precinct; and affirmed his bond.

Board rejected the following petitions viz: David T. Denny et al. for a new road district. Geo. R. Wilson et al. for an appropriation of money to build a bridge across Swamp Creek in Samiah precinct. C. H. Bankson et al. for a resurveying and relocation of Coal Creek road from township 24 to Cedar river in township 23.

Jack Scurry, Wm. Pickering and J. V. Roach; viewrs, and F. H. Whitworth; surveyor; appointed by the board of their extra session in September 1877; to relocate the road from Capt. Brown's to Newcastle, having failed to make said relocation on account of sickness on the part of said surveyor; and absence from the county on the part of Wm. Pickering; the board appointed Jack Scurry; John A. Smart and E. M. Smithers viewrs, and F. H. Whitworth surveyor; to make said relocation on the 20th day of May 1878.

From the Daily of Wednesday

STREET IMPROVEMENTS.—The spasmodic efforts made from time to time to improve the streets of this city, are sufficient to excite the ridicule of a Chinese joss. Instead of completing the improvement of a street when once commenced, such improvement is carried on just sufficient to render that street impassable, when work is either suspended or transferred to some other locality. The work on Commercial street, which passes through the business part of the city, was commenced early this spring and carried forward with commendable energy until it was filled up level with the grade. Just as our people were about to congratulate themselves on the prospect of having at least one perfect street in the city, the work was brought to a dead lock, leaving that thoroughfare in a pitiable condition, the dirt being hauled on and dumped promiscuously, so that that the street now is about as level as the back of a sturgeon. Ten days labor, judiciously expended, would put that street in a condition to receive its gravel covering, without which it will be impassable in wet weather. Why this improvement, so much needed, is not carried forward to completion, is a mystery which can only be solved by the Street Commissioner.

ALMOST A SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—Yesterday afternoon, about 2 o'clock, Dr. Bryant, accompanied by Mr. Frank Rigby, ascended to a room on the upper floor of the United States Hotel, where the doctor keeps his fire-escape apparatus, for the purpose of testing an improvement which has been recently made to some portion of the machine. The doctor, having adjusted the supporting ropes upon his person, grasped the break line, which is composed of two strands of heavy copper wire, stepped backward out of the window, and was soon swinging in space, a distance of seventy feet from the ground. All went well until he had descended about twenty feet, when Mr. Rigby, who is of an excitable temperament, thinking the doctor was not making sufficiently rapid progress, pried up the break, thus freeing the cylinder upon which the supporting ropes are coiled, when the doctor shot down the break wire with the velocity of a telegraphic message. With rare presence of mind, just before reaching the earth, the doctor managed to double himself up, so that instead of coming down feet foremost he lit upon the cushioned part of his person, otherwise he must have been shattered into small fragments. The injuries sustained are comparatively slight considering the circumstances, consisting of lacerated hands and the shock occasioned by the sudden halt in the descent. No blame attaches to Mr. Rigby, as he had mistaken the admonition of the doctor to "steer clear of the break," understanding him to say "keep the break clear," which transposition came near sealing the inventor's fate. It is safe to say, however, that Mr. Rigby will not assist the doctor in any of his future experiments.

ANSWER TO CORRESPONDENT.—A distant correspondent is anxious to know the origin of the term "mad-house," as applied to a familiar institution in this latitude. Several years ago the insane of this Territory were confined at this place in a large building erected for their keeping. Subsequently they were removed to Steilacoom, when the building was purchased by a citizen and transformed into a dance-house, where red, white and black used to congregate and hold high carnival by night. So notorious did this establishment become that the authorities found it necessary to interfere and suppress it as a nuisance. In the complaint entered against the proprietor, the term "mad-house," was used in describing the premises, on account of its former associations with the insane, since which time the name has been applied to kindred institutions wherever located on the Sound. There could hardly be framed a more suggestive term to designate houses of that character, as all who frequent them are mad indeed.

THE WALK ALONG THE WATER EDGE OF YESLER'S WHARF, which has become dilapidated by the wear and tear of time, is being torn up, re-ballasted and re-planked, to the relief of steamboat men and pedestrians.

SHIPPING.—There are now only five vessels at present lying in this harbor, aside from the revenue cutter. Four of these are loading with coal at the railroad chutes.

THE ISSUE FOR 1878 of the *Newspaper Directory and Advertiser's Handbook* published by the advertising agency of S. M. Pettengill & Co., 37 Park Row, New York, has just come to hand. For simplicity and convenience of arrangement, comprehensiveness of scope and general accuracy, we regard this as one of the best and most reliable Newspaper Directories published in the United States or elsewhere. It contains a complete list of the newspapers published in the United States and British provinces; lists of the daily, weekly, monthly, religious, agricultural and specialist newspapers and periodicals, with full information as to character, circulation and proprietorship, and a list of the leading newspapers of Great Britain, Australia and Europe. The volume is illustrated with portraits of Bayard Taylor, Geo. W. Childs, and Brete Harte among living, and Samuel Bowles and James Gordon Bennett, of the dead journalists of the United States.

FOURTH OF JULY MEETING.—The meeting held last night at Yesler's Hall, to take into consideration the matter of celebrating the coming Fourth of July at this place in a patriotic manner, was largely attended and quite enthusiastic. The meeting was organized by the election of Mr. C. Hanford chairman, and Jack Levy secretary. A committee of three was appointed, consisting of Messrs. Abrams, Turner and Levy, to wait upon the citizens and see what amount could be collected and report next Saturday evening. Dr. Sparling intimated to the audience that he was about to start a yacht club, and requested that all interested in the subject would meet at his office this evening. The meeting then adjourned.

NOT THERE.—Sheriff Wyckoff having received information of the whereabouts of Kelley and Murray, who escaped from the Seattle jail last Fall, last Thursday left this city and proceeded to Vancouver, from whence came the information. After instituting diligent inquiry and failing to discover any trace of the prisoners, he abandoned the search and returned here last evening. He reports times on the Columbia as lively. The salmon catch, contrary to expectation, is more than average. This will set the canneries in full operation, and give employment to hundreds of people, which will make money easy and plentiful.

KING COUNTY ASSESSMENT.—The following is the assessment of King county for the year 1878, as corrected by Messrs. Hanks and Booth and approved by the Board of County Commissioners. In correcting the assessment roll these gentlemen made an increase of \$4,266 on the returns of the assessors:

No. acres improved..... 7,059
Value of improv'..... \$464,059
" " lands..... 945,019
" " per'l prop'y..... 790,347
Total value of all prop'y \$2,199,425

AN IMPROVEMENT.—The stairs leading from the wharf in the rear of the Centennial Saloon has been supplied with a slide. This will be hailed as a blessing by the many craft which land there for supplies, as it will save time and labor in loading.

THE YACHT CLUB.—Dr. Sparling informs us that at least thirteen fast sailors can be mustered to compete for the grand prize in the coming yacht race on the Fourth of July.

"BAD" TEACHERS.—At the recent teachers' examination in King county, W. T., none of the applicants received first grade certificates. Ten were awarded second grade and seven third grade diplomas. Why, we have little girls in this State who take first grade certificates, and we are certain that the examinations are fully as difficult here as in the Territory.—*Port. Tel.*

THE DIFFERENCE IS PROBABLY IN THE EXAMINERS. Some of the Oregon Collegiate institutions have in several instances conferred the degree of Doctor of Laws upon men who could not read their diplomas, and the degree of Doctor of Medicine upon men who could not read or write the English language correctly, to say nothing of the Doctors of Divinity; from which we may conclude that it don't take much education to get a "first grade certificate" in Oregon. Prof. Ingraham, our Superintendent, requires a higher standard for teachers. Several of the teachers examined here held first grade certificates from Oregon, and one, at least, from California.

ACCIDENT.—Yesterday morning Mr. Geo. Lindley, who was engaged in curbing a well sunk on the property of N. J. Ohm, in the elevated portion of the city, was struck in the face by a falling stone and considerably damaged. At the time he was some seventy feet from the surface, and had the stone been of any considerable size he must have been killed outright. The injury sustained was not sufficient to disable him, and after applying the usual remedies he continued work.

ATTEMPTED RAPE.—Yesterday morning, one of those cases, fortunately of rare occurrence, took place in this city. An elderly woman who for some time has been stopping at the Eureka Lodging House, on Mill street, seeking employment, was accosted by a man, also a habitue of the house, who represented to her that he was a widower, with several children; that he had a large farm about three or four miles up the Duwamish river; that he kept a housekeeper but desired to employ another woman, and thereupon engaged her services. He told her that his wagon was in the southern part of the city, and requested that she accompany him to it, when they would proceed at once to his farm. They started out and walked up to the top of the hill, in the rear of the city, when he turned into a by-path. Becoming somewhat startled at his strange maneuvers, the woman asked him how much further off his wagon was, when he told her it was a quarter of a mile away, but that he took the path as it was a short cut to the read. Reconciled at this answer she proceeded with him. When they had gone a short distance, the way being through a heavy undergrowth of brush, he turned suddenly upon her, and commenced using insulting language. At this she turned to fly, but was soon overtaken by the scoundrel, thrown down, and an attempt made to violate her person. She made all the resistance in her power, at the same time screaming loudly for help. The scoundrel becoming alarmed at her cries, desisted and fled. The poor woman returned to the city in a sad plight, her face badly scratched and otherwise injured. The person who attempted the outrage is a stranger in the city, and although diligent search has been made for him by the officers, no trace of him has so far been discovered. It is to be hoped that he may be apprehended and suffer the full penalty of the law for his dastardly act.

THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE.—In the burning of the American Exchange Hotel in Portland, last Tuesday morning, that city has lost one of its ancient landmarks, and the old settlers of Oregon and Washington Territory a familiar resort. Although one of the poorest hostleries upon the coast, it has nevertheless been patronized generally by the travelling public on account of its antiquity and the associations which clustered about it. This was partly due to the fact that for many years it has been the headquarters of the Republican party of Oregon—the State and Federal officials congregating there—and naturally enough the rank and file sought its protecting roof. The old shell has made many marvelous escapes heretofore from fire; has enriched a dozen landlords, impoverished as many more, fulfilled its destiny and went down. No doubt there will be erected upon its ruins a substantial structure, as it occupied one of the most important business sites in the city.

THE BALL TO-NIGHT.—This being the last night of Mr. Fox's occupancy as landlord of the Occidental Hotel, he proposes to give a grand free ball in commemoration of the event. It no doubt will be well patronized. On the 1st of June John Collins, Esq., who owns the establishment, and through whose former management it had attained a high repute, will take possession and hereafter conduct its management.

DECORATION DAY.—The beautiful ceremony of decorating with flowers the graves of those who fought and died during the late war in defence of republican institutions, will be generally observed throughout the Union to-day. Thank God the time has arrived when the "Blue and the Grey," forgetting the sad past, can join hands in paying common tribute of respect to the soldiers who fell in either armies.

CORRECTION.—In our allusion yesterday to the accident which happened to Dr. Bryant, we were in error as to the time. The accident occurred at 4 o'clock Monday, not at 2½ o'clock Tuesday, as stated. The Doctor also states that he does not wholly exonerate the party connected with the affair.

A short time ago English newspapers announced that certain persons were manufacturing and selling butter made from the mud from the Thames river, which is very much like a gigantic sewer. Official investigation has shown that although fat is really extracted from this mud, it is not used for such a purpose, but in the manufacture of soap and candles.

GENERAL NEWS.

NEW YORK, May 28.—Henry Ward Beecher leaves for San Francisco June 15th, for a lecturing tour throughout the state. Mrs. Beecher accompanies him.

WASHINGTON, May 28.—The senate passed without amendment the house bill to prohibit further retirement of U. S. legal tender notes; yeas 41, nays 18.

NEW ORLEANS, May 28.—A Galveston *News* special says: New Laredo is threatened by three parties of Laredoists numbering 800 men. Their advance is now within ten miles of the town. The Mexican customs authorities have come to this side with their books and records. The commander despairs holding the place unless reinforced. Gen. Ayala made a formal demand for the place this morning. Three American merchants are in jail for refusing to contribute to the defense of the town.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 28.—William F. Sturgis was accidentally and fatally shot by Dr. David B. Todd about 9 o'clock last evening; at the office of the latter on railroad avenue, south San Francisco. A revolver belonging to Sturgis had been mislaid and Dr. Todd succeeded yesterday in recovering it. Last evening, while conversing with Sturgis, he told him he had a revolver, and at the same time drew it from his pocket, and by way of a joke, and not knowing that it was loaded, pointed it at him. Sturgis laughingly said, "Fire." At the same instant the revolver was discharged, a ball entering Sturgis' face on one side and coming out through the temple on the other. Officer Rosecamp hearing the shot hastened to the spot, and as he entered the office Dr. Todd said to him, "My God! I've shot my best friend." Sturgis lived about twelve minutes after the shot was fired. Dr. Todd immediately gave himself up to officer Rosecamp and proceeded with him to the city prison, where he was locked up. Mr. Sturgis was about 26 years of age and was formerly employed as a clerk in Edwards' drug store, on Kearney street, but for the past few months he has been out of employment and has lived with Dr. Todd, by whom he has been supported. The most friendly relations existed between the parties.

SPRINGFIELD, May 29.—Rev. Dr. Seymour has, at the request of the standing committee, withdrawn his declination of the bishopric, and accepted the position unanimously tendered him.

NEW YORK, May 29.—The reception of Cardinal McCloskey in the cathedral was a brilliant affair. The congregation included many of the most distinguished citizens, while the procession of the clergymen embraced a number of arch-bishops and bishops. The cardinal was supported by Very Rev. Wm. Quinn, the venerable vicar general of the diocese.

WASHINGTON, May 29.—The house naval affairs committee agreed to report favorably the Harris bill, appointing a board of admiralty to sell old ships and construct a new navy. The marriage of Lieut. R. L. Hoxie to Miss Vinna Ream took place this evening at Ascension church. The bride was given away by Gen. Sherman.

An order was issued from army headquarters to-day by Gen. Sherman, announcing his action on the proceedings of the court martial that recently tried Brevet Major General Kautz at Omaha, on a charge of being guilty of conduct prejudicial to good order and military discipline, by circulating in the army a printed criticism of an opinion rendered by the judge advocate general, which had been adopted by the president and made the basis of an executive order annulling the proceedings in the case of Capt. Campbell, which Kautz has approved. General Sherman, who convened the court martial, reviews the case as follows:

Both the proceedings and findings of the general court martial in the foregoing case of Colonel and Brevet Major General A. Kautz are approved. Col. Kautz will stand acquitted and will resume command of his regiment.

BELGRADE, May 29.—It is announced that Col. Markovitz, a Greek priest, and six others, were publicly shot Sunday at Anjelovatz. There was a horrible scene, some prisoners desperately resisting the executioners.

LONDON, May 29.—The *Times* continues to dwell on the necessity of a British protectorate for Turkey in Asia.

Peace feeling is not quite so buoyant as on yesterday. Uneasiness is caused by an apparent change in the

attitude of Austria is making demonstrations unfavorable to Russia. However there is no doubt but that the congress will meet.

When the new Illinois State board of health, created by a law of the last legislature, began its operations, there were over 6,000 persons in the State who pretended to be physicians. Thus far the board has discovered over 2,300 practicing physicians who had no diplomas, and about 400 who had been practicing under fraudulent diplomas, and over 1,100 medical humbugs have been obliged to shut up or leave the State, being brazen imposters. And yet the board has but just fairly begun to enforce the law.

A serious attempt is about to be made in London, to introduce horseflesh as an article of food. It will be remembered that in 1868, a grand banquet was held at the Langham Hotel, at which the chief dishes at least of every course consisted of horseflesh dressed in a variety of ways. The dinner was pronounced to be a success. The Board of Works having sanctioned the establishment of slaughter houses for horses intended for human food, hippogamy may be expected to have a fair trial in England.

Viscount Newry is by nature soft hearted, and by inclination generous. He adores art and athletics, courses cards and cotton, delights in dancing and the drama, hates horse racing and humbug, and worships women and works of art. He may frequently be found dusting his collections of crockery in his lodgings, or airing his collection of anecdote and ideas at the club with a power and quantity of discursive talk of which he seems to have caught the knack from his Irish connections. He is six foot one in his hose, and a regular assistant at "first nights" in various parts of the globe.

Never in modern times has there been such a period of famine as in the last five years. First in Anatolia, Turkey, then in India, and now in China and Brazil. Tens of thousands have died from sheer starvation. Last month the deaths from this cause in Brazil were reported to be as many as one hundred a day. Government and individuals have done what they can, but are powerless to deal adequately with the calamity.

The *Key West City of the Gulf* says that a noticeable change has taken place in that city. Two years ago there were fifty grog shops there; now there are but two. Then coffee was seldom drunk, except by the Cubans; now there are more than seventy-five coffee shops, and most of them are well patronized by all classes of people. The consumption of coffee is enormous. One establishment alone roasts one hundred pounds per week.

The *New Orleans Times* puts in the following pretty good one: "If the Greenbackers are so resolutely bent on a cheap circulating medium, why don't they adopt Confederate money? It may not be a very loyal sort of cash, but it is cheap."

It seems that the troubles of the unfortunate Lady Kingsley, who has been earning a living by shirt making at sixty cents a week, are due to a trustee, who made away with the provision left her.

Miss Alletta Jacobs is the first Dutch lady who has obtained a medical degree. She will practice in Amsterdam.

Coming to Oregon.

The afflicted will be glad to learn that a corps of Surgeons from the National Surgical Institute, fitted out with a complete assortment of apparatus for the treatment of every human deformity, will again visit Portland, Oregon, at the St. Charles Hotel, from June 25th to July 1st, inclusive, 1878. This institution originally founded at Indianapolis, Indiana, has extended its business throughout the United States and has attained a reputation for the successful treatment of Spinal Curvature, Hip and Knee Joint Diseases, Club Feet, Paralysis, Piles and Fistula, heretofore unknown to the profession. References of the highest order can be given.

m25-3td-1w

COAL TAR

COAL TAR, IN ANY QUANTITY, FOR sale at
Great Reduction on San Francisco Price.
Apply at Works of
SEATTLE GAS LIGHT CO.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the assessment roll for the City of Seattle for the year 1878, has been filed in my office, and is now open for inspection, and will remain open until the regular meeting of the Common Council in June (which will be on Thursday, June 6th, 1878) prior to which time all applications or claims for correction must be filed with me.
D. T. HEELER,
City Clerk.

W. H. LLEWELLYN & CO.

BOOKS & STATIONARY,
Photograph and
Autograph Albums.

FANCY ARTICLES, ETC.,

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

FRONT STREET, opposite Odd Fellows Hall.
m29-1f.

Notice.

All persons are hereby forbidden to give credit to my wife, Margaret Blair, who has left my bed and board without cause or provocation, and I will not be responsible for any debts of her contracting.
WILLIAM BLAIR,
Seattle, May 25, 1878.
3w

J. R. BEAN,

Forwarding and Commission Merchant,

WILL RECEIVE AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

PRODUCE

AND DO A GENERAL

COMMISSION BUSINESS.

Prompt returns made. Consignments solicited.

FRONT STREET, SEATTLE.

S. BAXTER & CO.

IMPORTERS AND

Commission Merchants,

SOLE AGENTS for Western Washington for the California Farmers' Mutual

FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

OFFER FOR SALE TO THE TRADE ONLY,

TENNENT'S ALE, Pints and Quarts.

BASS' ALE " " "

GUINNESS' PORTER Pints and Qts.

HENNESSEY BRANDY in Octaves,

and 1, 2 and 3 star in case.

MARTELL BRANDY in Octaves, and

1, 2 and 3 star in case.

OTARD DUPUY BRANDY in Octaves

and case.

CALIFORNIA GRAPE BRANDY in

Octave.

SCOTCH WHISKY in case and bulk.

IRISH " " "

CHAMPAGNE—

Chas. Farre, in pints and quarts.

Landsberger's California, Imperial

and Private Cuvee, in pts & qts.

SHERRY—Finest Old Golden, Old

Garvey and California in case and

bulk.

PORT—Imported and California in

case and bulk.

BOURBON WHISKIES—Hotaling's

genuine J. H. Cutter in case and

bulk; White House, Universal, Mills

ler, etc. etc.

TOBACCO—Plug, Granulated and

Long Cut.

CIGARS—The largest Stock and Best

Assortment on Puget Sound.

We are the only house in Wash-

ington Territory shipping Furs direct

to London, England, and are paying

the highest cash prices. nov16tf

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

The firm of CUSHMAN & ZIMMERMAN, carrying on the business of logging on Waldbury Island, has been dissolved by mutual consent.
GEORGE A. CUSHMAN,
CHRISTIAN ZIMMERMAN.

The undersigned will continue to carry on the business at the old camp.
fe4 1m
CHRISTIAN ZIMMERMAN.

THE FAVORITE STEAMER

NELLIE,

CAPTAIN.....CHAS. LOW

Leaves Snohomish City for Seattle and way

landings every

Monday Wednesday and Frida

Returning will leave Seattle for Mukilteo,

Priest Point, and Snohomish City every

Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
de28 1f
BENJ. STRETCH.

GOLD

Great chance to make money.

If you can't get gold you can

get greenbacks. We need a

son in every town to take subscriptions for our

largest, cheapest and best illustrated family

publication in the world. Any one can be-

come a successful agent. The most elegant

works of art given free to subscribers. The

price is so low that almost everybody sub-

scribes. One agent reports making over \$150

in a week. A lady agent reports taking over

400 subscribers in ten days. All who engage

make money fast. You can devote all your

time to the business, or only your spare time.

You need not be away from home over night.

You can do it as well as others. Full particu-

lars, directions and terms free. Elegant and

expensive outfit free. If you want profitable

work send us your address at once. It costs

nothing to try the business. No one who en-

gages fails to make good pay. Address "The

People's Journal," Portland, Me. oct10-4w 6m

From the Daily of Friday.

FROM THE KITITAS.--Mr. James Gillespie, who with seven others left this city two weeks ago for the Kititas valley, returned Wednesday. The entire party succeeded in securing valuable claims, and will at an early day occupy and improve them. Mr. G. reports the country as surpassingly rich and beautiful, and settling up with surprising rapidity, and advises those who have an inclination toward agriculture to improve the present and secure homesteads, as the time is not distant when it will be impossible to procure land in that country without paying a round price for it. The valley is abundantly stocked with cattle and horses, and the stockmen regard the newcomers as interlopers and look upon them with a jealous eye. This feeling, however, will disappear when they are convinced that there is room enough for both the farmer and stock raiser. Indians are numerous, but not troublesome; but standing as they do in the light of a menace to civilization, their presence is not at all comfortable. It brings visions of scalping-knife and tomahawk not pleasant to be contemplated. The road between here and the summit is in a very bad condition, almost impassable for animals. For a distance of six miles on the summit the snow is about three feet deep on a level.

THE OREGON ELECTION.--The general election in Oregon comes off on Monday next. This election is unusually warm, embracing as it does the election of state and county officers and members of the legislature. In Multnomah county the Republicans are divided into Mitchell and anti-Mitchell wings, the latter having fused with the Democrats in nominating a county ticket. We are informed that the political cauldron there has reached a white heat, and indications are that the contest will be as bitter as in the days when old Ben Holladay used to distribute his \$2.50 gold pieces with an open hand.

ESCAPED.--On last Friday morning, D. S. Lacy, an inmate of the Territorial Insane Asylum, committed from King county, made his escape, and has not since been heard of. He is a man of small stature, and when he left the asylum was well dressed, wearing a snuff-colored coat and vest, dark pants, and a light slate-colored hat. He usually carries a cane. Any information concerning him should be communicated to the asylum at once.

NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE.--Our morning cotemporary, "the only paper that takes telegraphic dispatches,"--from the Oregonian--has just discovered that the steamer Wenat passed through the Skagit jam, and this morning publishes a graphic account of the trip. When it is known that the Wenat made the passage a week ago, a full account of which was published in the DISPATCH at the time, the enterprise of that journal will be understood.

A WILD DREAM.--The editor of the Tacoma Herald, with prophetic vision, looks into the dim distance of futurity and sees something. He says: "True, it may be said that we have not yet a city, but the prospects are that the population of Tacoma will be numbered by thousands, it is not wild to say by tens of thousands, before many years." It is a satisfaction to be possessed of a hopeful spirit and vivid imagination.

THE CELEBRATION.--The committee appointed at the meeting last Tuesday evening to solicit subscriptions to aid in the celebration of the coming Fourth, have succeeded beyond their most sanguine expectations, having received a large sum of money in cash. The canvass is not yet completed.

OUT OF DANGER.--The man Green, who was injured in the Seattle coal mines last week, is now pronounced out of danger. The injuries sustained by him were not as serious as at first supposed. Under the skill of his attendant physician, Dr. Bryant, he will soon be enabled to resume work.

POPULATION OF THE COUNTY.--Census returns of the county, as taken by the assessor this year, are as follows: Seattle, 3,689; Newcastle, Squak, etc., 1,278; Renton, White River, etc., 971; total, 5,938.

NEW UNIFORMS.--The University Cadets have adopted a uniform, consisting of dark blue coat, pants and vest. They will appear in full dress uniform on the first of September.

CAPT. Mark Norton has resumed command of the steamer Tease.

Bernard J. Reilly, a lawyer of St. Louis, is on trial on a charge of embezzling \$30,000, the fortune of Mrs. Bridget Ivory, a widow, totally ignorant of business, who had intrusted her all to Reilly's keeping. Such crimes as that of which Reilly is accused are not infrequent, but it is seldom that the lawyers guilty of them are brought to the bar of justice.

Territorial University.

This institution, which has been in session since the first Monday of last September, will close on the 7th of June, and remain closed until the 1st of September following. The institution has been under the direct control and supervision of Prof. Anderson, a gentleman of character, education and experience, and he has labored hard and successfully since the opening of the session to sustain his reputation. The following exercises will be commenced to-day, and continue until the close:

- FRIDAY, MAY 31, 1878.
9 A. M.--Trigonometry, B. Algebra, C. Arithmetic.
MONDAY, JUNE 3D.
9 A. M.--Greek, A. Algebra, U. S. History.
TUESDAY, JUNE 4TH.
9 A. M.--Physiology, Geography.
1 P. M.--C. Latin, B. Reading.
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 5TH.
9 A. M.--A., R., D. & E. classes in Arithmetic.
1 P. M.--B. Latin.
THURSDAY, JUNE 6TH.
9 A. M.--A., B & C classes in English Grammar, A. Latin.
1 P. M.--German, A. Reading, Spelling.
FRIDAY, JUNE 7TH.
1 P. M.--Rhetorical and Musical Exercises and reading of results of examination, and Parade of the University Cadets.
The public are invited to attend.

OVERDRAWN.--The Intelligencer this morning, in a notice of the coming University examination, says, "the curriculum of the institution is as complete as that of any college in the East, the University of California excepted." When it's understood that the object of the institution is to fit students for the Eastern colleges, the absurdity of the above statement will be apparent. It is not claimed that its curriculum equals that of Eastern colleges, but that after the scientific course shall have been extended one year it will equal the usual scientific course given in colleges on the Pacific Coast; and when one year's work has been added to the classical course, it will be more than sufficient to fit students for the best Eastern colleges. These additions will be made next year, and the corps of teachers enlarged as required.

CAT-ASTROPHE.--This morning a cat entered the dining room of the Gross House, on Mill street, and by its strange maneuvers, attracted the attention of the waiter, who attempted to put it out. This he found a difficult matter, as the animal seemed determined to stay. Finally the waiter pressed it so hard that it sprang through the window like a bullet shot from a rifle. The animal was evidently mad. So was the waiter when he viewed the broken window.

We understand that Mr. McGilvra, of Seattle, was in town yesterday. He was first observed gazing pensively in the direction of the cloud wrapped peak, upon whose brow sits the emerald wreath of eternal snow.--Tacoma Herald.
Had Mr. turned his gaze in another direction, he might have discovered the "emerald wreath" resting upon the brows of those who have invested in the "future city of the Sound."

STRAWBERRY FESTIVAL.--Don't forget to go to Yesler's Hall this evening, where the ladies of the Congregational Church will dispense strawberries and other delicacies. All are invited. No charge for admission.

A BILL has been introduced into the House, providing for the consolidation of all the Indians of Western Washington upon two reservations, one of which is the Puyallup.

The Chinese are at length going to mine for coal themselves. A mandarin has permission to use all modern appliances for it and lay a line of rail to the sea.

Dutch commerce has of late made great strides on the west coast of Africa in the Congo region.

THE immense stock of S. P. Andrews & Co. is now being closed out at reduced prices by J. W. George, assignee.

Not So.--The statement that the Seattle Rifle Team, after their defeat, shot a mule out of spite, is a mistake. If they had just dropped in at the Centennial before leaving, and fortified themselves with some of Jim's fine liquor the result would have been entirely different.

Buy your Sewing Machines of B. C. Graves, Agent for the celebrated Wilson Machine, the best in the market, and the lowest in price. Every one guaranteed for five years. All kinds of sewing machines repaired. m29-tf

A Palpitating Heart.

Very often persons have a palpitating heart after eating, or the food sours on the stomach. The sides tremble, there is difficulty in breathing, dizziness, nervousness, bad breath, irritable temper, loss of strength, if any of these symptoms exist you may conclude you are dyspeptic, or, that your liver is out of order. The gastric juice of the stomach for the purpose of dissolving the food has become too weak, consequently the food ferments giving rise to the distressing symptoms above mentioned. We first make the gastric juice strong enough to take hold of the food and dissolve it as soon as it reaches the stomach. WHITE'S PRAIRIE FLOWER taken before or soon after eating, before fermentation commences, cures all such cases. Ask your druggists for it. Price, 25cts and 75cts. m29 3m-d&w

THE more the merrier. A fine lot of clothing and furnishing goods received by the Harvest Home at Toklas & Singerman's.

- 8 pounds of G. C. Sugar for \$1.00
4 pounds best Costa Rica coffee \$1.00
11 do Cartine rice for \$1.00
1 do Natural leaf Jac. tea 50
3 No. 1 Mackerel for 25 cents. m2H.
T. LYLE, Front street.

If you want to get a cheap Bible goto T. Lyle's grocery store. Bible Depository. m25-tf

New Advertisements.

Notice. To whom it may concern: Take notice, that I, Martin Schmeig, have returned to the city of Seattle and I will hereafter transact all my own business in person, and I have revoked my letters of Attorney given to Dexter Horton and C. C. Perkins, dated September 17, 1878. Neither of said parties have now any power to bind me by any contract whatever. MARTIN SCHMEIG. Seattle, May 9, 1878. m25-tf

Dissolution. The partnership heretofore existing between Rieby & Feener, in the Merchants' Exchange Saloon, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. R. RIEBY assumes the business of the saloon, collecting all debts due and being responsible for all demands against said firm. R. RIEBY. P. FEENEY. m25 2m

IF YOU WANT YOUR OWN, YOUR RELATIVE'S or your friend's

PICTURES ENLARGED in Silhouette, India Ink, Water Colors, or Crayon, call upon or write to G. DAVIES, 121 Occidental Hotel, Seattle, W. T. The Work is done by the best Artists in New York. m25 2m

TO SPORTSMEN.

JOHN SULLIVAN, HAS NOW A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF FISHING TACKLE, SPOON HOOKS OF THE VERY BEST KILLING STYLES, POWDER AND SHOT FLAKES, CARTRIDGES OF ALL SIZES, Ammunition, &c. Also, a large variety of BIRD CAGES. m22 1 COMMERCIAL STREET, SEATTLE, W. T.

FOR TACOMA, STELLACOOM AND OLYMPIA.] The new Passenger Steamer

MESSENGER CAPT. J. C. PARKER. Will leave Seattle Every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. AT SEVEN O'CLOCK, A. M. m25 1tf

Valuable Real Property FOR SALE! Inquire of I. M. HALL, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SEATTLE, W. T. m25 1tf

For the Cassiar and Sitka Mines The Mail Steamship]

CALIFORNIA, CHAS. THORN, MASTER. Having superior accommodations for Passengers, will leave Port Townsend about the 21st or 23d for Portland, Oregon, and will leave Portland for Townsend, Victoria, Wrangell and Sitka on or about Saturday, June 1st, 1878. And will leave Victoria for Wrangell about June 4th, 1878. For freight or passage apply on board or to J. P. GOODHUE, Agent. Office at P. McQuade & Son's.

GET THE BEST! THE New Hampshire Churn Is superior to all others in the following points--It is easily worked, having cog wheels. The larger patterns have double bottoms to regulate the temperature of the cream with cold or warm water. From the shape of the paddles a CHURNING OF 50 TO 100 POUNDS. Can be churned in from six to ten minutes. Shop with E. A. HILL, and OLE SCHILLERSTAD, on Mill street. Address by mail. HUNT & ALBRIGHT, SEATTLE! m25 1tf

Special Notices.

THE NATIONAL GOLD MEDAL WAS AWARDED to Bradley & Rulison for the best Photographs in the United States, and Vienna medals for the best in the world. 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

WILL CURE CONSUMPTION. To all suffering from the following diseases a ray of hope is offered through the kindness of a missionary friend who has sent me the formula of a purely vegetable medicine which has long been used by the native medicine men of Hindostan--for the positive and radical cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Throat and Lung difficulty, General Debility, Loss of Manhood and all Nervous Affections. Its power has been tested in hundreds of cases without a failure. I now feel it my sacred duty as far as possible to relieve human misery and will send the recipe--FREE OF CHARGE--to any person who may desire it with directions for using. Sent by return mail by addressing with 2 stamps naming this paper, Dr. O. R. Brigham, Drawer 29, Utica, N. Y.

A Card.--To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. ISKAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City, nov6-dwcm

W. M. TIRTLOT, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SNOHOMISH CITY, and Washington Terr

DR G. A. WEED, SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN, SEATTLE. Office hours--at his office over Harris & Attridge's Drug Store, Commercial street, from 10 to 12 A. M., and at his residence, Corner of Madison and Second street, from 1 to 3 o'clock P. M. m25

D. P. JENKINS, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW & SOLICITOR IN CHIEF. Particular attention given to Chancery cases. Office--On Commercial street opposite the U. S. Hotel. m24

ISAAC H. HALL, LAWYER, SEATTLE, WASH. TERRITORY. Office--Corner Front and Columbia Streets--Up Stairs.

C. D. EMERY, COUNSELOR-AT-LAW AND PROCTOR IN ADMIRALTY, 112 d&w-3m SEATTLE, W. T.

IRVING BALLARD, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SEATTLE, W. T. Office--Room 2, DISPATCH Building, Opposite Occidental Hotel.

M'NAUGHT & LEARY, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW, SEATTLE, WASH. TERR nov3

CHAS. H. LARRABEE. C. H. HANFORD. LARRABEE & HANFORD. COUNSELORS AND ATTY'S-AT-LAW. dec22-ly SEATTLE, W. T.

EDWARD HOLLAND NICOLL, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SNOHOMISH, W. T. Will practice in all the Courts of the Territory. jan20

DR. F. W. SPARLING, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Also, U. S. PENSION SURGEON. Office in Tremont Building, Lower Floor. nov10

Farm for Sale! A GOOD FARM OF FORTY ACRES Two acres cleared, situated NEAR LAKE UNION. Will be sold for \$700 CASH. Good Farming land, covered with small hard wood timber, easy to clear. For particulars enquire at this office. nov15

H. UHLFELDER. FANCY GOODS, TOBACCOES, CIGARS, CROCKERY, AND GROCERIES. ec26tf

THE FAVORITE STEAMER ZEPHYR W. R. BALLARD, MASTER. Will leave Seattle for Tacoma, Stellacoom and Olympia every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings, competing with the cars at Tacoma Monday mornings.

DENTISTRY. D. Locke, M. D., Will practice his profession in all the branches Permanent location. Room No. 1, up stairs, 8 Front Street's Block. m25-tf

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Importers and Jobbers, SEATTLE, WASHINGTON TERRITORY DEALERS IN Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, Teas, Hardware, Cutlery, Glass and Crockery Ware, Hemp and Manila Cordage, Agricultural and Mining Implements, Paints, Oils, Blacksmith & Carpenter Tools, Cumberland Coal, Iron, & Steel, Flour, FEED, ETC., ETC.

WE HAVE NOW IN STORE AND WARE HOUSES AT SEATTLE A FULL STOCK OF ALL Goods in their line, which will be sold at the lowest prices possible. The trade and public generally are invited to an inspection of their stock and prices. Their past seven years business in this city is a guarantee to the public of reasonable prices for good goods. CALL AT THEIR STORE, COMMERCIAL STREET, SEATTLE, WASH. TERR AGENTS FOR THE

Imperial Fire Insurance Company of London.

CRAWFORD & HARRINGTON STETSON & POST.

SEATTLE PLANING MILLS, Commercial St., adjoining S. and W. W. 1st. Sash and Doors, Blinds, Frames, Shutters, & Wood Finishes of every Description. Seasoned Lumber of all Kinds Constantly on Hand. Our Cedar Doors the Best in America

HALL, PAULSON & CO., Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in all kinds of



Furniture, Carpets, Oil Cloth, WINDOW SHADES, BRACKETS, PICTURE FRAMES, MOLDINGS, PERAMBULATOR

A FULL STOCK OF Upholstery Goods, All Kinds. We are constantly receiving Parlor and Chamber Suites of the latest style, which we will sell at prices that defy competition. Visit our Factory, at the Foot of Commercial Street, and satisfy yourself as to our ability to MANUFACTURE FURNITURE AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES. Salesroom--Commercial Street, Seattle. nov24-tf

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Choice Groceries, Oregon Flour, CORN MEAL, RYE MEAL, BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, RICE FLOUR and FEED. Also, a Well Selected Stock CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, and TABLE CUTLERY. Which they propose to sell Cheaper than any other house in Seattle. aug1 FRONT STREET, SEATTLE

STOVES Down They Go! AT MOST GIVEN AWAY!

Extraordinary Notice! By some means a letter sent by me to San Francisco was one month in reaching its destination. So my stock of Stoves are about two months too late. Now I have

HAVING procured the services of the best workmen that can be found, I am now prepared to make Every Style of Boot or Shoe That can be had in any city in the United States, at NEW YORK OR SAN FRANCISCO PRICES. N. B.--I don't import any Eastern work and palm it off as my own make, but I manufacture all goods in my own shop. A first class pair of working boots made to order for \$6 00 Working shoes made at \$3 50 A Specialty Made of Repairing. Boots half-soled for 75 cents. Give me a call. R. W. OSBOURNE, CORNER MAIN AND COMMERCIAL STS. (Above New England Hotel.) SEATTLE, W. T.

WEEKLY DISPATCH,

BERIAH BROWN & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

Office—Dispatch Buildings, James Street.

THE EVENING DISPATCH, published every day in the week (except Sunday). Eight dollars per year by mail; One dollar per month by carrier.

THE WEEKLY DISPATCH, published every Saturday morning. Two dollars per year.

All business, news letters or telegraphic dispatches must be addressed to EVENING DISPATCH.

SATURDAY.....JUNE 1, 1878.

The Constitutional Convention.

On Monday the 3d of June, the Committee of 15—significant number—convene at Walla Walla to form a Constitution for the future State of Washington. The gentlemen composing this committee fairly represent the aggregate intelligence of the people, and we confidently predict that they will submit a Constitution which will be acceptable to the voters, and give us a fair show for admission into the Union as a sovereign State at the earliest day practicable; for our present colonial condition of dependence has become absolutely irksome to all our citizens. Beyond defining the rights of citizens to absolute and perfect equality before the law, and limiting the powers of legislation to the legitimate purposes of free government, we trust the committee will avoid all mooted questions which can be as well determined by the Legislature and the determination of which might hazard the adoption of the Constitution by popular vote. The question of Woman Suffrage, or any other experimental measure of that kind is presented, it should be submitted in an article to be determined by a separate vote. We shall insist however—and we believe public sentiment will sustain us in that position—that a definite provision shall be made to guard against land monopoly by limiting the amount which any individual or corporation may hereafter acquire possession of; and also a provision subjecting special corporate privileges to Legislative supervision. We have no other suggestions to make, only that we would regard almost any constitution as better for the country than the absolute government were exercised over us by a remote central power which manifests no care for our prosperity.

WAR SHIPS.—The New York Herald gives a list of one hundred and seventy-one steamers available for transformation into armed cruisers, which can be bought in this country by any one who has the money and can pay the price. Nearly all of these vessels are new. They vary in size from five hundred to five thousand tons. They are stanch ships, built both for service and for speed, and are just what is wanted by a nation that proposes to go to war and needs a ready made navy to cut up its enemy's commercial resources. These ships can be warranted to completely Alabamaize English commerce if properly equipped and commanded by the right sort of men. Russia can have them all if she planks down the cash at once, otherwise a portion will probably fall into the hands of England which is also reported to be on the lookout for good steamers for sale. It is reported that the prices asked for ships have suddenly increased very greatly, and that buyers are likely to be driven to other countries by this folly of owners, who are likely to spoil their market through their greed. This sudden demand for American steamships, if taken advantage of, might give an impetus to our shipbuilding and make business lively in that branch of trade.

THE PRESIDENT NOT TO BE DISTURBED.—The Tribune's Pittsburgh special has interviewed Speaker Randall regarding the Potter investigation. Randall affirmed positively that the investigation did not mean that Hayes was to be put out and Tilden put in. It was idiotic to talk of unseating Hayes. The committee will report in three weeks, and will simply gather and crystalize the evidence which is familiar already and place it on the enduring records of Congress as a vindication of the conduct of the Democracy during the canvass. He incidentally remarked that Gen. Grant would be the next Republican candidate for president.

Party Editors.

Mr. J. M. Shepherd, editor and publisher of the *Bed-rock Democrat*—heretofore one of the most ultra and uncompromising party papers—was a candidate for State Printer before the recent Democratic convention in Oregon, and was defeated, after which he wrote to the chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee, saying, among other things: "I know that the *Bed-rock Democrat*, from now until the election, is worth as much as any other paper in the State, and that it can do as much in procuring the success of the Democratic ticket as any other paper in the State, and that it is as much feared by the Republicans as any other paper, and that we can take from \$500 to \$1,000 to keep still. This being the case, and since the *Democrat* and I were completely sold out at Portland, I do not propose to let the *Democrat* take any part in the coming election, unless we are amply paid for our work, and we must know that we get the money; promises will not do; before we go to work."

This is only an outward demonstration of the true inwardness which controls many of the most zealous party organs which boast of their independence. We see occasionally the following motto at the head of some inferior journal:

"Here shall the press the people's rights maintain,
Unswayed by influence and unbribed by gain."

In every such instance, "For sale to the highest and best bidder," would literally express the character of the paper. The politician or editor who labels himself "honest and incorruptible," may be safely put down as a fraud. Those who are the most uncompromising partisans, the greatest sticklers for party usages and enforcers of party discipline; the "bed-rock" strata of the party, like Brick Pomeroy and the editor of the *Bed-rock Democrat*, never miss an opportunity to sell out their party for a suitable consideration. But editors of party newspapers are no greater sinners in this respect than party politicians generally. The successful party politician frequently wins his promotion by bargain and sale quite as disreputable as that proposed by Mr. Shepherd, and the editor who faithfully serves his party is not unfrequently sold out by those he has best served, to procure votes in Convention for other candidates. That has been the uniform practice in Oregon. The office of State Printer has always been used to trade upon in Convention. The printer who has been sold out to purchase votes for the successful candidates, has, by the same rule, an equal right to demand pay for his services to the party. There cannot be an honest, independent and influential press, where bribery and corruption prevails among the politicians it represents, and no subsidized press was ever of any material service to any party.

WHY SEATTLE IS ABUSED.—Some years ago we undertook to suppress the "mad-houses" and open gambling hells, which were then common in this town, and some of our citizens remonstrated with us on the ground that our publications would deter settlement and drive away trade, and that the persons assailed would retaliate by giving the town a bad name abroad. That was true then and we have seen the same thing illustrated more recently. During the very prosperous times last year, many adventurers as well as disreputable characters, were attracted here, and when the first class failed, as was their chronic habit, they went away and reported that the "bottom had dropped out of Seattle." The other class was sent away by our efficient Chief of Police, and they too, have been heard of, not only from Victoria, but more especially as correspondents of the *Tacoma Herald*, denouncing Seattle and all therein contained, with little regard to facts. We have never known any man to become dissatisfied with Seattle until Seattle had become dissatisfied with him.

EIGHT TO SEVEN.—According to the official returns published in the *Courier*, the following members are elected to the Constitutional Convention: W. A. George, S. M. Gilmore, Edward Eldridge, C. H. Larrabee, B. F. Dennison, S. M. Waite, L. B. Andrews, G. P. Lacey, Frank Henry, G. H. Stewart, A. S. Abernethy, D. B. Hanna, C. M. Bradshaw, H. B. Emery and J. V. O'Dell. It is a remarkable coincidence that the act of the Legislature should fix the number of Delegates the same as the Electoral Commission, and then that the party division should also correspond—eight to seven. We cannot imagine what purely party question may arise in the Convention, but we trust that the members will have too much sense and patriotism to refer anything to a party vote to be determined by caucus.

County Printing.

"No rogue e're felt the bait, or draw,
With good opinion of the law."

The miserable system of letting public printing and advertising to the lowest bidder, invented by small beer politicians to magify themselves as guardians of the public treasury, has, in the aggregate, always cost more than it has saved, besides acting as an element of demoralization to the press. Every respectable business man chooses his own mediums for advertising his business and always pays standard rates, established by respectable journals, without any higgling about the price, and all public business should be conducted on the same business principles that control in private affairs. The act which provides that the county printing shall be let to the lowest bidder, puts it in the power of the publisher of the only newspaper in a county to demand and receive extortionate rates; where there are more than one, to combine for the same purpose. When the *Intelligencer* was the only newspaper published in this county, its publisher demanded and received \$2.50 a description for publishing the delinquent tax list three weeks, which was more than five times as much as any newspaper charged for legal notices not subject to competition by law. Subsequently, we consented to an arrangement with the publisher of that paper, upon the express stipulation that the public printing was to be done at standard rates, and the net proceeds divided between the two offices. Last year—

Thomas B. Merry being temporarily in charge of the DISPATCH—a conspiracy was formed between the three publishers of the *Intelligencer*, the *Tribune* and the DISPATCH, respectively, to secure the printing at extortionate rates, and divide the plunder. Under the letter of the law the Commissioners felt bound to award the printing to the *Intelligencer*, as the lowest bidder. The Prosecuting Attorney interfered and had this award set aside, and the printing for the year was given to the DISPATCH unconditionally; the charges for the same were at standard rates, making a saving of from \$1,500 to \$2,000 to the taxpayers by thwarting the conspiracy. It is a common law rule, that bidders convicted of conspiracy to defraud, forfeit their right of bidding again. Notwithstanding this equitable rule, two of the parties to the conspiracy had the audacity to enter again into competition for the county printing, and join in denouncing the Commissioners for awarding the work to the DISPATCH, thus illustrating the truth of the couplet at the head of this article.

Our bid, upon which the award was made, covered in gross "all the printing for which the county of King is exclusively chargeable or responsible (blanks excepted) free of charge." This is clear, explicit and subject to no doubtful interpretation. We were City Printer of this city for two years under a similar bid and no one can find a bill ever presented by us for city printing during the time. Of course, we expect pay, at regular rates, for such legal notices as are not included in our bid, but not a cent will be charged to, or paid by the county, for public printing during our term of office, and that is all the County Commissioners have any control over. The *Intelligencer*, however, says: "His crafty, ambiguous, uncertain bid was clearly gotten up to cover a little, petty fraud on the county treasury, and was confessedly, we have been informed, so intended by him. The trick was to set a little trap for our unwary Board of County Commissioners by a bid smoothly covered over with the thin disguise of a seeming promise to do the work for nothing, and then, when the wily bait was swallowed, prosecute the county for the full pound of flesh—the utmost limit that the law permits, on the ground of his own invalid bid. Shallow cunning!"—Shallow cunning, indeed! Such a device as no man not himself addicted to disreputable tricks, would ever dream of, and one which certainly never could be laid to our charge; a trick by which the *Intelligencer* drew more from the county treasurer for what its publisher had agreed to do for nothing, than we received for the same character of work at standard rates. If we had ever resorted to such tricks, we might be suspected of such designs now; but let it be remembered, that we shall make no claim upon the county treasurer for any public printing for which the county is exclusively responsible.

HEADQUARTERS GRAND ARMY OF THE REPUBLIC,
ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,
NEW YORK, MAY 2, 1878.
Special orders No. 11.

Washington Territory is hereby constituted a Department of the Grand Army of the Republic.

Comrade Fred. W. Sparling is hereby appointed Provisional Commander thereof, and will be obeyed and respected accordingly.
By command of
JOHN G. ROBINSON,
Commander-in-Chief.
Jas. L. Farler,
Adjutant-General.
(Official.)

Puget Sound Business College, Cor. Front & Columbia Sts., SEATTLE, WASH. TERR.

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Are united so as to secure to the student all the practical advantages of each. There is in operation a Banking House, with Checks, Drafts, Notes, Bills of Exchange, Certificates of Deposit, etc., fully illustrating the banking business; Merchandising, Jobbing and Importing Emporium; Insurance, Commission and Forwarding Houses.

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TOKLAS & SINGERMAN

DEALERS IN

Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots,

Shoes, Trunks, Valises

—AND—

Every Description of Gents' Wear,

—AT—

Jenning's Old Stand, Commercial Street.

Hats a speciality—all the latest styles by every steamer. m22-1f.

FOR THIRTY DAYS!

In Order to make Room for Our

NEW AND IMMENSE

SPRING STOCK

DIRECT FROM THE EAST.

We Offer a Reduction of

TEN PER CENT.

On all CASH PURCHASES in the Line of

DRY GOODS,

Clothing, Carpets, Boots and Shoes

Don't fail to embrace the opportunity.

SCHWABACHER BROS. & CO.,

Seattle, Washington Territory.



MY PUBLIC PLEASURE GARDEN, AT

RENTON,

Will be open on SUNDAYS from 10 A. M. to 7 P. M., and on week days any time on application.

Flowers, Fruits, Ice Cream,

SODA WATER, ALL KINDS OF FANCY DRINKS, CONFECTIONERY, &c.

Keep always on hand. Admittance, 25 cents. Large parties Inv.

W. P. SMITH.

Watches & Jewelry

REPAIRED AND WARRANTED.

ENGRAVING NEATLY EXECUTED.
NOTARY AND SOCIETY SEALS CUT TO ORDER.

W. G. Jamieson,
J. L. Jamieson

OUR SPECIALTIES—Fine Watch Repairing, Monogram Engraving, Seal Cutting, Pipe Mouthing (gold or silver).

Jewelry Repairing.

THE TRUE TIME received daily by Telegraph from the U. S. Signal Station, kept in a first-class Chronometer, enabling those having fine watches to have them accurately reset.

OFFICE and Work Room (separately) at Residence, immediately in rear of MARSHALL HALL, Front Street. Hours from 7 A. M. to 10 P. M.
We guarantee First-Class Work at reasonable Prices.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

From the Daily of Saturday.

RETURNED.—The excursionists who visited Victoria on the anniversary of the Queen's birthday, returned on the North Pacific to-day. They are warm in praise of the reception given them by their British cousins, pronouncing Victoria a "fit dwelling place for man" in all essential particulars. The grand ball in the evening was filled to the brim with the heartiest, happiest company imaginable, and during the entire exercises of the day and night there occurred neither accident nor disturbance to mar the occasion. There are none like "John" when he takes occasion to "set 'em up" for his guests.

DROPPED DEAD.—A man named Charles Grover, who rented this year Mr. L. C. Harmon's farm on the Duwamish river, about six miles from this city, while working in the field yesterday dropped dead by the side of his horse. A German who was working with him at the time immediately went to his assistance, but found him dead on his arrival. The coroner was notified, and will hold an inquest to-day. Cause supposed to be heart disease. He was an industrious, honorable man, and leaves a small family behind.

CURIOUS ACCIDENT.—Yesterday, while engaged in a game of base ball, Mr. Clayton Packard, a student of the Territorial University, pitched a ball with such force as to dislocate his arm at the shoulder. Accidents of this kind are very rare, as it takes an unusual exertion of the muscles to produce such an effect. Mr. Packard now walks about with his arm in a sling, and will sling no more balls for some time. Judging from the multiplication of accidents which are recorded, the "Great National Game" is one of peril as well as of pleasure.

QUARTERLY MEETING.—The fourth quarterly meeting for the present conference year will be held at the Methodist Episcopal church this evening and to-morrow. Preaching this evening at 7 1/2 o'clock by the Presiding Elder, Rev. A. C. Fairchild. Lovefeast at 9 1/2 o'clock A. M., and preaching at 11 o'clock, to be followed with the sacrament of the Lord's Supper. Preaching again in the evening by the Presiding Elder. All are cordially invited to attend.

CATTLE DRIVE.—Chas. Splawn, with two Indian assistants, drove twenty-two head of beef cattle from the Yakima country, arriving in this city yesterday. The cattle were brought for Mr. F. V. Snyder, and were rolling in fat. Mr. Splawn made quick time on this drive, the road being in passable condition and the streams only moderately high. He returned this morning.

THE ESCAPED PRISONERS.—From information received here to-day, it would seem that Sullivan and Shay, the escaped convicts, are at present residing in British Columbia, having made their way thither by slow stages. When last seen, they were at Birrad's Inlet, engaged in loading the bark Stella. If desired, they can now be captured and again returned to their old home and loves.

THERE will be Bethel services on board of the schooner Reporter to-morrow at 10 A. M., and on the bark Montana at 2:15 P. M., both vessels lying at Yesler's wharf. All are invited.

In England the class among whom the rate of mortality is highest are the innkeepers. For this there can be but one cause—drink. The class highest in the scale of vitality are the barristers, who are not, as a class distinguished for habits of total abstinence. The death-rate is higher among clergymen than among lawyers. It is a curious fact, too, that mortality is greater among solicitors, who lead a much less stirring and bustling life, than among barristers.

THE SKAGIT.—A channel is now open through both of the jams which have heretofore obstructed the navigation of the Skagit river. The steamer Fanny Lake, on her last trip to the mouth of the river, passed up to the second jam, where the channel was found not quite wide enough to admit of a passage. This will be opened at the June rise, when there will be uninterrupted navigation on the river for more than sixty miles from the Sound, with deeper water than the Willamette and through a better agricultural district than any in Oregon, in a belt from 10 to 20 miles wide, the upper portion, near the foot-hills, being prairie, and the balance covered by the rank growth of vine and tree peculiar to river bottoms. The opening of the navigation of this river, of such inestimable value to the country, has been accomplished entirely by voluntary contributions, without the aid of a dollar from the General Government, the proprietor of the domain through which it passes. An appropriation was made by Congress for a survey of the Skagit and an estimate of the cost of removing the obstructions. The survey was made and the cost estimated at \$20,000. The work has been accomplished and we have to thank the government for nothing. It is a remarkable fact that Washington Territory, with larger natural resources than any other section of the Union of the same extent, and with a larger ocean line than any other, has never yet had a dollar from the government for any work of internal improvement. This fact ought to impel every citizen of the Territory to go in for a State government, with votes as well as a voice in Congress.

GENERAL RESULT.—Mr. J. Levy, who returned from Victoria this morning on the steamship Panama, speaking of the contest yesterday between the Victoria and Seattle rifle teams and base ball clubs, says that on the ninth inning (in the ball game) the score stood 12 to 12 with the Seattle nine in. On that inning the Seattle club failed to make a run. The Victorians then led off with a rounder, which so demoralized the former club that they threw up the sponge. The Victoria rifle team won by 25 points. Very good shooting was done on both sides. Messrs. Gore and Hall, of the Seattle team, made the best shots. On the score that one good turn deserves another, the result is not to be deplored. We beat the Victorians on our national holiday, and why should they not beat us on theirs?

THE OPERA.—The Rose Manning Opera Bouffe Combination presented the fine opera of "Mme Angot's Daughter" to a fair house last evening. The unfortunate failure of this troupe, through the irregularities of their agent, to appear at the time first advertised, has worked to their great disadvantage. Their merits are acknowledged by all who have visited their performance—their acting and singing being pronounced surpassingly artistic. We trust our citizens will give them a full house to-night, when the same opera will be repeated.

ARRIVED.—The steamer City of Panama arrived here at 9 o'clock this morning from San Francisco, and will leave for up-Sound at three o'clock this afternoon. The following is a list of her

PASSENGERS: S C Mott, J H Harrison, D Burnett, Mrs C Furlong & 3 chil, Miss E Jennings, H Bunster & wf, J H McDonald, J H McKennon, S Laird, H F Heisterman, E N Riette, Thos Gowan, M Bate Jr, H Somner, C White, A Holding, R J Van Voorhees, F H Robson, T Oliver, S B King, G Sharkey, Mrs J C Bady & 2 chil, E Dewdney & wf, J H Tibbetts wf & 2 daughters, Mrs E Diller, I Bowman, G West, H Stuart, J Eaken, B Thain & wf, T B Fulton, M M Harrison & son, Mrs Woodland, Miss Lizzie Fulton, Mrs John Patterson & 3 chil, J J Robertson, A Ross, 14 in the steerage.

CONSIGNEE: A Wolf, B Murphy, Boyd Poncin & Young, Chilberg Bros, Chas Nasher, Crawford & Harrington, E L Marshall, Frauenthal Bros, Fred Barker, F W Wald, F W Wusthoff, Hall Bros, Hall & Paulson, H E Levy, H McAleer & Co, J Levy, J Beer, J Sullivan, J Wenzler, Levy Bros, L S Rowe, M A Kelly & Co, M B Maddocks, O McCallister, P Lawton, R C Graves, Schwabacher Bros & Co, S Baxter & Co, S & T, T G W, Thos Lyle, T Carkeek, T F Freeman, T W Prosch, Toklas & Singerman, W L & Co, Waddell & Miles, W S Wadleigh, Wm Maydenbauer, Wa Coong, W H Shandy, W A Jennings, Wells Fargo & Co.

If a tax of \$100 be placed on every Chinaman landing in California, the imperial authorities at Peking threaten to impose a similar tax on Americans landing in China.

From the Daily of Monday.

FROM ALASKA.—There arrived here last Saturday, a man named George L. Pierce, who for sixteen years has resided in the interior of the Alaskan wilderness, engaged in the pursuit of trapping. Two months ago, with his family, consisting of his wife and two children, he left Newhalcum, an Indian village situated on an arm of the sea some sixty miles inland, in a large canoe freighted principally with furs, and coasted down until Queen Charlotte Island was reached, when it was found necessary to run well out to sea. The latter part of the voyage Mr. Pierce pronounced perilous in the extreme, his frail craft barely living through the severe gales which constantly blow in that locality. His description of the country is not very flattering, unless it be to those who would make their living by the chase. It is mountainous and sterile, the mountains being covered with a heavy growth of timber. But game and fur animals of every variety are abundant, and easily taken. He thinks that some day rich mineral deposits will be found in that country, although he is not aware of any at present. Mr. Pierce is scarce in his denunciation of the British authorities, whom he accuses of aiding and abetting the Indians under their jurisdiction who at times make raids upon the Americans, killing and robbing them. He cited the wreck of the steamer Geo. S. Wright, and said he was confident that six men from the wreck reached shore, and were subsequently shot by British Indians. Mr. Pierce brought with him a quantity of furs, which he disposed of to Messrs. Baxter & Co. He says the price of furs has dropped so low, that he will now abandon the business, and has secured a valuable claim on Lopez Island, where he will end his days in peace and quiet.

INCORRECT.—The statement of the accident at the funeral of Mr. Grover, as detailed by our morning and evening contemporaries, is somewhat garbled. Mr. H. H. Miller, the ferryman, says that McNatt's team was driven on the ferry by his youngest son, a lad only 11 years of age. When fairly on the ferry-boat, Mr. Miller, as was his custom, proceeded to tie the wagon, when the hind wheels of the wagon striking the bank started the boat from shore. Mr. Miller held on until the team went over, when he took his small boat and went to the assistance of the party in the river, consisting of Mrs. McNatt, Mrs. Piper and her two children, whom he succeeded in rescuing. At the time of the accident there were three able bodied men on board the ferry-boat, but they had lost all presence of mind and were worthless. This conduct was reprehensible in the last degree; if they had lent a hand, Mr. M. says, both mules might have been saved without difficulty. The prompt assistance rendered by Mr. J. T. Jordan and three other gentlemen is highly commended by Mr. Miller, but for which the accident must have resulted in the drowning of the two ladies and their children.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.—A movement was inaugurated this morning to celebrate the coming Fourth of July in this city in a becoming and patriotic manner. One prominent citizen has headed the list of contributions with one hundred dollars, and several others have expressed their willingness to contribute generously to that end. The President of the S. & W. W. R. B. will carry the rifle teams and base ball clubs to the race track free of charge, and the Victoria people have unanimously expressed their preference for a celebration at this place. To-day the necessary committees will be appointed and the ball set in motion for a celebration that will eclipse all others yet had on the Sound. Every citizen is interested in this movement and should not fail to respond to the extent of his ability when called upon.

STILL THEY COME.—Mr. D. B. Thorpe arrived to-day from the Yakima valley with 41 head of fine beef cattle for Mr. McNaught. He started with 52 head but was obliged to leave 11 of them on the way. He says that times are very dull in that valley, caused by the decline in the price of stock. The great drives recently made from the other side of the Columbia to Wyoming have made no appreciable effect in the numbers of stock, and there is now on hand enough to supply the entire Eastern market. The reads are in a terrible condition, and the streams so high as to be almost impassable.

NO CHINESE NEED APPLY.—L. C. Harmon, of the New England Hotel, in this city, is the first and only landlord who has determined to run his establishment without the aid of Chinese cheap labor. To this end he has discharged all the Chinese employed about the house, even including those in the laundry, which is now run by a white woman. This is a stride in the right direction. If all would follow the example of Mr. Harmon it would require no riots or labor meetings to rid the country of the Mongolian vermin—they must have food like other animals; close the avenues of employment to them and they must of necessity leave or starve, and it is very certain they will choose the former alternative.

THAT CATTLE DRIVE.—Saturday we made mention of a drove of cattle brought across the Snoqualmie pass and sold to Mr. Snyder. In this we were in error—the cattle having been purchased by Mr. L. Diller.

Snoqualmie Wagon Road.

A road can be built across the Snoqualmie pass for a sum not to exceed \$12,000. There is material all the way along the road and on the pass to build it—both in wood and gravel. Open this road, which can be accomplished inside of three months, and in a short time thereafter, instead of two livery stables in Seattle, it would require at least ten to supply the demand; while five wagon shops and as many harness makers would be necessary. Our streets would be blocked with wagons and families from the other side, disposing of their bacon, hams, butter, eggs, etc., and purchasing from our merchants boots, shoes, clothing, hardware and groceries in return. Business would revive, new buildings would go up, and real estate would find a ready market. In the winter season the wagon beds could be placed upon sleds to cross the pass on the snow, and these mounted upon wheels on this side. The snow, therefore, would not be an impediment to travel, but rather a benefit, as the travel would continue the year round. Doubtless there are parties living upon the Sound who recollect of the Wabash people of Indiana making trips of from one hundred to one hundred and fifty miles to Chicago, with their families and produce, there disposing of the latter and taking back to the Wabash country such articles as the family needed. It was that trade that first brought Chicago into notice and laid the foundation for her future greatness. Open this road and you lay the foundation of a future Chicago. The railroad can and will come after. Do for ourselves what we can at the present time. White labor can be had now at greatly reduced prices—hundreds of men out of employment being ready to work for little or nothing. All this can be done if our property holders will view the matter in the right light, and come forward with the necessary funds to carry through the project. The amount from each would be trifling, and would be returned to the donors hundreds of fold.

IS THERE NO REMEDY.—We would respectfully ask the postmaster at Falls City why he cannot deliver the DISPATCH to subscribers? From time to time complaint is made that the paper does not reach that office. The paper is regularly mailed as this place—in fact placed in the hands of the mail carrier—and most assuredly reaches its destination; so the failure is directly traceable to the postmaster. We would advise him to do his duty, or he may find it convenient to resign, as did one of his co-workers in this neighborhood.

ROSE MANNING OPERA.—This troupe made their last appearance here Saturday night, and left Sunday for Portland. As artists they gave very general satisfaction to their audiences, and would have drawn full houses but for the irregular conduct of their agent, Geo. Edwards, who advertised them to appear here on the wrong date. The troupe is composed of honor as well as talent, and notwithstanding their ill success paid all bills, and left with the good wishes of this community.

NEW EQUIPMENT.—The Western Union Telegraph Company propose to renew their several lines on this coast the coming summer, and with this end in view are landing large quantities of material at the principal points along their lines. There are now on Yesler's wharf about two hundred bundles of telegraph wire, together with a large quantity of insulators, etc., which will soon be utilized by the company.

THE ZEPHYR.—This steamer having had her machinery repaired, and being re-painted from hull to smoke stack, was slid off the ways yesterday about 2 P. M. and towed by the Otter to Yesler's wharf. She steamed up this morning and sailed for Olympia, from which port she will hereafter make regular trips to Seattle.

ALMOST A CONFLAGRATION.—About 9 o'clock this morning a fire was discovered in room 11 of the American House, on Mill street. The bed clothing from some cause unknown caught fire, and the halls of the house were soon filled with smoke. Fortunately the fire was discovered before it got headway, and was soon extinguished. A first-class fire in that neighborhood would result in great damage, as it would inevitably sweep the entire block.

PUBLIC MEETING.—All citizens in favor of celebrating the coming anniversary of our national independence at this place, are requested to meet at Yesler's Hall to-morrow evening at 7 1/2 o'clock, to arrange the preliminaries for such celebration.

HON. ELIEU B. WAHNBURN, late Minister to France was among the passengers leaving San Francisco on Saturday last for Portland. We understand it is the intention of Mr. Wahnburn to extend his trip to Puget Sound, where he will be cordially welcomed by several old acquaintances.

From the Daily of Tuesday.

First Boat Through The Skagit Jam!

INCIDENTS OF THE TRIP.

The following account of the passage of the steamer Wenat through the Skagit Jam, has been kindly furnished us by Mr. James W. Bishop, one of the staff of that steamer. For years unnumbered a great portion of that beautiful river has been closed by log jams, the last of which has but recently been removed. The passage of the Wenat, the first steamer that ever stemmed the current of the upper Skagit, is an event of much importance, as opening to a market the very richest portion of the Sound, and the name of the little steamer that dared and done the undertaking will be forever embalmed in the history of that section:

"The steamer Wenat, Capt. Bailey commanding, left Seattle on the 22d inst., and arrived at Skagit City on the 23d, at 5 A. M., where she remained but a short time, and then steamed up to Dounger's camp, about one and a quarter miles below the jam. Here she was joined by some twenty of the Skagit settlers, including the parties who removed the jam. At 9 o'clock the steamer again started with the intention of passing through the jam if possible. The passage through this jam is not more than fifty feet in width, and very crooked, with a very strong and rapid current, so that its passage by a steamer is a matter of difficulty as well as of danger. After proceeding a short distance up the channel it was found that the steamer could not carry sufficient steam to run against the strong current, when a line was thrown out and she was warped through, emerging on the other side amid the cheers of her crew and passengers and the people who lined each side of the river. The steamer ascended the upper Skagit to the mouth of the Nuka Samish, when she returned, passing through the jam stern first. The country bordering the river is described as beautiful and rich beyond description, containing the finest body of timber on the Sound. When it is recollected that the channel out through the jam is narrow and very crooked, the difficulty of taking a steamer through can be estimated, and the pluck and courage displayed by Capt. Bailey in this undertaking is duly considered by his fellow seamen. He has earned for himself, at least, the title of "the pioneer captain of the Upper Skagit."

PATENT FIRE ESCAPE.—In view of the alarming frequency of hotel fires in our larger cities, and the attendant loss of life from the inadequacy of the means of escape from the burning buildings, anything which promises relief in that direction is hailed with enthusiasm by the hotel public. For some two years past Dr. Bryant, of this city, has been engaged in perfecting a fire escape, and has at length brought it to such perfection that he has filed a caveat for a patent. Yesterday, at the request of the Doctor, we attended him to the United States Hotel and there examined his life-saving apparatus, and found it all and more than is claimed for it by the inventor. The apparatus does occupy the compass of more than a square foot; is intended to be attached by screws to the window sill of each room in a hotel, and is of such simple construction as to be easily operated by a child eight years of age. After examining the machine, we asked the Doctor if he was willing to give us a practical illustration of its merits, which he readily consented to do, and adjusting the straps and catching hold of a brake line, he backed out of a second story window of the hotel and lowered himself with ease and safety to the ground. The experiment he repeated to the astonishment and gratification not only of ourself but of many others who were attracted by the novel spectacle of a man sliding down two stories on a slender wire. We would like to give a full description of this life-saving apparatus, but must wait until some future day, when the patent shall be perfected and no infringements feared. We congratulate the patentee for having discovered a means not only to escape from a burning building, but also from the pangs of an outraged fortune. "There's millions in it."

A REMARKABLE VOYAGE.—A prominent attorney of this city embarked on board the steamer Favorite at 1 P. M. Saturday, and returned to this city at 5 1/2 P. M. Monday, having been absent one day and five hours. As was said of the horse that drank water out of the bung hole of a barrel, "there is nothing singular about that"—but there is something remarkable in the fact that our legal friend in the run between this port and Point-no-Point was transferred to and sailed upon four different vessels, namely: Steamer Favorite, bark Mary Glover, schooner Superior and steamer Phantom, on which latter craft he returned to this city.

THE Wiggin-Pox embargo continues with unabated fierceness. Fox at this writing is one peg ahead, and the depositors yet to be heard from. Keep it before the people, gentlemen.

Probate Court—Burke, J.

At the regular session of the Probate Court, which convened in this city on Monday, the 27th inst., the following proceedings were had:

The hearing upon the citation of J. J. Robbins, deceased, was continued until the next regular term.

In the matter of W. P. Dinsmore, deceased, the hearing upon the petition for the sale of the partnership real estate was continued until next Saturday, June 1st.

In the matter of the estate of Josiah Gellerson, deceased, the hearing upon the settlement of final account was continued until Saturday, June 1st.

The accounts of the guardians of the minor heirs of C. C. Terry, deceased, will come up for settlement on next Friday.

INDIGENOUS SUGARS.—The legislature of California at its last session passed a joint resolution relative to the production and manufacture of sugar from beets and melons in that State, and requesting the Secretary of the Treasury to appoint Mr. W. G. Marsilliot, First Assistant Engineer, U. S. Revenue Marine, as the most suitable person to conduct experiments and report all information that can be obtained to the proper authorities. The fact that over 400,000 tons of foreign sugars are imported annually into the country, will render apparent the importance of this proceeding. France, in the years 1810-12, offered a premium of 1,000,000 for the most successful method of obtaining a supply of indigenous sugar, and now continental Europe—notwithstanding the competition with colonial cane sugar—is producing more than a home supply, amounting to over one million tons per annum, thereby yielding large revenues to the government. It is estimated that if this industry could be successfully introduced on this coast, the \$100,000,000 now annually expended for foreign sugars would be saved to the country. Mr. Marsilliot, the gentleman recommended to investigate this matter, has made a study of the art of making sugar from plants, and is well qualified to make an intelligent report upon the subject. He is at present in this city, and is acting engineer on the revenue cutter Oliver Walcott.

PUYALLUP HOPS.—A gentleman just down from the Puyallup valley says that the hop yards there never looked better than at present, the prospects for a large yield being very flattering. Unless, however, the price should rise between now and fall, the business will prove a failure. Hops are now quoted in San Francisco at 5 @ 6 cents per pound, which will not pay the first cost of raising them. The celebrated coal mine, to develop which a standard gauge railroad 30 miles long was built, has so far proved a failure, the coal vein having again been lost.

PATENT ROLLER COMPOSITION.—The undersigned having purchased the patent right for the manufacture of a superior roller composition, are prepared to cast rollers for the country press at short notice. All rollers warranted superior to any heretofore used in this section.

BERTAB BROWN & Co., Dispatch Office, Seattle.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS.—The assessment roll of King county was yesterday presented by the County Assessor to the Board of County Commissioners. Upon examination it was found to be incomplete, and the Board appointed Messrs. Hanks and Booth to make the necessary corrections, which they are proceeding to do.

Kitsap County Census.

The census returns of Kitsap county are as follows:

Port Blakely—Americans, 88 males, 41 females; foreigners, 105 males, 17 females; 2 Chinamen, 11 Chileans, 9 Kanakas. Total, 272.

Port Madison—Americans, 72 males, 73 females; foreigners, 82 males, 25 females; 22 Chinamen, 30 Chileans. Total, 307.

Port Gamble—Americans, 194 males, 94 females; foreigners, 94 males, 10 females; 72 Chinamen. Total, 464.

Seabeck—Americans, 86 males, 48 females; foreigners, 109 males, 18 females; 32 Chinamen. Total, 293.

Port Orchard—Americans, 56 males, 39 females; foreigners, 41 males, 16 females; 22 Chinamen, Indians, 26 males, 20 females. Total, 219.

Total population of county, 1,548.

Under 4 years, 56 males and 55 females; over 4 years and under 20, 156 males and 150 females. It will be observed that nearly one-tenth of the population of the county are Chinamen, and that of these Blakely has only 2 to a population of 272. Good for Blakely.

STRAWBERRIES and cream served at the Masonic Doree to-morrow.

The petition of Julius Lange et. al. praying for the establishment of a county road in section 28, township 26, north range 5 east, and running to intersect the Seattle and Snoqualmie road in section 9 of the same township, was granted by the Board, and Julius Lange, M. W. Hibbard and N. Edmonds appointed viewers, and F. H. Whitworth surveyor, to meet on the 3d day of June 1878.

Jerry W. Borst having paid into the county treasury the sum of \$247 and 25-100 in U. S. gold coin, the same being lottery money received for the Snoqualmie wagon road, the Board appointed W. H. Crockett to superintend the appropriation of said money as required by law, and empowered said Crockett to give orders on the treasurer of King county in a sum or sums not exceeding said \$247 25-100 for labor actually performed on said road under his instructions.

Board authorized the auditor to officially notify the treasurer to pay out on the order or orders of said W. H. Crockett, any sum or sums not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of \$247 25-100 for labor performed on the road from Snoqualmie prairie to Lake Kichelas, under the instructions of said Crockett.

Board accepted the abstract made by A. Mackintosh in compliance with their instructions, and authorized the auditor to issue a warrant on the treasurer in favor of said Mackintosh, in the sum of four hundred dollars, the price agreed upon by the Board for said abstract.

The petition of Henry Harris, John Ferguson, Geo. W. Tibbitts and Paul Street, applying for the appointment of viewers to locate a ditch to drain in et in swamp lands in sections 19, 30 and 31, township 23, range 5 east, and sections 24, 25 and 36 in township 23, range 4 east, was granted by the Board, and John Ferguson, Geo. W. Tibbitts and Jack Scarry appointed viewers, to meet on the 27th day of May 1878, and proceed according to law to locate said ditch.

Board set off John Thomas from school district No. 3 into school district No. 15 in compliance with his request.

C. Clymer having petitioned to be set off from school district in No. 6 to school district No. 2, the Board laid said petition over until their August term 1878.

The petition of Daniel Winters and nine others, praying to be set off from the school district in which they now reside, and for the formation of a new school district for them, presented by E. S. Ingraham, county superintendent of common schools, with his verbal objections, was rejected by the Board.

Board instructed the auditor to notify the treasurer to transfer from the jail on special fund into the road fund of the county, the \$980 and 24 100 now on hand in said jail fund.

Board approved the report of Henry Adams, bridge commissioner for the Black River bridge at Foster's ferry, and ordered that said commissioner be paid in warrants on the road fund as per his bills rendered, and that H. A. Atkins contractor, be paid in warrants in the road fund as per his bill rendered.

Commissioners M. R. Maddocks and Rufus Stearns authorized commissioner Terrence O'Brien to procure plans and specifications for a bridge across White River near its junction with Green River, and file the same with the auditor on or before the first Monday in August 1878. The Board resolved to appoint at their session in August 1878, to superintend the letting of a contract and the building of said bridge according to law.

Board selected the following named persons to serve as grand and petit jurors, and certified the same to the clerk of the district court viz:

GRAND JURORS.
S P Andrews, Robert Abrams, Watson Allen, John Blanchard, S Baxter, C S Burnett, Jas Boyd, Geo P Boyce, James Bush, Thos Crislopner, John W Denny, E H Denny, Lucius Day, P Emerson, G M Foster, Geo Fry, R C Graves, Geo W Gove, Alex Gow, T C Hinkley, H W Harmon, W H Hendricks, J W Spray, D B Ward, A S Miller.

PETIT JURORS.
Fred A Young, Bird Wetmore, George Walker, D H Webster, A Washburne, G P White, Henry Weston, H Wolfender, Chas G True, L H Toney, Geo W Tibbitts, J W Thomas, W H Surber, O C Shorey, James Sharkey, Wm L Stearns, Geo Hinton, Fred Minnick, David McKelley, A G Merrill, Chas McDonald, A D McColister, J H Marshall, J S Maggs, Philo Rutherford.

Board rejected bills to the amount of \$231 16.

Board allowed bills on the road fund and authorized the auditor to issue warrants on the treasurer for the same, in the sum of \$1,458 19.

Board allowed bills on the county fund and authorized the auditor to issue warrants on the treasurer for the same, in the sum of \$4,584 84.

There being no other business before the Board, it was ordered that the board stand adjourned to meet again on Monday, May 27th 1878, at 9 A. M., for the purpose of receiving the assessment roll for the year 1878, from the assessors, the equalization of taxes, awarding the public printing of the county, considering petitions, road matters and allowing bills.

WEEKLY DISPATCH.

BERIAH BROWN & CO.,
PROPRIETORS.

Office--Dispatch Buildings, James Street.

THE EVENING DISPATCH, published every day in the week (except Sunday). Eight dollars per year by mail; One dollar per month by carrier.

THE WEEKLY DISPATCH, published every Saturday morning. Two dollars per year.

All business, news letters or telegraphic dispatches must be addressed to EVENING DISPATCH.

SATURDAY.....JUNE 1, 1878.

A Great Social Event.

No social event of the year has occupied so large a space in the public journals as the marriage of Senator Cameron of Pennsylvania, to Miss Sherman, of Cleveland, Ohio, one the ever provident Sherman family. The groom is a man nearly or quite fifty and the bride not quite out of her teens. He is a man of cold exterior, who from boyhood has made money and the power which money commands, the god of his idolatry. It is said of him by his most intimate acquaintances, that he never played, never indulged in any social pleasures, and was never known to laugh. She is described as a beautiful, full of vivacity and rippling over with girlish merriments. What a union! It forcibly calls to mind a song which Mrs. Wood the celebrated vocalist, used to sing with great pathos descriptive of her own early marriage with Lord Lennox:

"They stand at the altar, the organ has ceased, and the hands of the lovers are joined by the priest. Such a wedding as this is a sorrowful sight. The pale girl is bound to the feeble old knight."

It is no invasion of social propriety to discuss the event through the columns of the public prints, for the parties most interested have done all in their power to give it the greatest notoriety in all its details. On the day preceding the marriage, the young bride consented to be interviewed by a reporter of the New York Herald, and imparted to him for publication all the arrangements for the wedding and a catalogue of the presents and their approximate value, estimated at over \$100,000, without any apparent embarrassment from maidenly reserve or feminine sensibility commonly incident to situations of that kind. Every detail of the great transaction was conducted on the most thorough business principles; so much youth and beauty and female charms, for so much gold and diamonds and laces and gilded equipages; precisely as the distinguished suitor or his more distinguished father would have bargained and paid for a seat in the United States Senate or in the President's Cabinet. The young bride was taken to the family mansion in Harrisburg, where she found a ready made family, consisting of six or eight children, under the care of a daughter elder than herself. It is said, however, that she is to have a separate establishment at Washington, where she will be allowed to run a brief and brilliant career, surrounded by all the appliances of wealth, and be an object of envy and adulation to the heartless and giddy throng, which make up fashionable circles. But what of the inner life, which includes all that there is of domestic happiness? The circumstances certainly do not encourage very brilliant hopes. The thousands of honest husbands and loving wives who have no special public notice, have no cause to envy this distinguished couple.

It was a Tacoma man who said he had been to a concert and heard two chaps play a duel on the piano. "But," said he, "it looked a darn sight more like a prize fight."

Melancholia, which has struck the Czar of Russia, is said to have affected every autocrat of his family after the age of 50.

Worth Mentioning.

Ex-Gov. C. C. Washburne, of Wisconsin, the owner of the large mill at Minneapolis, recently destroyed by fire, involving the loss to him of the bulk of his fortune, had promised to give to the Wisconsin University, \$50,000 to be used in the erection of an observatory, and had made an appointment with J. C. Gregory, a member of the Board of Regents, to select the location on Friday. On Thursday night he received the news of his terrible loss. When Mr. Gregory met him, according to appointment, says the Madison Democrat, the following conversation ensued:

"Well, Governor, said Mr. Gregory, "this is a terrible loss. Of course you are released from the arrangement made yesterday. You are in no mood to talk about such matters, and we, of course, do not expect you to be."

"O," replied the Governor, indulging in that low whistle peculiar to himself, "we'll arrange it all now, as agreed upon."

And in a moment both drove to the University, and in company with President Bascom, Prof. Nicodemus and others, the site for the observatory was selected. We give the above notes to show the nature of the great philanthropist.

In riding from the University to the city the Governor and Mr. Gregory talked over the loss sustained at Minneapolis.

"Yes," remarked the former, "it is a great loss. It is not the mills I care so much about. They can be rebuilt. But the death of my poor men is heartrending; and the sufferings of many others is terrible to contemplate. I had an excellent set of workmen. I can see those poor night hands, hearty men, leaving their homes, with their little lunch-pails in their hands—kissing their wives and little ones—to march right into the blazing, seething pit of death. It's bad. It's bad."

The Railroad.

The Walla Walla Statesman publishes a call for a Railroad convention to convene in that city on the 8th of June, proximo, to take into consideration the project of constructing a railroad around the Dalles and Cascades, and placing a line of steamers on the Columbia river in opposition to the Oregon Steam Navigation Company. That the movement is not for buncomb is found in the fact that it is under the lead of Dr. J. C. Day, Mr. Maier, and several other gentlemen of great wealth and standing in that section. This movement is caused partly by the excessive freights charged by the O. S. N. Co., but in the main by the seeming hopelessness of a railroad connection with the Sound.

The people of Eastern Washington and Oregon have unanimously expressed their preference for the Walla Walla Railroad, and certainly, in view of this convention, no more opportune time could be selected to consolidate the interests of both sections of the Territory in this great enterprise, and we have every reason to believe that the opportunity will not be allowed to pass without an expression on the part of our citizens and the railroad managers.

Roswell Scott, Esq., Secretary of the Railroad Company, is in daily receipt of letters from prominent and wealthy citizens on the other side, urging the early construction of the Walla Walla Railroad, and expressing their willingness to take stock to any extent required by the company. Mr. W. P. Crow, writing from Umatilla county, Oregon, states that one farmer in that county guarantees to furnish the company with a bonus of five hundred bushels of wheat per year for five years, and that he has no doubt but that a sufficient amount of wheat could be

got on the same terms to pay the interest on the money expended in building the road. A prominent lawyer of Walla Walla, in view of the extension of the road to Dayton says: "Take into consideration the further fact that a large grain raising district lies directly east of here, and all the people in that direction are also interested, or may be made so, and you are prepared for the following suggestion: A proposition to extend the railroad to Dayton, upon the subscription of an amount to be fixed by your company and the employment of a good, wide-awake, energetic man, known to the farming community and in whom they have confidence; to call upon such at their homes, and, in my opinion, the work is done."

Another gentleman states that the people of Stevens and Whitman counties are unanimous in their desire to have the road, and are willing to take any amount of stock required. We simply give these letters as indicative of the sentiment of the people in that section of the Territory, and cannot for a moment entertain a doubt but that their overtures will be embraced, and that too at the earliest possible moment.

Indian Appropriation for Washington Territory.

WASHINGTON, May 10th, 1878.

EDITOR DISPATCH:—As a matter of information that may be of interest to you and to the readers of your valuable paper, I send you the list of appropriations made by the House for the Indian Service in Washington Territory. They may be changed slightly in the Senate, but no material change will be made.

1. Salary of Indian Agents:
At the Neah Bay agency, at \$1,000.
At the Yakima agency, at \$2,000.
At the Colville agency, at \$2,000.
At the Nisqually agency, at \$1,200.
At the Skokomish agency, at \$1,100.
At the Tulalip agency, at \$1,500.
At the Quinalt agency, at \$1,000.
2. For the pay of interpreters:
Six for the tribes in Washington Territory, to be assigned to such agencies as the Secretary of the Interior may direct, at \$300 per annum each, \$1,800.
3. For fulfilling treaty stipulations with Indian tribes in the Territory:
DUWAMISH AND OTHER ALLIED TRIBES.
For 19th of 20 installments on \$150,000 as per treaty, \$4,250.
For 19th of 20 installments for the establishment and support of an agricultural and industrial school, \$3,000.
For 19th of 20 installments, for the employment of a blacksmith, carpenter, farmer and physician, \$4,200.
For 19th of 20 installments, for the support of a smith and carpenter shop and furnishing it with the requisite tools, \$500. In all, \$11,950.

4. For 9th of 10 installments of \$30,000, as per treaty of 1855, \$1,000.
For 19th of 20 installments, for the support of a smith and carpenter shop, \$500.
For 19th of 20 installments, for the support of an agricultural and industrial school, \$2,500.
For 19th of 20 installments for the employment of a blacksmith, carpenter, farmer and physician, \$3,500.

5. QUINALT AND QUILLICUM.
For 4th of 5 installments, last series, for beneficial objects, \$700.
For 19th of 20 installments for the support of an agricultural and industrial school, \$2,200.
For 19th of 20 installments for support of a carpenter and blacksmith shop, \$300.
For 19th of 20 installments, for the employment of a blacksmith, carpenter, farmer and physician, \$3,000. In all, \$6,200.
SKALLAMS.
For 19th of 20 installments, for beneficial purposes, \$1,600.
For 19th of 20 installments, for the support of an agricultural and industrial school, \$2,500.
For 19th of 20 installments for the employment of a carpenter, blacksmith, farmer and physician, \$3,600.
For support of a smith and blacksmith shop, \$500. An all, \$8,200.

YAKIMAS.
For 19th of 20 installments, last series, for beneficial objects, to be expended under the direction of the President, 4,000.
For 19th of 20 installments, for the support of two schools, etc, 500.
For 19th of 20 installments, for the employment of farmers, millers, blacksmiths, one tinner, a gunsmith, one carpenter, and a wagon and plow maker, 9,500.
For 19th of 20 installments, for repairing saw and flouring mills, 500.
For 19th of 20 installments, for keeping in repair the hospital, etc., 300.
For 19th of 20 installments, for keeping in repair the various artisans' shops, 500.
For 19th of 20 installments, for the pay of a physician, 1,200.
For 19th of 20 installments, three hundred dollars.
For 19th of 20 installments, for the salary of head chief, 500.
4. Incidental expenses:
For general incidental expenses of the Indian service and pay of employees and the support and civilization of Indians at Colville and Nisqually agencies, 20,000.
5. Besides the above there are appropriations made in gross for the pay of an Indian police to maintain order and to prohibit the illegal traffic in liquor on the reservations—pay 50 cents per day (rations included). The gross amount appropriated \$60,000.
For the purchase of supplies, advertising, etc., 25,000.
For buildings and their repairs, 75,000.
Travelling expenses of agents, expenses of their offices, pay of employees, etc., 22,000.
Only portions of these gross appropriations will of course be spent in the Territory.

For 19th of 20 installments for the support of an agricultural and industrial school, \$2,200.
For 19th of 20 installments for support of a carpenter and blacksmith shop, \$300.

For 19th of 20 installments, for the employment of a blacksmith, carpenter, farmer and physician, \$3,000. In all \$6,200.

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Only portions of these gross appropriations will of course be spent in the Territory.

Yours, O. JACOBS.

Simon Cameron says that he had never heard any good of John Morrissey, and regarded him as merely a low prize fighter and gambler, until he went to Washington as Congressman. "I must confess that I was not favorably impressed with him," Cameron adds, "and I was surprised when a New York politician spoke in his praise." The politician told a story to the effect that a young clerk lost \$12,000 of his employer's money in Morrissey's gambling house, and confessed to his parents, who were wild with grief at the prospect of exposure and disgrace. They appealed to the politician, who went to Morrissey and explained the case. Morrissey said: "That's all very well, but the young fellow lost the money fair; and as for him being a poor, innocent young dove that didn't know nothing of the world, that's all stuff; he's been in our place often, and won many a pile, but for the old woman's sake I'll see what I can do. Come to my house to-morrow morning, and like as not I can make the thing all right." The next morning Morrissey returned the money.

The Williston Seminary student who painted the pillars of the principal's verandah like barber poles has confessed. He wore clothes borrowed from several fellow students, and got spots of paint on them. Therefore accusation fell on the innocent when a search of trunks was made, and the culprit owned up in order to save them from suspension.

CATARRH

IS IT CURABLE?

THOSE who have suffered from the various and complicated forms of disease assumed by Catarrh, and have tried many physicians and remedies without relief or cure, avoid the necessity of this question with considerable anxiety. And well they may; for no disease can be mentioned as so universally prevalent and so destructive to health as Catarrh. Bronchitis, Asthma, Coughs, and serious and frequently fatal affections of the lungs follow in many instances, a case of simple but neglected Catarrh. Other sympathetic affections such as deafness, impaired eyesight, and loss of sense of smell, may be referred to as minor but nevertheless serious results of neglected Catarrh, bad enough to themselves, but as nothing compared with the dangerous affections of the throat and lungs likely to follow.

IT CAN BE CURED.

It can be cured. There is no doubt about it. The immediate relief afforded by SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH is but a slight evidence of what may follow a persistent use of this remedy. The hard, incrustated matter that has lodged in the nasal passages is removed with a few applications; the ulceration and inflammation subsided and healed; the entire membranous lining of the head is cleaned and purified. Constitutionally its action is that of a powerful purgative agent, destroying in its course through the system the acid poison, the destructive agent in catarrhal disease.

A COMPLICATED CASE.

Gentlemen,—My case is briefly as follows: I have had Catarrh for ten years, each year with increasing severity. For nine years I had not breathed through one nostril. I had droppings in the throat, a very bad cough, asthma so bad as to be obliged to take a remedy for it at night before being able to lie down and sleep, and a constant dull pain in my head. My head was at times so full of catarrhal matter as to injure my sense of hearing and compel me to get up several times in the night to clear it and my throat before I could sleep. Every one of these distressing symptoms has disappeared under the use of not quite three bottles of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE. My hearing is fully restored. I have no asthmatic symptoms, no cough, no droppings in the throat, no headache, and in every way better than I have been for years. I could feel the effects of the CURE on my appetite, on my kidneys, and, in fact, every part of my system. What has been done in my case is wholly the effect of the RADICAL CURE, and I respectfully subscribe myself, FITCHBURG, Oct. 14. C. H. LAWRENCE.

Indorsed by a Prominent Druggist.

I hereby certify that Mr. Lawrence purchased the RADICAL CURE of me, and from time to time made me familiar with his case. I believe his statement to be true in every particular. FITCHBURG, Oct. 14. S. P. DERRY.

Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhalant Tube, and full directions for its use in all cases. Price, \$1. For sale by all wholesale and retail druggists and dealers throughout the United States and Canada. "See the name of WEEKS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass."

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THE STEAMER DISPATCH,
Capt. Monroe, will leave Seattle every Thursday Evening at 10 o'clock, for Port Townsend, San Juan Island and Semiahmoo, returning on Sundays.

For Freight or passage apply on board. nov3 J. C. BRITAIN.

DENTISTRY.

Dr. J. C. GRASSE, DENTIST. Office in Stone & Burnett's new building on Commercial street. All work warranted. Oct. 11

A Terrible Earthquake in Venezuela.

A report reaches us by cable from Havana that another great terrestrial convulsion has occurred in Venezuela, whereby six hundred persons have been killed. Although the details of this terrible calamity have not arrived the history of former earthquake visitations in Venezuela leads us to apprehend that in a region so liable to these convulsions the horrors of the past have been experienced once again. As far back as 1712 the records show how destructive the shocks have been in the regions north of the Valley of the Orinoco. Caracas, Leguayra and Porto Cabello have been laid in ruins more than once and widespread destruction carried to the villages and small towns of the interior. We find by reference to the records that the town of Cumana was destroyed by an earthquake in 1853, and at Caracas, in 1866, 1867 and 1868, violent shocks were experienced, which extended throughout the country and caused great loss of life. Great destruction was also caused in 1875 by the widespread influence of an earthquake in the regions of Venezuela and Central America. The latest destructive shocks took place at Cuba and were felt severely, it appears, at Caracas. The dispatches also state that an intense heat prevailed over Venezuela. Although relations probably exist between barometric pressures as effected by temperature and subterranean disturbance, they have not been satisfactorily determined in any degree. Attention has been called to the frequency of explosions in coal mines during periods of low atmospheric pressure, following those of unusually high barometer, and it is sought to connect the two occurrences by showing that the escape of "fire damp" is greater when the atmospheric pressure is very much reduced. We prefer to believe in the theory which we recently announced in these columns—that severe earthquakes occur on the lines connecting the volcanic centres, and which give the general direction of the great fissures that connect the latter. The displacements of matter represented by mountain systems mark, in our opinion, the sites of enormous subterranean spaces, within which the forces that produce the earthquake are developed.—N. Y. Herald.

Safe Investment.

Every dollar of outlay in obtaining an education should be viewed as an investment rather than an expenditure, and that is the best investment which brings the quickest, surest and most ample returns. If then, a young man or woman, by a few months' study and moderate expenditure, can at once command a position and salary, the attainment of which, would otherwise require years of drudgery; those who seek that preparatory training are surely pursuing by far the wiser course. The truth of this has been practically exemplified by thousands of graduates of the business colleges of our land, and who have been immediately invited to honorable situations. And the importance of a regular business education is greatly enhanced by the consideration that merchants, steamboats, railroad and telegraph companies require young men or women, to whom they give employment in the counting room or offices to possess such qualifications as can be obtained at the Puget Sound Business College.

A case of conscience, or, at any rate, a conundrum, was lately put by an anxious inquirer to Cardinal Manning, in regard to a soldier's duty, should war with Russia break out. If the soldier believed the war to be unjust, would he be justified in refusing to fight against the Russians, if death were the penalty of refusal? The question was ingenious, but the Cardinal answered that "while no one would be justified in going forth to slay others merely to give expression to the vindictive feelings of diplomatists, such is not likely to be, on the part of our Government, the object of any war with Russia into which England may be drawn." The questioner may have been very innocent or very adroit; at any rate, the more he chews on this answer the less succulence he will get out of it. He should give the Cardinal a harder question.

Few people can keep a diary long at a time. They most invariably get tired of it and abandon it within a month or two, if not before. Indeed, it has been demonstrated within the last few years that the only sure way of keeping one for any length of time is to lock it up in a trunk on the retired list and to lose the key.

"It is a dreadful thing to have to pass sentence on a man in such a plight. The infliction you are suffering surpasses any punishment I can inflict," said the humane Judge to Mr. Neale, up for horse stealing, who was brought into court on a litter. Neale when caught was put into Malmesbury, (England) lockup, and pretended to have fallen backward from a window and damaged his spine. So admirably did this champion malingering play his part that he was kept weeks at Malmesbury, living like a fighting cock, until it was thought he could be removed to Devizes, the county seat. There he was tried, getting a very light sentence in view of his "affliction sore," and all was going on conformably with his wishes, when, as ill-luck would have it, the Governor of Gloucester jail must needs come poking his nose into the prison at Devizes. "Aha my boy, at your old tricks, eh?" exclaimed that functionary, and, albeit the poor invalid protested, the galvanic battery was forthwith applied; not a motion did the leg alleged to be paralyzed make. The doctor was puzzled and wrote to the doctor at Gloucester, who replied; "Go on, the fellow is an awful humbug." More battery, notwithstanding protestations, and at length that leg began to move, and was soon carrying its owner at a rapid rate across the court to join the work gang.

A PRUDENT PERSON.—A gentleman in San Francisco went a few days ago to have an aching tooth stopped. The dentist advised him that he had better have the tooth taken out, and assured him that he would feel no pain if he took laughing gas. "But what is the effect of the gas?" asked the gentleman. "It simply makes you totally insensible," remarked the dentist; "you don't know anything that takes place."

The gentleman submitted, but just previous to the gas being administered, he put his hand in his pocket and drew out his money. "Oh, don't mind about that now," said the dentist, thinking he was going to pay his fee. "Not at all," remarked the patient, "I was simply going to see how much I had before the gas took effect."

While the Grand Duke Nicholas was reviewing the prisoners after the taking of Pienna his eye caught the magnificent Arab horse of a Turkish officer. He afterward sent one of his Adjutants to the latter to ask if he would sell it, orders having been given that the captured officers should retain their horses. The Turk replied that it was no longer in his possession, for immediately after the animal had been remarked by the Grand Duke a Roumanian officer had come to him and ordered him to give it up. He had refused and demanded the written command of the Prince. The officer then drew his revolver, and, threatening to shoot him, forced him to comply with his demand. Fortunately for the Turkish officer, the Roumanian had a squint, and by means of this physical peculiarity was soon discovered, and found to be none other than a staff officer attached to Gen. Schoboleff. He had forthwith to surrender his ill-gotten spoil, was severely reprimanded, and has been obliged to leave headquarters owing to the odium into which he has fallen.

The fall of nearly three inches of rain in the course of 24 hours, which was recorded during the recent storm in London, was regarded as an almost unprecedented event, but this heavy rainfall is frequently exceeded in the Antipodes. During a storm in Sydney, described in the last Australian newspapers, as much as 10.88 inches fell in 48 hours. After the terrible drought which has afflicted the country, the parched earth was not equal to carrying off such a quantity of water suddenly poured upon it, and disastrous floods followed, causing great destruction of life and property.

Harvard students have taken extensively to the bicycle for exercise and diversion. Prof. Griffin, of Williams, Walker of Yale, Dearborn of Tufts, Fiske of Cornell, and Lyford of Colby, will go to Europe next summer. Vanderbilt University, Nashville, has just received \$20,000 from Wm. H. Vanderbilt for the purchase of books. Cornell refutes the objection to the co-education of the sexes, Miss Brackett thinks. She says that girls and boys generally "take not so much notice of each other as two ants on a heap of sand;" but do not two ants on a heap of sand take notice of each other?

Where there's a will there's a plea of insanity, is the new version of the old saying.

Pius IX was a good billiard player, but a newspaper paragraph represents his successor as at first taken considerably aback by a request from Cardinal Franchi for permission to establish a billiard table in his own apartments. Leo XIII. yielded however, on hearing that his Secretary of State had been ordered by his physicians to play at billiards at least one hour a day.

The Queen of the Belgians is very fond of painting and her works find a ready sale at commission houses on account of the artist, if not for their merit. Of this she is very proud. The last one completed was of a wheat field, in which was seen a parasol and a fan, but the lady carrying them was invisible.—She was supposed to be hidden in the wheat.

WANTED MORS.—The old saying that some men would want more if they had a billion was exemplified the other day when a Windsorite and Detroit got into a dispute at the ferry dock. Said the Canadian: "You ought to be well pounded; and I'm the man who can do it! However, I don't understand the laws over here, and don't want to be locked up. If you will come over to Canada I'll pay your fare both ways on the boat, buy your dinner, treat you to cigars, lick you till you can't squeal, and send you home with a beef on your eyes."

Charles Dickens was never so happy as when brewing luscious sips of claret cup or punch. Wilkie Collins always delights in making presents to every one—a pleasant weakness for his friends. The late Mark Lemon, editor of Punch, was always in his seventh heaven when acting as amateur billiard marker at any country house; when he would sit aloft like a jovial King Cole, as he was, and crack jokes on everything and everybody, though much to the detrimment of the play going on before him.

The Sultan's reception of Osman Pasha is thus described: "He had hardly entered the royal precincts before the Sultan advanced to meet him. Waiving ceremony as he took him by the hand, he exclaimed, 'Here comes my hero. You are the only one that has sustained the honor of the Ottoman arms. I swore to God to kiss you in the eyes should you ever live to return, and now I redeem my oath.' With this his Majesty took the head of the hero in his hands, and kissed both his eyes. Osman Pasha was moved to tears at this demonstration of affection."

A South Bend young lad, 10 or 11 years of age, boasted to a comrade that he could make the switch engine that was coming toward him stop. His bet was taken and he stepped on the track in front of the engine and commenced looking down the track. The engineer whistled, rang the bell, and finally stopped the engine within about two feet of the young scamp. The boy was kicked off the track by one of the train men.

Thomas Carlyle, whose sturdy protest against an Anglo-Russian war gave powerful check to one of the strongest of British governments is generally thought to be beyond the capacity of young folks to understand. Yet a writer for St. Nicholas has tried in the June number to interest the youngsters in the person and works of the revered Chelsea seer.

"You may pray till you die, but the Lord will never forgive you for shooting a man in the back," said Bowler, on being shot by Holliday, in Collinsbury, La. They were negro farm hands. Bowler soon died, and Holliday was so impressed by his words that he has twice tried to kill himself.

A rude investigator went into a spiritual seance in Memphis, with a squirt gun in his pocket filled with a bright red dye, and when the "materialized" form appeared at the aperture of the cabinet, he shot the liquid with skillful aim. The medium was afterward revealed with his face stained red.

Sixty men and women of San Francisco have gone into the mountains, under the direction of "Dio Lewis, to live in tents for four months. They will eat plain food, take plenty of exercise, move from place to place, and return home, they hope, in improved health.

Edw. Booth has never set foot in Washington since his brother assassinated President Lincoln, and he is understood to have taken a solemn oath never to visit the capital city. Accordingly Washington play-goers are compelled to visit Baltimore to see him.

Fond father: "Well, my son, how do you like college? Alma Mater has turned out some great men." Young Hopeful: "Yes, sir; she has just turned me out."

Gov. Wade Hampton, of South Carolina, says there shall be an honest and fair election in that state next fall, no matter who goes to congress.

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THE MOST WONDERFUL AND THE BEST.

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The most simple and compact! The most durable and economical!!! A model of combined simplicity, strength and beauty!!!

New and numerous patented attachments.

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So easy to learn that a child can run it. Will do all kinds of sewing from the finest to the coarsest, will hem, fell, tuck, braid, cord, gather, embroider, etc.; uses self-adjusting straight needles, and all description of cotton, silk and thread. Makes the strongest stitch known—the cloth will tear before the seam will rip—use the thread direct from the spool. The machine is beautifully finished and highly ornamented, and

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The wonder is how so good a machine can be sold at so low a price.—[Globe]

We have seen the machine and consider it first-class in every respect.—[Transcript.

We can recommend it to our readers.—[Christian Index, N. Y.

The machine arrived safely; we are more than pleased; it does more than you claim for it. We shall call the attention of our readers to it.—[St. Louis Christian.

A thoroughly responsible company, prompt in all their dealings, and one that we can commend to our readers.—[Age, N. Y.

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Infallible Fit Powders. To convince sufferers that these powders will do us all claim for them, we will send them by mail, post paid, a Free TRIAL BOX. As Dr. Goulard is the only physician that has ever made this disease a special study, and as to our knowledge thousands have been permanently cured by the use of these Powders, we will guarantee a permanent cure in every case, or refund you all money expended. All sufferers should give these Powders an early trial, and be convinced of their curative powers.

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TURPENTINE, VARNISHES (all kinds), SHELLAC, CAN COLORS, DRY COLORS, full assortment of GLASS, WHITING, PARIS WHITE, KALSOMINE and GLUE.

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REPORTAGE LETTER

From a Distinguished Physician.

NO single disease has entailed more suffering or hastened the breaking up of the constitution than Catarrh. The sense of smell, of taste, of sight, of hearing, the voice, the mind, the organs, and sometimes the yield to its destructive influence. The poison is distributed throughout the system, attacks every vital force, and breaks up the most robust of constitutions. Ignored because but little understood by medical men, it has been treated by quacks and charlatans, those suffering from it have little hope to be relieved of it. This side of the grave, in the United States, and in the most remote parts of the world, the new and brilliant method adopted by Dr. Sanford in the preparation of his Radical Cure has won my hearty approval. I believe it likely to succeed where all the usual remedies fail, because it strikes at the root of the disease, viz., the inflamed blood, which it heats the ulcerated membrane by direct application to the nasal passage. Its action is based on certain fixed rules, and unless the vital force is too far exhausted, it is in the great majority of cases, effect a cure.

GEO. BEARD, M. D.
NORSCOTT BLDG., SO. FRAMINGHAM, OCT. 1, 1874.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE

MAY safely claim to be one of the few popular remedies receiving the approval of medical gentlemen, who, in private, not only freely recommend it but use it in their families in preference to any of the preparations usually prescribed by physicians.

UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION.

GENTLEMEN.—We have sold SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE for nearly one year, and can say candidly that we never received a single complaint that gave such universal satisfaction. We have to thank the first complaint for it.

Each package contains Dr. Sanford's Improved Inhalant Tube, and full directions for use in all cases. Price, \$1.00. For sale by all wholesale and retail druggists throughout the United States and Canada. WEISS & POTTER, General Agents and Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass.

COLLINS' VOLTAIC PLASTER

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Thus combined we have two grand medicinal agents in one, each of which performs its function and unites to produce more cures than any liniment, lotion, or ointment of the world has ever compounded in the history of medicine. Try one. Price, 25 CENTS.

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Prospectus of the Ninth Volume, 1878

"The Aldine,"

THE ART JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

SOLD ONLY TO SUBSCRIBERS.

VOLUME IX. COMPLETE IN 24 PARTS. ISSUED MONTHLY, AT 50 CENTS EACH.

It is the purpose of the publishers to persevere in their efforts to keep THE ALDINE, as an exponent of Art in this country, free from all taint, and to spare no effort or high cost to still further beautify and improve the broad pages of the work.

With a view to the necessity of continuing a list for the best Art in the United States, THE ALDINE has not been ungrateful to the credit or example of a publication that has long been a constant study to show, in the progress of the work itself, that improvement so certainly depends upon sincere devotion to subjects. As in the past, so in the future, THE ALDINE will continue to be an example of the progress and leading influences of connection and association with the beautiful and true.

The volume now in preparation, while it will not slightly depart from the general course of its predecessors, will yet present many new directions and improvements the result of study and experience in fitting THE ALDINE to the world's maintenance in its position as "The Art Journal of America."

In the more mechanical department of the art, new and more perfect changes, in themselves slight, will largely enhance the general beauty of the pages, which had already won admiration so hearty and so unvarying.

EDITORIALLY, THIS ALDINE will deal broadly and fairly with Art in general, and American Art in particular. Carefully prepared papers will keep the reader well informed of all topics of the important Art centers of this country and Europe. The important Art exhibitions will receive full and timely notice, and all artists who are admitted to the Department of THE ALDINE a recognition in every way worthy of its established and admitted position as Art Journal.

THE ART DEPARTMENT of this volume will be richer in representations of American natural scenery than any of its predecessors. To aid a popular education on the claims of rural localities to the title, "The Art Journal of America," our artists are exploring the wonders of those regions of our country which have more recently been brought into notice.

The publishers have entire confidence that the public will continue the evidence of their appreciation of these efforts to maintain an Art publication that shall be characteristic and worthy of the progress and liberal taste of America, and they anticipate with pleasure the opportunity for a practical verdict on their past achievements which the commencement of a new volume affords.

PLAN OF PUBLICATION.

THE ALDINE is published in future by subscription, and sold only to subscribers for the complete volume. Subscribers will pay on delivery for the parts actually received, and no canvasser or deliverer is authorized to vary these terms in any way or to make any representations on the faith of the publishers outside of the regular prospectus.

THE ALDINE will not be sold by book or news dealers generally, but will be placed in the hands of one dealer in each town; and in all places where no agent is appointed, persons willing to subscribe may do so by direct application to the publishers.

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In order to introduce our New American Watch, we have determined to divest the usual practice of selling to Jobbers, and shall hereafter deal Directly with the Retail Purchaser, allowing him the several heavy profits he would be obliged to pay if he patronized the retail dealer.

We have just commenced the manufacture of the Best Low Priced Watch ever offered in this or any other country, and in order to introduce it thoroughly, will sell at Retail for the very Lowest Wholesale Jobbing Price. This is in accordance with the general depression of business and a long pressing demand for doing away with two or three middlemen before reaching the retail purchaser.

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Warranted in every particular—guaranteed to be a watch which really runs at from \$25 to \$35 and is well worth the money.

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We will send one of the above watches to any address, by Express C. O. D., and give you the privilege of examining it thoroughly before paying for it. We send it strictly to Express Agents to allow every purchaser to open the package and examine the Watch before he pays the money. If the Watch does not suit you, return it to us at our expense—we will not be obliged to take it from the Express office. We give you every chance. If you are not a Judge of watches, get someone who is to examine the Watch for you. We are aware that dealers have offered watches in this way before, but no Coin Silver American Watch was ever offered by reliable manufacturers in this manner. They have always sent some imitation Watch, which would require the purchaser from three to six months to find out that they were not what they were represented to be, and not worth one-fourth the money it cost you. There is no humbug about our offer. Give us a trial.

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We will send you the Watch one of our new and elegant patterns.

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Warranted to retain its color—its metal gold—for five years and not to fade from the genuine article. This great offer to watch buyers is a saving of at least

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SUMMONS.

In the District Court for the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at the City of Seattle, in and for the County of King and Kitsap, vs. Charles W. Moore, defendant.

The United States of America send greeting to Charles W. Moore, defendant. You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at the City of Seattle, in the County of King, for the County of King and Kitsap, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within sixty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the date of this summons, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to recover a judgment against you for the sum of \$100.00, with interest on the sum of \$100.00, from the date of the same, and for costs of suit and for interest on the above sum.

[L. S.] Witness the Hon. J. R. Lewis, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof this 29th day of April, A. D. 1878.

JAS. SEAVEY, Clerk.
W. H. White and Larrabee & Hanford, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

SUMMONS.

In the District Court for the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at the City of Seattle, in and for the County of King and Kitsap, vs. CHARLES McDONALD and JAMES OSBORNE, Plaintiffs, vs. CHARLES W. MOORE, Defendant.

The United States of America send greeting to Charles W. Moore, defendant. You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiffs, in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at the City of Seattle, in the County of King, for the County of King and Kitsap, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within sixty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the date of this summons, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to recover a judgment against you for the sum of \$100.00, with interest on the sum of \$100.00, from the date of the same, and for costs of suit and for interest on the above sum.

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JAS. SEAVEY, Clerk.
W. H. White and Larrabee & Hanford, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

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JAS. SEAVEY, Clerk.
W. H. White and Larrabee & Hanford, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

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The Most Wonderful Discovery of the Age.

The World moves, and unless we Progress we must go Backward. Nothing remains Stationary.

In offering this medicine it is not intended to deceive the people as a cure for every complaint on earth; but a really scientific article of the greatest merit, which will prove a boon to suffering humanity—both on account of its adaptability to both man and beast, its readiness of application, and the price being within the reach of all. It will actually cure

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Dr. Steele, who has for years been in the Proprietary Medicine business, and who has visited in various parts of the world in search of information, has great confidence in the ERADICATOR as the "No Plus Ultra" of safe, sure and reliable remedies for general use as a Family Doctor.

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Price \$1 Per Large Bottle. Six Bottles for \$5.

M. KELLY & CO., Seattle, W. T., Jobbing Agents for the Sound ports.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of the Third Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at the City of Seattle, in King County, on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1878, in the case now on file therein, between James Crawford and Wm. A. Harrington, partners, doing business under the firm name of Crawford & Harrington, are plaintiffs, and Thomas J. Jackson and his wife, Wm. Baunton, James Scott and Andrew Moore are defendants, consolidated with cases numbered 174, 227 & 227, on a judgment and decree there rendered in said Court on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1878, and to me directed, commanding me to make sale of the property mentioned and described in said decree to satisfy the following judgments, to-wit:

First judgment in case No. 354, for the sum of \$3,353.29 gold coin, with interest at one and one-half per cent per month, from February 15th, 1875, until paid, together with the sum of three per cent on the amount recovered as attorney fees for plaintiff's attorney, and for costs of Court, with accretions and increased costs with a land and single judgment, for balance remaining due the said plaintiffs on the decree of this Court in consolidated cases Nos. 174, 227 & 227, amounting to \$5,751.67, gold coin of the United States, with interest from February 15th, 1878, at the rate of one and one-half per cent per month, until paid, together with the sum of \$157.91 for insurance and taxes on the land, and plaintiffs' accretions with the decree thereon, with accretions and increased costs.

I have levied upon the property described in said decree in case No. 354, to-wit: A lot two (2) and three (3) in block numbered twenty-four (24) in that part of the City of Seattle laid off and platted by A. A. Penny, and known as A. A. Penny's Addition to Seattle, together with a land and single judgment, for balance remaining due the said plaintiffs on the decree of this Court in consolidated cases Nos. 174, 227 & 227, amounting to \$5,751.67, gold coin of the United States, with interest from February 15th, 1878, at the rate of one and one-half per cent per month, until paid, together with the sum of \$157.91 for insurance and taxes on the land, and plaintiffs' accretions with the decree thereon, with accretions and increased costs as aforesaid.

L. V. WYCKOFF, Sheriff King Co., Wash. Ter. McNAUGHT & LEAHY, Attys. for Plaintiffs, Seattle, Wash. Ter., April 6, A. D. 1878. m2015w

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