PIONEER AND DEMOCRAT.

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L. P. FISHER, No. 117½ Washington Street, up stairs, nearly opposite Maguire's Opera House, is authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions and advertisements in California.

POETRY.

The Old Burying-Ground.

BY JOHN G. WHITTIER.

Without the wall a birch tree shows,
Its drooped and tassel'd head;
Without a stag-horned sumac grows
Fern leafed, with spikes of red.

There, sheep that graze the neighboring plain,
Like white ghosts come and go;
The farm horse drags his fetlock chain,
The cow-bell tinkles slow.

Low mourns the river from its bed,
The distant pines reply;
Like mourners shrinking from the dead
They stand apart and sigh.

Unshaded smiles the summer sun,
Unchecked the winter blast;
The school girl learns that place to shun,
With glances backward cast.

For thus our fathers testified—
That he might read who ran—
The emptiness of human pride,
The nothingness of man.

They dared not plant the grave with flowers,
Nor dress the funeral sod,
Where, with a love as dead as ours,
They left their dead with God.

A Sirocco at Santa Barbara, California.

On Friday, the 17th June, says the *Gazette*, will be long remembered by the inhabitants of Santa Barbara, from the burning, blasting heat experienced that day, and the effects thereof; indeed, it is said that for the space of thirty years, nothing in comparison has been felt in this county, and, we doubt, in any other. The sun rose like a ball of fire on that day; but though quite warm, no inconvenience was caused thereby until two o'clock P. M., when suddenly a blast of heated air swept through our streets, followed quickly by others, and shortly afterwards the atmosphere became so intensely heated that no human being could withstand its force—all sought their dwellings, and had to shut doors and windows, and remain for hours confined to their houses. The effects of such intense and unparalleled heat was demonstrated by the death of calves, rabbits, and birds; the trees were all blasted, and the fruit, such as pears and apples, literally roasted on the trees ere they fell to the ground, and the same as if they had been cast on live coals; but, strange to say, they were only burned on one side—that is the direction from whence came the wind. All kinds of metal became so heated, that for hours nothing of the kind could be touched with the naked hands. The thermometer rose nearly to fever heat, in the shade, but near an open door, and during the prevalence of this properly called Sirocco, the streets were filled with impenetrable clouds of fine dust, or pulverized clay.

Speculation has been rife since, to ascertain the cause of such a terrible phenomenon; but though we have heard of many plausible theories thereon, we have not been fully convinced yet; however that might be, we see its terrible effects all around us, in blighted trees, ruined gardens, blasted fruit and an almost general destruction of the vegetable kingdom. We hope we will never see the like again.

Since writing the above, we regret to announce that the Sirocco was not, as we hoped, local, but that Los Angeles was visited the same day by similar blasts, and more intense, if possible, than were experienced here; and that not only the fruit trees are injured, but the vineyards are reported as nearly destroyed. The general opinion that the cause is fire in the mountains is now abandoned; and the belief is that there has been a volcanic eruption in the southern portion of this State.

GREAT DEMAND FOR PASSPORTS.—Since March 4th, 1857, the State Department at Washington has issued nearly 14,000 passports, and is now issuing from fifty to sixty per day. Persons leaving the United States for France, by way of Havre, have necessarily to have their passports *viseed* by the French Consul at the port from which they sail. Travelers by way of England, for the continent, and who may go up to London, will have their passports *viseed* at the American Legation in London, for wherever they wish to go. Persons going to the Spanish West Indies, will have their passports *viseed* by the Spanish Consul at the port from which they sail. Naturalized citizens, applying to the State Department for passports, will send on their naturalization papers (which will be returned to them) and descriptions of their persons. This is all that is required.

Terrible Tornado in Illinois.

On the afternoon of the 26th of May last, a most terrific tornado visited a portion of Morgan county, Ill., carrying with it destruction of life and devastation of property. It made its appearance in the southeast, seeming at first about as large as a man's head, growing in size as it approached the earth and increasing in violence. The full extent of the damage done is not yet ascertained. Twelve persons are known to have been killed, and nearly fifty seriously injured, some of whom cannot recover. The hurricane lasted about six minutes, and was attended with very little rain at the time, though immediately after it had passed over, the whole country was deluged. The violence of the tornado may be inferred from the circumstance that a stone weighing three pounds was raised from the ground and carried twenty yards, passing through a window four feet from the floor. But even more wonderful feats than this were performed by the wind. On Mr. Joseph Fry's place, everything above ground was torn into shreds, house, barn, furniture, fences, etc., etc. Fifteen horses were instantly killed, together with seventy hogs and several head of cattle. The fences were scattered for miles, wagons blown to splinters, spokes wrenched from the wheels, and even the tires bent. A wind-mill was carried over four hundred yards, the small end foremost, with pumps, pipes, etc. A horse was found in the neighborhood dead with a fence rail run lengthwise through his sides, leaving both ends visible.

The house of a man named McDonald was completely riddled, not ten feet square remaining, yet providentially himself, wife and children, who were at home at the time, were not killed, though they all sustained some bruises. The floor and partition of a school-room, twenty by thirty feet, were carried away with heavy timber and all the pieces could not be found within two miles of the place where they had stood.

It is said that there is not a spot ten feet in circumference, within the limits of the tornado, which is not stuck with planks, rails and timber, so tightly, as not to be easily extricated. A Mr. Barrows lost out of one hundred and fifty hogs one hundred and ten.

Our Policy with the Belligerants.

A very important subject to the American people has been under consideration by the Government, and no less than two extraordinary sessions of the Cabinet have been lately called for the purpose of considering our true policy respecting the nations of Europe during the continuance of the war. Neutral as our position is, and must continue to be, all our internal prosperity must flourish beyond precedent under a properly regulated peace policy. The loss of other nations must be the gain of this, provided we avoid offence to any and preserve the cordial friendship of all. It was to secure this great object that instructions were carefully prepared, and read and re-read before the Cabinet, before being forwarded to all our Ministers in Europe. These instructions had reference to the great commercial interests of the United States, and directed that the respective European Courts should be promptly and frankly assured that the Government would exert all its energies to avoid any violation of the strictest obligations of friendly neutrality, and that we should anticipate a continuance of the most cordial relations of amity with each.

"SCUDDING UNDER BARE POLES."—An accident occurred in Buffalo, recently, which was witnessed only by a youngster, who was terribly frightened. According to his own account, a lady was upset in a twinkling by the rude wind, the hoops and things flying over her head like the jib of a man-of-war torn from its beli-ropes; "and don't you believe me," said the little fellow, in relating the occurrence, "there wasn't the sign of a drawer on her."

A PROFANE CROW.—Several years since, on a warm Sabbath morning, while the Rev. D. B——, of a well-known fishing town in Massachusetts, was holding forth, a tame crow, which had been taught to utter one expression, only, and that a wicked one—flew into the church, and alighting on the pulpit, saluted the minister with "G—d—ye;" whereupon, the frightened as well as horror-stricken parson "drew off" and gave "the gentleman in black" a winder that sent him to the floor. Nothing daunted by this, however, the crow was soon on his "pegs," and looking up at the reverend gentleman, repeated his salutation with such an emphasis that he took to his heels, and together with his congregation—who were as much frightened as their minister—scampered from the sacred edifice in double-quick time. One little old woman, whose seat was in a corner, did not see fit to follow the example of the shepherd or his flock, but firmly kept her position; upon seeing which the crow advanced to her, and hopping on to the seat in front of her, again gave vent to its favorite expression. The old woman, not a little astonished at his impudence and evidently taking him for an evil spirit in the form of a bird, yelled forth at him: "G—d—you, too! What you G—d—me for? I don't belong to this church!". And giving him a wipe with his umbrella, she cleared the coast, leaving the church to silence and to crow.

Latest News from Europe.

Since the battle of Montibello, the Austrians seemed to be retiring within their lines, and rumors prevailed of preparations being in progress for the abandonment of Milan. The Sardinian territory was entirely exhausted, and no longer furnished subsistence to the army. Besides, the French and Sardinians were advancing along the whole length of the line, and a general engagement could not much longer be avoided, if they determined to maintain their ground.

It was thought that the new Austrian line would be the river Adda, defended by the fortresses of Placenza and Cremona, as the base of operations, the only possible passage of which was by the old bridge of Lodi.

The movements of Garibaldi, however, were giving the Austrians most trouble, as, in response to his revolutionary appeals, it was feared insurrections would break out along the base of the Alps. It was to suppress them that it had been decided to throw a large force into the Tyrol, which was being strongly fortified.

At the present time the Swiss were arming all along the line, and the fortifications of St. Maurice, Bellenzona and Leutenberg were being put in the best state of defense.

It was believed that the people could not much longer be restrained, and that revolutions would soon break out and war rage all along the Tyroleses Alps.

More Fighting—The Austrians Repulsed.

There has been serious fighting along the base of the Alps; the Austrians had been driven out of the city of Como and Lakes Como and Maggiore; and the whole county of Upper Lombardy was in a state of revolution.

This popular movement was organized and headed by Garibaldi, who, gathering new forces as he advanced, made his appearance before Como on the 26th, with a well appointed army of 10,000 to 15,000 men.

The city was defended by a garrison of about 7,000 men, which, though much inferior in number to the attacking party, was better organized, and had the advantage of position.

The fight began about 10 A. M. and lasted till after 1 P. M., the Austrians contesting street by street and house by house, with determined bravery. For three hours and upwards the furious hand to hand battle raged, but the Austrians were at last completely overpowered and driven out at the point of the bayonet.

The Italians hotly pursued, and the fighting was subsequently renewed at the village of Camerlate, when the Austrians were again defeated and put to general route.

The loss on both sides, during the two engagements, was very great, but no accurate list of killed and wounded had been forwarded when the steamer left.

All accounts agree that this was the most brilliant engagement of the present war. Garibaldi had also occupied the neighboring town of Lecco, and seized the steamers on Lake Como.

Everywhere he and his army were received with the warmest sympathy by the people. At Como the popular rejoicing knew no bounds. The bells of the churches were rung, the whole city illuminated, rockets sent up and everything done that could manifest the joy of the people.

The National Guard had been reorganized, the militia called out, and volunteers been flocking in all directions to Garibald's standard.

At Como, also, several large pieces of artillery fell into the hands of the Italians.

Now that the revolution had broken out, it was believed it would sweep over all Northern Lombardy.

At last accounts the Austrians were retiring towards Milan, and the garrisons of the Alpine stations seemed to be moving in the same direction. It was believed they would all be withdrawn.

THE SEAT OF WAR TO BE VISITED.—Col. Steptoe of the army, with three brother officers—Capts. Carr and Palmer and Lieut Palmer—have left for Europe, under leave of absence, for the purpose of visiting the seat of war, and observing the operations of the hostile armies. Their report will embrace, perhaps, the most minute and authentic account which will be given to the world of the stratagetic and other movements of these powerful armies. Many private citizens are hurrying to Europe for the purpose of witnessing a collision which will shake the old world, and which may destroy empires, kingdoms and dukedoms, and revolutionize all European society. Hon. L. M. Keitt, of South Carolina, and Hon. H. J. Raymond of the New York Times, have gone—the latter to correspond with his journal, and report "the latest from the seat of war."

SOMETHING NEW.—Lieut. Ives, late of the "Colorado Exploring Expedition," has been for some weeks engaged on a map of that portion of Europe covering the contemplated militay movements of the hostile armies, and he expects to have it finished in a short time. This map is of large size, and not only contains all the towns fortified, or capable of being fortified, but every point, by land or sea, which can, by possibility, become prominent in the war. He also shows the movements, battle-fields and approaches of the Napoleon I., during his campaigns in Northern Italy.

A Glance at the Past—Battles in Europe.

As a matter of interest, at present, we give the following result of desperate battles fought in Europe since 1812:

On the heights, four miles from Salamanca, in Spain, the English and Spaniards under Wellington, totally defeated the French under Marmont, on the 22d July, 1812. The allies lost 5,200 men, and the French 16,000.

At the battle of Smolenski, in Russia, in 1812, the French loss was 17,000, and that of the Russians 10,000.

At Borodino, on the 7th September, was fought a desperate battle between the the Russians and the French. The French lost in killed, wounded and prisoners, 50,000; and the Russians about the same number. The survivors of the French army, from the Russian campaign, were not more than 35,000 out of an army of 500,000 men.

At Lutzen, in Russian Saxony, on the 2d May, 1813, the allied Russian and Prussian forces were defeated by the French under Napoleon, the French losing 18,000 and the allies 15,000 men.

At Bautzen, in Saxony, on the 21st and 22d May, 1813, a battle took place between the allies and the French, in which the French loss was put down at 25,000, and that of the allies 15,000.

At Dresden, in Saxony, on the 26th and 27th August, 1813, the allies were defeated by the French. The loss of the allies was about 25,000 in killed, wounded and prisoners, and that of the French about 12,000.

At Leipsic, in Saxony, in October, 1813, a desperate battle was fought, which lasted three days, and the French were totally defeated by the allies. Napoleon lost two marshals, twenty generals, and 60,000 men. The allies lost 1,790 officers, and about 40,000 men.

At Victoria, in Spain, on the 21st June, 1813, the English and French fought a battle, in which the French lost 7,000 men, and the English 5,180 men.

At Toulouse, in France, Wellington defeated the French under Soult, on the 10th April, 1814. The French loss was 4,700; allied army's loss, 4,280 men.

At Ligny, in France, a battle occurred between the Prussians and French on the 16th June, 1815, two days before the battle of Waterloo, in which the Prussians lost 15,000 men, and the French 6,800.

In the indecisive battle at Quatre Bras, in Belgium, on the 17th of June, the day before that of Waterloo, the allies lost 5,200 men, and the French 114.

At Waterloo, the total loss of the allies was 16,630 men. Napoleon's was about 40,000.

Neither the Austrians nor the Prussians can derive much encouragement from history to engage in a war with France. The French troops have only been matched in these wars by the English, the Spaniards and the Russians—scarcely by the last named.

AGRICULTURE—ITS DIGNITY AND NECESSITY.—Mr. JEFFERSON never made a more important declaration than when he said, "If God has a chosen people upon earth, it is the Farmers." What calling, avocation or profession in life is more dignified and honorable, than that of the farmer?—The first human being ever created, was made a husbandman; as it was the first profession ever established, so it is also the highest in honor and importance.

The present complications in Europe ought to turn the attention of our young men to the pursuits of agriculture, as being the most safe and secure, as well as the most profitable calling in the world. Some one says, with great truth, that "all Europe, especially at this period, turns to the records and evidences of the peaceful progress and prosperity of the United States with, if not an envious, at least a sorrowful feeling at the shadows falling on *their* landscape, as shown by comparing the progress of affairs in politics, agriculture and commerce—not to speak of the arts and sciences—of the two continents. Let the good work of national development go on for the next as favorable as during the last quarter of a century, and beyond all peradventure the United States of America will be the most independent, the richest in all that constitutes national wealth, the most enlightened, free and happy of all the States of the world. But while indulging in all these pleasant anticipations, the strong-minded and strong-armed husbandmen of our country must yield to no consequent relaxation of effort—no feeling of enervation, induced by prosperity, should be allowed a moment's indulgence. Though already rich, the American Farmer's prosperity is the guarantee for the country's permanent progress; and who most successfully labors for his own wealth—so he *produce* as well as consume—is the best citizen, and best discharges his whole duty towards his countrymen. A surplus of produce of the necessaries of life enhances the facilities for manufacture, hence lessens our dependence on the manufacturers of Europe."

☞The coolest thing from Pike's Peak that we have seen, is the following, from a letter which is going the rounds of the press:—

"In Arraphoe county there are from eight to twelve hundred poor devils like myself, hunting gold, but not finding any. At present, we are preparing to skin the spring emigration, which is to be done by disposing of town sites and bad whisky."

From the San Francisco Herald, July 2.

Late News from Utah.

GENOA, U. T., June 26, 1859.

The Salt Lake mail arrived to-day at half-past twelve o'clock, with the mail and five through passengers. Capt. Cooper, one of the passengers, reports Hon. Horace Greeley and Major Chorpenning in the vicinity of Fort Bigler, *en route* for Salt Lake City and California.

About three hundred Pike's Peak emigrants arrived at the city on their way to California, in a desperate and destitute condition.

There was considerable excitement at Salt Lake on the 14th inst., occasioned by Capt. Dick Anderson's company of dragoons, who had been north on a survey, camping outside of the city about four miles, on what is represented as a barren, open field, so barren that full forage was given to the horses. They had got their tents pitched, when a Mormon came into camp and requested Capt. Anderson to remove his camp, as it was pitched on his wheat field. The captain refused, and the man growing insolent, was promptly placed under guard. When the news reached the city all Mormondom was in a tremor. Gov. Cumming was appealed to, and promptly undertook to set the man free, writing a note to Capt. Anderson, which did not have the desired effect. At eleven o'clock at night the city was filled with armed horsemen, under the immediate control of Lieut. Gen. Daniel H. Wells, the second dignitary in the Church, and Brig. Gen. Ferguson. Every Gentile in the city buckled on his battery to assist Capt. Anderson, who, with one hundred dragoons wide awake, lay a short distance from the city. Capt. Anderson had been informed that the gallopers were composed of the Nauvoo Legion. Things continued in this condition until about three A. M., when Judge Sinclair, upon an affidavit being filed, issued a writ of *habeus corpus* for the prisoner, and placed it in the hands of Marshal Dobson, who repaired to the camp, into whose hands the prisoner was promptly delivered by Capt. Anderson.

Report says the reason given by the Mormons for having bodies of armed horsemen on the streets was that they expected the Governor to call on the Nauvoo Legion as a posse, and wanted to be ready.

The last move of the Mormons was to sue out an attachment and a *capias* for Capt. A. The attempt failed before the Judges. Two other companies under command of Major Lindes arrived on the morning of the 14th and camped near the place where the difficulty occurred. Capt. A. had moved on towards Camp Floyd. Major Lindes' troops are intended as an escort to emigrants who contemplate leaving the Territory. There are about thirty apostat Mormon families with them, and between three and four hundred more will await them about one hundred miles north. Large numbers have also crossed the mountains going east. Judge Eckles was expected to arrive on the 15th inst.

About two thousand Pike's Peakers are reported on their way through here for California. Some trouble is anticipated when they arrive at this city in their destitute condition. Several merchant trains had arrived within a week previous to the departure of the mail, Eastern stages making quick time.

Kirk Anderson was to leave for California on the next stage.

It is reported by this arrival that an escort, sent out from Camp Floyd, had reached Gravelly Ford on the Humboldt, and had received orders to remain and build a garrison.

The stage passed a train of fifteen wagons, consisting principally of apostate Mormon families.

Major Dodge is a candidate for Congress from the proposed new Territory of Nevada. A spirited contest has already commenced between the friends of Judge Crane and Major Dodge, the rival candidate. The election comes off next Saturday, July 2d.

Sleeping Together.

If a man were to see a quarter of an inch of worm put in his cup of coffee, he could not drink it, because he knows that the whole cup would be impregnated. If a very small amount of some virulent poison be introduced into a glass of water, the drinking of it might not produce instant death, but that would not prove that it was not hurtful, only that there was not enough of it to cause a destructive result immediately.

We sicken at the thought of taking the breath of another the moment it leaves the mouth, but that breath mingles with the air about the bed in which two persons lie; and it is rebreathed, but not the less offensive is it in reality on account of the dilution, except that it is not taken in its concentrated form, but each breath makes it more concentrated. One sleeper corrupts the atmosphere of the room by his own breathing, but when two persons are breathing at the same time, twelve or fourteen times in each minute, each minute extracting all the nutriment from a gallon of air, the deterioration must be rapid indeed especially in a small and close room. A bird cannot live without a large supply of pure air. A canary bird hung up in a curtained bedstead where two persons slept, died before the morning.

Many infants are found dead in bed, and it is attributed to having been overlaid by the parent; but the idea that any person could lay still for a moment on a baby, or anything else of the same size, is absurd. Death was caused by the want of pure air.

Besides, emanations, aerial and more or less solid, are thrown out from every person—thrown out by processes of nature because no longer fit for life purposes, because they are dead and corrupt—but if breathed into another living body, it is just as abhorrent as if we took into our mouths the matter of a sore or any other excretion.

The most destructive typhoid and putrid fevers are known to arise directly from a number of persons living in the same small room.

Those who can afford it should, therefore, arrange to have each member of the family sleep in separate beds. If persons must sleep in the same bed, they should be about the same age, and in good health. If the health be much unequal, both will suffer, but the healthier one the most—the invalid suffering for want of entirely pure air.

So many cases are mentioned in standard medical works where healthy robust infants and larger children have dwindled away, and die in a few months from sleeping with grand-parents or other old persons that it is useless to cite special instances in proof.

It would be a constitutional, a moral good, for married persons to sleep in adjoining rooms, as a general habit. It would be a certain means or physical invigoration, and of advantages in other directions, which will readily occur to the reflective reader. Kings and Queens and the highest personages of courts have separate apartments. It is the bodily emanations collecting and concentrating under the same cover which are the most destractive of health—more destructive than the simple contamination of an atmosphere breathed in common.—*Hall's Journal of Heath.*

AN IMPORTANT OPINION.—The Attorney General has given to Wm. R. Drinkard, Esq., Acting Secretary of War, an opinion upon the claim of the St. James' Catholic Mission to the ground at Vancouver, Washington Territory, occupied by the Mission Church, schools, and other buildings, all of which are within the limits of the Milton reserve established in 1853.—The Attorney General holds that the Church has a clear title to all the grounds, buildings, and improvements which were occupied by the Mission at the dates of the acts organizing territorial governments for Oregon and Washington; but that the claim does not embrace lands which at those dates were neither actually nor constructively occupied by the mission, but were held by other parties. The effect of this will be to give the Church undisturbed possession of the improvements which it now holds, but will not allow it to appropriate all the buildings erected by the Hudson's Bay Company or by the United States, on grounds which the Mission never occupied.

SPARE THE BIRDS.—We are glad to see that the Agricultural papers in the different States, are deprecating in the most emphatic terms, the baneful practice so generally indulged in, that of shooting the birds, especially at this season of the year. We desire to enter our protest also, against this unjustifiable crusade against the feathered tribe, more particularly our favorite songsters. We pity the wretch who has so little music in his soul, that he can wantonly kill one of these choral melodists, who are among the choice gifts of a munificent Providence. They enliven and cheer the husbandman in his labors; they make his home cheerful and pleasant. More than this, they protect his crops from swarms of devouring insects, which would otherwise do him irreparable injury. Destroy the birds, and these insect-tribes would multiply beyond all computation. They are, therefore, the best friends the farmer has. They protect his grain-fields, his orchards and gardens. The idle vagabonds who pouch upon your grounds with dog and gun to make war upon the birds, deserve a season of discipline in the work-house.

When people properly understand this matter, they will neither kill the birds themselves, nor suffer it to be done by others. When they become convinced of the truth that, as the birds decrease the insects multiply, they will not suffer these feathered friends to be killed in wantonness and sport. They will regard the bird hunter as their enemy and treat him accordingly. Invite the birds to your gardens and farms, and let them be assured of your unfailing protection.

STOCK IN OREGON.—Maurice Baker, who went to Oregon last fall, to purchase cattle, informs the *Yreka Union* that there are now on the road to California 20,000 head, in droves of from seventy-five up to eleven hundred head. In Oregon, two-year old steers bring from $23 to $25; three year olds, about $32, and four year olds, as much as $45—they are worth more there than here, and the drover will sustain heavy losses. Grass is scarce, and dried up on the road; no rain since the first of May.—*Alta California.*

Pioneer and Democrat.

OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1859.

EDWARD FURSTE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

"Truth crush'd to earth will rise again,
The eternal years of God are hers."

Threats and Menaces.

The article in our last issue, wherein we reviewed in a brief manner the action and decision of the board of judges for Olympia precinct, it would seem, has been received by *one* of that board in a spirit quite different from that which dictated it. That article was written by us with a full knowledge of our duty, and the wrong, as we believed, which had been imposed upon the voters of this precinct by the decision of that body on the day of the election. Conscious of our duty, we should have been recreant to our trust had we passed the matter by in silence.

The position of an editor of a public journal, and more especially of a political journal, is indeed a delicate and unthankful one. It is expected of him by all, save those who may unfortunately be the subject of his strictures, to combat error and express the truth, without "fear, favor, or affection." In so doing, it not unfrequently happens that personal friends—as in this instance—are unavoidably made the subjects of his criticisms. If he (the editor) fails in such case to openly condemn and discountenance their course, the charge of "partiality" or "favoritism" is instantly instituted against him, whilst "vindictiveness" or "animosity" would be his guiding-star in the instance of an enemy—*personal* or political. Under these circumstances, we know of no course which we can more consistently pursue than that of strict honor and honesty—dealing out justice—measure for measure—to both friend and foe. Acting upon this axiom, our conscience will not be the accuser, whatever *may be* the accusations of others. This course we intend to pursue, regardless of consequences; and all the "threats and menaces" of *bullies*, roughs or "shoulder-strikers" cannot deter us therefrom. We can assure all that such things have not a feather's weight of influence upon us, and threats of "choking," made to us during the past week, have not caused us a moment's uneasiness. We are most decidedly opposed to it, and shall not, *willingly*, consent to *feel* it put into execution upon our "breathing apparatus."

We are extremely sorry that our position should incur for us the animosity of such as we have ever regarded as warm friends. In any other situation in life, we could exist and associate with our fellowman *for years*, without incurring the ill-will or hated of those we have made enemies in so many months. But, conscious of the rectitude of our intentions—determined to do our duty faithfully and honestly—we shall continue to pursue the even tenor of our way, ardently hoping that while we may differ with many in views of policy, men or measures, it may not follow as a consequence that an estrangement of feeling shall be its inevitable and invariable consequence.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.—The steamer *Julia*, Capt. CLARK, and *Wilson G. Hunt*, Capt. BURNS, both left here on Monday last for Victoria. The *Hunt*, we learn, is running in opposition to the former vessel, which is now employed in conveying the mails.

Mr. LOWELL, purser of the *Julia*, will please accept thanks for Victoria papers, received by that vessel on Thursday morning last. Mr. L. never forgets the printer. May he live a long life and always be able to enjoy it. J. E. WHITWORTH, Freeman & Co.'s agent, has our thanks for Victoria papers.

The schooner *Eclipse*, Capt. PHILLIPS, arrived here on Sunday morning last, from Whidby's Island. She sailed again on Wednesday morning, with a full cargo of produce and assorted merchandise. We hope our friend PHILLIPS' business may be ever prosperous.

The light-house steamer *Shubrick* again paid us a visit on Monday morning last, having on board Col. CASEY, commander at Fort Steilacoom. She sailed hence on Wednesday last.

The steamer *Massachusetts* is lying at the Squoxin reservation, seven miles below this place, undergoing slight repairs in her machinery. She is awaiting orders.

FRUIT.—Present appearances indicate that fruit will be more plentiful than ever heretofore in our Territory. It is not an uncommon sight to see an apple tree in the fourth year of its growth, and not more than six or seven feet high, loaded with a bushel or more of the finest fruit. It meets with ready sale, at almost exorbitant prices. Cherries, 25 cents a pint; gooseberries, 40 cents a quart. Early apples readily sale at from 30 to 40 cents per lb, but the average price is not exceeding 20 cents.

Further Election Returns.

But little additional news has been received by us during the past week, which would definitely settle the majority received by Gov. STEVENS over his competitor for delegate honor—Col. WM. H. WALLACE. Sufficient, however, is known to warrant us in saying that he is elected—elected by a triumphant majority—a majority considerably greater than he received over his former opponent—Mr. ABNETHY,—and that when the entire Territory shall have been heard from, a majority of between six and seven hundred voters shall have pronounced him the most competent and available man of the two contestants.

According to our published returns, last week, WALLACE left the Sound with nine majority. But by patiently waiting one week, we find STEVENS has a majority of 20! Island county, instead of going 13 for WALLACE, has given us 7 majority. The returns since received, swells up the majority thus far as follows:—

Steven's majority	on the Sound...	20
"	" in Lewis.....	49
"	" Cowlitz.....	50
"	" Pacific.....	58
"	" Wahkiakum...	10
"	" Chehalis *	39
"	" Clarke *	234
"	" Skamania * ...	38
	Total.....	498

* One precinct to hear from.

The counties of Walla-walla and Spokane are yet to hear from.

In Clarke county the entire democratic ticket is elected—H. L. CAPLES to the Council, and the following gentlemen to the House:—J. D. BILES, A. C. SHORT, J. P. SHOCKLEY, A. M. SIMMONS, and H. KNAPP.

So far as we yet have heard, not a single republican has been elected to either branch of the Legislature. In some three or four instances, "Independent" democrats have been elected over the party nominee. Such is the case in Island and King counties. In Jefferson county we learn no regular nomination had been made, and Mr. J. M. VAN VALZAH elected. He is said to be a thorough Administration democrat. He was a member of the California legislature some years since, and is represented to us as a very intelligent gentleman.

STOUT ELECTED—DEMOCRACY VICTORIOUS!—The mail from Oregon which arrived yesterday brought us the gratifying intelligence that Judge STOUT has been elected to represent Oregon in the next Congress. Official returns have been received from all the counties at the office of the Secretary of State, and the result shows a majority of 45 for STOUT.

SAGACIOUS—VERY.—An anonymous correspondent of the Steilacoom *Herald*, a few weeks since, predicted that WALLACE's majority in Kitsap county would be, *at least*, 150, in Pierce 125, &c.; while STEVENS' majority in Whatcom county would be 5⅝ votes, and in Thurston county—"the headquarters of the federal officials"—it *might* possibly run up to 50! Since the votes have been counted, we find WALLACE's majority in those counties to be 12 and 74, and STEVENS' 108 and 106!!

We would be under many obligations to Mr. PROSCH, of the *Herald*, if he would make public the name of that sagacious individual. We should like to secure the services of that "seer," in preparing "conjectures of the weather" for a comic almanac, which will make its appearance simultaneous with Mr. SEWARD's inaugural address as president, in 1861. A *wooden* cut of his countenence is also desirable to illustrate the title-page. Oh! thou "profit!"

CROPS.—Never to our knowledge, has the prospect been so favorable for heavy crops of wheat and oats, as it is this year. Though the winter and spring were rather backward, the present warm weather will fully make up the deficiency. The crop throughout this and Pierce counties, we should judge from present appearances, will yield, on an average, twenty bushels per acre of wheat, and from thirty to thirty-five and forty bushels of oats. This, at $1 per bushel for oats, and $1 50 to $2 for wheat, will appear like profitable farming to our friends in the States. The above are only the average prices of the country, not its highest.

BREWERY.—Mr. ISAAC N. Wood, of "Wood Lawn Farm," in this county, will shortly erect an establishment for the manufacture of that universally used and delicious beverage—*lager beer*. Mr. W. is said to be an adept at the trade, and guarantees to manufacture an article "equal to the best." He left for San Francisco a few days since to purchase the necessary apparatus.

Our farmers will thus have thrown open to them a market for all their barley—that is, if the "boys" will only consume the exhilerating beverage with the same facility with which Mr. W. will be capable of supplying it. Now let us observe who will engage in the culture of barley.

Bellingham Bay Coal Mine.

We are glad to hear that the largest coal dealers in San Francisco, Messrs. Sinclair & Williams, have contracted with the Bellingham Bay Coal Co. for 10,000 tons of coal, to be delivered during the ensuing ten months, at $12 50 per ton. And the same dealers desire to contract for 4,000 tons more at the same price.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Co. have also made propositions for a large amount for their steamers.

The stockholders having lately paid in an assessment upon their stock of $20,000, the energetic superintendent, Judge Fizhugh, and the mining engineer, Mr. Tomkins, are making arrangements for the mining of 150 tons per day. Large additions to the company's works at Bellingham Bay, such as a railway, shutes and wharves, and such an arrangement of their large and powerful steam engine as will greatly facilitate the easy and rapid delivery of coals from the mines to shipping in the Bay direct, without any intermediate handling, are now being made.

The brig *Ann Parry* and bark *Leonesa* have recently been loaded with coal, and have sailed for San Francisco.

We predict for this valuable product of the Territory a rapid development, and congratulate the company upon its brilliant prospects.

CLOSE OF THE SCHOOL.—The summer term of Mr. GATCH's school closed on Friday last, and its scholars are now enjoying the pleasure of a six weeks' vacation. The school is in a very flourishing and prosperous condition, being largely attended and all interested wholly satisfied. Mr. GATCH is highly respected by his pupils, both large and small, while by their parents or guardians he is held in the highest estimation. The system of education pursued by Mr. G. we can confidently recommend to all having in charge the education of youths. The school will be re-opened in the early part of September.

CORRECTION.—In our issue, last week, we accidently noted the election of F. A. CHENOWETH, representative from Island county, as a republican victory. This is a mistake. Mr. C.'s antecedents are democratic throughout, notwithstanding he bolted the nominee of the democratic territorial convention, and ran in opposition to Mr. MILLER, the regular nominee of the party in Island county. While we do justice to Mr. C. to state what have been his *antecedents*, we cannot say, from our own knowledge, what his political principles may be *now*. Nor would we, by any means, be understood as endorsing the "bolting" system of some of our democratic friends. A *good* democrat will not be guilty of the like.

NEW BRIDGE.—A new bridge across the De Shutes river has just been commenced about a quarter of a mile below the one just finished. We understand it is being built entirely by private enterprise, and that it will cost about $2,000. It will cross the river at the lower falls, above the mill of Messrs. CROSBY & BARNES, and the tannery of Messrs. BILES & CARTER. The bridge will be some four hundred feet in length. Messrs. CROSBY & BARNES build it almost entirely at their own expense. The bridge will be free.

Official Vote of Sawamish County.

		Oakland precint.	Graham's do.	Hood's Canal, do.	North Bay, do.	Total
For Delegate	I. I. Stevens, D	10	17	19	—	46
	W. H. Wallace, R	1	3	18	5	27
For J't. Council'n.	James Biles, D	10	15	9		34
	S. Guthrie, R		3	15	5	23
	Scattering	1				
For Represent.	C. W. Swindal, D	10	15	9		33
	F. C. Purdy, R.		3	16	5	24
	Scattering	1				
For C'ty Commis'rs	Lee Hancock, D	10	15	9		34
	Thos. Weeb, D	10	15	8		33
	Herod Wells, R.		3	16	5	24
For Assessor.	A. D. Fisher, D.	10	15	9		34
	B. F. Cross, R.		2	16	5	23
	Wm. Walter, R.	1				

Stevens' majority over Wallace..... 19
Biles' majority over Guthrie..... 11
Swindal's majority over Purdy..... 9

SAILED.—The steamer *Constitution*, A. B. GOVE, commander, sailed hence for San Francisco on Tuesday evening last. She had on board some eighty head of cattle, which are to be landed at Victoria.

The citizens of the Sound will sensibly feel her absence. No vessel ran with more regularity, and on no vessel were they treated with more genuine hospitality. It was always her good fortune to be commanded by able officers—men who stood foremost in the rank of gentlemen. She had become a "part and parcel" of our existence. That she may make a quick and profitable voyage, is the wish of the *Pioneer* CREW.

☞The excursion on the *Julia*, to-day, may be expected to be a grand affair.—There will be a general turn out of the young ladies, if for no other reason than to see SCRANTON do the agreeable.

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.—Cisterns are now being constructed at the crossings of Main with Front, First and Second streets, by order of the city council, as a precaution against fires in this vicinity. They are twelve feet square, and are to be sunk to such depth as will give three feet of water in the dryest season. Constant water in convenient localities is the only safeguard possessed by our city against an entire conflagration, and this action of our council in the premises, alone, would repay citizens for any extra taxes to which they may have been obliged to submit, even though our city organization should fall through to-morrow.

Mr. F. W. SEELEY was awarded the contract for their construction.

A CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT.—By looking over our advertising columns, this week, the reader will see that our neighbor, JOHN M. SWAN, offers a large number of town lots for sale, at public auction. These lots are situated in the eastern portion of Olympia, or what is commonly known as "Swan's addition," ranging from four to ten squares directly east from Main street. The grounds on which these lots are laid out is well supplied with springs of excellent water, and is a most eligible location for residences, as it is destined to become, ere long, a prominent and important part of our young, but steady growing city. We would recommend to all who desire to make good, safe, and profitable investment in real estate, to examine the grounds, choose their locations, and attend the sale on the 30th inst., as Mr. SWAN informs us that he is going to sell on terms that ought to induce persons to purchase freely.

☞Since the publication of the letter of "S. P. M." in our columns, parties from all directions have been scouring the country in search of good, *improved* Hudson Bay and Puget Sound Agricultural lands, with a view of "squatting" thereon. We are unable to say whether they meet with success or not.

☞J. E. WHITWORTH, of Freeman & Co.'s Express, has again placed us under obligations for late Oregon papers—*Advertiser* and *News* of 15th and 16th inst.

From Victoria.

From the British *Colonist*, of the 18th inst., we clip the following items:—

ACCIDENT TO THE STEAMER GOV. DOUGLAS.—The *Douglas* left here at 6 A. M., on Friday morning with 100 passengers, and the largest freight list she ever carried for Queensborough. At about 8½ A. M., when about 16 miles from here, near Cordova Bay, the donkey engine gave out, failing to supply the boilers with water. Her head was turned towards Cordova Bay, for anchorage, and when near the southern point of the entrance, and within 40 yards of the shore, she struck on a rock, where she remained till the tide rose. Luckily it was nearly low water, and the swell light. Had the weather been boisterous, or had she struck at high water, she must have become a total wreck. The schooner *Langley*, bound for Nanimo, was near and came to her assistance, took out the freight forward, which lightened her and she worked off.—Blankets were used to stop the holes in her bottom; the donkey engine and bailers set to work which kept her free of water.—When she got off she returned to Victoria, meeting a short distance outside the harbor the *Labouchere*, which had started to her assistance. On arriving here with the *Langley*, her freight and passengers were placed on board the *Labouchere* for Queensborough. The *Douglas* is now at Esquimalt repairing. Three holes, nearly as large as a man's head, were found in one plank 10 or 15 feet long. The shipwrights will have her fit for sea in two days. Capt. Murry is deserving of a great deal of credit for the cool and collected manner in which he discharged his duty on the occasion. One oversight has been remarked by passengers,—the want of a sufficient number of boats to save the passengers in case the accident had completely wrecked her, or had occurred in a more dangerous place.

GOLD EXPEDITION.—Two meetings have been held in Victoria to organize an expedition to Queen Charlotte's Island. Somewhere near ninety have agreed to go. Mr. G. I. Wight has agreed to secure the passage of a hundred for $500, with the privilege of keeping the vessel for a month.—They propose taking three months provisions. We hope every encouragement will be given to the expeditionists; for whether successful or not in being repaid in gold, the addition to our stock of knowledge respecting the country will full repay the expense of the undertaking. If reliance can be placed on men of veracity, gold has been found there in large quantities. Each party is expected to deposit his $5 to-day with McDonald & Co., Bankers.—*British Colonist, July* 18.

We learn from the *Gazette* of the 19th, that seventy men had paid in their $5 and joined the expedition.

A NEW STYLE OF ENVELOPES.—The propriety of adopting an improved style in the prepartion of stamped envelopes, is being considered by the Postmaster General. The envelopes spoken of, and which are just coming into use, are so prepared that black lines on the inside of the back of the envelope, and invisible from without, become patent on the front when the envelope is pressed, and serve as ruled lines to guide the superscription. The additional expense of these envelopes, which are gotten up in superior style, is trifling, and their convenience has commended them to the attention of the department.—*Washington Star.*

☞Messrs. L. D. DURGIN and JOHN CATLIN, of Cowlitz county; HENRY MILLER and HOLDEN A. JUDSON, of Lewis; H. K. STEVENS, of Pacific; A. C. RAND, of King; and Hon. WM. STRONG, of Wahkiacum county, will severally accept our *best* thanks for early news of the election in their respective counties. Gentlemen, we are at your service—ready to *oblige*, &c.

War between Russia and Turkey Imminent.

But for the "war of Italian Independence," which monopolizes the attention of the writers and readers of newspapers, to the exclusion almost of every other topic, the eyes of the world would, at this moment, be directed with no less intense an interest upon Turkey. European Turkey, from all accounts, is on the eve of great events. A rising of the Christian population against the Mahomedan element is seriously apprehended. Prince Conza, who was elected Hospodar of the Danubian Principalities, under the auspices of Russia and France, and sustained by these powers against the protests of the Sultan and the remonstrances of England, has demanded back the arms which the Russians carried away, when they were compelled, previous to the Crimean war, to evacuate the Principalities. Prince Couza is the creature of Russia, and the meaning of his demand, it is easy enough to divine. Russia is perfectly willing to give up the arms, and France, which was consulted in the matter, declared the request of the Hospodar quite reasonable.

Warlike prepartions are also going on in Montenegro, a country always ready to do the bidding of the Czars. Bulgaria is reported as comparatively quiet, but the political agitation in the Southern and Western provinces of Turkey, Albania, Macedonia, Thessalia and Thrace is exceedingly great. In Greece itself the patriots openly declare that the moment for enlarging the kingdom has arrived. Of the state of things in the South Sclavonic provinces of Austria, nothing favorable could be said, it being a positive fact that the Russian propagandists were never so active there as at present. Hungary was also full of Russian agents, and it had recently been remarked that the Czechs in Bohemia, displayed more animosity than usual towards the Germans.

The Austrian government has concentrated a force of 200,000 men in Gulicia and upon the Russian frontiers. Prince Milosh, in Servia, was organizing from 20,000 to 30,000 militia; and Omar Pasha, who was at Bagdad, had been ordered to proceed in all haste to Shumla, where a force of 120,000 Turks are stationed.—These are symptoms of an approaching storm. The present unsettled state of Europe, the occupation of Austria in Italy, the helpless condition of England, offer an opportunity to the ambition of Russia, which she will never allow to escape without turning it to account. The plan of the Russo-French alliance concerning Turkey is approaching its realization, and the days of Ottoman Empire in Europe are numbered.—*Pennsylvanian.*

☞The gold coinage of the U. S. Mint in Philadelphia, for the month of May, as reported at the Treasury Department, was $76,640, being about equally divided between quarter eagles, eagles, and double eagles. The silver coinage in the same time was $104,080, all in half dollars. Of cents, 2,500,000 were coined. The coinage of the month was $205.940, covering 2,722,234 pieces. The deposits of the month were $215,760 in gold.

A RELIC OF OLDEN TIMES.—An ancient barrel is in the possession of Benson Coe, of West Hartford, Mass. It bears date 1610, and is, therefore, two hundred and forty nine years old. It is known to have been used as a vinegar cask for over one hundred and eighty years. The cask is still sound, and some of the hoops were on it before the Revolutionary war. Mr. Coe supposes that his ancesters brought it from Holland at the time of the earliest settlement in Massachusetts.

OLYMPIA PRICES CURRENT—RETAIL.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE PIONEER AND DEMOCRAT BY AYERS & WILLIAMS.

THURSDAY EVENING, July 21, 1859.

The town demand for goods during the past week has been remarkably light, although the average sales have probably been fully sustained by buyers from the interior, who are freely purchasing in anticipation of an abundant harvest.

Wheat, Oats, and Eggs are scarce and in request. We note sales of Bacon at 10@20 per lb.; Butter 37½ @40; Eggs 50 cents per doz.

Provisions—		Turpentine, " "	2,00
Beef, fresh, ₽ lb	15@18	**Groceries—**	
Mutton, " ₽ "	25	Sugar, bro. ₽ lb	12@15
Pork, fresh neat	none	Sugar, white crush. per lb	18@20
" retail,	none	Coffee ₽ lb	20@25
Mess Pork, ₽ bbl	35@40	Tea, " "	60@ $1.50
Clear Pork, ₽ ½ bbl	$20,	Rice Caro., ₽ lb	@10
Bacon, clear, ₽ lb	@25	Rice Apples, ₽ lb	@20
Hams, ₽ lb	@22	Dried Peaches " "	20
Shoulders, ₽ lb	@20	Chili Peaches, " "	25@35
Salmon, ₽ lb	@10	Soap, ₽ box	$2.25
Codfish, ₽ lb	none	Starch, ₽ lb	25
Mackerel, ₽ hf bbl	$10@12	Candles, ml'd, ₽ lb	35
Butter, ₽ lb	45@50	do Adm. " "	35@50
Lard, " "	25	do Sperm, " "	75
Cheese, " "	37½	Tobacco, ₽ lb	40@75
Flour, ₽ 100 lbs	@$5 00	Saleratus, " "	15@20
Corn Meal, ₽ lb	8	Pepper, grain, ₽ lb	37½
Salt, fine, " "	@3	Syrups, ₽ gal	75@120
Salt, coarse, ₽ lb	@2½	Vinegar, cider, ₽ gallon	50
Potatoes, ₽ bush	75	Lamp oil, ₽ gal	@$1.50
Onions, " "	none	**Liquors—**	
Wheat " "	1.75	Brandy, ₽ gal	1.25@1.50
Turnips, " "	1.50	Whiskey, "	1.00@1.50
Oats, per bushel,	75@7	Gin, ₽ gal	@ 2.50
Beans, Chili, ₽ lb	none	Port Wine, ₽ gal.	@ 2.50
Beans, white, ₽ lb	6	Cherry Brandy, ₽ gallon	1.50@$2
Eggs, ₽ doz	50	**Sundries—**	
Dry Goods—		Nails, ₽ keg	@$7.50
Sheetings, bro. 4-4 per yard	12@15	Window glass, ₽ box	4.50@7
Shirtings, bro. 15 by piece per yard	16	Sash, ₽ light	12@16
Shirtings, bleached 4-4	16½	Axes,	1.75@2 25
Drillings, bro. ₽ yd	14@16	Buckets, 3 hoop,	50@$1
Prints, ₽ yard	12@20	Brooms,	37@62
Blankets, ₽ pr	$6@$8	**Lumber—**	
Hosiery, wool hlf, per doz	$3.50@$6	Sawed fir, ₽ M	12@16
do cotton, ₽ doz	2.50@$3	" cedar, "	16@20
Paints, &c—		Shingles, ₽ M	4.50@$5
Lead, white, ₽ lb	@15	Square timber, ₽ foot	8@10
do colors, " "	18@25	Piles, ₽ foot	@5
Linseed oil, ₽ gl	$1.75		

A Card to the Public.

As will have been observed by a notice published at the time, the undersigned disposed of his interest in the office of the PIONEER AND DEMOCRAT to the present proprietor, on the 18 day of February last, (subject to certain conditions)—it being the agreement that the undersigned should have the editorial management of the paper up to the time of the election just held. My connection, therefore, editorially, with the paper ceased with the July No.—33. I state this merely to advise the public that hereafter all correspondence with, or communications for the paper may be addressed to the proper person.

JAMES W. WILEY.

Teekalet Shipping Report.

IN PORT LOADING—Bark Mayflower, for San Francisco.
Ship Triton for Calao.
Schooner Toando, for San Pedro.
Ship Eliza and Ella for Honolulu.
Schooner Kossuth for Columbia River.
Ship Leonore, San Francisco.

☞The following letter, which emphatically speaks for itself, was written by the Dean of the Faculty of the Philadelphia College of Medicine—to the editors of the Pacific Medical and Surgical Journal, San Francisco, for publication:

PHILADELPHIA, January 17, 1859.

To the Editors of the "Pacific Medical and Surgical Journal"—Gentlemen: My attention has been called to an article in the December number of your journal in regard to the ad eundem degree granted by the Philadelphia College of Medicine to Dr. L. J. Czapkay. When the application for the degree was made to the Faculty, it was accompanied by affidavits and testimonials to the effect that Dr. Czapkay was a regular graduate M. D. of the University of Pesth, had served as Surgeon in the Hungarian army and was a regular practitioner of medicine. On the strength of these the degree was granted. The ad eundem degree, as its name implies, is conferred on graduates only, and gives us new privileges. Had there been the slightest suspicion of irregularity, the application would have been refused. By inserting this in your journal, you will do an act of justice to the college, and confer a favor on, Yours, very respectfully, H. RAND, Dean of the Faculty of the Philadelphia College of Medicine.

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY'S PRIVATE MEDICAL and Surgical Institute is on Sacramente street, below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, San Francisco. The Doctor offers free consultations, and asks no remuneration unless he effects a cure. Office hours, from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.

CERTIFICATE.

I, the undersigned, Governor of Hungary, do testify hereby, that Dr. L. J. Czapkay has served during the contest for Hungarian liberty, as Chief Surgeon in the Hungarian army, with faithful perseverance—whereof I have given him this certificate, and do recommend him to the sympathy, attention and protection of all those who are capable of appreciating patriotic self-sacrifice and undeserved misfortune.

KOSSUTH LAJOS,
Governor of Hungary.

Washington City, Jan. 6, 1852.

☞Persons not wishing to lose time in corresponding, please enclose $10 in their letters, and they will get immediate attention to their cases.

Address, L. J. CRAPKAY, M. D.,
San Francisco, Cal.

October, 1858. 3m26

New Advertisements.

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office at Olympia, W. T., July 1st, 1859, and if not taken out within three months, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office as dead letters:

Anthony, S P		Martin, John	2
Andrews, Julius		Mattison, M. V.	
Benner, W. S.		Muller, M D	
Baker, John		Mignel, Wm.	
Bedington, Wm.		Nye, Hon. J. W.	
Cady, Edson	2	Noll, A B	2
Chapman, Jerry		O'Keefe, C.	
Clark, A C		O'Flaherty, Barney	
Carter & Jones,		Potter, Thos N	
George, W. A		Robbinson, J H	2
Hathaway, O P		Rolls, Dennis	
Harsel, H W		Strum, Henry	
Handle, Gerret		Scullum, Wm	3
Howe, H		Simmons, Marion	
Kelly, John		Smith, R C	
Knowl, Chas.		Tompkins, C	
Lake, E A		Scott, Winfield	
Lyttle, Thos.		Sutton, S H	
Lathrop, G W		Scammons, J S	
Lemmon, Wm.		Stevenson, J W	
Mury, P		Trott, Herman	
Menlding, J. R.	3	Veeder, Aaron	
		Warren, Elanson	

Persons calling for the above letters will please say they are advertised.

RUFUS WILLARD, P. M.

☞The Trustees of the Puget Sound Wesleyan Institute have elected the Rev. B. C Lippencott Principal of said Institute, and the school will be re-opened on the first Monday of September next.

TRUSTEE.

REMOVAL.

THE Office of the Superintedent of Indian Affairs for Oregon and Washington Territory has been removed to Portland, to which correspondents will address their communications.

EDWARD R. GEARY,
Supt. Ind. Affairs.

July 12, 1859. 35:3w

LAGER BEER.

HEFRON & CO.

ARE OUR AGENTS FOR THE WHOLESALE and retail of our Lager at Olympia and surrounding country.

SCHMIGT & CO.,
Puget Sound Brewery, Steilacoom.

HEFRON & CO.,
Agents, Olympia.

35:3m

Administrator's Sale.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY, } Probate Court.
Clark County.

Estate of Isabella Rogers, Deceased,
LEVI FARNSWORTH, Administrator.

BY VIRTUE AND AUTHORITY OF AN ORDER to me issued as the Administrator of the estate of ISABELLA G. ROGERS, deceased, by the Probate Court of said county and Territory, on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1859, in pursuance of an order issued to me by the said Court on the 17th of May, A. D. 1859, I will sell at public outcry, at the Court House door in the city of Vancouver, Clarke County, Washington Territory, within the usual and legal hours of sales, on the Twenty-seventh day of August, A. D. 1859, the following property belonging to said estate:

THE VANCOUVER STEAM SAW MILL,

which is now in successful and profitable operation, together with all the appurtenances incident or belonging to the same in any way whatever, as also the lots on which the mill stands, and which is known on the plan of said city as lots five (5) and six (6) in block forty-eight (48). Also, lots one (1), two (2), three (3), four (4), seven (7), eight (8), in block forty-eight 48).

TERMS.—A credit of six months, with notes drawing legal interest from the date, with sufficient security and a lien reserved on said premises, will be given and required.

LEVI FARNSWORTH,
Administrator of the estate of Isabella G. Rodgers, deceased.

Vancouver, W. T., July 14, 1859. 4w35

NOTICE.

THE HEIRS AT LAW OF WILLIAM MARTINDILLE'S estate are hereby notified, that unless they appear and establish their heirship on or before the first day of July, (1860) eighteen hundred and sixty, that all of the property and proceeds of the same will escheat to the County of Pacific, in accordance with the provision of law in such case made and provided.

By order of the Probate Court of Pacific County.

GEORGE DAWSON,
Administrator.

July 12, A. D. 1859. 35:3w

NOTICE.

TO ALL PERSONS WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT MY WIFE, LUCY MADISON, of the County of Clalm, W. T., has left my bed and board without just cause, and that I will not be responsible for any debts which she may hereafter contract.

B. J. MADISON.

Dated July 1st, 1859. 35:tf

WANTED!

COUNTY ORDERS WANTED by
HEFRON & CO.
Olympia, July 27, 1859. 35tf

NOTICE.

JOHN SNYDER, BOUND TO THE SUBSCRIBER according to law, by the Probate Court of the county of Thurston, left my house on Thursday the 14th July. He speaks good English, is about 5 feet high, light complexion and light hair. Had on when he left blue pants, black and blue striped coat, and white flat cap. All persons are forbid harboring him under penalty of a prosecution, and are hereby cautioned not to trust him, as I will pay no debts of his contracting. Any information respecting his whereabouts, will be rewarded liberally by
GEORGE LUTZ.
On the New Road—7 miles from Olympia.
Thurston Co., W. T., July 16, 1859. 3w35

REDINGTON & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

107 Clay Street, San Francisco.

OFFER TO THE TRADE A FULL, COMPLETE and desirable assortment of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Having recently completed business arrangements by which one of the firm will reside permanently in New York, for the purpose of selecting and forwarding goods for our own trade, we are enabled to offer superior advantages to purchasers, as we shall at all times have the benefit of changes in the market, and can guarantee all articles of our own selection to be fresh and genuine.

We respectfully solicit the attention of the trade in Oregon, Washington Territory, and British Columbia, as our long experience in the drug business, and our present complete arrangements for purchasing in the East, will, we are confident, enable us to offer such inducements as will give perfect satisfaction to all who may favor us with their orders.

General agents for the celebrated

GRAEFENBERG FAMILY MEDICINES.

REDINGTON & CO.,
3m33 Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco.

PIONEER BOOK STORE,

MAIN STREET, OLYMPIA, W. T.

J. E. WHITWORTH,
DEALER IN
Books, Stationery, Wall Paper, Seeds and Fruit.

Also—Agent for Freeman & Co.'s Express.
June 16, 1859. 30tf

"CAPT. GRAY'S COMPANY." A new work, written, printed and published in Oregon. Out at last. By an Oregon lady. For sale at the
PIONEER BOOK STORE.

FREDERIC THE GREAT; by Carlyle. Just received and for sale at the
PIONEER BOOK STORE.

BAYARD TAYLOR'S TRAVELS—6 vols. Just received at the
PIONEER BOOK STORE.

RECOLLECTIONS OF A LIFE TIME; by Peter Parley—in 2 vols. Illustrated. For sale at the
PIONEER BOOK STORE.

ORANGES AND STRAWBERRIES, for sale during the season.
J. E. WHITWORTH.

D. PHILLIPS. D. L. PHILLIPS.

D. PHILLIPS & SON,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, FAMILY GROCERIES, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS,

CROCKERY WARE, &c., &c.,

Olympia, W. T.

June 10, 1859. 29ly

C. CROSBY & CO.

TUM WATER,

OFFER FOR SALE A LARGE AND EXTENSIVE stock of

DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
HARD-WARE,
CROCKERY-WARE,

and in fact every thing to supply the wants of the country, which they are selling low for cash or country produce.
Tum Water, W. T., May 12, 1859. 25tf

FOR SALE.

221 HEAD OF STOCK.

The undersigned having established a permanent cattle ranch on the claim formerly occupied by Mr. Van Buren, in Pierce county, W. T., ten miles east of Steilacoom, and 1½ miles from the road leading from Steilacoom to the Muck, is at all times prepared to supply butchers, shippers, and the public generally with

Beef Cattle, and No. 1 stock Milch Cows—Work Oxen—Young stock—Yearlings, Steers and Heifers—Extra Fine Bulls.

All of which will be sold low for cash. As the undersigned is permanently located as above, it is his intention to keep up his supply of stock to the figure he has now on hand.
THOMAS S. JEFFRIES.
May 20, 1859. 27

IRA WARD. SMITH HAYS.

WARD & HAYS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
FLOUR, WHEAT, SHORTS, BRAN, LUMBER, &c.
TUMWATER, W. T.

AT the warehouse of WARD & HAYS, two miles south of Olympia, at the falls of Shutes river, the public will at all times find in store, and for sale, any quantity of the above enumerated articles, at prices conformable with the times. Everything they have to sell, they will warrant to be fully equal to what they may represent it. Small vessels can reach the vicinity of their warehouse on the flood, load, and leave on the ebb tide.
Tumwater, Nov. 28, 1856. 2-ly

WASHINGTON HOTEL,

SIGN OF THE LONE TREE,
CORNER OF MAIN AND SECOND STREETS,
OLYMPIA, W. T.

SILAS GALLIHER, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR has recently erected, in connection with, and as a part of the "Washington Hotel" a large two story building—20 by 60 feet—by which he is enabled to provide the traveling public with a larger number of capacious, comfortable and excellently ventilated apartments than can be afforded by any other public house in Washington Territory. An idea of his ability to accommodate the public may be judged from the fact that the Hotel contains twenty-five private rooms—(exclusive of family apartments)—six of which are large drawing rooms, or parlors.

Thankful to the public for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to the proprietor, and having thus enlarged upon his former business, he feels confident he can render the sojourn of strangers with him comfortable and pleasant, and no pains shall be spared to set his table as well as any in like business.

Beds and bed-rooms furnished to such as may desire them.

Board by the day and week.

A good stable is attached to this establishment, which will be amply supplied with forage for the accommodation of animals of the travelling public.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
OLYMPIA, Dec. 4th, 1857 y

WM. G. DUNLAP

TAKES THIS METHOD OF INFORMING THE public, that having bought out the interest of E. H. Wilson in the late firm of Wilson & Dunlap, he will continue the business on his own account from and after this date at the old stand on the corner of

MAIN AND THIRD STREETS.

He has now on hand a desirable assortment of

CLOTHING

of superior quality, and is prepared to receive by every steamer CUSTOM MADE CLOTHING and Gents furnishing goods of the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES,

which are warranted to fit. He will conduct his business on the principle of *low* profits and quick returns, and from untiring efforts to satisfy his customers, to receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT
OF
FAMILY GROCERIES,

of the best quality, will also be added to his stock, and those desirous of the best article, are requested to call and examine for themselves.

Remember the place and the terms.

A good article at a low price for CASH.
WM. G. DUNLAP.
Olympia, Feb. 5, 1859. 12tf

French, Wilson & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

CLOTHING

AND

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

FINE Custom made clothing received by every Steamer expressly for Retail.

Orders from the country attended to with care.

115 Sacramento Street—Corner Leidesdorff, opposite the P. M. Steamship Co.'s Office.
December 25, 1857. 5tf

ELAM & HOWES,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

(No 84 Clay St., one door from N. W. corner Front St.,)
SAN FRANCISCO.

WE BEG TO INFORM OUR FRIENDS AND the public in general that we have made large additions to our already extensive stock, and are now prepared to furnish them with all articles connected with the

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE LINE,

at prices to DEFY COMPETITION.

In addition we also keep on hand a full and complete assortment of

TWINES AND CORDAGE

of every description, comprising LINEN AND COTTON SEINE TWINE, MANILLA AND COTTON ROPE AND CORDS, LINEN AND COTTON COD LINES, BARLOWS SHOE THREAD, SALMON GILLING TWINE, NETS AND SEINES, FISH HOOKS AND LINES, WRAPPING AND SEWING TWINES, &c., &c.

Traders are respectfully solicited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we feel confident, from our long experience in the business and complete knowledge of the articles suited to the trade, as well as our superior facilities for obtaining goods at the LOWEST EASTERN PRICES, that we will be enabled to give more full and complete satisfaction, and sell LOWER than any other house in the city. 3m34is

LONDON
CLUB HOUSE GIN.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THIS CELEBRATED GIN—PRETENDING TO nothing but what it is, viz: a pure and unadulterated article, and assuming no artificial merits of what it is not, as some of its rival imitators do—after five years of public approval and very extensive sales in California, has been pronounced by the public to be superior, not only as a beverage of general use, to any other article competing against it, but is

UNRIVALLED IN ITS MEDICAL EFFICIENCY

In most cases of complaints. To persons traveling in these days of rapid transit from East to West, North to South, who are constantly changing their water as well their climate; who are drinking, indeed, a dozen kinds of water in every twenty-four hours, and each draught containing some property acting in chemical antagonism to the preceding one, thereby causing no unnatural degree of excitement to the stomach—it is positively and absolutely necessary to use a counteracting agent. From the fact that the

"LONDON CLUB HOUSE GIN"

Is prepared expressly to meet such exigencies, and to act as we know it will act, as an antidote, we confidently prescribe it as the very best article in the country. The name of "Aromatic Scheidam Schnapps" has never been attached in any way to this article. In first presenting the

"LONDON CLUB HOUSE GIN"

To the public, my aim was to give them a pure and unadulterated article of Gin, and to call it by its right name. The success attending its introduction and extensive sale in California is a sufficient guarantee of the high appreciation of the article by consumers.

Various parties have from time to time put up and shipped to California an article which they call "CLUB HOUSE GIN." My Gin, which has gained such a reputation in California, is branded on the cases,

"Old London Club House Gin—Wm. H. D."

The bottles also have a white label with a fac simile of my signature. I caution all parties to beware of imitations.

WM. H. DALY,
Sole Importer,
12-tf is NEW YORK.

FRANK BAKER,

110 and 112 Clay street,
45 and 47 Merchant street,

IMPORTER AND DEALER

IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

CARPETS,

FLOOR AND TABLE OIL CLOTHS,

MATS AND COCOA MATTING,

DRUGGETS, BAIZES, DAMASKS,

Window Shades and Hollands,

UPHOLSTERY GOODS,

Paper Hangings and Borders,

CHINA MATTING

FOR SALE IN BOND OR DUTY PAID,

AT LOWEST RATES.

6m20is

500,000

SUPERIOR BRICK

FOR SALE ON PLUMMER'S WHARF, AT THE foot of Main Street, Seattle, or Plummer & Mallet's Brick Kiln.
34tf CHAS. PLUMMER.

J. W. JOHNSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY AND ADMIRALTY,

SEATTLE, W. T.,

Will practice in all the Courts in this Territory.
March 25, 1859. 18y

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT LETTERS of Administration on the estate of VICTOR MONROE, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Thurston County. All persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment; and those having claims against it must present them within the time prescribed by law.
B. P. ANDERSON,
22:4w Administrator.

Attention! Attention!

THE BEST NEWS FOR W. T!

MOSES BETTMAN,

THE pioneer of W. T., takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Olympia and vicinity, that he has again opened, this time

ALL BY HIMSELF,

in the store formerly occupied by S. D. Williams & Co., with the largest stock and complete assortment of General Merchanise, &c., ever received in Olympia, consisting partly in

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES.
HATS AND CAPS,
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
HARDWARE AND CROCKERY, &c.,

All of which will be sold 25 per cent. cheaper than ever before.

Please give me a call and judge for yourselves, and don't forget the sign of
M. BETTMAN.
Olympia, May 1, 1859. 24:tf

HARDWARE AND WINDOW SASH.

A SPLENDID assortment of Hardware and Window Sash, will be found and sold 25 per cent. cheaper than at any other store, by
M. BETTMAN.
Olympia, May 1, 1859. 22:tf

"OPPOSITION IS THE LIFE OF TRADE."

HORSES SHOD FOR THREE DOLLARS.

THE undersigned has now, in connection with his Wagon Manufactory, a Blacksmith Shop, where the public can have their work done in good order and on short notice, at reduced prices. Horse shoeing reduced to three dollars.

Wagons and Buggies

on hand and made to order, cheaper than ever offered in this market before. Repairing and Blacksmithing done at short notice.

Orders from a distance solicited and promptly attended to. Satisfaction warranted in every instance, or no charge made.

Shop—one door east of Miles's Saloon, on Main and Second streets, Olympia, W. T.
21:tf J. B. DICKERSON.

BLACKSMITHING!

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTfully inform the citizens of Olympia and the public generally, that he has removed his stock and tools from the old stand at Dickerson's to the building one door east of Westbrook's Livery Stable, where he is now prepared to execute all kinds of Blacksmithing on the shortest notice. Repairing and shoeing done as cheap as the cheapest.

Wagons ironed after the latest and most approved patterns, and all manner of Blacksmithing done in a workmanlike manner. Give me a call.
J. F. GUERIN.
Olympia, March 9, 1859. 16tf

A. A. BENNETT,

ARCHITECT,

Formerly of California.

WOULD respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Olympia, and Washington Territory generally, that he is now ready to do all kinds of

ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS.

Office at his Residence.
Olympia, W. T., May 6th, 1859. 24

ESTABLISHED IN 1849.

HENRY JOHNSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS,
AND
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

146 Washington Street,

SAN FRANCISCO,

ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR STOCK FOR the SPRING TRADE of

NEW AND FRESH GOODS,

and offer country buyers the LARGEST and BEST assortment in their line on the Pacific coast.

Having been engaged in the DRUG Business in San Francisco for the past TEN years, they flatter themselves that their arrangements are such, that they can OFFER UNEQUALLED INDUCEMENTS to such as may favor them with their custom.

Their assortment comprises EVERYTHING in their line of business that may be required by DRUGGISTS, PHYSICIANS and MERCHANTS, and also all goods in their line in use by GROCERS, BAKERS, BREWERS, CONFECTIONERS, DYERS, TANNERS, ASSAYERS OF GOLD, HATTERS, SODA MANUFACTURERS, BARBERS, HOTEL KEEPERS and MANUFACTURERS.

All the popular FAMILY PATENT MEDICINES received direct from the proprietors and guaranteed GENUINE, and at the lowest trade prices. 6m20is

GEORGE L. STORY & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS, VARNISHES,
BRSHES, COLORS, GLUES,
Etc., Etc.,
NO. 105 CLAY STREET.
25ly *SAN FRANCISCO.*

REAL ESTATE.

GREAT SALE BY AUCTION.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL OFFER FOR SALE upwards of 300 town lots situated within the town of Olympia, Thurston county, W. T. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock A. M., on

Saturday, the 30th July, 1859.

This is the best opportunity ever offered to the public for investing in real estate, as the proprietor is determined to sell. Any person desirous of selecting eligible locations are invited to examine the grounds, and may purchase at private sale. In all cases a good and sufficient title guaranteed. To all that feel disposed to be the owners of real property in the growing Capital of our Territory, I would say come and buy. The location justifies me in saying that this is the best opportunity that can ever be offered.

TERMS—One third of the purchase money down.—A credit of sixty days on the residue, where the sum is $100 or less, and ninety days on all above $100.

SIZE OF LOTS—60 feet by 165. Alleys 20 feet wide; streets, east and west, 80 feet wide—north and south, 60 feet.
34 JOHN M. SWAN Proprietor.

FOWLER & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission Merchants,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A GOOD assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Cutlery, Tin-ware, Ready-made Clothing, Crockery Ware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Ship Chandlery and Stores, Mining tools, &c.
Port Townsend, April 21, 1858. 23tf

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION ON THE estate of RANSOM CLARK, late of Walla-walla county, Territory of Washington, were granted to the undersigned by the Honorable Probate Court of said county, on the 10th day of June, 1859. Therefore, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payment; and all persons having claims against said estate are required to present them, with the proper proof, to the undersigned in the above named county, within one year from the date hereof, or they will be forever barred.
LETTICE JANE CLARK,
WM. M. MILLICAN.
Steptoeville, Walla-walla, W. T., June 11, 1859.—32

Ranier, Oregon.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM THE public, (but more particularly those who are interested in driving stock from Oregon to the Sound country), that he has, in connection with others, opened a good road from this place to St. Helens, there connecting with the St. Helens and Plains road. Persons traveling either on horse-back or driving stock, will find it much to their advantage to come down on the west side of the Columbia river and cross at Ranier, where they can and will be ferried on reasonable terms—the undersigned having furnished himself with a good scow for the business.
A. P. MINEAR.
May 6, 1859. 25tf

FOR SALE.

AN IMPROVED FARM (320 acres) well adapted for farming purposes or stock raising, situated on the east side of the De Shutes river in Thurston county, on what is known as the "Long Plain," a link of the Tenalquot Prairie, about sixteen miles south-east of Olympia. There are now some 75 acres under good fence, ready for cultivation. The other improvements consist of a good house and barn, stables, sheds, &c. The property will be sold on favorable terms, if application be made soon. For further particulars, apply to the undersigned.
JAS. R. SMITH.
July 15, 1859. 34tf

FURNITURE STORE!

THE UNDERSIGNED IS NOW IN THE RECEIPT, at his old stand one door north of Gallagher's Tin Shop and Hardware Store, of a large assortment of

FURNITURE,

CONSISTING IN PART OF
COMMON AND DRESSING BUREAUS, BREAKFAST, DINING AND CENTER TABLES, ASSORTED BEDSTEADS, &c.,

Chairs of nineteen different varieties, from the cheapest up to the finest Mahogany.

The low prices for which the above articles will be sold makes it necessary that the terms should be payment on delivery of the goods. Furniture of all descriptions made to order.
D. C. BEATY.
Olympia, W. T., Dec. 29, 1858. 6ly

CAPITOL SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING OPENED THE above named saloon, and fitted it up in superior style, is now prepared to serve up the choicest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS, ALES AND PORTERS

At the Democratic price of

12 CENTS PER GLASS.

We are also prepared to supply families and saloon keepers with a fine selection of Wines, Liquors, &c., at 25 per cent. less than any other house on Puget Sound, and in quantities from a gill to a barrel.

We will also constantly keep on hand a choice selection of Cigars and Tobacco, also Pipes, Snuff, Cards, &c.

All orders accompanied with the cash will be promptly attended to.

Oysters served up in every style, day or night.
HEFRON & CO.
Olympia, May 6, 1859.

Register and Receiver's Notice

TO SETTLERS ON THE PUBLIC LANDS

In	Township	32	North	of	Range	2	East,
"	"	33	"	"	"	2	"
"	"	33	"	"	"	1	"
"	"	32	"	"	"	1	"
"	"	34	"	"	"	1	"
"	"	32	"	"	"	1	West,
"	"	25	"	"	"	1	East,
"	"	25	"	"	"	2	"
"	"	10	"	"	"	1	West,
"	"	31	"	"	"	1	"
"	"	30	"	"	"	3	"
"	"	30	"	"	"	4	"
"	"	9	"	"	"	10	"
"	"	15	"	"	"	10	"
"	"	9	"	"	"	11	"
"	"	12	"	"	"	11	"
"	"	15	"	"	"	11	"
"	"	16	"	"	"	12	"
"	"	29	"	"	"	1	East,
"	"	23	"	"	"	2	"
"	"	23	"	"	"	1	"
"	"	14	"	"	"	11	West,
"	"	8	"	"	"	6	"
"	"	8	"	"	"	5	"
"	"	21	"	"	"	2	"
"	"	17	"	"	"	2	"
"	"	34	"	"	"	2	East.
"	"	9	"	"	"	1	West,
"	"	30	"	"	"	1	"
"	"	31	"	"	"	2	"
"	"	31	"	"	"	3	"
"	"	31	"	"	"	4	"
"	"	10	"	"	"	10	"
"	"	16	"	"	"	10	"
"	"	11	"	"	"	11	"
"	"	13	"	"	"	11	"
"	"	16	"	"	"	11	"
"	"	24	"	"	"	1	East,
"	"	30	"	"	"	1	"
"	"	24	"	"	"	2	"

The aforesaid townships having been surveyed, and the plats thereof approved, on March 7th, 1859, all settlers thereon before the date of such approval, are requested to appear at our office on the FIRST DAY OF AUGUST next, at the hour of 10 o'clock, A. M., precisely, when and where we shall be prepared to receive the notifications of their claims respectively, and enter upon the adjustment of the same, and the settlement, according to law, of all conflicts of boundary lines that may be found to exist among them. And every person who has settled, or shall settle with in such townships after the date of approval aforesaid, is required by law to file at this office the notification of his claim, specifying the *precise* tract or tracts claimed by him, *within three months* from the date of his settlement; and he is hereby requested so to do at any convenient time within such term.

Given under our hands at Olympia this 13th day of June, A. D., 1859.
W. B. RANKEN, *Register.*
6w30 S. GARFIELDE, *Receiver.*

WOLFE'S

SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS!

I beg to call the attention of the Merchants of California and Oregon to a Superior Article of

HOLLAND GIN,

MANUFACTURED BY MYSELF EXCLUSIVELY,

AT SCHIEDAM, HOLLAND,

And to Distinguish it from every other Alcoholic Stimulant in the world, I gave it the name of

SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHAPPS.

It is the *PURE TINCTURE OF JUNIPER*, distilled from the *BEST BARLEY* that can be selected at any cost. It is flavored and medicated, not by the common harsh berry, but by the choice botanical variety of the *AROMATIC ITALIAN JUNIPER BERRY*, whose more vinous extract is distilled and rectified with its spirituous solvent, and thus it becomes a concentrated *TINCTURE OF EXQUISITE FLAVOR AND AROMA*, altogether transcendent in its *CORDIAL AND MEDICINAL PROPERTIES to any HOLLAND GIN IN THE WORLD.*

Since the introduction of the celebrated *SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS* the proprietor has submitted to the *WHOLE MEDICAL FACULTY* of the United States. Over *THREE THOUSAND ENDORSE IT*, over their own signatures, to be the Purest Alcoholic Stimulant in use. They also speak of the Great Success they have met with in their practice in Gravel, Gout, Chronic Rheumatism, Obstructions of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs. Persons traveling in the Southern and Western States should always have a supply on hand as a Preventative against Ague and Fever and change of water. The Physicians in New Orleans and St. Louis prescribe it with great confidence in case of Cholera, on account of the Purity of the article.

UDOLPHO WOLFE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

Since the introdvction of my Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps into the United States, a number of Liquor Mixers in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and San Francisco, have been engaged in putting up mixed and poisonous Gin in cases and jugs, to be palmed off upon the unwary for my genuine Schnapps. At first, they boldly counterfeited my name, but I soon stopped that by causing several of them to be arrested. They now confine themselves to closely imitating the appearance and shape of my bottles, and the peculiar wrapper which I have always used, viz: YELLOW PAPER, printed with *RED AND BLUE INK, PASTE-BOARD PRINTED CAPS.*

BEWARE OF THESE IMITATION BOGUS SCHNAPPS!

If the Liquor were fit to drink, there would be no need to palm them off by counterfeiting the peculiar style and appearance of the Genuine Wolfe's Schnapps. Avoid these mixed and doctored-up imitations, as you would avoid Shattered Nerves, Ruined Stomach and Delirium Tremens. The Pure and genuine Schnapps have my name on the bottle, cork, and a fac-simile of a signature on the label. For sale by all the Wholesale Druggists and respectable Liquor Dealers in the United States.

UDOLPHO WOLFE,

Sole Importer and Manufacturer, 18, 20 and 22 Beaver street, New York.

The word Schiedam Schnapps belongs exclusively to my article—all other are counterfeit, and are imposi-tions on the public. 6m26

Ayers & Williams,

(SUCCESSORS TO BARNES & AYRES,)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE, AND GROCERIES,

Main Street, Olympia, W. T.,

HAVING received large additions to their stock of Hardware, etc., are now offering to their customers, and the public generally, the largest, best, and most extensive assortment of

AMERICAN,
ENGLISH & GERMAN
Hardware,
Iron, Steel,
NAILS,
Paints, Oils,

AGRICULTURAL
IMPLEMENTS,
STOVES,
Mechanic's Tools,
TINWARE,
FAMILY GROCERIES,
&c., &c.,

Ever Offered in this Territory.

Their stock comprises a complete assortment of

SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE

ALL OF THE BEST BRANDS, EMBRACING EVERY VARIETY OF

HOUSE TRIMMING AND BUILDING MATERIALS!

DOORS, SASH, GLASS, PAINTS, OILS, Etc.

Also an Assortment of Carpenters', Masons', Cabinet and Wagon Makers' Tools, and a choice selection of English and American

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

SILVER PLATED & GERMAN SILVER WARE

TOGETHER WITH A LARGE VARIETY OF

MISCELLANEOUS GOODS,

Such as Cistern and Chain Pumps, Well-wheels, Well and Water Buckets, Cordage, Raw, Boiled, Polar and China Oils, Turpentine, Varnish, Mops, Brooms, Wash-boards, Tubs, and in fact nearly every thing pertaining to the Hardware business.

Agricultural and Horticultural Implements

Of the most approved styles. A large variety of

CAST AND STEEL PLOWS,

IRON AND STEEL OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE AND BOX STOVES,

Of patterns that cannot fail to please and supply the wants of all.

Stove Trimmings, Tin, Copper, Zinc, Sheet Iron, Japanned and Britannia Ware.

N. B. *ALL JOB WORK* will be done in the best manner, at reasonable prices.

ALSO A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

Among which may be found Tea, Coffee, Soap, Candles, Dried Apples, Chili Peaches, Saleratus, Syrup, Beans, Rice, Tobacco, Salt, Vinegar, Starch, Pepper, Allspice, Cloves, Mustard, Ginger, Cinnamon, Table Sauces, Herbs, Flavoring Extracts, Sal and Carb. Soda, Flour, Corn-meal, Yeast Powders, Vermicilla, Maccaroni, Tapioca, Farina, Sago, Arrow-root, Corn Starch, Cream Tartar, Matches, Catsup, Pep. Sauce, Indigo, Nutmeg, Cocoa Chocolate, Currants, Figs, Raisins, etc., etc.

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE SOLD LOW. 15y

LOTTERIES.

WOOD, EDDY & CO.,

The Legalized Lottery Operators

OF THE UNITED STATES,

And owners of the old and RELIABLE Grants from the States of Delaware and Georgia, late under the management of GREGORY & MAURY, and SAMUEL SWAIN & CO., have made arrangements to

CASH PRIZE TICKETS

IN THE CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO. The capital prizes offered in the schemes of this responsible concern vary from $40,000 to $70,000, and the prices for tickets are—$10 for wholes; $5 for halves, and $2½ for quarters. The official drawings under the certificates of sworn commissioners, will be published in several of the most prominent papers of this State, and a file of the New York Herald, containing a complete list of all said drawings may be found at the office of D. D. Gassner, No. 98 Montgomery street, San Francisco, over Freeman & Co.'s Express.

Inclosures for orders in sums of $10 and upwards, may be made by Express, at the risk and expense of Wood, Eddy & Co.; and all orders for Circulars or particulars concerning these Lotteries, will be promptly responded to, by addressing
WOOD, EDDY & CO.,
3m30 San Francisco.

RICHARD LANE,

Notary Public and Conveyancer,

CAN ALWAYS BE FOUND AT THE OFFICE OF the County Recorder and Auditor for Thurston County, two doors east of S. D. Williams & Co.'s store, corner of Main and Fourth streets, Olympia, W. T. 38tf

FULTON FOUNDRY

AND IRON WORKS.

HINCKLEY & CO.,

First Street, between Market and Mission Streets, San Francisco,

MANUFACTURERS OF QUARTZ MILLS, SAW MILLS, STEAM ENGINES, PUMPS, &c.

All kinds of Iron Castings furnished at short notice. Every style of finishing to Iron when cast. Repairing of Machinery neatly done.

Pattern-making in all its various forms. Prices reasonable 3m30

Powers of Attorney

For the transfer of Scrip, neatly executed, for sale at the office of the PIONEER AND DEMOCRAT.
Oct. 15, 1858.

PUGET SOUND MARKET.

THE UNDERSIGNED AVAIL themselves of the columns of the Pioneer and Democrat to notify the citizens of Olympia and vicinity that they have recently established the Puget Sound Market, where they intend to keep constantly for sale, at low prices, the very best fresh

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON.

Also, all kinds of

VEGETABLES.

Our shop is on Main street, opposite Ensign's saloon.

O'SHAUGHNESSY & LYLE.

Olympia, April 29, 1859. 23

---

125 McCORMICK'S CHICAGO REAPERS.

Three Sizes—5½, 6 and 7 feet Cut,

WITH EXTRAS FOR ALL THE DIFFERENT patterns from 1852 to 1859. [Agent for the manufacturers for the Pacific Coast.]

2,500 sold in 1855, | 4,000 sold in 1857,
4,000 sold in 1856, | 4,500 sold in 1858.

15,000 Sold in the Last Four Years.

No single establishment in the world can truthfully claim to have manufactured and sold anything like so large a number of Reaping and Mowing Machines during the same time, while my experience dates back to the origin of my machine, in 1834, having been actively and exclusively engaged in their manufacture for the last fifteen years. I am now more largely engaged in the manufacture of these machines than ever before, and, with my improvements for 1859, do not hesitate to warrant my machine as a Reaper, Mower, and Reaper and Mower, superior to any other for simplicity, durability and perfect working; and further, to say that farmers who may desire it are at liberty to work my machine through the harvest with any other, and keep and pay for the one preferred. The position of the Raker in my machine, (as patented,) upon the main frame, where there is great strength, and where the weight adds to the power of the machine, is the only right one. Other makers have to haul their raker on the platform, where he must submit to having the dust thrown in his eyes by the operation of the reel, and to being jolted over the clods by the little platform wheel over which he rides, necessarily racking their machine to pieces. This accounts, in part, for the great durability of my machines as compared with others.

Great Council Medal awarded my machine in London, in 1851.

Grand Gold Medal of Honor at Paris, in 1855.

Highest Prize at the French Universal Exhibition, in 1856.

Highest Prize of Royal Agricultural Society of England, in 1857.

Highest Prize of the United States Agricultural Society, in 1857.

As the Best Reaper.

Publications made by the manufacturers of the Manny machine, claiming the highest honors, etc., at the French Universal Exposition, in 1855, are known by them to be FALSE. The success of my machine, as indicated by figures above, is its highest praise, while the awards of premiums, generally, are worthy of no confidence, although reaper makers make a business of laboring and scheming to secure the little annual one-horse premiums of the country. Although it may not be generally understood, it is nevertheless true, that these machines have always been sold at comparatively low prices, and but for the boldness with which I introduced and sold them by thousands, for the ten years past, other smaller manufacturers would doubtless have put the price much higher.

I could furnish thousands of testimonials from farmers and others, of the truthfulness of every statement I have made, and much more. I may further remark, that all of the reaping machines of any prominence in the country are mere modifications of my machine, all other manufacturers having necessarily limited experience in comparison with my own.

A single year's severe service will satisfy the farmer, that in point of durability my machine is far superior to all others; besides several most important advantages, referred to in my regular annual circular in pamphlet form, which will be furnished those who desire further information, by addressing me or any one of my agents. CYRUS H. McCORMICK.

---

22 PITTS' PATTERN THRESHERS AND SEPARATERS,

Manufactured by Nourse, Mason & Co.; 32 and 36 inch cylinders, with trucks and full extras.

U. S. PATENT OFFICE, Jan. 3, 1859.

SIR:—J. A. & H. A. Pitts' Patent, dated June 20, 1837, (machine for threshing and cleaning grain,) was only extended for a term of seven years from June 20, 1851. It has consequently expired.

Respectfully, yours,
N. HOLT, Commissioner.

SOUTHWORTH & Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Pitt's Patent Double Pinion 8 and 10 Horse Powers.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:—This may certify that we have a certificate of authority of which the following is a true copy. A. GORDON & CO.

To whom it may concern:—This may certify that A. Gordon & Co. are fully authorized by me to sell the "Pitts' Improved Patent Double Pinion Horse Power," in any of the States or Territories secured to me by letters patent.

(Signed.) JOHN A. PITTS.
Buffalo, October 20, 1858.

We are this month shipping Horse Powers of the above patent to A. B. Southworth, of San Francisco, Cal., which he is hereby authorized to sell.

A. GORDON & CO.
Rochester, N. Y., October 23, 1858.

A. Gordon & Co.'s Iron Planet Powers, 8 and 10 Horse.

NOURSE, MASON & CO.'S
Iron Planet Powers, 8 and 10 Horse—with full extras.

FORTY KETCHUM'S MOWERS, IRON FRAME.

☞ Extra Extras for all of the above Machines.

Twenty Noyes' Mill Stones, different sizes.

100 Revolving Horse Rakes, 8, 10 and 12 feet.

200 dozen Hay Rakes;
100 do Bachelder's Hay Forks;
100 do "Blood's" Mirror Blade Scythes;
50 do "Harris'" Silver Steel;
100 do Samson's Scythe Snaths;
200 Thermometer Churns;
1500 Peoria Plows, (to arrive for Fall Trade.)

ALSO,

A general assortment of Agricultural Implements. Farmers and dealers are invited to call before purchasing. SOUTHWORTH & CO.,
No. 44 Battery Street,
8m23 Bet. California and Pine streets.

ADOLPH SUTRO & CO.,

DEALERS IN

FINE HAVANA SEGARS,

CHEWING AND SMOKING

TOBACCO,

Genuine Meerschaum Pipes, &c.,

CORNER OF MONTGOMERY AND SACRAMENTO STREETS,
SAN FRANCISCO,
AND CORNER OF YATES AND WHARF STREETS,
VICTORIA, V. I.

ALL CIGARS BOUGHT IN BOND.
Jan. 21, 1859. tf

BUTLER P. ANDERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OLYMPIA, W. T.
Office—in the Land Office. no7y

UNITED STATES
MAIL LINE!
—CONNECTING—
THE COLUMBIA RIVER
—WITH—
PUGET SOUND!

H. WINSOR,

MAIL CONTRACTOR, BETWEEN OLYMPIA and Ranier, on the Oregon side of the Columbia River, takes this method to inform the travelling public, that he is at all times prepared to accommodate all who may call upon him, with—

HORSES AND MULES.
Wagons,

CARRIAGES, &c

For their Accommodation and Conveyance to any practicable portion of the Territory.

PERSONS traveling to Oregon, or from that Territory to this, can obtain ANIMALS or CONVEYANCES, at either—

Olympia, Cowlitz Landing or Monticello.

IN passing up or down the Cowlitz River, persons can have their choice of performing the journey either with *HORSES* or in *CANOES*—Mr. WINSOR having in readiness at all times, at both Cowlitz Landing and Monticello, a number of—

GOOD, SUBSTANTIAL
CANOES,

WHICH can at short notice be manned to order, with crews of safe and experienced boatmen—well acquainted with the navigation of the river.

TERMS:

PASSENGERS will be conveyed from Ranier to Olympia, and from Olympia to Ranier, at the following rates:

From Ranier to Olympia,.....$16 00.
From Olympia to Ranier,.....$15 00.

Olympia, W. T., March 19, 1858. n17-tf

NEW GOODS!

DIRECT FROM BOSTON.

J. D. W. TILLSON & CO.,

HAVE just received from Boston direct, a good assortment of goods, selected especially for this market, and beg leave to call the attention of the citizens of Olympia and surrounding country to the same. Our stock consists in part as follows, viz:

Extra Clear Pork,	Soap, Olive,
do Family Beef,	do Castile, Shaving,
Sugar, Tea, Coffee,	Wooden-ware,
Mustard, Pepper,	Tobacco, Candles,
Crackers, Pilot, Soda,	Writing Paper,
do Butter, Water,	Note do
do Oyster, Farina,	Envelopes, Pens

Extra home-made woolen Socks, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Our motto is—"Quick sales and small profits."

J. D. W. TILLSON & CO.,
Under Washington Hotel, Olympia, W. T.
Olympia, March 25, 1859. 18tf
N. B. A superior article of Bourbon Whisky and Holland Gin, for sale by the gallon.

STOP A MOMENT!

A WORD IN YOUR EAR!!

DO YOU WISH TO KNOW

Where to get the

BEST GOODS AT CHEAPEST PRICES?

THEN GO TO

WM. RUTLEDGE,

ON MAIN STREET, OLYMPIA.

The reputation of this House, although known for many years, shall far exceed the past, both in quality and style of Goods, reduction of Prices, and attention to Customers.

Although I have not "one of our firm located at San Francisco," yet I have a *little* Jew buyer there: and having no one to divide the *spoils* with—employing no clerks, (not being above my business, but *condescending* to act in that capacity myself,) I flatter myself that I CANNOT and WILL NOT be undersold.

My stock consists in part of the following, to which additions will be made by every steamer from San Francisco:

French Merinos:
All Wool Plaids:
DeLaines:
Calicoes:
Linens:
Dress and Bonnet Silks:
Mantillas:
Black Silk Velvet:
Flannels:
Linseys:
Cambrics:
Shirtings:
Sheetings:
Tickings:
Hickory Stripe:
Denims:
&c., &c., &c.

and a general assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

Dress Frock Coats;
Business Coats;
Over Coats;
Black Doeskin & Fancy Cassimere Pants;
Black Cloth, Satin, and Velvet Vests;
Shirts, Drawers, Hosiery, etc.
Mens' & Boys' Hats & Caps.
Boots & Shoes in great variety.
Table and Pocket Cutlery.
Crockery, Queensware, &c.

GROCERIES.

A full and complete assortment, comprising in part Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Dried Fruits, Preserved do., Canned do., raisins, soap, candles, tobacco, indigo, madder, spices, tapioca, table salt, and in fact every thing else usually kept in this department.

Special attention is invited to an invoice of Oregon manufactured BLANKETS, CASSIMERES, WOOLEN YARN, etc. which positively cannot be excelled in quality.

The public are respectfully solicited to give me a call, as I am confident of being able to give satisfaction, and retaining customers if they will but give me a fair trial.

February 25, 1859. tf-no.14.

DR. D. KISER

WOULD INFORM THE CITIZENS OF Olympia and surrounding country, that he has resumed the practice of medicine and dental surgery.

Office at G. Ford's Photograph Rooms, Main street, Olympia.

May 10, 1859. 25tf

P. A. CHENOWETH. E. F. DENNISON.

CHENOWETH & DENNISON,

Attorneys at Law,

HAVE FORMED A CO-PARTNERSHIP FOR the practice of law in the various Courts on Puget Sound.

One or the other of us may at all times be found at our office at Port Townsend, and at all of the District Courts of 2d and 3d Judicial Districts.

Port Townsend, Feb. 20, 1858. 17tf

SAMUEL PRICE & CO.,
MERCHANTS,
COR. OF WHARF AND JOHNSON STS.,
VICTORIA, V. I. 21:6m

WM. WRIGHT,

MANUFACTURER OF

SADDLES AND HARNESS,

AND DEALER IN

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

CORNER OF FOURTH AND MAIN STREETS,

OLYMPIA, W. T.,

OFFERS FOR SALE

PLOW, TEAM AND BUGGY

HARNESS,

LADIES' AND GENTLEMENS'

SADDLES;

PACK SADDLES

—AND—

SADDLE TREES;
SADDLE BAGS

—AND—

WALLETS;

GIRTHS AND SURCINGLES;

BLOCK AND BENT

STIRRUPS;

HALTERS,
BRIDLES,
MARTINGALES,
WHIPS,
SPURS,
CURRY COMBS,
HORSE CARDS AND BRUSHES,
&c., &c., &c. 6m8

PUGET SOUND

DRUG STORE,

POST-OFFICE BUILDING, MAIN ST.,
OLYMPIA, W. T.

G. K. WILLARD. RUFUS WILLARD.

G. K. WILLARD & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Window-Glass, Soaps, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Liquors,

(For Medicinal purposes only.)

Tobacco, Cigars, Snuffs, &c., &c.

Olympia, W. T., Aug. 1st, 1857.

PROF. WOOD'S AND JONES' HAIR RESTOSATIVES. Bachelor's and Alexander's Hair Dye, and Lyon's Kathaicon, for sale by
G. K. WILLARD & SON.

CUMMING'S TOILET SETS, BALM 1000 FLOWERS, Shaving Soaps, Wash Balls, Toilet Soaps, Bazin's Cologne, and Lumbin's Extracts, can always be found at the
PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

CAMPHENE, BURNING FLUID, AND CHINA Nut Oil, for sale at all times by
G. K. WILLARD & SON.

HAIR, TOOTH, CLOTHES, FLESH, NAIL AND Shoe Brushes, Combs, Hair Pins, Razors, Razor Strops, and Ladies' and Gents. Pen Knives, constantly for sale at
PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE, McLANE'S Liver, Brandreth's Moffat's, Blood Root, Holoway's, and Japanese Life Pills, for sale cheap by
G. K. WILLARD & SON.

THE GRAEFENBERG REMEDIES CAN BE purchased at New York prices at the
PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

SANDS' AND GUYSOTT'S YELLOW DOCK, Townsend's, Corbett's, Shaker's and Bull's Sarsaparilla, constantly on hand at the
PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

AYRES' CHERRY PECTORAL, WISTAR'S BALsam of Wild Cherry, Grindle's Magic Compound, and Burnett's Cod Liver Oil, for sale by
G. K. WILLARD & SON.

PAINTS—ASSORTED COLORS—PAINT, VARnish and Whitewash Brushes, Graining Tools, Diamonds, Sand Paper, Gold Leaf, Bronze, Putty, Window Glass and Sash, at the lowest rates, by
G. K. WILLARD & SON.

PURE WHITE LEAD, RAW AND BOILED LINseed Oil, Spirits of Turpentine, Alcohol and Varnishes, at the
PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

DR. JAYNE'S FAMILY MEDICINES AT MANUfacturers prices—for sale by
G. K. WILLARD & SON.

Powers of Attorney

For the transfer of Scrip, neatly executed, for sale at the office of the PIONEER AND DEMOCRAT.
Oct. 15, 1858.

PORT MADISON FOUNDRY

IS NOW IN SUCCESSFUL OPERATION, UNDER the superintendence of W. K. WATERMAN, and will execute all kinds of

IRON CASTINGS, MILL GEARING, STEAM ENGINES, STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &C., &C., &C.

Attached to the establishment is a Machine Shop where all kinds of iron turning and finishing will be done on the shortest notice, and at less than San Francisco prices. All orders promptly executed.

G. A. MEIGS.
Feb. 19, 1859. 14tf

OLYMPIA BAKERY.

THE Undersigned, having discontinued one of the two branches of business in which they were heretofore engaged, are now devoting their entire attention to the BAKERY department. They now design to keep constantly on hand

PIES, CAKES, CRACKERS, BREAD, HARD BREAD, PILOT-BREAD, ETC.

Which will be supplied to Hotels, Families, and Steamers on the most reasonable terms.

Private and Wedding Parties furnished with anything necessary on such occasions, at short notice.

CONFECTIONERIES

Kept constantly on hand.

A choice lot of

CHILDREN'S TOYS,

suitable for holiday presents, for sale cheap. Call and see.

MITCHELL & STEWART.
Olympia, Dec. 17th, 1857.-yly.

NEW GOODS!

—AND MORE—

COMING,

AT THE "ANCIENT DEPOT,"

CORNER OF MAIN AND 2d ST'S, (WEST SIDE,)

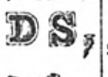
OLYMPIA, W. T.

WHERE WILL BE FOUND A LARGE AND well selected stock and assortment of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

DRY-GOODS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

CLOTHING,

HARD-WARE, &C.,

AND a large assortment of other goods, just received and will be sold cheap, by

KENDALL CO.
Olympia, Nov. 12, 1858.—n51-tf

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

PER PANAMA!

For the Fall and Winter Trade.

M. LOUISSON & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE LARGEST AND best selected stock of Goods ever brought to this market, and would call the attention of their numerous friends and customers to the fact, in order that their wants may be supplied at an early day.

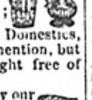
Our stock consists of

DRY AND FANCY GOODS;

MENS' AND BOYS CLOTHING;

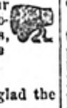
BOOTS AND SHOES;

HATS AND CAPS;

GROCERIES AND CROCKERY;


Hardware, Matting, Oil Cloth, Blankets, Domestics, and 1000 other things too numerous to mention, but which can be seen by day and candle-light free of cost.

We particularly invite the Ladies to try our nice Bonnets, Cloaks, Mantillas, Capes, Ribbons, Merinoes, Thibets, all wool De Laines, French Calicoes, and last, but not *least*, those


EXTENSION HOOPED SKIRTS,

all of which improve the person and make glad the soul.

One of the firm being permanently located at San Francisco, we are enabled to take advantage of the market and bring forth something new by every steamer.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

M. LOUISSON & CO.,
Corner Main and Second Streets, Olympia.
Olympia, Nov. 5, 1855. 50tf

LIVERY STABLE.

HAVING recently purchased the stable premises, horses, wagons, buggies, &c., belonging to Edmund Sylvester, the undersigned is prepared to let

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S RIDING HORSES, BUGGIES, SADDLES, &c.

My horses are all young and vigorous, and in good condition. They are also well-broken, and perfectly safe for even the most delicate lady.

Good buggies and teams also always on hand. No fears need be entertained of "break-downs" where we furnish parties.

Having also several teams on the LINE, I stand constantly in readiness to haul goods and merchandize, etc., to and from all parts of the city and country.

Stabling, as heretofore, at customary rates.

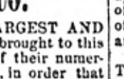
Also, a good wagon yard and Oats, Hay, &c., always on hand, for traveling customers, *at the very lowest rates.*

Give me a call.

J. J. WESTBROOK.
Olympia, Aug. 28, 1857. no.40-tf.

A. J. BURR,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,



WILL REPAIR ANY WORK left with him in the most durable manner and quickest dispatch, and warrant the same.

Engraving, etc., done in the neatest style.

Shop next door to Miles' Saloon, in Washington Hotel, Olympia.

Aug. 13, 1858. 38tf.

Doors and Windows,

Ex Ship "Leonore."

SIZES DOORS, 2-6 x 6-6,
2-8 x 6-8,
2-10 x 6-10,
3 x 7.

8-10 WINDOWS.
9-12 "
10-12 "
10-14 "
10-15 "
10-16 "
12-16 "

For sale by FOWLER & CO.
Port Townsend, Aug. 23, 1858. 42tf

BLANK MORTGAGES, neatly executed, for sale at this office.

POWERS of Attorney for the transfer of volunteer discharges for sale at this office.

DR. H. D. LONGAKER,

Surgical and Mechanical

DENTIST.

DR. L. HAVING PERMANENTLY LOcated on Puget Sound, would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to perform all necessary operation on Teeth in the most scientific manner.

Artificial Teeth inserted on Gold or Silver plate, from a single tooth to a full set.

TEETH INSERTED ON HEALTHY ROOTS.

Teeth plugged with best Gold or Tin Foil.

Tooth-ache effectually cured without pain.

Teeth extracted in the most careful manner. Chloroform or Ether given if desired.

N. B. All jobs warranted to give satisfaction.

Dr. L. is now stopping in Olympia, where he will remain until Feb. 14th, when he will visit the following places, viz: Steilacoom, Seattle, Port Madison, Teekalet, Port Towasend, Whidby's Island.

Office—At G. Ford's Photograph and Ambrotype Rooms, Main Street, Olympia

Jan. 14, 1859. 8tf

H. C. PAGE,

INSPECTOR OF CUSTOMS

AT BELLINGHAM BAY.

☞ Office opposite the Walker House, Whatcom.
Whatcom, Sept. 25, 1858. 45tf

A PURE ARTICLE OF CREAM TARTAR AND Soda, (warranted), for sale at the
PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

NEW STORE

AND

NEW FIRM

AT

TUM WATER!

JOHN SCOTT & CO. TAKE THIS METHOD OF informing their friends that they have opened the store formerly occupied by E. H. WILSON at Tum Water.

We are now opening one of the largest and best assorted stocks of Goods that ever came to this country, and we are determined to sell them at a profit small enough to defy competition.

We intend to change our style of doing business from the credit system to small profits and quick returns. Therefore we must have the cash in hand.

Remember that Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Farming Implements, Fancy Goods and Hardware are perfectly in our line.

Give us a call. Feb. 4, 1859. 11tf

S. BETTMAN, L. LETTMAN.

Bettman Brothers,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c.

Store on the corner of Main and Second Streets, Olympia, W. T.

Olympia, Feb. 11, 1859. 12tf

M. LOUISSON & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes,

Hats, Caps, Groceries, Crockery ware, &c., &c.

Olympia, W. T., San Francisco, Cal.

M. LOUISSON, I. LIGHTNER, A. FRANKEL
April 22, 1854. 33tf

FORWARDING,

Storage & Commission

THE undersigned having erected at Port Townsend, Washington Territory, a large and commodious warehouse, well adapted to the storage of grain merchandise, freight, etc., intended for transportation up or down the coast, awaiting the necessary means of conveyance, would inform the shippers and traders of the Sound that they are now prepared to store such articles on the usual terms.

Also, being extensively engaged in the business of TRANSPORTATION, either as owners of or agents for most of the coasting vessels of the Sound, they are further prepared to FORWARD such articles of merchandize, stock, and grain as may be entrusted to them, to any point on the Sound or Straits, Vancouver's Island, or elsewhere, as may be desired, at the shortest notice and on accommodating terms.

Patronage respectfully solicited. For further information address the undersigned.

E. S. FOWLER & CO.
Port Townsend, Aug. 14, 1857. no.39-tf.

MARINE HOSPITAL.

PORT TOWNSEND, JUNE 22D, 1858.

DR P. M. O'BRIEN, late Resident Physician and Surgeon of the County Hospital, San Francisco, and of the Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy, is now in charge of the Marine Hospital, Port Townsend.

Dr. O'BRIEN is also prepared to receive private patients. He flatters himself with the hope that an experience of 16 years to the practice of his profession, both private and Hospital, together which a thorough Medico-Cirurgical education, as evidenced by the proper guarantee of a Diploma to that effect will obtain for him the confidence of the citizens on Puget Sound.

LETTERS addressed—P. M. O'BRIEN, M. D., Port Townsend, will be duly acknowledged.

June 22d, 1858. n31-tf

BATHING,

HAIR DRESSING, SHAVING,

AND SHAMPOOING

SALOON.

EAST SIDE OF MAIN STREET, BETWEEN III. & IV

OLYMPIA, W. T.

N. B. Hot and cold Baths at all hours.

GEO. W. LEE, Proprietor.
Olympia, Oct. 15, 1858. n19-tf

W. H. WALLACE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

STEILACOOM, W. T.

Nov. 5, 1853. 9tf

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY'S

Private Medical and Surgical INSTITUTE,

Sacramento Street, Below Montgomery, Opposite Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, San Francisco.

Established in 1854, for the permanent cure of all private and chronic diseases, and the

SUPPRESSION OF QUACKERY.

Attending and Resident Physician,
L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D.,

Late in the Hungarian Revolutionary War, Chief Physician to the 20th Regiment of Honveds, Chief Surgeon to the Military Hospital of Pesth, Hungary, the late Lecturer on the diseases of Women and Children, and Honorary Member of the Philadelphia College of Medicine.

Communications strictly confidential. Permanent cure guaranteed, or no pay.

Consultations, by letter or otherwise, free.

Address Dr. L. J. CZAPKAY, San Francisco, Cal.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his institute for the cure of all forms of Private Diseases—such as Syphilis, Gonorrœa, Nocturnal Emissions, and all the consequences of self-abuse. In the first stages of Syphilitic or Gonorrœal diseases he guarantees a cure in a few days, without inconvenience to the patient or hindrance to his business. When a patient by neglect or improper treatment has developed the secondary symptoms of Syphilis, such as buboes or painful swellings on the groins, or ulcers in the throat and nose, which, if not checked, destroy the soft parts and cause the bones to mortify, separate and come away, leaving the sufferer an object hideous to behold; or when blotches and pimples break out upon the skin, or when he has painful swellings upon the bones, or when his constitution is injured so as to pre-dispose to consumption or other constitutional disease, the Dr. guarantees a cure or asks no compensation.

In RHEUMATISM, chronic or acute; in DYSENTEY or DIARRHŒA, he has safe and effectual remedies. For the treatment of the consequences of self-abuse, such as nocturnal emissions, nervousness, timidity, headache, pains in the back and limbs, with general weakness, loss of appetite, loss of memory, injury to the sight, restlessness, confusion of ideas, dislike for society, and a feeling of weariness of life; with the nervous system so excitable that slight noises shock or startle the patient, making his existence miserable. For the above maladies the Docter will guarantee a cure or ask no compensation. He can be consulted free of charge, and invites all to call, as it will cost them nothing, and may be much to their advantage. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

REMARKABLE INSTANCE OF MEDICAL RELIEF.

Below we publish the certificates of two of the sufferers from the pangs of disease, who having recovered their former health, and impelled by gratitude, make known their cases and remedial agent, and their statements are authenticated by a Notary Publics. The demands of society imperiously command their publicity, and we commend their perusal to the attention of all afflicted:

Thankfulness is the Incentive to Gratitude.

CERTIFICATE.

The undersigned, desirous of acquainting those who may be unfortunate enough to be similarly afflicted where a permanent relief of their sufferings may be obtained, feels it his duty to thus publicly express his most sincere gratitude to Dr. L. J. Czapkay for the permanent recovery of his health. Borne down by the distressing symptoms incident to the vicious practice of uncontrollable passion of youth; depressed in body and mind, unable to perform even the most trifling duty imposed upon the daily avocations of life, I sought the advice of many physicians, who at first regarded my disease as of trifling importance; but alas! after a few weeks, and in several instances months of their treatment, I found, to my unutterable horror, that, instead of relief, my symptoms became more alarming in their torture; and, being told by one that my disease being principally confined to the brain, medicine would be of little consequence, I despaired of ever regaining my health, strength and energy; and as a last resort, and with but a faint hope, called upon Dr. Czapkay, who, after examining my case, prescribed some medicine which almost instantly relieved me of the dull pain and dizziness in my head. Encouraged by this result, I resolved to place myself immediately under his care, and, by a strict obedience to his directions and advice, my head became clear, my ideas collected, the constant pains in my back and groins, the weakness of my limbs, the nervous re-action of my whole body on the slightest alarm or excitement, the misanthropy and evil forebodings, the self-distrust and want of confidence in others, the incapability to study, and want of resolution, the frightful, exciting, and at times, pleasurable dreams at night, followed by involuntary discharges, have all disappeared, and, in fact, in two months after having consulted the Doctor, I felt as if inspired by a new life—that life which, a short time ago, I contemplated to end with my own hand.

With a view to guard the unfortunate from falling into the snares of incompetent quacks, I deem it my duty to offer this testimony to the merits and skill of Dr. Czapkay, and recommend him to all who may stand in need of medical advice being assured by my own experience, that once under his care, a radical and permanent cure will be effected.

B. F. FILLMORE.

State of California, county of San Francisco—Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 17th day of April, A. D. 1856. (Signed,) JOHN MIDDLETON,
Notary Public.

CARD.—Prompted by an honest desire of my heart, I wish to lay before the public a case which deserves a commendation, not only as an act of scientific skill, but that of humanity also. About two years ago, I suddenly and from cause unknown to me, was seized with a fit of epilepsy, which, owing to my inability to meet the expenses consequent upon a thorough medical treatment, and the discouragement which I met with on attempting it, soon became such (as I was then led to believe) as to defy the skill of any physician. I was frequently, while in pursuit of my calling, thrown down to the ground without the slightest warning; and although insensible to the agonies, I yet despised the miseries of my life, and soon learned to look upon those who would render assistance or shelter me from danger, as enemies who sought to prolong the existence of my miseries. While in this state, and having, previous to my affliction, tasted the sweets of life, I once more was induced to attempt seeking aid of a physician, and, by recommendation, called upon Dr. L. J. Czapkay; I told him my circumstances, and of my inability to reward him for his services—regardless of which, however, he a once undertook my case, and with the blessings of God, I was once more restored to perfect health. Unable to reward him for the boon which I enjoy at present, and yet conscious of my indebtedness, I consider it due to myself and all afflicted, to make the case public, in order that those in need of medical advice may find a physician in whom every confidence can be placed. MEYER YABLONSKY.

State of California, county of San Francisco, ss.—Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of August, A. D. 1856. GILBERT A. GRANT,
Notary Public.

SPERMATORRHŒA.

OR local weakness, nervous debility, low spirits, lassitude, weakness of the limbs and back, indisposition and incapability for labor and study, dulness of apprehension, loss of memory, aversion of society, love of solitude, timidity, self-distrust, dizziness, headache, involuntary discharges, pains in the side, affections of the eyes, pimples in the face, sexual and other infirmities in man, are cured without fail, by the justly celebrated physician and surgeon, L. J. Czapkay. His method of curing diseases is new, (unknown to others), and hence the great success. All consultations (by letter or otherwise) free. Address L. J. Czapkay, M. D., San Francisco, California.

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE!—Great Blessing to Mankind!—Innocent but potent!—Dr. L. J. Czapkay's Prophylacticum, (self disinfecting agent, (a sure preventative against Gonorrhœa and Syphilite diseases, and an unsurpassed remedy for all venerial, scrofulous, gangrenous and cancerous ulcers, fœted discharges from vagina, uterus and urethra, and all cutaneous eruptions and diseases. As innoculation is a sure preventive against small pox, so is Dr. L. J. Czapkay's prophylacticum a preventative against syphilitic and gonorrhœal diseases. Harmless in itself, it possesses the power of chemically destroying the syphilitic virus, and thereby saving thousands of debauchees from being infected by the most loathsome of all diseases. Let no young man who appreciates health be without Dr. Czapkay's Prophylacticum. It is in very convenient packages, and will be found convenient for use, being used as a soap.—Price $5. For sale at Dr. L. J. Czapkay's Private Medical and Surgical Institute, Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, San Francisco. All letters must be addressed to L. J. Czapkay, M. D., San Francisco.

TO THE AFFLICTED.—Dr. L. J. Czapkay, late of the Hungarian Army, chief Physician of the Hospital of Pesth, and Honorary member of the Philadelphia College of Medicine, calls attention to the following maladies, in the treatment of which he guarantees a cure: Diseases of the brain, such as Epilepsy, Apoplexy, rushes of blood to the head, Inflamation of its different tissues, Partial and Complete Paralysis and insanity, and all Functional Derangements, such as loss of memory, aversion to society, Misanthropy, Timidity, Nervous Excitement from slight causes, Self-Distrust, Giddiness, Headache, Ringing in the ears, confusion of ideas, love of solitude, optical illusions, disturbed sleep and incapacity for labor and study. Also in diseases of the lungs and air passages, such as Tubercular diseases or consumption, Pneumonia or Inflamation of the lungs, Pleurities or Pleurisy, Asthma, humoral or spasmodic Bronchitis, Laryngitis, and all forms of Catarrhal affections. Also diseases of the liver, such as Hepattis or Inflamation of the liver, congestion of the liver, abseases of the liver, calculi in the gall bladder and ducts, Jaundice and those diseases which impair its functions, such as Panama fever, Billious fever and intermitting fever and the consequences which these disorders leave behind them.

Also diseases of the Stomach, such as Gastritis or Inflamation of the Stomach, Enterities or Inflamation of the bowels, Dyspepsia in all its forms, which destroy appetite and digestion, Flatulence Dysenterry and Diarrhœa. Also diseases of the Kidneys, and other urinary organs, such as Diabetes, or an excessive flow of urine, Albuminaria, commonly known as Brights disease. In this complaint physician nor patient oftentimes suspect the presence of disease until too late. The most common symptoms are general indisposition, with dropsical swellings, calculi in the Kidneys, Urethra or Bladder, Fonresis or inability to retain the urine, cystitis or inflamation of the bladder, and all other disorders of the urinary organs. Also, diseases of the womb and its appendages, such as irregularities of the MENSES, when excessive, defective, suppressed or irregular, Prolapsus or falling of the womb, sterility, ovarean dropsy, and other diseases of the parts. In the treatment of any of the above diseases, the Doctor has many new remedies, and guarantees a perfect cure in all cases, or the money will be returned. All consultations (by letter or otherwise) free. Address

Sm24 Dr. L. J. CZAPKAY, San Francisco.