PIONEER AND DEMOCRAT.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF WASHINGTON TERRITORY, POLITICS, EDUCATION, NEWS, AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

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By EDWARD FURSTE.

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POETRY.

Homeward Bound.

I'm homeward bound—and oh! the thought
My inmost soul is thrilling;
With most ecstatic bliss 'tis fraught,
My breast with ardor filling.

I'm homeward bound—I cannot stay
From its inviting treasures;
Each moment seems a lingering day
While absent from its pleasures.

'Tis absence binds the heart to home,
And makes its joys the dearer;
And dear friends from whom we roam,
On meeting seem the nearer.

I'm homeward bound—and o'er the sea
My gallant bark is bounding;
And kindly voices greeting me,
In night's soft dreams are sounding.

I.m homeward bound—and oh! my heart
With transport wild is beating;
Who would not for a season part,
To taste the bliss of meeting?

POOR ECONOMY.—The Surprise took her departure for Fort Hope yesterday morning, with upwards of four hundred passengers. Many of these were persons carried over to Bellingham Bay by the Cortez, who, finding that the "trail" was not QUITE finished, paid their passage to Victoria in addition to the fare hence to the mines—an expense they might have been spared had they landed here when the Cortez came in on Monday.—*Victoria Gazette, June* 25.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.—On the 22d of April the Agamemnon had 1,080 miles of cable on board. She was to go out of dock in a day or two. The Niagara was to leave the dock on the 12th of May.—When they have all their portion of cable on board, and are otherwise ready, she leaves on a trial and experimental trip, which will occupy at least ten days, perhaps more. All the science will be brought to bear—cable variously tested—experiments tried, and everything that can be thought of called into action to insure success. Both ships will then return to some port (probably Cork) for rendezvous, report, make the necessary alterations, and act upon suggestions; after which, in company with such vessels as are to accompany them, they both sail for a certain latitude and longitude, about mid-ocean, between Ireland and Newfoundland, there join cable, and each make the best of her way to her destined shore. It is reported positively and decisively that the Nsagara will proceed west.

EFFECTS OF THE FRAZER RIVER FEVER.—We have advices from the interior to the effect that the Frazer river fever has already operated seriously upon the price of labor. A considerable number of quartz mills have been compelled to cease operations for a scarcity of hands, and the miner's wages have increased thirty per cent. At this rate, we will soon begin to see its effects in the falling off of our treasure shipments to the East, which, we presume, the *quid nuncs* of the New York press croakers will attribute to the giving out of our mines. In the various towns and cities, labor of all kinds has also increased in value, and we hear of strikes on all sides, which have thus far been granted with exceeding good grace. Should the emigration continue with the same rush that has characterised it up to the present time, the return to the glorious days of '49 and '50, said to be enjoyed at Frazer River, will be fully participated in California.—*San Francisco Herald, June* 18.

HINT TO GIVERS OF ADVICE.—It is a maxim of prudence that when you advise a man to do something which is for your own interest as well as for his, you should put your own motive for advising him full in view, with all the weight that belongs to it. If you conceal the interest which you have in the matter, and he should afterwards discover it, he will be resolutely deaf even to that part of the argument which fairly does concern himself. If the lame man had endeavored to persuade his blind friend that it was pure charity which induced him to lend the use of his eyes, you may be certain that he never would have been carried home, though it was the other's interest to carry him.—*Arthur Helps.*

☞ Why is a beauty like the engine on a railway? Because she draws a tratn after her, scatters the sparks, transports mails, (males) anh makes us forget time and space.

Concerning Free Trade on Frazer River.

We clip the following from the *Puget Sound Herald* of June 25:

VICTORIA, V. I., June 10, 1858.

To His Excellency, James Douglas, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Vancouver's Island and its Dependencies, and Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c., &c., &c.

SIR—At a public meeting held on the 5th inst., the following resolution was unanimously adopted, viz:

"That a committee be appointed to draw up an address to his His Excellency, James Douglas, Governor of Vancouver's Island and Chief Factor of the Hudson's Bay Company, for the purpose of obtaining free trade with the mining population on Frazer river, and also that free navigation be allowed to the head of navigation on Frazer river and its tributaries."

We, the undersigned, having been named to carry out the above resolution, beg respectfully to call your Excellency's earnest attention to the following important points:

1st. It is notorious that the stock of provisions in the mining districts is utterly inadequate for the wants of even the present population; many individuals having been compelled to abandon their labors and return to this and other ports to obtain the common necessaries of life. Many new settlers are most anxious to carry supplies to their countrymen in the mines, but are prevented by the restrictions imposed upon trade by the Hudson Bay Co. We cannot, therefore, consider without serious apprehensions the state of confusion and distress which must ensue when the vast numbers now swelling the tide of immigration shall have settled on these shores, should the present restrictions on trade continue in force.

2d. We beg to draw your Excellency's attention to the great want which exists of a reliable steam communication between this port and the mining district for the accommodation of all classes, and of the mining population in particular; a want which has already cost many valuable lives. Such a state of things is deplorable in this age, and the more to be regretted when we remember that the means of supplying this want are at hand and freely offered, but are rejected by the exclusive policy of the Hudson Bay Co. It was with infinite satisfaction that the public learned that your Excellency had granted permission to the steamers *Surprise* and *Sea Bird* to run on Frazer river, but it heard with deep regret that this permission was given for one trip only.

3d. We would especially point out to your Excellency how highly injurious is this state of things to the interests of this important colony. Many settlers have recently come here, anxious to make this their home, and have invested in property to a considerable amount, and crowds of their friends are only waiting their advices to follow, but they find their ardor damped and their operations checked by the monopolizing policy of the Hudson Bay Co.; whilst thousands of emigrants from California are passing by this beautiful Island to settle upon American shores, because they see no fair field opened to their enterprise under the British flag.

We feel assured that your Excellency will at once perceive that in bringing the objects of this memorial so prominently before you, we are actuated solely by an earnest desire to advance the interests of this colony, by providing for the welfare of the settlers and holding out inducements to early immigration. Convinced that this is to be obtained only by the adoption of the liberal measures recommended in the resolution we have submitted. Requesting the favor of an early reply, we have the honor to subscribe ourselves your Excellency's most obedient servants,

YATES, HOMER,
DOANE, BAILEY,
GREEN, NAGLE.

The following is the Governor's reply:

On the important question of allowing free trade with the mining population on Frazer's River, His Excellency states that it is quite beyond his authority to do so; that he is simply the executive power of the Hudson Bay Company, whose privileges he is bound to protect, and can only act upon special instructions from home. But he has already written explaining the anomalous state of things existing here, and expects that in the course of two or three months instructions will be received authorizing such changes as the exigencies of the case may demand. It is very probable, he states, that the Government will very shortly take the territory into their own hands, and compensate the Hudson's Bay Company for any sacrifices they may make.

As regards the free navigation of Frazer's River and its tributaries, he replies that it is not the Hudson's Bay Co. who are accountable for the existing prohibition, but the revenue laws of Great Britain, according to which this river must for the present be closed to foreign vessels; that proposals have been offered to the Pacific Mail Co., and subsequently to the owners of the American steamers *Surprise* and *Sea Bird*, to run on Frazer's River under certain conditions, one of which was to do so under the British flag, and if declined by these, arrangements will most certainly be made as early as possible for other steamers.

The Governor further declared that the progress of the country occupied his anxious attention, and, whatsoever might be done, the growing interests of the colony would be carefully protected. He would forward the address to England with his own dispatches by next steamer.

The Hudson Bay Co.'s Exclusive Right to Trade on Frazer River.

The following is the copy of the Proclamation issued on the 8th May by Gov. Douglas, of Vancouver Island and its dependencies, declaring the exclusive right of the Hudson's Bay Company to trade "with the Indians in the British Possessions on the Northwest coast of America, to the exclusion of all other persons, whether British or foreign:"

PROCLAMATION.

By His Excellency James Douglas, Governor and Commander in chief of the Colony of Vancouver Island and its dependencies, and Vice Admiral of the same.

Whereas, it is commonly reported that certain boats and other vessels have entered Frazer river for trade, and whereas there is reason to apprehend that other persons are preparing and fitting out boats and vessels for the same purpose;

Now, therefore, I have issued this, my proclamation, warning all persons that such acts are contrary to law and infringements upon the rights of the Hudson's Bay company, who are legally entitled to the trade with Indians in the British possessions on the Northwest coast of America, to the exclusion of all other persons, whether British or foreign.

And also, that after fourteen days from the date of this, my proclamation, all ships boats and vessels, together with the goods laden on board, found in Frazer river, or in any of the bays, rivers or creeks of the said British possessions on the northwest coast of America, not having a license from the Hudson's Bay Company and a sufferance from the proper officer of customs at Victoria, shall be liable to forfeiture and will be seized and condemned according to law.

Given under my hand and seal of Government House, Victoria, this eighth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand, eight hundred and fifty eight, and in the twenty-first year of Her Majesty's reign.

JAMES DOUGLAS, Governor.

By His Excellency's command,
RICHARD GOLLEDGE Secretary.

God save the Queen!

SUFFERANCE ISSUED BY THE CUSTOM HOUSE AT VANCOUVER'S ISLAND.—Gov. Douglas, in his proclamation, requires that all foreign vessels shall take out a permit or sufferance from the Custom House at Vancouver's Island, before they will be permitted to proceed to Frazer river; and the following is a copy of the sufferance granted, and conditions imposed for its obtainance:

SUFFERANCE.

VICTORIA, Vancouver's Island.

These are to certify to all whom it may concern, that sufferance for the present voyage is granted, on the conditions annexed, to ——, master of the ——, burden — tons, mounted with — guns, navigated with — men, to proceed on a voyage to Fort Langley, with passengers, their luggage, provisions and mining tools. The above vessel's mentioned register being deposited in the Custom House at Victoria, her master or owner hath here entered and cleared his said vessel according to law.

Given under my hand at Victoria, this ——.

W. J. McDONALD.

ROBERT FINLAYSON, Collector for H. B. Company.

CONDITION OF SUFFERANCE.

1st. That the owner of the boat does bind himself to receive no other goods on board but such goods as belong to the Hudson Bay Co.

2d. That the said master or owner binds himself not to carry or import any powder, ammunition, arms, or utensils of war, except from the United Kingdom.

3d. That he binds himself to receive no passengers, except the said passengers produce a gold mining license and permit from the Government of Vancouver's Island.

4th. That the said owner binds himself not to trade with the natives.

THE TITLE-DEED TO LOTS IN VICTORIA.—Annexed is a copy of the title-deed given to parties acquiring lots in Victoria, V. I., by purchase from the Hudson Bay Company. It will be observed that it is very short and simple:

VANCOUVER ISLAND COLONY.

Victoria Town.

No. —.

Know all men by these Presents, That We, James Douglas and John Work, (Chief Factors) acting in behalf of the Governor and Company of the adventurers of England trading to Hudson's Bay, in consideration of the sum of —— sterling to us paid by ——, the receipt whereof we do hereby acknowledge, do hereby grant unto the said ——, his heirs and assigns for ever, all that piece of land situated in the town of Victoria, and known as town lot No. — upon the official map of Victoria town, with all and singular the appurtenances thereunto belonging, subject to all the laws and sanitary regulations now in force, or that may be hereafter established for the convenience and good government of the said town.

In witness whereof, &c.,

JAMES DOUGLAS, [L. S.]
JOHN WORK. [L. S.]

Congressional.

We clip the following from the Washington correspondence of the San Francisco *Bulletin*:

LAND DISTRICTS IN WASHINGTON TERRITORY.—In the House of Representatives on the 14th of May, a bill was reported from the Committee on Public Lands in favor of creating two additional Land Districts in Washington Territory. Mr. Cobb, Chairman of the Committee, said that two districts were all that were needed in view of the fact that Washington was not being settled as fast as was expected. Several members objected to the creation of any new Land Districts at all in a Territory being so slowly settled as Washington.

Mr. STEVENS, of Washington, then explained that the settler in the Territory required some accommodation in the way of land offices. The bill, he said, provided for an additional land office on the Columbia river, and the limits of that Land District embrace the whole southern portion of the Territory, extending from the coast to the interior. Communication is difficult from the river to Olympia, on Puget Sound, where the present land office is situated, and the reason, therefore, is strong in favor of the additional office. The other land office is for the country north. There is much activity there; the settlers are very busy proving and perfecting their titles, and the difficulties of communication, and the consequent expense, are very burdensome to them. Mr. Stevens assured the House that now that the difficulties with the Indians were surmounted, the settlements in Washington Territory were being rapidly extended. Nevertheless, the House did not seem inclined to pass the bill, and after some debate, it was referred to the Committee of the whole on the State of the Union.

In the House of Representatives, on the 14th of May, the bill to extend the land laws to the land in Washington and Oregon, lying east of the Cascade mountains, in order that it may be surveyed and brought into market, was read a third time and passed.

OREGON AND WASHINGTON WAR DEBTS.—The Washington correspondent of the *New York Herald* writing April 14th, says:

It will be attempted to get before the House at on early day a Bill appropriating soms five millions of dollars in payment of the Washington and Oregon war debt. This question will give rise to much debate and I learn that the delegates from the Territories of Oregon and Washington are prepared to state authentically all the facts going to make up the history of the Indsan outrages in that region—the burnings and horrible butcherings of defenceless settlers by Indians, who even now set the Government at defiance, and the necessity which existed for an organized defence on the part of the Territories, the arm of the Government being too far distant for the instant protection demanded.

A resolution was passed for the appointment of a commission to investigate and report on the claims arising out of the war—the principle being conceded, it would seem, that payment ought to be made; and this commission, consisting of army officers and one citizen, sat at Vancouver for a year, and then made a full and detailed report to the government. Since then J. Ross Browne, special agent of the Treasury, has visited the Territories and scrutinized the accounts and the awards of the commissioners. It is upon his report, I believe, that the measure is grounded.

We shall have over again comment on the spicy correspondence, petween General Wool and the Territorial officers and others. There will be strong opposition to the measure, but it will carry, I think, nevertheless. The claims are held as much, almost, by merchants and others upon the Atlantic seaboard, as upon the Pacific slope.

SPREAD OF MORMONISM.—The Mormons claim to have 480,000 members of their church scattered over the world. They have ninety-five missionaries in Europe, and an equal number in Africa, Asia, and the Pacific Islands. They have one Newspaper in Salt Lake City, issuing 4,000 copies weekly; one in Swansey, South Wales; one in Copenhagen, in the Danish language; one in Australia; one in India; one in Switzerland, in the French language. The "Book of Mormon" has been translated and published in the Welsh, Danish, French, German, and Italian languages.

PUMPKIN PIES WITHOUT EGGS.—As I have never seen the following recipe in print, says a correspondent of the Prairie Farmer, and thinking it may be of interest to some of your lady readers, I send it to you, and you may do as you see fit about publishing it:

Prepare the pumpkin in the same manner as when you used eggs; take a table-spoonful of flour to a pie—mix it with some milk—stir it in the prepared pumpkin, and when baked you will not be able to tell any difference in the pies made with eggs and those made with flour.

STEAM FIRE ENGINE.—The time occupied in Cincinati in firing up a steam fire engine, lighting her torches, attaching the horses, and getting the machine into the street, does not exceed one minute and a half.

THE IMPORTANCE OF TRIFLES.—The events and circumstances which exert the most powerful influence upon our lives and destinies, are not by any means the greatest. In fact, the world is more affected by what seem, at the time, to be mere trifles, than by mighty revulsions and upheavings. And, if we trace these back, to their causes, we find them hanging upon very slight threads also. Thus, a grain of dust on the balance-wheel of a railroad conductor's watch, may retard or hasten a train, and cause a frightful calamity—desolating a hundred homes, and filling a thousand hearts with sorrow. Let any man look back to the greatest changes of his character and condition, and he will see upon what trifles they at first depended. Sleeping an hour too late in the morning may cost a man a fortune. Ten minutes spent by an open window may make an invalid of him for life. A hasty word may spoil a fine friendship; and so on, to the end of the chapter, we see the smallest trifles producing the most immense results. So with character—a man is judged far more by his minor qualifications—his conduct in small, every-day matters—than by his great, unusual actions for good or evil. If we see men generous, kind, attentive, and amiable in little things—the nameless courtesies of ordinary life—we set them down as good men, and worthy companions—even if they have been tempted into the commital of wrongs, at times. On the contrary, no matter what brilliant or noble deeds one may have done, if in his habits of usual thought, speech, and action, he is disagreeable, he will be disliked, and justly. The sea is but an agglomeration of waterdrops—the earth a collection of particles, and the whole universe is composed of impalpable atoms. Such is the power of trifles, that if one single atom were taken out of existence, the universe would no longer be perfect.

THE MAILS TO THE PACIFIC.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Company has signed a contract with the Tehuantepec Company to take the mails and passengers on the Pacific to San Francisco, and the Department has extended the Pacific Company's contract for one year in consequence. The service is to commence in October. The compensation for the mails from New Orleans to the Pacific Ocean is to be $280,000 a year, for semi-monthly service: and the plan of the Government, it is said, is to make Tehuantepec the mail route to California and to discontinue the Panama route. It is also reported that the Sloo Company have protested against the arrangement, but it is not likely that their protest will be heeded.

"UP LIKE A ROCKET."—We doubt if in any portion of California, the "staff of life" ever mounted upward with such suddeness and hight, as at Bellingham Bay last week Less than a week ago, flour was ruling in Whatcom and Sehome at $18 per bbl, but on Wednesday the Surprise brought the intelligence that it was selling at $40. This rising tendency, if it cannot be expected to make the bread lighter, will certainly produce that effect on the loaves.—*Victoria Gazette. June* 25.

RATS.—When a house is infested by rats which refuse to nibble at toasted cheese and the usual baits, a few drops of the highly-scented oil of rhodium, poured on the bottom of a cage-trap, will almost invariably attract it full of the "mischievous rodents" before morning. We have known this to be tried with the most extraordinary success. Where a trap baited with all manner of edibles had failed to attract a single rat, the oil of rhodium caused it to be completely crowded, night after night, till the house was cleared of the noisome visitors.

SPRITUALISM.—The editor of the Portsmouth *Journal* has paid a visit to Prof. Foster, the spritualist, and was perfectly dumb-founded by what appeared. He writes: "In two instances where the spirits were requested to write their names, peices of paper were taken by an unseen power from the hand of the medium and carried to the floor. Soon after, in each instance, the table, unaided, rose six or eight inches, clear from the floor, and when the paper was taken up, the names were written in reverse. Having never before seen matter thus influenced by mind, it was an unaccountable novelty."

KANSAS.—The almost universal testimony of the press in Kansas is, that the people of that Territory will indignantly reject the English Conference Bill passed by Congress anb remain a Territory rather than become a State under the Lecompton Constitution.

Robberies and murders are still kept up in Kansas. The perpetrators go in gangs of from forty to eighty men each.

RUST ON GUN BARRELS.—The following recipe is valuable for preventing rust on gun barrels: three ounces of black lead with half a pound of hogs-lard, a quarter of an ounce of camphor, boiled on a slow fire; the gun barrel to be rubbed with this and after thirty-six hours, rubbed off with a linen cloth. Twice in the winter will be sufficient. After washing, a little neat's-foot oil, occasionally applied with a hare's foot is useful.

☞ Why is a hen sitting on a fence like a cent? Because she has a head on one side, and a tail on the other.

Burning the Dead.

THIS ancient but long-unused custom bids fair to become popular again, at no very distant period. There is, indeed, a society in London, established for the purpose of restoring it, and the public mind is gradually awakening to the consideration of the subject. It is undeniable, that "cremation," as it is called, possesses some features of excellence, as a system, which entitle it to a thorough trial and examination, if not to permanent adoption, more especially in large cities. To be sure, at the first thought, it seems strange, and somewhat unpleasant to consign the remains of a beloved friend to the devouring element, but on maturer discussion, we find that this is, after all, the result of the novelty, more than of any actual unpleasantness in the matter. Half of the fear of death which causes us so much suffering in antipation, arises from the horror of the grave. The Grave!—every association and idea connected with it, is terrible. The festering corruption—the ghoul-banquet of the slimy worm—the darkness—the moisture—the "rattling gravel on the coffin's lid"—all these are frightful contrasts to the warmth, health, and vigour of life, and haunt the mind with horrible pertinacity, until the dread of dissolution overcomes all the teachings of religion and the promptings of moral courage. Of course, cremation does away with all these accompaniments of death. The plan, as proposed by the society in London, is to have, in every church, a furnace, where a sheet of flame shall pass across a platform. This flame is to be projected by a contrivance similar to the blow-pipe, and will possess heat enough to consume a body entirely, in ten or fifteen minutes, leaving, in place of a loathsome mass of putrifaction, merely a handful of clean white ashes. During appropriaate services and rites, the body, covered by a pall, may be passed into the furnace, for a sufficient time. The slide being drawn out on the other side, the ashes may be collected, and, as in ancient times, deposited in an urn, bearing suitable inscriptions. But the cleanliness and purity of cremation are not its only, nor even its chief recomendations. In crowded cities, cemeteries are nuisances of the worst kind. They emit pestilential miasmas, which produce diseases of the most horrible forms, baffling the skill of all medical men. An instance of this lately occurred in Paris, where a musician named Ragier, who lived in chambers overlooking a graveyard, was seized with a slow internal fever, something like that known as putrid fever but presenting other symptoms of appalling strangeness. He tried all the hospitals, and all the physicians of note in Paris experimented upon him. But in vain His case was beyond the reach of science, and he died a terrible death—actually rotting away. The atmosphere in the vicinity of large cemeteries, such as Greenwood, Mount Auburn, Laurel Hill, and others, is continually impregnated with the miasma, if not the odor, of decay, and must be unhealthy to the dweller near. These facts are all in favor of the burning of the dead, and as several able physicians have taken up arms in favour of it, we think that there is a strong likelihood of its becoming a regular institution in all cities.—*New York Golden Prize.*

DISCOVERY OF DRY DIGGINS.—From Mr. Theodore Bond, who has lately arrived from Fort Hope, we learn that rich diggings have been found about 5 miles below Fort Yale, and numbers of miners who had been prevented by the high water from working on the bars for some weeks past, were flocking to the place.

Mr. Bond and party were the first to discover these diggings, and when he left, the miners were averaging from an ounce to twenty-five dollars per day. He brought down some $250 in dust, some of which we have seen. It is quite coarse, several of the peices weighing as much as $6.

These are the only dry diggings that have yet been discovered below Fort Yale, all the mining hitherto having been confined to the river bars.

Mr Bond's party were working on "Hunter's Bar," which is at the mouth of a small stream on the higher portions of which are the newly found diggings.—*Victoria Gazette.*

ABOUT SO.—It is not wisdom but ignorance that teaches man presumption. Genius may be sometimes arrogant, but nothing is so diffident as Knowledge.

☞ There is this difference between hatred and pity; pity is a thing often avowed, but seldom felt: hatred is a thing often felt, but seldom, if ever, avowed.

☞ Truth is like steam—the more it is compressed, the greater is its force of expansion.

☞ It is in vain to stick your finger in water, and after pulling it out, look for the hole.

☞ Why is a philanthropist like an old horse? Because he always stops at the sound of woe.

☞ The man who ate his dinner with the fork of a river, has been endeavoring to spin a mountain top.

☞ Thou canst not joke an enemy into a friend, but thou mayest a friend into an enemy.

☞ The best line to lead a woman with is a Mascu-line.

☞ 'That's a flame of mine,' as the bellows said to the fire.

Pioneer and Democrat.

OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
FRIDAY, JULY 9, 1858.

EDWARD FURSTE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

"Truth crush'd to earth will rise again,
The eternal years of God are hers."

Democratic Nominations.

For Thurston County.

Councilman,
WILLIAM W. MILLER.

Representatives,
EDMUND SYLVESTER,
B. L. HENNESS,
WILLIAM RUTLEDGE, Sr.,
JOHN M. HAWK,
JAMES LONGMYER,
OLIVER SHEAD.

County Commissioner,
JOSEPH CORNELL.

Sheriff,
GEORGE BLANKENSHIP.

Treasurer,
G. K. WILLARD.

Auditor,
RICHARD LANE.

Assessor,
(To be filled.)

Coroner,
A. J. BALDWIN.

Territorial Prosecuting Attorney,
BUTLER P. ANDERSON.

SAWAMISH,
REPRESENTATIVE,
DAVID SHELTON.

JEFFERSON,
REPRESENTATIVE,
G. W. DYER.

LEWIS,
FOR COUNCILMAN,
HENRY MILES.

FOR REPRESENTATIVES:
HOLDEN JUDSON,
JAMES T. PHILLIPS.

COWLITZ AND WAKAIKUM,
JOINT REPRESENTATIVES,
JOHN CATLIN,
CHARLES McCALL.

CLARKE COUNTY.
Councilman,
D. R. FALES.
Representatives,
S. B. CURTIS,
J. W. NYE,
C. S. IRBY,
T. J. FLETCHER,
H. L. CAPLES.

To the Polls! To the Polls!

From this hour until the polls shall have been closed, on Monday evening next, let every democrat, in each county in the Territory, consider himself as constituting a special committee, charged with the duty of seeing to it, that every democratic voter in each precinct attend the polls and deposit the *straight*, nominated ticket in the ballot-box on the day of the election.—Especially do we urge upon the democracy of Thurston, who have six representatives to elect, the importance of heartily responding to, and acting upon the suggestion.

It is certainly gratifying to the friends of strict party organization and discipline in this county, that at each annual election, since the formation of the Territory, the proportion of *straight*, unmutilated tickets counted from the ballot box, have nearly, if not quite doubled in number, over those cast the preceding year. Was the reverse the case—was the party retrogading instead of advancing in this particular, but slight hopes for its integrity could be entertained or cherished at this particular crisis; for, as we observed last week, there seems to be of late, a fearful tendency to make shipwreck of the party by the over-zealous partisanship of the friends of numerous rival gentlemen for the highest political position in the gift of the people of the Territory. This fact is so apparent—so obvious to any person of ordinary discernment, that all efforts to disguise or conceal it, is simply idle and futile, and the *character* of the *position* to which we refer is so well understood—so easily comprehended, that an *ordinary* fool—that "he who runs might read" that it is that of *delegate to Congress.* Where is there an honorable man who cannot but admire that trait of character in a person that leads him to be true to his friends—politically, as well as otherwise? Such a person, it is natural to presume, would be equally true to the party to which he acknowledges fealty. And yet where is the honorable man that is not naturally led to spurn, loathe and abhor the false friend—the double-dealing hypocrite? And is not the offence comparatively as great if committed against the party by bolters of its nominations, if fairly and honorably made, or connivance at the defeat of any of its candidates by the scratching and sacrifying of the names of persons selected by a legally constituted convention of the members of the party? It appears to be a fact, lamentable indeed as it is, and disastrous, ultimately, as it must prove to be, if persisted in, that nominations cannot now be made in this county for legislative and county officers, in the persons of such candidates as are calculated to please all, or even a majority of the friends of rival *contestants*, all equally worthy, too, perhaps, for the honorable distinction to which reference has already been made. [And in speaking of "rival contestants" in the above connection, let us not be understood as locating all of them in this county. Far from it. We refer to all such in the the Territory—and constituted "rival contestants" *only* through the partiality of their friends.]

We hold to these tenets: that fairness and honorable dealing should ever characterize the proceedings of the party, in all its primary asssemblages—in its conventions for the selection of candidates for office, and in the means resorted to, to secure the election of its nominees. That in all primary meetings and conventions of the party, (the foregoing provisions having been complied with), the majority should rule—carefully conceding to the minority all the rights and consideration to which it is entitled—and that the minority should yield a cheerful and ready acquiescence to the will or decision of the majority. That if wrongs, abuses or corruption exist in the party, it is the immediate duty of every member thereof to see to it that it be purged—be cleansed—*not by bolting party nominations, or by disorganization, or revolution, but within the body of the party, and within its lines;* by rooting out, in its conventions and assemblages, whatever existing therein that may tend to its demoralization—by applying an immediate and caustic remedy wherever disease or corruption may exist—by striking down, *within the lines of the party's own enclosures* whatever wrongs or abuses may exist therein, and adopting—*without bolting—without revolution*—such measures as will give a healthy action to the body politic, and infuse renewed life and increased vigor to its organization.

The bolting of nominations under any circumstances is bad enough, but when fairly and honorably made, is wholly inexcusable. It is dangerous, and points directly to the door of disorganization. We venture to say that as many aspirants have had their political prospects blighted by bolting, perhaps, a single nomination, as from any other one cause. It is, within our own knowledge, the cause of more after regrets than it is of after self-complaicency or satisfaction. Without an adherence to party nominations, no organization could exist, and consequently the will, albeit of the majority, would be powerless, or at least impotent for success. Let those who meditate bolting the ticket on Monday next, think coolly over the matter before they make up their minds to take the hazardous step. Let them remember the adage about young chickens, that "*they come home to roost.*" We never knew it to fail. We are not aware of an instance, where a man was known to have bolted a party nomination, resulting in the defeat of a nominee, and who afterwards received a nomination from the same party, in the same locality, but that there was a greater effort made to defeat his election, than that of any other candidate on the ticket. However reprehensible, it is but natural. The disappointed candidate and his friends will have satisfaction if it is to be obtained. And what thanks does the bolter receive for recreancy to party fealty? He can expect to but incur the displeasure, if not the enmity of the one or more candidates to whose defeat he may have contributed, and receive from the successful opposition competitors the very congratulatory expression of their regards and distinguished consideration of—*that they "love the treason, but despise the traitor!"*

We again repeat what we have said on a former occasion, that the party in this Territory is fast losing sight of the *principles* which divide it from the black republicans, and wasting itself—creating domestic fueds, local rivalry and bitterness, concerning *men*—as, for instance—*who* shall succeed to the delegateship;—*what particular class of men* shall hereafter occupy the respective Territorial offices? &c. Now in this matter we are in favor of each "tub standing upon its own bottom"—of each applicant or aspirant, standing upon his own merits. As far as elective offices are concerned, we have an abiding faith in the intelligence and good judgment of the masses; and we are of the opinion, from the present signs of the times, that ere another Congress shall have closed its deliberations, that body will have admitted Washington Territory into the Union as a State—making all Territorial offices elective. Besides, the contest for the delegateship is a year in the future, and we are very far from being of the opinion that *that* position belongs of *right, or as a matter of course,* to any *one man or class of men.*—And again, vast and astounding changes may take place ere that time. A new class of "Richmonds" may be in the field, to the repudiation of all now claiming public attention and in expectation of political advancement. We trust that even-handed justice may be done by all those having pretensions for the delegateship; that no dishonorable advantage will be taken of any; that the claims of each receive that consideration to which they are justly entitled. We certainly expect to see a "*free pitch in*" for the position referred to, but would be exceedingly sorry to see the party defeated a year in advance of the time that is to decide the chances of the "PITCH IN," or upon the strength of it.

Let *principles*, NOT *men*, be the ruling sentiment of every democrat as he deposits his ticket in the ballot box on Monday, and he will be then sure to vote the *straight* ticket. Let us remember that we are not merely voting for the nominees of our party, complimentary to them as MEN, but that it is to sustain and perpetuate the PRINCIPLES of the democratic party, that we profess to entertain and cherish as dearly as we do the liberty we enjoy, that we thus vote. There are scores of democrats in the Territory, nay, in this county, who have voted for nominees with whom they would not speak in terms of friendship. Ask them why they did so, and they will tell you that they did not vote for them as MEN, but for the PRINCIPLES to which they (the nominees) professed attachment. Ask the intelligent soldier in the ranks of the regular army why he touches his hat, carrys or presents arms to his superior officers, and he will inform you that it is not, perhaps, out of any respect or consideration he entertains for the MAN, but for the RANK to which his acknowldgements are made. Let each democrat ponder well on these considerations whilst at the polls on Monday, and resolve to double the number of *straight* tickets over those cast at the last election.

Items for the Democracy at this time to Remember.

Let the democracy remember that the leaders of the present opposition to the democracy, throughout the Union, are a bold, unprincipled set of political tricksters and humbuggers;—that they have raised a storm in the country which they can neither direct or control, and that they are destined to be submerged in the swelling tide of popular indignation which is already rising to overwhelm them. The democracy never doubted for a moment but that it would land just where it has. They knew its character. Its beginning—the idea upon which it was formed—the material of which it was composed—all combined to form an element of self-destruction which no earthly sagacity or foresight could resist. The democracy were aware of the policy that guided the framers of this party. They were aware of the perception which the black republican leaders had of the disposition of a large mass of the northern people to excitement—of their proneness to agitation. Having in mind this fact, the republican leaders determined to found a party whose sole capital—whose only principle—if we may so speak—should be *agitation—slavery agitation.* The democracy were not so easily duped as to be led to believe that those who founded, and now control this party had, or have any real sympathy for freedom, as they call it, or any genuine prejudice against slavery. They were and are ambitious; they lust after power and place;—they find that there is a tendency to *agitation* amongst a large class of the people; they have seized upon this feature in the public mind, nursed it, kept it alive. But they have played the game out—the cloven foot has been seen and repudiated.

A slight acquaintance with politics is sufficient to enable any democrat to determine when any especial mischief is brewing. As, for instance, when the devil attempts some more than ordinary sin or fraud, he disguises himself as an angel of light, and puts forth his most specious pretences; and

LET THE DEMOCRACY REMEMBER!

That, so old Federalism, under whatever name, whig, republican, know-nothing, or what not, when a great effort is to be made to overthrow the democracy, is of all things in the world, except, *possibly*, the devil, the best dressed—the sweetest spoken "institution" that ever assailed a democratic community.

LET THE DEMOCRACY REMEMBER!

That after having fought Jefferson, until fighting was useless, the old serpent, federalism, became *so* friendly, was *so* warm, and *so* loving, that the old apostle of democracy became alarmed, and exclaimed—"Lord, what evil hath thy servant done, that his enemies should praise him!"

LET THE DEMOCRACY REMEMBER!

That the same game was played through Madison's administration—through Monroe's administration, and so well played, that it at last succeeded, and a great portion of the democracy, wheedled and cajoled, were induced to support that pure democrat, [!] John Quincy Adams!

LET THE DEMOCRACY REMEMBER!

That the game was exposed in Jackson's second race. The people saw through the disguise. It was the same when Van Buren was defeated. It was the same when Cass was defeated. The opposition were all suddenly taken with the deepest *love* of democracy, and all the leaders of the party as suddenly turned up *old federalists.*

LET THE DEMOCRACY REMEMBER!

That Jackson in his race, Van Buren in his, Cass in his—all were, (according to the opposition), wanderers from the pure fold of democracy, and the people were called upon to repudiate them!

LET THE DEMOCRACY REMEMBER!

That the same game is now at work. Mr. Buchanan, it is discovered, is not a democrat of the Jeffersonian and Jackson stamp! He is a traitor to the democracy; on all hands the democracy are called upon to repudiate him, and the black republican newspapers and orators are gurgling and foaming in the most excrutiating manner, in their endeavors to convince the nation *that James Buchanan is not a democrat!* but that Wm. H. Seward, Wendal Phillips, Lloyd Garrison, Horace Greely, Fred Douglas, Abbey Kelly, &c., and their followers, were the only pure immaculate!

LET THE DEMOCRACY REMEMBER!

That it has always been so. The democracy in Jefferson's day, and in Jackson's day, were annoyed by the same impudent hypocrisy—by the fathers of these same mongrels, who now hate, as did their fathers before them, *the very name of democracy.*

LET THE DEMOCRACY REMEMBER!

That many of their brethren have taken their departure for the northern gold region, and that it may require every remaining vote to secure the triumph of our ticket. Therefore, be on hand early on the day of the election, and see that your neighbors all turn out, *and vote the straight democratic ticket.*

July 4th.

It so occurring, that the annual birth-day of our national liberties—the precourser of our present happy, dearly cherished, and free republican institutions, chancing, this year—in the ever changing progress of time—to fall upon the holy Sabbath—of course, no public demonstration—no parade or festivities occurred upon that day. On the contrary, the day seemed to be observed with a more than usual Sabbath quiet. In pursuance of announcement previously made, Rev. G. F. WHITWORTH, pastor of the Reformed, (O. S.,) Presbyterian Church, delivered a discourse to a large congregation, at the school house, on that day, having especial reference to the events of which is was the 82d anniversary. We have heard the discourse spoken of in the most complimentary terms.

On Saturday eve, July 3d, the lovers of fun and frolic, and indeed quite a large company of ladies and gentlemen were very agreeably entertained at the New Hall of Mr. G. A. BARNES, by the "*New Orleans Serenaders, and Burlesque Opera Troupe.*" The members of this Troupe conduct their performances—*Negro extravaganzas &c.*,—in a very chaste and gentlemany manner, and those who do the principal "*pitching in,*" have a very nice perception of, and deliniate the negro character very accurately. We can cheerfully commend the Troupe to public favor. The performances of Mr. MCFARLAND, on the Violin, and Mr. PICKERING, on the Piano Forte, are too well known and appreciated by our citizens, to require commendation from us. Amongst the performances of the evening, in the song and negro melody line—"*Shells of the Ocean,*" "*We met by Chance,*" "*Ellen Bayne,*" "*Aunt Jemima's Plaster,*" and "*Sweep, Oh!*" appeared to be favorites with the audience. The "*Rattle Snake Jig*" was some—"*Old Bob Ridley and his Merry Family*" was *heavy* "pumpkins," and "*Lucy Long,*" *a la* Mrs. BLUMMER, was quite a favorite with the audience, as well as with the *dramatis personæ*, upon the stage. The performance passed off quietly and satisfactorily; after which, the advent of our national birth-day was welcomed by the discharge of fire-arms, which was continued for a long time after "*the wee short hour a'yont the twal.*"

On Monday evening, the devotees of *Therpsicore* had an opportunity of *shaking* themselves "in time to that old tune."—There was dance or ball at the Hall of Mr. BARNES to which were congregated the the youth and beauty—the maid and matron—the middle aged, as well as those who are about "declining into the vale of years"—*all* took a lively participation, in commemoration of the glorious and, as we hope, never to be forgotten 4th of July.

The foregoing, in connection with the promanade of main street by a *siwash cluchman*, on Monday—dressed in hogs-head hoops, covered with calico—*a la* "Boston," and a *chapeau—a la Moiselle de Francaise*—together with a general turn out of the "Young America" on the eve of that day, who illuminated the town by the burning of tar-barrels, nothing else worthy of note passed under our observation, as pertaintaining to the observance of the *eighty-second anniversary of our American Independence.*

☞ Up to the hour of going to press, the P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamer, although due over two days, has not yet made its appearance in our harbor. The Company is the most *independent* "institution" extant.

ARRIVAL OF THE "CONSTITUTION!"

3200 *Miners arrived since our last issue!*

MOST ENCOURAGING MINING NEWS!!

The Bellingham Bay Trail Reported Through!

Exraordinary rush of Steamers and Sailing Vessels, in this direction, &c., &c.,

Exciting from the Atlantic Side!

More British Outrages!

Preparations for War!—**$10,000,000** *to be Appropriated, and* **50,000** *Volunteers to be called out!!!*

The Mormons in Arms!

Reported Expulsion of Gov. CUMMING *from Salt Lake City!—Col.* JOHNSON'S *Command nearly Starved out!*

A Vigilance Committee in New Orleans! &c.,&c.

The U. S. M. Steamer *Constitution*—A. B. GOVE, commander—arrived in the harbor of Olympia, at 12½ o'clock on Wednesday, direct from Victoria, V. I., and all intermediate ports, with the U. S. mail, and a large freight bill and passenger list. To a gentleman connected with the *Constitution* we are indebted for the following important news items:

Several ocean steamers have arrived at Port Townsend and Bellingham Bay since our last issue, among them are the *Pacific, Panama* and *Sierra Nevada*, bringing nearly 3200 miners. The majority of the passengers were landed at Victoria, having previously been told that they could *walk from there to Bellingham Bay in six hours by a trail!* In addition to the ocean steamers, referred to, we observe in our last file of San Francisco *Heralds* the following steamers and sailing vessels advertised to sail for Bellingham Bay, &c.: The steamers *Cortez, Orizaba, Republic*, and *Commodore*—the clipper ship *Carribbean*, clipper bark, *Lucy L. Hale*, schooner *Ortolon*, bark *Ocean Bird*, schooner *Black Prince*, and clippor ship *Elezabeth F. Willetz*—all with cargoes of freight and passengers.

The long wished for trail from Bellingham Bay is reported through to the Plateau, bordering on Thompson's river. The news was received with great demonstrations at Whatcom and Sehome. Horses and miners &c., are being ferried across Summit Lake, and the trail is said to lead through a rich agricultural country, &c.

A new paper has been started at Whatcom, called *The Northern Light*—W. BAUSMAN & Co., editors and proprietors. Terms: $7 per annum.

Provisions are very scarce and high at Bellingham Bay, Victoria, and other ports upon our waters.

It is rumored that Gov. DOUGLAS would open Frazer's river to all nations, and permit miners to ascend and pay their mining license to collectors in the mines.

The crew on board the Revenue Cutter *Jeff. Davis* have deserted, and gone to the mines. Capt. HYDE and his officers intend to keep up communication on our waters by small boats.

Favorable news has been received from the miners who went out on the Snoqualmie trail. *The trail has been completed from side to side, and is in excellent condition!* This fact is attested to by Messrs. A. A. Denny, Frank Matthias, Wm. H. Gilliam, and H. L. Yesler, well known as the most prominent citizens of Seattle, King county. Mr. Matthias informs us that good horses or mules can easily pack, 250 lbs. trough the pass, *and that it is not to exceed forty-five miles from Seattle to the summit!*

Several returned miners have arrived at Bellingham Bay, with sums of dust, varying from 50 to 100 oz. They report the diggings excellent. Frazer's river is falling rapidly.

The steamer *Sea Bird* is about 50 feet from any water. The *Surprise* makes her last trip to Fort Hope this week. Her trips will hereafter be to Fort Langley. Several merchants have started a town at Semiamoo Bay, on the north side, and are putting up a number of buildings. Two cargoes of lumber are on the way there. An excellent trail from this place and Point Roberts to Fort Langley, has been in use for a number of years. The distance is only 12 miles.

The Hudson Bay Company forwarded some $20,000 in gold dust by the steamer *Panama.* 20 persons arrived by the *Panama*, direct from New York, and were landed at Fort Hope—35 days from that city.

We are indebted to Messrs. *Freeman & Co.'s Express*, for N. York and San Francisco papers of June 5th and July 29th.

The intelligence brought by the last mail to San Francisco, is as startling and important as has ever reached this coast.

War with Great Britain—war with the Mormons—revolution in New Orleans, and the arsenel and city in the hands of a Vigilance Commitee—new disturbances in Kansas &c., &c., constitute a portion of the news received.

We learn that Messrs. Nicholas & Co., have consolidated with Messrs. Freeman & Co., in the express business, and that Mr. Ballon, is their authorized agent for Frazers river, &c.

In the San Francisco Daily *Herald*, of June 29th, we find an excellent digest of the news, and we are indebted *exclusively* to that paper for the following summary:

The *Herald* says:

"A collision with the British cruisers in the Gulf of Mexico seems to be inevitable. At this time, we have a large naval force in those waters, and orders have been issued to prevent the repetition of the outrages. The most intense excitement prevails throughout the whole of the Eastern States on the subject, and nothing but the most ample atonement on the part of Great Britain can prevent a war."

Mr. Douglas will propose to give the President power in the recess to defend the country from these aggressions, by raising ten millions by loan, equipping vessels of war, and accepting the services of fifty thousand volunteers, according to the precedent of 1839, in the case of the Northeastern Boundary dispute.

And again:

MORE BRITISH OUTRAGES.—The outrages of the British in the Gulf continued at last dates. Thirty-two vessels in all had been overhauled by the British cruisers. The most intense feeling prevailed throughout the whole of the Eastern States on the subject, and the voice of the nation is unquestionably for war, if ample atonement be not speedily made. Our force in the Gulf at last dates, or under orders for there are: The steamer Colorado, 40 guns; steamer Wabash, 40 guns; steamer Fulton, 5 guns; steamer Water Witch, 2 guns; steamer Artic, 2 guns; steamer Despatch, 2 guns; sloop-of-war Savannah, 24 guns; sloop-of-war Jamestown, 22; sloop-of-war Plymouth, 5 guns: sloop-of-war Preble, 16 guns; and brig Dolphin, 4—making in all 162 guns. The guns are of different calibre and consequently do not convey any very accurate idea of the weight of the metal carried by these vessels.

This makes quite a respectable force, and quite sufficient for the protection of our commerce in the Gulf. The British have 270 guns in the same waters. It is probable that a collision has taken place ere this. The *N. Y. Herald* reports that a British cruiser had fired into an American vessel and that one man was killed. The occurrence is said to have taken place off Pensacola. It is furthermore stated that the U. S. steamer Fulton had gone in chase of the cruiser. The report is confirmed by the Augusta (Ga.,) correspondent of the *N. Y. Tribune.* It is proper to state that a dispatch to the same journal, from Washington, under the date 9th June, states that the rumor has been current here for three days, but up to last night the Government had received no information on the subject.

If it be true that the Fulton had started in chase of the British cruiser, a fight has long since taken place. Lord Napier, the British Minister at Washington, it would seem, has become alarmed by the determined attitude assumed by the President and Congress, and has it is reported, dispatched a messenger to the British Admiral commanding on the West India station, informing him of the feeling that exists here with regard to the British cruisers, and the measures that have been taken by our government. The dispatches sent to the Admiral are not, as has been stated, in the nature of instructions, but simply suggestions for his guidance until the British Government can be heard from. The Admiral was at Bermuda on the 18th ult., with his flag-ship, the Indus, and the steamer Devastation.

Spain too, it would seem, is anxious to have a hand in. That nation has as much to complain of almost as the United States. Her sovereignty has been violated by the searching of American vessels in some of the harbors of Cuba, and in one instance her soil invaded.

Concerning the prospect of a war with the Mormons, that paper says:

"The news from Utah by way of New York is highly important. The Secretary of War received on the 4th of June a special dispatch from Gen. Harney, confirming intelligence previously announced, that Governor Cumming had been driven from Salt Lake City, and that the Mormons were in arms to resist the forces of the United States. The dates from Camp Scott, the head quarters of Gen. Johnston, were up to the 6th of May. By way of Los Angeles we received what purported to be three days later news from Salt Lake, and though no mention is made of these facts, it is certain the news we publish is authentic. War with the Mormons may now be considered inevitable; and it is not unlikely hostilities have been commenced before the present time."

The following is about the New Orleans Vigilance Committee:

A VIGILANCE COMMITTEE IN NEW ORLEANS.—A Vigilance Committee has been formed in New Orleans. It is true that for years past the city of New Orleans has been the worst governed city in the Union.

An independent political movement that had been set on foot in that city, originated the Vigilance Committee. The city authorities have succombed, and the city and its municipal administration is in the hands of the Vigilantese.

The city papers are divided in opinion, the *Picayune* and *Crescent* being in favor of the city, and the *True Delta* and *Delta* in favor of the Vigilance Committee, while the rest are neutral.

It would seem, however, by the following from the *True Delta*, of June 5th—the latest date received—that all difficulties have been brought to a close by the Mayor accepting the Vigilance Committee as a special police to execute the laws. The *Delta* says: "The Vigilance Committee have gained large numbers, and prestige by the Mayor and Gen. Lewis, (of the State Militia), Superintendent of Elections, accepting the forces of the Committee as a special Police, to execute the laws. The arrrngement was endorsed on the part of the merchants by two of our most influential citizens, and on the part of the Vigilance Committee by its chief, Captain Duncan."

CLARKE COUNTY.—By reference to another column it will be observed that the democracy of Clarke have held their county convention and nominated their representatives and other county officers. Four of the five nominees for the House, as will be observed, have heretofore been members of the legislature—two of them for three sessions. With some of the gentlemen on the ticket we have not the pleasure of an acquaintance, but have no hesitation in saying, from the character of those we do know, that it is a genuine straightout democratic ticket, and that the staunch democracy of old Clarke will elect it entire, by a handsome majority.

☞ P. S. The proceedings of the Clark county Convention, although in type, have been crowded out of to-day's paper. The legislative ticket will be found under our editorial head.

"**The Cry is—Still they Come!**"—In addition to the large party that for the last few weeks had been fitting out here, and which took its departure last week for the upper gold region on the Suswap, Frazer's and Thompson's rivers, *via the Snoqualmie pass*, the U. S. mail steamer *Constitution*, on her last trip down, took from Olympia, Steilacoom, Seattle, Port Townsend, and other ports, some *seventy* adventurers to the gold region, *via* Bellingham Bay and Frazer's river. For a day or two after the overland party and steamer left, the town seemed quite deserted; but it did not long remain so. Party after party come flocking in, until both hotels, and every vacant ranch in, or about town, is literally crammed and jammed full—"*and the cry is—still they come*"—all destined for the gold-fields—perhaps one half *via* the Snoqualmie pass, and the residue *via* Bellingham Bay and Frazer's river. Parties in canoes are leaving here, for the latter place, almost every day. The Oregon and Northern California gold hunters appear to have taken a regular "stampede" in this direction.—Several of them, with whom we have conversed, express a big disgust at the manner in which the Oregon friends of the Columbia river route, *via* the Dalles, are endeavoring to impose upon the credulity of the public, by representing it as the best and most direct route to the mines, as also, that no fears need be entertained of attacks from hostile Indians whilst mining party's are proceeding through their country, &c.

CROWDED OUT.—A number of articles intended for publication this week have been crowded out, together with much important news matter. Amongst the former is an article *confirming* the report, that an attack had been made on a party of miners, who took the Columbia river route, *via* the Dalles—at or near the crossing of the Nah Chee river—by a large band of hostile Indians—*and that the miners were repulsed and driven back to the Dalles!* THIS IS A FACT!—the Oregon press and "*strikers*" to the contrary, notwithstanding!

PERSONAL.—We issue our paper this week one day in advance of our usual day of publication, and hence, the major portion of the important news brought by the U. S. mail steamer *Constitution*, which arrived here at noon, on Wednesday, will have to be deferred until another time. The reason of our anticipating our usual day of publication this week, is, that our principal assistant in the mechanical department of the paper, starts on a visit to Oregon on Friday morning, whither he will absent at least ten or twelve days. In the meantime, help being very scarce here, at this time—most of the printers hereabouts having gone to the mines—we can promise our readers but a small amount of reading matter next week. We *may* have to appear with a half sheet on Friday next, and *possibly*, no publication whatever will be made. Election times are ever hurrying about the office of a party newspaper, and our readers must bear with us if the "*Pioneer and Democrat*," does not happen to "turn up" at all next week.

[From the Oregon Weekly Times.

VICTORIA, June 22d, 1858.

MR. EDITOR—The mines are a reality. I have seen and conversed with more than twenty persons who have been in the mines, all agree that they are good. The excitement at this place and Bellingham Bay is intense—beyond description. Sacramento, in 1849, is hardly in miniature; property is constantly changing hands at advanced prices; all is uncertainty yet as to the point of trade. There is no road completed from Bellingham Bay. Governor Douglas, with whom I have had several interviews, at present prevents parties from ascending Frazer's river for trade. He expects this restriction will be removed in less than three months; he has, he says, recommended to the home government to throw open the River and Mines to the world, and he thinks it will be accomplished. He will permit a miner to carry with him a years supplies, but nothing for trading purposes; he is not willing for me or others, to settle or lay off a town on that river, but we will see. I start for that purpose to-morrow. I am of the opinion that in less than two weeks from to-day all restrictions will be removed. At present, this port is free, no duty is charged and in like manner, I think, the river will be open soon.

I gather these facts mostly from Douglas himself. He also informed me that the mines had been known to him for the last three years, and that they were rich and extensive as those of California. The boat has whistled, and I must close. Mr. Baker and Wm. Molthrop returns, you can learn much from him. You will hear from me soon again. I am nearly froze, it is windy and cold.

I am, very respectfully, your ob't serv't.
M. M. MCCARVER.

P. S.—Capt. Trevalliot is just in from the mines; he confirms the account of their richness and extent. M. M. M.

BENEFITS OF ADVERTISING.—About eight months ago a drug firm in this city commenced advertising largely a style of medicines, of which they were then selling monthly, about eight hundred dollars worth In four months the nonthly sales had increased to eleven hundred dollars, and now they reach fourteen dollars per month, and are constantly increasing. Nothing can illustrate better the advantages of advertising, although this may be an unusual case, as the articles advertised (the Graefenberg family medecines,) are of such virtue, that those who have once used them never will use any others, and invariably advise their friends to purchase.—*S. F. Wide West.*

For Representative.

At the request of many friends, STEPHEN D. REINHART offers himself as an independent candidate for the Legislature of Washington Territory, for the county of Thurston.

Mr. R. has been induced to take this course from a firm conviction that he is right in doing so, and being right, he is determined to "go ahead."

The suffrages of all who can consistently support him is solicited.

☞ **Dr. L. J. Czapkay.**—We would direct the especial attention of invalids to a perusal of Dr. L. J. Czapkay's advertisement, to be found in another column of this paper, in order to place the services of a learned and experienced physician within their reach. So much ill has been inflicted on the human family from the pernicious and ignorant practices of empirics, that it seems as if we were filling a bounden duty to make known where judicious relief can be obtained. To those unfortunate enough to suffer from the effects of sexual or private diseases, or their ill treatment, we cheerfully commend Dr. L. J. Czapkay as a man of rare scientific and medical acquirements, possessing all the requisites, from long experience and acknowledged skill, for the successful practice of his profession. Having made sexual complaints an especial study, like the celebrated Ricord, of Paris, he is enabled to guarantee a speedy and permanent cure in all cases of private chronic diseases, whether the effects of contagion, self-abuse, or loss of virility, and in order that patients at a distance may avail themselves of his advice, free consultation by letter is open to them. The knowledge that we have of the numerous cures he has effected, some of which were of long standing, leads us to place much faith in Dr. C.'s efficiency, and commend him to the confidence of those in ill health.

Persons not wishing to lose time in corresponding please enclose $10 in their letters, and they will get immediate attention.

Address L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D.,
San Francisco, Cal.

New Advertisements.

200 TIERCES PATENT COVERED HAMS;
100 bbls Clear and Mess Pork;
100 half bbls Clear do
300 half bbls New Goshen Butter;
200 cases Leaf Lard, 10lb ting;
1000 bags Green Rio Coffee;
300 mats Old Gov't Java do;
100 drums new Codfish;
100 half bbls No 1 Mackerel;
100 do No 2 do
50 bbls Carolina Rice;
1000 mats No 1 China do;
100 ceroons new Chili Peaches;
500 mats No 1 China Sugar;
75 hhds New Orleans do;
500 bbls and half do Crushed Sugar;
100 do do Coffee do;
1000 kegs E. B. Syrup, 5 and 8 gals.
500 do do 14 do;
500 bbls do;
200 half barrels new dried Apples;
1000 boxes Knapp's Candles;
1000 do Chemical Sperm do;
200 do Belmont do do in cartoons;
50 do Patent Sperm do;
1000 do K. C. O. Soap;
1000 do Fay's do;
1000 boxes Layer Raisins;
1000 half and qr boxes do;
100 chests fine Green Tea;
300 cases do do 1 and 2lb caddies;
500 do do Black Tea, ½lb papers;
100 do Olive Oil;
100 do Sardines, half and quarter boxes;
500 do assorted Pie Fruits
100 do do Jams and Jellies;
600 do Piper's Oysters;
500 do assorted brands do;
100 do French Lobsters, 2lb tins;
500 do Brandy Peaches, ½ gall;
200 do Saleratus, 1lb papers;
750 boxes Colgate's Starch;
1000 cases assorted Ground Spice;
100 do Ground Coffee;
50 kegs Fresh Nutmegs;
50 cases Peach Tobacco;
55 do Fruit and Mary's Own do;
50 do Virginia Offering; do;
25 do Grape do;
50 do Cubannis do;
250 do Smoking do;

For sale by R. E. BREWSTER & CO.,
1m32 Cor. Clay and Front st., San Francisco.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTing between J. J. Westbrook and Shirley Ensign, under the name and style of WESTBROOK & ENSIGN, in the livery and transportation business at Olympia, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

J. J. Westbrook having purchased the interest of the retired partner, will continue the business, as heretofore, at the old stand. He *alone* is authorized to receive and receipt for debts due the late firm, and all accounts held against the same must be presented to him for payment.

J. J. WESTBROOK.
SHIRLEY ENSIGN.

Olympia, June 7, 1858. 3w31

MARINE HOSPITAL.

PORT TOWNSEND, JUNE 22D, 1858.

DR P. M. O'BRIEN, late Resident Physician and Surgeon of the County Hospital, San Francisco, and of the Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy, is now in charge of the Marine Hospital, Port Townsend.

Dr. O'BRIEN is also prepared to receive private patients. He flatters himself with the hope that an experience of 16 years to the practice of his profession, both private and Hospital, together which a thorough Medico-Cirurgical education, as evidenced by the proper guarantee of a Diploma to that effect will obtain for him the confidence of the citizens on Puget Sound.

LETTERS addressed—P. M. O'BRIEN, M. D., Port Townsend, will be duly acknowledged.

June 22d, 1858. n31-tf

HORSE CHARMES, ATTENTION—Oil of Cumin and Rhodium, for sale at the PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

AMBROTYPES!
PHOTOGRAPHS!
DAGUERREOTYPES!
MELAINEOTYPES!
CHRYSTALLOTYPES!!

HAVING FITTED UP TEMPORARY ROOMS, I am now prepared to take all the above pictures in the latest and most improved styles.

Parents bringing their children between the hours of eleven and two o'clock can be assured of getting good pictures.

Copying done on the most reasonable terms.

Rooms next door to Wilson & Dunlap's, Main street, Olympia.

C. FORD.

June 10, 1858. 28tf

BELLINGHAM BAY, W. T.,
Cattle Market.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING ESTABLISHED a branch of their business near Whatcom, are prepared to furnish the trade with BEEF in the quarter or on foot, on the most reasonable terms.

The highest market price will be paid for beef at Steilacoom; also we will attend to shipping stock from Steilacoom to Whatcom or Sehome.

Also, we will ship and sell cattle on commission. Cash advances made on stock entrusted to their care. For particulars, address

J. R. MEEKER & SON,
Steilacoom or Whatcom.

June 11, 1858. 29tf

Register's and Receiver's Notice

TO SETTLERS ON THE PUBLIC LANDS

In	Township	21	North of	Range	1	East,
"	"	22	"	"	1	"
"	"	5	"	"	2	"
"	"	21	"	"	2	"
"	"	22	"	"	2	"
"	"	5	"	"	3	"
"	"	21	"	"	3	"
"	"	22	"	"	3	"
"	"	23	"	"	3	"
"	"	8	"	"	3	West,
"	"	21	"	"	3	"
"	"	8	"	"	4	"

All persons claiming land in the foregoing townships, under the act of Congress approved September 27, 1850, and the amendments thereto, granting donations to *bona fide* settlers, are hereby requested to file their notifications, specifying the particular land claimed, and their location in the government surveys, in the Register's office at Olympia, W. T., on or before the EIGHTEETH DAY OF AUGUST next; and all persons in the above named townships who do not file their notifications, as herein requested, before the EIGHTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER next, will forfeit their claims, as provided by the act of July 17, 1854.

Given under our hands at Olympia this 12th day of June, 1858.

WM. A. STRICKLER, *Register*,
S. GARFIELDE, *Receiver*.

June 18, 1858. 6w30

J. BLUMBERG & CO.,
BAKERS,

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

THE SUBSCRIBERS BEG LEAVE TO ANnounce to the Merchants of Puget Sound and the public generally, that they are now ready to furnish them with—

CRACKERS, HARD BREAD, PILOT BREAD, NAVY BREAD, etc.,

WHICH they *CAN* and *WILL* sell at prices to make it an object to buy of us, instead of importing.

PIES, CAKES, BREAD, FRUIT, CANDIES, CONFECTIONERIS, Family Groceries, &c.,

ARE also kept constantly on hand, and for sale, wholesale or retail. J. BLUMBERG & CO.

Port Townsend, May 24th, 1858. n28-3m.

D. F. NEWSOM,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, MINING IMPLEMENTS, &c., &c.,

BELLINGHAM BAY, W. T.

April 30, 1858. 23tf

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING ASSOCIATED with him, in the Hardware business, E. FITZGERALD and O. M. PERKINS, will continue said business at the old stand, No. 112 Battery street, under the style of E. FITZGERALD & CO.

Grateful for the patronage heretofore extended to him, he would solicit a continuance of the same to the new firm.

All persons indebted to him are requested to make immediate payment, and all persons having demands against him will present the same for settlement.

W. G. WENDELL.

San Francisco, May 25, 1858.

The undersigned having formed a Copartnership for the transaction of the HARDWARE BUSINESS, will continue the same at the old stand, No. 112 BATTERY STREET, under the style of E. FITZGERALD & CO.

E. FITZGERALD,
O. M. PERKINS.
W. G. WENDELL.

3m30

E. Fitzgerald & Co.,

112 Battery Street,

SIGN OF THE BIG PADLOCK,

IMPORTERS OF

HARDWARE,

Mining Tools, Cutlery, Guns, &c.

Constantly on hand, a complete assortment of *BUILDERS' HARDWARE, TOOLS, &c.*,

3m30 At the lowest prices.

JOHN WINTER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,

69 California Street, between Front and Battery,

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

BREWER'S AND TANNER'S STOCK, SODA, CHEMICALS AND DRUGS.

General Commission Merchant for the purchase of

GROCERIES, LIQUORS, TOBACCO, CIGARS.

N. B. Constantly on hand and for sale, Wooden Faucets, Bungs, Taps, &c., of the best description, expressly ordered for the market. 3m30

"UREKA WHISKY."

THE UNDERSIGNED, SOLE AGENTS FOR THE manufacturers, invite the attention of consumers to the above superior brand of

WHISKY.

It is made from the finest Rye Spirits, and is a

Geunine Monongahela.

It is put up in barrels and half-barrels, for the convenience of the trade.

WM. NEWELL & CO.,
Sole Agents.

For sale by the principal Liquor Houses in San Francisco. 3m28

FOWLER & CO.,
Fr warding and Commission Merchants,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A GOOD assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Cutlery, Tin-ware, Ready-made Clothing, Crockery Ware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Ship Chandlery and Stores, Mining tools, &c.

Port Townsend, April 21, 1858. 23tf

IRA WARD. SMITH HAYS.

WARD & HAYS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FLOUR, WHEAT, SHORTS, BRAN, LUMBER, &c.

TUMWATER, W. T.

AT the warehouse of WARD & HAYS, two miles south of Olympia, at the falls of Shutes river, the public will at all times find in store, and for sale, any quantity of the above enumerated articles, at prices conformable with the times. Everything they have to sell, they will warrant to be fully equal to what they may represent it. Small vessels can reach the vicinity of their warehouse on the flood, load, and leave on the ebb tide.

Tumwater, Nov. 28, 1856. 2-ly

THE PUGET SOUND WESLEYAN INSTITUTE.

THE SUMMER TERM (OF TEN WEEKS) OF the Puget Sound Wesleyan Institute will begin on the third Monday in May, 1858.

B. R. FREELAND, Principal.
(An Assistant if necessary.)

Tuition in the several departments as follows:

Higher branches—Latin and Greek,	$8 00
Arithmetic, Geography, and Grammar,	7 00
Reading, Spelling, and Writing	6 00
Primary,	5 00
Drawing and Painting, each extra	2 00
Music on the Piano	12 00

Instruction in Vocal music free of charge.
Phonography taught " " "
Students admitted at any time, but charged for half term, or term.
The government will be paternal, but strict.

J. F. DEVORE, Agent.

Olympia, May 4, 1858.-24tf.

MINING TOOLS!

EX STEAMER COLUMBIA,
12 doz. L. H. Shovels;
12 doz. Collins Picks;
Sluice Forks;
Tom Iron, &c.,

For sale cheap, by FOWLER & CO.

Port Townsend, May 5, 1858. 25tf

MINERS' SUPPLIES.

EX STEAMER PANAMA—
10 barrels Pork;
10 barrels beef;
6000 lbs. Bacon and Ham;
1000 lbs. Lard;
5000 lbs. No. 1 China Sugar;
3000 lbs. Beans;
2000 lbs. Rice;
100 barrels Flour in quarter sacks;

And all other kind of supplies for the miners, can be found at the store of FOWLER & CO.

Port Townsend, May 10, 1858. 25tf

FOR SALE OR CHARTER.

THE FAST SAILING A NO. 1 SCHOONER "I. I. STEVENS" is offered for sale or charter. She is a new vessel, a fast sailer, and well furnished. Her measurement is about forty tons.

As a sailer, the "I. I. Stevens" probably has not her equal on the Sound—behaves well in rough weather, and sails well with light winds.

She will be sold at a bargain for cash.

For terms apply on board, or to W. FITZPATRICK,
Bellingham Bay.

May 13, 1858. 25tf

GREAT EXCITEMENT!!
AT
Point Roberts and Whatcom!
NEW GOLD DISCOVERIES!

JONES & FITZPATRICK have now on hand and offer for sale, cheap for cash or gold dust, (which will be taken in exchange for goods at the highest cash value), a large, complete, and choice assortment of

MINERS TOOLS & SUPPLIES,

purchased in San Francisco "just before the late rise," and designed expressly for this trade.

Among the goods on hand may be found

PICKS, SHOVELS, MAGNETS, &c.;
FLOUR, PORK, BACON, BEEF;
TEA, COFFE, SUGAR, RICE, APPLES;
WOOLEN CLOTHING—SHIRTS, &c.;
BOOTS AND SHOES;
BLASTING POWDER, &c.

These things we will sell at prices that defy competition, either at Whatcom or Point Roberts, at both of which places a constant assortment will be kept on hand.

May 13, 1858. 25tf

New and Brilliant!

IN CONSEQUENCE OF LATE AND TRANSPIring events, which has been setting the citizens of California on "tip-toe," an unprecedented rush has been made upon Whatcom by a hungry multitude. To satisfy the cravings of the populace, JONES & FITZPATRICK have just fitted up for the accommodation of the traveling community, and persons en route for the mines—a large and commodious

Boarding House,

where all will be regaled with the *best* produced in the country.

The proprietors will endeavor to render all comfortable who may favor them with their custom.

May 15, 1858. 25tf

NOTICE!

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, } In the District Court of
County of Thurston, } the 2d Judicial District

TO JOHN HENNING:

You are hereby notified that Henry L. Yesler has field a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the Court which shall commence more than three months after the 16th day of April, 1858, and unless you appear at said term and answer, the same will be taken as confessed and the prayer thereof granted.

The object and prayer of said complaint is to recover the sum of Twenty-three hundred dollars, for personal property purchased of said Yesler, and for damages suffered by breach of contract.

B. F. KENDALL.
Attorney for Plaintiff.

February 26, 1858. 3m21

Nobles & Hoare's Varnishes.
ALL THE STANDARD AMERICAN DO
Adams' Boston Brushes.
ATLANTIC WHITE LEAD.
FOREST RIVER DO.
TIEMANN'S and other Colors.
GLUES, BRONZES
GOLD LEAF, &C.

San Francisco, March 20th, 1858. n19-1y

DALY'S
VALLEY WHISKY.

WE BEG TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF Dealers, as well as Consumers, to the following Certificates of well known Chemists, who have analyzed

DALY'S AROMATIC VALLEY WHISKY.

The high reputation of the parties is a sufficient guarantee that the article possesses all the merit claimed for it.

WM. NEWELL & CO.,
Sole Agents.

State Assayer's Office, 32 *Somerset Street*, Boston, Mass., April 17, 1858.

WM. H. DALY, New York:

Dear Sir—I have made a Chemical Analysis of your "*AROMATIC VALLEY WHISKY*," and find it a pure, fine flavored Rye Whisky, containing no injurious matter of any kind, and recommend it as suitable for medical and public purposes.

CHARLES T. JACKSON, M. D.,
State Assayer.

NEW YORK, April 19, 1858.

I have analysed a sample of "*DALY'S AROMATIC VALLEY WHISKY*," and find it to be a pure article, of fine flavor, and without any deleterious admixture.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D., Chemist.

WM. H. DALY, Esq.:

Dear Sir.—Your "*AROMATIC VALLEY WHISKY*" is received, and after careful examination, I find it to be a pure article, entirely free from the adulterating ingredients so frequently used.

JAMES J. MAPES, Chemist.

Daly's Aromatic Valley Whisky is put up in cases containing One Dozen Bottles each.

For sale by all the principal Liquor Houses in San Francisco. 3m28

THOS. J. HANNA,
Commission Merchant.

FORWARDING AND RECEIVING.

HAVING AMPLE ACCOMMODATIONS FOR the display, sale, and storage of all kinds of merchandise, and having had considerable experience in mercantile business, would respectfully solicit the patronage of my friends.

Port Townsend, W. T. 21tf

D. PHILLIPS, San Francisco. D. HORTON, Seattle. D. L. PHILLIPS, Olympia.

PHILLIPS, HORTON, & Co.,
Wholesale and Retail
—DEALERS IN—
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, SHELF-WARE, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, &C, &C.,

Corner Main and Second Streets, one door north of the Washington Hotel, Olympia, W. T.

☞ D. PHILLIPS, the senior partner, will reside in the city of San Francisco, and attend to purchasing goods, and such commission business as may be entrusted to his care. [ap. 17-ly.

G. A. BARNES. W. N. AYERS.

BARNES & AYERS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Hardware,
STOVES & TIN-WARE,
Agricultural Impliments, &c., &c.

Main Street, Three Doors above the Post Office

Olympia, Dec. 22, 1856. no5-yly.

PACIFIC HOUSE,
WM. COCK, Proprietor,
Corner of Main and Third Streets,
OLYMPIA, W. T.

The proprietor will endeavor to make all comfortable who may favor him with their custom.

Board and Lodging by the Day or Week.

Olympia, Sept. 12, 1856. ly.44.

M. LOUISSON & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes,
Hats, Caps, Groceries, Crockery ware, &c. &c.

Olympia, W. T., San Francisco, Cal.

M. LOUISSON, I. LIGHTNER, A. FRANKEL.

April 22, 1854. 33tf

S. BETTMAN, M. BETTMAN, L. BETTMAN

Bettman Brothers,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c.

Store on the corner of Main and Second Streets, Olympia, W. T.

☞ A branch of their store is established in Seattle, King county.

Olympia, Aug. 19, 1854. 50tf

BUTLER P. ANDERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OLYMPIA, W. T.

OFFICE—in the Land Office. no.7y.

GEORGE GALLAGHER,
DEALER IN STOVES, HARD-WARE, TIN-WARE, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &c.,
OLYMPIA, W. T.

Nov. 5, 1853. 9tf

M. P. BURNS,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, & OCULIST.
—*OFFICE:*—
NEXT DOOR TO WILSON & DUNLAP'S,
Main Street, Olympia, W. T.

DR. M. P. BURNS returns his sincere thanks for the liberal share of patronage he has received the past five years from a discerning public.

Dr. Burns can be consulted daily at his office, except when absent on professional business. Those residing at a distance can do so by mail.

A genuine supply of MEDICINES constantly on hand.

N. B.—Particular attention paid to diseases of the Eyes, and Chronic diseases of the Blood.

Olympia, April 9, 1857. y-no.20.

W. H. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
STEILACOOM, W. T.

Nov. 5, 1853. 9tf

FRANK BAKER,
110 and 112 Clay Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

CARPETS,
OIL CLOTHS,
UPHOLSTERY GOODS,
PAPER HANGINGS,
&c., &c.
WHOLESALE
AND
RETAIL.

Feb. 19, 1858. 6mo13

SARSAPARILLA—Sand's, Townsend's, Gugrott's Yellow Dock, and Graeffenberg's Sarsaparilla, for sale at the PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

CLARK DREW,
Watch Maker and Jeweller,
STEILACOOM, W. T.

WILL attend promptly to the *REPAIRING OF WATCHES, CLOCKS, CHRONOMETERS, SURNEYORS' INSTRUMENTS, &c.*, entrusted to him, with promptness and dispatch.

ALL HIS WORK WARRANTED!

JEWELRY of all kinds, such as BRACELETS, PINS, RINGS, &c., made to order, in any shape desired.

ENGRAVING, executed with neatness and dispatch.

Prices moderate. Give him a call.

Steilacoom, March 12th, 1858. n16-tf

FOR BELLINGHAM BAY!

THE NEAREST AND MOST DIRECT ROUTE TO THE
Frazer's River Gold Mines!

THE U. S. MAIL STEAMER

"SEA BIRD,"

FRANCIS CONNER, Commander,

WILL LEAVE OLYMPIA EVERY FRIDAY at 4 o'clock, P. M., touching at Steilacoom, Seattle, Port Madison, Port Gamble, Port Ludlow, Port Townsend and Whidby's Island.

For passage or freight at reduced rates, apply to the captain on board, or to P. A. OWENS, *Agent.*

April 16, 1858. 21tf

UNITED STATES
MAIL LINE!
—CONNECTING—
THE COLUMBIA RIVER
—WITH—
PUGET SOUND!

H. WINSOR,

MAIL CONTRACTOR, BETWEEN OLYMPIA and Ranier, on the Oregon side of the Columbia River, takes this method to inform the travelling public, that he is at all times prepared to accommodate all who may call upon him, with—

HORSES AND MULES,
Wagons,

CARRIAGES, &c.,

For their Accommodation and Conveyance to any practicable portion of the Territory.

PERSONS traveling to Oregon, or from that Territory to this, can obtain ANIMALS or CONVEYANCES, at either—

Olympia, Cowlitz Landing or Monticello.

IN passing up or down the Cowlitz River, persons can have their choice of performing the journey either with *HORSES* or in *CANOES*—Mr. WINSOR having in readiness at all times, at both Cowlitz Landing and Monticello, a number of—

GOOD, SUBSTANTIAL
CANOES,

WHICH can at short notice be manned to order, with crews of safe and experienced boatmen—well acquainted with the navigation of the river.

TERMS:

PASSENGERS will be conveyed from Ranier to Olympia, and from Olympia to Ranier, at the following rates:

From Ranier to Olympia, ... $16 00.
From Olympia to Ranier, ... $15 00.

Olympia, W. T., March 19, 1858. n17-tf

JOHN C. BELL,
182 Clay Street,

Next door to the Museum, near Kearney, St.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Bring the Measure. For Shades & Carpets.

CARPETS OF ALL KINDS,
FLOOR AND TABLE CLOTHS,
PAPER HANGINGS,
WINDOW SHADES,

FURNISHING GOODS OF ALL KINDS—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

GREEN BAIZE, PEW CUSHIONS, &c.

☞ A liberal discount will always be made to people from the country. Cheapest Carpet Warehouse on the Pacific Coast. Don't forget the number,

182 Clay Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

April 30, 1858. 3m23

ALCOHOL—French Brandy, Bourbon Whiskey and Port Wine, just received, and for sale at the PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

INDIGO—Madder, Ext. Logwood, Copperas, Arnatto and Hair Coloring Stuffs, constantly on hand, at the PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

WM. WRIGHT,
MANUFACTURER OF
SADDLES AND HARNESS,
AND DEALER IN
Saddlery Hardware,

CORNER OF FOURTH AND WASHINGTON STS.,
OLYMPIA, W. T.,

OFFERS FOR SALE,
PLOW, TEAM AND BUGGY
HARNESS;
LADIES' AND GETLEMENS'
SADDLES;
PACK SADDLES
AND
SADDLE TREES;
Saddle Bags
AND
WALLETS,
GIRTHS and
SURCINGLES;
BLOCK AND BENT
Stirrups;
Halters, Bridles and
MARTINGALES;
Whips and Spurs;
Curry Combs,
Horse cards & brushes, &c.

Feb. 26, 1858. 6m14

Wooden Ware, Brooms,
BASKETS, BRUSHES,
Clothes Lines, Matches, &c.,
IN ALL THEIR VARIETIES,
ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY ARRIVING FROM THE EAST.
FOR SALE AT LOWEST WHOLESALE PRICES, AT THE
WOOD & WILLOW WARE ESTABLISHMENT
...OF...
HAWXHURST & SON,
39 Sacramento street, Below Front,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Feb. 19, 1858. 6m13

DR. J. L. CZAPKAY'S

PRIVATE MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE,

Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, San Francisco.

ESTABLISHED IN 1854, FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF ALL PRIVATE AND CHRONIC DISEASES, AND THE SUPPRESSION OF QUACKERY.

Attending and Resident Physician,
L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D.,
Late in the Hungarian Revolutionary War, Chief Physician to the 20th Regiment of Honveds, Chief Surgeon to the Military Hospital of Pesth, Hungary, and the late Lecturer on the Diseases of Women and Children.

Communications strictly confidential.
Consultations, by letter or otherwise, free.
Address DR. L. J. CZAPKAY,
San Francisco, Cal.

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of all forms of Private Diseases—such as Syphilis, Gonorrœa, Nocturnal Emissions, and all the consequences of self-abuse. In the first stages of Syphilitic or Gonorrhœal diseases he guarantees a cure in a few days, without inconvenience to the patient or hindrance to his business. When a patient by neglect or improper treatment has developed the secondary symptoms of Syphilis, such as bubores or painful swellings on the groins, or ulcers in the throat and nose, which, if not checked, destroy the soft parts and cause the bones to mortify, separate and come away, leaving the sufferer an object hideous to behold; or when blotches and pimples break out upon the skin, or when he has painful swellings upon the bones, or when his constitution is injured so as to pre-dispose to consumption or other constitutional disease, the Dr. guarantees a cure or asks no compensation.

In RHEUMATISM, chronic or acute; in DYSENTERY or DIARRHŒA, he has safe and effectual remedies. For the treatment of the consequences of self-abuse, such as nocturnal emissions, nervousness, timidity, headache, pains in the back and limbs, with general weakness, loss of appetite, loss of memory, injury to the sight, restlessness, confusion of ideas, dislike for society, and a feeling of weariness of life; with the nervous system so excitable that slight noises shock or startle the patient, making his existence miserable. For the above maladies the Doctor will guarantee a cure or ask no compensation. He can be consulted free of charge, and invites all to call, as it will cost them nothing, and may be much to their advantage. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

CERTIFICATE.

The undersigned, desirous of acquainting those who may be unfortunate enough to be similarly afflicted where a permanent relief of their sufferings may be obtained, feels it his duty to publicly express his sincere gratitude to Dr. L. J. Czapkay, for the permanent recovery of his health. Borne down by the distressing symptoms incident to the vicious practices of uncontrollable passions in youth, depressed in body and mind, unable to perform even the most trifling duty imposed upon the daily avocations of life, I sought the advice of many physicians, who at first regarded my disease as of trifling importance, but, alas! after a few weeks, and in several instances months, of their treatment, I found, to my unutterable horror, that instead of relief, the symptoms became more alarming in their torture, and being finally told by one that the disease, being principally confined to the brain, medicines would be of little consequence, I despaired of ever regaining my health, strength and energy; and as a last resort, and with but a faint hope, called upon Dr. Czapkay, who, after examining my case, prescribed some medicine which almost instantly relieved me of the dull pain and dizziness in my head. Encouraged by this result, I resolved to place myself immediately under his care, and, by a strict obedience to his directions and advice, my head became clear, my ideas collected, the constant pains in my back and groins, the weakness of my limbs, the nervous re-action of my whole body on the slightest alarm or excitement, the misanthropy and evil forebodings, the self-distrust and want of confidence in others, the incapability to study and want of resolution, the frightful, the exciting, and at times the pleasurable dreams at night, followed by involuntary discharges, have all disappeared, and, in fact, in two months after consulting the Doctor, I felt as if inspired by a new life, that life which, but a short time ago, I contemplated to end by my own hand.

With a view to guard the unfortunate from falling into the snare of incompetent quacks, I deem it my duty to offer this testimony to the merit and skill of Dr. Czapkay, and recommend him to all who may stand in need of medical advice, being assured by my own experience that, once under his care, a radical and permanent cure will be effected.

B. F. FILLMORE.

State of California, county of San Francisco—Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 17th day of April, A. D. 1856. (Signed,) JOHN MIDDLETON, Notary Public.

CERTIFICATE.

I, the undersigned, Governor of Hungary, do testify hereby, that Dr. L. J. Czapkay has served during the contest for Hungarian liberty, as Chief Surgeon in the Hungarian army, with faithful perseverance—whereof I have given him this certificate, and do recommend him to the sympathy, attention and protection of all those who are capable of appreciating patriotic self-sacrifice, und undeserved misfortune.

KOSSUTH LAJOS,
Governor of Hungary.

Washington City, Jan. 6, 1852.

SPERMATORRHŒA

OR local weakness, nervous debility, low spirits, lassitude, weakness of the limbf and back, indisposition and incapability for labor and study, dullness of apprehension, loss of memory, aversion of society, love of solitude, timidity, self-distrust, diziness, headache, involuntary discharges, pains in the side, affections of the eyes, pimples in the face, sexual and other infirmities in man, are cured without fail, by the justly celebrated physician and surgeon, L. J. Czapkay. His method of curing diseases is new, (unknown to others), and hence the great success. All consultations (by letter or otherwise) free. Address L. J. Czapkay, M. D., San Francisco, California.

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE!!—Great Blessing to Mankind!—Innocent, but potent! Dr. L. J. Czapkay's Prophilactieum, (self-disinfecting agent), a sure preventative against gonorrhœa and syphilitic diseases, and an unsurpassed remedy for all venerial, scrofulous, gangrenous and cancerous ulcers, fœtid discharges from vagina, uterus and urethra, and all cutaneous eruptions and diseases. As innoculation is a preventative against small pox, so is Dr. L. J. Czapkay's Prophilacitum a preventative against syphilitical and gonorrhœal diseases, harmless, in itself, it possesses the power of chemically destroying the syphilitic virus, and thereby saving thousands from being infected by the most loathsome of all diseases. Let no young man who appreciates health be without Dr. Czapkay's Prophilacitum. It is in very convenient packages, and will be found very convenient to use, being used as a soap. Price $5. For sale at Dr. Czapkay's Private Medical and Surgical Institute, Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite P. M. S. S. Co.'s office, San Francisco.

SYPHILIS AND GONORRHŒA.

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY would ask especial attention to Syphilitic and Gonorrhœal Di-ea-es. In the first stages of either of these complaints, he guarantees a perfect and effectual cure in a few days, without hindrance to business or the slightest inconvenience. The Dr.'s method of treating them combines all the latest improvements by the Medical Faculty, with discoveries made by himself more effective than anything yet known, which secures the patient from the possibility of secondary symptoms, and removes the disease in the shortest possible time.

Secondary Syphilis, which appears in consequence of the absorption of the poison into the system, and produces Bubores, Ulcerations in the throat and nose, which destroys the soft parts, and cause the bones to mortify, separate and come away, disfiguring the patient horribly; Nodes, or painful swellings in the bones; Blotches upon the skin, cases of which the Doctor sees daily in his office, and which are the result of improper treatment. Also, Ulcers, Sores, and Pimples, and injuries to the constitution, which, after a long period of suffering destroy life. It will also be remembered that these disorders are hereditary, passing from parent to child, and entailing upon the offspring a ruined constitution. For a cure of all these forms of disease the Doctor guarantees a cure or asks no compensation. The Doctor can be consulted by letter or otherwise, free of charge, and invites all those who are afflicted to call upon him, where he will give such satisfaction as they can obtain no where else. His office is on Sacramento street, below Montgomery, nearly opposite Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, San Francisco. 3m28

BRUSHES—Paint, Sash Tool, Hair, Tooth, Flesh, Clothes and Nail Brushes, for sale at the PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, Cod Liver Oil, and Graeffenburg's Consumptive Balm, for sale at the PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

WHITE LEAD—Pure—Linseed Oil, (Raw and Boiled,) Spts. Turpentine, &c., for sale at the PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

Land Warrants for sale.

C. E. WILLIAMS.

Olympia, April 16, 1858.

C. C. FRENCH, E. H. WILSON, W. G. DUNLAP.

French, Wilson & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

CLOTHING

AND

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

FINE Custom made clothing received by every Steamer expressly for Retail.

Orders from the country attended to with care.

115 Sacramento Street—Corner Leidesdorff, opposite the P. M. Steamship Co.'s Office.

December 25, 1857. 3tf

MEDICAL.

G. K. WILLARD, M. D.,

HAS REMOVED TO THE BUILDING LATELY OCCUPIED BY E. SYLVESTER, MAIN STREET, OLYMPIA.

THE undersigned takes this method of informing the citizens of Olympia and surrounding country, that he has opened an office at the above place, for the practice of MEDICINE in its various branches; and will hold himself in readiness at all times, to attend to any calls in the line of his profession, to which his entire attention will be devoted.

G. K. WILLARD.

Olympia, April 9, 1857. no.29-ly.

E. H. WILSON, San Francisco. | W. G. DUNLAP, Olympia.

WILSON & DUNLAP,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Fancy and Staple Dy Goods,

EMBROIDERIES, DRESS GOODS, GROCERIES,

BOOTS & SHOES, HATS,

CAPS AND CLOTHING.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS, HARDWARE, CROCKERY, &c., &c.,

And numerous other articles adapted to the trade.

We have removed our stock in Olympia to the store on the corner of Main and Third streets, opposite the Pacific Hotel.

We have also opened our old store at

TUM WATER,

Under the charge of JOHN SCOTT.

One of our firm will reside constantly in San Francisco for the purpose of selecting, expressly for this market, goods which we shall be receiving by every vessel.

With these facilities, and a determination to do a cash business, we are confident of being able to hold out superior inducements to cash customers.

March 13, 1857. 16tf

Washington Hotel.

SIGN OF THE LONE TREE,

CORNER OF MAIN AND SECOND STREETS,

OLYMPIA, W. T.

SILAS GALLIHER, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR has recently erected, in connection with, and as a part of the "Washington Hotel" a large two story building—20 by 60 feet—by which he is enabled to provide the traveling public with a larger number of capacious, comfortable and excellently ventilated apartments than can be afforded by any other public house in Washington Territory. An idea of his ability to accommodate the public may be judged from the fact that the Hotel contains twenty-five private rooms—(exclusive of family apartments)—six of which are largo drawing rooms, or parlors.

Thankful to the public for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to the proprietor, and having thus enlarged upon his former business, he feels confident he can render the sojourn of strangers with him comfortable and pleasant, and no pains shall be spared to set his table as well as any in like business.

Beds and bed-rooms furnished to such as may desire them.

Board by the day and week.

A good stable is attached to this establishment, which will be amply supplied with forage for the accommodation of animals of the travelling public.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

OLYMPIA, Dec. 4th, 1857 n2ly

GRAND MOUND NURSERY:

Fruit, Shrubs, & Flowers.

IN addition to my former extensive variety of FRUIT, SHADE, AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, I have lately obtained, from the most extensive nurseries in California and Oregon, a choice lot of

SHRUBBERY, FLOWERS, VINES, &c.,

Among which may be found the following:—

Apples.	Flowering Apple,
60 Varieties.	Flowering Almond,
Pears.	Malveiso,
25 Varieties.	Silver L. Poplar,
Plums,	Labernum,
10 Varieties.	Weeping Willow,
Cherries,	Locust,
20 Varieties.	Mountain Ash,
Peaches,	Lilac,
15 Choice early varieties.	Privet,
Apricot,	Furze.
3 Varieties.	**Nuts.**
Nectarine,	English Walnuts,
Boston do	Butternut,
Minor Fruits,	Chestnut.
Catawba Grape,	**Roses,**
Isabella do	60 Best cultivated varieties.
Currants, 8 varieties,	**Carnations,**
Gooseberries, 7 do	5 Best varieties.
Raspberry, 6 do	Variegated Dahlias.
Strawberry, 6 do	Red and White Daisies.
Ornamental Trees and Shrubs,	**Verbenas,**
Acassia,	7 Varieties.
Catalpa,	**Stock Gilly,**
American Elm,	Variety.
Lombardy Poplar,	Giant Rheubarb.
	Horse Raddish.

Besides many varieties of Shrubs and Flowers under cultivation, which can be furnished another season.

Also, Artichokes—very productive.

With this addition to my former large and selected assortment of Apple, Peach, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Quince, Apricot, and other trees, in endless variety, and of from two to four years' growth, I feel sanguine that my nursery is by far the most extensive in the Territory, and am confident that I can sell at prices that cannot be competed with by any engaged in this branch of business.

L. D. DURGIN.

Olympia, Dec. 18, 1857.

NOTICE

TO THE CONSUMERS OF

Club House Gin!

THE GREAT REPUTATION OF DALY'S

OLD LONDON

CLUB HOUSE GIN,

In consequence of its superior and uniform quality, has induced other parties to import, and also to put up in this market, an inferior article of Gin, branded

"London Club House."

We caution consumers against purchasing any of these brands of Gin for the genuine. Each case of the genuine article is branded

"Old London Club House Gin, Wm. H. D."

The name of J. T. Daly is also blown in each bottle; none other being genuine.

WM. NEWELL & CO.,
Sole Agents.

For sale by the principal Liquor Houses in San Francisco. 3w28

ALTA HOUSE,

VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

THE parties heretofore occupying the ALTA HOUSE, and known under the name and style of GOODWIN & SPEARS, have this day by mutual consent dissolved copartnership. The house will hereafter be conducted under the style of SPEAR & MAYHEW, whose whole desire will be to please, and make the weary traveler feel himself entirely at "home." No pains will be spared to accommodate, and all we ask is a call to insure your patronage.

SPEAR & MAYHEW.

Vancouver, Aug. 28, 1857. no.40-tf.

OLYMPIA MARKET!

O'SHAUGHNESSY & COCK,

Proprietors.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING leased the well known Establishment formerly occupied by Hurd & Weed, will continue to furnish the public with every thing usually kept in a well regulated market. Farmers and others having Produce for sale, are solicited to give us a call.

WM. J. O'SHAUGHNESSY,
HENRY D. COCK.

Olympia, Oct. 30, 1857. n49-ly.

ACCOMMODATION,

AT

Victoria, Vancouver's Island.

AWARE of the great inconvenience and want of suitable accommodation for travelers and business men, in times past, the undersigned has fitted up, in good style and comfortable manner, a *first class HOTEL and boarding house*, for the convenience of travelers from the American side, and residents of the Island in general.

It shall be the constant aim and endeavor of the subscriber to furnish his table with everything calculated to gratify the taste, and render the stay of guests with him agreeable and pleasant. To pleasure seeking parties to which the scenery of the Island especially will prove inviting—the undersigned will bestow his particular attention.

The public are therefore requested to cal on him as above, near the Government House, Victoria.

CHARLES BAYLEY.

Victoria, V. I., July 25, 1857. no.36-ly.

LIVERY STABLE.

HAVING recently purchased the stable premises, horses, wagons, buggies, &c., belonging to Edmund Sylvester, the undersigned are prepared to let LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S RIDING HORSES, BUGGIES, SADDLES, &c.

Our horses are all young and vigorous, and in good condition. They are also well-broken, and perfectly safe for even the most delicate lady.

Good buggies and teams also always on hand. No fears need be entertained of "break-downs" where we furnish parties.

Having also several teams on the LINE, we stand constantly in readiness to haul goods and merchandize, etc., to and from all parts of the city and country.

Stabling, as heretofore, at customary rates.

Also, a good wagon yard and Oats, Hay, &c., always on hand, for traveling customers, *at the very lowest rates.*

Give us a call.

WESTBROOK & ENSIGN.

Olympia, Aug. 28, 1857. no.40-tf.

To Whom it may Concern.

WM. L. MITCHELL, of the firm of Mitchell & Stewart, is my authorized agent to receive and receipt for me and in my name, on all accounts due the undersigned.

Persons knowing themselves indebted are requested to call on him and make immediate payment. His receipts will be good in all cases.

S. L. D. WESTBROOK.

Olympia, Oct. 9, 1857. no.40-tf.

L. P. FISHER'S

Advertising Agency,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

NO. 171½ Washington Street, up stairs, nearly opposite Maguire's Opera House.

L. P. FISHER is the authorized agent of the

PIONEER & DEMOCRAT, Olympia, W. T.;
Marysville Herald;
Sacramento Union;
Pacific Methodist, Stockton;
Sonora Herald;
Nevada Journal;
Grass Valley Telegraph;
Red Bluff Beacon;
Tuolumne Courier;
El Dorado Democrat, Placerville;
San Joaquin Republican, Stockton;
Columbia Gazette;
Mountain Democrat, Placerville;
Calaveras Chronicle, Mokelumne Hill;
Shasta Courier;
Mariposa Gazette;
Yreka Weekly Union;
Trinity Journal, Weaverville;
Iowa Hill News;
Volcano Ledger;
Weekly Ledger, Jackson;
San Jose Telegraph;
Sonoma County Journal;
Folsom Dispatch;
California Mining Journal;
Los Angelos Star;
Santa Barbara Gazette;
San Diego Herald;
Alameda County Gazette;
Placer Courier, Yankee Jim's;
Napa County Reporter;
Sierra Democrat, Downieville;
Humboldt Times;
Oregonian, Portland, O. T.;
Oregon Statesman, Salem, O. T.;
Herald, Jacksonville, O. T.;
Pacific Christian Advocate, Salem, O. T.;
Polynesian, Honolulu, S. I.;
Pacific Commercial Advertiser, Honolulu, S. I.;
Mexican Extraordinary, City of Mexico;
Hongkong Register, China.

ADVERTISING IN THE ATLANTIC STATES.

L. P. F. has now completed his arrangements for the forwarding of advertisements to all the principal largest circulating Journals and Newspapers published in the Atlantic States.

A fine opportunity is here offered to those who wish to advertise in any part of the Union, of doing so at the lowest rates, and in a prompt and satisfactory manner.

Sept. 4, 1857. no.41-tf.

L. Q. WASHINGTON,

Agent for the Prosecution of Claims at Washington, D. C., before the Executive Departments, Congress, and the Court of Claims.

WILL attend to the settlement of the accounts of Marshals, District Attorneys, and other Federal officers, and of contracts with the Post Office and other Departments.

Also to the procuring of Patents for Land, Land Warrants, to claims growing out of Indian hostilities, and other business of a General Agency.

REFERS TO

Hon. ISAAC I. STEVENS, Delegate for Washington Territory.

Gen. JOSEPH LANE, Delegate for Oregon.

JUDGE M. M. MCALLISTER, U. S. Circuit Court San Francisco.

Hon. OGDEN HOFFMAN, Judge U. S. District Court, San Francisco.

Hon. JAMES GUTHRIE, Louisville Kentucky.

Hon. ELISHA WHITTLESEY, and to the officers generally of U. S. Treasury and Interior Departments.

Address

L. Q. WASHINGTON,
Washington, D. C.

Feb. 5, 1858. 11y

SEATTLE STEAM SAW MILL.

H. L. YESLER & CO. are now manufacturing a superior article of sawed lumber.

H. L. YESLER & CO.

Seattle, Sept. 3, 1853. 1tf.

LIVERY STABLE.

THE Undersigned keep on hand a number of excellent HORSES and BUGGIES for hire at reasonable rates.

Hauling done on usual terms. Give us a call.

MITCHELL & STEWART.

Olympia, Dec. 17, 1857.-ly.

CREAM TARTAR—A pure article, to be found at the PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

FORWARDING, Storage & Commission

THE undersigned having erected at Port Townsend, Washington Territory, a large and commodious warehouse, well adapted to the storage of grain, merchandise, freight, etc., intended for transportation up or down the coast, awaiting the necessary means of conveyance, would inform the shippers and traders of the Sound that they are now prepared to store such articles on the usual terms.

Also, being extensively engaged in the business of TRANSPORTATION, either as owners of or agents for most of the coasting vessels of the Sound, they are further prepared to FORWARD such articles of merchandize, stock, and grain as may be entrusted to them, to any point on the Sound or Straits, Vancouver's Island, or elsewhere, as may be desired, at the shortest notice and on accommodating terms.

Patronage respectfully solicited. For further information address the undersigned.

E. S. FOWLER & CO.

Port Townsend, Aug. 14, 1857. no.39-tf.

PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE,

POST-OFFICE BUILDING, MAIN ST., OLYMPIA, W. T.

G. K. WILLARD. RUFUS WILLARD.

G. K. WILLARD & SON,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Window-Glass, Soaps, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, Patent Medicines, Pure Wines and Liquors,

(For Medicinal purposes only.)

Tobacco, Cigars, Snuffs, &c., &c.,

Olympia, W. T., Aug. 1st, 1857.

C. C. FRENCH. E. H. WILSON, WM. G. DUNLAP.

FRENCH, WILSON & CO.

Commission Merchants,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FINE AND HEAVY

CLOTHING,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Orders from the country solicited and attended to in such a manner as to give satisfaction.

All orders must be accompanied by the Cash.

☞ No. 115, Sacramento Street, corner of Leidesdorff, opposite the P. M. S. S. Company's Office, San Francisco.

THE PUGET MILL CO.

CONTINUE to furnish cargoes of sawed lumber rough or dressed, hewn timber masts and spars, to order, at short notice, at their steam saw mill at Teekalet, (Hood's Canal,) W. T.

Ship, and Machinist work, and Blacksmithing done also, at short notice. They have a good wharf and other conveniences not to be found at any other point on the Sound.

J. P. KELLER, Agent, Teekalet.

A. J. POPE, San Francisco.

Teekalet Oct. 22, '55

Sandwich Islands Produce,

AND a general assortment of provisions &c., may be found at the store of the Puget Mill Co., at Teekalet Hood's Canal. Apply to

J. P. KELLER.

Oct. 22, 1855—7ly.

D. S. MAYNARD, M. D.,

SEATTLE,

King County, W. T.,

Having resumed the paractice of

MEDICINE

—AND—

SURGERY,

Can at all times be consulted, (unless absent on professional business,) to which he will hold himself constantly in readiness to bestow personal and prompt attention.

☞ Connected with his office, DR. MAYNARD, has, and purposes keeping constantly on hand, a full and complete stock of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

Embracing everything requisite for practice in Medicine Surgery, &c., &c.

N. B. In addition to the above extensive stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c., he has likewise received a large and general assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, CLOTHING, &c.,

Which will be sold at lowest cash prices.

D. S. MAYNARD.

Seattle, W. T., August 22d, 1856. n41-tf.

LOST,

ON the 18th inst., in or about the town of Olympia, two notes of hand, one drawn by B. C. Armstrong, on the eleventh day of March, 1854, for four hundred and fifteen dollars, and payable to Carmen C. Cox, or order. The other on or about the 18th April, signed by A. J. Baldwin, and payable to C. Crosby, or order, for two hundred and twenty-eight dollars. Any one finding said notes will be liberally rewarded by leaving them with C. Crosby.

Tumwater, 22d Dec., 1857.

Pioneer Book Store,

POST OFFICE BUILDING, MAIN STREET, OLYMPIA, W. T.

G. K. WILLARD & CO.

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Washington Territory that they have just received and intend keeping on hand a good supply of

Books & Stationery,

suited to the wants of the community.

In addition to their list of School Books, they have an assortment of

BIBLES, HYMN BOOKS,
HISTORIES, BIOGRAPHIES,
AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL,
MEDICAL WORKS, POETICAL WORKS,
SCIENTIFIC & MISCELLANEOUS WORKS, &c., &c., &c.

They have quite a variety of handsome and interesting

BOOKS FOR YOUTHS AND CHILDREN,

received direct from New York, by express. They have also a large and complete assortment of BOOKS and STATIONEY now on their way from New York and San Francisco, which will shortly be received, and will make their stock the largest and most superior in quality ever offered in this market.

Orders from abroad are solicited, and will be attended to on the same terms as if purchasers were present.

They are also agents for Appleton's new works, to-wit:—Specimens of American Eloquence, in 2 vols., and Abridgement of the Debates of Congress, by T. H. Benton, complete in 15 vols,

Call, see, and examine.

Olympia, June 4, 1857. no.28-tf.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY!

G. COLLIER ROBBINS,

PORTLAND, OREGON:

TAKES pleasure in returning thanks to his numerous friends and customers in Washington Territory, for their very liberal patronage. Watches and Jewelry left with Williams' express will be sent over, and the charges can be collected on delivery. All orders for goods per Williams' Express, will meet prompt attention; and all watches repaired at this establishment are warranted to keep time. On hand and for sale,

Watches, Silver Ware, Jewelry, &c.

☞ Remember—"G. COLLIER ROBBINS, WATCH MAKER," PORTLAND. apl 3-n19.

HAIR DRESSING, SHAVING,

AND SHAMPOOING

SALOON.

EAST SIDE OF MAIN STREET, BETWEEN III. & IV

OLYMPIA, WASH. TER.

Olympia, April 3d, 1858. n19-tf.

SMOKING TOBACCO—A Superior article, to be found at the PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

DALY'S

AROMATIC

VALLEY WHISKY!

THIS WHISKY IS MANUFACTURED EXCLUsively for us, by one of the oldest Distilleries in the Valley of the Monongahela, from the finest quality of Rye, prepared by a process known only to him.

Consumers can depend upon getting a pure article, when they buy the

Valley Whisky,

as it is sold in bottles only.

It is recommended by the first Physicians, for its medicinal qualities.

J. T. & W. H. DALY,
Sole Proprietors, New York.

For sale by all the principal Liquor Houses in San Francisco. 3m25

To all whom it may Concern.

E. D. WARBASS HAS THIS DAY MADE AN assignment to me of all his real and personal estate for the benefit of his creditors. All persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims are requested to forward them to me at Bellingham Bay as early as practicable.

E. C. FITZHUGH.

April 27, 1858. 3m23

OLYMPIA BAKERY.

THE Undersigned, having discontinued one of the two branches of business in which they were heretofore engaged, are now devoting their entire attention to the BAKERY department. They now design to keep constantly on hand

PIES, CAKES, CRACKERS, BREAD, HARD BREAD, PILOT-BREAD, ETC.

Which will be supplied to Hotels, Families, and Steamers on the most reasonable terms.

Private and Wedding Parties furnished with anything necessary on such occasions, at short notice.

CONFECTIONERIES

Kept constantly on hand.

A choice lot of

CHILDREN'S TOYS,

suitable for holiday presents, for sale cheap. Call and see.

MITCHELL & STEWART.

Olympia, Dec. 17th, 1857.-yly.

London Club House Gin.

To the Public.

THIS CELEBRATED GIN—PRETENDING TO nothing but what it is, viz: a pure and unadulterated article, and assuming no artificial merits of what it is not, as some of its rival imitators do—after eight years of public approval and very extensive sales, in the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Boston, and the Western cities, has been pronounced by the public, as well as by the best medical and scientific authorities throughout the United States and the Canadas, to be superior, not only as a beverage of general use, to any other article competing against it, but is unequalled in its medicinal efficiency in all classes of complaints. To persons traveling in these days of rapid transit from East to West, North and South, and more particularly to those crossing the Isthmus, and who are constantly changing their water as well as their climate—who are drinking, indeed, a dozen kinds of water in every twenty-four hours, and each draught containing some property acting in chemical antagonism to the preceding one, thereby causing an unnatural degree of excitement to the stomach—it is positively and absolutely necessary to use a counteracting agent. From the fact that this article is prepared expressly to meet such exigencies, and to act, as we know it will act, as an antidote, we confidently prescribe it as the very best article in the country. The name of Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps has never been attached in any way to this article.

The London Club House Gin

Requires none of the usual "caution to the public" to beware of counterfeits, it being, like all other genuine articles, beyond the base art of counterfeiting.

The London Club House Gin

Is an antidote to the horrible adulteration to which everything alcoholic is submitted—the noxious poisons made up and sold as

AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS, &c.

The London Club House Gin

Requires no "word of advice," no "caution to the public." Those who once drink it, find the security in its virtues against the vicious temptations of drinking any of its vile imitations, even under "advice;" while those who "caution the public" against counterfeiters, have themselves been cautioned by the public to beware of any but

THE LONDON CLUB HOUSE GIN.

WILLIAM H. DALY,
Sole Importer, New York.

NOTICE.—The unexampled success of

THE LONDON CLUB HOUSE GIN

has induced a host of imitators, who are putting up an inferior article, under similar titles. Purchasers will please notice the *fac-simile* of the signature of the undersigned on the label.

For sale by all the principal Liquor Houses in San Francisco.

April 8, 1858. 3m23

TOWN RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

A HOUSE AND GARDEN, in the town of Steilacoom, beautifully situated for a private family, on the street leading to the Garrison, is offered for sale; the Garden is 120 by 60 feet, and the premises command a beautiful view of the Sound. Water can be brought into the house at an expense of about $10.

There are apple and pear trees, English strawberries and raspberries, flowers, &c., on the premises.

Apply to W. H. WOOD, Olympia; or, SAMUEL McCAW, Esq., Steilacoom, W. T.

January 8, 1857.-n8.

NOTICE.

I AM now prepared to furnish any bill of SPARS on the shortest notice, at the lowest cash price. Orders from a distance promptly attended to. My facilities for procuring spars cannot be surpassed in Washington Territory. Give me a trial.

MOSES HURD.

Olympia, July 3, 1857. no.32-ly.

REMOVED.

THE KENDALL CO. have removed into their new store, on Main Street, immediately in front of their former place of business, where they have for sale a large stock of NEW GOODS, which will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

KENDALL CO.

Olympia, Sept. 11, 1857. no.42-tf.

PAY YOUR DEBTS!

HAVING disposed of my entire interest in the "NONPAREIL SALOON" to its former proprietor, I hereby wish to inform my innumerable "debtors and friends," that having once proved to them "a friend in need," (a friend indeed,) at times when to all intents and purposes they were *strapped*, and unable to come up to the *scratch*, thus reluctantly obliging me to book their accounts, that "now is the acceptable time" to make a demonstration of their gratitude. For this purpose I would now gently jog the memory of such as might otherwise be forgetful. I ask as a favor that all indebted to me attend promptly to this matter, for as I am about to leave the country, these accounts MUST be closed.

S. L. D. WESTBROOK.

Olympia, July 31, 1857. no.36-tf.

United States District Court.

THE regular sessions of the United States District Court, as fixed by a majority of the Judges of the Supreme Court, are as follows:—

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT,

At Vancouver, 2d Monday in April, and 1st Monday in October.

—Associate Justice O. B. MCFADDEN, presiding.

SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

At Olympia, 2d Monday in March, and 1st Monday in September.

—Chief Justice EDWARD LANDER, presiding.

THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT,

At Coveland, 2d Monday in February, and 1st Monday in August.

—Associate Justice F. A. CHENOWETH, presiding.

The duration of the terms are limited to a period of three weeks, but may be adjourned before the expiration of that time.

By order of a majority of the JUDGES.

Olympia, March 7, 1857. tf-no.15.

Graefenberg Family Medicines

THE GRAEFENBERG COMPANY.

THIS INSTITUTION, (Incorporated by the Legislature of the State of New York, Capital $100,000,) was founded for the purpose of supplying the public with the celebrated GRAEFENBERG MEDICINES. The series comprises remedies for nearly every disease adapted to every climate. For Families, Travelers, Seamen, Miners' use they are unequaled. All the Medicines are PURELY VEGETABLE, and warranted to cure the diseases for which they are severally recommended.

The Graefenberg Company does not profess to cure all diseases with one or two medicines. Our series consists of ELEVEN different kinds, adapted to the various diseases incident to the temperate and tropical climate. The following comprise the series of Graefenberg Medicines:

THE GRAEFENBERG VEGETABLE PILLS.

Are considered the standard Pill of the day, and are infinitely superior to any Pill before the public.—They operate without irritation on all the excretions, purging the blood by the bowels, liver, kidneys and skin.

MARSHALL'S UTERINE CATHOLICON.

An infallible remedy for all diseases of the womb and urinary organs, weakness in the back, pain in the breast, nervousness, debility, etc. In California and Oregon, out of more than a thousand cases where this medicine has been used, it has in no single instance failed to give permanent relief or to effect a certain cure.

THE GRAEFENBERG SARSAPARILLA.

A powerful extract. One bottle equal to ten of the ordinary Sarsaparilla for purifying the blood. A sure cure for scrofula, rheumatism, ulcers, dyspepsia, salt rheum, mercurial diseases, cutaneous eruptions, &c.

THE GREEN MOUNTAIN OINTMENT.

Invaluable for burns, wounds, sprains, chilblains, sores, swellings, scrofula, etc. As a Pain Extracter it cannot be excelled, affording immediate relief from the most excruciating pains.

GRAEFENBERG DYSENTERY SYRUP.

This extraordinary article is a speedy and infallible remedy in Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and the Asiatic Cholera, if taken with the first symptoms of the disease. It is purely vegetable in its compound.

GRAEFENBERG CHILDREN'S PANACEA.

For summer Complaint, and most diseases to which children are subject. Its true worth can never be set forth in words, but it can be felt and appreciated by parents whose children have been saved. No Mother should be without it.

GRAEFENBERG PILE REMEDY.

Warranted a certain cure for this painful disease.—With the Ointment there are very few cases which cannot be radically and permanently cured. A surgical operation for Piles and Fistula should never be resorted to until this Ointment has been thoroughly tried. It never fails.

GRAEFENBURG EYE LOTION.

For diseases of the eye this Lotion has no equal. It is a positive cure for inflamation of the eyes, weaknesses, dimness and failing of sight. It will always be beneficial in acute inflammation of the eyes and also as a wash on inflamed surfaces.

GRAEFENBURG FEVER AND AGUE PILLS.

A speedy and positive cure for this distressing complaint. These Pills are composed principally of Quinine, with other vegetable tonics, anti-spasmodic and febrifuge articles. Thousands have been permanently cured by their use.

GRAEFENBERG CONSUMPTIVE'S BALM.

Sovereign in all Bronchial and Pulmonary Diseases. It is, beyond all question, true that Consumption is a curable disease, and the Consumptive's Balm is the best curative ever used.

GRAEFENBERG HEALTH BITTERS.

These Bitters are skilfully and elegantly prepared from a number of invigorating healthy roots, barks, herbs and vines. An invaluable tonic and health restorer.

GRAEFENBERG MANUEL OF HEALTH.

A handsomely printed volume of 300 pages, concise and extremely plain descriptions of all manner of diseases, their symptoms and treatment. Every family should have one. Price only 25 Cents. It will be sent, post paid, to any post office in California or Oregon, on the receipt of 25 cents by mail or express.

Address Redington and Co., San Francisco.

The Graefenberg Medicines are for sale by all Druggists and Apothecaries throughout the country.

G. K. WILLARD & SON,
Agents for Olympia.

General Agents for California and Oregon
REDINGTON & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists,
No. 107 Clay Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

January 15, 1858.-n8-ly.

CIGARS—A large lot of choice Cigars, for sale at the PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

PATENT MEDICINES—All of the Patent Medicines of the day, for sale at the PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

Grand Mound and Olympia NURSERIES,

—AT GRAND MOUND AND OLYMPIA—

GANGLOFF & MOXLIE,

PROPRIETORS.

THE PROPRIETORS OFFER for sale the following varieties of Fruit Trees:

Apple, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Peach.

Gooseberries, Currants, Raspberries and Strawberries.

Also a large vareity of Flowers and Shrubs just received from California, and now under cultivation. Also one hundred and forty varieties of Flowering Shrubs to arrive from Europe.

R. W. MOXLIE, 1 Mile South-east of Masonic Hall, Olympia. | A. GANGLOFF, Grand Mound Prairie.

Feb. 26, 1858. 6m14.

A Varied assortment of Shaving and Toilet Soaps, Perfumeries, Bear's Oil, Pomade, Essential Oils, Essences, &c., at the PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.