PIONEER AND DEMOCRAT.

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By EDWARD FURSTE.

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To the Democracy of Sawamish County.

The undersigned, members of the Democratic Central Committee of said county, would most respectfully represent that in view of the importance of the coming election, it is due to the interests of the party, if we desire to be successful, to begin to prepare for the battle which is to be, on the part of the enemy, a desperate struggle for victory. Shall our proud flag of the Union for once trail in the dust in consequence of the weakness and improprieties of our own natures? Let every Democrat say: No—never. Then let us enter the field of battle with a zeal, and feeling sense of our duty as national Democrats, to sustain the flag heretofore victorious. Let us act as a unit on one common platform. Let us first conquer ourselves, and suffer no sectional or local feeling to govern our action as Democrats, but meet in our precinct meetings with a determination to bury all former heart-burnings as unworthy of Democrats, and harmonize in unison at once honorable to the party, not being governed in our action by the wishes of this or that man or set of men. Therefore, let every Democrat consider himself a committee of one man, and go to the primary meetings, and then and there take his fellow Democrat by the hand, and, if needs be, talk to him like a brother to lay down all bitter strife as to who shall be the greatest, for if we act like Democrats we will recognize no member of the party greater than another, for all Democrats are equal, not one above another; all stand on equal ground. Then let us show to our adversary, who desires to see us founder under bitter selfish or local strife, that we are men of sound minds, possessed of the disposition to conquer ourselves personally, determined to harmonize and unite upon some man for Representative who can unite the party as a unit; place him by our act or authority at the head of the ticket; then select good and true men from every section of the county to fill the various county offices, and place them on the ticket, headed by the nominee for Representative; then go to work with a good will, as one man, with a view to the election of the whole ticket. Let no one of them fall behind another. Let there be no voluntarily absenting ourselves from the polls, or scratching of tickets, then we will have shown to the common enemy that in union there is strength, and that by so doing we will establish for ourselves an enviable reputation as being firm and reliable Democrats, unswerved by selfish aspirations. Let us show to the common enemy that we, as men, as citizens, as Democrats, will not countenance a system of acrimony one against another, to our injury as men, as citizens, as Democrats, but that we will select the men of our choice upon their merits, every one in his time, for there is a time for every purpose under the sun; and if all will abide their time until the proper time, when the general wish of the party manifests its preference in his favor, all will be well and satisfactory to the masses. He will go willingly to the polls, and with pride and good humor cast his vote with his fellow Democrats for the man of their choice, to the discomfiture of the common enemy, whose political fortunes are such as to encourage strife and ill-will among Democrats, disreputable to themselves and to the party, to be chuckled over by the lean, lank, ringed, streaked and speckled, whose only hope rests on such improprieties among Democrats for success in political life.

A. M. COLLINS,
WM. M. MORROW,
W. F. O'HAVVEB,
Democratic Central Committee.

The Fort Benton Military Road.

We have seen letters from Lieut. Mullan's camp, of as late a date as the 18th of April, at which time that indefatigable officer, though still obliged to keep up his cantonment in the mountains, had, with characteristic energy, resumed active labor in the valley of the Bitter Root river. In February, he caused supplies to be packed forward to the Bitter Root, where he built a flat-boat, of good size, (42 by 12 feet) and some six batteaux; with these he moved up the river with a working party, and on the first of April, had completed ten miles of road, along the Bitter Root, from the ferry, a point some seventy miles distant from Hell's Gate. Eighty-five men were at work on the first ultimo. The location along the Bitter Root, is difficult, but Lieut. Mullan is confident he will reach Hell's Gate, by the first of July; after which there will be comparatively little labor onward, to the terminus at Fort Benton, according to the engineers who have surveyed the line.

We notice that it has become the rogue in certain quarters, to underrate and decry the work on which Lieut. Mullan is devoting all the energy of his nature; and strangely enough, by people too, who are most ready with profuse laudation of the results and purposes of expeditions through waterless wastes, sage deserts and regions of volcanic scoria and alkali, the chosen home of naught but the *horned-toad*. If the road on which which Lieut. Mullan is engaged, served no other purposes than to give us communication with St. Mary's valley, *that alone* should shield it from the imputation of being a useless expenditure, and one without results. We hear alleged as a matter against the road, that already a large number of trees have fallen across it; this we doubt not is the fact, as it traverses a heavily wooded region, after reaching the country of the Cœur d'Alene. We doubt, however, whether more timber has fallen on the road this winter, than has been the case meanwhile between Olympia and the Cowlitz Landing. Doubtless, too, Lieut. Mullan has not been able, with the means at his disposition, to make such a *high-way* as the Romans used to build from their imperial capitol to their frontier, but we feel assured, no Roman Engineer ever addressed himself more indomitably than he to the work before him, or battled more resolutely with the obstacles in his way—obstacles of weather, topography and climate, as well as scantiness of means.—*Mountaineer, May 3d.*

Correspondence Relative to the Capitol and Penitentiary Funds.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Comptroller's Office,
January 3d, 1860.

Hon. R. D. GHOLSON, Governor,
Olympia, Washington Territory:

SIR—The Hon. Attorney General having certified the validity of the title to the ground selected for the Capitol building in your Territory, I have this day enclosed to the Hon Judge McFadden, at Olympia, the blank form of a bond to be executed by you, as the disbursing agent of the fund appropriated for this purpose, with drafts in your favor for $10,000, advanced therefrom. These drafts he has been directed to deliver to you when you shall have executed the bond.

I have adopted this course to save the delay which would have otherwise occurred before the funds could have been made available.

I am, respectfully, your obedient servant,
W. MEDILL, *Comptroller.*

OLYMPIA, W. T.,
Feb. 20th, 1860.

Gov. R. D. GHOLSON:

SIR—I received per last mail steamer from the Comptroller of the Treasury of the United States, drafts amounting in the aggregate to *ten thousand dollars*, being part of the moneys appropriated by Congress for the erection of a Capitol building for this Territory, with instructions to deliver the same to you upon the execution of a bond in the penal sum of $20,000, with sureties to be approved of by me. As I expect to leave for the country in a day or two, if you will be good enough to signify when it will be convenient for you to have the bond executed, I will wait upon you to justify the sureties.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
O. B. MCFADDEN,
Chief Justice of W. T.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
Feb. 20th, 1860.

Hon. O. B. MCFADDIN:

DEAR SIR—Your note of this date was handed me by Mr. Lipsit.

In response I have to say, that in his letter of the 3d ult., the Comptroller speaking of the "bond" by yourself alluded to, says it is "to be executed by you (myself,) as the disbursing agent of the fund appropriated, &c."

But by an act of the Territorial Legislature, passed January 5th, 1858, the Governor is declared to be the "*Treasurer*" (only) of this fund. This act also provides Commissioners, who it is quite clear, the *Legislature intended should disburse it (instead of the Executive,)* and at *this place.*

It is, however, notorious that the *present* Commissioners were selected with a *view to,* and *for the avowed purpose of,* preventing the expenditure of any portion of the funds at "*this place,*" (OLYMPIA,) and hence, as no one believes they will let out the work at all, *gentlemen whose opinions are certainly entitled to respect,* regarding the act of the Legislature as an *unauthorized* assumption of power over the subject, insist that it is my duty to *disregard* its action, and *myself* proceed immediately with the erection of the Capitol.

In this state of affairs, the only *safe* course is, to lay the whole matter before the department, (which I shall do by the next steamer,) and ask its specific instructions in the premises.

Averse, as you are aware that I am, to involving myself or others in an obligation of this kind, and inasmuch as *no injury* to the Territory, *under existing circumstances, can result from the proposed delay,* I have concluded to WAIVE its *execution* until the further orders of the Government can be received, when, reluctantly though it may be, I expect to execute to the letter, *all its behests.*

Your very obedient servant,
R. D. GHOLSON, *Governor W. T.*

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
Olympia, W. T.,
Feb. 23d, 1860.

Hon. W. MEDILE, Comptroller,
Washington City, D. C.

SIR—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of yours of the 3d ult., informing me that you had enclosed to the Hon Judge McFadden the blank form of a bond to be executed by myself, "as disbursing agent of the fund" for the "erection of a Capitol building," with drafts in my favor for $10,000.

Enclosed I hand you a copy of the correspondence between Judge McFadden and myself, by which you will perceive, that for the *present,* I have *deferred* the execution of the bond; the reasons for which, for your information, I will more particularly set forth, sincerely hoping and believing, that they will be *satisfactory.*

In January, 1858, the Legislature of this Territory passed a law in which they say, "the Governor of this Territory is hereby declared to be the treasurer of this fund," (the fund for the erection of the Capitol.) This act also "appointed Commissioners to superintend the erection of the Capitol at Olympia," "and contract for the erection of said building without delay;" "one of their number shall be acting Commissioner." "The acting Commissioner shall annually report to the Legislature a true account of moneys received and paid out by him, and all his *disbursements* shall be substantiated by proper vouchers," &c. "The appointment of each of said Commissioners shall continue for one year, or until his successor shall be duly elected and qualified." Thus it will be seen the Legislature have taken the "DISBURSEMENT" of this fund *out of the hands of the Executive.* This being so, is it *proper* that *I* should give bond for its *faithful* DISBURSEMENT?

In 1859 the same Commissioners were re-elected, but never took any steps towards the erection of the Capitol. At the session just closed, after, by a vote of two to one, passing through the House a bill *for the removal of the Capitol* from this place, which failed in the Council by *one* vote only, (four for, five against removal,) the Legislature proceeded to elect other Commissioners, (known to be ardently opposed to a continuance of the Capitol *here,*) for the *avowed purpose of preventing the expenditure of any portion of the appropriation at this place* until after the meeting of the next Legislature, when they expect to effect the removal. On yesterday I learned from the new "*acting Commissioner*" *himself, that they would not take any steps to build here.*

Thus you will at once see, that no *injury* from delay, nor any *benefit* to the public here can result *from an immediate execution of the bond. If, however, contrary to all expectations, and their own declarations, the present Commissioners should proceed to let out the building, and thus create a call for actual "disbursements" before your response hereto can be received,* RATHER THAN THE WORK SHALL FOR THAT REASON BE DELAYED, *though most unwillingly, I shall in due time* EXECUTE THE BOND.

But in addition to a desire to avoid the responsibility of safe keeping these funds perhaps for years, comes the still more important consideration, that I *must* return for my family next fall. If once I *accept* this trust, I know not how I am to *rid myself of it* so as to stand *released of responsibility on my bond* when I shall thus temporarily *leave* the Territory. *Upon this point, especially, I desire advice. Cannot* another be substituted in my stead in the first instance? Or, would it not be more safe to the Government to order the drafts returned until the proper steps shall have been taken to insure an expenditure? Or is it my duty to go ahead with the work? Upon the foregoing state of affairs I trust the postponement will not be regarded as contumacious.

Earnestly soliciting specific answers, early and full instructions on all the points herein presented, I am, with profound respect,

Your obedient servant,
R. D. GHOLSON, *Governor, W. T.*

P. S. Permit me with all becoming deference further to inquire, is it *reasonable* to require of one to whose office so much as a safe is not allowed, nor even per centage for disbursement given, the risk of safe keeping and disbursing a sum so large? Voluntarily I would not do it short of five per cent. The Secretary has a safe and I recommend his substitution. R. D. G.

OLYMPIA, May 17th, 1860.

DEAR SIR—When I was about leaving this place for Vancouver, on the 24th of March last, you requested me to say to the penitentiary Commissioners that you had learned from Gov. Stevens that the funds for the penitentiary building would be here in a short time. You requested me to explain to the Commissioners the difficulty under which you labored as to whose duty it was to *disburse* these funds; and to say to them, that the same rule adopted by the department with reference to the funds for the erection of a Capitol, would be applied to the funds for the penitentiary, as the two acts of the Legislature were the same in regard to the duties of the Governor. You said you would let them know the decision of the department as soon as it was received, and in the meantime you desired the Commissioners to take steps for the immediate commencement of the work, as you had no doubt but that it would be decided to be *their* duty and not *yours,* to superintend the work and disburse the funds, and if it was *not* so decided, you could accept and adopt their work. This message I delivered in substance to Mr. Dillon, one of the Commissioners.

Yours truly,
B. P. ANDERSON.

Hon. R. D. GHOLSON,
Governor of Wash. Territory.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
Olympia, W. T.,
March 28th, 1860.

Hon. JOHN A. WHITAKER,
Governor, Salem, Oregon:

SIR—A rather anomalous state of affairs here, the recital of which would be more likely to *bore,* than *interest* your Excellency, and is therefore omitted, (but which involves questions of some moment to the undersigned,) renders desirable certain information which it is supposed the archives in your office may afford. I therefore write to respectfully ask that you will do me the kindness to cause me to be furnished with whatever may be convenient upon the following points: viz.

During the term of which of your Governors, and in what year, or years, was the Capitol of your State erected?

Who furnished the plan of the building?

Was the building erected under the supervision of Commissioners, for that purpose appointed by the Territorial Legislature, the Governor being merely the depository of the funds during the process of expenditure? *Or, was the Executive by order of the U. S. Government, required to disregard the Commissioners,* and *himself let out and superintend its erection?* If the latter, a copy of the order would oblige me. If neither of these, will you favor me with a brief detail of the facts in regard to the particular *modus operandi* of its erection?

Begging pardon for this intrusion, with a cordial tender of a reciprocity of the favor solicited, I have the honor to be,

With great respect,
Your obedient servant,
R. D. GHOLSON, *Gov. W. T.*

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Salem, Ogn., April 16th, 1860.

Hon. R. D. GHOLSON,
Governor of W. T., Olympia:

SIR—Your communication of March 28th, last past, was duly received this day; contents of the same duly noted.

His Excellency being absent, devolves upon me the duty of replying to your communication.

I was connected with the Executive Department of the Territory of Oregon at the time, and during the erection, of the Capitol building, and was conversant with the procedure of all matters connected therewith.

The Capitol, (which was burned before completion,) was erected during the years 1852, '53 and '54, and during the term of Gov. Geo. L. Curry.

To second inquiry—"who furnished the plan?" I can say, it was done by *order of the Board of Commissioners* by advertising for a plan, so much for the one accepted by the Board, and for the second best, a reduced compensation.

To the third inquiry, relative to the erection and *under whose superintendence,* &c, I can say that *it was erected under the superintendence of the Board of Commissioners,* APPOINTED BY THE TERRITORIAL LEGISLATURE, the *Governor being the* TREASURER *of the funds,* which he paid out upon duplicate orders from the Commissioners. One of these orders was forwarded to Washington as a voucher, the other filed in the office here.

The orders were not sent until they had accumulated to a considerable number, when an account current was properly made out in due form.

To your fourth inquiry, I can say that the *Governor never received any order to* DISREGARD *the Commissioners.*

To the fifth and last inquiry—*That the whole* MATTER *of the erection of the Capitol was in the hands of the* BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS as before stated, the Governor being satisfied that they were a *legal board,* and had qualified according to the law regulating their duties, then he paid orders from them that were signed by the President of the Board.

The foregoing, I think, answers all of your inquiries. If you need any more specific information, be free to write me, and I will endeavor to answer and give you all the information you may need.

I have the honor to be respectfully yours,
CHESTER N. TERRY,
Private Secretary.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Comptroller's Office,
Feb. 8th, 1860.

Hon. R. D. GHOLSON,
Governor W. T., Olympia:

SIR—The Hon. Attorney General having approved the title to the site selected for the erection of a penitentiary in your Territory, an advance of $10,000 has been made you, as the Disbursing Agent of the fund appropriated for that object, drafts for which have been this day enclosed to Judge McFadden, at Olympia, to be delivered to you when you shall have executed the bond transmitted to Judge McFadden in my letter of the 3d ultimo.

I am respectfully your obedient servant,
W. MEDILL, *Comptroller.*

OLYMPIA, Wash. Territory,
April 4th, 1860.

To His EXCELLENCY,
R. D. Gholson, Governor:

SIR—Enclosed please find copy of letter from Treasury Department of the United States, which accompanied drafts received by me per last mail, being funds appropriated by Congress for the erection of a penitentiary for Washington Territory.

I hold the same subject to your order on the execution of the necessary papers.

Respectfully, your obedient servant,
O. B. MCFADDEN,
Chief Justice of W. T.

To His EXCELLENCY *Gov. Gholson.*

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Comptroller's Office,
February 8, 1860.

Hon. O. B. MCFADDEN, Chief Justice,
Olympia, Washington Territory:

SIR—The title to the site selected for the erection of a Penitentiary in your Territory has been approved by the Hon. Attorney General.

I have accordingly to inclose herewith five drafts of the Treasurer in favor of Gov. Gholson, together amounting to $10,000, and issued against the fund appropriated by Congress for that purpose. These Drafts you will hand him, with those transmitted to you in my letters of the 3d ult., on his execution of the bond enclosed therein, and take his receipt.

I am, respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
W. MEDIL, *Comptroller.*

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, April 4, 1860.

Hon. O. B. MCFADDEN:

SIR—Your note of this date is before me. In response, I have to refer you to my note of 20th Feb. last, and to remark:

That the Territorial acts providing for the erection of the CAPITOL and *Penitentiary* being *identical,* so far as the duties of the Executive are concerned, I shall, in reference to the latter, conform my *official action to whatever instructions I may receive in relation to the former. These are expected in May. Of their reception you will be immediately notified,*

By your very obedient servant,
R. D. GHOLSON,
Governor, W. T.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
Olympia, Washington Territory,
May 30, 1860.

Messrs. GAY HAYDEN, WM. DILLON and G. BARLOW, Vancouver, W. T.:

GENTLEMEN—The last mail brought information that $10,000 of the funds for the erection of the Penitentiary had been forwarded, and as you were, by act of the Legislature passed Jan. '58, appointed Commissioners to superintend its erection, it becomes my duty to notify you of the state of affairs, and (I being required to fill vacancies) to inquire of each of you whether your appointments are accepted. On this point a categorical answer from each is respectfully solicited.

Certain gentlemen here, men of apparent intelligence, among them the *Chief Justice of the Territory,* having urged that a *similar* act passed at the same session in relation to the erection of the Capitol, was an *unauthorized assumption* of authority over the disposition of the Capitol funds, alledging that it was my duty, as executive, to *disregard* the Capitol Commissioners altogether, and myself at once proceed to let out and superintend the erection of the building. Hence, although disagreeing with them *toto cælo,* I concluded to refer the question to the Treasury Department, and ask its instructions. These are expected to arrive by the 10th to the 25th of May, and when received, will be immediately communicated to you, as the *rule which may be laid down by the Government in the case of the Capitol must govern in that of the Penitentiary also.*

Desirous of avoiding all unnecessary delay, I will further add, that should you proceed at once upon the discharge of your duties as Commissioners, and CONTRARY to my expectations I shall be required to *ignore* the Capitol Commissioners, and *as a necessary* consequence *yourselves* also, I shall feel it *my duty* to foot *any bills* (reasonable of course) incurred for a plan of the building, advertising, &c., but not *per diem* to yourselves as commissioners.

Anticipating an early response, I am, gentlemen, with great respect, your obedient servant,

R. D. GHOLSON, Gov. W. T.

VANCOUVER, April 14, 1860.

To Gov. GHOLSON:

DEAR SIR—I received your letter dated the 30th of March on the 16th inst., and in reply to your inquiries I will say, that we were appointed by the Legislature in January, 1858, Commissioners to superintend the erection of the Penitentiary at this place. Also, that we have been sworn into office by O. B. McFadden, Judge of the first Judicial District, now Chief Justice of this Territory. And we have done all the duties that have devolved upon us by the law; (said law was passed Jan. 6, 1858), said act enacted that Gay Hayden, Wm. Dillon and Geo. Barlow, be, and are hereby constituted and appointed a board of Commissioners, &c. Said act makes it my duty to give bonds to the United States, to be approved by you. I shall send you the requisite bonds in due time; and when said bond is sent, you can satisfy yourself as to the sureties by referring to O. B. McFadden, as he is personally acquainted with the gentlemen that will sign for me. If any other answer is necessary to show that we have accepted the appointments, we will answer direct that we have, and do expect to fill said office until removed by the Legislature, or should think best to resign, and when we do *resign,* it will be to you—you will be posted on that point. (As to the Capitol funds, or Capitol Commissioners, we know nothing of it), the bill passed Jan. 6, 1858, No. 5, does not say a word about the Capitol in any way.

As far as the expenses are concerned in this matter, we look to the law that made the Commissioners for our pay.

Anticipating an early response, and in accordance with law, is earnestly requested; also all information that you can give us, will be thankfully received by us.

We remain yours, with respect,
GAY HAYDEN,
Acting Commissioner Penitentiary.
GEORGE BARLOW,
Commissioner.

To R. D. GHOLSON, Governor of Washington Territory.

Mr. Dillon has also signified his acceptance.

LEAP YEAR.—Any year divisible by 4 without a remainder is leap year, which comes every fourth year. Thus 1860 is a leap year. The solar, or true year, is 365 days, 5 hours, 48 minutes and 47 seconds. For convenience we drop these hours, minutes and seconds in our ordinary reckoning, and call the civil year 365 days. Hence we lose nearly a day in this reckoning every fourth year—we actually lose in 4 years four times 5 hours, 48 minutes and 47 seconds, which is not quite a day. But for round numbers again, we call it a day, and therefore add a day to every fourth year, naming it the 29th of February. Of course by thus adding a whole day we add a little too much—nearly twelve minutes a year. That, in 100 years, would amount to 1120 minutes, and of course, if this discrepancy also were not provided for, in the course of centuries, it would vitiate the calendar. Therefore once every 100 years a leap year is skipped for three consecutive centuries; on the fourth century it is retained, because the balance is a little the other way again. Thus for three centuries we have an excess of 3380 minutes, leaving a discrepancy of 690 minutes. This, then, is partially corrected by continuing the leap year as usual on the fourth century—putting us within 480 minutes or 8 hours of being right at the end of every fourth century—near enough right for all practical purposes.

HINTS TO YOUNG LADIES.—Don't make a *confidante* of the first interesting young lady you meet. A woman can't keep a secret any more than a seive can hold water; and ten to one she'll tell the whole story to the sister of a nice young man of her acquaintance. Then you can imagine the consequences!

Don't sit down to your crotchet or embroidery unless you have first mended that hole in your stocking. No use crowding in under the heel of your shoe. Rags, like murder, will out; and they speak with terribly loud voices and at inconvenient seasons, sometimes.

Don't undertake to write skim-milk poetry, when you feel a little disposed toward enthusiasm. Go and do a kind action, or speak an encouraging word to somebody, if the feeling must have vent. Depend upon it, you'll be better satisfied afterward.

Don't pretend to be angry because gentlemen have audacity to look at you when you promenade Chesnut street in your best bonnet. What do you go there for, if not to be seen? The more you affect indignation, the more the offending wretches won't believe it.

Don't pay thirty or forty dollars for the uforesaid bonnet and then complain that "pa" is in such narrow circumstances that you can't afford to give twenty-five cents in charity.

Don't eat blue-and-yellow candies the whole time, like a mouse nibbling at a pine-apple cheese, and then lament because you haven't any appetite for dinner.

Don't ask a beardless boy what school he attends, and whether he prefers kites or marbles, unless you are certain he is neither a "rising young lawyer" nor a member of the Legislature.

Don't keep a gentleman waiting half an hour, when he calls, while you put on lace and ribbons, and arrange curls; he isn't a fool, whatever you may think on the subject, and will probably form his own ideas upon your original appearance.

Don't run and hide like a frightened rabbit when a gentleman puts his head into the room where you are sweeping or dusting. If there's anything to be ashamed of in the business, why do you do it?

Don't proclaim to the world that you can't exist without six Paris bonnets in the year, and that life would be a burden without an opera box and diamonds, and then wonder that the young men "sheer of."

And above all, when some one *does* propose, don't say no when you mean yes!—He may take you at your word!

If you follow all these precepts you may one day succeed in getting married, and that, you know, is the summit of all earthly ambition!—*Mrs. George Washington Wyllys.*

RAIN IN EGYPT.—It has long been a prevalent opinion that it never or very rarely rains in Egypt. Sir Archibald Alison, in his History of Europe, writes as follows: "It never rains in Egypt; centuries may elapse without more than a shower of drizzling mist moistening the surface of the soil. It is said that it has not rained in Egypt for seventeen hundred years." A correspondent of the London *Times* writes from Alexandria, October 31, 1856, as follows: "Englishmen express their astonishment at the heavy rains we have lately experienced, having come with the erroneous impression that it never rains in Egypt." Upon this it is naively asked whether the rain which is referred to thus by the above correspondent is the first which has appeared in Egypt for seventeen hundred years, or whether the great modern historian was in error when he wrote the passage above cited.

HUMOR.—Humor is a perennial source of purity and freshness to the mind. It clears away the cobwebs; it qualifies the hot, rich draughts of sentiment; it freshens up the sated edge of appetite; it flows through the whole being like a babbling stream, with verdure always green upon its banks. Without humor, we are either hot simoons or arid plains. Your Keats and your Shelleys burn themselves out for want of it; your Shakespeare and Tom Moores are so irrigated by its delicious coolness, that they endure green and fresh forever.

☞ The most beautiful flowers are those which are double, such as double pinks, double roses and double dahlias. What an argument is this against the chilling deformity of single blessedness! "Go marry!" is written on every thing beautiful that the eye rests upon, beginning with the birds of Paradise, and ending with apple-blossoms.

Pioneer and Democrat.

OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1860.

EDWARD FURSTE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

'Truth crush'd to earth will rise again,
The eternal years of God are hers.''

FOR PRESIDENT,

GEN. JOSEPH LANE,

OF OREGON,

Subject to the decision of the National Democratic Convention.

Democrats of Thurston County!

Remember that SATURDAY NEXT, the 2d proximo, is the day fixed for the election of delegates to attend the county convention at TUMWATER, on SATURDAY, *the 9th day of June.* Let every democrat who expects to cast a vote at the next election, be on hand at an early hour on Saturday, at such place as may have been designated by the County Central Committee for their meetings. It is here where we should endeavor to lay the foundation of our future success, by wisely consulting with each other as to the duty we owe one another as democrats.—Let every democrat of the county attend these meetings, prepared and willing to bury *all* differences with his neighbor and political brother which affects not his political integrity. What matters it if we do not entertain like views upon other questions—whether the Methodist, Catholic, Presbyterian, or other religious doctrine be correct, or most conducive to human happiness? Let not such things estrange us.—Upon the correctness of the just principles inculcated by the founders of the Democratic party we are united. Let no private matter then divide us. Appoint such men as delegates to the county convention with whom you are acquainted, whose sentiments you know, and to whom you can safely entrust the carrying out your wishes. In order that your several precincts may command due influence in the county convention, instruct your delegates as to the persons whom you would have fill the various offices in the county, and particularly such as you may desire to present from your own precincts. But remember, too, it is the county convention which will decide between the availability and claims upon the party of the many candidates that may be presented, and that *all* who may be desirous of obtaining and holding office cannot be gratified. Some must be sacrificed upon the political altar. Yet remember that *your* claims upon the services of the nominated candidate will be none the less than of those who may have urged his nomination. As a representative could not secure a nomination by the votes of a single precinct, nor yet be elected by the voters thereof, we should pledge to each other our faith as democrats to abide the issue. Let none despond. Those in whom the party recognize as men of political integrity, worth, or merit, will be rewarded in its own "good time." Our party is not the party of ingratitude—the man devoted to his party and its principles is not forgotten. For a *time*, only, can his claims be overlooked. Let us all, then, pledge ourselves to support the nominee of the county convention, whoever they may be. We hesitate not in promising 100 *straight* democratic votes from Olympia precinct in support of the nominees of the convention to assemble at Tumwater two weeks hence.

Again we say, let every democrat be present at the primary meeting of his precinct on Saturday next.

PUGILISTIC.—Jimmy Flinn and a young man known about here as Prof. Witherell, whom late show bills announced as the reputed proprietor of the Great North American Circus, having both imbibed a little too much of whiskey and the fighting spirit so generally prevailing since the great Heenan-Sayers fisticuff has been decided, had a (anything but friendly) "set-to" in the bar-room of the Washingtoft Hotel, on Sunday evening last. Jimmy proved too much for his man, and on the first round sent the professor in his accustomed feats of lofty tumblings and girations through the air, in which he was only checked by coming in contact with the stair-way bannisters. Upon these he came down with such *bungling* adroitness that the whole fabric came down with a crash. But for the interference of Mr. Gulliber, spectators might have been favored with some more, and perhaps still more exquisitely-to-be-performed, feats.

Both parties were brought up before justice Reed on Monday morning, charged with disturbing the peace. The judge being satisfied that Jimmy was not the aggressor, and in consideration of the eye "decked in mourning for its mate," was at once discharged. The professor was fined $15 and costs of suit for exhibiting himself on Sunday without license. Being deficient in "kale seed," he went on his way rejoicing—to the lock-up.

☞ Divine service will be held at the District School House on Sunday at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Preaching by the Rev. D. ELLIS WILLES of the Protestant Episcopal Church.

Gray's Harbor, Washington Territory.

JAMES L. LAWSON, Esq., Assistant, U. S. Coast Survey, in charge of the Brig *R. H. Fauntleroy*, now surveying at Gray's Harbor, has been in town during the past week. From him we are enabled to glean the following items of information connected with that interesting locality, hitherto comparatively unknown to most of our readers. It is known to all that a military post has been recently established there in command of Capt. MALONEY of the 4th Infantry.—Col. MCKEE, sutler of said post, has established in the vicinity of the site of the post, a large store, and has recently received a considerable consignment and stock of goods, per schooner *Calumet*, from Portland, which arrived on Monday the 17th inst.

Mr. Lawson states that the entrance to Gray's Harbor is excellent, fully equal to Uumpqua Bar and compares favorably with Humboldt Bar at the time of its survey a few years since. It is proper to remark, however, that the latter has considerably improved, its bar being a changing one.—The brig *Fauntleroy* carried two and a half fathoms over Gray's Harbor bar at low water. The channel is straight and well marked by breakers on the north and south spits. The best anchorage is in what is known as "South Bay." The currents in the Harbor run very strong, the two spits north and south of entrance, being very low, afford no protection against winds from the ocean, and a fresh wind from any quarter soon creates a short, choppy, disagreeable sea.

On Friday night, May 4th, the brig lost both anchors by a very heavy rip or *bore* of the tide. One of the anchors has since been recovered, and strong hopes are entertained of securing the other. At that time the brig was anchored off McKee's store or landing, but soon after she was removed to South Bay, where she has laid since, finding excellent anchorage.

This season's work will embrace the triangulation of the whole Harbor, and a detailed topographical survey of its entrance. The Coast Survey Steamer *Active* will follow and execute the hydrography of the entrance and harbor, as soon as sufficient data are determined by Mr. Lawson and the party under his charge.

We are also informed that GEORGE DAVIDSON, Esq., will be at Olympia on the 18th of July, to make an observation of the eclipse of the sun, to take place on that day. Mr. Lawson will make the observation at Gray's Harbor. The longitudes of these places will then be determined accurately. We are indeed glad that these observations will be made by such competent gentlemen. We trust Mr. L. will have leisure to communicate any information from time to time; any contribution from his pen we will cheerfully insert, and we know it will prove of interest to our readers.

☞ The appointment of Capt. PICKETT to the command of the troops on San Juan Island, is received in high dudgeon by our British brethren of Vancouver Island.—They seem to think that he was appointed by Gen. HARNEY for no other reason than to show the contempt in which he held Gov. Douglas, and with the further purpose of insulting the English nation! Our northern neighbors are, we can confidently assure them, decidedly in error in this. Their ignorance of our *ways* and customs has very likely led them into it. It is the WAY we have, in our country, of complimenting such of our citizens as do their duty to their country, in whatsoever manner that may be. And, again, as it was known to Gen. HARNEY that the Capt. is a perfect gentlemen, of decidedly polished manners, he entertained the hope that no offense would ensue therefrom. If British officials will only divest themselves of some of those rough and uncouth manners and actions which are so common to them, (*vide* Victoria papers) then will they have no reason to censure or condemn the act of the gallant Gen. HARNEY.

Should, however, this explanation and humble apology not be deemed ample, then would we simply inform them (and they propably know such without being informed) that the wishes of Gov. DOUGLAS or the interests of Vancouver's Island were not at all consulted in making the appointment above alluded to. It suits *ourselves.*

BROKE JAIL.—Simmons, the young man confined in the jail at this place for the murder of Seth Bullard, succeeded, on Friday afternoon last, in bursting open the door of his cell, and then by raising the floor in the hall, escaping from confinement. He was quietly perambulating the streets, and seemed perfectly unconcerned on being spoken to by Sheriff Blankenship. He made not the least resistance or objection to being taken back to his lock-up, and when interrogated as to the cause of his singular conduct, replied that he "was lonesome." The door having been repaired and strengthened, he was again committed to his cell, where he amused himself by slipping his hand-cuffs—which were supposed to be so tight as to render them painful—off of one hand on to the other. He was found in this situation within an hour after having been returned to his dungeon. Simmons is a lean, pale, weak looking creature, and his door breaking feat is regarded here with astonishment. Men twice as heavy as he have found themselves thwarted in what this puny being accomplished. It is difficult to say whether his object was to escape or not,—he could have done so, not being known to our citizens.

PACIFIC RAILROAD CONVENTION.—The delegates to the Pacific Railroad Convention, fixed to assemble at Vancouver on the 20th inst., having been appointed by the Legislature, have determined to postpone said Convention until the 9th day of July next, in order that the Legislature of Oregon, which will convene on the 4th proximo, may have an opportunity of appointing delegates to represent that State in the Convention. The interests of the people of Oregon and Washington being so inseparably linked together, we earnestly hope the Legislature of Oregon will deem the matter of a railrod to the Pacific of sufficient importance to induce it to appoint such delegates as will attend the Convention at Vancouver on the day above mentioned. The Convention has been postponed to that time as an act of courtesy due to the people of Oregon, and to enable that State to appoint delegates who can speak and act for its citizens in a legal and authorized capacity. If selected in this way, much greater importance will be attached to the acts and final determination of the Convention than otherwise would be.

"MONTICELLO."—The only reply we can deign to make to a communication published over this signature in the last *Herald*, is to request such of our readers as keep a file of the *Pioneer*, to again read the communication of "Wasp," published in this paper in February last, and, if they choose, our notice of "Monticello" in the issue of the week before. We there stated that the author of that communication had been condemned by a jury of *his* countrymen (not *ours*, says *Monticello,*) as a murderer! "Wasp" says *Monticello* is none other than ORLANDO GEORGE! who resides at Rainier, but is known to most of the residents about the mouth of the Cowlitz as a man of a certain character. We do not think it worth while for Judge CATLIN (we certainly shall not,) to defend his reputation or fame against the assaults of such a being. A man who will waylay his neighbor cannot be expected to respect character and reputation. Theft generally accompanies, and, always stimulates the murderer.

Monticello Precinct Meeting — Cowlitz County.

Pursuant to notice, a meeting of the Democracy of Monticello Precinct was holden at the Monticello House on the 19th of May, A. D. 1860, for the purpose of electing delegates to the County Convention, and for the transaction of other precinct business.

On motion of Mr. A. R. Burbank, Seth Catlin, Esq., was elected Chairman, and James B. La Du, Secretary.

Mr. H. T. Burr introduced the following preamble and resolutions, which, after some discussion, were adopted.

Whereas, The apportionment of delegates from the various precincts to the county conventions has heretofore been one delegate to every five democratic votes.

And whereas, The appointment for 1860, founded upon the same basis, gives Monticello precinct, casting fifty democratic votes at the last election, only seven delegates; and Arkansas precinct, casting sixteen democratic votes at the same election, only two delegates—the former being entitled to ten, and the latter to three delegates. Therefore,

Be it resolved, That said apportionment, inasmuch as it gives the other precincts their full representation, exhibits a partiality totally at variance with the principle of equal and exact justice to all. And,

Be it further resolved, That in view of the aforementioned facts, and in justice to ourselves, we elect ten delegates to the county convention — their admission or rejection being subject to the action of that body.

Mr. Burbank moved, that we proceed to elect, separately and by ballot, seven delegates to the county convention, the number apportioned by the county committee to this precinct.

Mr. Roe moved to amend the motion by adding the words, "and that we elect three additional delegates," the question of whose admission into the county convention shall be decided by that body.

The question, being on the amendment, was carried.

The question recurring on the original motion was carried, and the motion as amended was adopted.

The following gentlemen were then elected as delegates, in accordance with the motion of Mr. Burbank.

Charles Holman, Bernard Laffy, Nath'l Ostrander, A. R. Burbank, Jesse Fowler, L. P. Smith, Thomas Roe.

The following gentlemen were elected delegates in accordance with the amendment of Mr. Roe:

Daniel Little, James Redpath, George Grey.

Mr. J. B. La Du moved that our delegates to the county convention to be holden at Monticello on the 2d day of June, A. D. 1860, be instructed to urge the adoption by said convention of the *viva voce* system of voting in the selection of candidates for the various county offices, and to use their votes and influence for the accomplishment of that object. Motion lost.

On motion of Mr. Burr, the delegates from this precinct were empowered to fill any vacancies occurring in the delegation.

On motion of Mr. Ostrander, the meeting proceeded to nominate a candidate for justice of the peace for this precinct.

On a ballot being taken, Mr. J. Fowler was nominated.

On motion of Mr. C. La Du, the Secretary was directed to forward a copy of the proceedings of this meeting to the *Pioneer and Democrat* for publication.

On motion of Mr. Ostrander, meeting adjourned.

SETH CATLIN, Sen.,
Chairman.

JAMES B. LA DU, *Secretary.*

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMER PANAMA.

News by the Pony Express.

Proceedings of the Charleston Convention.

ADJOURNMENT TO BALTIMORE FOR 18th JUNE.

SECEDERS TO MEET AT WASHINGTON ON THE ELEVENTH OF JUNE.

THE HEENAN-SAYERS PRIZE FIGHT!

Indian War in California!

TWENTY-FIVE WHITE MEN KILLED!

The steamer *Panama* arrived at Brown's wharf yesterday at 11 A. M., 8 days from San Francisco. We are indebted to Wells, Fargo & Co., T. M. Reed, Esq., and J. W. Sullivan, for files of papers from the Atlantic States to the 20th of April, and from California to the 17th inst.

The Pony Express, with dates from St. Louis to the 5th inst., arrived at Sacramento on the 15th. By the arrival of the *Panama* we have news from St. Louis only 19 days old!

The following news we clip from the San Francisco *Bulletin* of the 15th inst:

The Prize fight and the proceedings of the Charleston Convention are the only important items brought by the Pony.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CHARLESTON CONVENTION.

On the 28th April the majority report on a platform was discussed—the delegations from a portion of the Southern States declaring in advance that, unless *that* report was adopted, which, in effect guaranteed protection to slavery in all the Territories, they would retire, and break up the Convention and the Democratic party at one stroke. While this excitement was at its height, on the 28th ultimo, Senator Bigler of Pennsylvania, who was a member of the Convention, moved to recommit the majority and minority reports on Platform to the committee from which they emanated, without any instructions. This proposition was adopted, and it was hoped would lead to a compromise upon which all could agree. The Convention continued some time in session after the adoption of the re-committment resolution, and the violence of some of the speakers was so unmeasured that Caleb Cushing threatened to leave the chair unless better order and decorum were observed. This so far restrained violence that an adjournment to Monday, 30th ult., was agreed to.

On re-assembling, 30th April, Mr. Samuels of Iowa reported from the committee, the Cincinnati Platform, with the addition of a Pacific Railroad resolution, and a pledge of the Democratic party to sustain the decisions of the Supreme Court. This was substantially the minority report previously before the convention. It was furiously assailed by Southern members, but finally adopted, 165 to 138—every State in the Union being fully represented by the vote. Immediately on adopting this platform, the entire delegations from Alabama, Florida, Mississippi, and Texas, withdrew in a body—and a small portion of the delegations from many of the other Southern States also withdrew. The entire number of seceders was 44.

After the Convention had been thus purged, the proceeding were less boisterous. The Southern delegates remaining, generally expressed disapproval of the action of the seceders, while some denounced it as factious and treasonable to the Democratic party. Notwithstanding this plain talk, on a motion allowing fractional delegations who still retained their seats, to cast the entire vote of the States represented in part by them, being voted down, the nine remaining members from Georgia withdrew, declaring that the Convention had disfranchised a sovereign State. This increased the number of seceders to 51, and reduced the Convention to 252 members. An adjournment then took place to 5 o'clock P. M., of the 30th, and nothing further was done that day.

The subsequent proceeedings of the Convention were merely ballotings, and the discussion preceding the adjournment. I give you a summary thereof, as condensed from the telegraphic despatches:

The voting during all the 57 ballots that followed was very uniform. Douglass on the first ballot got 145½, and his highest votes were at the 23d and 34th, when he got 152½ each time. On the last vote Douglas' vote was 151.

Guthries' first vote was 36½, and up to the 36th ballot had not reached higher than 47½; on the 37th ballot Johnson was withdrawn, when most of his votes went over to Guthrie, whose vote was swelled in consequence, on the 38th and 39th ballots, to 66. On the 57th ballot Guthrie received 65½.

Hunter's first vote was 41; and his friends gradually diminished in number till the 57th ballot, when Hunter got only 16.

Lane commenced with 6 votes. On the 14th ballot he got 20½ votes; these he kept for several ballots, when he went down again as low as 9; but on the last ballot he got 17 votes.

The scattering votes were sometimes as many as 14, and at others only 1½.

On the first ballot, New York, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Minnesota and Iowa voted entire for Douglas. The resolution requiring 202 votes was adopted previous to the balloting. After the twelfth ballot, the Convention adjourned. The following is the nineteenth ballot in full:

For Douglas—Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, New York, Ohio, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin and Iowa voted entire. Connecticut, 3½; New Jersey, 2; Pennsylvania, 9½; Maryland, 3½; Missouri, 4½; Minnesota, 3. Total, 150.

For Guthrie—Massachusetts, 3; Connecticut, 2½; New Jersey, 5; Pennsylvania, 12; Maryland, 1½; Missouri, 4½; Kentucky, 12. Total, 39½.

For Lane—New Jersey, ½; Pennsylvania, 2½; North Carolina, 10; Arkansas, 1; California, 3; Oregon, 3. Total, 20.

For Hunter—Massachusetts, 4½; Pennsylvania, 3; Delaware, 2; Maryland, 4; Virginia, 10. Total, 23½.

When the twenty-third ballot was called, Mr. Russel announced that he had been requested to cast the vote of Virginia—14 one way and 1 another, but declined to do so; for, although no resolution had been passed by the Convention requesting Virginia to vote as a unit, yet it was regarded as a Democratic law of the State. Mr. Loftis, the dissenting delegate, thought it was useless to vote any longer for Hunter, and now his constituents ought to be heard. He therefore voted for Douglas. The vote was ruled in order, and Douglas getting one vote from North Carolina, managed to secure a majority of the electoral college.

On the 2d May, it was evident, all through the balloting, that an adjournment for some time was wished for and contemplated by many of the delegates. After the 34th ballot, Mr. Gittings of Maryland, gave notice that, after the next ballot, he would move to adjourn to meet in Baltimore, in June. He thought delegates should go home and see their constituents, and then they would be ready to do their duty, by nominating any man to beat the Republicans. Josiah Randall of Philadelphia, (intense anti-Douglas,) hoped the Convention would adjourn *sine die.*

The 25th ballot was taken, and Gittings made his threatened motion. He assured the delegates that Baltimore was no longer a Plug Ugly town, but promised a hospitable welcome to everybody. After some debate the motion was temporarily withdrawn. It was renewed afterwards, and rejected. The log-rolling, outside, then commenced, and between the time of the adjournment of the Convention, on the 2d and 3d, the matter was fixed up.

On the 2d, Mr. Rusell, of, Va., offered some remarks, and then presented a resolution to adjourn to met in Baltimore, on the 18th of June. The President decided the resolution out of order, unless the balloting was suspended. A motion to suspend further balloting was carried. Ayes, 199; nays, 51. The resolution to adjourn to Baltimore was then taken up and adopted. Ayes, 195; nays, 55. It provides that the Convention shall assemble in Baltimore on the 18th of June, and that the States whose delegation are not full have an opportunity of filling the same.

Mr. Stuart, Michigan, (Douglas,) then moved that the Convention adjourn. Gen. Spratt called for three cheers for the Democratic party which were given. The dispatch says that the adjournment of the Convention was affected by the friends of Douglas, under orders from Washington.

The seceders' Convention was held on the 1st of May, and was addressed by Yancey and others. It adopted the majority platform which was rejected in the Convention before the split. A resolution was adopted on the 3d of May to meet at Washington on the Monday in June, which is the 11th. This resolution was adopted by an almost unanimous vote.

THE PRIZE FIGHT—BOTH WIN.

There has nothing been determined in regard to the prize fight. The referee will not make a formal decision until the 22d of April. It is denied, on behalf of both men, that either of them desired the battle to be considered drawn; and it is claimed by each of them that he could have won in a few minutes more.

Bell's Life gives the statistics of the fight. According to the table, Sayers was knocked down 29 times; Heenan not once; Sayers was thrown 13 times, and Heenan once; Sayers received 69 blows, and Heenan 19.

THE INDIAN WAR AT WASHOE, CALIFORNIA.

For some weeks past a report was circulated through the State that the Pah-Utah and Washoe Indians were preparing for a desperate war upon the inhabitants of Carson Valley, but it was received with many grains of allowance. On the 7th inst. intelligence was received that a party of these Indians had murdered seven men, a woman and child, at Miller's Station, a settlement near the Great Bend of Carson river.

On the following day Maj. Ormsby organized a volunteer company at Carson City and left for the scene of the massacre.

The following dispatches are from Capts. Dall and Patterson to Major MacKall, of Gen. Clark's staff:

VIRGINIA CITY, May 14—11 A. M.

MAJ. W. W. MACKALL:—A fight took place near Pyramid Lake, on Saturday, 4 P. M., between 105 whites from this place and Carson Valley, and 500 Indians, well armed and trained, 150 of whom were well mounted. The whites were defeated, with a loss of 25. The Indians are in arms and full war-paint, between the Humboldt and Pyramid Lake, and are also reported so on Walker river. There are 300 friendly Indians at the Sink of the Carson who are threatened by the Pah-Utes if they do not join in the war.

We have a few revolvers and shot guns, to defend this place, but it is feared that the Indians will sweep the valley, which is perfectly defenseless. We have no arms to fit out a party for its protection. There appears to be no doubt that there is a general combination among the Indians. We want arms and ammunition at once, and troops as soon as they can be sent, as the Indians will be emboldened by success. All prospecting parties are coming in, and all work in the country, outside of this place, is stopped. Can you send two mountain howitzers with ammunition? Judge Baldwin's son is in all right.

A private dispatch is as follows:

VIRGINIA, May 14—5 P. M.—Arrived safe yesterday morning. Better chances of being scalped than of making money at present.

VIRGINIA, May 15—1:30 P. M.

About midnight last night there was an alarm. The Indians were reported to be within two miles of the town. The women and children were gathered at Pat. Ryle's stone hotel, which was barricaded. Many left town with their blankets and rifles, during the night, others left yesterday.—Some of them will be in San Francisco soon. No Indians were seen or heard, nor do I believe any are within fifty miles.—Our population has been much diminished within the last few days, but absentees will return after the arrival of troops and arms now on the road. A war is anticipated, but the Indians won't come here to fight us.

A proposition has been made emanating from Genoa, to send delegates to Carson City at once, to organize a temporary or provisional government. We have a military government now, and it is all that is necessary for the present. Better wait for Congress to organize the Territory.

Another dispatch of the 14th says:—The reports of yesterday are confirmed. At least 60 or 70 must have been killed. The forces which left Downieville on the Honey Lake route, it is feared will be cut off.

On receiving the above startling intelligence, a number of volunteer companies were organized in different parts of the State, and immediately started for Carson Valley. Gen. Clark sent two companies of light artillery, and one company of infantry.

BELLINGHAM BAY COAL.—The Bellingham Bay Coal Company which have been working the mines at Bellingham Bay, Whatcom county, for the past six years under the superintendence of Col. E. C. FITZHUGH, have leased the working of the mines for the ensuing five years to Messrs. MOODY & SINCLAIR, of San Francisco.

Mr. MOODY was the treasurer of the company, and Mr. Sinclair is of the firm of WILLIAMS & SINCLAIR, coal dealers, of San Francisco.

The terms of the lease are, the lessees pay to the stock holders one thousand dollars per month for the right to work the mines, and for every ton of coal over one thousand tons per month which they may get out, one dollar per ton.

The company have now on their wharves, at Bellingham Bay, 2000 tons of coal which the vessels take at a valuation.

Five vessels are chartered in San Francisco by Messrs. MOODY & SINCLAIR, to transport the coal, and the intention and interest of the lessees is to work the mines to the full capacity of the demand for the coal, and to endeavor to create new markets for this valuable production of our territory.

We hope and believe this arrangement will prove profitable to all concerned, and especially to Judge FITZHUGH, who has devoted six years of untiring industry, and endured all the privations incident to new enterprises in a new country, in developing this valuable product.

We believe that the Judge and General Tilton, the surveyor-general of the Territory, are the only stockholders in Washington Territory, and they have never realized any dividends from their investments; but for several years have continued to pay in the large amounts required for the wharves, engines, railways, and other permanent works necessary to the work of the mines. About $108,000 has been paid in by the stockholders. The stock rose from $3 to $3,50 per share, in San Francisco, upon the signing of the lease.

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY ELECTIONS IN THE NORTHERN COUNCIL DISTRICT.—We copy the following from the Port Townsend *Register*:

Pursuant to call, the Democratic voters of Whidby's Island met at Coupeville, and elected the following delegates to the Democratic Council Convention, to be held in Port Townsend on the 26th inst.: Messrs. Phillips, Bean, Sewel, Bayley and Robertson.

The Democrats of Whatcom county held a meeting at the county seat and elected the following delegates to the Democratic Council convention: Judge Fitzhugh, B. F. Shaw, S. N. Doty, J. G. Hyatt, Enoch May, C. Gillett, P. K. Hubbs, Jr., Wm. Utter.

An election was held at Port Townsend on Saturday last, but the *Register* does not give the names of the delegates to the Council Convention.

ACCIDENT.—On Friday last, Mr. Frederick Freeman, who was engaged at the Port Ludlow mills on the edger, was by some means accidentally thrown on to the circular saw, which nearly severed his left leg at the knee joint, and inflicted a severe wound on the calf of the right. He was immediately brought to Port Townsend, and placed under charge of Dr. O'Brien, who, upon examination, found that the knee joint was so badly shattered, the patella being cut into fragments, that amputation will be necessary.—*P. T. Register, May* 23.

ARMY NEWS FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.—Maj. Enoch Stern, of First Dragoons, is assigned to the command of Fort Dalles. Lieut. Dixon, Topographical Engineers, will proceed to San Francisco to procure instruments and provide for surveys in the field the coming summer, and then report at head-quarters, Fort Vancouver. Commanding Officer Harney, Department of Oregon, is required to discharge, without delay, all citizen employees, and their places are to be filled by details from enlisted men. Recruits of the 4d Artillery, at Presidio, near San Francisco, are to be sent to Fort Umpqua.

MARRIED,

At the house of S. Snyder, on the 20th inst., by Rev. T. J. Harper, Mr. WM. RUTLEDGE, Sen., and Miss POLLY ANN COE, all of Thurston Co., W. T.

FOR PROSECUTING ATTORNEY.

MR. FURSTE—You will please announce ALLECK C. SMITH, of this county, as a candidate for Prosecuting Attorney for the Second Judicial District at the approaching election. Mr. Smith is a graduate of the law department of Transylvania University, and is in every respect well qualified to discharge the duties of the position named. He is a sound National Democrat.

MANY DEMOCRATS OF CHEHALIS COUNTY.

CHAMBERS' PRAIRIE INSTITUTE.

REV. R. J. EVANS, *Principal.*
MRS. S. F. W. EVANS, *Female Teacher.*

THIS INSTITUTE WILL COMMENCE ITS first year July 9th, 1860. The building is situated on Chambers' Prairie, six miles east of Olympia, in a healthy, moral, country neighborhood, where children will be withdrawn from temptations incident to cities and more public places.

The year will be divided into *two terms* of twenty-one weeks each, or their equivalent.

All common school and academic branches desired, will be taught on the following terms:

TERMS--PER ANNUM:

Primary Common School (exclusive of Grammar and Arithmetic advanced)..... $30 00
Higher Common School --including Eng. Grammar and Arithmetic advanced, Algebra, Geom., Book-keeping..... $35 00
Academic—Anct. Languages, Natural and Moral Science, Trigonometry, French, Botany, Physiology..... $40 00
INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC—So soon as arrangements can be made, lessons will be given on the Melodion, one lesson per week..... $30 00
Weekly lessons in vocal music given free of charge to all scholars.

Lost time—less than a term—will be at the scholar's expense. No deduction will be made except in cases of sickness, or by special previous arrangement with the Principal.

All pains will be taken to make this Institute worthy the approval of the community; its patronage is therefore respectfully solicited.

N. B. The principal is also authorized to say that boarding may be had in the neighborhood at reasonable rates.

Money payable quarterly on the 1st of October, January, April and *July*. 3w27

ARMY NOTICE.

SEALED proposals for furnishing the U. S. Troops at Fort Steilacoom, W. T., with FRESH BEEF for the year commencing July 1st, 1860, will be received at the office of the Acting Assistant Commissary of Subsistence, Fort Steilacoom, W. T., up to 1 o'clock on SATURDAY, June 23d, 1860.

This Beef must be fresh and good, and of a wholesome quality, delivered in quarters, an equal proportion of each, (necks and shanks to be excluded) ordinarily three times a week, in quantities varying with the number of troops at the Post. The amount required at present per week is about 1650 pounds, which may be increased or diminished during the year.

Payments to be made monthly.

Proposals to be addressed to the Acting Assistant Commissary of Subsistence, Fort Steilacoom, W. T., and endorsed "Proposals for Fresh Beef;" written contract and bond, with two sureties, to accompany the proposal. Contract will be given to the lowest responsible bidder.

The Commissary reserves the right to reject any or all bids, should he think the interests of the service require it.

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of proposals.

C. A. REYNOLDS,
2d Lieut. 9th Inf'y, A. A. C. S.

Office of A. A. C. S., Fort Steilacoom, W. T., May 8th, 1860. 3 w 26.

TUM WATER
Saddle and Harness
MANUFACTORY.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING OPENED A shop in Tum Water, is now prepared to fill all orders for

SADDLES AND HARNESS.

Carriage Harness made on the self-adjusting trees, which will fit a fat horse or a lean one—considered the greatest improvement of the age. We also manufacture patent case collars and Ladies' Saddles with three horns.

Carriage trimming done in a superior style. Saddle trees manufactured with all the late improvements.

Cash, hides, and all kinds of produce, taken in exchange for saddles, harness, &c.

WITHERELL & JORDON.

Tum Water, May 18, 1860. 26tf

ELWOOD EVANS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Olympia, W. T.

Office in Wright's New Building,—first door east of Main Street. 26tf

FOR SALE.

ON Saturday, June 16th, 1860, at 12 o'clock M., I will offer for sale, on the premises,

"EDEN FARM,"

at Cowlitz Landing, Lewis County, W. T., a desirable place for any one wishing to combine the mercantile business with farming,—containing Three Hundred and Nineteen acres, more or less. There are on the premises a good dwelling, first-rate barn, stable and other out houses; about one hundred and fifty acres of prairie and bottom land enclosed and under cultivation, conceded by all acquainted with it to be the best donation claim of three hundred and twenty acres in the county. Title perfect, and possession given when required. Terms—One-half of purchase money cash; balance in thirty days.

E. C. FITZHUGH.
4w26 Assignee of *E.* D. Warbass.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of execution to me directed, issued out of the office of the Clerk of the District Court of the Second Judicial District of Washington Territory, I have levied upon and taken into execution, and will sell to the highest bidder, at the door of the Court House, in the town of Olympia, on Saturday the 23d day of June, 1860, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, all right, title, and interest of Moses Hurd and Mary Ann, his wife, in and to the following described real estate, to-wit: All and singular the lands embraced in their notification on file in the Register's office of Washington Territory, situate in Township eighteen, north, range two (2) west of the Willamette meridian, lying west of the portion assigned to the said Mary Ann Hurd; which tract or parcel of land contains one hundred and thirty acres, or thereabouts, and all embraced in sections eight and nine of said Township.

Also, all right, title, and interest of said Moses Hurd and Mary Ann M. Hurd, in and to a certain tract and parcel of land purchased by the said Moses Hurd of John B. Dickerson, containing now one hundred and twenty acres, or thereabouts, being the eastern portion of the donation claim of the said John B. Dickerson, the notification for which is on file in the office of the Register of Washington Territory, all in the county of Thurston and Territory of Washington, together with all the improvements thereunto belonging, seized and taken into execution as the property of Moses Hurd and Mary Ann Hurd, and will be sold to satisfy a judgment of the District Court against said Moses Hurd and Mary Ann Hurd, and in favor of Gilmore Hays for the sum of $642 00, with interest from September 2d, 1859, and costs accrued, taxed at $12 30, and costs hereafter to accrue.

G. C. BLANKENSHIP,
Sheriff, Thurston co., W. T.

Olympia, May 18th, 1860.—4w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of execution, to me directed, issued out of the office of the clerk of the district court of the second judicial district of Washington territory, I have levied upon and taken into execution, and will sell to the highest bidder, at the door of the court house, in Olympia, on Saturday the 23d day of June, 1860, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, all right, title, and interest of Moses Hurd and Mary Ann M. Hurd, in and to their land claim, containing three hundred and twenty acres, or thereabouts, situate in the town of Olympia, Thurston county and territory of Washington, the notification of which is on file in the office of the register of Washington territory.

Also, all right, title and interest of the said Moses Hurd and Mary Ann M. Hurd, in and to a certain tract or parcel of land purchased by the said Moses Hurd of John B. Dickerson, containing one hundred and thirty acres, or thereabouts, being the east half of the donation claim of the said John B. Dickerson, the notification of which is on file in the office of the register of Washington territory.

All of which is in the county of Thuston and territory aforesaid, together with all the improvements thereunto belonging, seized and taken into execution, as the property of Moses Hurd and Mary Ann M. Hurd, and will be sold to satisfy a judgment of the district court against Moses Hurd and Mary Ann M. Hurd, and in favor of W. W. Miller, for the sum of $1,386 37 principal, with interest from the 14th day of March, 1859, and costs accred, $7 45, and costs hereafter to accrue.

G. C. BLANKENSHIP,
Sheriff of Thurston Co., W. T.

Olympia, May 18th, 1860.

PACIFIC RESTAURANT!

(FORMERLY PACIFIC HOUSE.)

OLYMPIA, - - - - - - - - W. T.

THE undersigned having leased, for a number of years, the above well-known and deservedly popular house, wishes to inform the former patrons of the Restaurant, and the traveling community in general, that having

THOROUGHLY RENOVATED

the above establishment, and furnished the same with entirely new furniture from basement to garret, she is now prepared to entertain guests in greater comfort and in a more accommodating manner than can be done by any other house in the place.

The house will be kept on the restaurant principle,

MEALS AT ALL HOURS, DAY OR NIGHT:

A limited number can be accommodated with lodgings, good, clean beds, and well ventilated rooms.

Give her a call and assure yourselves of the truth of the above.

REBECCA HOWARD.

Olympia, May 16th, 1860. 26-3m6.

DISSOLUTION.
A Last Call to Debtors!

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned having been dissolved some time since, debtors to that firm are hereby notified that they must come forward before the first day of next month, and pay up, or give their notes, payable at such times as may be agreed upon, or else their accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for immediate collection.

Being greatly in want of cash, this call is positive, and must be complied with.

J. F. GUERRIN, & Co.

Olympia, May 18th, 1860.—3w.

TREADWELL & CO.'S
LIST OF MACHINES
FOR HARVEST OF 1860.

Reapers.

MANNY'S Celebrated Reaper and Mower combined. Made by Woods, of Hoosic Falls—made in 1859—stronger and better than ever before, cuts six feet, snugly packed for shipping to remote districts. Made expressly for Treadwell & Co., San Francisco.

McCORMICK'S Reaper, with new improvements, made in 1859, being the latest and best machines ever turned out by him. Six feet cut. Made expressly for Treadwell & Co., San Francisco.

HESSEY'S Reaper—substantial and effective machine.

BURRALL'S Reaper—a good and enduring Reaper.

SEYMOUR & MORGAN'S, or N. Y. Reaper—a fair machine. Cuts six feet.

KETCHUM'S Mower—does not reap. Cuts five feet.

EAGLE Reaper and Mower—cam motion. Cuts five feet.

WOOD'S Mowing Machine—a splendid two-horse machine.

WOOD'S Swather—a new machine, worked by two horses from behind, can be raised and lowered to suit.

Harvestors.

HAINES Illinois Harvester—a most desirable machine. Cuts ten feet, and is twice as effective as reapers, at the same expense of running.

Threshers.

TREADWELL'S 10 horse—made after the "Russell" pattern by Spencer. A very superior machine.

SPENCER'S 10 horse celebrated Thresher, with Perigo power—better made than ever.

RUSSELL'S 10 horse celebrated Thresher—made at Massillon, Ohio.

PITT'S pattern, 10 horse and 8 horse Threshers—made by Nourse, Mason & Co.

HALL'S 8 and 10 horse Thresher, Smith's power.

WHITMAN'S 5, 6 and 8 horse Threshers, far superior to any other machines of their sizes.

EMERY'S 2 and 4 horse Threshers—a very simple and durable machine.

Horse Powers.

PERIGO'S Eight and Ten Horse Powers.
PITT'S do do
SMITH'S do do
WHITMAN'S 2, 4, and 6 do

Together with the best stock of

Hardware, Mills, Belting,
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

In the country. The machinery comprises the very best kinds in use, and greatly improved in make and adaptability to the California market.

For sale low, by

TREADWELL & CO.,
2m25is San Francisco.

CLOSING UP AND SELLING OUT.

AS I am about to close up the Livery business, I now offer for sale a lot of fine Work and Saddle HORSES, ROAD WAGONS, BUGGIES, HARNESS (single and double), &c.; all of which are of the best quality and in excellent order. To farmers and those desirous of purchasing the chance of securing good bargains should not be neglected.

J. J. WESTBROOK.

Olympia, Feb. 24, 1860. 14:4m

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS THIS DAY BEEN appointed administrator upon the estate of E. H. CLARK, late of King county, W. T., deceased, by the Probate court of said county. Persons knowing themselves indebted, will, without delay, call upon the undersigned and settle; and those having claims against said estate will present them with proper vouchers within one year from the date hereof.

A. A. DENNY, Administrator.

Seattle, King Co., W. T., May 7, 1860. 4w25

MINERAL WATER.

THE UNDERSIGNED ARE PREPARED TO supply all orders from Washington Territory, at the shortest notice, with

MINERAL WATER, LEMON SODA, SARSAPARILLA,

and Syrups of all kinds. All orders addressed to PHILLIPS & CO.,

Humboldt Street, Victoria, V. I., promptly attended to. 1m25

MRS. WINSLOW,

An experienced Nurse and Female Physician, presents to the attention of mothers, her

SOOTHING SYRUP,
FOR CHILDREN TEETHING,

which greatly facilitates the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

RELIEF AND HEALTH TO YOUR INFANTS.

We have put up and sold this article for over ten years, and CAN SAY, IN CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it what we never have been able to say of any other medicine,—NEVER HAS IT FAILED, IN A SINGLE INSTANCE, TO EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtues. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after ten years' experience, AND PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILLMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the syrup is administered.

This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the most EXPERIENCED and SKILLFUL NURSES in New England, and has been used with NEVER FAILING SUCCESS in

THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve GRIPING IN THE BOWELS, AND WIND COLIC, and overcome convulsions, which, if not speedily remedied, end in death. We believe it is the BEST AND SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. We would say to every mother who has a child suffering from any of the foregoing complaints—DO NOT LET YOUR PREJUDICES, NOR THE PREJUDICES OF OTHERS, stand between you and your suffering child, and the relief that will be SURE—yes and SURE—to follow the use of this medicine, if timely used. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper. Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Principal Office, 13 Cedar Street, N. Y.

PARK & WHITE, SOLE AGENTS
FOR THE PACIFIC COAST,
132 Washington Street, San Francisco, Cal

J. D. CARROLL,
YATES STREET,
(BETWEEN WHARF AND GOVERNMENT STS.,)
IMPORTER
—AND—
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
WINES AND LIQUORS,

NOW OFFERS FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING

CHOICE BRANDS:

10 PUNCHEONS SCOTCH WHISKY;
10 " Jamaica Rum;
10 " Swain & Boord's Old Tom Gin;
15 pipes Holland Gin;
15 ½ casks Sazerac Cognac;
10 " " J. Robbins' Cognac;
10 " " Martel Cognac;
15 " " Seignette Cognac;
25 BBLS. BOURBON WHISKY;
50 bbls Alcohol;
50 casks American Brandy;
25 bbls Allsopp & Son's Burton Ale;
50 bbls Oregon Cider;
150 CASES SWAIN AND BOORD'S OLD TOM;
300 CASES LONDON DOCK C. GNAC BRANDY;
20 cases Legdon Club House Gin;
50 " Wolfe's Schnapps;
100 cs V. H. & Co. ANCHOR HOLLAND GIN;
50 cases Absinth Suisse;
50 " Vermouth Rivoire;
50 " Scotch Whisky, Rob't Thin;
150 CASES CLARET WINE;
50 " John Durand Haut Sauterne;
10 bbls D. Gordon Sherry Wine;
10 " Crown Port Wine;
25 BASKETS HEIDSICK CHAMPAGNE;
10 " Heidsick Champagne, pints;
25 CASES ROSENBAUM'S BITTERS;
25 " Hostetter's Bitters;
15 " Turner's Forest Wine Bitters;
25 " Boker's Bitters;
50 " Ginger Wine;
150 TURNER'S ASSORTED SYRUPS;
100 CASKS BYASS' PORTER, 4 doz. each;
50 Casks Bass' Ale, 4 doz. each.

☞ Orders from any part of the country punctually attended to.

TERMS CASH.

J. D. CARROLL,
Opposite Freeman & Co.'s Express,
3m22 Yates Street, Victoria.

WM. WRIGHT,
SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,

Corner of Main and Fourth Streets,
12y OLYMPIA, W. T.

WM. G. DUNLAP

TAKES THIS METHOD OF INFORMING THE public, that having bought out the interest of E. H. Wilson in the late firm of Wilson & Dunlap, he will continue the business on his own account from and after this date at the old stand on the corner of

MAIN AND THIRD STREETS.

He has now on hand a desirable assortment of

CLOTHING

of superior quality, and is prepared to receive by every steamer CUSTOM MADE CLOTHING and Gents furnishing goods of the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES,

which are warranted to fit. He will conduct his business on the principle of *low* profits and quick returns, and from untiring efforts to satisfy his customers, to receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT
OF
FAMILY GROCERIES,

of the best quality, will also be added to his stock, and those desirous of the best article, are requested to call and examine for themselves.

Remember the place and the terms.

A good article at a low price for CASH.

WM. G. DUNLAP.

Olympia, Feb. 5, 1859. 12tf

LONDON
CLUB HOUSE GIN.
TO THE PUBLIC.

THIS CELEBRATED GIN—PRETENDING TO nothing but what it is, viz: a pure and unadulterated article, and assuming no artificial merits of what it is not, as some of its rival imitators do—after five years of public approval and very extensive sales in California, has been pronounced by the public to be superior, not only as a beverage of general use, to any other article competing against it, but is

UNRIVALLED IN ITS MEDICAL EFFICIENCY

In most cases of complaints. To persons traveling in these days of rapid transit from East to West, North to South, who are constantly changing their water as well their climate; who are drinking, indeed, a dozen kinds of water in every twenty-four hours, and each draught containing some property acting in chemical antagonism to the preceding one, thereby causing no unnatural degree of excitement to the stomach—it is positively and absolutely necessary to use a counter acting agent. From the fact that the

"LONDON CLUB HOUSE GIN"

Is prepared expressly to meet such exigencies, and to act as we know it will act, as an antidote, we confidently prescribe it as the very best article in the country. The name of "Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps" has never been attached in any way to this article, in first presenting the

"LONDON CLUB HOUSE GIN"

To the public, my aim was to give them a pure and unadulterated article of Gin, and to effil it by its right name. The success attending its introduction and extensive sale in California is a sufficient guarantee of the high appreciation of the article by consumers.

Various parties have from time to time put up and shipped to California an article which they call "Club House Gin." My Gin, which has gained such a reputation in California, is branded on the cases,

"Old London Club House Gin---Wm. H. D."

The bottles also have a white label with a fac simile of my signature. I caution all parties to beware of imitations.

WM. H. DALY,
Sole Importer,
12tf is New York.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,

SIGN OF THE LONE TREE,
CORNER OF MAIN AND SECOND STREETS,
OLYMPIA, W. T.

SILAS GALLIHER, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR has recently erected, in connection with, and as a part of the "Washington Hotel" a large two story building—29 by 60 feet—by which he is enabled to provide the travelling public with a larger number of capacious, comfortable and excellently ventilated apartments than can be afforded by any other public house in Washington Territory. An idea of his ability to accommodate the public may be judged from the fact that the Hotel contains twenty-five private rooms—(exclusive of family apartments)—six of which are large drawing rooms, or parlors.

Thankful to the public for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to the proprietor, and having thus enlarged upon his former business, he feels confident he can render the sojourn of strangers with him comfortable and pleasant, and no pains shall be spared to set his table as well as any in like business.

Beds and bed-rooms furnished to such as may desire them.

Board by the day and week.

A good stable is attached to this establishment, which will be amply supplied with forage for the accommodation of animals of the travelling public.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Olympia, Dec. 4, 1857.

BLANK MORTGAGES, neatly executed, for sale at this office.

Daly's
AROMATIC VALLEY
WHISKY,
FOR MEDICAL USE,

HAS now taken that position in the world's estimation, which justifies its Proprietor in claiming for it

A Superiority Unrivalled,

Produced, as it is, by a process known only to the Manufacturer, and extracted from the choicest grain, which grows no where but in a favored locality in the Valley of the Monongahela, and containing no particle of deleterious admixture; it has acquired a reputation for perfect purity and intrinsic excellence, based solely upon its inherent merit, which the Proprietor does not intend shall ever be forfeited. Its universal use by the

Medical Profession

is most urgently recommended. Already has it found its way into the principal public and private Hospitals in the country, and wherever it has been once used, it forthwith becomes a necessity.

The attention of consumers is called to the certificates of the following well known Chemists:

I have analyzed a sample of "DALY'S AROMATIC VALLEY WHISKY," and find it to be a PURE ARTICLE, of fine flavor, and without any deleterious admixture.

JAMES R. CHILTON, M. D.,
New York. Chemist.

STATE ASSAYER'S OFFICE, 32 SOMERSET ST.,
BOSTON, MASS., April 17, 1858.

WM. H. DALY, New York:

Dear Sir—I have made a chemical analysis of your Aromatic Valley Whisky, and find it a PURE, FINE FLAVORED RYE WHISKY, containing no injurious matter of any kind, and recommend it as suitable for medical and public purposes.

CHARLES T. JACKSON, M. D.,
State Assayer.

WM. H. DALY—

Dear Sir—Your "AROMATIC VALLEY WHISKY" is received, and, after careful examination, I find it to be a PURE ARTICLE, ENTIRELY FREE FROM THE ADULTERATING INGREDIENTS SO FREQUENTLY USED.

Yours respectfully,
JAS. J. MAPES,
Analytical Chemist.

CAUTION.

It has come to my knowledge that parties in San Francisco have resorted to the base artifice of attempting to forge my label, with some slight alterations, using the name "DELAY'S" instead of "DALY'S Aromatic Valley Whisky," and also using "CUMBERLAND," instead of "Monongahela."

These Bogus Labels have been put on Bottles of entirely different shape from mine, containing the commonest trash, and packed in cases, intended to imitate and branded similar to the genuine, using the name "DELAY'S" instead of "Daly's."

Dealers in the interior as well as consumers are cautioned not to be imposed upon by this Bogus article.

Particular attention is called to the shape of my Bottle, which is unlike any other, and also to the name "William H. Daly, New York," blown in each Bottle.

I have no fears of this or any other spurious article interfering with the sale of my

Aromatic Valley Whisky,

but I cannot allow such a base fraud to be practiced upon honest Merchants and the unsuspecting Consumer, without noticing it.

WM. H. DALY,
SOLE PROPRIETOR,
NEW YORK.

NOTE.

☞ Daly's Aromatic Valley WHISKY is for sale by most of the respectable Liquor Houses in California.

WM. NEWELL & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS,
1s15 SAN FRANCISCO.

PARTICULAR NOTICE

TO PURCHASERS OF

EUREKA WHISKY.

THIS WHISKY has acquired a reputation far more enviable than any Whisky ever offered for sale in Barrels or Half Barrels in California. Its

SUPERIOR AND UNIFORM QUALITY

has become so fully appreciated, that the demand for it has largely increased, and the quantity now sold is much greater than any other brand of Whisky on the Pacific Coast.

CAUTION.

The great reputation of the EUREKA WHISKY, imported exclusively by ourselves, has induced parties in San Francisco, to put up a cheap article of Whisky, in imitation packages, branding it

"EUREKA WHISKEY,"

using the same style of letter as on the genuine imported article, and also using our shipping mark "J. T. D.," sometimes transposing the letters to avoid detection.

This common Whisky is palmed off, to a large extent, on the unsuspecting purchaser, for the GENUINE EUREKA, thus enabling the seller to make large profits on a cheap imitation Whisky, which is sold on the reputation of the genuine article.

To protect ourselves, and enable purchasers to guard against imposition, every package of the

GENUINE EUREKA WHISKY

will, in future, have the following brand, viz:

"WM. NEWELL & CO. S. F."

burnt into the head.

Purchasers will please take particular notice of this brand, as none other is genuine.

WM. NEWELL & CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO,
SOLE AGENTS.

NOTE—The genuine EUREKA WHISKY is for sale by most of the Liquor Houses in San Francisco. 15is

Ayers & Williams,

(SUCCESSORS TO BARNES & AYRES,)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE, AND CROCKERIES,

Main Street, Olympia, W. T.,

HAVING received large additions to their stock of Hardware, etc., are now offering to their customers and the public generally, the largest, best, and most extensive assortment of

AMERICAN,
ENGLISH & GERMAN
Hardware,
Iron, Steel,
NAILS,
Paints, Oils,

AGRICULTURAL
IMPLEMENTS,
STOVES,
Mechanic's Tools,
TINWARE,
FAMILY GROCERIES
&c., &c.,

Ever Offered in this Territory.

Their stock comprises a complete assortment of

SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE

ALL OF THE BEST BRANDS, EMBRACING EVERY VARIETY OF

HOUSE TRIMMING AND BUILDING MATERIALS!

DOORS, SASH, GLASS, PAINTS, OILS, Etc.

Also an Assortment of Carpenters', Masons', Cabinet and Wagon Makers' Tools, and a choice selection of English and American

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
SILVER PLATED & GERMAN SILVER WARE

TOGETHER WITH A LARGE VARIETY OF

MISCELLANEOUS GOODS,

Such as Cistern and Chain Pumps, Well-wheels, Well and Water Buckets, Cordage, Raw, Boiled, Polar and China Oils, Turpentine, Varnish, Mops, Brooms, Wash-boards, Tubs, and in fact nearly every thing pertaining to the Hardware business.

Agricultural and Horticultural Implements

Of the most approved styles. A large variety of

CAST AND STEEL PLOWS;

IRON AND STEEL OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE AND BOX STOVES,

Of patterns that cannot fail to please and supply the wants of all.

Stove Trimmings, Tin, Copper, Zinc, Sheet Iron, Japanned and Britannia Ware.

N. B. *ALL JOB WORK* will be done in the best manner, at reasonable prices.

ALSO A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

Among which may be found Tea, Coffee, Soap, Candles, Dried Apples, Chili Peaches, Saleratus, Syrup, Beans, Rice, Tobacco, Salt, Vinegar, Starch, Pepper, Allspice, Cloves, Mustard, Ginger, Cinnamon, Table Sauces, Herbs, Flavoring Extracts, Sal and Carb. Soda, Flour, Corn-meal, Yeast Powders, Vermicilla, Macaroni, Tapioca, Farina, Sago, Arrow-root, Corn Starch, Cream Tartar, Matches, Catsup, Pep. Sauce, Indigo, Nutmeg, Cocoa Chocolate, Currants, Figs, Raisins, etc., etc.

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE SOLD LOW. 15y

WOLFE'S

SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS!

I beg to call the attention of the Merchants of California and Oregon to a Superior Article of

HOLLAND GIN,

MANUFACTURED BY MYSELF EXCLUSIVELY, AT SCHIEDAM, HOLLAND,

And to distinguish it from every other alcoholic stimulant in the world, I gave it the name of

SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS.

It is the pure tincture of Juniper, distilled from the best barley that can be selected at any cost. It is flavored and medicated, not by the common harsh berry, but by the choice botanical variety of the Aromatic Italian Juniper Berry, whose more vinous extract is distilled and rectified with its spirituous solvent, and thus it becomes a concentrated tincture of exquisite flavor and aroma, altogether transcendent in its cordial and medicinal properties to any Holland Gin in the world. Since the introduction of the celebrated Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps, the proprietor has submitted to the whole Medical Faculty of the United States. Over three thousand endorse it, over their own signatures, to be the Purest Alcoholic Stimulant in use. They also speak of the great success they have met with in their practice in gravel, gout, chronic rheumatism, obstructions of the kidneys, bladder and urinary organs. Persons traveling in the Southern and Western States should always have a supply on hand as a preventive against ague and fever and change of water. The physicians in New Orleans and St. Louis prescribed it with great confidence in case of cholera, on account of the purity of the article.

UDOLPHO WOLFE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

Since the introduction of my Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps into the United States, a number of Liquor mixers in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and San Francisco, have been engaged in putting up mixed and poisonous Gin in cases and jugs, to be palmed off upon the unwary for my genuine Schnapps. At first they hadily counterfeited my name, but I soon stopped that by causing several of them to be arrested. They now confine themselves to closely imitating the appearance and shape of my bottles, and the peculiar wrapper which I have always used, viz: Yellow paper, printed with red and blue ink, pasteboard printed caps.

BEWARE OF THESE IMITATION BOGUS SCHNAPPS.

If the Liquors were fit to drink, there would be no need to palm them off by counterfeiting the peculiar style and appearance of the genuine Wolfe's Schnapps. Avoid these mixed and doctored up imitations as you would avoid shattered nerves, ruined stomachs and delirium tremens. The pure and genuine Schnapps have my name on the bottle, cork, and a fac-simile of a signature on the label. For sale by all the wholesale Druggists and respectable Liquor dealers in the United States. UDOLPHO WOLFE.

Sole Importer and Manufacturer, 18, 20 and 22 Beaver street, New York.

The word Schiedam Schnapps belongs exclusively to my article—all others are counterfeit, and are impositions on the public. 6m6

MEDICAL CARD.

U. G. Warbass,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR.

AT THE SOLICITATION OF NUMEROUS friends and acquaintances, I have determined to locate permanently in Olympia and resume the practice of my profession in all its branches. From an extensive and successful Surgical and Medical Practice of over twelve years, I offer myself, not as an experimentor, but as a practitioner who has had experience.

Particular attention will be paid to all surgical operations and diseases of a private nature.

Office at the Pacific House, corner of Maine and Third Streets, where patients from a distance can be supplied with comfortable rooms, and charged by the week for board and medical attendance.

Consultation fee and charges moderate.

Olympia, Oct. 21, 1859. 48tf

D. PHILLIPS & SON

OFFER FOR SALE

A New Stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Crockery, and Glassware, &c., &c., &c.

☞ We have adopted the CASH SYSTEM, and are offering our Goods at reduced rates.

Olympia, W. T., Oct. 20, 1859. 29tf

PORT MADISON
FOUNDRY

IS NOW IN SUCCESSFUL OPERATION, UNDER the superintendence of W. K. WATERMAN, and will execute all kinds of

IRON CASTINGS, MILL GEARING, STEAM ENGINES, STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &C., &C., &C.

Attached to the establishment is a Machine Shop where all kinds of iron turning and finishing will be done on the shortest notice, and at less than San Francisco prices. All orders promptly executed.

C. A. MEIGS.

Feb. 19, 1859. 14tf

DALLES PORTAGE COMPANY.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS of an act entitled an act to incorporate the Dalles Portage Company, notice is hereby given that books will be opened at the house of James H. Herman at Rockland, W. T., opposite Dalles City, Oregon, on Friday, the first day of June next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of receiving subscriptions to the capital stock of said company.

Dated at Cascades, W. T., this 10th day of March, 1860.

JAMES L. FERGUSON,
GEO. W. JOHNSON,
ALFRED ALLEN,
2m19 Commissioners.

POWERS of Attorney for the transfer of volunteer discharges for sale at this office.

Register and Receiver's Notice

TO DONATION SETTLERS

In	Township	2	North	of	Range	1	East,
"	"	3	"	"	"	1	"
"	"	4	"	"	"	1	"
"	"	5	"	"	"	1	"
"	"	1	"	"	"	2	"
"	"	2	"	"	"	2	"
"	"	1	"	"	"	3	"
"	"	1	"	"	"	4	"
"	"	1	"	"	"	5	"
"	"	2	"	"	"	5	"
"	"	1	"	"	"	6	"
"	"	2	"	"	"	6	"
"	"	2	"	"	"	7	"
"	"	2	"	"	"	1	West,
"	"	3	"	"	"	1	"
"	"	4	"	"	"	1	"
"	"	5	"	"	"	1	"
"	"	6	"	"	"	1	"
"	"	7	"	"	"	1	"

The aforesaid townships having been surveyed, and the plats thereof approved, all settlers thereon are requested to appear at the Court House in the town of Vancouver on Monday the ELEVENTH DAY OF JUNE next, when and where we shall be prepared to receive the notifications of their claims respectively, and enter upon the adjustment of the same, and the settlement, according to law, of all conflicts of boundary lines that may be found to exist among them. All persons who have not notified since survey, and given a precise description of their claims connecting them with the Government surveys, and fail to comply with the provisions of this notice, are barred by law. All conflicts between claimants, whether pre-emption or donation, whether in the townships now advertised or outside, will be settled at the same time and place, on the application of the parties interested; and all other business pertaining to our office will be attended to which may be presented. We shall continue our session from day to day until the business is completed.

ISAAC W. SMITH, *Register*,
S. GARFIELDE, *Receiver*.

May 10, 1860. 3w25
Oregon Times copy 3 times.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT LETTERS of administration upon the estate of SETH BULLARD, late of Chehalis county, deceased, have this day been granted by the Probate Court of Pacific county to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment; and those having claims will present them, with necessary vouchers, within one year from this date.

M. W. BULLARD, Administrator.
Port Willopa, Pacific County, W. T., April 24, 1860. 4w25

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Territory of Washington, County of Clarke, } ss.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION TO ME DIrected, from the District Court of the 1st Judicial District of Washington Territory, at the suit of Henry Weinhard, *vs.* John Ryan, for the recovery of the sum of $175 00 damages, and for $17 75 cost of suit and accruing cost, I have seized and will sell to the highest bidder, on the **3d day of June, 1860**, the following property, to-wit: The right, title and interest of said John Ryan, in a FRAME HOUSE and LOT, and the appurtenances thereunto, situated on block No. 5, lot No. 6, of the town site of the city of Vancouver, W. T., and now occupied by Patrick Keegan as a saloon, known as the "Crystal."

Sale to take place on the premises, at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M.

24:4w G. GROOM, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Vancouver, W. T., April 26, 1860.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Territory of Washington, County of Clarke, } ss.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION TO ME DIrected, from the District Court of the 1st Judicial District of Washington Territory, at the suit of B. F. Preston, *vs.* John Ryan, to enforce a mechanic's lien, for the sum of $114 00 damage, and for $9 40 cost of suit and accruing cost, I have seized and will sell to the highest bidder, on the **2d day of June, 1860**, the following property, to-wit: A FRAME HOUSE, situated on block No. 5, lot No. 6, of the town site of the city of Vancouver, W. T., said premises now being occupied as a saloon, known as the "Crystal."

Sale to take place on the premises, at the hour of 11 o'clock, A. M.

24:4w G. GROOM, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Vancouver, W. T., April 26, 1860.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, County of Clarke. } ss.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION TO ME directed from the District Court of the First Judicial District for Washington Territory, at the suit of O. B. GIBSON & CO. *vs.* JOHN RYAN, for the recovery of $410 48 damage, together with cost of suit and accruing cost, I have seized and will sell to the highest bidder, on the NINTH DAY OF JUNE, 1860, the following property, to-wit:

Lot No. 6 in block No. 5, of the city of Vancouver, W. T., together with the frame house and appurtenances thereto; said house being now occupied by Patrick Keegan as a saloon known as the "Crystal."

Sale to take place on the premises at the hour of 2 o'clock, P. M.

G. GROOM, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Vancouver, W. T., May 3, 1860.-4t25

WM. FAULKNER & SON,

132 *Sansome Street*,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA,
AGENTS FOR
JAS. CONNER & SON'S U. S. TYPE FOUNDRY,
AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
PRINTING MATERIALS.

Printers will find it to their advantage to call on us before purchasing.
San Francisco, May 2, 1860. 25y

TAKE WARNING.

HAVING closed the business in which I have been engaged, all knowing themselves indebted to the undersigned must come forward and settle the same by payment of cash or notes of hand, before the first day of next month.

On all accounts left unsettled at that date, two per cent. interest per month will be charged, and the accounts placed in the hands of proper officers for collection.

J. J. WESTBROOK.
Olympia, Feb. 24, 1860. 14:6m

NOTICE.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, County of Thurston. }
District Court of Second Judicial District, in and for the Territory aforesaid.

TO JOHN EVANS, SARAH T. EVANS, OWNER and Dowress, and Joseph Hamlin, subsequent incumbrancer: You are hereby notified, that T. P. McElroy has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which shall commence more than three months after the sixteenth (16th) day of March, 1860, and unless you appear at said term and answer, the same will be taken as confessed and the prayer thereof granted.

The object and prayer of said complaint is to foreclose a mortgage executed by the said John Evans, on the eighth day of September, 1858, to secure the payment of a promissory note, bearing even date therewith, for the sum of One Thousand Dollars, with interest from said date according to the tenor of said note.

Complaint dated March 6th, 1860, and filed in District Court of 2d Judicial District, W. T., March 13th, 1860.

ELWOOD EVANS,
Attorney for Plaintiff.
3m17

NONPAREIL SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING LEASED THE above named Saloon, and fitted the same up in a superior style, invites his old friends and the public generally to give him a call, where they will find the choicest

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

Connected with the Saloon are
TWO GOOD BILLIARD TABLES AND BALL ALLEYS.

OYSTERS will be served, as heretofore, day or night.

Wines, Liquors and Cigars, wholesale and retail.

All orders promptly attended to. Terms cash.

M. L. HEFRON.
Olympia, March 2, 1860. 3m16

LEATHER! LEATHER!

BILES & CARTER

HAVE NOW THEIR NEW AND EXTENSIVE Tannery in successful operation at

TUMWATER,

and are now prepared to offer to the public a general assortment of Leather, such as Harness, Bridle, Rein, Skirting, Collar Aprons, Belting, Upper, Calf, Kip, Buck and Sole Leather, in fact all kinds to suit the wants of the people.

Leather given in exchange, or cash paid for good hides.

Tumwater, W. T., April 27, 1860. 23y

NOTICE.

THE BOARD OF PENITENTIARY COMMISsioners of Washington Territory will receive sealed proposals until the 6th day of June, 1860, for clearing and grubbing 2½ acres of the site for the Penitentiary, located at Vancouver, Clarke county, W. T. Said work to be done as follows:

All trees, stumps, and brush, to be taken out by the roots, and the holes to be filled up, and all to be leveled down smooth. Said work to be completed by the 1st day of August, 1860. Two sureties to be named in the bids.

Said commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Proposals to be endorsed—"To the Acting Commissioner of Penitentiary. Proposals for clearing."

By order of the Board,

GAY HAYDEN,
Acting Commissioner of Penitentiary.
Vancouver, April 2, 1860. 20td

LIVERY STABLE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN THE Stables heretofore kept by J. J. Westbrook in Olympia and Steilacoom, will always keep Saddle Horses, Buggies, Teams, &c., to accommodate the public.

We will keep the best of everything in our line, and our aim will be to please and be pleased.

Horses left at our stables to be kept will receive the best of care, &c.

Give us a call and get the worth of your money.

WINSOR & LAMAN.
Olympia, March 30, 1860. 19tf

Administrator's Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN APPOINTED, by the Probate Court of the County of Thurston at its April Term, 1859, administrator upon the estate of ALFRED ALLEN, late of said County, deceased. Persons knowing themselves indebted will at once settle with the undersigned, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated according to law.

JAMES ALLEN,
Administrator.
Mound Prairie, Thurston County, W. T., April 23, 1860. 24:4w

PUGET SOUND HOTEL,

Corner of Balch and Commercial Sts.,
STEILACOOM, W. T.
MILAS GALLIHER, *Proprietor*.
Steilacoom, Aug. 18, 1859. 40tf

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE!

—CONNECTING—
THE COLUMBIA RIVER
—WITH—
PUGET SOUND!

H. WINSOR,

MAIL CONTRACTOR, BETWEEN OLYMPIA and Ranier, on the Oregon side of the Columbia River, takes this method to inform the travelling public, that he is at all times prepared to accommodate all who may call upon him, with—

HORSES AND MULES, Wagons, CARRIAGES, &c

For their Accommodation and Conveyance to any practicable portion of the Territory.

PERSONS traveling to Oregon, or from that Territory to this, can obtain ANIMALS or CONVEYANCES, at either—

Olympia, Cowlitz Landing or Monticello.

IN passing up or down the Cowlitz River, persons can have their choice of performing the journey either with *HORSES* or in *CANOES*—Mr. WINSOR having in readiness at all times, at both Cowlitz Landing and Monticello, a number of—

GOOD, SUBSTANTIAL

CANOES,

WHICH can at short notice be manned to order, with crews of safe and experienced boatmen—well acquainted with the navigation of the river.

TERMS:

PASSENGERS will be conveyed from Ranier to Olympia, and from Olympia to Ranier, at the following rates:

From Ranier to Olympia,.....$10 00.
From Olympia to Ranier,.....$15 00.

Olympia, W. T., March 19, 1858. n17-tf

M. LOUISSON & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes,
Hats, Caps, Groceries, Crockery ware, &c., &c.

Olympia, W. T., San Francisco, Cal.
M. LOUISSON, I. LIGHTNER, A. FRANKEL
April 22, 1854. 33tf

DR. MATTHEW P. BURNS.

OFFICE OPPOSITE THE NEW STAGE OFFICE, MAIN STREET, OLYMPIA, W. T.

DR. BURNS RETURNS THANKS TO THE CITIzens of Washington Territory for the liberal share of public patronage he has received for the last seven years, while practicing Medicine and Surgery in all their various departments.

Dr. B.'s Surgery is furnished with a complete assortment of Surgical Instruments, many of them new and patented improvements of eminent Surgeons in Europe.

Dr. BURNS respectfully informs his numerous friends that he has lowered his rate of charges to suit the times. *Calls punctually attended to night or day.*

Olympia, Dec. 9, 1859. 3y

HENRY N. McGILL,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
AND
Commissioner of the Court of Claims of U. S.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE TERRITORY,
3-y Olympia, W. T.

NOTICE.

TAKE NOTICE, that the Copartnership heretofore existing between ROBERT GREENBAUM and RALPH COATS, under the firm name of GREENBAUM & COATS, is this day dissolved by the withdrawal of the undersigned from the said firm.

The business of the said firm at Skookum Chuck, will be settled by Ralph Coats. Those knowing themselves indebted will please call and settle, and those having claims will forthwith present the same to the undersigned, at the store of said Greenbaum & Coats, at the Skookum Chuck in Thurston County.

RALPH COATS.
Skookum Chuck, W. T., Feb. 27, 1860. 3m15

Notice--All.

From and after this date, no legal advertisements, such as administrator's notices, attachment notices sheriff's and constable's sales, or any notice ordered to be published by any order of court, will be published in this paper unless accompanied by the cash. We have been *humbugged by the living* and *cuchered* by the dead to such an extent that we are compelled to adopt this course to protect ourself.

EDWARD FURSTE.
Publisher Pioneer and Democrat.

U. S. Mail and Express Line

BETWEEN
OLYMPIA AND STEILACOOM.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL RUN A LINE OF Stages between the above places, carrying the U. S. Mail, Express packages, and Passengers.

The Stages will leave Olympia on Mondays, Thursdays, and Saturdays; returning, leave Steilacoom on Tuesdays, Fridays and Sundays, punctually at 8 o'clock, A. M., each day, connecting with H. Winsor's through line to the Columbia river.

HENRY WINSOR,
J. D. LAMAN.
Olympia, March 30, 1860. 19tf

OLYMPIA AND SEATTLE NURSERIES,

Gangloff & Moxlie, *Proprietors*,

OFFER FOR SALE FOR THE FALL AND Spring planting, 65,000 of the best trees ever offered in this Territory, consisting of Apple, one and two years old from the graft; Cherry, from one to three years old; Plums from one to three years old; Quince, Currant, Gooseberry and Raspberry bushes-Flouring plants, as usual.

Also under propagation, and can be furnished next year, 100 named varieties of Tulip; 150 varieties of Hyacynths; 32 Dahlias; 6 Crown-imperials; 12 Lillies, and a "right smart chance" of other Flowering articles too numerous to mention. Every article warranted genuine and true to label, or the money will be refunded. We wish purchasers to understand that we know what we are selling.

TERMS—Positively cash, or an equivalent, on delivery. We are also determined to sell cheap.

Address GANGLOFF & MOXLIE, Olympia or Seattle, or J. E. Whitworth, Main street, Olympia, where we intend to keep a supply of trees during the season. 42tf

NEW BOOKS!

G. K. WILLARD & SON

HAVE RECENTLY RECEIVED, DIRECT FROM
NEW YORK,
A large assortment of CHOICE
BOOKS,

which they will sell at greatly reduced prices. They have made arrangements by which they will be enabled to provide the reading public with all the standard books of the day, at a very reasonable advance on New York prices.

The books are bought in New York by one of the firm residing there, and any rare books that we may not have in store, we will order for our patrons.

We have on hand an assortment of School Books. Teachers will find it to their advantage to purchase of us. We invite all who want anything in our line of business to give us a call.

Olympia, Nov. 4, 1859. 50tf

NEW STORE AND NEW FIRM AT TUM WATER!

JOHN SCOTT & CO. TAKE THIS METHOD OF informing their friends that they have opened the store formerly occupied by E. H. WILSON at Tum Water.

We are now opening one of the largest and best assorted stocks of Goods that ever came to this country, and we are determined to sell them at a profit small enough to defy competition.

We intend to change our style of doing business from the credit system to small profits and quick returns. Therefore we must have the cash in hand.

Remember that Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Farming Implements, Fancy Goods and Hardware are perfectly in our line.

Give us a call. Feb. 4, 1859. 11tf

S. BETTMAN, L. BETTMAN.

Bettman Brothers,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,
READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c.

Store on the corner of Main and Second Streets, Olympia, W. T.
Olympia, Feb. 11, 1859. 12tf

FORWARDING, Storage & Commission

THE undersigned having erected at Port Townsend, Washington Territory, a large and commodious warehouse, well adapted to the storage of grain merchandise, freight, etc., intended for transportation up or down the coast, awaiting the necessary means of conveyance, would inform the shippers and traders of the Sound that they are now prepared to store such articles on the usual terms.

Also, being extensively engaged in the business of TRANSPORTATION, either as owners of or agents for most of the coasting vessels of the Sound, they are further prepared to FORWARD such articles of merchandize, stock, and grain as may be entrusted to them, to any point on the Sound or Straits, Vancouver's Island, or elsewhere, as may be desired, at the shortest notice and on accommodating terms.

Patronage respectfully solicited. For further information address the undersigned.

E. S. FOWLER & CO.
Port Townsend, Aug. 14, 1857. no.39-tf.

MARINE HOSPITAL.

PORT TOWNSEND, JUNE 22D, 1858

DR P. M. O'BRIEN, late Resident Physician and Surgeon of the County Hospital, San Francisco, and of the Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy, is now in charge of the Marine Hospital, Port Townsend.

Dr. O'BRIEN is also prepared to receive private patients. He flatters himself with the hope that an experience of 16 years to the practice of his profession, both private and Hospital, together which a thorough Medico-Cirurgical education, as evidenced by the proper guarantee of a Diploma to that effect will obtain for him the confidence of the citizens on Puget Sound.

LETTERS addressed—P. M. O'BRIEN, M. D., Port Townsend, will be duly acknowledged.

June 22d, 1858. n31-tf

W. H. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
STEILACOOM, W. T.
Nov. 5, 1853. 9tf

G. K. Willard & Son,

OLYMPIA, W. T.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
DRUGS & MEDICINES,
PERFUMERY,

Fine Toilet Soaps, Fine Hair and Tooth Brushes,
FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES,
TRUSSES AND SHOULDER BRACES,
Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal uses.
GRASS AND GARDEN SEEDS,
Glass, Putty, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-Stuffs,
Tobacco, Cigars, &c.

☞ Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded, and all orders correctly answered.

☞ Medicines warranted genuine, and of the best quality.

Dalles Portage Company.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT BOOKS for the subscription of stock in this Company will be opened by the Commissioners of the Company at Calawash Landing, on the the first day of June, A. D., 1860.

ALFRED ALLEN,
JAMES W. FERGUSON,
GEO. W. JOHNSON,
Com. D. P. Co.
Calwash Landing, Clickatat Co., W. T., March 10, 1860. 20td

EX GREAT REPUBLIC, OCEAN TELEGRAPH, Good Hope, Reynard,

H. HASTINGS AND REPORTER.

50 BALES ASSORTED DUCK, 6-0 @ 10.
15 bales Light and Heavy BEAR DUCK.
10 bales FLANNELS, Assorted.
12 cases CANTON FLANNELS, Brown & Bleach'd
10 cases KENTUCKY JEANS.
15 cases COTTONADES.
12 cases 2x2, 4x4, 4x2 APRON CHECKS.
20 cases Bleached and Brown SHEETINGS.
60 cases Bleached SHIRTINGS, all widths.
75 cases Favorite Brands PRINTS.
20 cases DENIMS. 50 cases TICKINGS.
20 bales Blue, Red, and Gray BLANKETS.

ALSO, A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,

Comprising
Linen Table Damasks, Bleached and Brown.
Super Cloth Table Covers.
Pillow-Case Linens. Linen Sheetings.
Quilt—10-4, 11-4, 12-4—Assorted Qualities.
Towelings. Napkins. Diaper. Doylies.
White Family Blankets.
Embossed Velvet Table and Piano Covers.
Bleached Sheetings—Extra Fine.

ALSO, VIA ISTHMUS:

A Full Line Hosiery, Gloves, Delaines, Organdies, Lawns, Robes, Jaconetts, French Muslins, Cambrics, Irish Linens, &c.

And a General Assortment of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

SUITED TO THE SPRING TRADE.

ALSO,

EX ORACLE, ELIZA, DENMARK, &C. &C.:
VELVET MEDALION CARPETS.
BRUSSELS AND THREE-PLY CARPETS.
INGRAINS, HEMPS.
ENGLISH AND AMERICAN DBUGGETS.
TABLE OIL CLOTHS.
GREEN BAIZES.
Window Shades and Hollands, Brocatelle & Damasks.
Paper Hangings and Borders.

AGENCY OF
Jewetts Celebrated Oil Cloths, 8-4 @ 24-4.

INVOICES VERY LOW PRICED
Floor Oil Cloths,
Now landing and for sale, at lowest rates, by
FRANK BAKER,
110 and 112 Clay Street,—135 and 137 Merchant St.,
3m24 San Francisco.

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE

FROM
OLYMPIA TO SEMIAHMOO.

The new and splendid steamer
Eliza Anderson,
THOS. WRIGHT, Commander,

Will hereafter leave Olympia every Monday morning at 7 o'clock for *STEILACOOM, SEATTLE, PORT MADISON, PORT GAMBLE, PORT LUDLOW, PORT TOWNSEND, WHIDBY'S ISLAND, NEW BUNGINESS, BELLINGHAM BAY, SAN JUAN ISLAND*, and *VICTORIA, V. I.*

The *Eliza Anderson* has been recently refitted, and now offers superior accommodations for passengers. Her freighting capacity has been enlarged, and cattle, produce, &c., will be carried at REDUCED PRICES.

For further particulars, address
JOHN H. SCRANTON.
Olympia, May 4, 1860. 3m24

J. B. PAINTER,

(LATE O'MEARA & PAINTER,)
DEALER IN
Type, Presses, Printing Material, Paper, Cards,
And Printer's Stock generally,
132 *Clay Street, near Sansome*,
11y *SAN FRANCISCO*.

L. B. HASTINGS,

DEALER IN DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.,

HAS JUST RECEIVED THE CARGO OF SHIP *Iconium*, direct from China and Japan, consisting of Tea, Rice, Sugar, Fire Brick, Tiles, &c., which will be sold at or below San Francisco prices. Please call in and purchase.

Port Townsend, Nov. 1, 1859. 1y50

French, Wilson & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
CLOTHING
AND
GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

FINE Custom made clothing received by every Steamer expressly for Retail.

Orders from the country attended to with care.

115 Sacramento Street—Corner Leidesdorff, opposite the P. M. Steamship Co.'s Office.

December 25, 1857. 51f

Andrew J. Moses,

AUCTIONEER,
Olympia, W. T.
July 29, 1859. 36tf

BUTLER P. ANDERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OLYMPIA, W. T.

OFFICE—in the Land Office. no.7y.

C. CROSBY & CO.

TUM WATER,

OFFER FOR SALE A LARGE AND EXTENSIVE stock of

DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES,
PSOVISIONS,
HARD-WARE,
CROCKERY-WARE,

and in fact every thing to supply the wants of the country, which they are selling low for cash or country produce.

Tum Water, W. T., May 12, 1859. 25tf

J. W. JOHNSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY AND ADMIRALTY,
SEATTLE, W. T.,

Will practice in all the Courts in this Territory
March 25, 1859. 18y

A. J. BURR,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

WILL REPAIR ANY WORK left with him in the most durable manner and quickest dispatch, and warrant the same.

Engraving, etc., done in the neatest style.

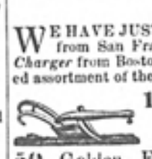
Shop next door to Miles' Saloon, in Washington Hotel, Olympia.

Aug. 13, 1858. 38tf.

WARANTEE and Quit-claim Deeds for sale at this office.

New Goods!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED PER BARK ORK from San Francisco, and clipper ship *Charger* from Boston, a large and well selected assortment of the following Goods:



100 Cast and Steel Plows of various sizes.

50 Golden Era and Justice Cooking
STOVES,

25 doz. Hunt's Chopping Axes;
A general assortment of Tin-ware;
Bake Ovens and Hollow-ware;
AMERICAN AND SWEDE IRON & STEEL;
200 kegs Seth Adams' E. B. Syrup, in 5, 8 and 15 gallon packages.
250 boxes Hill's Pale Soap;
30 tons Liverpool Salt;
5 tons New Orleans Sugars;
50 bags Rio Coffee;
35 bales Sheetings, Shirtings & Drills;

—Also—

Doe Skins, Cassimeres, Satinets, Checks, Cambrics, Linens, Selecia, Amr'cn Stripe, Blue Denims, Allen's Long Cloth, Towlen Cloth, Bleach'd Cottons and Drills, Turkey Red, Fancy Hdkfs, &c., &c.

Also in Store and Received per last Steamer,
Gents Boots and Shoes;
Ladies' thick and light Shoes;
Ladies' Gaiters.

A general assortment of
GENTS AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

Alpaccas, Muslins, Delains, Ginghams, Prints, Cotton and Wool Plaids, Mohair Cloth, Wool and Cotton Flannels, Bonnets and Ladies' Hats, &c., &c.

PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY, GLASS, AND WINDOWS.

CARPENTERS' TOOLS, &c., &c.,

All of which we are selling low for Cash.

C. CROSBY & CO.
Tum Water, Sept. 30, 1859. 45tf

DR. H. D. LONGAKER,

Surgical and Mechanical
DENTIST.

DR. L. HAVING PERMANENTLY LOcated on Puget Sound, would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to perform all necessary operation on Teeth in the most scientific manner.

Artificial Teeth inserted on Gold or Silver plate, from a single tooth to a full set.

Teeth plugged with best Gold or Tin Foil.

Tooth-ache effectually cured without pain.

Teeth extracted in the most careful manner. Chloroform or Ether given if desired.

N. B. All jobs warranted to give satisfaction.

Olympia, Dec. 23, 1859. 5tf

NEW GOODS!

DIRECT FROM BOSTON.

J. D. W. TILLSON & CO.,

HAVE just received from Boston direct, a good assortment of goods, selected especially for this market, and beg leave to call the attention of the citizens of Olympia and surrounding country to the same. Our stock consists in part as follows, viz:

Extra Clear Pork,	Soap, Olive,
do Family Beef,	do Castile, Shaving,
Sugar, Tea, Coffee,	Wooden-ware,
Mustard, Pepper,	Tobacco, Candles,
Crackers, Pilot, Soda,	Writing Paper.
do Butter, Water,	Note do
do Oyster, Farina,	Envelopes, Pens,

Extra home-made woolen Socks, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Our motto is—"Quick sales and small profits."

J. D. W. TILLSON & CO.,
Under Washington Hotel, Olympia, W. T.
Olympia, March 25, 1859. 18tf

N. B. A superior article of Bourbon Whisky and Holland Gin, for sale by the gallon.

FOWLER & CO.,

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KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A GOOD Assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Cutlery, Tin-ware, Ready-made Clothing, Crockery Ware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Ship Chandlery and Stores, Mining tools, &c.

Port Townsend, April 21, 1858. 23tf

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY'S

PRIVATE MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE,
Sacramento Street, below Montgomery,
[Opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Com.'s Office,]
SAN FRANCISCO.

Established in 1854, for the permanent cure of all private and chronic diseases, and for the suppression of Quackery.

ATTENDING AND RESIDENT PHYSICIAN, L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D., late in the Hungarian Revolutionary War, Chief Physician to the 20th Regiment of Honveds, Chief Surgeon to the Military Hospital of Pesth, Hungary, late Lecturer on Diseases of Women and Children, and Honorary Member of the Philadelphia College of Medicine.

☞ Particular attention paid to the treatment of diseases peculiar to Women and Children. ☜

OFFICE HOURS:—From 9 A. M. till 9 P. M. Communications strictly confidential. Permanent cure guaranteed, or no pay. Consultations by letter or otherwise free.

Address Dr. L. J. CZAPKAY, San Francisco, Cal.

A Tribute to Merited Worth.

The ingratitude of man to his fellow man is so often met with in life, that testimonials, prompted by finer feelings of the heart, are oases in the life of those who sacrifice their best days in philanthropic devotion to the alleviation of the ills of frail mortality. Empiricism floods the columns of our press with fraudulent and fictitious letters, singing psalms to the worth of their own egotistical charlatanism. Below we append a certificate from a worthy man, who, a brief period since, seemed destined to "shuffle off his mortal coil;" who looked forward to his dissolution with that pleasure which only those weighed down by the heavy hand of disease can. Contrary to hope, the ability of a skilful physician has restored him to his former health relieved from his terrible situation, and impelled by gratitude, he makes known his case, and his remedial agent, and his statement is authenticated by a Notary Public. The demands of society imperiously command its publicity and it is given more to warn the unwary than to sound the praises of a physician, of whom scores of like cases can be cited.

REMARKABLE CURE OF CONSUMPTION:

The almost miraculous cure that has been effected in my case, prompts me to impart to those of my fellow creatures who may be suffering from like affliction, the source of relief, with a short description of my case. Several years ago, my health began to fail. I was attacked by general weakness and debility, which reduced me to the mere shadow of my former self. At that stage I sought medical assistance, and expended large amounts, but without the least beneficial result. That fell destroyer CONSUMPTION had already seized upon my vitals. I was daily drawing closer to the tomb; my physicians held out no hope of recovery; my strength had wasted, and I was in a state of almost utter prostration. I was informed by my physicians that they could do nothing for me except to smooth my path to the grave, when most fortunately, I applied to Dr. L. J. Czapkay, and am now a well and perfectly sound man. It is difficult for me to express the emotions of deepest gratitude I experience when realizing the immeasurable service I have received at the hands of Dr. Czapkay, and I feel rejoiced that it is at least in my power to tender this feeble recognition of his great skill and capacity. To the afflicted I would say, do not despair, for whatever may be the nature of your case, I am confident that you will find relief by applying to Dr. L. J. Czapkay. "There is balm in Gilead, and there is a physician there."

[L. S.] HENRY WESSLING.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 15th day of October, A. D. 1859. City and County of San Francisco, in the State of California.

[L. S.] F. J. THIBAULT, Notary Public.

The undersigned is personally acquainted with Henry Wessling, and knows that the circumstances related in the foregoing certificate are true. He saw Henry Wessling during his illness, and bears willing testimony to the fact of his remarkable cure by Dr. L. J. Czapkay.

[L. S.] A. ROSENHEIM.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 17th day of October, A. D. 1859. City and County of San Francisco, in the State of California.

[L. S.] F. J. THIBAULT, Notary Public.

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY'S private Medical and Surgical Institute is on Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, San Francisco. The Doctor offers free consultations, and asks no remuneration unless he effects a cure.

THE FOLLOWING LETTER,

Which emphatically speaks for itself, was written by the Dean of the Faculty of the Philadelphia College of Medicine, to the editors of the Pacific Medical and Surgical Journal, San Francisco, for publication:

PHILADELPHIA, January 17th, 1859.

To the Editors of the Pacific Medical and Surgical Journal:

GENTLEMEN:—My attention has been called to an article in the December number of your Journal, in regard to the *ad eundem* degree granted by the Philadelphia College of Medicine to Dr. L. J. Czapkay.—When the application for the degree was made to the Faculty, it was accompanied by affidavits and testimonials to the effect that Dr. Czapkay was a regular graduate M. D. of the University of Pesth, had served as Surgeon in the Hungarian army, and was a regular practitioner of medicine. On the strength of these, the degree was granted. The *ad eundem* degree, as its name implies, is conferred on graduates only, and gives us new privileges. Had there been the slightest suspicion of irregularity, the application would have been refused. By inserting this in your Journal, you will do an act of justice to the College, and confer a favor on Yours, very respectfully,

H. RAND,
Dean of the Faculty of the Philadelphia College of Medicine.

REMARKABLE INSTANCE OF MEDICAL RELIEF.

Below we publish the certificates of three of the sufferers from the pangs of disease, who, having recovered their former health, and impelled by gratitude make known their cases and remedial agent, and their statements are authenticated by a Notary Public. The demands of society imperiously command their publicity, and we commend their perusal to the attention of all afflicted:

THANKFULNESS IS THE INCENTIVE TO GRATITUDE.
CERTIFICATE.

The undersigned, desirous of acquainting those who may be unfortunate enough to be similarly afflicted, where a permanent relief of their sufferings may be obtained, feels it his duty to thus publicly express his most sincere gratitude to Dr. L. J. Czapkay for the permanent recovery of his health. Borne down by the distressing symptoms incident to the vicious practices of uncontrollable passion in youth, depressed in body and mind, unable to perform even the most trifling duty imposed by the daily avocations of life, I sought the advice of many physicians, who at first regarded my disease as of trifling importance; but, alas, after a few weeks, and, in several instances, months, of their treatment, I found, to my unutterable horror, that, instead of relief, my symptoms became more alarming in their torture; and being told by one that my disease being principally confined to the brain, medicine would be of little consequence, I despaired of ever regaining my health, strength and energy; and, as a last resort, and with but a faint hope, I called upon Dr. Czapkay, who, after examining my case, prescribed some medicine, which almost instantly relieved me of the dull pain and dizziness in my head. Encouraged by the result, I resolved to place myself under his care, and by a strict obedience to all his directions and advice, my head became clear, my ideas collected, the constant pain in my back and groins, the weakness of my limbs, the nervous reaction of my whole body on the slightest alarm or excitement, the misanthropy and evil forebodings, the self-distrust and want of confidence in others, the incapability to study, and want of resolution, the frightful exciting, and, at times, pleasurable dreams by night, followed by involuntary discharges, have all disappeared, and in fact, in two months after having consulted the Doctor, I felt as if inspired by a new life—that life which, a short time ago, I contemplated to end with my own hand.

With a view to guard the unfortunate from falling into the snares of incompetent quacks, I deem it my duty to offer this testimony to the merits and skill of Dr. Czapkay, and recommend him to all who may stand in need of medical advice, being assured by my own experience that once under his care, a radical and permanent cure will be effected.

[L. S.] B. F. FILLMORE.

State of California, county of San Francisco. Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 17th day of April A. D. 1856. (Signed,)

[L. S.] JOHN MIDDLETON, Notary Pub.

CARD.

Prompted by an honest desire of my heart, I wish to lay before the public a case which deserves a commendation, not only as an act of scientific skill, but that of humanity also. About two years ago, I suddenly, and from causes unknown to me, was seized with a fit of Epilepsy, which, owing to my inability to meet the expenses consequent upon a thorough medical treatment, and the discouragement which I met with on attempting it, soon became such (as I was then led to believe) as to defy the skill of any physician. I was frequently, while in pursuit of my calling, thrown down to the ground without the slightest warning; and, although insensible to the agonies, I yet despised the miseries of my life, and soon learned to look upon those who would render assistance or shelter me from danger as enemies who sought to prolong the existence of my miseries. While in this state, and having, previous to my affliction, tasted the sweets of life, I once more was induced to attempt seeking aid of a physician, and, by recommendation, called upon Dr. L. J. Czapkay. I told him of my circumstances, and of my inability to reward him for his services, regardless of which, however, he at once undertook my case, and with the blessing of God, I was once more restored to perfect health. Unable to reward him for the boon which I enjoy at present, and yet conscious of my indebtedness, I consider it due to myself and all afflicted, to make the case public, in order that those in need of medical advice may find a physician in whom every confidence can be placed.

[L. S.] MEYER YABLONSKY.

State of California, county of San Francisco. Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 1st day of Aug. A. D. 1856

[L. S.] GILBERT A. GRANT, Not. Pub.

A CARD.

I, the undersigned, having been under the treatment of Dr. L. J. Czapkay, although unsolicited, feel called upon to give publicity to the efficacy of his treatment, hoping that by doing so I may be instrumental in preventing others from the fearful suffering and misery which I experienced, and which so often result from the pernicious practice of pretenders. My disease has been that of physical and mental debility, which follows in consequence of indiscretions in youth. The agonies which I endured are, perhaps, unnecessary for me to detail, they are known to those who have experienced them. Suffice it to say, that having called the services of Dr. L. J. Czapkay into requisition, all the expectations which I may have formed of him were more than realized. I would therefore recommend Dr. Czapkay to all who may find themselves afflicted with that dreadful malady; my object in so doing being sympathy for suffering humanity, and a heartfelt desire of relieving them.

D. J. DAHLEE, Printer.

State of California, City and County of San Francisco. On this 31st day of July, A. D. 1856, before me, Wm. C. Jewett, Notary Public, personally appeared D. J. Dahlee, known to me, who, being duly sworn, did depose and say, that the contents of the card herewith signed by him are true.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and affixed my official seal, the day and year first above written.

WM. C. JEWETT,
Notary Public.
[L. S.]

SPERMATORRHŒA,

Or local weakness, nervous debility, low spirits, lassitude, weakness of the limbs and back, indisposition and incapability for labor and study, dullness of apprehension, loss of memory, aversion to society, love of solitude, timidity, self-distrust, dizziness, headache, involuntary discharges, pains in the