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## The Puget Sound Mail.

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BY  
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## LATEST NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH TO DATE.

Contributions to the Garfield monument fund, \$11,200.

Instructions have been telegraphed to every military station in Ireland enjoining vigilance, and flying columns are held in readiness for immediate movements. The number of troops now in Dublin is 2000. Every sentry is provided for action.

Parnell, Dillon, O'Brien and Sexton, leaders of the Irish agitators are all in prison in Dublin. The gates of Dublin castle are closed and arms stacked in the upper yard. The city is divided into three districts entrusted to the charge of magistrates specially appointed. Many army officers are sworn in as militia.

General quiet prevails this evening. Disorders are exceptional. Sir Thos. Steel, commander of the forces, received telegrams to-night reporting all parts of Ireland quiet. All officers of regiments in Ireland are ordered to duty immediately.

The president has nominated Frank M. Eastman of the District of Columbia, U. S. attorney of Montana; A. P. Coope P. M. at David City, Neb.; Chas. H. Gray of Nebraska, receiver of public money at Mills City, Mont.; Chas. W. Pierce of Nebraska, register of the land office at Lincoln; Geo. W. Wilkinson of Nebraska, agent for Indians at Omaha and Winnebago agency, Neb. The senate confirmed Robt. G. Holly of Vermont, U. S. consul at Barbadoes; Septimus J. Hanna register of the land office at Leadville, Col.; Augustus Brasens Indian agent at Great Neck agency, Neb.; Jno. Harris of the District of Columbia, Indian agent at Samba agency, Neb.; John W. Gramsey of Dakota, receiver of public money at Standing Rock, and Geo. H. Spencer, of Minnesota, at Crow Creek, Dakota.

It is reported here that the object of Conkling's visit to Washington, was not to advise with the president respecting the formation of a cabinet, so much as to advise and beg him not to urge a certain man to become a member of it. The man was Roscoe Conkling. The story is that the president was anxious to have Conkling accept the treasury portfolio, and that Conkling, while not absolutely declining, advised the president that it would be far better for him to appoint some one else. Conkling expressed the most earnest desire for the success of the administration and suggested that it would not only do to make anything which appeared like a mistake but could be avoided. The president was much convinced by Conkling, that it would be well to appoint some other man secretary of the treasury.

The Sun says excitement prevails among Brooklyn politicians over the part that Henry Wood Beecher will take in the mayoralty contest movement in behalf of Ripley Ropes, which was sprung suddenly upon the public. It is backed by energetic and well-to-do friends, and the big game in which regular politicians are engaged. They have arranged for a meeting in the rink to-night and will bring Beecher to the front to advocate the cause of the candidate. As Gen. Tracy, the third term candidate, defended Beecher in the suit for \$100,000 damages for the seduction of Elizabeth Tilden, his appearance on behalf of a rival republican candidate has angered the stalwart republicans who have been counting on him to take the stump for Tracy. The Plymouth church party, heretofore a factor in politics, because it acted solidly, is said to be divided between Ripley Ropes and General Ben. Tracy.

The New York Herald says: There is no question, says a republican secretary, but what Gorham will be elected secretary of the senate. Mahone, who is Gorham's friend, will insist on his election when the time comes. He has heretofore stated he will vote for Gorham, and no other person. In other words, the republicans in order to retain Mahone's vote will have to retain Gorham as their nominee for secretary. Mahone adheres to Gorham because the latter, he says, gave him substantial aid when he needed it in Virginia, and at a time when some one else might have been chosen.

It is also true that Mahone will demand that Riddleberger be retained as nominee for sergeant-at-arms. He said that he would vote for Gorham if no other senator did, and as he is not bound by any caucus, the republicans can easily lose the Virginia readjuster's support whenever they get Gorham's side. The duel recently fought by Riddleberger will not it is thought among democrats, deter republican senators from voting for him.

The reception of T. P. O'Connor, M. P. for Galway, tendered by the Irish National League in Music hall, Boston, attracted an immense audience. O'Connor appeared upon the platform escorted by Mayor Prince and was received with great applause. Wendell Phillips entered a few minutes later and many prominent gentlemen occupied seats upon the platform. After the singing of Irish melodies by a chorus of 200 voices, from the Catholic choirs of the city, Mayor Prince arose amid wild applause and after a few introductory remarks, said the audience would be addressed by several speakers, including Hon. T. P. O'Connor, and if he said something which the powers in England did not like to hear he would not be troubled by soldiers. He closed by introducing O'Connor, when the applause which greeted him had subsided O'Connor made a speech saying that five million dollars has gone to Ireland from America in the last twenty years and every dollar had gone into the pockets of British landlords. He knew of the brutality and cowardice of the English government, but did not think it would commit the outrage of arresting O'Connor, for when he left England Parnell was being strictly with constitutional bounds. He said it was done because the government was in a dilemma, for if justice was done the landlords would be bankrupt, and if injustice was done the people would trample the land and stand on their feet and stand by the land league.

On Sunday night the house of J. M. McCarthy at Cook's Corners, New York, burned and four of McCarthy's children perished.

A large meeting in San Francisco denounced the arrest of Parnell and others. Four hundred dollars were subscribed to the fund.

A correspondent writes the Times there is some likelihood the British government will cooperate in an international expedition in search of the Arctic exploring steamer Jeannette.

The British ship Friedberg while discharging falls at Oakland wharf had her masts slipped and three falls went through the ship's bottom. She sank in water just deep enough to cover her hull.

Chas Siegel, a miner of Plute mountain, California, was found dead in his cabin with three bullet holes in his body. Tom Herbert, a discharged employe, has been arrested, charged with the murder.

The election in Newark, N. J., resulted in giving the Republicans control of all departments. Henry Lang was elected mayor by 34 majority over Fielder, elected two years ago by 3471 majority.

A Tomlinson dispatch says there is much rejoicing at the news of Fremont's resignation, but dissatisfaction at the probable appointment of Gen. Banks. The people want some resident appointed who knows their needs.

Sam P. Dorsey, an old and respected citizen, lively stable keeper and stock man, shot himself in the head at Elko, Nev. Oct. 18th. He was alone in his room. He has not been conscious, and it is feared he will die.

The president and all the cabinet except Windom, Kirkwood and MacVeagh, have gone to Yorktown. From all quarters of the north and south troops, gubernatorial staffs, and eminent citizens are moving to that same place.

Geo. H. Bernhard, now in jail at Washington for having asked for a revolver to assassinate Giteau, has been a legal and military crank in the west for many years. Newspapers finally ran him out of Omaha, Nebraska, and he is now in jail.

The Herald, referring to Fremont's reported resignation, and the rumor that Gen. Banks will succeed him as governor of Arizona, reports an interview with the president, in which he denies all knowledge of the matter and believes it inspired by his enemies.

The nomination of Commissioner Dudley, who was appointed by President Garfield to succeed Bettley, has not yet been paid as required by the contract, and the payment being at the rate of 25 per cent. for every year from the date and amount of policy. For example: James Brown, at the age of 24, takes out a policy for \$1000, pays \$0 down and \$50 monthly for 12 months, in all \$24. If he married during the last half of the year, he will, at the close of that year, be entitled to and receive \$225, which is 25 per cent. of the amount of his policy, less four annual payments deducted.

Had he married during the first half of the year, he would have received 50 per cent. the third year 75 per cent., and so on for any other ages or amounts.

Rep.—Do you not think that so large a profit on so small an investment will have a tendency to cause increased frequency of marriage, and even speculation in large policies?

Sec.—They are each payable at the end of the year in which the respective holders marry, provided all dues have been paid as required by the contract, and the payment being at the rate of 25 per cent. for every year from the date and amount of policy. For example: James Brown, at the age of 24, takes out a policy for \$1000, pays \$0 down and \$50 monthly for 12 months, in all \$24. If he married during the last half of the year, he will, at the close of that year, be entitled to and receive \$225, which is 25 per cent. of the amount of his policy, less four annual payments deducted.

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Rep.—Do you not think that so large a profit on so small an investment will have a tendency to cause increased frequency of marriage, and even speculation in large policies?

Sec.—If at all, only to a limited extent, as we accept risks only on those well known to be of good moral character, and those insuring for a greater amount than \$5000 are not allowed to marry within the first year. Besides, persons of such character would not be likely to jeopardize their future happiness simply to gain a few hundred dollars.

Rep.—Granting the correctness of your reasoning, we now come to the most important question of all, viz., its feasibility. Is the financial basis of your plan of insurance a solid one, and if so, what have you to offer in proof or illustration of the fact?

Sec.—All insurance worthy of the name is based on what may be termed the "doctrine of average," a system founded on statistical data, carefully collated and analyzed, and thus very nearly approaching mathematical exactness. In that connection this company has industriously gathered and carefully considered a large amount of statistical and kindred information on the subject of marriage, and the result of marriage insurance upon which was based its present plan of doing business. The whole thing is simple enough, although it requires considerable labor in preparation. First ascertain the number of marriages in a certain territory in 12 months; then it is easy to adopt a scale of monthly dues to be paid by each which will aggregate a sum sufficient to pay to those who may have married the amounts agreed upon in their respective policies.

Rep.—As each county clerk keeps a record of marriages, a correct estimate of the number that would annually occur among the uninsured might be easily made, but I apprehend that the percentage would be very materially increased under the stimulus of insurance.

Sec.—Very true. The annual rate among the uninsured is about 30 per thousand, but in order to ascertain the percentage of marriage among those insured, the experience of the other marriage insurance companies, as set forth in their reports, furnishes the only reliable data upon which to base our estimates. The last report which has come to hand, that of the original Harrisburg Company shows that of a total membership of 1800, there were 65 marriages in eight months, which is a little less than 50 per 1000 annually. Now for a few figures. Take 1000 policies of \$1000 each, multiply this amount by \$1.00, the average monthly dues, and then by 12, the number of months in a year, and we obtain \$18,000; divide this last sum by

## MARRIAGE INSURANCE.

A New Plan for the Consideration of Those Matrimonially Inclined.

The growing popularity of marriage insurance as a desirable investment, and the large and increasing volume of business transacted in that respect, may be regarded as among the marvels of modern financial enterprise. As the business is comparatively new, at least in this State, and as we are frequently asked to explain the principles upon which it is conducted, the *Pacific Ocean*, ever ready to lay before its readers the merits of any enterprise calculated to promote human happiness, sent a representative to the office of the Northwestern Marriage Insurance Company, at Leadville, Col., to interview the Secretary, Mr. Gross, with the intention of obtaining correct information on the subject. After the interchange of the usual courtesies, our reporter, addressing the Secretary, whom he found busily engaged in writing up policies in response to the numerous applications before him, commenced his inquiries.

Reporter.—Inasmuch as the subject of marriage insurance is one of considerable public interest, I have called to obtain from you for publication a brief outline of the manner in which such insurance is effected.

Secretary.—I am glad of an opportunity of giving you many readers the information you desire, especially as some adverse criticisms of our undertaking were published in a recent communication published in one of the Portland papers. I will therefore briefly state that policies of from \$1000 to \$10,000 are issued to unmarried persons of good moral character, upon the payment of an annual premium of \$0 for males under 18 and females under 16, and \$6 per year on each \$1000 for all above these ages, for the first four years, and \$1 per \$1000 annually thereafter during unmarried life. In addition to these annual premiums, and commencing next February, monthly rates, graded according to age and ranging from 25 cents to \$2, will also be levied upon each \$1000 of insurance, the average monthly dues being about \$1.50 per \$1000.

Rep.—How and when are policies payable?

Sec.—They are each payable at the end of the year in which the respective holders marry, provided all dues have been paid as required by the contract, and the payment being at the rate of 25 per cent. for every year from the date and amount of policy. For example: James Brown, at the age of 24, takes out a policy for \$1000, pays \$0 down and \$50 monthly for 12 months, in all \$24. If he married during the last half of the year, he will, at the close of that year, be entitled to and receive \$225, which is 25 per cent. of the amount of his policy, less four annual payments deducted.

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\$225, the amount to which any one marrying during the first year would be entitled, and the quotient, which is a small fraction less than 80, will represent the number of marriages in each 1000 which we would be able to pay annually. This, you will observe, is 80 in excess of the actual number which may reasonably be expected to marry. But if at any future time it shall become apparent that the monthly dues will be insufficient to pay all requirements in that respect, thus rendering a financial collapse impossible, and thereby placing the business on a basis as enduring and solid as that of Mount Hood.

Rep.—You make an excellent showing for your company. The success of your enterprise will help many young people to make a good start in life, encourage habits of industry and economy among them, causing them to avoid extravagance and dissipation, and thus pave the way to a prosperous and happy future. But I did not come here to moralize, so thanking you for your courtesy and wishing you and your company success, I will withdraw.

A Few Words for Boys.

Don't trouble yourselves about the details of your business. Leave small things to small minds. You were born to be at the top, and of course a way will be provided for getting you there.

If you would make your mark in the world, never learn to write.

Do you wish to be men? Learn to chew, smoke and drink. It will be hard to distinguish you from the real article.

Always bear in mind that you are made of superior clay, and it will not be long ere everybody will be forced to admit it.

It is well for you to know that the girls are all dying for you. You cannot pity them, but then it is not your fault. This should teach you resignation.

Strive to get all the leisure time you can. It will make older and busier persons envy you.

Speak your mind freely. It shows that you have such an article. Characterize has nonsense anything that you cannot understand. You will find a great deal of nonsense in the world.

Never fear to do wrong. Don't be a coward. Always do the right thing—when the right thing will pay.

When you have anything to do, don't hurry about doing it. Take your own time or your employer's, which is the same thing. If you are a manager, you will have the satisfaction of knowing that he will be the loser by not having your valuable services.

Make acquaintance only among those beneath you, if you can find such. It is a pleasure to be looked up to as an oracle or pattern.

Shun those who are able to teach you anything in life or business. It is not agreeable to be overshadowed by anybody. Beside, who wants to be in school all his life?

Be above politeness. That will do well enough for women and children; but a man, you know, should despise all such foolishness.

People who talk about sticking to principle are humbugs or ninnyes. Never mind principle where money is to be made.

Never stop to consider. Make up your mind at once. It shows promptness of decision.

Having once made up your mind stick to your decision. People may call you an obstinate mule, but words harm nobody. If you are pig-headed, others may suffer, but you never.

Stand up for your rights, especially among women and timid folk. You may yield in a pleasant way, but the other party is stronger than you are.

Watch carefully over your passions. A man without passions would be a dull creature.

Don't be too squeamish about telling the truth. Only noodles never lie.

Endure others' trials patiently, yet with a compensating pride in his sense of finer intellect. After some time he said to the publisher: "I can't do it." He was already in debt to his friend a hundred dollars or more.

"I can't do it," said Poe. "I can't do it, Poe; I have made up my mind not to lend any more."

"Well," said Poe, "will you give me ten dollars for a poem?"

"Yes, I will be glad to do that."

Poe sat down, and almost without hesitation wrote a sonnet, exquisite in its feeling. He handed it over to the publisher, who paid the money.

A paper by Dr. D. W. Frenchie calls attention to the two cases in which the introduction of pilocarpin—the active principle of the powerful Brazilian drug, jaborandi—into the human system has caused a very marked change in the color of the hair. In the first case the pilocarpin was administered at intervals during a period of ten weeks with the object of "sweating" the patient. In a few days after the application the patient's hair, originally very light, was observed to be growing darker, and in six months and the other was an infant.

In the second case the hair had become perceptibly darker in a week after treatment with pilocarpin was commenced. The patient in the first case was a young lady of twenty-five, and the other was an infant.

The introduction of jaborandi into medicine is of so recent a date that little opportunity has been afforded for studying its various action on the system; but there appears reason to believe that the color of the hair is due to an oily pigment which is increased under the influence of the drug.

## SHORT BITS.

The claim has a larger mouth in proportion to its size than a human being, yet a clam never talks about its neighbors.

Barnum says the elephant is the cutest animal in the menagerie. This will surprise many, who thought the politician was.

If a boy gets on the wrong track it shows that his father's switch has not had a fair chance.—[New Orleans Picayune.]

A fashion journal, speaking of ladies' costumes for mountain climbing, naively says: "A white belt holds the waist when it is not otherwise supported."

Earnestness is the path to immortality thoughtlessness the path to death. Those who are in earnest do not die; those who are thoughtless are as if dead already.

Many a small man is not doing talking about the sacrifices he makes, but he is a great man indeed who can sacrifice everything and say nothing.—Dr. J. M. Gibson.

It is a degrading thing to enjoy hunks till there is no man to give them. It is a base thing to resolve to give God as little as possible, and not to serve him till you must.—F. W. Robinson.

The report from Europe that Dr. Tannor, the faster, had fallen down a pair of stairs in that country and broke his neck is contradicted. It appears that all the best news that comes over that cable is as false as the element of truth.—[Norristown Herald.]

The young milkman and his girl stood before the Justice of the Peace. "You take this milk—ahem!—this man for butter or for worse?" the mighty man of the law inquired. The girl said it never came to her before, and she supposed she would if that was the only way.

A mongrel sire of any kind of stock should never be used. If a farmer is not able to purchase a thoroughbred alone, he should get others to unite with him and make a joint purchase, dividing purchase price almost equally. What is done no neighborhood need be without such a sire.

Garner up pleasant thoughts in your mind, for pleasant thoughts make pleasant lives. Strive to see all you can of the good and the beautiful, so that bright, cheerful pictures may be impressed upon memory's tablets, and give you materials of which to think sunny and lovely thoughts.

A new tint of doe color, a sort of pale ecru with a tinge of milk-white color, is to be a fashionable shade of goods decorated for street wear, and it is to be combined with dark brown plush or velvet. All the pale, creamy browns and terra cotta shades are also to be very fashionable.

A little girl once took a letter from her mother to an old lady friend. "Many thanks, my child," she said; "you may tell your mother you are a good child and are a faithful little messenger. Thank you, ma'am; and I shall tell her, too, that I didn't ask you for ten cents because mamma told me not to?"

Mr. W. H. Vanderbilt has, it is reported, offered \$150,000 for 200 acres at Greenwich, Ct. This piece of land commands a magnificent view of the Sound, and is known as "Field Point." The New Haven Journal says: "A peculiarity of the town is that the land is held at high figures. A few families own a great many acres, and there is a sort of family pride in keeping them and handing them down to their descendants. Most of the property is taxed at farm rates."

Anecdote of Poe.

Mr. George H. Baker tells this story about Edgar A. Poe: One day I was sitting at a bookseller's who also published a serial, when Poe came in. If shabby, he was generally genteel, and had the inherent look of a man of the world out of place, and attracted my eye with a compensating pride in his sense of finer intellect. After some time he said to the publisher: "I can't do it." He was already in debt to his friend a hundred dollars or more.

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**La Conner, W. T.**

JAMES POWER, PROPRIETOR.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1881.

The President appears to have no little trouble in selecting men for his new Cabinet. The trouble is that most of those who cheerfully offer their services are not the men the President wants, while those who would be acceptable, like Morgan of New York, do not care about it. Good old gentlemen of wealth and leisure are always more acceptable than those of younger years and of a political turn of mind, because the latter are too much disposed to run their Departments to suit themselves without consulting the President. The nomination and confirmation of the venerable Ex-Governor Morgan was doubtless intended as a compliment, for a man of his age and feeble condition of health was hardly the one to take charge of the most extensive and responsible Department of the Government—that of Secretary of the Treasury. So he has very properly declined the honor, his wife and physician protesting against it. Secretary Windom is out, however, and Assistant Secretary French is acting ad interim. MacVeagh has also retired from the Cabinet, and does not appear to be any too well pleased with the man who it is said will succeed him—Howe of Wisconsin. Blaine is still in the Cabinet, and it is probable there will be no other changes during the present extra session of the Senate, which it is thought will adjourn at the close of this week. And so we sum up affairs at the National Capital.

**Villard's Speech at Portland.**

We have a genuine admiration for Mr. Villard's candid utterances. He has been repeatedly charged with being partial to Portland and making all his enterprises in this Northwestern country tend to the glory and advancement of that city; but now we find him talking like a "dutch uncle" to the Portland Board of Trade, and virtually telling them that on Puget Sound will arise the great emporium or terminus we have been looking for, and if they desired to control foreign grain shipments they had better remove to Puget Sound. We quote from his speech as follows:

I find amongst you a certain petty spirit in looking at the effect which the construction of this or that line may have upon particular branches of business here—upon the methods of doing business upon this Pacific Coast. I find a narrow minded apprehension among some of you that it would be better, at least in certain directions, to continue the present isolation of Portland. Now I take the high and broad ground that any transportation line, whether directly connecting Portland with any other portion of the country, or doing it merely indirectly, which will result in the development of the material resources of this State and the adjoining Territory, cannot be anything but a great boon to you all. Some of you have told me that it would be better for Portland not to have a direct railroad connection with Puget Sound. Others have told me that it would hurt Portland to have a direct railroad communication with San Francisco. Now, I say this is a very narrow view to take. You have here the accumulated experience, knowledge of the country, and the capital gained during the thirty years of your existence as a town. You have an enormous advantage over every other locality on Puget Sound or anywhere else; and it seems to me that it would be the easiest thing in the world to maintain your commercial supremacy hereafter as you have maintained it heretofore, notwithstanding the construction of any line that may open access to other towns within this State or the adjoining Territory. I have been making some addresses at different Puget Sound towns. Perhaps you have read some of them. I took the ground in them that it was our duty as transportation companies in the first place to seek all the paying business we could find; and, in the second place, to put each locality as far as practicable on the same footing as regards transportation rates and facilities. As far as my observation has gone I cannot see any reason why any Portland merchant should object to wheat being shipped from any port on Puget Sound instead of being shipped down the Columbia. If it is true, as it is claimed, that wheat can be shipped cheaper from Puget Sound than down the Columbia, it is no such matter as money in the pocket of the merchant

who ships it. Now, as I told the people of Puget Sound towns, they are not prepared to engage in the wheat shipping business. They have no warehouses; neither have they storage facilities of any description; nor have they capital to move the wheat. You have all these advantages, and you can create them in the Puget Sound towns. I do not see why large shipping houses here should not engage in the wheat shipping business by way of Puget Sound. That would be the proper way of averting what I consider an imaginary danger to Portland, but what some of you consider a real one.

Take possession of Puget Sound towns, or such of them as are best adapted to shipping grain or other products of the country. Do your shipping at Puget Sound when it is difficult to get tonnage down the river, as at present. There has been no discrimination heretofore in favor of Portland against Puget Sound, and I can assure you none need be expected in the future. We must carry the products of the country out of the country. It is our interest as transportation companies to do so, and it is the greatest benefit that we can possibly confer upon this whole region, that we should facilitate in every possible way the shipment of its products. If wheat cannot be taken down the Columbia, let it go to Puget Sound, thus keeping money in circulation, and let those who are entitled to the proceeds of their labor receive them as quickly as possible. That is the ground I take. I am satisfied that it is within your power as shipping merchants to take possession of the grain trade at Puget Sound. And I feel sure that after we complete our railroad connection with the Sound, as we propose to do during the next year by putting in the link between Portland and Kalama, and you see that grain can be carried from the Willamette Valley and from the whole region east of the mountains to Puget Sound without breaking bulk, you will avail yourselves of these facilities thus afforded. I do not see the difference between loading ships at Portland and at Puget Sound as far as the particular advantages to the shipping houses are concerned. They can have warehouses there, they can collect their wharfage dues as well there as here. Our great object must be, as I stated, to open as many channels of transportation as we can create, and to let commerce flow through them as freely as possible.

You may be interested to know what our programme of operations is for the immediate future. I mean with reference to the construction of railroad lines, and creating terminal facilities here amongst you, and in relation to the other enterprises of which I spoke in my interview with your committee the other day. As already mentioned, we shall put in the connecting link between here and Puget Sound by having the line from Portland to Kalama constructed, if possible, within the next twelve months. Surveys, as far as made, show that the line on south bank of the river is far preferable to that on the north bank, and the former line will therefore be adopted. It is not settled whether it will enter the city directly or be carried across the river to East Portland, and then to a connection with the system of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company, the necessary surveys not having yet been fully completed. But you may take it for granted that you will have within twelve months from today an unbroken railroad line from Portland to Tacoma and to Seattle. The Columbia river will not be bridged at present at Kalama, but transfer boats will be used there; and if we do not bridge the Willamette river here immediately, the whole business can be transacted without breaking bulk by means of transfer boats carrying entire passenger and freight trains.

The proposed Oregon Railway & Navigation Company's system of roads in Eastern Oregon and Washington Territory we expect also to complete next year. Your newspapers have kept you well posted as to the extent and character of that system. Suffice it to say, therefore, that it will reach altogether a mileage of over 700 miles, of which over 250 miles are today in operation, and of which 150 miles more will be in operation within three or four months—the last including the line from The Dalles to your city, and the remainder will be taken in hand and carried through to completion next year. All the necessary purchases of rails, locomotives and rolling stock generally have been made. I will state in this connection that we expect to load next year in New York and Philadelphia between fifty and sixty ships with railroad material for the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company and the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. These ships may come here but they may also go to Tacoma. The Northern Pacific Railroad Company shipped a cargo on the ship Dakota to Tacoma at the rate of \$2.50 less per ton than the rate the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company had to pay in sending railroad material to Portland. When it comes to shipping 50,000, 60,000, 70,000 or 80,000 tons, of course such a difference is a very essential item. And

you would consider us very poor business managers if we did not avail ourselves of the difference by sending our ships to Tacoma in preference to sending them here.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**G. A. WEED, M.D.,**  
**PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,**  
SEATTLE, W. T.  
Office in White's Block, Front Street.

**NEW GOODS**  
**AT THE FIDALGO STORE.**

I am in constant receipt direct  
**FROM SAN FRANCISCO**  
**NEW GOODS**  
Consisting in part of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods of all kinds; Men's and Boys' Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods; Men's Boys' Pure Rubber Boots, Rubber Coats and Oil Suits, Also Boots, Shoes and Slippers of all kinds and sizes; Notions of all kinds; Hardware and Cutlery; Iron and Nails; Glassware and Crockery; Drugs and Patent Medicines.

On all bills of \$5 and upwards in the above line of Goods I will take  
**10 Per Cent. Off for Cash.**

**GROCERIES & PROVISIONS**  
I get from first hands in Portland and SAN FRANCISCO for Cash, and will sell as Cheap as the Cheapest.

To all parties from a distance I will give special terms that will pay them for coming. I carry a full line of all goods usually kept in a first-class Country Store.

**WM. MUNKS.**

**THE LUMMI STORE,**  
At the mouth of the Nooksack River.

**B. McDONOUGH, Proprietor.**

Has a large and choice assortment  
**GENERAL MERCHANDISE**  
Constantly on hand, which will be sold to customers at the lowest prices.

Lots of fifty dollars and upward delivered at the Ferndale Crossing free of charge.

**SAMUEL KENNEY**  
**MERCHANT TAILOR,**  
SEATTLE, W. T.

Suits made to order from the most serviceable and stylish goods. Samples of goods, with directions for self-measurement, sent to any address on application.

Has also on hand an extensive assortment of ready made clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

All at Moderate Prices.

**BELLINGHAM BAY COAL CO.**  
DEALERS IN

**GENERAL MERCHANDISE,**  
Scheme, W. T.  
ARE STILL OFFERING  
**EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS**  
TO PURCHASERS.  
In disposing of remnants of their  
**Extensive Stock of Goods.**  
CALL EARLY & SECURE BARGAINS

**HOSTETTER'S**  
CELEBRATED  
  
**BITTERS**  
Diminished Vigor  
Is reimbursed in great measure, to those troubled with weak kidneys, by a judicious use of Hostetter's Bitters, which invigorates and stimulates without exciting the urinary organs. In conjunction with its influence upon them, it corrects acidity, improves appetite, and is in every way conducive to health and nerve repose. Another marked quality is its control over fever and ague; and its power of preventing it.

**LEGAL NOTICES.**

**Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.**

U. S. District Land Office at OLYMPIA, W. T.  
Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Land in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Charles W. Towne, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the N. 1/4 of section No. 22, in Township No. 34 North, Range No. 4 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof, given under my hand at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 27th day of September, A. D. 1881.

J. T. BROWN, Register.

**Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.**

U. S. District Land Office, OLYMPIA, W. T.  
Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Land in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Charles W. Towne, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the N. 1/4 of section No. 22, in Township No. 34 North, Range No. 4 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof, given under my hand at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 16th day of September, A. D. 1881.

J. T. BROWN, Register.

**Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.**

U. S. District Land Office, OLYMPIA, W. T.  
Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Land in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Charles W. Towne, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the N. 1/4 of section No. 22, in Township No. 34 North, Range No. 4 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof, given under my hand at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 8th day of August, A. D. 1881.

J. T. BROWN, Register.

**Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.**

U. S. District Land Office, OLYMPIA, W. T.  
Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Land in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Charles W. Towne, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the N. 1/4 of section No. 22, in Township No. 34 North, Range No. 4 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof, given under my hand at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 23rd day of August, A. D. 1881.

J. T. BROWN, Register.

**Notice of Final Proof.**

U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T.  
October 5, 1881.  
Notice is hereby given that THE OREGON & N. PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court at his office in Seaside, W. T., on Thursday the 17th day of November, A. D. 1881, on Pre-emption B. S. No. 1069, for the S. 1/4 of S. 1/4 of section 13, E. 1/4 of S. 1/4 of section 14, and Lot 1 of section 25, Township 32 North, Range 5 East.

He names as witnesses: Henry Block, John Young, Allen McGibbin and Frank Ross, all of Mount Vernon, Whatcom county, W. T.

J. T. BROWN, Register.

**DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.**

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between John Papin, Wm. Lenard and Mitchel Lenard, under the firm name of Papin and Lenard Brothers, Loggers, by mutual consent is this day dissolved, John Papin having sold his entire interest to the remaining partners.

JOHN PAPIN,  
WM. LENARD,  
MITCHEL LENARD.  
SKAGIT, W. T., Sept. 30th, 1881.

The business will be continued by Wm. Lenard and Mitchel Lenard on their own account under the firm name of Lenard Brothers.

JOHN LENARD,  
MITCHEL LENARD.

**ALDEN ACADEMY.**

THIS INSTITUTION is now entering upon its Third Year. The Fall Term opens October 31st 1881. Board \$2.00 per week; and Tuition from \$5 to \$8 per term. Instrumental Music—use of instruments in class—Organ \$3 and Piano \$10 per term of 24 lessons. Pupils able and willing may earn from 10 to 15 cents per hour and so reduce expenses.

**NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.**

**STILL FURTHER REDUCTION!**

AT THE STORE OF

**L. L. ANDREWS.**

**GROCERIES—PRICE LIST**

54 lbs. C. R. Coffee	1 00	1 sack Corn Meal, 50 lbs.	1 50
1 lb Best Japan Tea	50	1 " " 25 lbs.	75
1 keg Golden Syrup	4 25	1 " " 10 lbs.	40
1 lb Good Tobacco	60	1 sack Out Meal, 10 lbs.	60
1 box Thomas C. W. Soap	1 75	1 sack Buckwheat flour, 10lb.	60
1 box soap, 20 bars	75	40 lbs. Beans	1 00
2 lbs Silver Gloss Starch	25	Hams, 12 lb 13c; Sides, 12c; and	
15 yds Best Calico	1 00	Shoulders, 10c.	
12 yds Cabot Sheetting	1 00	1 Long-handled Spade	1 00
Can of Best Coal Oil	2 00	1 " " Shovel	1 00

ALL OTHER GOODS AT PROPORTIONATELY LOW PRICES.

GOODS will be sold at the above prices ONLY for Cash or Good Merchantable Produce. Will pay highest market price for Hides, Furs and Grain in exchange for Goods.

CALL at L. L. Andrews for Vincent's Custom-made Boots and Shoes best in the world.

ALSO at L. L. Andrews for Alsike Clover Seed.

L. L. ANDREWS, La Conner, W. T.

**CASH IS KING!**

COIN TALKS,  
AND SO DOES

**COUNTRY PRODUCE**

AT

**J. & G. GACHES,**  
LA CONNER, W. T.

Realizing the Immense Advantages accruing alike to both Buyer & Seller through the medium of

**A STRICT CASH BUSINESS!**

We hereby give notice that from and after this date  
**We Will Extend No More Credit.**

BUT OFFER  
**CHEAP FOR CASH**

**OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF GOODS,**  
Now on Hand and in Constant Receipt by Steamer,

CONSISTING OF  
**Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hardware,**

**Crockery, Tobacco, Glassware, Groceries,**  
Provisions, Sashes, Doors, Paints,  
Oils Tinware and

**AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.**

**COME ON WITH YOUR CASH AND SECURE BARGAINS**

**BETTER THAN CAN BE SECURED ELSEWHERE.**

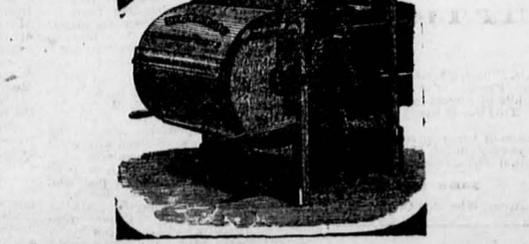
**WHY?**  
BECAUSE WE BUY FOR CASH.

BECAUSE ALL OUR GOODS ARE SELECTED by our own Buyers.  
BECAUSE Our Stock is the Best-Assorted and Cheapest on the Sound.  
BECAUSE Buying for Cash and Securing Great Bargains,  
We can afford to divide the Profit with Our Customers.

AND Don't Rate Our Goods at High Prices  
To Make You Pay for Bad Debts.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR GREEN AND DRY HIDES.

**F. W. WUSTHOFF,**  
MANUFACTURER OF THE



**IMPROVED DOUBLE-SHAKE FANNING MILL.**

A Good Fanning Mill is the most important implement on a Farm, and the DICTATOR FANNING MILL is guaranteed to answer all purposes.

SOLE AGENTS on Puget Sound for the Buckeye Farm Machinery and Schuyler Wagons which have no equal. I carry the Largest Stock of FLOWS and HARROWS; also the Improved Talc Sulkey Plow, where the Horses walk on the main land.

I have Most Complete Stock of General HARDWARE, Mechanics' Tools, Ship Chandlery, Shoe Findings, Rifles, Guns, Pistols, Fishing Tackle and Ammunition, ever brought to the Territory.

Special Attention given to country correspondence and orders promptly attended to.

**F. W. WUSTHOFF,**  
Front St. SEATTLE, W. T., Box 14.

LOCAL NEWS AND COMMENTS.

THE MAIL AND CHRONICLE.

THE MAIL has entered into arrangements with the San Francisco Chronicle...

THE MEMORIAL, praying that Federal appointments in the Territories shall hereafter be made from citizens resident thereof...

A TELEGRAM from Mr. Kincaid informs us that the bill annexing Iceland to this (Whatcom) County for judicial purposes...

OUR LEGISLATURE appears to keep diligently at work. A large number of bills have been introduced...

OF THE LEGISLATIVE VISIT TO SEATTLE the Post-Intelligencer of the 22d inst. remarks: The law-makers of this Territory...

MR. G. M. HALLER has removed his law office from Port Townsend to Seattle. This step is in accord with the well-established principle of legal and business talent gravitating to the center of commerce...

ANOTHER STEAMSHIP, the Umattila, has been added to the Oregon Improvement Co.'s line from Seattle to San Francisco...

THE attention of our readers is respectfully invited to the card of Messrs. Kellogg and Anderson, who have established a branch drug-store at La Conner in connection with their store at Seattle...

WE have also as skillful and experienced a physician as any on the Sound, Dr. G. V. Calhoun.

THE Board of County Commissioners will enter upon their regular quarterly term next Monday week, Nov. 7th, that being the first Monday of the month...

Six or seven steamers visited La Conner on last Monday; the Libby, Welcome, Fanny Lake, Ynkima, Susie, Saranac and Addie.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. W. E. M. James, who has been sojourning hereabout during the past few weeks in the service of the Baptist Church...

BORN.—Oct. 27, 1881, to the wife of Mr. Thomas Lindsey, of La Conner, W. T., a son.

WE are in receipt of another letter this week from a prominent citizen of the Nooksack, approving of our protest against any attempt to remove or abolish the district court...

MR. GILLILAND, in response to a long-felt want, has provided himself with official plats of every township in Whatcom County...

MR. A. MORRISON has bought the half interest of J. Regenveter in the Carlson saloon of this town, and the business will hereafter be conducted by Messrs. Carlson and Morrison.

SEE Bowman & Co.'s new ad., in which he announces the receipt of new goods, to be sold at low prices.

SCHOOL SEPT. PORTS gives notice that the semi-annual examination of teachers for Whatcom County will be held at Whatcom, beginning on Wednesday, Nov. 2d next.

J. & G. GACHES have for sale all sizes of Singers sewing machine needles.

The Governor Asserting his Prerogative.

We cannot see how there can be but one opinion on the matter dwelt upon in the following communication from the Governor to the Legislative Assembly of this Territory...

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, October 29, 1881.

TO THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY: I had the honor, in a message dated October 15th, to apply to the Legislative Assembly for copies of such joint resolutions...

MR. G. M. HALLER has removed his law office from Port Townsend to Seattle. This step is in accord with the well-established principle of legal and business talent gravitating to the center of commerce...

ANOTHER STEAMSHIP, the Umattila, has been added to the Oregon Improvement Co.'s line from Seattle to San Francisco, making three altogether, viz., the Willamette, Mississippi and Umattila.

THE attention of our readers is respectfully invited to the card of Messrs. Kellogg and Anderson, who have established a branch drug-store at La Conner in connection with their store at Seattle...

WE have also as skillful and experienced a physician as any on the Sound, Dr. G. V. Calhoun.

THE Board of County Commissioners will enter upon their regular quarterly term next Monday week, Nov. 7th, that being the first Monday of the month...

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF CONTEST.

IN THE UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, For the Olympia Land District, Washington Territory.

The People of the United States to JOHN COBEY, of Whatcom County, greeting: You are hereby summoned to appear before us, at our office in Olympia, on Wednesday the 23d day of November, A. D. 1881...

Given under our hands, October 5, 1881. T. BROWN, Register. ROBERT G. STUART, Receiver.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, Washington Territory.

It appearing to our satisfaction, from evidence in the possession of the Register, that the foregoing summons and notice cannot be made, such service is hereby ordered to be made by publication of this notice in the Puget Sound Mail newspaper once a week for three successive weeks prior to said 23d day of November, 1881.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land. U. S. District Land Office, Olympia, W. T. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of Act No. 475 of Congress...

Notice of Final Proof. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., October 12, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that JOHN GARDNER has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Wednesday the 23d day of November, A. D. 1881...

Notice of Final Proof. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., October 12, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that CHARLES F. BIRCH has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Wednesday the 23d day of November, A. D. 1881...

Notice of Final Proof. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., October 12, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that JOSEPH S. WILSON, Administrator of the Estate of EDWIN J. BOZARTH, deceased, has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Monday the 23d day of November, A. D. 1881...

Notice of Final Proof. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., October 12, 1881.

Notice is hereby given that WILLIAM H. MILLER has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Monday the 23d day of November, A. D. 1881...

Notice of Final Proof. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., October 12, 1881.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT THE ANACORTES STORE

Ship Harbor, Fidalgo Island, W. T. NEW GOODS From San Francisco.

To Meet Every Want, AT PRICES WHICH WILL SELL THEM IMMEDIATELY.

A. BOWMAN & CO. NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS OF WHATCOM COUNTY.

The duplicate Assessment Roll of Whatcom County, W. T., for the year 1881, is now in my hands, and I have the honor to advise you that the same are now due and payable...

DISOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP. NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between A. Carlson and Joseph Regenveter, during a retail liquor business at La Conner, W. T., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

NOTICE OF LOSS FOUND ADRIFT. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned picked up two round beams of spruce logs, marked X, which are now at Utsalady. The owners can recover the same by coming forward and paying all charges.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. CHAS. NAHER, DEALER IN Watches, Clocks, and JEWELRY.

Watches, Clocks, and JEWELRY. And Musical Instruments, WATCHES AND JEWELRY Carefully Repaired and Warranted

SEATTLE, W. T. Store on Occidental Square. MARYLAND HOUSE, LA CONNER, W. T.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. W. TINKHAM, Attorney-at-Law, LA CONNER, W. T.

Connected with the McNaught Law firm of Seattle.

ELWOOD EVANS, Attorney-at-Law, PROSECUTING ATTORNEY TO JUD. DIST. NEW TACOMA, W. T.

Will practice in all the Courts and Land Offices of the Territory.

JOHN E. DAVIS, Blacksmith and Machinist, LA CONNER, W. T.

Will Repair on Shortest Notice FARMING MACHINES & IMPLEMENTS Of all Kinds.

Keeps constantly on hand the Celebrated J. R. CASE & CO.'S Center-Draft Adjustable PLOWS.

With which can be worked three horses on the land.

Duplicate pieces of all standard PLOWS & MACHINES always on hand, and sold at Portland prices.

OREGON RAILWAY & NAVIGATION CO., PUGET SOUND DIVISION.

The First-Class Steamer "WELCOME," WILL LEAVE SEATTLE Monday, Wednesday, and Friday morning FOR LA CONNER.

Calling at Mukilteo, Tulalip, Oak Harbor, Coupeville and Utsalady.

RETURNING, WILL LEAVE LA CONNER Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday REGULAR TIME

And First-Class Accommodations for both Passengers and Freight.

For rates apply to the Captain or Purser on board.

C. E. CLANCEY, Agent, New Tacoma. JOHN MUIR, Gen. Freight & Passenger Agent, Portland.

THE ARLINGTON, SEATTLE, W. T.

This new and elegant Hotel is now open for business and is first class in every respect.

Free Baths; Free Coach and from the Hotel. TERMS, \$1.50 to \$2.50 per day.

J. W. SMITH, C. P. FARRER, Proprietors.

CHAS. NAHER, DEALER IN Watches, Clocks, and JEWELRY.

And Musical Instruments, WATCHES AND JEWELRY Carefully Repaired and Warranted

SEATTLE, W. T. Store on Occidental Square.

MARYLAND HOUSE, LA CONNER, W. T.

No pains will be spared in keeping up the well established reputation of the house as one of the quietest and best kept hotels in the Territory.

NO LIQUORS SOLD. Everything neat and clean about the premises. Special efforts will be made to keep the table supplied with the best the market can afford...

JOHN MCGILLEN. NOTICE OF LOSS FOUND ADRIFT. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned picked up two round beams of spruce logs, marked X, which are now at Utsalady.

Owners can recover the same by coming forward and paying all charges. E. BLANCHARD, Utsalady, W. T., Oct. 8, 1881.

LA CONNER BRANCH DRUG STORE.

In Connection with Our Store at SEATTLE, We have established a BRANCH DRUG STORE at LA CONNER, and shall keep a Full Stock of PURE DRUGS and MEDICINES.

We shall be prepared to fill all orders from our Store at La Conner, and save the expense of sending to Seattle. Prices will be same as at our Seattle Store. The Prescription Department will be in charge of a Graduate in Pharmacy.

A Full assortment of SCHOOL BOOKS and STATIONERY constantly on hand. KELLOGG & ANDERSON.

D. A. JENNINGS, S. BAXTER & CO., IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES, LIQUORS, TOBACCO & CIGARS.

Sole Agents for the Fair Oaks Old Bourbon WHISKEY. All of which we offer to the trade At San Francisco Prices.

Dealers in and Exporters of WOOL HIDES AND FURS. For which we pay the highest Cash Prices.

Please send for Price Lists. S. BAXTER & CO., Seattle, W. T.

WADDELL & MILES, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in RANGES, COOKING & HEATING STOVES.

Tin, japanned & Marbled Ware PUMPS. Iron Pipe, Brass Goods, &c.

Agents for the celebrated SUPERIOR STOVES, the best that is sold on the Pacific Coast.

CALL and examine the celebrated Wood-Burning BRIGHTON RANGES.

CROCKERY, GLASS and STONE WARE CHURNS of all descriptions.

Orders solicited; Satisfaction guaranteed. WADDELL & MILES, Seattle, W. T.

TERRITORIAL UNIVERSITY. College Course, Scientific Course, Normal Course, and Commercial Course.

Eleven Professors and Special Teachers. Boarding House on the grounds in charge of Mr. D. B. Ward.

The University year consists of three terms beginning on the first Wednesdays of SEPTEMBER, DECEMBER and MARCH.

For Catalogue address A. J. ANDERSON A. M., President, SEATTLE, W. T.

TO SETTLERS! UNDER the present laws all Land Office business (excepting application to purchase Timber) can be done here; such as Filing pre-emption and making final proof; Filing Homesteads; to handle a portion of the GRAIN CROP OF PUGET SOUND...

By arrangement both here and in Washington parties can have the benefit of experience without the expense of a journey to Olympia or Washington.

Parties in any difficulty about lands can find a way to get them straightened out. Double minimum excess payments collected: Pension papers, etc. etc. Eighteen years experience in the business.

J. A. GILLILAND. TREN & RAYMOND, DEALERS IN BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS.

Take your own measure and have your BOOTS and SHOES made to order.

Observe the following directions for measuring the foot: Place the foot on paper, and while in sitting position trace the outline with pencil; and measure with tape, giving inches and fractions in places designated in the above diagram, and send your orders to—

TREN & RAYMOND, Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.

Observe the following directions for measuring the foot: Place the foot on paper, and while in sitting position trace the outline with pencil; and measure with tape, giving inches and fractions in places designated in the above diagram, and send your orders to—

TREN & RAYMOND, Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.

**MIGHTY FALL**  
By MARY BOWLEN.  
The hush of twilight, far and wide,  
Falls on the green and blighting woods;  
All tremulous things are hushed,  
By way-worn waters lightly lashed,  
Where the clear brooklet's mimic tide  
Swoops onward to the shadows.  
All lay the sun-flecked ripples down  
Through pastures, streams with hay and  
clover.  
Through lovely glens, where elders lean  
To kiss the dappled waves across,  
And sweet wild rose bushes below  
The brambles drooping o'er,  
By this low bridge and moss-grown fence,  
In faint moonlight music carries  
White-flooded beech-leaves wide spread,  
And circling swallows overhead  
Move lightly, all such wayside hence  
Some fair reflection carries.  
Up the broad shoulders of the hills  
Soft twilight shadows climb and darken;  
But on their faces, westward set,  
A smile of sunset from the East  
And there throats sing, and thrills  
The world below to harken!  
Far off the cuckoo's plaintive call,  
Scarcely audible, the silver lingers;  
In shadowland the blossoms sleep,  
Where white-robed mist arises to keep  
Their nightly watch, caressing all  
With silent, dewy fingers.  
The stars peep forth, the afterglow  
Fades slowly out behind the lashes;  
The birds are hushed—save one that seems  
To chirp a little in his dream.  
When oftentimes breezes faintly blow  
Adown the woodland avenues,  
The ripples vanish, seaward drawn;  
The drowsy in sleep their perfume render;  
So lightly round each darkening slope,  
The light is seen in patient hope,  
That the rich harvest of the year  
May rise in golden splendor.  
Sunday Magazine.

**Duff and the Bee.**  
The Duff family, pater, mater and little ones, picked on the beach beyond Fort Point yesterday. "I don't like nature," remarked Patrick Duff, who is a proud and frequent visitor of the seventh ward, as he unbuttoned the dry-horse from the family carriage, which bore the family arms, "Duff's Xpress." "The cars are packed with the general expression requires that man should reach his mind amidst the grand repose of tireless nature's restful bosom. I'll ring that sentiment into me next warred club spache, Mary Helen, be my soul, I will. Lave hand at that cold boiled ham, James Henry; or fill throw ye into the trackless side."  
The lunch basket was safely deposited in the shade of a rock, the youthfull Duffs departed barologged in the mild air, and Mr. and Mrs. Duff wandered, free from care, o'er the green hillside. Presently Mrs. Duff discovered a bumble-bee in the deep recesses of a wild flower she had plucked. Alas, she had never seen a bumble-bee before. "Lunk here, Patrick," she exclaimed, "yez never saw the loike at that Kerry, Pat."  
Mr. Duff was too much of a politician to commit himself as to his knowledge, or lack of it, without first considering the subject. Taking the flower from his wife's hand, he eyed the bee critically, and then assented:  
"It's a purty burrid, Mary Helen."  
Then he carefully picked the bee out of the flower between his thumb and forefinger and repeated:  
"Yes, it is a very purty burrid; I think it is a—"  
Before Mr. Duff had explained what he was pleased to think the bee was, he had dashed the flower in his amazed wife's face, and had started in the air, landed hatless and with hair erect, and again repeated, still slowly, but with popping, glaring eyes, and in a voice husky with pain and anger:  
"It is a purty burrid, but, holy murder, how hot it is!"  
"Patrick Duff, have you been hitting that whisky bottle in the lunch basket?" exclaimed the indignant Mrs. Duff.  
Patrick, in dumb bewilderment, gazed on his swelling and inflamed thumb and then at the wife of his bosom before he replied:  
"Hod yer run yer needle through that burrid, Mary Helen, before yez gav it to me?"  
"Don't yez be too funny, Pat," said Mrs. Duff, testily.  
"Shure, I'm not funny at all, Mary Helen, and yez needn't look that way at me, nather, or I'll break yer varterbe," said Mr. Duff, getting madder as his thumb got bigger.  
"Yez had better not be chyring your tricks with me, or I'll land, ye wan side, at that ugly jaw of yours that'll teach ye who is boss of the Duff family." Mr. Duff's voice rose as he realized the full extent of his hot little thumb.  
"Yez have been drinking yerself into transitory jim-jams, Pat, and yez had better slape it off before lunch," replied the lady in a conciliatory tone, which only served to aggravate the gentleman's temper into exact sympathy with his thumb, for with an irresistible impulse he made good his threat, and in a moment the sweet solitude of the spot and day was rudely broken by blows which fell with unrelenting force and rapidly on both the heads of the Duff family, while the bumble-bee hummed drowsily off, moralizing over greatness of evils when unknown.—[San Francisco Chronicle.]

**Leading the Arts.**  
Abell's exhibit of Photographic work at the Mechanics' Pavilion in Portland, shows that he leads the art profession in Oregon, as no others dared to compete with him. His gallery is always open to visitors from the country.

In the name of suffering humanity, we request all physicians to try **Allen's Cough Syrup**, when they will prescribe it for their patients who are troubled with coughs and colds, which it is recommended. Many doctors who are opposed to patent medicines, prescribe this remedy, the drugists simply change the name into another bottle and the patient is none the wiser, while the physician gets credit for the cure which always follows where a cure is possible. Ask your druggist to show you a large bottle.

When you go to Portland be certain and visit Isaac Barman, The Clinician, at 17 1/2-18 1/2 only store in which you can so easily contract for an outfit and be sure of receiving satisfaction. Or send your order direct to the best quality of goods desired, and if you do not receive them as ordered don't accept them. Address ISAAC BARMAN, The Clinician, corner Fifth and Washington streets, Portland, Oregon.

Allen's Cough Syrup cures coughs, colds, bronchitis and consumption.  
Flander's S. S. Fever and Ague mixture. A sure shot.

**FINANCE AND COMMERCE**  
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 20.—Sterling exchange on London bankers, 60 days, 50 1/4; do, documentary, 50 1/2.  
Transfers—109 1/2.  
New York, Oct. 20.—Sterling exchange, prime bankers, 60 days, 50 1/4; do, 50 1/2. Good commercial, from 20 1/2 to 21 1/2; do, documentary, 21 1/2 to 22 1/2.  
Silver bullion, 1000 fine 99 1/2 cents, 112.  
U. S. bonds—3 1/2, 10 1/2, 4 1/2, 11 1/2.  
London, Oct. 20.—Silver bullion, English stand, 125 cents per fine ounce, 11 1/2.  
Consols—9 1/2 money.  
U. S. bonds—3 1/2, 10 1/2, 4 1/2, 11 1/2.  
Autro, 1 1/2.

**Gold and Stock Reports.**  
SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.  
SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 20.  
Receipts—Wheat, 35,000 cwt.; flour, 1000 qrs.; pork, 2000 bbls; eggs, 2000 doz.  
Wheat—There is more activity. Buyers and sellers agree. Among sales today were 200 tons of No. 1 shipping at \$1.75; 200 tons No. 2 shipping, \$1.65; 200 tons of grade shipping, \$1.60. We note the same sale as before.  
Barley—Market firm with prices against buyers. Sales (choice feed) at \$1.25; 4 1/2; choice breeding, \$1.10. Some small lots have been sold at \$1.05.  
Oats—Offerings are small; prices are firm and unchanged.  
Prices not materially changed; yellow sold today at \$1.15; damaged at \$1.05. Sales of Oregon early rose and garnet chaff at \$1.20. California—quint with prices against sellers. Cuts of Oregon early rose and garnet chaff at \$1.20. California—quint with prices against sellers. Cuts of Oregon early rose and garnet chaff at \$1.20.  
Hops—Firm with prices against buyers. Demand is good. Washington territory choice, 25¢; 25¢; 25¢; 25¢.  
Eggs—Market unchanged.  
Butter—Fresh, 10¢; 10¢.

**CHICAGO MARKETS.**  
CHICAGO, Oct. 20.  
Wheat—At Cork, U. S. R. R. ship City of Glasgow, 1164 tons, 77¢ bid. By ship Astoria, 422 tons, 77¢ bid.  
Lard—\$1.13 1/2 November.  
Ribs—\$1.17 bid November.  
LIVERPOOL REPORTS.  
LONDON, Oct. 20.  
Floating cargoes—Quiet but steady.  
Wool—In quiet.  
Good shipping California just shipped or promptly to be shipped in bulk, 20¢.  
No. 2 red winter for prompt shipment—54¢ bid.  
Liverpool spot—Quiet.

**Home Produce Market.**  
FLOUR—Standard brand \$1.20; \$1.25; 25¢; 25¢; 25¢.  
OATS—60¢; 60¢; 60¢; 60¢.  
MILL FEED—Quotations: Middlings 20¢; 20¢; 20¢; 20¢.  
CURED MEATS—Hams, Oregon sugar cured 10¢; 10¢; 10¢; 10¢.  
LARD—Quotations are 10¢ in kegs; 14¢ in kegs; 14¢ in kegs; 14¢ in kegs.  
BEEF—20¢; 20¢; 20¢; 20¢.  
PORK—60¢; 60¢; 60¢; 60¢.  
VEAL—40¢; 40¢; 40¢; 40¢.

**Street Car Ethics.**  
"Some of 'em made of lead, you know," said a street car conductor, apologetically, as he pocketed a silver half dollar after giving it a vigorous scrape with his steel punch. "Some of 'em lead and some of 'em brass; so we have to tell the silver half dollars by scraping 'em with a punch, but you never know a brass coin until the silver is worn off from the outside."  
"Where do the bad coins come from?" was asked.  
"That's more'n I know—where they come from I don't know. It's mostly women that give 'em to us. You see, when a man gets hold of a bad half dollar, he don't feel just like passing it off himself; so he just gives it to his wife and don't say anything about it. And when she don't know the piece is bad, it doesn't make a mite of difference. A woman, young man, is one of the queerest things in the world—one of the queerest of our kind in the world. I often say and say to myself, well, now, what in thunder did she do that for? A woman has no idea of other people's rights at all. So, when she gets hold of a bad half dollar, she just naturally passes it off again. Diabon't! Why, ladies you, no, carry the grime to the Normal School; it's just her natur; she can't help it. She don't want the half dollar—of course she don't—so there is just one thing to do, and that is to pass it off on some one else. But you have to be powerful careful how you treat a woman. Some of 'em want you to help 'em on the car, now, and others won't let you touch 'em. So either way you do, you're sure to make half of 'em mad. I stopped the car—it was only yesterday morning, in fact, a woman got off; gave her plenty of time, and she got both feet on the ground, then she car started; but she wanted it to wait until she was a yard away, so what does she do but jump on again, and make the car come to a dead stop. There is no accounting for 'em, no way."  
Most of them go by the elevated road now, do they not?  
"Yes, a good many of 'em do. Before the elevated road was built I used to carry the girls to the Normal School every morning. They used to come all at once, so many of them had to sit in one another's laps. That made four rows, and I just tell you they looked as fresh and sweet as a basket of peaches all ranged in rows. But I don't see much of 'em now."  
"You regret that, I suppose?"  
"Well, no, I don't know. I'd rather carry a car full of men any day. They are now that a conductor's business is, and don't get me for nothing. They give us fewer counterfeits too. Why, I have a glass dollar up at the house that a woman gave me. I was fool to take it, but I'll pass it off on some man again. When the car is pretty dark, they won't notice it. You see they're not used to it as I am."—[New York Tribune.]

"Great Jimmy, I never! What's the matter with you? I sprang when you looking so completely worn out." "Why, the fact is, I don't feel exactly right; to tell you the rock bottom truth, I'm just back from the seaside."

**TURKISH RUGS.**  
I AM OFFERING TURKISH RUG PATTERNS, Hooks and Chains for holding Frames, at greatly reduced prices. My Patterns are of the finest quality. Flowers, scrolls, etc., are filled with color—horror—shades and tints, for the most part, are made to order. So simple that a child can follow the directions in the catalogue and make a very handsome rug at a small cost.  
Catalogue of designs and cost of each may be had by addressing  
J. N. S. GARRISON & CO.,  
187 Third Street, Portland, Oregon.

**PRICE LIST OF SOME OF THE ARTICLES TO BE FOUND AT**  
J. N. S. GARRISON & CO., 187 Third Street, Portland, Or.  
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**PORTLAND MECHANICS' FAIR.**  
Despite the fact that the Mechanics' Fair is a failure this year, it is impossible to withhold a meed of praise to exhibitors who have the courage to make creditable displays. We have selected a few as especially worthy of notice and referred to them:  
**SCENIC PHOTOGRAPHY.**  
Mr. L. C. Davidson, one of Portland's best photographic artists, has a very fine exhibit on the east side of the art gallery. His collection consists mainly of Oregon views, photographed by himself on the spot, and then printed and finished up at his gallery, corner of First and Yamhill streets in this city. Mr. Davidson makes a specialty of these outdoor scenes, and his specimens at the Fair are real gems of art taken from natural views of our best scenery, all the way from Astoria to the famous Coast Range, including all our finest falls and river, mountain and city views. Willamette falls, with its vast volume of water, Multnomah falls, with its long leap, Spokane and Young's falls are all seen here by the perfect reproduction of the photographic art, just as they are in nature. As Mr. Davidson devotes so much of his time to this branch of the art, he is recognized as a specialist in the line, and is called upon for any order for private views of residences, animals, etc., doing his work with remarkable care, even to the sky and cloud effects. All tourists make liberal purchases of these views, and the Villain party made large orders during their visit to the State. Aside from Mr. Davidson's specialty of landscape pictures, he is one of the leading photographic artists of the state, and enjoys the largest county patronage of any Portland photographer, a fact of which he is justly proud.

**TRIUMPH COFFEE POT.**  
In looking over the different exhibits last evening we were endeavoring to decide what new invention there on display would prove the most beneficial to mankind. After a complete circle of the building, both in the main hall and gallery, we finally came to the Triumph Coffee Pot. Anything that will so materially lessen the expenses of living as will the Triumph, and at the same time enable one to produce a better quality of coffee than any other, may come to the attention of the press, and we are willing to sound its fame abroad throughout the land. Messrs. J. A. Williams & Co., the patentees, are giving away free coffee to all who may come to the exhibition, and the Third Street entrance. This is an invention which is of great value to all lovers of good coffee. It can be adjusted to any coffee pot, and by its use one half the quantity of the coffee is saved. The pure flavor of the coffee is retained from the fact that the Triumph is absolutely air tight. The expense of it is almost nominal, thus putting it within the reach of every family. Williams & Co. have applied for a patent, and have already secured it in several States. Those who want, who can obtain rare advantages in working the Triumph. The headquarters of the Triumph is at the office of E. J. Haight and Co., No. 52 Morrison street, Portland, Oregon.

**THE COLUMBIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE.**  
Is represented in the center of the east side by some of the most able and successful ever displayed in the State. The school that so successfully advertises itself in the display of the penmanship taught, yet finds it impossible to properly set forth the merits of its system of business training by this means. As an organization it is now having been formed but two months ago, yet so well has it recommended itself to the public that it is on the high road to prosperity and may be ranked among the permanent institutions of the city. The course of instruction is thorough and practical, its details simplified by competent instructors and its pupils will be sent out with diplomas that will testify to thoroughness and practical fitness for business. The President, W. S. James, has an unsurpassed and few equals in artistic penmanship and is one of the most careful, accurate and rapid accountants in the State. His perfect reliability is attested by hundreds of persons in this city, where he has spent most of his life. Being specially qualified to know whereof he speaks, his word is regarded as conclusive when he says that a six months' course of Columbia Business College will fit a diligent student for practical life in a counting room. But scholarships are issued good for one year. The work shown in the Pavilion takes a wide range, and the wonder of it all is, how it can be done with a pen. The preparation in pen drawing, enlarged from photographs and executed entirely with the pen, controlled by the skillful fingers of Mr. James, lead us to think that nothing is impossible to skill, taste and industry. The Declaration of Independence, in script plain as print, and as smoothly and evenly executed, fully illustrates this branch of the magic art, while a sample balance-sheet in its perfect detail represents the commercial department of the college. Parents desiring to fit their sons and daughters for practical business life will find it to their advantage to call at the college office, on the corner of Front and Washington streets, Portland, Or. and further investigate the facilities there offered.

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The intention is to provide a Home for such cases with all the best sanitary appliances, combined with the best medical skill to be had in the metropolitan district.  
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