

# Walla Walla



# Statesman.

\$5.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

THE CONSTITUTION AND THE UNION.

[OFFICE ON THIRD STREET.]

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## Walla Walla Statesman.

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JOBS PRINTING OF every description done in the most skillful and economical manner.

DR. J. W. HUNTER, (LATE OF DALLAS CITY, TEXAS.) OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS OF WALLA WALLA AND VICINITY.

DR. STEVENSON, HOMEOPATHIST. His residence is at the corner of Third and Main streets.

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Hot, Cold and Shower Baths. Hair Dressed at Reasonable Rates.

NOTICE TO FARMERS. FARMERS WISHING TO HAIL LUMBER FOR SALE.

## SCHWABACHER BROTHERS & CO.

Fire-Proof Brick Building, MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA, W. T.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS.

Gents' & Boys' Furnishing Goods

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

Provisions, WINES AND LIQUORS,

CIGARS, TOBACCO, Crockery and Glassware.

TIN-WARE, Powder, Shot and Safety Fuse

CARPETING, Oil Cloth, China Matting,

Window Shades, Looking Glasses,

Cords, Pictures, Trimmings, Nails,

Oils, Glass, Paints, Putty, Varnishes,

Brushes &c., &c., WALLA WALLA, W. T., Nov. 17, 1865.

ATTENTION! PACKERS AND MINERS.

FALL STOCK OF GROCERIES

MINERS' GOODS.

Now in Store, and Fresh Supplies CONSTANTLY ARRIVING FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Purchasers are made from First Hands.

Goods Can. and Will be Sold Very Low Prices for Cash.

Call and Satisfy Yourselves. WALLA WALLA, Nov. 19, 1865. J. C. ISAACS.

WIBERG & STROWBRIDGE Have Removed from their store known as THE CITY BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

To their New Brick Store, 126 Front St.

WHERE THEY ARE PREPARED TO SUPPLY THE TRADE ON HAND WITH A LARGE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

BOOTS, SHOES, Leather and Shoe Findings.

Their stock consists of all the standard make of Boots and shoes, such as

Benket's Gilted and Dress Boots; Gen's heavy Calf and Kip Boots;

Gen's heavy Calf and Kip Nailed Boots; Payward's long top and knee Rubber Boots;

Gen's Kip and Calf Boots; Gen's Kip and Calf Boots;

Children's Kip and Calf Boots; Ladies' Misses' and Children's Balmoral, Gaiters and Calf Boots.

Their stock of Leather is large and well assorted in Heavy French and American Calf and Kip;

Heavy Oregon Calf and Kip; Heavy Horse Skirting, Belting and Bridle Leather;

Cord Lining, Busset Sheepskins, Shoe Findings, &c.

Wholesale Room up stairs.

From their long experience in the Boot, Shoe and Leather business, their advantages in buying and increased facilities for serving their customers, W. & S. feel assured that they can do better by those who favor them with their patronage than any other house in the city.

WEIBERG & STROWBRIDGE, Wholesale and Retail Dealers, No. 125 Front street, Portland, Jan. 16, 1861. Fire-proof Brick store.

BAG FACTORY. THE SUBSCRIBER has established himself in Walla Walla to manufacture Bags of all descriptions; also, to execute MACHINERY SEWING TO ORDER. TENTS, WAGON COVERS, &c.

He solicits public patronage. On Main Street opposite the Store of J. C. Isaacs G. W. SOMERBY, DYKE. Nov. 10, 1865. 47c.

DENTISTRY. DR. G. BERNARD, DENTIST, (From San Francisco.) Would respectfully inform the public that he has opened an office in Walla Walla, for the practice of Dentistry in all of its branches.

Persons desiring first class dentistry are invited to call. Consultation Free. Charges Moderate. Office next door to Wells, Fargo & Co. August 11, 1865. 35c.

A. G. BRADFORD, Importer and Jobber of WINES AND LIQUORS, 30 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

## THE MISER TO HIS GOLD.

Bright gold, I crave no feast or revel, Save thus to kneel, O root of evil, Before thy shrine.

Thou glittering, tempting, tawny devil, My soul is thine.

Fling to the winds your sermons vain, Of promised bliss and threatened pain— Your Christian meekness; For I devote my heart and brain To no such weakness.

For thee, O gold, I plod and plunder; Yes, thou canst read all bouds assuader, Or smelt the fire.

O, nothing in this world of wonder, Can equal thee.

Poole say that love is life's rich cream— A lie, a cheat, a silly dream, Mere poisoned honey;

For woman's love and man's esteem I'll buy with money.

I'll chern with gold's bright yellow ray; My count'ry needs a haunter gay, No suit seduction, The eloquence which I display Is of this fashion:

"Sweet maid, I've neither heart nor head, My cheeks are parchment—eyes of lead, More sad than sunny.

My soul is doleful dumb or dead, Mark how she tempest her fidget, For thy sweet sake, thou yellow dust— Without remorse,

She gives a heart of truth and trust, For cash, of course.

What though my name dishonor mars, What though my face with ruffin scars Is seamed and pressed;

I triumph still, for cash unbars Her virgin breast.

I fear no faltering on the brink, No prior vow to make her shrink And hold aloof.

Against thy sweet seductive chink, No virtue's proof.

Thou takest captive soul and sense, O, cash! thou great omnipotence; Thy slightest nod Is felt o'er distances immense, Material god.

There, only thee, I truly prize, To thee, all-I sacrifice.

Through wind and wave, But when life ends beneath the skies, Where must I go?

No matter where, St. John of old Saw heaven's streets all ported with gold; There would I dwell.

But if the truth old Milton told, There's gold in hell.

Democratic Precinct Meeting.

In pursuance of a call of the Democratic Precinct of Walla Walla, which met at the Court House, in Walla Walla, on the 29th day of May, 1866, and organized by the election of Hon. J. H. Blewett, Chairman, and James McArthur, Secretary. The Chairman announced the object of the meeting to be the selection of delegates to the County Convention, to be held on the 10th inst., for the purpose of nominating a Democratic Ticket for the ensuing election.

On motion, the following gentlemen were selected to attend said Convention: W. A. Ball, Jos. Demmler, M. C. Casgraw, W. J. Terry, I. T. Reese, R. Jacobs, H. C. Howard, R. R. Ross.

On motion, the meeting adjourned sine die.

J. H. BLEWETT, Chairman, JAMES McARTHUR, Secretary.

YELLOW STONE FERRY.—Mr. Ben. Cardwell, a gentleman of this city who contracted for passage in the fleet of Mackinac boats which were advertised to sail from a certain point on the Yellowstone River for Omaha, on the 23rd of last month, returned home on Monday, and reports that the passengers upon arriving at the Yellowstone, where the Mackinac fleet was advertised to sail from, found one miserable flat boat, without awning or any thing else to protect them from the storm of that inclement season, and into this miserable hulk it was proposed to stow thirty-four passengers, among whom were two women and seven children, for a voyage of hundreds of miles. A party consisting of six passengers by some means procured a boat, and proceeded on their way down the river, leaving their companions to rig up the flat boat above mentioned, and follow as soon as practicable. The party, after proceeding some distance down the river, were attacked by a band of Indians and one of their number killed; their boat being run upon a sand bar they were forced to quit it and make their escape on foot back to their comrades, living for four days on roots and prickly pears, and finally succeeded in getting back to their friends who were endeavoring to navigate the Yellowstone in their wretched flat-boat. Having communicated the intelligence of the Indian attack to the voyagers of the other boat, the whole party turned back, and are now on their way to Virginia City.—Montana Democrat, April 26.

MASONRY.—It numbers to-day, within its secret pale more adult males than all the religious organizations on the face of the earth. It is as widespread as humanity, as universal as human language. "The Jew, before the altar on the sacred mount, the Parsee, in his adoration of the sun—the Musselman, bowing to the east in prayer, the Greek before the shrine of his divinity, the Christian in devout faith at the foot of the cross, all alike know and understand its mystic language." Kings, princes and potentates of the earth have beheld with awe its hieroglyphic light, and have been proud to wear its mystic emblems. It is more powerful than kingdoms, principles and powers, and in ages to come will be blessing and a protection to unnumbered millions.—[Washington Home Gazette.

WHEN INVENTED.—Hats for men were invented at Paris in 1403. In London they were first manufactured by Spaniards, about a century later. Before that time the men in England wore close-knit caps. When Charles I made a public entry into Rouen in 1640, he wore a hat lined with red velvet and surmounted with a plume.

## BLACKFOOT MINES.

From the Montana Post, of 21st April, we condense the following items: ELK CREEK, April 11th, 1866. SHOOTING AFFAIR.

Last Monday a shooting affair occurred at Elk Creek, between a man named Kelly, late of Helena, and a man named Loan, resulting in the death of the former. Loan attempted to escape, but was arrested and hanged by the citizens. It seems that Loan had jumped Kelly's claim, and attempted to eject him from the same, when Kelly and began firing. This is the first affair of the kind at the new mines.

BODIES FOUND. The bodies of two men, supposed to be John Hanna and a man named Moore, were recently found in the Flint Creek Hills, where they had frozen to death. Hanna lived at Silver Bow, during last winter, and was originally from California.

LARGE RY. The enormous sum of thirty thousand dollars was taken from a claim in Mc-Clellan gulch, just lately, in eleven days, with five hands.

EXTENT OF THE NEW DIGGINGS. The new mines are proving of undoubted richness and great extent, at least two hundred miles of placer diggings having been found the past winter. All the gulches are being struck well. Lincoln, Elk Creek, Red's, Galton's, Washington, Jefferson, Spawshot, Flint Creek, and all the others, are developing great riches.

RANCHES IN THE VALLEY. Deer Lodge Valley is almost entirely claimed. Ranches are held at high prices, and sell freely at high prices. An improved rancho, situated near Deer Lodge City, was sold a short time since for \$5,000 in currency.

BLACKFOOT CITY, April 10th, '66. We are just from a convention state—passed from the dormant to the active—from the tediousness of a "hold up" existence, re-arranged by a long and severe winter, to the hum and bustle of business; and the change is hailed with no small degree of pleasure. Owing to the depth of frost in the ground, probably two or three weeks will elapse ere mining in full force is commenced; but every one appears to be actively making preparations for as early a start as possible, and already a few of the more favorably located claims have commenced washing, and invariably with results highly satisfactory. Elk Creek will be worked for miles above and below town, and the creeks immediately containing many rich claims. The mines on Carpenter's bar and Prairie gulch are considered by many to be the best in the vicinity of this place, and extensive preparations are being made by the holders for the most advantageous working of their claims. Many no doubt, but a large field of gold will be the result of their energy. Besides, there are many smaller gulches and bars that will pay well. Several new discoveries have been made west of Blackfoot, now being made during the winter, and between Snowline and Deer Lodge. A ditch has been surveyed, and I understand, will be prosecuted to completion as early as possible, to connect the water from the main gulch with the new diggings. There is a large scope of country between those two streams that prospects well, and only requires a moderate amount of water to work the ground.

From N. S. below discovery, on Mc-Clellan gulch, \$125,000 was taken in one string of sluices. I was informed that \$3,744 was cleaned up from a single day's run, on the same claim, since. Thus, considering the disadvantages of working at this season of the year, it is pretty good, even for Blackfoot.

Many are leaving Elk Creek. The prevailing opinion is that, in a town, it is springing up, and that it is a town like this is measured and governed by its surrounding mineral wealth, and I do not believe the Territory has a more favorable locality in that respect.

PRESTON'S FERRY, April 13, 1866. The snow is disappearing slowly—too slowly for some prospectors, who are already on the hunt, in hopes of striking "big things." Some new lodges have been opened this spring. One called the Clipper, struck by Messrs. Garrett & Kipp, is about five feet in width, and is undoubtedly a rich lode; nearly all of the rock shows gold, and the ore bids fair to go ahead of any other in the Park. From one and a half pounds of ore, taken at a depth of forty feet, was obtained ninety-four cents, and there appears to be plenty of the same sort left. A large quantity of ore is ready for crushing. Workmen are busily engaged in getting ore out of the Genesee. This lode shows fully eight feet in width, and the ore is rich. From one pound of average rock, taken out at the depth of fifteen feet, seven cents of coarse gold was obtained. This, we believe, will be the working run, and will be a big thing.

A year or more ago it was announced that a process had been discovered for extracting sugar from Indian corn. The matter was discussed quite extensively, and high expectations were raised as to the result of the experiment. The process has been carefully tested, but thus far without any successful result. The syrup made from the corn starch is very handsome, but contains less saccharine matter than ordinary sugar, and is not so palatable. It is liable to become sour very soon after production. If the last named difficulty can be overcome, the discovery may still be rendered quite valuable, although it should not add to the supply of sugar.

FOREIGN JOURNALS announce the death of the fattest man in the world. He was a German named Herr. Helon, and followed the profession of translator for book-ellers and merchants. He was 42 years of age and weighed 530 pounds.

He who thinks he can find in himself the means of doing without others, is much mistaken; but he who thinks that others cannot do without him, is still more mistaken.

## BOISE VIGILANCE COMMITTEE.

Passengers who have lately come through from Boise, state that an intense excitement prevails, and that the hanging of Ulysses and his partner is only the prelude to further trouble. The opponents to the vigilantes were aiming, and a collision between the two parties was held to occur at any moment. The Idaho World condemns the course of the vigilantes in the severest terms, whilst the Statesman justly and decidedly approves of all that has been done. In the moral as well as in the natural world, storms are sometimes necessary to purify the atmosphere, and the storm that now prevails that sets a will enjoy a season of quiet.—Walla Walla Statesman.

It will engage "a season of quiet" when the struggle ceases to outrage the community with their crimes—not till then. There can be no "season of quiet" as long as one portion of the community overawe the other with bloody threats, and heat the passions of the people by such deeds as have recently been enacted in Ada county. "Seasons of quiet" are only for those who respect the laws and honestly endeavor to vindicate them through the tribunals established for that purpose. If every man whose name is enrolled on the Vigilante list would go to work in the proper channels as zealously for the maintenance of peace and the just administration of the law, as he is now endeavoring to trample upon both, the "season of quiet" would return at once. There is no necessity for any trouble. The very men who so eagerly rush into these organizations, are the men who generally are found shirking their duties as citizens. When jurors are wanted they find some way of escaping. Where men are wanted to testify, they shirk their duty. Where men are wanted to serve on the jury, they shirk their duty. If it were not for the fact that the vigilantes are in the hands of men who are animated by purposes very different from that of public safety, the Vigilante organization in their hands is as likely to do more harm than good. The destruction of political opponents, whom their arguments cannot convince, nor threats intimidate. These men would make democrats because democrats will not support them for office. They have done this wittingly and maliciously. They have filled the measure of their iniquity by carrying this deed. To expect that such men will be satisfied with a solitary revolver, as was done one day this week on the Idaho City road, and solemnly vow to give the officers fearlessly execute the law, arrest the criminals, break up their bands, and bring this infernal organization before the bar of our outraged law which it has for weeks defied. Idaho World.

WAR ON THE PRESIDENT.—If any one thinks the war on the President, by the Rump Congress, is not malignant, let it be studied, let him read the following from the New York correspondent of the San Francisco Bulletin: "Mr. Raymond telegraphs to the N. Y. Times that the Committee reported at the Editorial Conference last Friday evening, is thorough and intense in its purpose for a break with Johnson. It has had several meetings on the subject, and resolved to send \$50,000 by way of office holders and personal subscription, for the vigorous prosecution of the war. To this end it proposes to circulate vast quantities of speeches made in opposition to the Vice, together with the elaborate and violent attack made upon the President in the House of Representatives a few days ago by Mr. William of Pennsylvania. These gentlemen seem willing to let the case rest upon the fact that the President is an American people. They prefer to spread before them the specious arguments presenting one side only of the case, in the hope of thus betraying the nation over to their narrow views. It is proposed to make Jay Cooke Treasurer of this new organization, and to establish its headquarters in prominent rooms on Pennsylvania avenue. Col. Farney, 'D. D.' has already appeared before the Committee, his beggar's cap in hand, telling them that his newspaper is a losing concern, and asking a subsidy in some shape as a means of enabling him to keep up his face of falconry and fifth against the Executive. The Committee voted to give him their printing, and to pay for and circulate as 'Hub Docs' such of his editorials as may serve their turn.

THE DYING NEGROES.—The population of this city all told, is about 16,000 souls—one half white and the same number black. The monthly average of mortality in this city before and during the war, when the negroes were taken care of, was about forty, proportioned according to the population. The mortality among the negroes during the past month was, as nearly as can be ascertained, about five hundred, while the number of deaths among the white population remained substantially the same as before the war.

The cause of this difference in the mortality of the blacks needs explanation. When the U. S. forces took possession of Macon the negroes were declared free. It was in vain that it was urged that neither would the state of the growing crops justify the laborer in leaving the fields, nor would humanity suffer women and girls to go at large in the streets in the midst of such excitement as was then existing, unrestrained by any influences to defend them from ruin. Nothing availed. The flat had gone forth and was maintained, whether for the weal or woe of the negro. The fields were deserted by the laborers, and almost in a baby the woman and children employed as servants in the city left comfortable homes, seized with a sudden passion for freedom, and independently setting up for themselves. Instigated by an insane desire for city life, and under the apprehension that their freedom would not be complete if they did not leave their former homes, nor permanent unless under the eyes of the United States soldiery, the negroes flocked from the country into the city, and the result is—what it is?—[Macon (Ga.) Telegraph.

THEY had a baby convention in Muscatine, Iowa, the other day. Fifty men in the city with their little ones were present, and they voted on the question of the protest. Each got one vote and to more.

## HEAR BEECHER.

The radical press and leaders, says the Bright-port Republican, are constantly urging that they are willing to restore the Southern States whenever their people will furnish sufficient guarantees for future good behavior. On this subject we let Henry Ward Beecher reply. The following are extracts from his great speech in support of the President:

What is meant by a sufficient guarantee? You want to be certain before you let them in. Well, what guarantee do you want? Oh, you say, we want guarantees against secession and rebellion, and in regard to the freedmen. A guarantee against secession. How long would you wait for it before you would consider that question settled? Remember that the South now is in the position of a man who has a lawsuit about the ownership of certain lands which he believes belong to him, and which suit, after being carried through all the lower and intermediate courts, is finally decided against him by the court of last appeal. In such a case, what further guarantee does society require from him that he shall be willing to obey the law? Does it require of him that, believing in the justice of his claim, and having argued for it with all his mind and strength, he shall, upon decision being given against him, step up to the Judge and say, "I am perfectly satisfied that I was wrong and that I don't own that land?" Does it require that he shall immediately change his opinion? No, not at all. Nothing more is required than that he shall say, "I don't think it right, but I shall obey the law." Now the South believes in secession. The words of Calhoun were taught in her colleges and generations of young men were brought up in that faith. Well, they went to war in vindication of that doctrine, and what has the war done? It has settled these facts; it has settled that whether they believe in secession or not, they shall not secede. You ask them if they will come back and obey the laws. They say, "Yes; but we still believe in the doctrine." Now are you going to keep them out until they don't believe the doctrine? Do you want guarantees against the rebellion? Four parts out of five of the property of the South has been destroyed by the war. Is not that alone a guarantee that they will not resort again to fighting? The population of the South has been more than decimated—eye, doubly decimated. There is mourning there of which we have neither knowledge nor conception. What village of the North has been killed out? But there have been many deaths. Many families have been extinguished and their lineage blotted out; and of the legions of young men of the South who went forth to battle so boldly, only a humble and shattered remnant have returned. Do you want further guarantee that this unpurged and depopulated South will not again organize for war against us? I would not resort again to fighting? The population of the South has been more than decimated—eye, doubly decimated. There is mourning there of which we have neither knowledge nor conception. What village of the North has been killed out? But there have been many deaths. Many families have been extinguished and their lineage blotted out; and of the legions of young men of the South who went forth to battle so boldly, only a humble and shattered remnant have returned. Do you want further guarantee that this unpurged and depopulated South will not again organize for war against us? I would not resort again to fighting? The population of the South has been more than decimated—eye, doubly decimated. There is mourning there of which we have neither knowledge nor conception. What village of the North has been killed out? But there have been many deaths. Many families have been extinguished and their lineage blotted out; and of the legions of young men of the South who went forth to battle so boldly, only a humble and shattered remnant have returned.

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Walla Walla Statesman.

WHAT ALL MUST EXPECT.—Manhood will come, and old age will come, and the dying bed will come, and the very last look you shall cast on your acquaintance will come, and the agony of the parting breath will come, and the time when you are stretched a lifeless corpse before the eyes of weeping relatives will come, and the coffin that is to inclose you will come, and that hour when the company assemble to carry you to the churchyard will come, and the throwing in of the loose earth in the narrow house where you are laid, and the spreading of the green sod over it—all, all will come on every living creature who now hears me; and in few little years the minister who now speaks, and the people who now listen, will be carried to their long homes, and make room for another generation. Now all this, you know, must and will happen—your common sense and common experience serve to convince you of it.

Perhaps it may have been little thought of in the days of carelessness, and thoughtless, and thankless unconcern which you have spent hitherto; but I call upon you to think of it now, to lay it seriously to heart, and no longer to trifle and delay when the high matters of death and judgment, and eternity are thus set so evidently before you. And the tidings wherewith I am charged—and the blood lieth upon your own head, and not upon mine, if you will not listen to them—and the object of my coming amongst you is to let you know what more things are to come; it is to carry you beyond the regions of sight and sense, to the regions of faith, and to assure you, in the name of Him who cannot lie, that as sure as the hour of laying the body in the grave comes, so surely will also come the hour of the spirit returning to the God who gave it. Yes, and the day of final reckoning will come, and the appearance of the Son of God in heaven, and his mighty angels around him, will come, and the opening of the books will come, and the standing of men of all generations before the judgment-seat will come, and the solemn passing of that sentence which fix you to eternity will come.

[Dr. Chambers.] GREAT MEN AND THEIR INFLUENCE.—Great men, it has been truly said, far more than any arts and colossuses, are the true world workers. It has, indeed, of late years been the fashion with certain historians to deny any single man—even the greatest—that he exercised any mighty moulding influence on the events of his time. According to the reading of the world's history by these historians the men who seemed to us to have dominated over their time, only brought to a head the floating tendencies of their own age, which would inevitably have been done by others if it had not been done by them. These tendencies, in fact, are everything, and the men nothing.

This, which had a certain air of philosophy and show of wisdom, came to a head in the writings of Buckle, which would always secure a large amount of acceptance. It was welcomed to small men by the assurance it seemed to give, that great men did not really contribute to shape and mould the world more than themselves—that there are none really great men after all, that men do not mould events, but events mould men. But who could affirm that there would have been a free Holland, except for William the silent? or a revival of imperial France, and all the mighty issues with which this revival was pregnant, both to our generation and generations to come, except Napoleon III? Alexander the Great, Julius Caesar, Charles Martel, each fashioned the world, or a very large portion of it, for long successive ages. One stands in awe of the world-shaping influence which some single men have exercised. It is a solemn, and it would be a terrible thing to contemplate, if we did not believe that a mightier than man rules over all; that those mightiest, not less than the smallest, are in his hands. Helpers or hinderers of his kingdom are alike raised up by him to work out his plans, and to bring about in the end by strange diverse ways, that kingdom which shall fully rule over all.—Archbishop Trench.

MORE OF WOMAN.—In a late letter to the Statesman, Lyon C. Doyle, says, of the women of San Francisco: "There is and has been an epidemic among the women of San Francisco to don the habiliments of men, for the purpose of seeing the sights prohibited to their inspection while wearing the feminine garb. The first places a woman disguised in men's clothes visits are the cellars where 'pretty water girls' do their 'beer-slinging.' They fear some rough jokes, see some lascivious actions, and familiarize themselves to men's actions. Then the Balla Union is visited, and that tips out all their remaining modesty. Then the Chinese dens and the Anatomical Museum make them perfect with forbidden sights; so if they get drunk during some of their wanderings, it is not to be wondered at. If they follow up drinking when they resume their natural dress it is not to be wondered at. A lady had got a punch in the eye the other night, and a respectable though mischievous girl, had a black eye the next morning. A jealous husband returned unexpected, to his home one night, and caught a well-dressed fellow emerging from his cot. The husband knocked him down, broke his ribs and fractured his arm. His wife has been blistered up in bed ever since with a fractured arm, broken ribs, and a bruised face. A brother went home a little tipsy the other night, and met 'a cove' in the hall of his father's house. He familiarly slapped the 'cove's' pug hat over his eyes, and had to purchase a new one for himself the next day. His sister was the 'cove.' These circumstances are facts. Girls should beware of any woman who suggests a 'hark' of this kind to them. Women destroy more women than men do."

LATELY, a family at South Bond, Ia, were terribly frightened by hearing mysterious sounds from the piano in the parlor. Upon investigation the sounds were found to be produced by one tom cat, who was walking deliberately back and forth on the keys.

Resolution Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the partnership heretofore existing between B. F. REGAN and A. SEITEL, under the firm name of REGAN & SEITEL, was on the 10th day of April 1866, dissolved by mutual consent. B. F. Regan is hereby authorized to receive and accept for said firm the late firm, and will pay all due from said firm prior to said 10th day of April.

B. F. REGAN, A. SEITEL. Walla Walla, April 10th, 1866. 19-4w

TRICHINA.—The name of this disease in pork, or rather the worm which is the disease, has been known to the Chinese for centuries. Ap Poy, a learned Confectioner, who resides in San Francisco, informs the correspondent of the St. Ekton Herald that every Chinese meat dealer is familiar with the various poisonous diseases of pork, which so astonishes Ku opo and America. He said, "Trichina is the combination of the spotted yellow fever, the black spot fever and the worm fever; hence its name, three diseases in one. The pork raised in China, upon high ground, is subject to the yellow spotted fever. The hot, mucky grounds produce the black spotted fever, and the worm was originally produced by the putrid human remains which float along the banks of the many rivers in China." Hogs, in huge droves, have all been inoculated from one, with other diseases. In fact, when attacked the disease is contagious. Any person eating of either kind of diseased hog meat, is as surely attacked with the disease the hog was poisoned with as they eat the meat. He—Ap Poy—contended the spotted fevers prevalent among the people of Europe, were nothing more nor less than the hog disease. He quoted many cases in Asia, Europe, South America, Mexico, North America, and throughout the numerous islands, where, of a sudden, these various diseases have broken out. He further said that a composition of arsenic and lead was used to cure the spotted fevers in men and hogs. Verdigris was used to cure trichina, and in his district the doctors never failed to cure. Here is something for our medical men to practice upon. Were this brought to the knowledge of any European Medical Society, how the world would ring with the discovery!

THE UNWASHED.—Personal cleanliness ought to be regarded as a sanitary measure of the greatest importance, and to come under the same category with the cleansing of streets and the interior of houses. Whether we look at it on the score of health or of comfort, it has not received the attention its importance demands. The neglect of cleanliness by the colliers of Lancashire, recorded by Mr. Chadwick in his report some years back, is, we fear, not without a parallel among the same classes elsewhere, as among others in more favorable circumstances, but whose skin does not tell the tale to the eye so forcibly as if it were blackened with coal dust. Neither the men nor the girls employed in the coal mines ever wash themselves. "Their bodies," said a witness, "are as black as your hat." One laborer remembered that a particular event took place, because it was when he washed his feet. The effects of these habits are seen in the workhouse, in almost every paper admitted. When it is necessary to wash them on their admission, they usually show great reluctance to the process. Their common feeling was expressed by one when he declared it "equal to robbing of a great coat which he had for many years."

TRIBUTE TO THE GALLANTRY OF CONFEDERATES.—Gen. Hooker, in his testimony before the committee of Congress, on the conduct of the war, pays the following tribute to the Confederate troops: "Our artillery had always been superior to that of the Confederates, as was also our infantry, except in discipline, and that for reasons not necessary to mention, never did equal Lee's army. With a rank and file vastly inferior to our own, intellectually and physically, Gen. Lee's army has, by discipline alone, acquired a character for steadiness and efficiency, unsurpassed, in my judgment, in ancient or modern times. We have never been able to rival it."

Gen. Meade speaks of the "brave and gallant advance" of the Confederates at Gettysburg. Hancock talks of their "wonderful spirit—nothing could have been more spirited"—and General Pleasanton, describing the disgraceful running away of the eleventh army corps at Chancellorsville, accounts for it by "the combined effect upon the imagination of the sounds of musketry, the yells of the Confederates and their increasing artillery fire."

COUNTY AUDITOR'S REPORT.

An Exhibit of the Finances of Walla Walla County, W. T., for the Fiscal year ending Feb. 1, 1866.

Table with columns for RECEIPTS OF THE YEAR and DEBITMENTS. Includes items like Licenses, School Land, and various taxes.

The above shows the financial condition of the County on the first day of February, 1866; from which it appears that notwithstanding the loss by fire and heavy expenditures on the Jail, the County Debt has been reduced \$6,695 22. The amount of funds in the hands of the Treasurer, Feb. 1, 1866, is not deducted from the indebtedness at that date, for the reason that said amount belongs to Territorial and School Funds. Given under my hand, this 1st day of May, A. D. 1866. J. H. BLEWETT, County Auditor.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND COMMISSION STORE. Corner of Main and Third Streets, Walla Walla, W. T. R. GUICHARD, DEALER IN Clothing, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Blankets, Groceries, Provisions, Glass and Hardware, Coal Oil, &c., THE BEST QUALITY OF LIQUORS. PURCHASES MADE AT SAN FRANCISCO. CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED & PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY. S. SIMMONS, Watchmaker and Jeweller. HAS recently returned from San Francisco with a complete outfit of Tools and Materials, for the REPAIRING of Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Engraving, Seal and Stencil Cutting, &c. He has also on hand a well selected stock of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Jewellery, Clocks, Musical Boxes, &c. He offers to the public of Walla Walla and vicinity AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES. All work entrusted to his care will be done in a Workmanlike manner and Guaranteed. S. SIMMONS, Main St., next door to Green & Ryan's Saloon. May 26, 1865.

WASHINGTON MILLS. THE UNDERSIGNED would inform the public that his Mill, situated on the Touchet, 20 Miles from Walla Walla on the Lewiston Road, is now in successful operation, and prepared to do perfect work. Constantly on hand and for sale, the best Flour, Bran, Shorts and Screenings. I INTEND MY BRAND OF FLOUR TO SPEAK FOR ITSELF. S. M. WAIT, Proprietor. June 2, '65.

R. G. SNEATH, Wholesale Grocer, 25 Front Street, (Opposite O. S. N. Co.'s Wharf.) PORTLAND. - - - OREGON. GOODS BY THE PACKAGE FOR CASH AT San Francisco Prices and Freight.

Orders promptly filled in San Francisco if desired. Portland, March 31, 1865. 16m.

1865. BROWN BROS & CO., 1865. Dealers in Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c. &c. FIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDING, CORNER OF MAIN AND THIRD STREETS, WALLA WALLA, W. T.

We call the especial attention of Merchants, Packers and Miners to our very large stock of Goods selected especially for the Mining Trade. CLOTHING. Coats, Pants, Vests, D. & J. and ATKINSON'S SHIRTS. WOOLEN SHIRTS, Silk, Shaker Flannel and Merino Undershirts and Drawers. HARDWARE. Shovels, Spades, Sluice-Forks, and Brushes, WRIGHT'S PICKS, HUNT'S AXES, PICK AND AX HANDLES, SLEDGES, CROW BARS, WHIP SAWS, ROCKER IRONS, MINING AND FRYING-PANS, Nails, BLASTING POWDER and Safety Fuse, Quicksilver, &c. A LARGE STOCK OF LEATHER AND PACKER'S OUTFITTING GOODS, Kept Constantly on Hand BROWN BROS & CO.

Watches, Clocks and Jewellery. S. SIMMONS, Watchmaker and Jeweller. HAS recently returned from San Francisco with a complete outfit of Tools and Materials, for the REPAIRING of Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, Engraving, Seal and Stencil Cutting, &c. He has also on hand a well selected stock of Gold and Silver Watches, Chains, Jewellery, Clocks, Musical Boxes, &c. He offers to the public of Walla Walla and vicinity AT SAN FRANCISCO PRICES. All work entrusted to his care will be done in a Workmanlike manner and Guaranteed. S. SIMMONS, Main St., next door to Green & Ryan's Saloon. May 26, 1865.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM. The Remedy for Curing Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, CHROU, Diseases of the Throat, Bronchitis, Pains and Oppression of the Chest or Lungs, Difficult Breathing, and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs. ITS ACTION IS EXPECTORANT, ALTERATIVE, LUSIDORIFIC, SEDATIVE, DIAPHORETIC AND DIURETIC, which renders it one of the most valuable remedies known for curing diseases of the lungs. It excites expectoration, and causes the lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucus, CHANGING SPLETTIONS and PURIFIES the BLOOD; heals the irritated parts; gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole system. Such is the immediate and satisfactory effect, that IT IS WARRANTED TO BREAK UP THE MOST DISTRESSING COUGH IN A FEW HOURS TIME, if not too long standing. IT IS WARRANTED TO give entire satisfaction even in the MOST CONFIRMED CASES OF CONSUMPTION! IT IS WARRANTED NOT to produce costiveness (which is the case with most remedies or affect the head, as it contains no Opium in any form. IT IS WARRANTED TO BE PERFECTLY HARMLESS to the most delicate child, although it is an active and powerful remedy for restoring the system. THERE IS NO REAL NECESSITY FOR SO MANY DEATHS BY CONSUMPTION, when ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM will prevent it, if only taken in time. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1 per bottle. For sale by SMITH & DAVIS, Portland, Oregon, general Agents. Also, by Dealers in Family Groceries generally. Dec. 30, 1864.

HOWARD & CADY, Main Street, Walla Walla, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN General Merchandise, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, Etc.

Also, a full assortment of Miners' and Packers' Goods. LATEST Spring and Summer Styles just received and for sale at very low prices. BROWN, BROS. & CO. Isthmus Butter. J. C. and Diamond H. selected brands of BROWN, BROS. & CO.

1865. BROWN BROS & CO., 1865. Dealers in Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c. &c. FIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDING, CORNER OF MAIN AND THIRD STREETS, WALLA WALLA, W. T.

We call the especial attention of Merchants, Packers and Miners to our very large stock of Goods selected especially for the Mining Trade. CLOTHING. Coats, Pants, Vests, D. & J. and ATKINSON'S SHIRTS. WOOLEN SHIRTS, Silk, Shaker Flannel and Merino Undershirts and Drawers. HARDWARE. Shovels, Spades, Sluice-Forks, and Brushes, WRIGHT'S PICKS, HUNT'S AXES, PICK AND AX HANDLES, SLEDGES, CROW BARS, WHIP SAWS, ROCKER IRONS, MINING AND FRYING-PANS, Nails, BLASTING POWDER and Safety Fuse, Quicksilver, &c. A LARGE STOCK OF LEATHER AND PACKER'S OUTFITTING GOODS, Kept Constantly on Hand BROWN BROS & CO.

GROCERIES. Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Soap, Candles, APPLES, PEACHES, PRUNES, PEPPER AND SPICES, CURRANTS, RAISINS, Soda, Cream Tartar, Yeast Powders, Case and Canned Goods. FLOUR, BACON BEANS AND LARD. LIQUORS FINE BRANDIES, All the genuine brands of WHISKY; A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF WINES, Gin, Rum, Alcohol, Pure Spirits, &c. Tobacco and Cigars. CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE Carpeting, Oil Cloths and Matting.

WM. PHILLIPS, Main Street, Walla Walla, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN COOKING, PARLOR AND BOX STOVES, Tin, Iron, Copper, Brass and Japanese-ware. Also, ALL KINDS OF JOINING AND ROOFING, and all kinds of work attended to, on short notice and in a workmanlike manner. He also keeps on hand WELL-SELECTED STOCK OF HARDWARE Consisting of Miners' and Carpenters' Tools, Blacksmith's Iron, Steel and Tools, Farming implements of all kinds in the line, Burgie and Carriage Springs, Axes and Bolts of all kind and sizes, Log Chains, Horse and Mule Shoes, Lead and Shot Nails, Wooden Bowls, Meal Sieves, and all other articles too numerous to mention. Gentlemen and fellow citizens, from the "Oregan State," and from all other States and Territories, I invite you all to come and examine my stock, and I will assure you that I can please you all in the quality of the goods, and that I have especially in the lowest of prices for my patrons. "Quick Sales and Small Profits." W. M. PHILLIPS, in 24 1864.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO. Winter Arrangement. ON and AFTER MONDAY, NOV. 13TH, UN TILL Further Notice THE STEAMER SPRAY, CAPT. C. C. FEARON, Commandor, Will leave WALLA WALLA at 2 o'clock M. on Monday, Nov. 13th, for Astoria and Portland, via TILLAMOOK. For Boats Miners Direct! THE NEW AND IMPROVED STEAMER CASCADE, CAPT. JOHN WOLFE, Commandor, Will leave Portland, daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock A. M., for the Cascades and Dalles, Connecting with the steamers TENNO AND OWYHEE, Which leave Celilo on alternate days. WALLA WALLA, Nov. 13th, 1865. L. DAY, Proprietor.

Walla Walla and Boise Line of CONCORD STAGES CARRYING THE U. S. OVERLAND MAILS and Wells, Fargo & Co's Express, is now making regular trips from Walla Walla to Placerville, (Boise Mines) THROUGH IN TWO AND A HALF DAYS, Connecting with The Walla Line of Stages and the Boon of the Oregon Steam Navigation Co. August 5, 1864. F. THOMAS, Proprietor.

YELLOW DOCK and IODIDE OF POTASS. The best Alternative in the WORLD. For Rheumatism, take Hall's Sarsaparilla. For Neuralgia, take Hall's Sarsaparilla. For Pains in the Bones, take Hall's Sarsaparilla. For Dropsy, take Hall's Sarsaparilla. For Impure Blood, take Hall's Sarsaparilla. For Headache, take Hall's Sarsaparilla. For Rheumatism, take Hall's Sarsaparilla. For Pimples and Boils, take Hall's Sarsaparilla. For all Diseases of the Skin, Liver and Kidneys, Hall's Sarsaparilla will be found superior to any Alternative Medicine. Sold Everywhere for \$1 per bottle. J. C. and Diamond H. selected brands of BROWN, BROS. & CO.

THE PALOUSE BRIDGE IS NOT CARRIED BY THE PALOUSE FERRY. The Road from Walla Walla to the Spokane River, by way of the PALOUSE FERRY, is now in fine condition for pack animal and miner, with plenty of Wood, Water and Grass, and twenty five miles covered by the Colville crossing, below the mouth of the Palouse. Therefore, you are going to Kootenai, or the Blackfoot Crossing, and want to save a day and a half's travel, pay no attention to the false statement of the Colville crossing parties, and if the Bridges—come on the Touchet at Walla Walla; one on the Tucuman, and the other on the Palouse, are not standing, we will make no charge for FERRIAGE AT THE PALOUSE BRIDGE. JESSE THOMPSON, T. M. UMB, T. NEWTON.

PUBLIC SALE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That as Administrator of the estate of JOHN CAMPBELL, deceased, I will sell at Public Auction, on the 15th day of JUNE, A. D. 1866, the one undivided half of all the improvements, and right, title and interest in the Farm known as the PEN DORVILLE RANCH, owned by the deceased and R. M. BROWN, joint partners in business. JOHN W. MASON, Administrator. Walla Walla, W. T., May 1, 1866. 20-4w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION having been granted to me by the Probate Court of Walla Walla County, W. T., upon the estate of SAMUEL CALDWELL, late of said county, deceased, I am hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and pay the same. All persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same, properly verified, within one year from this date, or to be forever barred. JOHN W. MASON, Administrator. Walla Walla, W. T., May 1, 1866. 20-4w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE UNDERSIGNED, having been appointed Administrator of the estate of ISAAC KILLGORE, deceased, hereby notifies all persons having claims against said estate to present them, properly verified, within one year from this date, or they will be forever barred. All persons indebted to said estate, are notified to settle the same immediately. JOHN W. MASON, Administrator. Walla Walla, W. T., May 1, 1866. 20-4w

WESTERN HOTEL. CORNER OF FIRST AND MORRISON STREETS, PORTLAND. S. D. SMITH, Proprietor. THIS HOTEL, during the last two months, has been entirely repaired, refitted and enlarged by the addition of a number of new rooms, and the property has been added to other additional inducements to the patrons of the house, and also selected increased patronage from the traveling public. Special attention is given to his S. D. SMITH, and to the preparation of a table of family, and the RESTAURANT is under his immediate supervision, assisted by experts in the art of cookery, and the fittest himself now open to gratify the tastes and wishes of the guests at all hours. Portland, May 26, '65.

E. W. TRACY & CO. (Successors to Tracy & King.) ASSAYERS Portland, Oregon. Highest Price Paid For Gold Dust, Legal Tenders, &c. Mining Stocks Bought and Sold. OFFICE: 58 Front Street, 1st door below Arrington's. Portland, March 24, '65. 121c

SNAKE RIVER FERRY. DIRECT ROUTE TO Kootenai, Colville and Bitter Root 40 MILES FROM WALLA WALLA. AT THE MOUTH OF THE PALOUSE RIVER. CROLY & CO., having purchased the stock interest of McWhirter Brothers in the above established Ferry, are now prepared with new boats and wire to cross a thousand animals in an hour. The route is the Shortest, Safest and Best road to the northern mining camps. Attentive and obliging Pilgrims will be kept in attendance, and many depots for the baggage, and the boats are under the supervision of the proprietors, will be attended with industry and dispatch. Hay and Grain constantly on hand. Aug 11 1864. CROLY & SHILOTT.

C. JACOBS & CO. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, Hardware, Cutlery, and Queensware. A good assortment of Wines and Liquors always on hand; also, MINERS' TOOLS AND SUPPLIES. Please call and examine our stock, remembering always that it is no trouble to us to give you the best. Walla Walla, Nov. 29, 1861. MEDICAL CIRCULAR. EVERY PHYSICIAN located in the country or a small village, and engaged in the practice of his profession, has more or less frequently found the successful treatment of Chronic Diseases difficult, if not impossible, until he has resorted to the many facilities which are within the reach of those residing in the cities and larger towns. The undersigned has for this reason made arrangements to furnish to the medical profession, by which patients can have the benefit of all appliances at present known to the profession. Persons placed under his care will receive in addition to the ordinary medical treatment, the benefit of Dr. Langston Park's method of treatment by fumigation, the use of many of the mineral and saline waters, both for bathing and general use, together with sea-water, &c., which is not the ordinary general and local baths of water, heated and aerated.

JOSEPH HEERING, Defendant. IN THE DISTRICT COURT, First Judicial District, Idaho Territory, for the First Judicial District of Washington Territory, Walla Walla County. To the Defendant above named—You will hereby take notice that the relation of Attorney at Law, in the office of the Clerk of the above named Court, in the county above named, a complaint against you upon a Promissory Note, bearing date December 21st, 1864, in the sum of Ninety Nine Dollars and sixty two cents, and transferred to the plaintiff, also for Rent of House and Lot, situate in Lewiston, in said county, during the term of six months, in the winter of 1865 and 1864, at twenty dollars per month. And you are hereby notified to appear and answer said complaint as follows: If served by the day of service, if served out of said county, in the District, above named, twenty days, exclusively of the day of service; if served out of said District, forty days, exclusively of the day of service; or that judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of said complaint, in which is prayed the plaintiff demand judgment for one hundred and thirty dollars, and sixty two cents, with interest on ninety-nine dollars and sixty-two cents from the 23rd day of December, 1864, at the rate of two per cent per month; and on forty dollars, from the 1st day of February, 1865, at the rate of ten per cent per annum, with costs of action. Given under my hand, and seal of said Court, this 25th day of April, A. D. 1866. J. LEANDER HOLMES, Clerk First Judicial District, T. W. W. THAYER, Plaintiff's Attorney. 20 1m

Legal Notice. UNITED STATES vs. MOSES SOLOMON, ET AL. IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the First Judicial District of Washington Territory, Walla Walla County. To MOSES SOLOMON, A. MAYER and PETER ERIG: You are hereby notified that the United States, by LEANDER HOLMES, United States Attorney, has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the next term of the Court, which shall commence more than two months after the 27th day of April, 1866, unless you appear at said term, and answer the same, unless you appear at said term and answer the same will be taken as confessed, and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is to secure judgment against said defendants for the sum of five hundred dollars, the amount of their joint and several bond executed by them April 26th, 1864, and made payable to the United States. Complaint filed April 17th, 1866. LEANDER HOLMES, U. S. District Attorney for W. T. 19-2m

Legal Notice. UNITED STATES vs. GEORGE H. LANE, ET AL. IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, for the First Judicial District of Washington Territory, Walla Walla County. To GEORGE H. LANE, S. W. BARCOX and W. W. JOHNSON: You are hereby notified that LEANDER HOLMES, United States Attorney, has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the Court, which shall commence more than two months after the 27th day of April, 1866, unless you appear at said term and answer the same will be taken as confessed, and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is to secure judgment against said defendants for the sum of five hundred dollars, the amount of their joint and several bond, executed by them on the 10th day of May, 1862, and made payable to the United States. Complaint filed 17th day of April, 1866. LEANDER HOLMES, U. S. District Attorney for W. T. 19-2m

Legal Notice. THE POWER OF ATTORNEY granted by me to J. M. Vansycle, May 29th, 1866, was this day annulled. D. S. ATWOOD. Walla Walla, March 19th, 1866. 14-1w