

# The Vancouver Register.

VOL. 4. VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, SATURDAY JANUARY 9, 1869. NO. 13.

**THE VANCOUVER REGISTER,**  
VANCOUVER, W. T.  
ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY.  
ENOCH G. ADAMS,  
Editor and Proprietor.  
TERMS:  
Per annum, in advance, \$2.00  
Terms of Advertising:  
Transient advertisements, one square (ten lines or less) first insertion, \$2.00  
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Legal advertisements at the established rates.

**STRUVE & COOK,**  
ATTORNEYS  
AND  
COUNSELLORS-AT-LAW.  
S. S. STRUVE, Notary Public.  
A. G. COOK, Notary Public.  
(Office, Up-Stairs, in)

**SOHNS & SCHUELE'S BRICK,**  
VANCOUVER, W. T.

**J. F. CAPLES,**  
ATTORNEY AND  
COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,  
COR. FRONT AND ALDER STREETS,  
(Opposite Carter's New Block),  
Portland, Oregon.

**JOS. BUCHEL'S**  
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY!  
Old Backel and Cardwell's Gallery,  
No. 89 First Street,  
BETWEEN WASHINGTON and ALDER.  
Portland, Oct. 5, 1867.

**I. L. TOBEY,**  
Physician, Surgeon  
And Acoucheur.  
(Two doors North of J. F. Smith's store.)  
VANCOUVER, W. T.  
March 14th, 1868.—24-1f.

**JOSEPH M. FLETCHER,**  
(SUCCESSION OF THE LATE OFFICE.)  
Notary Public & Conveyancer

**J. C. CHAPMAN,**  
Attorney & Counsellor  
At-Law,  
86 Front Street,  
PORTLAND, OREGON.  
Oct. 21, 1868.—10-1f.

**J. W. WHALLEY, M. W. FECHHEIMER,**  
Notary Public,  
WHALLEY & FECHHEIMER,  
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,  
And Solicitors in Bankruptcy.  
OFFICE—No. 86 Front Street, Portland,  
Particular attention paid to collections.  
Oct. 31, 1868.—11-1f.

**OFFICE**  
OF THE  
PORTLAND & COLUMBIA RIVER RAILROAD CO.  
IN SOHNS & SCHUELE'S BRICK  
Corner of Sixth and Main Streets, Vancouver, W. T.  
A. G. COOK, S. W. BROWN,  
Secretary, President.  
Vancouver, Nov. 7, 1868.—12-1f.

**MACK AND HATCH,**  
DENTISTS.  
The patronage of those desiring FIRST-CLASS OPERATIONS respectfully solicited.  
Satisfaction in all cases guaranteed.  
W. B.—NITROGEN OXIDE administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth.  
OFFICE—Corner of Washington and Front Sts. Entrance on Washington, Portland, Oregon.  
November 21, 1868.—16-1f.

**J. R. CARDWELL,**  
Dentist.  
Dental rooms, 89 First Street,  
PORTLAND, OREGON.  
Residence 235 Second Street, cor. of Columbia,  
Nov. 21, 1868.—16-1f.

**VAN FRIDAGH AND CO.**  
Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in  
DRY GOODS, FANCY  
—AND—  
MILLINERY GOODS,  
SHAWLS, AND MANTILLAS,  
No. 123 Front Street,  
Portland, Oregon.  
Oct. 21, 1868.—10-1f.

**J. B. KELLOGG.**  
KELLOGG HOUSE,  
196 Madison Street,  
Between Front and First Streets,  
Portland, Oregon.  
Oct. 24, 1868.—10-1f.

**WESTERN HOTEL**  
PORTLAND, OREGON.  
Corner of First and Morrison Streets.  
THE best and most commodious Hotel in the State, where every want is anticipated and cheerfully supplied.  
Warm and Cold Baths attached to the House.  
The Hotel is located near the Steamship Landing. The Hotel Coach will be in attendance at all the Landings to convey Passengers and Baggage to and from the House free of charge.  
DORCY & HOLMES,  
Oct. 31, 1868.—10-1f. Proprietors.

**MOODY'S HOTEL,**  
(FORMERLY THE "PATTON HOUSE")  
169 FRONT STREET,  
(Two doors South of the Old Court House.)  
Portland Oregon,  
S. T. Moody - - Proprietor.

Single Meals, 25 Cts.  
Board, per Week, \$4.00.  
with Lodgings, 5.00.  
Lodgings from 25 to 50 Cts.  
SPLENDID ACCOMMODATIONS FOR FAMILIES.  
This House is Newly Furnished in the Best Style.  
Oct. 31, 1868.—10-1f.

**PACIFIC HOUSE.**  
(LATE UNION HOTEL.)  
West side of Main Street, near the  
And convenient to the Steamboat Landing.  
VANCOUVER, W. T.

**J. L. Rankin, - - Proprietor.**  
Having rebuilt, renovated and refurnished the above House, wishes to announce to the public that he is now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner. Nothing will be left undone which is in the power of the proprietor to render guests comfortable.  
W. E. BROWN, taken of luggage.  
Vancouver, Dec. 7, 1867. 10-1f

**HURRAH! HURRAH!!**  
**L. C. CARMAN**  
HAS OPENED A  
**RESTAURANT**  
In Barker's Building, opposite the Pacific House.  
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.  
Officers, Soldiers, Citizens, and Strangers invited to call and judge for themselves.  
I have in connection with my Restaurant a Ladies' Oyster Saloon.  
L. C. CARMAN.  
Vancouver, Nov. 7, 1868.—10-1f.

**SHAKSPEARE HOTEL!**  
Kept by Mrs. McCaughey,  
FRONT STREET,  
Opposite O. S. N. CO'S. Office,  
Portland, Oregon.  
Nov. 7, 1868.—10-1f.

**BRITTON & GRAY,**  
Attorneys at Law  
No. 276 Seventh St., P. O. Box 1036,  
WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.

**SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO LAND BUSINESS.**  
Before the General Land Office and Interior Department, and generally to business before the Executive Departments and Congress.  
Having had years of experience in the General Land Office, and a long and successful practice in land claims and controversies, we are enabled to offer reliable services before the U. S. Supreme Court, Interior Department, and General Land Office.  
We refer generally to all U. S. Land Offices.  
J. H. MITCHELL, JOS. N. DOLPH, SMITH & CO.,  
Mitschell, Dolph & Smith,  
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS  
AT LAW,  
Solicitors in Chancery,  
AND PROCTORS IN ADMIRALTY.  
Office over Post Office, Front Street, Portland.  
Oct. 24, 1868.—10-1f.

**HENDER'S PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.**  
THE ONLY PLACE IN PORTLAND WHERE YOU are sure of getting No. 1 Pictures at all times is at Henderson's Gallery, corner of First and Morrison streets, where he is as well prepared to do all kinds of work as any Gallery in Oregon, and will guarantee you good satisfaction for all the work he does. He has the latest and best of every kind of camera and apparatus, and is enabled to offer reliable services before the U. S. Supreme Court, Interior Department, and General Land Office.  
We refer generally to all U. S. Land Offices.  
HENDERSON'S PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.  
Oct. 3, 1867.

**J. E. HURFORD. G. O. L. HIBBARD.**  
HURFORD & HIBBARD  
Dealers in  
Groceries, Provisions, Dried Fruits,  
LIME, CEMENT,  
PLASTER, HAIR, BRICK, LATHS,  
WINDOWS, BLINDS, DOORS,  
Flour, Bacon, Ham, Lard, Butter, Cheese,  
EGGS, COAL OIL, ETC.  
Also Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Liberal advances made on all kinds of produce.  
No. 132 Front Street,  
PORTLAND, OREGON.  
ALSO FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AND AGENTS for the sale of Salmon Pioneer Mill's OIL CARE WHEELS.  
Oct. 19, 1868.—11-1f.

**CHEAP JOHN!**  
Would respectfully announce to the public at large that he offers to the trade at lower rates than ever offered in this market, his large and well selected stock of  
CLOTHING,  
BOOTS,  
SHOES,  
HATS & CAPS,  
Yankee Notions,  
—AND—  
Ladies Wear.  
—ALSO—  
Trunks, Valises, Glazed & Carpet Bags.  
Call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere and I will guarantee to please.  
Outside auctions sales attended to at reasonable terms.  
J. ISAACS & CO.,  
Vancouver, Oct. 5, 1867.

**SONG OF THE FIRST U. S. V. INFANTRY.**  
(Parodied Epitaph of War.)  
BY CAPT. R. GARDNER.  
We are going home, O'er Missouri's plain,  
While the ruddy sunlight flashes,  
To the sunny South, from the land of death,  
For Rebellion's banner to shun,  
The insane rule of the senseless fool,  
That ruled us with rod and iron,  
Has gone with a crash, into chaotic smash,  
He has none that he can rely on.  
In a dungeon low, at Fortress Monroe,  
He is lying, the brave fire-eater,  
It was void of good all the spilling of blood,  
And useless the waste of gallantry.  
For he never could drag the stony flag,  
From its staid high in the south,  
It forever shall shine o'er the land and the brain,  
For so the Creator meant.  
From the barren plain, where there is no rain,  
From Dakota's land,  
We are sailing down to village and town  
Of the Union in its glory.  
No more is it rent like the garment,  
And give them a taste of the Union,  
For the rainbow of peace, when the tempest doth cease,  
Is the arch that we're sailing under.  
Nash the vine and the palm, on our Southern farm,  
We'll embrace dear friends of our childhood,  
How our mothers will weep they watch us asleep,  
Their sons from the desolate wildwood.  
Not with grief, but with joy that hath no alloy  
No longer as traitors we're branded,  
We have wiped all disgrace from our name and our race,  
We are soldiers with honor disbanded.  
Not Rebel paroled but Union fulfilled,  
We return to our homes and our kindred,  
There is many a kiss that we were shall miss,  
From maidens that cannot be hindered.  
If soldiers from, we will tattle them down,  
And give them a taste of the Union,  
We'll administer oaths and horse-whippings both,  
To men that dislike our communion.  
To the hour of our death, to our last parting breath,  
When our eye with the death-stim is misted,  
We will herald with pride that we took the right side,  
And honor the day we sallied.  
Then three cheers for the flag that no mortal can drag,  
Be it Frenchman, or British, or Tory,  
From its home in the sky where it watcheth on high  
And ever shall wave in its glory.

**Solving the Ghost Question**  
About the year 18—, business had called me to a remote part of B— county, Tennessee, and I was staying at the house of a Mr. Hart. The family consisted of Mr. Hart and wife, one son and two daughters. The son was a young man, and was about twenty years of age, and seemed to be very intelligent. The girls were no less intelligent than Amelin. Adela, the eldest was about seventeen and Julia the youngest about fifteen.  
"Prettier girl I never saw. I loved them both as soon as I had seen them."  
We were sitting by a blazing fire, talking and laughing as lively as if we had been acquainted for years: when a sudden noise, as if some large building was falling, interrupted us.  
"Ugh! ugh! ugh!" said some one, as if frightened out of his senses.  
All of the family rushed to the door, except Julia who sat still and remarked,  
"It is Bill Jenkins running from the ghosts again."  
Scarcely had the words escaped from her lips when she rushed a tall, gawky, awkward almost headless fellow puffing and blowing like a locomotive.  
"What's the matter?" said Mr. Hart.  
"Matter enough!" said Bill, his eyes looking almost as large as the bottoms of two common sized shoes. "Out yonder," he continued, throwing himself down upon a chair: "out yonder, I heard a baby a cryin', and then somebody a groanin' and snuffin'; and I tell ye I jest got away from that."  
At this I could not suppress a laugh.  
"You needn't laugh, old hoss," continued he, turning to me; "you needn't laugh, for I'll swear it's no fun; it's just so, I'll swear it."  
I turned to Austin, and said,  
"Let us accompany him back to the place where he heard the noise, and solve the ghost for him."  
Austin was silent.  
"Will you go?" I asked.  
Austin began to stammer out something.  
"Darn me!" interrupted Bill, "darn me, gentlemen, if you get me back there any more, see if you do!"  
"Than tell us where it was," said I, "and if we can hear it, we'll solve it, sure."  
"Austin don't care much about going, I believe," said Adela.  
"You are not superstitious, are you?" I asked him.  
"No," said he, "I'm not superstitious, but I'm afraid of catching cold, that's all."  
"I propose," said Julia, who had been silent till now, "that we all go. Mr. Hart, Austin, Adela and myself. This mornin' is now up, and it would be a pleasant walk for us, besides, we might have some real fun."  
After some hesitation on Austin's part, this proposition was accepted. Bill told us where he had heard the ghost, but would not go with us.

"Of we started. When we came to the spot, we found that Bill had knocked down about twenty panels of the fence. We had gone two or three hundred yards, talking very lively, when we entered a low, dark place in the road; the timber was very tall and thick, which caused it to be darker than anywhere else. When advanced a few paces into this place, our conversation stopped.— Scarcely had we ceased talking, when—  
"Boo woo-woo-ugh! went something near us."  
"What's that?" said Austin, halting.  
I advanced, and Julia stepped to my side and said—  
"It's Bill's ghost, sure."  
"Ou-boo-woo ugh!" came forth again.  
If could suppress my laughter no longer, proved to be nothing more or less than a hog, which was not sleeping comfortably, and was thus complaining.  
"What is it?" insisted Austin, who had not yet found out what it was.  
Just then we came to the hog-bed and the hogs all ran off frightened as bad as Bill was. "Humph!" said Austin; "it's hogs, I'll swear, that caused Bill so much fussing."  
We turned and went back to the house, and had a fine laugh at Bill, about his ghosts; but Bill would not give up but that his were real ghosts.  
I learned that there were but few persons in this neighborhood who were not superstitious.  
I was informed that the place where Bill had heard the ghost, was really haunted.  
Among other stories that were told that night concerning the place, was one as follows:—  
Some time ago a man was coming through this place; it was very dark; he heard something by the roadside; turning in the direction of the noise, he perceived something white. It looked, he said, like a woman dressed in white. He spoke to her; she raised her arms above her head, and said: "John Kinsler, if you will be happy, you must marry Jane Morton, and have the Robert family at the wedding. Remember, John Kinsler!"  
So saying, she dropped her arms, and ascended slowly upwards until she was out of sight.  
John afterward married Jane, and the Robert family were at the wedding.  
I expressed a desire to see or hear some such ghosts, but Austin thought I would repent of my wish when I saw them.  
Bed-time came, and we retired as the clock struck twelve.  
I lay awake in bed a long time, thinking of the incidents of the day.  
I thought of Adela and Julia; which I loved best I could not tell.  
Nothing else took place worth relating here during my stay at Mr. Robert's. I left next morning, "living and loving."  
Two years after the above mentioned incident took place, I was passing through that part of the country again, and of course I called on Mr. Robert.  
I found that the neighborhood was as superstitious as ever. The place where Bill Jenkins had heard the ghost was still haunted. Many things had been heard; sights had been seen—from an Angel to Beelzebub himself.  
I was very anxious to come across one of the ghosts, and during my stay at Mr. Robert's I passed through the haunted place at all times of the night, but saw and heard nothing. I finally came to the conclusion that it was all imagination.  
One dark night in July I was passing through this place, and heard something make a noise in the dry leaves near me; turning towards the noise I beheld something that looked, I thought, very much like a ghost. It seemed to be the figure of a woman. There was no waist in her dress, and it was very long. All this I could make out, notwithstanding the darkness.  
I stood still to see what she would do. I must acknowledge that I did not feel exactly cool just then, but I managed to appear so.  
"Marion," said the ghost, "if you will be happy you must marry Julia Robert. Remember, Marion!"  
Judge of my surprise and horror when the ghost sprang out her arms and ascended upward, until she was lost in the timber! What could I do? Soared as I was, I did not run, knocking down the fence, as Bill Jenkins did, after I had gone a few paces, I heard a distant roaring behind me that continued more than two minutes. I did not look back, for I did not care about coming in contact with another ghost that night.  
At an early hour I retired. Next morning when I came into the parker Julia was there alone. When I entered she greeted me, blushing and trembling.  
After I had looked around and convinced myself that no one was near, I said: "Julia, at last I have seen a ghost."  
When I said this Julia again blushed and turned her head from me.  
"What kind of a ghost was it?" said she.  
"I told her all I had seen, but omitted what the ghost had said."  
Julia told me she had seen one just like it two or three nights before.  
"I suppose," she said, "you have become superstitious?"  
I could not deny, yet I would not acknowledge that I was superstitious.  
I implored Julia not to mention it until I could find out something more about the ghost, and she promised.  
I determined to pass through this place every night during my stay at Mr. Robert's, which was to continue about two weeks from this time.  
For several nights I watched nor did I see anything like a ghost until the night before my departure, when walking along, I beheld the same ghost, at the same place, standing about twenty feet from me when I first beheld it. I stopped, and the ghost said: "Marion, to-morrow you leave this place, and you have not asked Julia to be your wife. Go and ask her at once. Remember, Marion!"  
Instantly I rushed forward, threw my arms around the ghost. She shrieked, and started up; I held fast, and up we went.  
No pen can describe, no tongue can tell, in fact no one can imagine my feelings at that moment.  
Up we went. Still I held on to the ghost.—But I was becoming sick of my situation. I had my whole weight to hold up, by holding to the phanton.  
"Let me down!" I shouted.  
"Promise me one thing," said the ghost.

"Promise upon your word that you will leave the spot as soon as you touch the ground."  
"I promise anything to get from here," said I.  
"Let us down!" she shouted as loud as I had.  
Down we went. But as we went down I was very busy in trying to find out more about her. I found that she had a large rope around her, and was drawn up by it. A loop was made for her feet, then one for each hand; and she could stand upright; with the greatest ease.  
Just as we touched the ground, I took out my knife and cut the rope, just above the head of the ghost.  
She shrieked and fell to the ground; I raised her up.  
"Oh!" said she, "Beelzebub will be here in a moment. See, there he comes now!"  
Here she tried to leave me, but I held on to her. I heard a terrible noise in the dry leaves just behind me. I looked around and something was approaching. As near as I could discern in the dark, it resembled a very large man.  
It came up very close to me and still for a moment; then it tapped me on the shoulder, and said in a rough, hoarse voice: "Come!"  
I put my hand down to the ground, and as luck would have it, I put it on a stick as large as a man's arm. I snatched it up, and gave "Beelzebub" a blow with it which brought him to the ground.  
My ghostly companion again shrieked and fell. I caught her up in my arms, and retreated as fast as my legs could carry me. Presently I ran against the fence, and knocked as much of it down as Bill Jenkins did. But I did not stop but went on and into the house.  
I sat the ghost upon a chair, and called for a light. She here made a great effort to escape, but all in vain.  
A light was brought; a veil covered her face, and it was with great difficulty that I removed it. After a considerable struggle the veil was removed, and lo! it was JULIA ROBERT!

She shrieked and fell to the ground, and was obliged to her room.  
Just here, in came a negro girl, a slave of Mr. Robert's, looking as though she was frightened out of her senses.  
"Mamma! massa! run in de kitchen right quick, 'cause Sambo come in dar all bloody, 'an a bleedin' yet; he says he got he head broke."  
Austin and myself went into the kitchen to examine Sambo's head. There was a very large gash, cut to the bone, just above the left temple.  
To be brief, Julia had employed a negro man, Sambo, to assist her. He had procured a long rope, and fastened it around Julia, as I have already described; and then climbing a very large tree, put the rope through a fork and then descended. By this he could raise Julia as high as the forks of the tree, where she should be entirely out of sight of any person below, owing to the thickness of the timber.  
Julia was the ghost that told John Kinsler to marry Jane Morton; and Sambo had always acted "Beelzebub" when necessary. But after he had acted "Beelzebub" with me, he swore he "never would be de debil agin'."  
I have no grudge on account of Julia's manner of scolding me—on the contrary I felt rather pleased and complimented. In about six months from that time we were married.

Years have since rolled by. A robust boy and a pretty little girl have blessed our union and never have I repented for one moment that I saw the ghost, or that Julia became my wife.

**A MUSCULAR CHRISTIAN OF OLDEN TIME.**  
Dr. Alfred Booth, in his reminiscences of Springfield, Mass., gives this racy account of a rare man of muscle in the last century—Deacon John Hitchcock:  
Born in 1722, in the North Main street region, he moved while a young man, into the eastern part of the town, now known as South Wilbraham; married in 1745, and was the first deacon of the church there, continuing in office many years. He is well remembered by Hon. Oliver B. Morris, as occupying the deacon's seat at meetings, his whitened locks giving him quite a venerable appearance.—During a long life he was of wonderful strength, agility and endurance, and had been a worthy competitor in the games of those days. It is related of him that on one occasion, a man riding by the field where he was at work, and boasting of the speed of his horse, was challenged by the deacon, who said he could run to Springfield quicker on foot than the horse with his rider could. The test resulted in the triumph of the deacon; distance ten miles; time not stated. He would lift a cart-load of hay by getting his shoulders under the axle, in a stooping posture, and throw an empty cart over with one hand, by taking hold of the axle tree. When loading grain in a cart, he would take a bag by the teeth, and with a swing and the aid of a push from the knee, throw it into the cart. He had double teeth in front, and would hold a tennepny nail by them and break it off with his fingers. He used to say he did not know a man he could not whip or run away from! The day he was seventy years old, he remarked to his wife, that when they were first married he was wont to amuse her by taking down his hat with his toes, and added: "I wonder if I could do it now?" Thereupon he jumped from the door, took off the hat with his toes, came down on his feet like a cat, hung up the hat on the nail, turned to the table, asked a blessing, and ate of the repast then ready.

Archie and Tom sparked the same girl. One night Archie called on her and found her alone. After some conversation he burst out with: "Miss Mollie, do you think you could leave this comfortable home, kind father and mother, loving brothers and sisters, and go to the far West with a young man who has little to live on save his profession?"  
Miss Mollie laid her hand gently on Archie's shoulder, and with her eyes about half closed, her ruby lips slightly apart, and said softly: "Yes, Archie, I think I could."  
"Well," said Archie, "my friend Tom is going West, wants to marry. I will mention it to him."  
Julia, sarcastically, "you're too kind."

**PRESERVATION OF BOOKS.**—A correspondent of one of our exchange-papers:  
"About twenty-five years ago I was annoyed by finding the backs of several rows of books, some in a book-case having glass doors, which were locked, frequently mildewed. Wiping them carefully, cleaned them only for a short time, for fresh crops of mildew speedily disfigured them again. Remembering to have seen my father, who always made his own ink, finish off by pouring a small glass of spirits of wine into the ink jar, in order to prevent its becoming mouldy. I lightly washed over the back and covers of the books with spirits of wine, using as a brush a small goose quill. I frequently saw the books during the next few years, and I have occasionally seen them since, and there has not, so far as I am aware been a single spot of mildew on them since the spirit of wine was applied. I have used spirits of wine to prevent mildew with equally good effect in other cases."

An aged negro, whose eminent piety had secured for her an extensive reputation, in walking her usual round of visits, dropped in upon a neighbor, who was equally well-known as a temperance man and a lover of tobacco. After being courteously received, the negro pulled from her pocket a long pipe, and commenced smoking some very strong tobacco, to the infinite disgust of her host. The man maintained his composure several minutes, but the fumes and smoke soon became too powerful for him, and rising from his chair he said:  
"Aunt Chloe, do you think you're a Christian?"  
"Yes, brudder."  
"Do you believe in the Bible, Aunt?"  
"Yes, brudder."  
"Do you know there is a passage in the Scriptures which declares that anything unclean shall not inherit the kingdom of Heaven?"  
"Yes, I've heard of it."  
"Do you believe it?"  
"Yes."  
"Well, Chloe, you smoke, and you cannot enter the kingdom of Heaven, because there is nothing so unclean as the breath of a smoker. What do you say to that?"  
"Why, I 'spects to leave my bruff behind me when I go to Heaven."

Mrs. Benjamin P. Adams, of Topsheld, Mass., an invalid, devoted one day each week during the war to work for the soldiers; and since its termination she has appropriated the same amount of time for the benefit of the freedmen. With her own hands she has made more than six hundred garments from new cloth for these charitable purposes.

**BEHIND TIME.**—Every man who carries a watch.

**Railroad Bridge Across the Mississippi.**  
On the 7th of November the formal opening of the Quincy (Ill.) Railroad bridge across the Mississippi river took place, making an unbroken railway line from the East, via Chicago, to Kansas city on the Missouri. When the bridge at this place shall be finished the through line will penetrate the heart of Kansas. We copy from the Chicago Railway Review the following description of the bridge:  
"The first stone was laid Sept., 25th, 1867, the last, August 5th, 1868. Its total length, including embankments, from the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy to the St. Joseph Railroad tracks, is about two miles. The draw portion of the bridge spanning the main channel of the river consists of two spans of 160 feet each; and the main bridge consists, otherwise, of two spans of 250 feet, three of 200, and eleven of 157 feet each—making a total, with the mason work, of 3,220. The embankments and trestle work between are 1,400 feet in length. Bay bridge, 613 feet; one draw, 190 feet long, and four spans of 85 feet each. The bridge is elevated ten feet above high water mark, and twenty feet above low water mark, on stone piers. The masonry and foundations are the work of the Bridge Company, under the direction of the Chief Engineer. The substructure is of iron, on the Pratt truss principle. Every piece of wrought iron in the ties, links, bolts, etc., was tested in a hydraulic press up to 25,000 to the square inch, and struck with a hammer, while under tension, before being used in the bridge. Theoretically, the strength before the effect of load becomes apparent is stretching 28,000 pounds to the square inch; while the ultimate strength is 60,000 to the square inch. The bridge is so proportioned that a train of two locomotives and the heaviest freight cars strain the iron only 7,500 pounds to the inch."  
The tests made were these:  
Three of the heaviest locomotives were coupled and placed at rest centrally upon the span 250 feet long, and the deflection or yielding of bridge very accurately observed by means of instruments. The total weight of the load was 300,000 pounds, and the maximum deflection at the centre of the span was 2-4/223 inches, being one-sixteenth of an inch less than the deflection previously calculated.  
The same load was then placed upon a span 157 feet long, and a deflection produced of 1-375 inches, which varied but little from the result of previous calculations.  
The three locomotives, still coupled, were then run over the 157 foot span several times, at rates of speed varying from ten to sixteen miles. The deflection produced was 1-400 inches, being an increase of only 3-1 inches over the deflection while at rest. Probably no severer test than this will ever be applied to the bridge in actual use. In each case on the removal of the load, the bridge at once resumed its previous form.—The strain, applied to-day was 5,100 to the square inch of wrought iron, and 5,800 pound per square inch of cast iron.

On the 157 feet span, the strain applied was 9,000 pounds to the square inch on the wrought iron, and 10,200 pounds to the square inch on the cast, being about one-quarter more than the strain produced by the passage of the heaviest freight train. All the wrought iron had been tested before being used by a strain of 33,000 pounds to the square inch. Specimens of the wrought iron which were subjected to the ultimate strain, broke only at 60,000 to 80,000 per square inch. The total cost of the structure was \$1,500,000.

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AGENTS FOR THE REGISTER:

J. P. FISHER, San Francisco, Cal.
H. H. MUNSON, San Francisco, Cal.
HUDSON & MENET are the only authorized Agents in the Atlantic States. Office, 44 Park Row, Times Building, New York City.

A WORD TO OUR READERS.

We are a little later than usual in publishing this week's issue, for which we crave the pardon of our patrons. In explanation we would state the following facts: During our absence last week there appeared in the Register a very flattering notice of Hon. L. Holmes, U. S. Atty., who is now on a political pilgrimage to Washington City. Inasmuch as notice did not echo our sentiments nor the sentiments of the community concerning L. Holmes and his qualities, and as the same had been written by Holmes himself, as we discovered by the original copy in his own handwriting now in our possession, we were unwilling that any politician should put his own horn under cover of the editorial pen and without our knowledge or consent.

YEAR BRACKET.—The following, from the pen of Mr. Hugh G. Adams, editor of the Vancouver Register, would lead us to believe that an importation of "Oregon slimes" had arrived in that locality: "There is a paper published at Port Townsend familiarly known among its patrons as the 'Slime'. Our drift accounts for it on the supposition that the editor is a 'slime'."

The election of Grant would be an endorsement of negro suffrage, military law, high tariffs, insularism, the Chinese treaty, and every other outrage of radicalism. The election of Seymour would be the endorsement of the Constitution with all its guarantees of civil liberty.—J. H. SUTHERLAND.

A Good Omen.—The radicals made a considerable effort to induce General Grant to submit to elections on the route, and a grand reception at Washington, but he pertinaciously refused, and returned quietly, and modestly. It has been the long of those republicans of this coast to get under the influence of the respectable and cooperative gentlemen of his party, the country may hope for a patriotic and prosperous administration.—D. W. STEVENS.

Consistency is a jewel. Stand up to the rank Br. Newell, fiddler or no fiddler.

AN INDEPENDENT CASE.—Leland Holmes has written a letter to a citizen of this place, wherein he continues to tout his horns in the following style: "It seems that I was sufficiently competent to secure the removal of Cochran, while you, Fletcher, Struve, Cook, Hazard, all the military, two-thirds of the citizens, Flinders and Senator Williams could not keep him in."

It is reported that Secretaries Seward, McCulloch, Schiefel and Evans tried to dissuade Johnson from inserting in his message the paragraph in favor of repudiating the payment of interest on the national debt. But he replied that in four years from now it will be the most popular proposition before the people. It is possible that Andy intends to run for President on that issue in 1872.

There was an article published in the Oregon Herald about the Vancouver Register, during our absence, and since the one replied to. We have attempted to find a copy of it, but are unable, as no one in Vancouver thinks enough of it to keep it on file.

We saw a sink of date at Judge Olney's farm on Young's River, where Col. Spalden resides which measured 9 feet with head 35 inches length. Young's River is in Clatsop County, Oregon. There was more than an acre of such cuts.

We intend in a short time to enlarge our paper. It becomes necessary on account of the great number of Ads., with which we are crowded. This is the result of our large subscription list.

SMALL-POX IN WASHINGTON TERRITORY.—A young lady named Shaw is seriously ill with the small-pox, at Hookland, opposite the Dalles. Having lately come from California, the supposition is that she brought the germs of the disease with her from there.

The Olympia Transcript wails "munchly" because McCormick did not send them a copy of his Almanac. Friend McCormick, send them a last year's Almanac, they will never know the difference till they learn it from the Register.

Hon. L. Holmes is bound to put his own horn, if he don't sell a class.

Report.

GENTLEMEN OF THE BOARD OF MANAGERS OF THE CLATSOP COUNTY AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANICAL SOCIETY: At the close of this fiscal year, I will report to you briefly the condition of our Society. The Society was organized on the 23rd day of July last, and legally incorporated under the laws of this Territory. It was thought to be advisable by the Board of Managers to hold a County Fair in October last; arrangements were made and the Fair held; the list of the premiums and awards can be seen by the report of the President and Secretary at the close of the Fair, as published in the Vancouver Register of October 31st, 1888.

By the report of the Treasurer it will be seen that the Society has received the sum of Seven Hundred and Thirty-One Dollars and Eighty-One Cents, and has paid out the sum of Seven Hundred and Fifty Dollars and Eighty-Three Cents,—being Nineteen Dollars and Two Cents of expenditures more than receipts. The Treasurer, Mr. S. D. Maxon, generously donating that sum to the Society.

The sum of Fifteen Dollars had been previously donated by Messrs. Brown, Maxon, Suliste, Maulsby, Hayden, Cilley and Palmer, and several premiums were also donated by other parties, so that the Society is out of debt at the close of this fiscal year.

A few words to Farmers, Mechanics and Laborers:

We are now entering upon a new year, and as energetic men, men who expect to leave the world better for having lived in it, we should commence our work with the year, and pursue it with persevering continuity, so necessary to the accomplishment of any object. Now is the time to make your plans for the coming year, without which you can never be a successful farmer or mechanic. When you have your plans fully matured, then you can gradually be spending your time upon them when you have nothing else that you are compelled to do outside of your general plans.

We have, during the past year, successfully organized and set in operation an Agricultural and Mechanical Society, for the benefit of the laborers of our County. We had but a short time to prepare for the holding of a County Fair last Fall, and as a consequence the arrangements were not perfected with the care they should have been; but we did what we could, and the Fair was a success. The new Board of Managers will begin their work with the new year. There will be a meeting of the Board on the 23rd day of this month for the purpose of taking the initiatory steps for the holding of a Fair the coming Summer or Autumn, and we wish the Committees of each precinct will meet with us and we will commence the year's work together, and then let us work together shoulder to shoulder during the entire year and we are sure of success.

We have an excellent County for agricultural, mechanical and manufacturing purposes, and with honest and energetic men, women and children we are on the high road to prosperity, to say nothing of the rapid strides made by the Union Pacific Railroad towards our Coast, and soon there will be a branch of the same coming down the Snake and the Columbia rivers, uniting in our Country with the Railroad to the Sound.

Lewis Van Fleet, President of the Clatsop County Agricultural and Mechanical Society.

Lively Times.—As the Pacific Railroad approaches completion the towns on its coast seem to be infected with the sanguinary propensities which characterize the towns along its line. Cheyenne, Green River City, Bear River City, in their palmy days, are eclipsed for the time being by our usually law-abiding neighbor. The excitement began on the evening of January 1st, by one James Hayden shooting and killing Michael Malone at Coulson's saloon on North Front Street. There had been a previous dispute between the parties concerning \$20 which Hayden claimed was owing him by the deceased. Hayden, upon a charge of murder, pleaded not guilty and waiting an examination, was committed to answer before the next grand jury.

On the same evening a Frenchman named Joseph Bertrand was stabbed seriously in a room in the rear of the New Orleans hotel. Search was made for the man who did it, but he was not found. On Monday evening W. R. Hill, better known as "Buckin Bill," received a gunshot wound at the hands of James Connolly, from which he died in a few hours. Hill went to the house in search of his wife who he supposed to be there, and while there a quarrel arose between him and Connolly and the latter's wife. Hill soon retreated from the house followed by both Connolly and his wife, the one with a pistol the other holding a light. When Hill had reached the sidewalk and retreated to near the corner of Columbia street, Connolly fired, the ball taking effect in the left side of Hill's body, passing through and coming out at the left side, just at the base of the ribs. Connolly was arrested within a short time after committing the fatal deed and lodged in the County jail.

About two o'clock on Tuesday morning, a named Jack Burdard was arrested while in the act of chasing and shooting Frank Cleveland, on Front street. Burdard fired two shots, one of which, it is said, took off a part of Cleveland's ear. He was arrested. The Oregonian remarks: "The roughs have come to think that they have a little more than an even hand with Justice, and so they 'go in.' A little judicial hanging, a moderate amount of imprisonment, and a considerable piling on of fines, would clear up the moral atmosphere of the city amazingly."

The Grande Ronde Sentinel publishes a poem called "The Old Gun Show." Can a single article of Democratic papers show it?

EASTERN NEWS.

(From dispatches to the Daily Register.)

Rebels Come to Terms.

Richmond, Jan. 4.—A conference of some of the leading men of the State has been in session for two days past, attended by H. H. Stuart, Thorneycroft, Gen. Echols, Ruffin, Ruffin and many others. A preamble and resolutions were agreed on, stating that while the people of Virginia do not believe the negro, in his uneducated condition is yet fit for self government, yet in view of the expression of public opinion by the recent national election, in the hope of creating harmony in the Union, they are willing to accept universal suffrage. A committee of nine were appointed to visit Washington and urge Congress to legislate so as to secure the rights of the people of the State. A resolution was adopted recommending the people of the State to hold a convention Feb. 10th at Richmond, to receive the report of the committee and arrange for a canvass. This conference is the result of a movement on the part of the "do somethings," as distinguished from the "do nothings," the former desiring to make advances towards meeting the reconstruction act and averting the disabilities of the test oath, etc., of the new Constitution, and the latter believing that the people of the State should, under no circumstances, sanction negro suffrage, which they believe disastrous and degrading.

St. Louis, Jan. 3.—The storm of Thursday and Friday was very violent throughout the North from the Missouri to the Atlantic, and seriously interrupted travel.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The annual report of D. A. Wells, special commissioner of revenue, will be transmitted to Congress Thursday. It is said to be an elaborate document. District Attorney Carrington has ceased to be summoned some ten witnesses so far, but none from a distance, to appear before the grand jury with the view of obtaining another indictment against Surratt.

Money Combinations.

New York, Jan. 3.—There is a strong combination of "bulls" in Wall street. Drew, Vanderbilt, Jay, Gould, James Fiske, Henry Keep and other large capitalists intend to carry over stocks. It is said that they control forty or fifty millions and will have things all their own way. They have their campaign all arranged. The "bears," who are demoralized, build hopes upon the opinion that the directors of this colossal movement will quarrel over the Western lines, for which the New York Central and Erie are chiefs in each other's competition. It is reported in certain official circles that the great "bulls" intend to sell their stock when they get the market high enough. This will cause a lack of currency, lead down prices, and they will buy again at a large decline.

In the Court of Common Pleas, yesterday, before Judge Barrett, in the case of Hodgkins and other against the Atlantic and Pacific and South Pacific Railroad Companies, an injunction was granted restraining the Shoe and Leather Bank of this city from paying the coupons on the mortgage bonds of defunct bonds, due January 1st, on the ground that they were issued in violation of previous injunctions.

Buffalo, Jan. 3.—The new suspension bridge at Niagara was thrown open to the public yesterday.

Retrenchment at Washington.

Chicago, Jan. 4.—The Republican Washington special says the House Committee on Appropriations had a protracted session on Saturday and made considerable progress with the Naval Appropriation bill. The committee are satisfied that the estimates of that Department are larger than there is any necessity for, and accordingly have made a reduction in many items. It is understood that General Grant does not favor the maintaining of large squadrons at foreign stations that are not important, and especially where American interests can be protected with two or three ships as well as a fleet.

The same committee are charged with the investigation of the contract with Wells, Fargo & Co. for carrying the overland mail, and someone since addressed a letter to the Postmaster General asking a suspension of all payments till they have completed their investigations. On Saturday the committee received a letter from Randall stating that the committee wishes would be complied with. Senator Sherman denies ever having had the intention of introducing amendments, and that he does not know of any Senator having such intentions.

Congressional.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The Senate resumed its session at noon to day. Thirty-nine members were present.

The President presented a statement from the Secretary of War of the number of troops employed in the service against the Indians. Also a statement from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting the report of the Special Commissioner of Revenue, Wells, and asking the attention of Congress to his recommendations.

Terry offered a resolution requesting the President to transmit a copy of his late amnesty proclamation, with a statement of the authority by which it was issued. Terry said he offered the resolution because, although he favored the amnesty, he doubted the right of the President to grant it in this sweeping way and he wished to have the question settled.

Howard was very glad the attention of the Senate had been called to this question. He thought it important that the people of the United States should know whether the President had such a disposing power as was implied in the issue of the proclamation. He believed the assumption by the Executive of the power of pardon, was unwarranted by precedent. After considerable debate between Frelinghuysen and Conkling against the resolution, and Davis and Doolittle in its favor, it was adopted.

Wilson introduced a bill to amend the national banking law, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Stewart introduced a bill to enable the people of Georgia to form a State Government, Republican in form. It referred to the Judiciary Committee. The bill provides for a repeal of so much of the reconstruction acts as applies to Georgia, and to make the Government of the State provisional; and it provides for the reassembling of the Constitutional Convention in March next. It also provides that no one shall be excluded from voting on the Constitution on account of race or color, and that when the Constitution is ratified by voters, it shall be submitted to the consideration of Congress.

On motion of Howard the Secretary of the Treasury was directed to transmit copies of the last annual reports of the Pacific Railroad Company.

After a short Executive session the Senate adjourned.

In the House nothing of importance was done, the time being mostly occupied in Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union and on the President's Message of 1877. Widom, of Minnesota, made a speech in favor of the construction of the Northern Pacific Railroad. Madrid, Jan. 5.—A conflict is going on in Barcelona. Many persons have been arrested. The peasants of Andalusia, induced by poverty, have organized into plundering parties, pillaging the rich landholders.

Pursuant to notice and adjournment, the Board of Managers of the Clatsop County Agricultural and Mechanical Society met at Grant's Hall at 10 o'clock, 24th St., Lewis Van Fleet, Esq., occupying the Chair, and Julius Suliste, Esq., acting as Secretary.

Minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The President presented the annual report of the Society, which was read, approved and ordered filed. S. D. Maxon, Esq., Treasurer of the Society, presented his annual account, with vouchers, by which it appeared that a balance of \$19 02 cents existed in favor of the Treasurer. The report was ordered filed. The Treasurer announced that he donated to the Society the amount balance due him.

A motion to deliver Diplomas free of charge to all persons entitled to receive the same was carried. A motion that a copy of the proceedings this meeting, together with the annual report of the President, be furnished to the Vancouver Register for publication was carried. No further business being in order the meeting adjourned sine die.

JULIUS SULISTE, Sec'y.

The State of Delaware banishes her criminals, by way of punishment, instead of confining them, and thus sends them into other States to commit further crimes and prey upon other communities. It is proposed that all the States adopt banishment as a mode of punishment, and that Alaska be selected as the American Botany Bay.

There were about fifty thousand dollars returned into the United States Treasury during the last fiscal year as conscience money. This is quite a sum, but it is probably a very preposterously small per centage of the money lying on the public conscience, and that without causing any loss of sleep.

The Fair held by the Sisters Charity at Walla Walla during the holidays was a complete success. In a card of thanks published in the local paper they acknowledge the receipt of \$1,325.

It appears there is but one Revolutionary soldier now on the pension list. But the names of no less than eight hundred and eighty-eight Revolutionary widows appear on the list. Are women so much longer lived than men, or were the Revolutionary heroes partial to young wives?

The eastern corner of the Main and Second Street was filled from the river by the Fire Department night before last, the rain meanwhile falling in copious torrents.

We would call attention to Dr. C. G. Caples' All-Healer of Portland, one of the best physicians on this Coast. We congratulate the pleasant people of Mantlella on this occasion to their society. While Dr. Caples can cure human wounds and diseases, his excellent sympathy and active benevolence all the wounds and diseases of the human mind. Her presence will be like a sunbeam on the benighted minds of those God has bereft of reason.

A MEDICINE for our mothers, wives, and sisters. A highly respectable lady of Stockton, Cal., says: "My strength was exhausted, stomach empty, fed with fast settling into dyspepsia, afflicted with intense pain, inability to walk, loss of spirits, and no enjoyment in life. I used Bristol's Sarsaparilla, as directed in the almanac, and experienced a complete cure."

New Advertisements.

Closing Business!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING DETERMINED TO close up business within a few days, offers great inducements to purchasers. My fine stock of

GROCERIES, CROCKERIES, GLASSWARE, HARDWARE AND NAILS, DRY GOODS, READY MADE CLOTHING, BLANKETS

And all kind of Salem Woven Goods,

HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES

of all descriptions are offered at COST PRICES.

—ALSO— My Store, Dwelling, and adjoining buildings are offered for sale.

N. B.—Persons indebted to me either by note or book account, are hereby notified that unless settled within ninety days, they will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection.

M. WINTLER, 13-17.

Homestead Notice.

To Thomas H. Baxter:

YOU are hereby notified that an affidavit has been filed in this office by Levi M. Sallow, alleging that he holds by you in the South half of the Northwest quarter of the Southeast quarter of the Northwest quarter of the Township No. 2 North of Range No. 3 East has been abandoned by you, and asking that the Entry may be canceled.

You are further notified that Saturday the 11th day of February 1889 has been set apart for the hearing of the said case, and unless you appear at this office on that day and show good cause to the contrary, the said Entry will be reported to the General Land Office for cancellation.

Register of the Land Office at Vancouver, W. T. Dated January 7, 1889.—J. M. FLETCHER, Clerk.

Notice of Street Improvement.

NOTICE is hereby notified that the Common Council of the City of Vancouver has passed a resolution to improve Main street in accordance with the ordinance establishing the grade thereof.

A. STANBERRY. L. V. PROTZMAN. STANSBERRY & PROTZMAN, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, LADIES DRESS GOODS, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Groceries and Provisions. Highest cash price paid for ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE. Corner Front and Yamhill Streets, Portland, Oregon. Nov. 23, 1888.—87-17.

H. MOSKOWITZ & CO., Cigar Manufacturers, And Dealers in Tobacco, Yankee Notions, &c. Corner Front and 12th Street, 999 1/2 Commercial Hotel, and East Portland Ferry, PORTLAND OREGON. Orders from a distance promptly attended to. Nov. 23, 1888.—87-17.

B. F. GILTNER. JAS. MOBLINK. B. F. GILTNER & CO., ST. HELENS, OREGON. Dealers in DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, HATS AND CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS, BEST BRANDS TOBACCO AND CIGARS, READY MADE CLOTHING, &c. Customers will find our stock complete, comprising many articles it is impossible here to enumerate, and all sold at moderate prices.

All indebted to the above firm are requested to settle before the 1st of January, or their accounts will be left with a lawyer for collection. 87-17.

P. H. FOX, Civil & Military Tailor, VANCOUVER, W. T. Has removed his shop directly opposite "Cheap John's" Store. He returns thanks to the citizens of Vancouver and Clatsop County generally, for past favors, hoping to merit a continuance of the same. Nov. 21, 1888.—86-17.

CHAS. E. DUBOIS, Manufacturer and Dealer in FURS OF ALL KINDS, No. 102; First Street, PORTLAND, OREGON. Furs of all kinds constantly on hand AND MADE TO ORDER. Furs Cleaned, and Repaired. Nov. 21, 1888.—86-17.

First Premium AT State Fair. PORTLAND MANUFACTORY. A. GRABENHIEM, Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in BOOTS & SHOES, 94 Front St., bet. Washington and Alder, PORTLAND, OREGON.

Ladies', Gents', Misses' & Children's Wear Made to Order and Warranted as Represented. Nov. 21, 1888.—86-17.

G. C. RIDER, Corner FIRST and SALMON Streets, (Opposite Hargren & Skinner's), Portland, Oregon. MANUFACTURER OF SPRING, HAIR, BRASSIER, Wool, Moss and Felt Beds.

—AND DEALER IN— BLANKETS, BED-Spreads, COUNTERPANES, COMFORTERS, SHEETS, PILLOW-CASES, and all kinds of bedding materials. Oregon-made Furniture constantly kept on hand. Furniture repaired, cleaned and varnished. Nov. 21, 1888.—86-17.

NEW STORE! RANDALL & SUNDERLAND, Corner of Front and Alder Sts., (next door to Pottery) ARE OPENING THEIR New Stock of Boots and Shoes, Comprising every variety of LADIES', GENTS', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S WEAR. Now Manufactured.

Which we propose to sell Extremely Low for Cash. All Goods of our own Manufacture Warranted. RANDALL & SUNDERLAND. Nov. 21, 1888.—86-17.

Vancouver House! AT THE FOOT OF MAIN STREET AND THE LEVEE, NEAR THE LANDING. THIS UNDERSIGNED hereby announces to his friends and the public generally, that he has got the best meals at all hours, and that his table is supplied with the best market affords.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS, —IN— Restaurant Style. Fresh Oysters ALWAYS ON HAND AND Served in every Style. WILLIAM BAKER, Proprietor. Vancouver, Nov. 21, 1888.—86-17.

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Donnerberg & Barrett, No. 130 First Street, PORTLAND, OREGON. Will keep constantly on hand, NEW WATER HEATING, BATH TUBS, HOT AND COLD WATER SHOWERS, SILVER PLATED BATH COCKS, MARBLE SINKS, MARBLE WASH BASINS, WATER CLOSETS, DOUGLAS FORCE & LIFF PUMPS, LEAD AND WROUGHT IRON PIPE, SHEET LEAD, KING, IRON SINKS, STRAIN WHISTLES, SCOTCH TUBS, BANCA TIN, BRASS COOKS, and a variety of Brass work for Hot Water and Gas. Nov. 21, 1888.—86-17.

SILK UMBRELLAS, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, YACHTS & YACHTS GIGS. The Largest and Finest Assortment ever offered for sale in Oregon, at wholesale or retail, very cheap. W. M. CURRIER & CO., 105 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON. Wholesale and Retail. GENTS' PAPER COLLARS. LINED-FINISHED PAPER COLLARS, Wholesale and Retail at Less than San Francisco prices. W. M. CURRIER & CO., 105 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

Fashionable Clothing. MADE TO ORDER, FROM GOODS OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION, at Low Prices and Better Style than any other house in Oregon. W. M. CURRIER & CO., 105 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

FINE CUSTOM CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS. OUR OWN IMPORTATION AND MANUFACTURE, selling for Less Price than can be purchased at any other store in Portland. W. M. CURRIER & CO., 105 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON.

ACCOMMODATION BOAT. STEAMER "RANGER". J. N. FISHER, Master. Will leave Portland for MONTICELLO on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8 o'clock, and return on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. On Wednesday she will go to Oak Point, and on Thursday and Friday she will go to the mouth of the Willamette through on Monday, Tuesday, Friday and Saturday, leaving Monticello at 10 o'clock, at all way landings. For Freight or Passage, apply on board, at American Exchange wharf. Nov. 21, 1888.

NOTICE. I have been appointed Administrator of the Estate of J. H. FISHER, deceased, and will receive and pay all claims against said Estate, and will distribute to the heirs and legatees the same, as may be required by the Court. CATHERINE FISHER, Administrator. Decree of Court, W. T. Nov. 20, 1888.—86-17.

Legal Notice. Territory of Washington, In Justice Court, Clatsop County, Washington Territory. To Hans K. Short. YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT HANS K. Short, who has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard on the 11th day of January next, which will be more than two months after the 21st day of November A. D. 1888, and unless you appear at said term and answer the same, will be taken as confessed and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is to recover from said defendant the sum of one hundred and ninety-nine cents, for services rendered, and for freight, and the same shall be paid by plaintiff at his special instance and request. CATHERINE FISHER, Administrator. Filed this 10th day of November, 1888.—86-17.

HEUSTON, HASTINGS & CO. Heuston, HASTINGS & CO. ARE THE NOTE OF FASHIONABLE CLOTHIERS OF SAN FRANCISCO. SPECIALTIES. PRICE AND GUARANTEE.

The largest and most varied stock of Gentlemen's Clothing, Furnishing Good, Trunks, Bags and Valises, on the Pacific Coast. Every article sold, being of our own manufacture, is guaranteed. Having contracts direct with European and American Manufacturers of piece goods we thereby effect a saving of fully 50 per cent. in wholesale prices, and sell our goods at less than second-rate prices.

Having agents in London and Paris we introduce the new styles in San Francisco simultaneously with their appearance in New York.

For the accommodation of such as may desire, we have secured the services of a celebrated European tailor, and are prepared to make up finer goods in a style superior to any other house on the coast. Shirts, Ties, Collars, etc., made to order, at short notice.

Goods forwarded by Express to any part of the Pacific Coast on receipt of orders and measures; and for directions for measurements.

Heuston, Hastings & Co. LICK HOUSE BLOCK, SAN FRANCISCO. 45-17.



C.S.S.; Silver & Co., No. 136 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, LADIES' DRESS GOODS, HATS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS, GROCERIES & PROVISIONS. Highest Cash Price paid for all kinds of Country Produce. NOTICE. C. DOLSON. DON LEAVE TO NOTIFY HIS CUSTOMERS and friends that he is now located with C. S. SILVER & CO. where he guarantees to give satisfaction and sell goods as low as at any house in Portland. Oct. 31, 1868—ad-60.

NOTICE. C. M. CARTER collects all demands on the U.S. and on all States, as a Justice, Sheriff, or Collector, Back Pay, Lost Horse and Spoils Claims, Indian Vouchers, Unpaid Patents and Land Warrants, Penalties collected under recent Act of Congress, granting same to mother, father, or brother and sister, back to time of discharge of death of soldier, the arrears to be paid by Pension Agents. Oct. 31, 1868—ad-60.

DOCTOR JIM, Surgeon and Physician, LATH OF WALLA WALLA, W. T. He leaves to announce to the Citizens of Portland and vicinity, that he has permanently located himself on NORTH SIDE OF WASHINGTON ST., SECOND DOOR FROM FIRST. Where he will attend to Diseases of ALL KINDS, and warrants a PERMANENT CURE for all Diseases on the OUTSIDE of a body or no charge. Oct. 31, 1868—ad-60.

PORTLAND BAG FACTORY, No. 85 Front Street, Opposite U.S. N. O.'s Buildings, Portland, Oregon. Bags, Cellings, Awnings, T. UPAKING, TENTS, WAGON COVER, HOPE, ETC. Sent constantly on hand and Made to Order. Special Contracts at Greatly Reduced Rates. Particular attention paid to Re-Packing Merchandise. Orders left with C. S. SILVER & Co., will receive prompt attention. N. S. ANDERSON & Co. Oct. 31, 1868—ad-60.

Jos. Harris & Son, Dress goods of all description, SILK OF ALL COLORS, CALICOES, ALL kinds of domestic goods, CLOAKS, MILLINERY, FANCY GOODS, TAILOR TRIMMINGS, &c. Cloaks and Dresses cut and made in the latest style Country orders promptly attended to. JOSEPH HARRIS & SON, No. 111 First Street, Portland, Oregon, Opposite Western Hotel. Oct. 31, 1868—ad-60.

TEETH EXTRACTED AND PAIN MITIGATED By Dr. Richardson's Apparatus, Lately Improved by Dr. Koehler, with Kiefer Spring. WILLIAM KOEHLER, DENTIST. OFFICE—Southwest corner Front and Yamhill Streets, opposite E. J. Northrup & Co.'s Hardware Store. An new making, amongst numerous other styles of ARTIFICIAL TEETH, the improved Valuable Plates of Dr. W. W. Cull's Patent, patented Dec. 2, 1861, the improvement of which results in fitting the entire mucous surface with the gum, it not only makes the plate daily as strong and smaller than the common Yankee Plate, it also can be made considerably thinner and lighter, whereas the price is but little above that for common plates. Cut and see specimens. N. B.—Dentists wishing to secure the office right for Dr. W. W. Cull's Improved Valuable Plates can have it made out to them by applying to this office. N. B.—To strangers I would say, that a constantly increasing Dental Practice for the last six years in this city, will be a sufficient guarantee for them to receive a First-Class and Distinguished Piece of Work. Numerous testimonials, the same can be seen at this office. Dental Consultations Free of Charge to all. Portland, Oct. 31, 1868—ad-60.

W. H. Utter & Co. Merchant Tailors, AND GENTS' FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT, 64 Front St. Portland, Oregon, under Commodore Hotel. Portland, Oct. 31, 1868—ad-60.

NOTICE! Matches for sale. San Francisco Extra, \$1.75 per Gross, Front Street, opposite J. P. Walker's Book and Book Factory, PORTLAND, OREGON. J. F. WALSH. Oct. 31, 1868—ad-60.

NEW COLUMBIAN HOTEL, Nos. 119, 120 and 122 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON. El. Carney, Proprietor. THE LARGEST, BEST AND MOST CONVENIENT Hotel in Portland. Located in the centre of business and near all the Steamboat Landings. TERMS—\$1.00 to \$3.00 per day according to rooms. Board and Lodging At reasonable rates, according to the room occupied. Rooms newly furnished and well ventilated. Special accommodations for families. THE NEW COLUMBIAN HOTEL COACH will be in attendance at all the landings to convey passengers and baggage to and from this Hotel. Free of Charge! For Sale. THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY ACRES of Land 6 miles from Vancouver on Fourth Plain, Owner, Wm. Broun, Title, U.S. Patent. Particulars enquire of J. Probert, Jr., at Wash. 1868—ad-60.

FIRST PREMIUM GOLD MEDALS AWARDED TO WHEELER & WILSON FAMILY SEWING MACHINE! Over 80 Competitors. AT THE Great Paris Exposition, 1867, Being the highest honors and all the Gold Medals awarded to any Sewing Machine Company at this Exposition. America, England and France, now make in this grand Proclamation: Good news! good news the cable brings. Over all the wires it flies. Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine Brings back the golden prize. Our "Uncle Sam" first struck the note, "John Bull" then caught the sound. Now comes from France the echo back, Wheeler & Wilson's crowned. And now, to more the people doubt, No lead is staid the test—The thing is fairly tried about And they will buy the best. We can now supply those who wish to purchase 'STANDARD' PATENT MARKED, one of the most useful attachments to the Machine yet invented which, while saving our neck, makes the line of market for the best. W. W. STODDARD, Agent, Cor. Sacramento and Montgomery Sts., San Francisco, Cal., 1-10m.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE. CLEAN SWEEP OF THE PREMIERS IN 1867. GOLD MEDAL AT AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR, NEW YORK. GOLD MEDAL AT FAIR OF THE MECHANICS' ASSOCIATION, LOWELL, MASS. GOLD MEDAL AT MARYLAND INSTITUTE FAIR, BALTIMORE. FIRST PREMIUM AT NEW ENGLAND AGRICULTURAL FAIR, PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND. AND AT THE NEW YORK STATE FAIR, BUFFALO. THE FLORENCE WAS AWARDED A Silver Medal at the Paris Exposition, Silver Medals being the highest on Family Sewing Machines. The Gold Medals were awarded three: One for the best Machine, and the other to the original inventor of Sewing Machines. Reported by the Judges at the Great American Institute Fair, New York City, 1867. The whole number of Sewing Machines on exhibition in thirteen of them, twelve were entered for competition. The article bearing the number 120 (the Florence Sewing Machine) decided to be the best on exhibition. It must also be stated incidentally that this is better than any of its class known to the Judges. (Note—The Board of Managers determined to elevate the standard of excellence in articles on exhibition by deciding to give the first premium to any article which it was pronounced by competent judges to be of great utility, and equal or superior to any like article known to them, whether on exhibition or not.) Its merits are: First—Good materials and thorough workmanship. Second—More absolute safety than marks the usual improvements in Sewing Machines. Third—The ingenious arrangement for adjusting the thread, during the progress of the stitch, and the gathering up of it in the finish of the stitch. Fourth—The reversible Feed. Fifth—The variety of work which can be done upon it. We therefore deem that it merits the award of first class. W. M. PRATT, IMA L. CODY, L. J. KNOWL.

The Committee on Family Sewing Machines. At the numerous Fairs held on the Pacific coast in the last four years, have unanimously decided in favor of the Florence, this machine having taken every First Premium since the Agency has been established in California. Among the gentlemen who served as Judges we mention Messrs. Thomas Hamilton, George Schmeider, Samuel Blair, J. N. Andrew, Thomas C. McMillan, A. F. Hitchcock, and S. V. Brigham—men well known as being among the first and best mechanics in the State—filing beyond question the superiority of the Florence as a Family Sewing Machine. If there is a Florence Sewing Machine within one thousand miles of San Francisco that is not getting your attention, I am informed of it, it will be sent to you without charge, on address of any article to the address.

MEUSSDORFFER BROTHERS Offer their entire stock of AND HAT MATERIAL, AND STORE PICTURES! FOR SALE AT COST, UNTIL DECEMBER 1ST, to clear the Store they now occupy at No. 22 Front Street, and will, after that date, RE-OPEN AT THE CORNER OF FRONT AND MORRISON STREETS. In White's New Building! The prettiest HAT STORE ever opened on the Pacific Coast. THE FALL AND WINTER STYLE FOR 1868, IN SILK AND CASSIMERE HATS, IS NOW READY. Wholesale require, in addition to our well selected stock, New Styles by each season. Give us a call now, if you wish a bargain, at 25 FRONT STREET, Oct. 31, 1868—ad-60.

ALL THE NEW STYLES OF WORK IN PHOTOGRAPHY, SUN PEARLS, AND DIAMOND PEARLS IN WATCHES Large and Small Photographs, Plain or Colored, in Water or Oil, OR RE-TOUCHED IN INDIA INK. Ambrotypes, Gems, &c., &c. VIEWS OF SCENERY TAKEN TO ORDER. All Negatives Preserved if Requested. JOSEPH BUCHTEL, Portland, Oct. 24, 1868—ad-60.

THE OLD BENNETT & WHITE Livery, Sale and Feed Stable We are now prepared to receive all the old carriages, and as many more patronage as we can give, our line of business, and will give particular attention to FARMERS' STOCK. We are also prepared to buy all the good HORSES that come to the market, at BETTER PRICES than any other place in the city, and we have a connection below superior to any other place in San Francisco. Oct. 31, 1868—ad-60.

DR. C. C. CAPLES, PHYSICIAN. His permanent home is at Monticello, as Of the Asylum, and under the Professional services to the public, and will take them by arrangement. Monticello, W. T. Dec. 1, 1868.

MANHOOD—IN THE YOUNG And rising generation, the vegetative powers of life are strong, but in a few years how often the pallid hue, the emaciated form, and emaciated form, and the impossibility of application to mental effort, shows the influence. It soon becomes evident to the observer that some depressing influence is checking the development of the body. Consumption is talked of, and perhaps the youth is removed from school and sent into the country. This is one of the worst movements. Removed from ordinary diversions of the ever-changing scenes of the city, it is too much enfolded to give rest to the healthful and rural exercise, thoughts are turned inward upon themselves. If the patient be a female, the approach of the menses is looked for with anxiety, as the first symptom in diffusing the circulation and visiting the cheek with the bloom of health. Alas! increase of appetite has grown by what it feeds on; the energies of the system are prostrated, and the whole economy is deranged. The beautiful and wonderful period in which body and mind undergo so fascinating a change from child to woman, is looked for in vain; the parent's heart bleeds with anxiety, and fancies the grave but waiting for its victim. HENOLD'S EXTRACT BUREAU, for Weakness arising from excesses or early indiscretion, attended with the following symptoms: Indisposition to Exercise, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, General Weakness, Horror of Disease, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Dreadful Horror of Death, Night Sweats, Cold Feet, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Languor, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Often Enormous Appetite with Dyspeptic Symptoms, Hot Hands, Flush ing of the Body, Dryness of the Skin, Pallid Countenance and eruptions on the Face, Pain in the Back, Heaviness of the Eyelids, Frequently Black Spots Flying before the Eyes, with Temporary Suffusion, and Loss of Sight, Want of Attention, Great Mobility, Restlessness, with Horror of Society. Nothing is more desirable to such patients than Solitude, and nothing they more dread, for Fear of themselves, no Repose of Manner, no Earnestness, no Speculation, but a hurried Transition from one question to another. These symptoms if allowed to go on— which this medicine invariably removes— soon follow Loss of Power, Fatigue, and Epileptic Fits, in one of which the patient may expire. During the superintendence of Dr. Wilson at the Bloomingdale Asylum, this result occurred to two patients; reason had for a time left them, and both died of epilepsy. They were of both sexes, and about twenty years of age. Who can say that these excesses are not frequently followed by those direful diseases, Insanity and Consumption? The records of the Insane Asylums, and the melancholy deaths by Consumption, bear ample witness to the truth of these assertions. In Lunatic Asylums the most melancholy exhibition appears. The countenance is actually sullen and quite destitute—neither Mirth or Grief ever visits it. Should a sound of the voice occur, it is rarely articulate. "With woeful measures woe Despair Low sullen sounds their grief beguiled." Whilst we regret the existence of the above diseases and symptoms, we are prepared to offer an invaluable gift of chemistry for the removal of the consequences: HENOLD'S Highly Concentrated FLUORIDE EXTRACT BUREAU. There is no equal like it. It is an anchor of hope to the surgeon and patient, and this is the testimony of all who have used or prescribed it. Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Prepared at H. T. HENOLD'S Drug and Chemical Warehouse, 594 Broadway, New York. RECOMMENDATIONS. GREAT SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Jan. 28th, 1868. Mr. H. T. HENOLD: Dear Sir: Your communication requesting our terms of advertising was duly received, but from a prejudice I had formed against advertising "cures for secret diseases," it was left unanswered. During an accidental conversation in a Drug Store the other evening, my mind was changed on the character of your Bureau. It was then highly commended for other diseases by two physicians present. I enclosed please find our rates of advertising. Yours, &c. T. B. H. STENHOUSE, Editor and Proprietor of Daily and Semi-Weekly TELEGRAPH.

W. W. STODDARD, Agent, Cor. Sacramento and Montgomery Sts., San Francisco, Cal., 1-10m.

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SPRING STOCK, NOW OPENING. HURGREN & SHINDLER 160, 168, 170 & 172 First St., corner Salmon PORTLAND, OREGON. IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF PARLOR, BEDROOM, DININGROOM, LIBRARY AND OFFICE FURNITURE, PURE CURLED HAIR, BUREKA HAIR, MOSS, PULU Wool and Straw Mattresses. SPRING MATTRESSES, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, on hand and made to order.

WE ARE CONSTANTLY ADDING TO OUR ALL ready Large Stock. Purchasers will find a most complete assortment to select from. No pains will be spared to do justice to our patrons, both as to price and quality. We have a large stock of CASEGOODS, such as WALNUT BEDROOM SUITS, IMITATION MARBLE, OAK and BUCKINGHAM SUITS, ARM, DINING, and WOOD-BRAT CHAIRS. We supply Dealers, and Merchants receiving orders from country, at the LOWEST PRICES. HURGREN & SHINDLER.

TO FARMERS AND GARDENERS. THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES PLEASURE in informing the public that he has added to his large stock of Groceries, and Grain, a splendid assortment of Fresh Garden Seeds, Doors, Windows, Lime, Lard, Bacon, Salt, and all kinds of SALT FISH, SYRUP, DRIED FRUIT, Coal Oil and Tobacco. Vegetables always on hand, and the highest market price paid for grain in exchange for goods. Be sure to call and examine my stock before sending to Portland. ON MAIN STREET, One door South of Durgan & Co.'s. Most Market. ANDREW HILLIS. Vancouver, W. T., March 7, 1868—ad-60.

VANCOUVER DRUG STORE. DAVID WALL, DRUGGIST & APOTHECARY. Keeps constantly on hand a full stock of Drugs, Medicines, Acids, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Perfumeries, and FANCY GOODS. Vancouver, W. T., Oct. 24, 1868—ad-60.

C. H. WHITNEY, Main Street, Vancouver, W. T. Next to Sohns and Schuele's. DEALER IN STOVES, TIN PLATE SHEET IRON, Wire, Pumps, Lead Pipe, &c., &c. And Manufacturer of Tin, Sheet Iron Ware, &c., &c. Jobbing Work Done to Order. We have on hand a large and complete assortment of the Ware, and other articles in his line, suitable for the market, which he will sell at low rates, for cash. C. H. WHITNEY. Aug. 15, 1868—ad-60.

R. STEGERT'S, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in FRESH BEEF, Pork, Mutton, SALT PORK, HAMS, BACON, Smoked Beef, &c. Cash paid for Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Vancouver, Aug. 28, 1868—ad-60.

LIVERY SALE AND EXCHANGE STABLES Cor. 6th & A Streets, VANCOUVER, W. T. HORSES, CARRIAGES, AND WAGONS Let by the hour, day, or week, at moderate rates. HORSES TAKEN TO KEEP AT REASONABLE RATES. Public Patronage respectfully solicited. JOSEPH BRANT, Prop'r. Vancouver, Sept. 5, 1868—ad-60.

Geo. W. Vollum, BOOK BINDER, PAPER RULER, AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER, 112 Front St. nearly opposite M'Connell's Bookstore, PORTLAND, OREGON. Blank Books made to order and suited to any desired pattern. Newspapers, Magazines, Music, Etc., bound in any style, with neatness and dispatch, at San Francisco prices. Orders in Vancouver and vicinity forwarded to the office of the "Vancouver Register," and will be attended to by Geo. W. Vollum, Nov. 7, 1868—ad-60.

Wool! Wool!! 25,000 POUNDS OF WOOL WANTED For which the highest market price will be paid by C. W. WALKER & CO. PAINTERS AND FRUITERS and all kinds of Painters materials sent received by Steamer from San Francisco by DAVID WALL, Vancouver Druggist.

JAMES CRAWFORD & CO. FROM THE PUBLIC THAT THROUGH ALL THINGS change, they are still the same yesterday, today, and tomorrow, providing promptly—arriving to be before you in the future, selling. Any Amount of Goods, Importing Direct FROM SAN FRANCISCO AND THE EAST EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET Consisting of DRY GOODS Of all kinds and Descriptions. Embracing particularly A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' DRESS GOODS Ready-Made Clothing For the Million! BLANKETS, CASSIMERES, Tweeds, Linseys, AND ANY AMOUNT OF HOSIERY HATS AND CAPS, Boots and Shoes. And all kinds of Groceries, Embracing particularly SUGARS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, TEA, RICE, SALT. Tobacco, Cigars, Salmon, Mackerel, Codfish, Corn-meal, &c., &c., &c. Flour always on Hand. In addition to the above, we have a FEW other things, of which we are bound to sell cheap, such as AN IMMENSE STOCK OF Crockery and Glassware, HARDWARE AND NAILS, WOODEN & WILLOW WARE, Patent Medicines, OILS, PERFUMERIES, &c., &c. PITCH, TAR, ROSIN, TURPENTINE, OAKUM, SALT, LIME, CEMENT, AND CHOICE LIQUORS For Medical Uses. ALWAYS ON HAND! We have all of the above, and about a thousand other things, which must be sold immediately to make room for more.

ANY AMOUNT OF GOODS, Importing Direct FROM SAN FRANCISCO AND THE EAST EXPRESSLY FOR THIS MARKET Consisting of DRY GOODS Of all kinds and Descriptions. Embracing particularly A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF LADIES' DRESS GOODS Ready-Made Clothing For the Million! BLANKETS, CASSIMERES, Tweeds, Linseys, AND ANY AMOUNT OF HOSIERY HATS AND CAPS, Boots and Shoes. And all kinds of Groceries, Embracing particularly SUGARS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, TEA, RICE, SALT. Tobacco, Cigars, Salmon, Mackerel, Codfish, Corn-meal, &c., &c., &c. Flour always on Hand. In addition to the above, we have a FEW other things, of which we are bound to sell cheap, such as AN IMMENSE STOCK OF Crockery and Glassware, HARDWARE AND NAILS, WOODEN & WILLOW WARE, Patent Medicines, OILS, PERFUMERIES, &c., &c. PITCH, TAR, ROSIN, TURPENTINE, OAKUM, SALT, LIME, CEMENT, AND CHOICE LIQUORS For Medical Uses. ALWAYS ON HAND! We have all of the above, and about a thousand other things, which must be sold immediately to make room for more.

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J. F. SMITH, Main Street, Vancouver, W. T. Has just returned from San Francisco, with a large assortment of new goods, which he offers for sale, at the lowest prices. Consisting of Cigars, Tobacco, Snuff, Pipes, Matches, Playing Cards, Cutlery, Port Monies, Perfumeries, Combs, Brushes, Fishing Tackle, Toys, Fly and Lemerick Hooks, Silk and Other Linen, Fancy Goods, Axes, Powder, Shot, Lead, Powder Flasks, Gunpowder, and many other articles, too numerous to mention. ALL KINDS OF FRUIT KEPT ON HAND. A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF FAMILY GROCERIES. Special attention is called to my fine assortment of Toys and Yankee Notions. Vancouver, Oct. 13, 1868—ad-60.

UNION MEAT MARKET. G. W. & J. E. C. DURGAN & CO., Proprietors. (Three Doors North of Cowherk, Stock & Co.'s.) Main Street, Vancouver, W. T. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Fresh BEEF, MUTTON, Pork, and Salt Meats. Also, ALL KINDS OF VEGETABLES IN THEIR SEASON. INTENDING TO FURNISH OUR MARKET with the best meats and vegetables that the country affords and to sell them at reasonable prices, we expect to draw and hope to receive a reasonable share of the public favor. Cash paid for Fat Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Poultry, &c. Vancouver, Dec. 8, 1868—ad-60.

VANCOUVER SEMINARY. Rev. Clark Smith, PRINCIPAL. Mrs. E. J. Hines, PRINCIPAL. First term begins Sept. 14th, and ends Nov. 20th, 1868. Second term begins Nov. 23rd, and ends January 20th, 1869. Third term begins February 1st, and ends April 25th. Fourth term begins May 24, and ends July 21. A regular course of study has been selected for students who desire to graduate. Rates of Tuition. Primary, per term, \$5 00 Preparatory, 7 00 Junior, 7 00 Middle, 8 00 Senior, 9 00 Ancient Languages, each extra, 3 00 Modern Languages, " " 5 00 Instructional Music, 2 00 Vocal Music and Drawing free. Special charges for ornamental branches. On all bills not paid by the middle of the term ten per cent will be added. Students from a distance can be accommodated with board at reasonable rates. Select School! THE Second Session of Mrs. M. B. Nicholson's Select School will commence on Wednesday Nov. 11th, 1868. Terms of Tuition: Primary Department, for Session of eleven weeks, \$5 00 Higher English Branches " " 5 00 Languages, each extra " " 3 00 Instructional Music " " 2 00 Use of Piano for daily practice No charge for room unless except for training of the voice. The regular school hours will be from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m. Payments to be made in advance. No deduction allowed except in case of protracted illness. For further particulars enquire of the School-room. Vancouver, Nov. 7, 1868—ad-60.

SMITH & DAVIS, Wholesale Druggists AND DEALERS IN PAINTS, OILS, DYES & C. 71 Front Street, Portland, Oregon. R. M. SMITH, T. A. DAVIS, P. C. SCHUTLER, JR. Oct. 13, 1868—ad-60.

GEO. WEEDEN, HARNESS, SADDLERY, Carriage Trimming, and Repairing Business. 810Y—First door north of Edging's new building, and directly opposite Lawrence Kidd's Drug Store. HE HAS ALSO CONNECTED WITH THE ABOVE, A LIVERY STABLE. Horses and Carriages to let by the hour or by the day at reasonable rates. Vancouver, W. T. Nov. 21, 1868—ad-60.

J. B. CONGLE, 92 Front Street, Portland, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in SADDLERY, HARDWARE, SADDLES, BRIDLES, WHIPS AND HARNESS Of Every Description. Oct. 24, 1868—ad-60.

NATHANIEL THWING, HAVING REMOVED TO NO 88 FRONT STREET, Is prepared to manufacture (on a larger scale) Saddles, Harness and Collars, Of every description, all of which will be sold for Cash. Also all kinds of CARRIAGE TRIMMING! Done in the neatest manner. And by Honesty, Industry and Civility as principle upon which I establish my business, I hope to receive a liberal share of patronage at home and abroad. Portland, Oct. 21, 1868—ad-60.

DAVID WALL, DRUGGIST, is determined to keep his store at home, if selling more, will accomplish it in his line at the lowest prices, will complete it.

BEER SALOON 1 NOON