PUGET SOUND HERALD.

AN INDEPENDENT FAMILY JOURNAL, DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

VOL. II. STEILACOOM, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, FRIDAY, APRIL 29, 1859. NO. 8.

PUGET SOUND HERALD.

CHARLES PROSCH,
Editor and Proprietor.

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For one year : : : : : : : : : : $5 00
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Single copies : : : : : : : : : : 25c

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The Rural Editor.

BY JAMES DUMARS.

Unhappy wight! illusion fills his days
Who thinks the occupation ever pays;
And thrice unhappy who, in quest of fame,
From "rags and lampblack" thinks to earn a name.

* * * * *

Forth came his paper, neatly launched and freighted,
And when it came, the village was elated;
Ignoring party, in a party sense,
Avoiding all that might excite offence,
It praised the town, its prospects, its advances,
Its enterprise, resources, and finances;
It praised the schools, the teachers so profound,
Until their fame was known for miles around;
It praised the village parson's eloquence,
His modest bearing, lack of all pretence,
But most his learning and his solid sense;
So it fell out, between the spring and fall,
That worthy from the city had a call,
With such an offer for his preach-ed word,
That he felt sure that call was from the Lord.

It praised the doctors, as uncommon skilled,
Adding, with great suavity and grace,
Their treatment cured more people than it killed;
It spoke—and of it a truth some doubts will spring—
Of honest lawyers—an uncommon thing—
Who had a conscience—an uncommon case.
In short, it praised so well that people grew
To think that praise was merited and due.
It was his task, and grew from an excess
Of aim to please and profit—nothing less;
And had he been to self but half the friend
He was to others, he had met an end
That you might safely aim at and commend.

* * * * *

His influence was felt—the town's fair fame,
With all who read his paper found a name;
The city pleasurists resorted there,
Enjoyed its quiet and its healthful air;
The artists came and sketched such charming scenes,
That they were sought to grace the magazines.
And thither, too, came men of enterprise;
Blocks rose on blocks, and mills, and factories;
Hotels palatial, and stores that vied
With those on Broadway, or along Cheapside.
In brief, the town, before the printer came,
Had scarce "a local habitation, or a name,"
As though 'twere touched by magic, grew to be
An inland city—but how flourished he?

* * * * *

There, patient toiler! ever at his work,
Himself his foreman, publisher, and clerk,
He labored hard—few men had labored harder—
Grew lean in person, leaner in his larder;
And still he toiled from dawn to twil ght gray,
The first of men to court—the last to pay!
Some said that he was rich: it might be true,
Provided that you reckoned what was due;
But this his dearest friends both said and knew,
His wants were many, but his dimes were few.
His paper bills came in, and must be paid,
So to delinquents he appealed for aid:
He would take pork, potatoes, corn or oats,
Axe-helves or hoop-poles, or, at worst, their notes;
In short, take anything they had to pay,
Provided it was brought by such a day.

And thus he turned short corners, always pressed,
A sad example of Pope's sagest saw,
"Man never is, but always to be, blessed,"
The victim of a fate that knows no law,
Beset by butchers, by his baker teazed,
By creditors besieged, by bailiffs squeezed,
He yielded slowly, in the desperate strife,
His dingy office and his troubled life,
And gave to quiet earth and modest stones
His many virtues and his aching bones.

A Rallying Article.

The "local" of the *Buffalo Republic* got off the following "load" on the evening of the election on his own account:

Voters!

Only a few hours will intervene before you will be called upon to exercise your rights as freemen, and at the ballot box state your preferences for rulers and officers.

Be Prepared!

Don't wear your best clothes!

Patriotism doesn't require the sacrifice of your other clothes for the sake of the Union.

Roll up your trowsers and go in.
Vote Early!
Vote Frequently!
Vote Often!
Keep on voting!

When you get well known at one ward, go to another, but vote manfully, and for whom you like, and frequently—we insist, frequently.

Don't vote for General Jackson,

For he is dead.

Rally! Rally!! Rally!!!
To the Polls!

Save your country! Have you wives and children? Vote that those orphans may enjoy hereafter the political privileges you are enjoying, and let not the traitor and treason strike them down. If they do hit, hit back—our whole nature calls on you to hit back. We need not suggest hitting hard when you hit.

Vote until Sundown!
Don't Lose a Chance!
Put in All the Votes you can!
Go it! Go it!! Go it!!!

Swear in your votes! If you can't swear in your votes, swear at the inspectors of election. Have a swear at somebody, at all events.

Vote always!

Never mind your dinner or supper, but stay at the polls and vote.

Vote considerably!

The more you drink, the better you will feel. Moreover the candidates pay for the liquor. See that there is nothing left over, therefore.

In conclusion, we would say,

Continue Voting All Day!!!!

In early Connecticut times a plain farmer boy was arrested for the monstrous offence of kissing a pretty country lass, at her father's gate, on Sunday evening. He pleaded, as an excuse to the officer, that he thought at the moment she was his cousin. "Jonathan," says the maid, "if you want me, you musn't try to get out of it that way!" "All right, my dear, I'll stand it: I'll agree to be locked up for three days; but when I get back, I expect to have Patience!" "To be sure, and I'll be ready," returned the Connecticut primrose.

A schoolmaster, wishing his pupils to have a clear idea of faith, illustrated it thus: "Here is an apple; you see it, and therefore you know it is there; but when I place it under this tea-cup, you have faith that it is there, though you no longer see it." The lads seemed to understand perfectly; and the next time the master asked "What is faith?" they answered, with one accord, "An apple under a tea-cup."

"In short, ladies and gentlemen," said an overpowered orator, "I can only say—I beg leave to add—I desire to assure you—that I wish I had a window in my bosom that you might see the emotion of my heart."

Vulgar boy from the gallery: "Won't a *pane* in your stomach do this time?"

Old gentleman—"My son, why do you chew that filthy tobacco?"

Precocious youth—"To get the juice out of it, old fellow."

DOWN HILL.

A Picture of Real Life.

Not long since, I had occasion to visit one of our courts, and while conversing with a legal friend, I heard the name of John Anderson called. "There is a hard case," remarked my friend. I looked upon the man in the prisoner's dock. He was standing up, and he pleaded guilty to the crime of theft. He was a tall man, but bent and infirm, though not old. His garb was torn, spare and filthy; his face all bloated and bloodshot; his hair matted with dirt, and his bent form quivered with delirium. Certainly I never saw a more pitiable object. Surely that man was not born a villian. I moved from my place to get a fairer view of his face. He saw my movements and turned his head. He gazed upon me a single instant, and then covering his face with his hands, he sank powerless into his seat.

"Good God!" I involuntarily ejaculated, starting forward. "Will—"

I had half spoken his name when he quickly raised his head, and cast upon me a look of such imploring agony, that my tongue was at once tied. Then he covered his face with his hands. I asked my legal companion if the prisoner had counsel. He said no. I told him to do all in his power for the poor fellow's benefit, and I would pay him. He promised, and I left. I could not remain to see the man tried. Tears came into my eyes as I gazed upon him, and it was not until I had gained the street and walked some distance that I could breathe freely.

John Anderson! Alas! he was ashamed to be known as his mother's son. That was not his name, but you shall know no other. I will call him by the name that stands on the records of the court.

John Anderson was my schoolmate, and it was not many years ago—not over twenty, that we left our academy together—he to return to the home of his wealthy parents, and I to sit down in the dingy sanctum of a newspaper office for a few years, and then wander across the ocean. I was gone some four years, and when I returned, I found John a married man. His father was dead, and left John a princely fortune.

"Ah, C——," said he to me, as he met me at the railroad station, "you shall see what a bird I have caged. My Ellen is a perfect lark—a robin, a very princess of all birds that ever looked beautiful or sung sweetly."

He was an enthusiast, but not mistaken, for I found his wife all he had said, simply omitting the poetry. She was truly one of the most beautiful women I ever saw. And so good, too, so loving and so kind. Aye, she so loved John, that she really loved all his friends. What a lucky fellow to find such a wife. And what a lucky woman to find such a husband; for John Anderson was as handsome as she was. Straight, tall, manly, and a face as faultlessly noble and beautiful as ever an artist copied. And he was good and kind, generous and true.

I spent a week with them, and was happy all the time. John's mother lived with them, a fine old lady as ever lived, and making herself the constant joy and pride in boasting of her son, "darling boy" as she called him. I gave her an account of my adventures by sea and land in foreign climes, and she kissed me when I left. She said she kissed me because I loved her darling.

I did not see John again for four years. I arrived at his house late in the evening. He was not at home; but his wife and mother were there to receive me; and two curly headed boys were at play about Ellen's chair. I knew at once they were my friend's children. Everything seemed pleasant until the little ones were in bed and asleep, and happy, and then I could see that Ellen was troubled. She tried to hide it, but a face so used to sunshine could not wear sorrow concealed.

At length John came. His face was flushed, and his eyes looked inflamed. He grasped my hand with a hearty laugh—called me "old fellow, old dog," and I must come and live with him, and many other extravagant things. His wife tried to hide her tears, while his mother shook her head and said—

"He'll sow his wild oats soon. My darling can never be a bad man."

"God grant it," said I to myself; and I well knew that the same prayer was on Ellen's lips.

It was late when I retired, and I might not have done so even then had not John fallen asleep in his chair.

On the following morning I walked out with my friend. I told him I was sorry to see him as I saw him the night before.

"Oh," said he, "that was nothing. Only a little party. We had a glorious time. I only wish you had been there."

At first I thought I would say no more, but was it not my duty? I knew his nature better than he did himself. His appetite and pleasures bounded his own visions. I knew how kind and gentle he was—alas! too kind, too generous!

"John, could you have seen Ellen's face last evening, you would have trembled. Can you make her unhappy!"—He stopped me with,

"Don't be a fool. Why should she be unhappy?"

"Because she fears you are going down hill," I said.

"Did she say so?" he asked with a flushed face.

"No; I read it in her face."

"Perhaps a reflection of your own thoughts," he added.

"I surely thought so when you came home last night," I replied.

I can never forget the look he gave me then—so full of reproof, surprise and pain.

"C——, I forgive you, for I know that you are my friend, but never speak to me again like that. I going down hill? You know better. That can never be. I know my power. I know my own wants. My mother knows me better than Ellen does."

Had that mother been as wise as she was loving, she would have seen that the wild oats which her son was sowing would surely grow up and ripen, only to furnish seed for sorrowing. But she loved him almost too well—or, as I should say, too blindly.

But I could say no more. I only prayed that God would guard him, and we conversed upon other subjects. I could spend but one day with him, but we promised to correspond often.

Three years more passed, during which time John Anderson wrote to me at least once a month, and sometimes oftener; but at the end of that time, his letters ceased coming, and I received no more for two years, when I again found myself in his native town. It was early in the afternoon when I arrived, and I took dinner at the hotel.

I had finished my meal, and was lounging in front of the hotel, when I saw a funeral procession winding its way into a distant churchyard. I asked the landlord whose funeral it was.

"Mrs. Anderson's," he said, and as he spoke I noticed a slight dropping of the head, as though it cut him to say so.

"What—John Anderson's wife?"

"No," he said, "it is his mother," and as he said this he turned away; but a gentleman who was near overheard our conversation, and immediately took the theme himself.

"Our host does not seem inclined to converse on that subject," he remarked with a shrug of the shoulders. "Did you know John Anderson?"

"He was my schoolmate in boyhood, and my bosom friend in youth."

He led me to one side and then spoke as follows:

"Poor John! He was the pride of this town two years ago. This man opened a hotel at that time, and sought customers by giving wine suppers. John was present at the most of them—the gayest of the gay, and the most generous of the party. In fact he nearly paid for every one of them. Then he began to go down hill, and he has been going down ever since. At times true friends have prevailed upon him to stop, but his stops were of short duration. A short season of sunshine would gleam upon his home, and then the night came more dark and dreary than before. He said he never would get drunk any more, yet he would 'take a glass of wine with a friend.' That glass of wine was the gate to let in the flood. Six years ago he was worth sixty thousand dollars. Yesterday he borrowed fifty dollars to pay his mother's funeral expenses! That poor mother bore up as long as she could. She saw her son—her 'darling boy' she always called him—brought home drunk many times, and she even bore blows from him! But she's at rest now! Her 'darling' wore her life away, and brought her gray hairs in sorrow to the grave! Oh, I hope and trust this may reform him."

"But his wife?"

"Her heavenly love has held her up thus far, but she is only the shadow of that wife that blessed his home six years ago."

My informant was deeply affected, and so was I, and so I asked him no more.

During the remainder of the afternoon I debated with myself whether to call upon John at all. But finally I resolved to go, altho' I waited till after tea. I found John and his wife alone. They had both been weeping, though I could see at a glance that Ellen's face was beaming with hope and love. But oh, she was changed—sadly, painfully so. They were glad to see me, and my hand was shaken warmly.

"Dear C——, don't say a word of the past," John urged, taking my hand a second time. "I knew you spoke the truth to me five years ago. I was going down hill. But I have got as far as I can. I stop here at the foot. Everything is gone but wife. I have sworn and my oath shall be kept. Ellen and I are going to be happy now."

The poor fellow burst into tears His wife followed suit, and I kept them company. I could not help crying like a child. My God, what a sight! The once noble, true man, so fallen—become a mere broken glass, the last fragment only reflecting the image it once bore, a poor supplicant at the feet of hope, begging a grain of warmth for the hearts of himself and wife. And how I had honored and loved that man, and how I loved him still. Oh, I hoped, aye, more than hoped, I believed he would be saved. And as I gazed upon that wife—so loving, so trusting, so true, so hopeful still, and even in the midst of living death—I prayed more fervently than ever that God would hold him up, and lead him back to the top of the hill.

In the morning I saw the children, now grown up to intelligent boys, and though they looked pale and wan, they smiled and seemed happy when their father kissed them. When I went away John took me by the hand and said.

"Trust me. Believe me now. I will be a man henceforth, while it lasts."

A little more than two years more had passed, when I read in a newspaper the death of Ellen Anderson. I started for the town where they had lived as soon as possible, for I might help some one. A fearful presentiment had possessed my mind.

I stopped at the stately house where they had dwelt, but strangers occupied it.

"Where is John Anderson?" I asked.

"Don't know, I'm sure. He's been gone these three months. His wife died in the mad house last week."

"And the children?"

"Oh, they died before she did."

I staggered back and hurried from the place. I hardly knew which way I went, but instinct led me to the churchyard. I found four graves which had been made in three years. The mother, the wife and two children in them.

"What has done this?" I asked myself. And a voice answered:

"The Demon of the Wine table."

But this was not all the work. No, no! The next day I saw—oh God! far, far more terrible! I saw him in the court room. But this was not the last.

I saw my legal friend on the day following the trial. He said John Anderson was in prison. I hastened to see him. The turnkey conducted me to his cell—the key turned in the huge lock—the ponderous door swung on the huge hinges with a sharp creak—and I saw a dead body suspended by the neck from a grating of the window! I looked at the horrible face—I could see nothing of John Anderson there, but the face I had seen in the court was sufficient to connect the two, and I knew that this was all left on earth of him I had loved so well.

And this was the last of the demon's work; the last act of the terrible drama! Oh, from the first sparkle of the red wine, it had been down, down—down until the foot of the hill had finally been reached!

When I turned away from the cell, and once more walked amid the flashing saloons and revel halls, I wished that my voice had power to thunder the life story of which I had been a witness, into the ears of living men!

The Shooting of Too-a-pi-ti.

To the Citizens of Pierce County:

As an old resident of this county, interested in the preservation of quiet and peace, I desire to make a plain statement of facts concerning the recent shooting of Too-a-pi-ti.

Four years since, I moved upon and cultivated a claim at the forks of the Puyallup, but the Indian troubles of that period obliged me to give it up. I resumed its cultivation this spring. My experience with the Indians in that neighborhood has been such as to give me perfect confidence in their good will and friendship, and in the prospects of permanent peace. On Saturday, the 16th of this month, I left my claim accompanied by my three sons, to return to my present residence, from which I had not yet moved. As usual, I left my property (grain, provisions, &c.) unguarded, as it has never in one instance been molested by the Indians. On Monday we returned. On our way we heard that an Indian had been shot in the upper Puyallup. We reached the claim at sundown, and I said to my son William, "I will go and see Too-a-pi-ti, and I wish you to be my interpreter." We went there, a distance of 1½ miles, for I did not feel afraid of these Indians whom I had never misused. I did not believe they would harm me on account of the wrong treatment of others. We found them encamped on a sandbar, near their fishery. On our way there, within about half a mile of their encampment, we saw several Indians dodging into the bushes, then Too-a-pi-ti's horse, (which had been reported shot) and soon after an Indian ran out and caught the horse, and then rode towards us swinging from side to side, in fear of being shot. We asked the Indian if Too-a-pi-ti was shot. He answered yes. We asked if we could see him. He gave no answer, but turned and rode towards the lodge at full speed. We walked straight toward the lodge. Presently the Indian returned with another on foot. The mounted Indian rode on to look for his horses, and the other approached us. We asked him if Too-a-pi-ti was shot. The Indian stammered out that Jim Riley had shot him, and with so much fright that he could hardly speak. We asked to see Too-a-pi-ti, and he conducted us to the tent, entering first. We found Too-a-pi-ti lying upon his back, guarded by a strange Indian with his gun at full cock, ready to fire. He told us how it happened. That on Sunday morning he and Indian Charley were catching horses. Charley took the trail down the Puyallup, Too-a-pi-ti the opposite course. Presently Riley rode up *mounted on Charley's horse, and dressed in his clothes.* Too-a-pi-ti had first caught his own horse, and was standing by his side. Riley said "I have come to look after you (*cloche nanage.*) "Well," said Too-a-pi-ti, "this is no place; come to the house." And Riley said "very well." Too-a-pi-ti jumped upon his horse, and they started at a gallop for the house, Riley soon falling behind. Too-a-pi-ti had seen no weapon upon Riley, and had no fear, but suddenly found himself shot. The ball hit him under the left shoulder, lodging in the left breast, and he was on the point of falling from his horse, but recovered himself. Presently five whites and the Indian Wash rode up and fired a volley, but without hitting horse or rider. His horse wheeled and ran up the trail. They wheeled as they fired, and ran as fast as possible in the opposite direction. Charley then found him, and said that the whites had robbed him of his horse and clothes, in order to deceive him (Too-a-pi-ti).

After hearing this account (the truth of which I do not doubt, since it is confirmed by all the other circumstances of the case) I called the chief Coquelton into the lodge, and advised the Indians to keep quiet, and make no attempt at revenge or resistance; to give up Too-a-pi-ti, if the whites wanted him, and if any more bad treatment took place from Riley or others, to let me know, and I would attend to it. It being considerably after dark, I left the lodge, the Indians giving me assurances that they would keep perfectly quiet That they only wished to be let alone. For my own part, I feel perfectly safe among them so long as they are not molested by such heroes as have already figured in that neighborhood. I *know* that there was not the least necessity for Riley's performances. The Indian was in their power, and the wanton shooting of an unarmed man (from behind) shows, in my opinion, that Riley was far more of a savage than Too-a-pi-ti. I am familiar with the history of our Indian troubles, and I wish to say that for contemptible cowardice this transaction beats anything that I have yet heard tell of. The running away of the whole party after firing, (only one shot in seven taking effect) proves how coolly and fearlessly this dangerous service was performed.

I have a direct interest in this matter. I wish to settle on my Puyallup claim, and improve, and so induce others to settle. In so doing, I shall advance my own interests, and the interests of the Territory. I protest against this raking up of old troubles which have died out. I protest against having my life and property endangered, in consequence of the misdeeds of such men as Jim Riley.

DANIEL E. LANE,
For self and sons.

CHETLAH FARM, April 25th, 1859.

Neighbor T—— had a social party at his house a short time since, and the "dear boy," Charles, a five year old colt, was favored with permission to be seen in the parlor. "Pa" is somewhat proud of his boy, and Charles was, of course, elaborately gotten up for so great an occasion. Among other extras, the little fellow's hair was treated to a liberal supply of *Eau de Cologne*, to his huge gratification. As he entered the parlor, and made his bow to the ladies and gentlemen, he cried out proudly;

"Lookee here, if any of you smells a smell, that's me!"

The effect was decided, and Charles, having just in one brief sentence delivered an illustrative essay on human vanity, was the hero of the evening.

Speaking of children, a western New York correspondent mentions a neat little speech of a "four year old." His mother was hugging and kissing him, as mothers will, and said to him, as mothers will say: "Charlie, what makes you so sweet?" Charlie thought a minute; he had been told that he was "made of the dust of the earth; a happy thought struck him, and he answered with a rosy smile: "I think, mother, God must have put a little thugar in the dust—don't you?"

Act for the Admission of Oregon.

We publish in full the act providing for the admission of Oregon into the Union, as a matter of interest to the people on this side of the continent. The boundaries of the new State, and the conditions prescribed by Congress, are given in the 1st and 4th sections. The act was approved 14th Feb, and reads as follows:

WHEREAS, The people of Oregon have framed, ratified and adopted a Constitution of State Government, which is republican in form, and in conformity with the Constitution of the United States, and have applied for admission into the Union on an equal footing with the other States; therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That Oregon be, and she is hereby received into the Union, on an equal footing with the other States, in all respects whatever, with the following boundaries: In order that the boundaries of the State may be known and established, it is hereby ordained and declared, that the State of Oregon shall be bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning one marine league at sea, due west from the point where the forty-second parallel of north latitude intersects the same; thence northerly, at the same distance from the line of the coast, lying west and opposite the State, including all islands within the jurisdiction of the United States, to a point due west and opposite the middle of the north ship-channel of the Columbia river; thence easterly, to and up the middle channel of said river, and (where it is divided by islands) up the middle of the widest channel thereof, to a point near Fort Walla-Walla, where the forty-sixth parallel of north latitude crosses said river; thence east on said parallel, to the middle of the main channel of the Shoshones or Snake river; thence up the middle of the main channel of said river, to the mouth of the Owyhee river; thence due south to the parallel of latitude forty-two degrees north; thence west, along said parallel, to the place of beginning, including jurisdiction in civil and criminal cases upon the Columbia river and Snake river, concurrently with States and Territories of which those rivers form a boundary in common with this State.

SECTION 2. And be it further enacted, That the said State of Oregon shall have concurrent jurisdiction on the Columbia and all other rivers and waters bordering on the said State of Oregon so far as the same shall form a common boundary to said State, and any other State or States now or hereafter to be formed or bounded by the same; and said rivers and waters, and all the navigable waters of said States, shall be common highways and forever free; as well to the inhabitants of said State as to all other citizens of the United States, without any tax, duty, impost, or toll therefor.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That until the next census and apportionment of representatives, the State of Oregon shall be entitled to one representative in the Congress of the United States.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That the following propositions be, and the same are hereby, offered to the said people of Oregon, for their free acceptance or rejection, which, if accepted, shall be obligatory on the United States and upon the said State of Oregon, to wit: First, That sections numbered sixteen and thirty-six in every township of public lands in said State, and where either of said sections, or any part thereof, has been sold or otherwise been disposed of, other lands equivalent thereto, and as contiguous as may be, shall be granted to said State for the use of schools. Second, That seventy-two sections of land shall be set apart and reserved for the use and support of a State University, to be selected by the Governor of said State, subject to the approval of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and to be appropriated and applied in such manner as the Legislature of said State may prescribe for the purpose aforesaid, but no other purpose. Third, That ten entire sections of land, to be selected by the Governor of said State, in legal subdivisions, shall be granted to said State, for the purpose of completing the public buildings, or for the erection of others at the seat of government, under the direction of the Legislature thereof. Fourth, That all salt springs within said State, not exceeding twelve in number, with six sections of land adjoining, or as contiguous as may be to each, shall be granted to said State for its use, the same to be selected by the Governor thereof within one year after the admission of said State, and when so selected, to be used or disposed of on such terms, conditions, and regulations as the Legislature shall direct: Provided, That no salt spring or land, the right whereof is now vested in any individual or individuals, or which may be hereafter confirmed or adjudged to any individual or individuals, shall by this article be granted to said State. Fifth, That five per centum of the net proceeds of sales of all public lands lying within said State, which shall be sold by Congress after the admission of said State into the Union, after deducting all the expenses incident to the same, shall be paid to said State, for the purpose of making public roads and internal improvements, as the Legislature shall direct; Provided, That the foregoing propositions, hereinbefore offered, are on the condition that the people of Oregon shall provide by an ordinance, irrevocable without the consent of the United States, that said State shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the soil within the same by the United States, or with any regulations Congress may find necessary for securing the title in said soil to *bona fide* purchasers thereof; and that in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents. Sixth, And that the said State shall never tax the lands or the property of the United States in said State: Provided, however, That in case any of the lands herein granted to the State of Oregon have heretofore been confirmed to the Territory of Oregon for the purposes specified in this act, the amount so confirmed shall be deducted from the quantity specified in this act.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That, until Congress shall otherwise direct, the residue of the Territory of Oregon shall be, and is hereby, incorporated into, and made a part of, the Territory of Washington.

Father to his son, "My boy, my boy, you do very wrong to fish on Sunday!"

Boy—"It can't be no harm, sir; I arn't catched nothing!"

THE PUGET SOUND HERALD

Is published every FRIDAY MORNING, at $5 per annum, or $3 for six months, in advance; single copies, 25 cents. Advertisements, to insure insertion without delay, should be handed in on or before Thursday of each week.

The HERALD can be found in San Francisco at the office of our Agent, 171½ Washington street, at the Merchants' Exchange and the principal Hotels; and also at the leading Hotels in the Atlantic cities.

We shall be pleased to furnish masters of vessels and others, entering board, with files of the HERALD, on application at this office.

L. P. FISHER,

171½ Washington st., San Francisco,

Is authorized to act as the Agent of this paper in receiving advertisements and subscriptions in San Francisco and elsewhere, and collecting and receipting for the same.

CHAS. PROSCH.

PUGET SOUND HERALD.

STEILACOOM, W. T., FRIDAY, APRIL 29, 1859.

THE WEENATCHE AGAIN.

The following brief note, relative to the new gold region discovered but not worked last year, owing to the hostility of the Indians, reached us by the last mail:—

To the Editor of the Puget Sound Herald:

SAN FRANCISCO, April 15th, 1859.

DEAR SIR:—Will you please inform me if a party intends to leave the Sound to prospect the Weenatche River Mines, this spring?

Yours, respectfully,
H. H. LAWRENCE.

On receipt of this, we immediately made inquiries of those likely to know, and were informed that there is a large body of men in this county only waiting the approach of the proper season to go to these mines. About the middle of May or the first of June is fixed upon as the period for starting from this place. We are also informed that there is a party numbering twenty-five or more, headed by Mr. L. M. Collins, ready to start from Seattle; they will get off about the middle of May.

Faith in the existence of rich gold deposits east of the mountains, not more than four days' journey from the Sound, is constantly growing stronger. During the past winter, many reliable Indians have added their testimony to the reports published last fall, and one of them a few weeks since caried to Seattle a small quantity of gold obtained near the mountains.

We are assured that the U. S. Troops beyond the mountains have been so stationed as to afford ample protection to miners and others wishing to prospect or go through that country. The Indians, however, are not likely now or in future to molest any parties stopping in or passing through their country: the severe chastisement they received last summer exerting a salutary influence upon them, and disposing them to be conciliatory. Small parties may now cross the mountains in safety and without fear; and we hope yet to see a country thrown open to miners, in the Yakima valley, richer than any ever hitherto discovered.

THE INDIAN TREATIES.

A dispatch from Washington, dated March 20, says that "official information will go out in to-morrow's Pacific mail of the ratification of the ten treaties with the Indians of Oregon and Washington. As this took place during the late extraordinary session of the Senate, after Congress adjourned, no appropriation could be made to carry them into immediate effect. It was mainly owing to the explanations of Gen. Lane that these treaties were ratified; that gentleman having convinced his brother Senators that they would tend to a permanent peace. He had the effective support of Senator Gwin and ex-Governor Stevens in his persevering efforts. By these treaties the title to fifty millions of acres of land will be extinguished at a cost to this Government of three and a half cents per acre. On that occasion, a resolution was passed almost unanimously, providing that hereafter when it is proposed to buy Indian lands the Senate shall first be consulted before entering into treaty stipulations.

NEW BOOKS.—The enterprising house of H. H. Bancroft & Co., booksellers and stationers, of San Francisco, have published within the past few weeks two California books, alike creditable to the publishers and the printers: one, entitled "Esther, the Hebrew Queen;" the other, "Samson, the Hebrew Hercules." Originally given to the world in the shape of lectures by their talented author, (Rev. Dr. Scott) in compliance with the wishes of his auditors, they are now presented in the form of books, after undergoing the necessary revision at his hands. These bible stories are here given in a style that cannot fail to attract and interest young and old, believers and unbelievers. The story of "Samson" is illustrated throughout. Both books are printed in excellent style, and neatly bound in cloth. They are for sale in Steilacoom by Mr. E. A Light, and in Olympia by Mr. J. E. Whitworth.

SHIP MORNING GLORY.—We have been somewhat tardy in noticing this fine ship, now lying at Nisqually, loading lumber for Callao and Iquique. The *Morning Glory* is about 1100 tons register, and a fair specimen of American ships. She was built at Portsmouth, N. H., four years since; is commanded by Capt. H. H. Hobbs, and principally owned by his uncle, Ichabod Goodwin, the recently elected governor of New Hampshire. The Captain of the *Morning Glory* was not more fortunate in having Messrs. Balch & Webber for consignees than in securing the services of Capt. Freeman Trask, one of our old pioners recently returned from the Atlantic States, to superintend the taking in of her large cargo. She will take about 800,000 feet of assorted lumber, and is now half loaded.

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.—A private letter received here states that Capt. Woodruff's company, (9th Infantry) at Semiahmoo, has been ordered to Fort Steilacoom. Capts. Archer and Fletcher, also of the 9th Infantry, now at Fort Simcoe, it is stated, will take the place of the above company with their command; Fort Simcoe to be abandoned.

LIEUT. MULLAN'S MILITARY ROAD.

The intelligence from Washington contains the gratifying announcement that Lieut. Mullan is ordered to the Pacific to superintend the construction of a military road from Fort Benton, on the Upper Missouri, to Walla-Walla, on the Columbia, for which Congress appropriated $100 000. It is to penetrate the heart of the country which has been the scene of Indian hostilities recently.

On this subject the *Washington Star* says: The last Congress appropriated the sum of $100,000 to enable Lieut. John Mullan, 2d Artillery, U. S. A., to continue the establishment of a military road in Oregon. It will be remembered that this road was commenced last summer, but operations upon it were suspended on account of the Indian disturbances in the Northwest. The road will extend from Fort Walla-Walla, on the Columbia, to Fort Benton, on the Missouri river, passing through a wild and hitherto unexplored region of country, traversed only by menacing and roving tribes of the red men of the forest. When completed, it must prove of incalculable advantage to the tide of immigration pouring into the State of Oregon and the Territory of Washington.

Lieut. Mullan, with his corps of assistants, etc., will leave Washington City about the 10th March for St. Louis, where will be procured supplies and all essential appurtenances for the expedition. From this point he will start for New Orleans, there meeting the steamer, and thence sailing for California, via the Tehuantepec route. Arriving in Oregon, Lieut. Mullan will proceed to organize and equip an efficient party, ready to take the field at as early a day as practicable. Lieut Mullan is known to the Department as one of the most reliable and competent officers in the service. His characteristic energy and intelligence, as displayed in past duties, furnish an ample guarantee that his future labors will be performed in a manner highly creditable to himself and eminently satisfactory to the Government.

THE PRAIRIE OYSTER.

To the Editor of the Puget Sound Herald:

As I consider it the duty of every individual to alleviate the sufferings of his fellow-beings, even though those sufferings may be the result of vicious courses, I send you the following recipe for a disease that is very common in this country.

Recipe for a sick stomach and headache, on the morning after a spree:

Take a tumbler and put in it a teaspoonful of vinegar, a dash of pepper-sauce, and a sprinkle of salt and black pepper; then break a raw egg into the tumbler, and swallow the whole (except the tumbler) without stirring or breaking up the egg.

The above is called on the Plains, and in the Rocky Mountains, the "Prairie Oyster;" and, from its magical effects on a sick stomach, I feel that I am doing a service to mankind in making it public. It does not interfere at all with taking a little of the "hair of the dog," but it gives strength to the stomach, clearness to the mind, and vigor to the limbs. The dose of the Prairie Oyster can be repeated several times of a morning; and in order to prove that there is nothing hurtful about it, I will say that I never knew a death to occur from drinking, during seven years of my mountain and prairie life, in any community where the above recipe was known.

Yours, &c.,
SITKUM SWASH.

P. S.—I certify on honor that I am not interested in the sale of eggs or pepper-sauce in Pierce County. S. S.

CORRECTION.—At the request of the friend last week alluded to in our theatrical item, we amend by inserting the words "some of," in the sentence, "and that of the civilians in the audience." This is rendered necessary by the fact of the shoe having pinched quite a number of those present, who feared that readers at a distance from the scene, without any knowledge of their actual presence, might place them in the same custody with the ruffians. But this is not all: it seems we got the boot on the wrong leg, for we are now told that it was the soldiers, and not the civilians, who behaved badly. The soldiers, in turn, indignantly deny the charge, and say it was "bad whisky" that kicked up the rumpus; and we incline to the belief that they are right. Strychnine whisky is *not* good to take, and we would caution the "bulwarks of liberty" against its use in future.

PUBLIC DOCUMENTS.—Hon. I. I. Stevens will please accept our thanks for his kind attentions in forwarding to us from Washington the President's Message and accompanying documents for 1858-9, in four volumes. Two of the members of the House of Representatives and a clerk in the War Department have also placed us under obligations for public documents of interest.

THE BOUNDARY COMMISSION MOVING.—Unmistakable evidence is now given of life and activity in the long inanimate Boundary Commission. The steamer *Constitution* took on board at Steilacoom, last Tuesday, for the British Commissioners, a large number of horses, mules, and horned cattle.

JERRY SULLIVAN, the famous newspaper agent of San Francisco, and Wells, Fargo & Co., have our thanks for files of Atlantic States papers of late dates, per steamer *Columbia*.

OUTSIDE.—See, on first page, communication of D. E. Lane and Sons relative to the "Shooting of Too-a-pi-ti;" Act for the admission of Oregon, etc.

A dispatch, dated New York, March 26th, says that later advices from Cuba, by the Havana steamer at Savannah, report that the British man-of-war Jasper was wrecked off the Island of Jamaica, on the night of the 4th of March. The officers and crew took to the boats, and ten of their number were swept overboard from the boats. The boat containing the commander of the vessel and nineteen men had arrived on the coast of Cuba. The other boat, containing thirty men, had not been heard from.

CLAIMS ON FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

Among the mass of documents published by Congress, there is much uninteresting and tedious detail, much that will never be read, and much that ought never to have been printed. Now and then, however, some curious, and even romantic, information is laid before the two Houses. To this class the document just issued, giving a list of claims of the citizens of the United States against foreign Governments, may be said peculiarly to belong. A glance through its one hundred and twenty-eight pages exhibits not merely the extent of our relations with other Governments, but the singular enterprise and daring of our citizens. Some of the claims are amusing; some are based upon the most extraordinary assumptions; some refer to property lost; some refer to lives lost, and in one case we notice a claim set up against a foreign Government on the score of the wounded feelings of the claimant. In *Forney's Press* we find four-and-a-half columns of these claims, which want of space precludes our publishing. We copy the following, however, as one that comes near home:—

William Webster claims for loss and damage and indemnity for lands purchased from chiefs of New Zealand from 1835 to 1840, and franchises pertaining thereto, and improvements alleged to have been made thereon, which claimant alleges were sequestered and taken from him by the British authorities after the assertion of the sovereignty of Great Britain over New Zealand in January, 1840, the modest sum of six millions five hundred and ninety-three thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

THE QUESTION.

To the Editor of the Puget Sound Herald:

The question whether gambling, drunkenness, and rowdyism, or good order in society, shall prevail, is always difficult of solution, and doubly so when, in a community like this, the distinctions of society are not well defined, and the rowdy, the drunkard, the gambler, attempt to intrude themselves into the more orderly portion of society, and even aspire to be its leaders. The question is a difficult one, but it presents itself, nay, crowds itself upon us for settlement. Rowdyism is progressive, and aspires to rule wherever it is tolerated; claiming first the right to exist, and, when established, assert by the knife and revolver the right to assassinate all who differ from it.

When rowdyism begins to fasten itself on a community, there are found plenty of men who condemn it, deplore its existence, and profess to be ready to labor for its extinction. This is all well enough in its way; but so long as complaints are general,—no particular act, or deed, or person specified—all goes smoothly enough, and the lovers of good order satisfy their consciences very cheaply by privately condemning the wrong, and yet publicly fostering it by associating with those who daily practice the vices that they have condemned.

This milk and water manner of treating this subject never has and never can accomplish anything. The *rowdy* must be condemned *with* his rowdyism, the *gambler with* his dice, and the *drunkard with* his cups. But this is sure to stir up discord: the rowdy with his shillalah and the gambler with his knife and pistol are ready to hurl down the man who may dare to say aught against one of them.

Then who shall come forward to condemn the wrong and sustain the right? Shall we look to the loud-professing, Sabbath-observing, Bible-reading portion of the community to undertake and accomplish the work they profess to desire so much? We shall look in vain, I fear; for while there are some good and brave men among them, there are also some of the veriest cowards, who would deny their master as Peter did. But the question is opened up to them here, and they must make their choice. There has been found one man, at least, with nerve enough to take a stand and denounce the rowdies of Steilacoom, and it remains to be seen whether those who profess to love good order will shut their eyes to the facts, and sacrifice the good of society to their dastardly cowardice, until a tragedy like that of Casey and King shall awaken the community to a sense of their danger.

The *Puget Sound Herald* has opened up the question, and whisky bloats groan for the *Herald* and cheer the rowdies in public places. Will the people of this county sustain the *Herald* and assist to rid us of this pest, or will they cower under their threats, and still allow the rowdies to control? We shall see.

GOOD ORDER.

ATLANTIC ITEMS.

The steamer *Columbia*, which arrived on Sunday last, brought dates from New York to the 21st and from New Orleans to the 27th ult. Below we give a brief summary of news.

The Sickles trial will take place March 28th. Ex-Senator Badger assists the District Attorney in the prosecution of the case.

George P. Morris, editor of the *Home Journal*, is appointed Consul to Havre.

All the special mail agencies, seventeen in number, have just been discontinued, and the order granting extra compensation out of postages, affecting about eighty postmasters, has been revoked, owing to the failure of Congress to make the necessary appropriations.

The Attorney-General, March 15th, under the provision of a law recently passed, appointed A. B. McCalmont, of Pennsylvania, Assistant Attorney-General.

The express train cast on the Great Western Railway, Canada, ran off the track near Hamilton, March 18th, demolishing the engine cars, and killing four or five persons, including the engineer, and injuring several others.

A crevasse was made at Talua, sixty-five miles above Vicksburg, on March 16th, which destroyed E. North's plantation, and is flooding the whole country.

Mr. Allison, who arrived at Independence, March 18th, from Pike's Peak, reports the gold mines a humbug. He says there is no money there, and that there is no probability of there being any there.

Smith O'Brien and John Mitchell arrived at Richmond March 18th, and met with a warm reception. They were entertained at the residence of Capt. Moore, where they made brief addresses.

A dispatch in the *True Delta*, dated Washington, March 26th, states that Col. Joseph Johnson, of the First U. S. Cavalry, has gone to Mexico, under orders from the Government.

The Navy Department has given orders for fitting out the new sloop-of-war Lancaster for sea as expeditiously as possible. Its supposed destination is the Pacific.

Col. Sander will leave Washington, March 28th, to resume the work on the South Pass wagon road, to repair damages and shorten the route.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Dates from Liverpool, by steamers at New York, are to March 5th.

The tenor of the intelligence is more warlike, and there appears to be less confidence in Lord Cowley's mission to Vienna.

The Paris and Vienna journals, and even the letters to the London journals, are quite belligerent.

The Parliamentary proceedings have been important.

Mr. Fitzgerald had stated that the Hanoverian Government had been notified of the termination of the Stadt dues next August.

Rumors prevail of the projected union of the Liberal force in Parliament under Lords Palmerston and Russell in opposition to the Government Reform bill.

Lord Henry Lennox has resigned his post as one of the Lords of the Treasury. There are also other reports of other pending secessions from the Derby Ministry.

The Paris *Constitutionnel* announces the withdrawal of the French troops from Rome, but the *Moniteur* pronounces the statement premature. There are flying rumors of a visit to Paris of Count Cavour.

It is reported that Austria has made counter proposals to Lord Cowley, and that Austria is supported in the same by Prussia. Lord Cowley continued at Vienna, but was to leave on the 5th Feb.

The French Government organs are becoming more belligerent, but the warlike preparations at Marseilles are slightly relaxed.

On the Budget being called up for discussion, it was declared, by a vote of 10 to 4, that they could not examine a peace Budget in the presence of war demonstrations on every side, and the war Budget would be required. They considered it ridiculous to consider the proposed figures, when the expenses already incurred exceeded the amounts demanded. They therefore resolved to await the explanations of the Government, and although the minority proposed an amendment, the majority forthwith rejected it, and persisted in their original vote.

The Emperor of Austria is said to have become determinedly warlike, and much embittered against France. The Vienna journals are also warlike.

The military preparations in Italy are still continued.

The advices contained in the Bombay Mail of February 8th, have reached London by telegraph from Marseilles. The rebellion in the province of Oude is formally declared to be ended. The British troops have entered Nepaul, and have commenced measures to reduce the fugitive rebels to submission. There are also advices four days later from China, but they furnish no news of importance.

By the arrival of the Havanna steamer we have dates to March 20th, which report that the brig Alice Randall, with a cargo of ninety-eight negroes, from the coast of Africa, has been captured and taken into Porto Rico, and the officers and crew have been imprisoned. Another cargo of sixty Africans had been landed at Remedios, on the Island of Cuba.

Steilacoom Market and Prices Current.

STEILACOOM, Friday, April 29, 1859.

We note but little change from last week. The market is bare of Butter, Eggs, Fresh Pork, Cheese, etc., all of which, of course, command good prices. The demand for all kinds of stock is good, and will continue so; though we hope, when Oregon sends her surplus into the market, that stock may be brought to a price that a man can afford to eat beef once more. But, until cattle begin to arrive from Oregon, we see but little hope of a reduction. Vegetables of all kinds are scarce, and we have not seen the savory staff of life (potatoes) on our table for several days. We quote—

HORSES—57 head were sold by P. S. A. Co. to British Boundary Commission at $80.

CATTLE—59 head sold on private terms.

OATS—225 bushels sold at 75c.

FLOUR—120 qr sacks sold at $12 per bbl.

WHOLESALE—CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Provisions.		Tea, per lb	75a1 00
Beef, fresh, per lb	16	Dried Apples, per lb	18
Mutton	2c	Dried Peaches	25
Pork, fresh	15	Ch'd, do	25
Salt do	18	Soap, No. 1	12½
Mess do, per bbl	35	Soap, No. 2	10
Clear do	38	Sacrifice	2c
Bacon, clear, per lb	22	Sugar, No. 1 China	14
Bacon, prime	2c	Sugar, No. 2 do	12
Hams, per lb	20	Crushed, white, do	23
Salmon, per bbl	$9 00	Candles, mould	35
Codfish	10	Adamantine Candles	35
Mackerel	do.	Sperm do	
Butter, fresh, per lb	2c	Tobacco, per lb	87½a75
Lard	22	Saleratus	15
Cheese	28	Pepper, whole	25
Flour, per 100 lbs	$6 00	Molasses	70
Corn Meal, do	6 00	Syrup	95a$1 00
Salt, fine, per lb	4	Vinegar, per gal	50
Salt, coarse	2	**Liquors.**	
Potatoes, per bush	$1 00	Brandy, per gal	$1 50
Beans, Chili, per lb	5a6	Whisky	1 00a2 50
Beans, whole	6	Gin	1 50a3 00
Peas, marrafat, per lb	4	Port Wine	2 50
Dry Goods.		Cherry Brandy	2 00
Sheetings, bro. 4-4, per yard	14	Porter, per doz	1 50
Shirting, bro. 3-4	12½	Ale	5 50
Shirting, bleached, 4-4	15	Cider	5 00
Drilling, brown	14	**Sundries.**	
Prints, per yard	12½a20	Nails, per keg	$8 00
Hosiery, wool, hf, per doz	$3a5	Window Glass	6 00
Cotton, do	2 50	Sash, per light	20
Paints, &c.		Axes with handles	$2 25
White Lead, per lb	18	Buckets, 3 hoop	5 00
Colors, do	25	Brooms	0a7 50
Linseed Oil, per gal	$2 00	**Lumber.**	
Turpentine	2 00	Sawed Fir, per M	$12a13
Lamp Oil	1 25	Cedar	12a20
Olive Oil	7 00	Shingles	5 00
Groceries.		Square Timber, per foot	8a12
Coffee, per lb	22	Piles	$3a4 00
Coffee, ground	20		

New Advertisements.

☞ **Notice.**—The regular monthly meeting of the Steilacoom Library Association will be holden in Messrs. Delin & Shorey's building, on Monday, May 2d, at 7 o'clock P.M.

A full attendance of members is requested, and the public respectfully invited.

S. McCAW, President.

C. C. Shorey, Recording Sec'y.

☞ **Notice.**—The Annual Meeting of the Washington Territory Bible Society will be held in Steilacoom on Wednesday, May 25th, at 2 o'clock P.M.

8:4 GEO. W. SLOAN, Sec'y.

NOTICE—On FRIDAY, the 20th day of May next, at 3 o'clock P.M., at the house of the deceased, John Van Bustirk, I will sell to the highest bidder, the land claim belonging to the heirs of said deceased, three hundred and twenty acres, cornering on the northwest with the Steilacoom land claim. Terms of sale, cash.

A. J. BURGE.

Pierce County, W. T., April 25th, 1859. 8:3*

NEW GOODS!

JUST ARRIVED,

EX BARQUE ORK, A LARGE ASSORTment of merchandise of every variety and of prime quality, consisting of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
CLOTHING,
WINES,
LIQUORS, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold at low prices for cash, by

BALCH & WEBBER.

Steilacoom, April 25th, 1859. 8:tf

Puget Sound Shipping List.

STEILACOOM, W. T., APRIL 29, 1859.

Arrived.

April 23d—Schr Eclipse, Barrington, fm Penn's Cove; produce to order.

24th—Stmr Columbia, Baby, fm San Francisco; U S Mails, f't and pass.

26th—Stmr Constitution, Gove, fm Olympia; U S Mails, f't and pass.

Sailed.

April 23d—Schr Eclipse, Barrington, ports on the Sound.

24th—Stmr Columbia, Baby, San Francisco via Olympia.

26th—Stmr Constitution, Gove, ports down the Sound.

In Port.

April 29th—Ship Morning Glory, Hobbs, ldg for San Francisco; bque Ork, Trask, do do.

125 McCORMICK'S

Chicago Reapers!

Three Sizes—5½, 6 and 7 feet Cut,

With extras for all the different patterns from 1852 to 1859. [Agent for the manufacturers for the Pacific coast.]

2500 sold in 1855. | 4000 sold in 1857.
4000 sold in 1856. | 4500 sold in 1858.

15,000 sold in the last four years!

No single establishment in the world can truthfully claim to have manufactured and sold anything like so large a number of Reaping and Mowing Machines during the same time, while my experience dates back to the origin of my machine, in 1834, having been actively and exclusively engaged in their manufacture for the last fifteen years. I am now more largely engaged in the manufacture of these machines than ever before, and, with my improvements for 1859, do not hesitate to warrant my machine as a Reaper, Mower, and Reaper and Mower, superior to any other for simplicity, durability and perfect working; a d further to say, that farmers who may favor it are at liberty to work my machine through the harvest with any other, and keep and pay for the one preferred. The position of the Raker in my machine, (as patented) upon the main frame, where there is great strength, and where the weight adds to the power of the machine, is the only right one. Other makers have to haul their raker on the platform, where he must submit to having the dust thrown in his eyes by the opera tion of the reel, and to being jolted over the clods by the little platform attached over which he rides, necessarily racking their machine to pieces. This accounts, in part, for the great durability of my machines as compared with others.

Great Council Medal awarded my machine in London, in 1851.

Grand Gold Medal of Honor at Paris, in 1855.

Highest Prize at the French Universal Exhibition, in 1855.

Highest Prize of Royal Agricultural Society of England, in 1857.

Highest Prize of the United States Agricultural Society, in 1857.

As the Best Reaper.

Publications made by the manufacturers of the Manny machine, claiming the highest honors, etc., at the French Universal Exposition, in 1855, are known by them to be FALSE. The success of my machine, as indicated by figures above, is its highest praise, while the awards of premiums, generally, are worthy of no confidence, although reaper makers make a business of laboring and scheming to secure the little annual one horse premiums of the country. Although it may not be generally understood, it is nevertheless true, that these machines have always been sold at comparatively low prices, and that for the boldness with which I introduced and sold them by thousands, for the ten years past, other smaller manufacturers would doubtless have put the price much higher.

I could furnish thousands of testimonials from farmers and others, of the truthfulness of every statement I have made, and much more I may further remark, that all of the reaping machines of any prominence in the country are mere modifications of my machine, all other manufacturers having necessarily limited experience in comparison with my own.

A single year's severe service will satisfy the farmer, that in point or durability my machine is far superior to all others; besides several most important advantages, referred to in my regular annual circular in pamphlet form, which will be furnished those who desire further information, by addressing me or any one of my agents.

CYRUS H. McCORMICK

20 Pitts' Pattern Threshers and Separators

Manufactured by Nourse, Mason & Co.; 32 and 36 inch cylinders, with trucks and full extras.

U. S. PATENT OFFICE January 3 1859

Sir:—J. A. & H. A. Pitts' Patent dated June 29, 1837, (machine for thrashing and cleaning grain) was duly extended for a term of seven years from June 29, 1851. It has consequently expired. Respectfully yours,

N. HOLT, C mmissioner.

SOUTHWORTH & Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Pitts' Patent Double Pinion 8 and 10 Horse Powers.

To whom it may concern:—This may certify that we have a certificate of authority of which the following is a true copy. A. GORDON & CO.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: This may certify that A. Gordon & Co. are fully authorized by me to sell the "Pitts' Improved Patent Double Pinion Horse Power," in any of the States or Territories secured to me by letters patent. [Signed] JOHN A. PITTS.

Buffalo, October 20, 1858.

We are this month shipping horse powers of the above patent to A. B. Southworth, of San Francisco, Cal., which he is hereby authorized to sell. A. GORDON & CO.

Rochester, N. Y., October 23d, 1858.

A. Gordon & Co.'s Iron Planet Powers, 8 and 10 Horse.

Nourse, Mason & Co.'s Iron Planet Powers, 8 and 10 horse with full extras.

40 Ketchum's Mowers, Iron Frame.

☞ Extra Extras for all of the above machines.

20 Noyes' Millstones, different sizes.

100 Revolving Horse Rakes, 8, 10 and 12 feet.

200 dozen Hay Rakes;
100 dozen Batchelder's Hay Forks;
100 dozen Blood's Mirror Blade Scythes;
50 dozen Harris's Silver Steel;
100 dozen Semmit's Scythe Snaths;
200 Thermometer Churns;
1500 Peoria Plows, to arrive for Fall Trade.

ALSO,

A general assortment of Agricultural Implements. Farmers and dealers are invited to call before purchasing.

SOUTHWORTH & CO.,
No. 44 Battery street,
8:tf Between Gold and Pine sts.

For Sale.

A CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF DRUGS, &c. The stock has been selected for private use, and embraces such medicines as are needful in general practice. Inquire at the office of the Puget Sound Herald. 8:tf

TOWING, FREIGHTING, ETC.

THE WELL-KNOWN STEAMER

RANGER,

Now plying on the waters of Puget Sound, will be ready at all times to tow rafts or carry freight to or from any ports or mills on the Sound.

Orders left at Balch & Webber's store, in Steilacoom; Phillips & Sons, Olympia; or at the various post-offices on the Sound, will be promptly attended to.

☞ Freight carried and towing done on the most reasonable terms. 7:tf

A Mutual Agreement of Separation between Andrew R. Beller and his Wife, Elmina Beller.

FEBRUARY 25th, 1859.

THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT I, ANDREW R. BELLER, have agreed with my wife to leave her, never to meet as man and wife any more, and cheerfully grant her my right to all the children, and all in the house and out of the house belonging to me; and furthermore grant her the privilege of resuming her own maiden name again, and hoping that any Judge or Jury grant her a divorce by applying for the same. ANDREW R. BELLER.

Michael Linehan, } Signed and sealed by witness,
Henry Harmon. } 7:3* L. C. HARMON.

Special Notices.

☞ **Dr. Guysott's Improved Extract of Yellow** Dock and Sarsaparilla, put up in quart bottles, contains more of the pure Honduras Sarsaparilla than any other preparation extant, which is chemically combined with the Extract of Yellow Dock and the Extract of Wild Cherry, thus making the remedy more thoroughly efficient than any other Sarsaparilla before the public. At the same time it is perfectly free from all mineral poisons, which cannot be said of any other of the Sarsaparilla compounds. The invalid should beware of mineral and metallic poisons, which enter into and form the active basis of most of the Sarsaparillas and Panaceas of the day. Guysott's Compound Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla does not contain a particle of these substances, as any one can ascertain by applying the necessary tests.

Let all poisonous Sarsaparilla preparations alone, and use Guysott's Improved Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla, which is thoroughly efficacious, perfectly harmless, and purely vegetable. All kinds of disease yield to its genial influence.

As a purifier of the blood, and the various skin diseases, it has no equal.

Be sure and get the QUART BOTTLES, sold by druggists generally.

DAVIS & WHITE, General Agents, Importers and Dealers in all valuable Patent Medicines, 134 Washington street, San Francisco. 8:50m

☞ **For the Lungs, Coughs, Colds, &c., use Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.**

We regard the Wild Cherry tree as one of Nature's own physicians—a sort of Good Samaritan of the Forest—for its "medical gum" has relieved the sufferings and saved the lives of thousands. The Balsam prepared by Dr. Wistar is a pure and perfectly reliable preparation of the real Cherry essence, and it is a remedy by no means "hard to take." We speak confidently and strongly in its praise, from having witnessed its renovating influence in consumptive cases, when all other prescriptions had proved of no effect.

Sold by all respectable druggists.

Be cautious, as there are many counterfeits. Look well at the signature before purchasing. Take none unless it has the name of "Henry Wistar, M D., Philadelphia," and "Sanford & Park," engraved on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

PARK & WHITE are the only Agents, to whom all orders should be addressed.

ALSO,

Importers, Wholesale and Retail Agents

OF

ALL VALUABLE PATENT MEDICINES, WARRANTED GENUINE.

132 Washington st., opposite the Market, San Francisco.

Hostetter's—The surprising effects of Hostetter's VEGETABLE STOMACH BITTERS, in removing bile, forcing an appetite, imparting health and tone to the system, and dissipating dyspeptic symptoms, are truly wonderful. Every nervous, debilitated, weak and emaciated person, male or female, should try it at once. One wine-glassful, taken three times each day, before meals; or, if the patient should be a lady or child in a debilitated condition, half the quantity will do until sufficient strength is restored, which will be realized in a very short time, and convince the patient of the truth of the above named happy results, which have gained for these Bitters such an enviable reputation everywhere.

Sold in quantities to suit by

PARK & WHITE, Sole Agents,
8:50m 132 Washington st., San Francisco.

STEILACOOM LODGE, NO. 2.

OF Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, holds regular communications on the first and third Saturday evenings in every month.

All members of the fraternity in good standing are invited to attend. J. M. BACHELDER, W. M.

OLYMPIA LODGE, NO. 1,

OF Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, holds regular communications on the first and third Saturday evenings in every month.

All members of the order in good standing are invited to attend. T. P. McELROY, W. M.

I. O. O. F.

THE regular meeting of Olympia Lodge, No. 1, of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, is held every Saturday evening, at 6½ o'clock, in the building formerly occupied by Wm. Rutledge, two doors east of the Washington Hotel.

All members in good standing in the order, are invited to attend. G. C. BLANKENSHIP, Sec'y.

FOR SALE

BY THE

PUGET MILL COMPANY.

TEEKALET, W. T.

CARGO OF THE BARQUE OAK HILL, TO arrive about the 15th of January; cargo of the brig KOLOA, to arrive about the 1st of February; and cargo of the schooner TOANDA, to arrive about the 15th of February, all direct from Boston, viz:

COAL.

Lehigh and Cumberland.

LUMBER.

White Oak Plank	Eastern W. Pine Boards
White Ash do	Eastern W. Pine Plank

SHIP CHANDLERY.

Barrels Pitch	Coils Manilla Rigging
Do Tar	Do hemp do
Do Rosin	Blocks of all sizes
Anchors from 60 to 300 lbs	Oars
Rolee Oakum	Marline
Houseline	Shipp'd Cabooses
Mast hoops	Pitch Mops
Jib hanks	Scrub Brooms

BUILDING MATERIALS.

Plain and moulded Doors, all sizes;	Windows, from 7 to 9 to 10 sale;
Sash Doors	Kegs Nails
Window Blinds	White pine boards and plank

PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES.

Bbls clear pork	Tierces hams
Half bbls clear pork	Bbls crushed sugar
Bbls mess pork	Half do do do
Do do do do	Do N. O. sugar
do mess beef	Do do do do
Do do do	do brown Hav sugar
Do do dried apples	Do do do
Do do Carolina rice	Boxes saleratus
Cans lard	Hull's extra No. 1 soap, half
Cases ground rock salt	and qr. boxes
Kegs Lt Boston syrup	Hill's family soap, half and
Do butter	qr. boxes
Do beans	Chemical olive soap
Bbls corn meal	Eagle soap, qr boxes
Yeast powders	Winchester's extra soap, hf
Half bbls split peas	and qr boxes
Castile soap	Do. No. 1 do, hf and qr bxs
Dry codfish, in boxes	Do. family do, do do
Boxes candles	

DRUGS.

White lead	Paints, all colors
Linseed oil	Varnish
Spirits Turpentine	

HARDWARE.

Sheet iron	Wrought spikes, from 4 to
Hunt's handled axes	8 inch
Ames's shovels	Bar iron
Iron safes	Cook and house stoves

TINWARE.

All kinds of extra tin and sheet iron ware.

CROCKERY.

Crates of crockeryware	Crates of stoneware

WOODENWARE.

White oak brass bound pails	Painted 3 hoop pails
Nests tubs, brooms	Bedsteads

DRY GOODS.

Bales Bane sheeting	Bales Piscataqua sheeting
Do L and V sheeting	Do. Malakoff drills
Do. Suffolk denims	Bolts cotton duck

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Long leg waterproof boots	Kennebec boots
Long grain double sole extra boots	Half welt extra boots
	Men's pump wax brogans
Half welt kip brogans	Drab foxed Congress boots
Do. calf brogans	Glove foxed do do

Purchasers wishing for any of the above goods, in large or small quantities, will please send in their orders, which will be filled at a low rate.

PUGET MILL CO.,
38:tf Teekalet, W. T.

PORK—20 bbls Eastern packed Pork;
Also Domestic do do
For sale by
S. McCAW & CO.

PLOWS—Boston Steel Clipper and Eagle Cast Iron Plows on hand and for sale by S. McCAW & CO.

OLD TOM—200 gallons Old Tom on hand and for sale cheap, by S. McCAW & CO.

PUGET SOUND HERALD.

STEILACOOM, W. T., FRIDAY, APRIL 29, 1859.

VANCOUVER PRECINCT MEETING.

Pursuant to public notice, a democratic precinct meeting was held in the school house at Vancouver, in Clarke county, W. T., at 2 o'clock P.M., on Saturday, the 16th day of April, 1859, for the purpose of electing delegates to the county convention. The meeting was called to order, and Jay D. Potter elected chairman, and Wm. Kelly secretary.

After the chairman stated the object of the meeting, it was moved by Mr. Sohon that the delegates to be elected by this meeting be instructed; which motion was carried.

The following persons were then nominated and elected delegates: Wm. Kelly, Gay Hayden, C. S. Irby, P. A'hern, Wm. Dillon, H. Cochran, S. Barker, and Gustavus Sohon.

It was moved by Wm. Kelly, that the delegates now elected be instructed to use all honorable means to secure the nomination of Hon. Isaac I. Stevens for Delegate to Congress. Carried.

Mr. E. B. Smith offered the following Resolutions:

Resolved, That we endorse the course pursued by Biles, Stiles and Smith, members elect to the last Legislative Assembly of Washington Territory.

Resolved, That it is our firm belief and opinion that they acted as "True Democrats."

Upon motion of J. F. Smith, the resolutions were laid on the table.

On motion, the meeting adjourned.

Jay D. Potter, Chairman.

Wm. Kelly, Secretary.

WHIDBY'S ISLAND CONVENTION.

Whidby's Island, W. T.,
April 18th, 1859.

Friend Prosch—*Sir:* As editor and publisher of the best and the most widely circulated paper in Washington Territory, I take pleasure in furnishing for the columns of your excellent journal, and the edification of your many intelligent readers, a brief sketch of the farrical proceedings had in a titular Democratic convention, which was held at Coveland, the county seat of Island Co., on Saturday last, the 16th inst.

This convention, it appears, was called into existence for the purpose of selecting two delegates to attend upon the approaching Territorial convention, which is to be holden at Olympia on the 16th day of May next ensuing, and for the nomination also of a corps of officers to fill the various county offices that will become vacant by virtue of expiration of time of service at the next general election.

There were present on the occasion some thirty-five or forty persons, men of large experience and great political sagacity, many of whom had come from afar for the especial and avowed purpose of paying homage to their favorite candidates, who were in full pursuit of high offices, and were praying and petitioning sufferance at their hands.

The convention organized precisely at the hour, or some time thereafter, of 2 o'clock P.M., by the election of an honored and estimable member of the Democratic party (not of the Democratic party *as it is*, but *as it was* in the days of its illustrious founder, Thomas Jefferson) chairman, who, upon taking his seat, tendered his warmest thanks to the convention that had thus elevated him to the highest position within its conferment, for the honor bestowed upon him. The convention now proceeded to the election of a "Grand Scrivener," or Imperial Secretary. The names of several worthy gentlemen were put in nomination for said office, but upon casting about, to the great mortification of many, it was discovered that none of the nominated hombres were within the sacred precincts of the convention. A slight deviation from the pre-arranged programme was here necessarily resorted to in order that the conventional wheels might be kept in motion, and whether out of courtesy, or downright mockery, the name of a defunct "would-be politician" and an ex-County Auditor, &c., whose claims to political preferment have long since been ignored, not by his countrymen, but by an al en rabble, (with some honorable exceptions) was put in nomination, and was elected by an overwhelming Kansas Minority, and to his disgrace we regret to say it, he, with apparent indifference, entered upon the discharge of his arduous and perplexing duties; and here we shall leave the Secretary, with our sympathies to aid him in rendering a truthful record of the chaotic proceedings done in convention to the *Pioneer and Democrat*, that sheet of inspiration that essays to sway the political destinies of Washington Territory, and pass to notice the leading characters and scenery in the 3d act of the drama. Upon motion being made and seconded, the *vica voce* system of voting was adopted in the nomination of candidates for office, and all the preliminaries having been previously determined upon, the names of two delegates to serve the good people, (i. e., the convention) as representatives in the territoral convention, were now brought forward and were elected with scarce a dissenting voice. So ended the 3d act.

Now came the most important proceedings in the whole farce, the nomination of a candidate to represent the convention—not the people—in the next Legislative Assembly of Washington Territory. The convention, at this stage of affairs, might truthfully be likened unto Babel with her thousand different tongues, as it was all confusion and boisterous uproar. As many as twenty gentlemen were upon the floor offering motions at the same time, and it was only through that nice conception of Parliamentary tactics, of which the worthy chairman so frequently exhibited himself master, that one could tell whose motion took precedent. After considerable wa-wa (to use a classic term) that no individual could get head or tail of, the *vica voce* system was, by general consent, suspended, and the process of balloting adopted in lieu thereof. The names of many individuals were announced in connection with this important trust, but it soon appeared that there was only one man among the many that virtually and equitably had claims to the position. So ruled the majority of our alien voters, and the chaplet of political victory at once encircled his venerable head. Upon the chairman proclaiming the name of the successful candidate, loud huzzas went forth from the mouths of certain participants, who, we have every reason to believe, supposed that they had in the election of their candidate voted a diadem to a newly-created monarch, secured the perpetuity of our glorious Union, and acquired the possession of the Cuban Isle, such was their profound knowledge of what they had effected. The incipient representative returned his thanks (of course he did) to the dear convention that had reposed such high confidence in his known abilities. The honorable gentleman made a speech to his *feller citizens*, and his political logic was certainly ——; but the brevity of his discourse at once marked him as a "man of wit."

At this juncture of the proceedings, the members of the convention began to absent themselves, one after another, till there was scarcely sufficient persons present to deliberate further; and, after several abortive attempts were made to break up the convention by adjournment, the secretary, who had become completely exhausted with fatigue in caricaturing the deliberations of the meeting, left the convention, which at once dissolved, or adjourned to meet, we hope, *such* a democratic or mobocratic crowd no more.

Disseminator.

FOR SALE—A House and Lot in the town of Steilacoom, suitable for a store or residence. For terms apply to

A. G. BALCH,
No. 4 Commercial street.

52:tf

Something New!

BOOKS, STATIONERY, TOYS, &c.,

OF A GENERAL VARIETY.

Also, a large quantity of nearly all kinds of

Garden Seeds:

Quince and Grass Seed;

Millet and many other articles,

Just such as the people want, on hand and for sale at the Post Office, in Steilacoom.

N. B.—The latest States Papers will also be kept for sale. Public patronage respectfully solicited.

5:tf E. A. LIGHT & CO.

NEW GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED,

EX BARQUE ORK AND BRIG W. D. RICE, a large stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Their stock consists of

DRY GOODS,
LADIES' GOODS,
NOTIONS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
HARDWARE,
IRON,
GARDEN TOOLS,
GARDEN SEEDS,
PLOWS,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
CIGARS,
TOBACCO,
PAINTS,
OILS, &c., &c., &c.

Call and see

52:tf J. R. MEEKER & SONS.

STATIONERY.

A GOOD SUPPLY OF LETTER, NOTE, BILL AND Lawyers' Paper, Ink, &c., cheap at

52:tf MEEKER & SONS.

CONFECTIONERY.

CANDIES, FIGS, PRUNES, JAMS; also Canned Fruits, Nuts, Raisins, &c., at

52:tf MEEKER & SONS.

TOOLS.

AXES, CROSS-CUT AND HAND SAWS, Planes, Broad Axes, &c., at

52:tf MEEKER & SONS.

PAINTS, OIL, GLASS, &c., at

52:tf MEEKER & SONS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A GOOD SUPPLY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

52:tf MEEKER & SONS.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

A GOOD SUPPLY CONSTANTLY ON HAND AT

52:tf MEEKER & SONS.

THE LADIES

WILL FIND ALL THE LITTLE NOTIONS for the convenience of themselves and children at

52:tf MEEKER & SONS.

PLOWS! PLOWS!

STEEL AND CAST PLOWS of all sizes at

52:tf MEEKER & SONS.

GARDEN SEEDS

AND GARDEN TOOLS at

52:tf MEEKER & SONS.

HAMS,

BACON, LARD AND BBL. PORK, at

52:tf MEEKER & SONS.

IRON! IRON!

A GOOD SUPPLY OF IRON, WAGON BOXES, &c., constantly on hand at

52:tf MEEKER & SONS.

NO. 1 FAMILY FLOUR AND CORN MEAL at

52:tf MEEKER & SONS.

General Notice.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE TO inform his friends, and the public generally, that he will endeavor to keep constantly on hand the following goods:

A general variety of

Dry Goods,

SUCH AS

Boots,
Shoes, Hats,
Caps, Clothing,
Blankets, Sheetings,
Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods,
Shirtings, Drills, &c., Groceries, Provisions,
Wines, Liquors, Farming Tools, Hardware,
Tinware, Crockeryware, Woodenware,
Stoneware, Glassware, Paints, Oil,
Glass, Putty, Patent Medicines,
Drugs, Turpentine, Ship
Chandlery, Country
Produce,
&c.,

All of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms, at wholesale or retail.

Feeling grateful to the citizens of this county and the public generally for past favors, and a liberal share of their patronage, I shall endeavor, by strict attention to my business to merit a continuance of the same.

5:tf PHILIP KEACH.

NOTICE—The public are hereby cautioned against purchasing or trading in any manner for the large frame house on Lot 2, Block 2, in the town of Steilacoom, (Balch's portion) generally known as Slaughter's large house on the hill, as the said house and lot are claimed as belonging to the estate of the late W. A. Slaughter, deceased, and the matter is now the subject of judicial investigation.

41:tf J. M. BACHELDER, Adm'r.

CAUTION—All persons are hereby cautioned against trusting or giving credit to any one in my name without an order from my hand, as I will pay no debts so contracted.

25:tf THOS. TOLLENTIRE.

H. H. BANCROFT & CO.,
PUBLISHERS,
Importing Booksellers and Stationers,
131 Montgomery street,
One door from Merchant,
SAN FRANCISCO,

Have in store the largest collection of SCHOOL and LAW BOOKS in California; also Historical and other Works. Orders from Washington Territory solicited. 1-3m

CALICOS—5000 yards of Calicos of the latest styles and fast colors, suited to the Indian trade.

For sale by
S. McCAW & CO.

CHOPPED FEED—Nourse & Mason's Patent Hay Cutters on hand and for sale by

S. McCAW & CO.

NAILS—On hand, an assortment of Cut Nails,

For sale by
S. McCAW & CO.

NAILS—60 kegs assorted Nails

For sale cheap by

36:tf P. KEACH.

Miscellaneous.

ARMY NOTICE.

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR FURNISHING the U. S. Troops at Fort Steilacoom, W. T., with Fresh BEEF for the year commencing July 1st, 1859, will be received at the office of the A. A. C. S., Fort Steilacoom, W. T., up to 9 o'clock A.M. on Friday, the 20th of May, 1859.

Beef must be fresh and good, and of a wholesome quality, delivered in quarters, an equal proportion of each, (necks and shanks to be excluded) ordinarily three times per week, in quantities varying with the number of troops at the post. The amount required at present per week is about 850 pounds, which may be increased or diminished during the year. Payments to be made monthly.

Proposals to be addressed to the Acting Assistant Commissary of Subsistence, Fort Steilacoom, W. T., and endorsed "Proposals for Fresh Beef." The written guarantee of two responsible persons, that the contract if awarded will be faithfully executed, must accompany each proposal. Contract will be given to the lowest responsible bidder. The Commissary reserves the right to reject all bids. Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of proposals.

E. J. HARVIE,
1st Lieut 9th Inf'y,
A. A. C. S.

Fort Steilacoom, W. T., April 20th, 1859. 7:4

☞ Pioneer and Democrat copy 3 times and send bill to Herald office.

PROPOSALS

FOR OPENING THE U. S. MILITARY ROAD FROM STEILACOOM TO BELLINGHAM BAY, W. T.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned, or the officer in charge, at the office of U. S Military Roads, Fort Vancouver, W. T., until noon, on Monday, the 9th of May, 1859, for opening a TRAIL practicable for pack mules and stock driving from Seattle (or a point near there, to be designated by the Engineer in charge) to Whatcom—a distance of 85 miles, more or less—on the above-named road.

The road has been carefully and completely blazed throughout; and the work thereon required will be to cut down and remove all such trees and other obstacles as may be necessary to the fulfilment of the conditions of its being a good and practicable trail.

Bidders will specify a stipulated sum per mile.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a written guarantee, signed by two responsible persons in the sum of $7,000, that the bidder will, when required, if his proposal be accepted, enter immediately into a contract and bond, with good and sufficient security to the amount of the contract, for its true and faithful execution.

In compliance with existing laws, it must be expressly understood, before making a contract, "that no member of Congress shall be admitted to any share or part therein, or any benefit to arise therefrom."

The right of rejecting all bids is reserved. The contract, if awarded, will be given to the lowest responsible bidder, who will at once enter into it, and, when the contract is made, the work must be immediately commenced. The contract will be submitted to the Secretary of War for his approval or disapproval. Should it be disapproved, payment will be made for work actually done and satisfactorily performed under the contract, at the rates therein specified.

Payments will be made on account by checks on the U. S. Assistant Treasurer, at San Francisco, Cal., monthly, for work actually performed, if done in a manner approved by the U. S. Engineer in charge, to the amount of 50 per cent. on the contract price; and the balance will be paid when the whole work is completed, inspected and approved. The work must be completed on or before the 1st of October next.

Persons desiring to bid will please call for further information, if desired, on the undersigned, or the officer in charge, at the office of the U. S. Military Roads, (in Hudson Bay Co.'s buildings) Fort Vancouver, W. T.

Proposals, sent through the post office or otherwise, must be endorsed, "Proposals for opening the U. S. Military Road from Steilacoom to Bellingham Bay."

GEORGE THOM,
Captain Topographical Engineers.

Office U. S. Military Roads, March 29, 1859. 6:4

S. McCAW & CO.

Offer for Sale, at Wholesale and Retail,

A GREAT VARIETY OF DESIRABLE Goods at low rates, such as

Pork, Flour, Bacon, Hams, Salmon, Butter, Cheese, Beans, Rice, Peas, Potatoes, Salt, fine, Salt, coarse, Tobacco, Molasses, Syrup, Vinegar, Nails, Glass, Axes, Buckets, Brooms, White Lead, Oil, Turpentine, Lamp Oil, Olive Oil, Coffee, Tea, Dried Apples, Dried Peaches, Soap, Starch, Sugar, Crushed do, Adamantine Candles, Saleratus, Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, Mustard, Capers, Table Sauces, Can Oysters, Can Lobsters, Can Chickens, Can Beef, Can Peaches, Bottled Peaches, Brandy Peaches, Can Apples, Can Strawberries, Can Pie Fruits, Bottled Pie Fruits, Ex. Lemon, Ex. Vanilla, Ex. Orange, Ex. Rose, and other articles suited to the wants of the community.

Also, a large assortment of good Liquors. 1-1y

For Sale,

MILK COWS AND HEIFERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS ON HAND AND FOR SALE, at moderate prices, a large number of Milk Cows and Heifers. Apply at his Farm, near Gravelly Lake, 1¼ miles from Fort Steilacoom.

43:tf ABIAL MORRISON.

DOORS AND WINDOWS.

ASSORTED SIZES OF DOORS, PINE AND Walnut;
Assorted sizes of Windows;

For sale by
PUGET MILL CO.,
At Teekalet, W. T.

All orders promptly attended to. 2:tf

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

G. COLLIER ROBBINS,
PORTLAND, OREGON,

TAKES GREAT PLEASURE IN RETURNing his thanks to his friends and customers in Washington Territory, for their very liberal patronage.

Watches, Jewelry, &c., left with WILLIAMS'S Express will be sent over, and the charges can be collected on delivery. All orders per Williams's Express will meet with prompt attention, and all Watches warranted to keep good time.

On hand and for sale low,

Watches, Silverware, Jewelry, &c.

G. COLLIER ROBBINS,
1-tf Watchmaker, Portland.

J. W. SULLIVAN,

BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,

Washington street, adjoining the Post Office,

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

WOULD call the attention of all Booksellers, Expressmen and News Agents to a large list of Newspapers and Magazines which he will furnish with despatch, together with Books, Stationery, and all the Cheap Publications of the day, at the lowest market prices, carefully packed and legibly directed. As this list can never be perfect, he will send a specimen copy of all new publications, if desired. Dealers will find it greatly to their advantage to have all their orders packed in this establishment, as they *can be supplied in advance of any other house.* All orders will be answered *promptly.*

LAFAYETTE BALCH. J. B. WEBBER.

BALCH & WEBBER,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS, SHOES, &c., &c.

☞ In connection with the store there is a commodious WHARF, at which vessels of any class can lay at low tide. Store corner of Clickatat and Snoqualmoo streets, Steilacoom, W. T. 1-1y

HAY—300 bales of good California Hay for sale by

BALCH & WEBBER.
13-tf Steilacoom, W. T.

Shipping.

BALCH & WEBBER'S
REGULAR LINE OF PACKETS
BETWEEN
Puget Sound
AND
San Francisco

Is composed of the following first class vessels:

Barque ORK, 250 Tons,
A. Y. TRASK, Commander;
AND
Brig W. D. RICE, 238 Tons,
W. H. DIGGS, Commander;

The above vessels are commanded by experienced and gentlemanly captains, well known to the trade, and will run regularly between Puget Sound (W. T.) and San Francisco.

Freight will be taken at San Francisco for all points on the Sound.

Goods from any of the Atlantic States for Puget Sound will be carefully received at San Francisco and promptly forwarded.

BALCH & WEBBER,
Steilacoom, W. T.
LAFAYETTE BALCH,
1-tf Stewart st., San Francisco.

Miscellaneous.

STEILACOOM
LIVERY STABLE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING ESTABlished himself in the above business in this place, will devote his attention exclusively to conducting it in a proper and satisfactory manner.

Good Saddle Horses will be kept in readiness for the accommodation of the public.

Also, a fine spring BUGGY, for parties wishing to enjoy a pleasant ride through the country.

STABLING furnished at moderate rates.

1-1y CHARLES STEWART.

LIVERY STABLE.

Balch street, near Commercial,
STEILACOOM, W. T.
JAMES HUGHES, Proprietor.

83:1y

MILES J. WEST,
BLACKSMITH.

HAVING purchased the interest of his late partner in the Blacksmithing business, the undersigned is prepared to execute satisfactorily all work in that line entrusted to his care. Wagon tires, bolts, and all work pertaining to his line, guaranteed.

The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

16-tf MILES J. WEST.

THE PORT MADISON
FOUNDRY

IS NOW IN SUCCESSFUL OPERATION, UNder the superintendence of W. E. Waterman, and will execute all kinds of

Iron Castings,
Mill Machinery,
Steam Engines,
Stoves,
Hollowware,
&c., &c., &c.

Attached to the establishment is a MACHINE SHOP, where all kinds of Iron Turning and Finishing will be done on the shortest notice, and at less than San Francisco prices.

All orders promptly executed.

51:tf G. A. MEIGS.

RUSSIAN CHEMICAL
STEAM BATHS,
BY
DANIEL COLLINS,
Steilacoom, W. T.

QUICK, CERTAIN,
AND
Permanent Cure

For Rheumatism, Paralysis, Stiff Joints, Neuralgia, in binding Tic Doloreux, Painters' Cholic and Lame Wrist; all affections arising from working in metals and poisonous Air, Fever and Ague; Intermittent, Typhus and Typhoid Fevers; Isthmus Fever; Jaundice; Diseased Liver and Kidneys; Indolent Ulcers; Scrofula; Cancerous Affections; Cancer of the Womb; Blotches and Pimples on the Face; Diseases of the Sexual Organs; Diseases of the Eye, and for the

Extraction from the Human System

Of Calomel and Mercury in all its forms Iron, Lead, Zinc and all other Metallic and Mineral Poisons, the almost universal cause of Rheumatism, Paralysis, Stiff Joints, &c., &c.; thus proving the iniquity of medical practice, which employs ruinous and deadly poisons in a pretence to cure disease. Also, Poison from Oaks cured.

BATHS!

By which the most wonderful and quickest cures are effected without a particle of nasty and poisonous medicine of any kind; and he makes very moderate charges, though he does not attempt to swindle any man into the idea that he does it all

Without Pay!

☞ These Baths improve the complexion, rendering the skin soft and smooth, and are adapted to all Female Maladies. Ladies are requested to accompany each other, and every facility is offered for their enjoyment. They may be taken by persons in perfect health, being the most luxurious Bath ever devised. 21:tf

GALLAGHER'S
HARDWARE ESTABLISHMENT,
Main street, Olympia, W. T.

GEORGE GALLAGHER,
Dealer in Stoves, Hardware, Tinware, Agricultural Implements, &c.,

HAS ON HAND, AND OFFERS FOR SALE, a large and well selected stock of the above articles at the lowest rates.

Tinware and Sheet Iron work of every description manufactured to order at short notice, and forwarded to any part of the country. All orders promptly attended to.

GEORGE GALLAGHER,
3-1y Main st., Olympia.

GEORGE GALLAGHER,

HAVING ESTABLISHED A BRANCH OF HIS BUSIness in Steilacoom, is prepared to supply the residents of Pierce county with Stoves of every description, and Hardware of every variety, at prices to suit all.

Give him a call, next door to Balch & Webber's. 32:tf

FOWLER & CO.,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A GOOD assortment of

DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
TINWARE,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
CROCKERYWARE,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES,
FURNITURE,
SHIP CHANDLERY AND STORES,
MINING TOOLS, &c.

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T. 7 tf

NOTICE.

THE HOSPITAL STEWARD AT FORT Steilacoom has on hand a quantity of Medicines and Drugs, which he will sell to citizens.

Prescriptions for Syphilis and Gonorrhœa carefully compounded.

Inquire at the Hospital Steward's room, Hospital building.

4 tf CHAS. J. FITZGERALD.

Miscellaneous.

HUGHES'S HOTEL,
Corner of Commercial and Balch streets,
STEILACOOM, W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVING FITTED UP this Hotel in a comfortable manner, is prepared to accommodate transient and regular boarders with bed and board.

His table will be furnished with the best the country affords. The sleeping apartments will be found clean and comfortable; there are several pleasant rooms in the house for families and single persons.

The bar is furnished with the best of Liquors and Cigars.

The house is convenient to the steamboat landing at Balch & Webber's wharf, and travelers will be received at any hour of the night.

☞ A good Stable is attached to the Hotel.

Terms moderate. JAMES HUGHES,
33:1y Proprietor.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

MATTHEW P. BURNS,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND OCCULIST,
Office next door to Pacific House, Main street, Olympia.

DR. M. P. BURNS RETURNS THANKS TO the citizens of Washington Territory and Vancouver's Island for the liberal patronage which he has received during the past five years. Dr. Burns offers his services to all who are affected with chronic disease of the Urethra and Bladder, and for that formidable disease, stricture of the Urethra, and chronic diseases of the Eye and Ear. He can be consulted gratis every Friday in his office: office hours from 8 to 12 M. Persons consulting him from a distance will be faithfully attended to.

Charges moderate.

Drugs and Patent Medicines Wholesale and Retail.

Thorn's Compound Extract of Copaiba and Sarsaparilla, for the cure of Gleets, Gonorrhœa, Strictures and Whites.

Riley's Compound Extract of Buchu, for diseases of the Urinary organs, such as Strangury, Gravel, Gleet, Lucorrhœa, Inflammation of the Kidneys, &c.

Dr. M. P. Burns's solid Extract of Copaiba, Cubebs and Sarsaparilla, which needs no recommendation, as it is favorably known in Washington Territory for the last six years, and is warranted to cure the worst cases in two to five days.

Dr. Burns's Remedy for old standing diseases of the bones and ulceration of the throat, caused by impurities of the blood, a sure and certain remedy, and the best known to the Faculty of Medicine in Europe and the United States. 33:tf

MARINE HOSPITAL,
Port Townsend, June 22, 1858.

DR. P. M. O'BRIEN, LATE RESIDENT PHYsician and Surgeon of the County Hospital, San Francisco, and of the hospital of the Sisters of Mercy, is now in charge of the Marine Hospital at Port Townsend.

DR O'BRIEN is also prepared to receive private patients. He flatters himself, too, with the hope that an experience of sixteen years in the pratice of his profession, both private and hospital, together with a thoroughly medico chirurgical education, as evidenced by the proper guarantee of a diploma as to that effect, will obtain for him the confidence of the citizens on Puget Sound.

Letters addressed

P. M. O'BRIEN, M.D.,
Port Townsend,
will be duly acknowledged. 17 tf

TOWN LOTS!

BILLS'S ADDITION TO STEILACOOM.

GOOD CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT!

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING LAID OUT his land claim, adjoining Capt. Balch's claim, into Town Lots of one acre each, is now prepared to sell Lots to suit parties desiring either to locate and improve or seeking investment. This claim, for advantageous location, is not excelled by any on Puget Sound. The site has been laid out with a view to beauty and convenience; the streets being four rods wide, and the whole plot well watered by springs. Sites for three churches have already been donated and set apart. The prices of Lots range from $30 to $150 each, according to locality.

The proprietor contemplates building a wharf on the claim during the coming summer, which cannot fail to greatly enhance the value of the entire property.

Parties wishing to purchase can do so by applying to FRANK CLARK, Esq., of Steilacoom, who, by power of attorney, is authorized to sell and convey lots

50:tf SAMUEL BILLS.

NEW FIRM.

RABBESON & BARNES.

THE NEW FIRM WILL SUPPLY ALL DEmands for work in their line on as good terms as such articles can be obtained in this section of country.

They offer for sale Stoves of different patterns—Cooking, Parlor, Tin Plate and Box Stoves,

Roofing, Spouting, and all kinds of Tin, Sheet Iron, and Copper work done at the shortest notice.

Steilacoom, Oct. 14th. 32:tf

STEILACOOM
DRUG STORE

A large assortment of Drugs and Chemicals constantly on hand, in the Puget Sound Herald building. 30:tf

M. JORDAN,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER,
DEALER IN
WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY and SILVERWARE,
165 Montgomery street,
Southwest corner of Montgomery and Washington.

ALL KINDS OF QUARTZ WORK ON HAND and manufactured to order.

Watches Repaired and Warranted.

☞ Persons in the interior desirous of purchasing articles of Jewelry, by forwarding a description, accompanied by the cash, can obtain them, and depend on their being of the best quality, and selected with care; and there is little doubt that this mode will prove as satisfactory to the purchasers as if the articles had been selected under their own supervision. 1-tf

THE GOLDEN PRIZE.
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ILLUSTRATED! ILLUSTRATED! ILLUSTRATED!
ILLUSTRATED EVERY WEEK.

THE GOLDEN PRIZE.

ILLUSTRATED! ILLUSTRATED!

The New York Weekly GOLDEN PRIZE is one of the largest and best weekly papers of the day. An Imperial Quarto, containing EIGHT PAGES, OF FORTY COLUMNS, of entertaining original matter; and ELEGANTLY ILLUSTRATED every week.

A GIFT WORTH FROM 50 CENTS TO $500 IN GOLD WILL BE PRESENTED TO EACH SUBSCRIBER IMMEDIATELY ON RECEIPT OF THE SUBSCRIPTION MONEY.

One copy for one year.....$2 00 and 1 gift.
One copy for two years..... 3 50 and 2 gifts.
One copy for three years.... 5 00 and 3 gifts.
One copy for five years..... 8 00 and 5 gifts.

AND TO CLUBS:

Three copies one year.....$5 00 and 3 gifts.
Five copies one year..... 8 00 and 5 gifts.
Ten copies one year..... 15 00 and 10 gifts.
Twenty copies one year.....30 00 and 21 gifts.

The articles to be distributed are comprised in the following list:—

2 Packages of Gold, containing.....$50 each
5 do do do ..... 200 each
10 do do do ..... 100 each
10 Patent Lever Hunting Cased Watches. 100 each
20 Gold Watches..... 75 each
50 do ..... 60 each
100 do ..... 50 each
300 Ladies' Gold Watches..... 75 each
200 Silver Hunting Cased Watches..... 30 each
500 Silver Watches.....$10 to 25 each
1000 Gold Guard, Vest and Fob Chains 10 to 30 each
Gold Lockets, Bracelets, Brooches, Ear Drops, Breastpins, Cuff Pins, Sleeve Buttons, Rings, Shirt Studs, Watch Keys, Gold and Silver Thimbles, and a variety of other articles, worth from 50 cents to $15 each.

Immediately on receipt of the subscription money, the subscriber's name will be entered on our subscription book opposite a number, and the gift corresponding with that number will be forwarded within one week to the subscriber, *by mail or express, post paid.*

☞ All communications should be addressed to

BECKET & CO.,
48 and 49 Moffat Building, 365 Broadway, New York.

*** Specimen copies sent free. Agents wanted. 11-1y

WANTED—By the Puget Mill Co., at Teekalet, W. T., good Choppers, Sawyers, Teamsters, and Contractors for getting logs.

18-tf Agent for Puget Mill Co.

San Francisco.

JONAS G. CLARK & CO.,
IMPORTERS
AND
MANUFACTURERS
OF
FURNITURE,
128 Washington st.,
San Francisco.

☞ We are now manufacturing our FINEST FURNITURE, and would invite the attention of the public to our present stock, the largest ever offered on the Pacific coast.

20:tf JONAS G. CLARK & CO.

Nets, Seines,
COTTON AND LINEN SEINE TWINE,
Shoe Thread, Gelling Thread, &c.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE IN STORE, AND FOR SALE at low rates, the following:

Seines from 5 fathoms to 100 fathoms long, corked, leaded, and hung ready for use;

Shoe Thread, Barbour's Standard, $9, 10, 3 and 12;

Cotton Seine Twine, from 6 to 40 thread;

Linen Seine Twine, from 12 to 36;

Together with a full assortment of

Gelling Nets, Fikes,
Perch Traps, Dip Nets,
Bird Nets, &c. &c. &c.

Also, the largest assortment of Wood and Willowware, Cordage, Brooms, Mops, &c, in the city,

For sale in lots to suit purchasers, by

ELAM & HOWES, No. 84 Clay st.,
One door from the N W cor Front st.,
26:3mis San Francisco.

VERPLANCK & McMULLIN,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
GROCERIES
AND
PROVISIONS,
Corner of Sacramento and Front sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO,

OFFER FOR SALE, AT THE LOWEST market rates,

2000 boxes Adamantine Candles;
2000 do new Layer Raisins;
500 do Pie Fruits and Preserves;
200 do Oysters, best brands;
200 cases Leaf Lard;
100 bbls Extra Clear Pork;
200 firkins new June Butter;
200 half bbls Family Mackerel;
200 kits do do;
500 chests Green and Black Teas.

ALSO,

A choice assortment of Case Goods. 47:3mis

ESTABLISHED IN 1849.

HENRY JOHNSON & CO.,
IMPORTERS
AND
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
146 Washington street,
SAN FRANCISCO,

ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR STOCK for the Spring Trade of

NEW AND FRESH GOODS,

And offer to country buyers the largest and best assortment in their line on the Pacific coast.

Having been engaged in the Drug business in San Francisco for the past ten years, they flatter themselves that their arrangements are such that they can offer unequalled inducements to such as may favor them with their custom.

Their assortment comprises everything in their line of business that may be required by Druggists, Physicians, and Merchants, and also all goods in their line in use by Grocers, Bakers, Brewers, Confectioners, Dyers, Tanners, Assayers of gold, hatters, soda manufacturers, Barbers, hotel keepers and manufacturers.

All the popular FAMILY PATENT MEDICINES received direct from the proprietors and guaranteed genuine, and at the lowest trade prices. 4:6m

DALY'S
VALLEY WHISKY.

WE BEG TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF dealers as well as consumers to the following certificates of well-known Chemists, who have analysed

"Daly's Aromatic Valley Whisky."

The high reputation of the parties is a sufficient guarantee that the article possesses all the merit claimed for it.

WM. NEWELL & CO.,
Sole Agents.

State Assayers Office, 32 Somerset st.,
Boston, Mass., April 17th, 1858.

Wm. H. Daly, New York:

Dear Sir—I have made a chemical analysis of your "Aromatic Valley Whiskey," and find it a pure, fine-flavored Rye Whisky, containing no injurious matter of any kind, and recommend it as suitable for medical and public purposes.

Charles T. Jackson, M.D.,
State Assayer.

New York, April 19th, 1858.

I have analysed a sample of "Daly's Aromatic Valley Whisky," and find it to be a pure article, of fine flavor, and without any deleterious admixture.

James R. Chilton, M.D., Chemist.

Wm. H. Daly, Esq.:

Dear Sir—Your "Aromatic Valley Whisky" is received, and, after careful examination, I find it to be a pure article, entirely free from the adulterating ingredients so frequently used.

James J. Mapes, Chemist.

DALY'S AROMATIC VALLEY WHISKY

Is put up in cases containing one dozen bottles each. For sale by all the principal Liquor Houses in California. 41:1-6m1y

HAYNES & LAWTON,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
CROCKERY
AND
GLASSWARE

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A VERY large stock of the following articles, viz:

Plates of all sizes, Tumblers,
Meat Dishes, Decanters,
Vegetable Dishes, Goblets,
Ewers and Basins, Champagnes,
Coffee and Tea cups, Wines,
Stone Butter Pots, Candy Jars,
Syrup Pitchers, Spittoons,
&c., &c., &c., &c.

ALSO, EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

LAMPS:

Oil side and hanging Lamps; Camphene side and hanging Fluid and oil Parlor Lamps; Lamps;
Hall Lamps and Ship Lanterns; Globes, Chimneys, and Wicks for Camphene, Oil and Fluid.

Plated and Britannia Castors;
Plated Knives, Forks and Spoons;
Ivory and common Table Cutlery;

CLOCKS:

Striking and Alarm, Thirty Hour and Eight Day.

We have the above articles for sale by the package or in small quantities, and we give particular attention to the packing of goods for shipment to all parts of California and Oregon.

HAYNES & LAWTON,
Corner of Sansome and Merchant sts.,
3:3m San Francisco.

EUREKA WHISKY.

THE UNDERSIGNED, SOLE AGENTS FOR THE MANUfacturers, invite the attention of consumers to the above superior brand of

WHISKY.

It is made from the finest Rye Spirits, and is a

GENUINE MONONGAHELA.

It is put up in barrels and half barrels, for the convenience of the trade.

WM. NEWELL & CO.,

For sale by the principal Liquor Houses in San Francisco. 16-3mis

Agriculture.

Cultivation of Hops.

The constantly increasing demand for hops, not only for home consumption but for exportation, renders any well considered facts in regard to their cultivation and subsequent preparation for market a subject of more than passing interest to the American farmer.

The hop (Humulus lupulus) is supposed to have been a native of England, where it was found in hedged rows and waste places. It has been much improved by cultivation and the production of new varieties from seed.

The land best adapted to growing hops is that which is naturally dry, deep, and rich, and which should be made mellow by good culture. Fields gently sloping to the north and east are preferable, as the hop is injuriously affected by the extremes of temperature, and the heat of the sun at noon-day. Rolling land is less liable to blight than flats, hollows, and valleys.

It is the practice in Europe to trench hop grounds two and a half to three feet deep; but in this country the plow, and occasionally the subsoil plow with the other, is made to perform the work of preparation. Old meadows are good sites for hop-yards, if favorably located. These should be fall plowed as deeply as possible, and re-plowed and thoroughly worked in the spring. Lime is often added, not only as an auxiliary to the crop, but for the destruction of worms that sometimes remain in the sod. Hop-grounds are in no danger of being made too rich, and should be highly manured before planting. The hop-field should either be on land so dry as not to heave in winter, or else well drained.

Hop-plants are set in rows, for convenience in after-culture. These rows should be from seven to eight feet apart each way, that there may be room to cultivate the ground and allow the vines to grow strong and bear well. Cuttings from well-established roots are used for planting, and are generally taken off in the preparation of the field for spring growth. These are sold at from 25 cents to $1 per bushel of which four bushels are required to plant an acre. It is the practice to put five pieces of root four or five inches long in each hill—one in the middle, and the other four pieces about two inches from it, on each side.

The hop-plant is not what is botanically termed *perfect*, the staminate and pistillate flowers being borne on different plants, which renders it necessary to intermingle the male with the female plants, which bear the crop, in putting out a field. They should occur as often as every tenth hill, with the addition of some extra hills on the side from which blow the prevailing winds.

The first year, the soil between the rows should be well worked, and may be planted to potatoes or beans, or even corn; but the latter growing taller, shades the vines and retards their growth. The necessary cultivation of the beans will be more than the hops require, and will do something toward paying for the use of the land, and the manure which should be applied will be beneficial to the hops as well as to the beans.

The vines put out the first year should be trained to poles; and if the plantation was of roots instead of cuttings, they will bear some hops. After the vines have died down in the fall, cut them off and cover the crown of the hill with some earth and leaves, to secure it from injury by the severe winter frosts.

The second year, the soil will require digging over as early in spring as the weather will permit, mixing in a good top-dressing of some fertilizer. For this purpose, decayed barn-yard manure, vegetable mold, guano, ground bones, woolen rags and waste, are used. The hills are opened and pruned of all runners or cuttings and old vines. The cutting off should be between the crown and first joint, as from this point come the most fruitful vines. If cut off too low, the vines will be weakly: and if too high, they grow strong, hollow, and unproductive. While performing this pruning is a good time to work in a top-dressing of rotten manure, of which the growing vines will stand in need.

The hills are now ready for setting the poles. These, where practicable, should be of cedar, or some other light wood, not less than twelve feet long, and as much more as convenient, up to twenty. The most experienced hop-growers use two and some even three poles to a hill. The poles should be set firmly in the ground, the taller ones on the windward side of the field, particularly those to which the male plants are trained. After setting the poles, the ground should be plowed out both ways, and cultivated, so as to insure freedom from grass and weeds. As the vines commence running, two good strong ones should be trained to a pole and the remainder cut away, so as not to interfere with the growing crop. The field will require hoeing two or three times during the season, and such vines as get loose or do not climb well, should be tied fast. Often the leaves are stripped off to the height of two feet from the ground, the better to admit air and sunshine.

The hop has its enemies, the most troublesome of which is the wire-worm or grub in the root. These are destroyed by digging into the hill and killing them. They are trapped by burying slices of potato or turnip near the hill, on which they gather, and may be uncovered and killed. There are several varieties of the hop-worm, also the caterpillar, flea beetle, hop-aphis, and other insects, that prey upon the leaves and vines. Lime and unleached ashes are good preventives, and birds and insects are efficient helps in their destruction, and should rather be encouraged than driven away. Careful attention and good culture will do much to overcome all these obstacles.

Picking and curing the hops are important operations. When they have a general appearance of ripeness, indicated by a brown color, hard seed, and becoming close and firm, they should be picked with all possible dispatch. Picking should commence near the male plants, where the hops are ripest. The vines are cut off at the root, the poles taken up and laid on some frames, so as to be up from the ground and convenient to the picker. While picking, several baskets or light boxes should be at hand, and the hops assorted as they are taken from the vines. Picking should be done early enough to secure the hops from frost; and the sooner done after the commencement, the more profitable. As fast as gathered, they should be removed to the dry-house, where they are spread on a floor prepared for the purpose, with a moderate heat underneath, and dried, care being taken to have them of a uniform and light color. Sulphur is sometimes used to give a better and more uniform color, but its use cannot be recommended. From the dry-house they go into sacks, into which they should be closely packed to exclude air. Good sacks are preferable to thin ones, and some dealers paint them the more effectually to exclude air.

Much more might be said, and profitably said, upon this subject; but for the present this must suffice. Perhaps some experienced hop growers can impart additional and better information to our readers. Will they communicate the result of their practical experience.—*Genesee Farmer.*

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
Corner of Main and Second streets,
OLYMPIA, W. T.
SILAS GALLIHER, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR HAS RECENTLY ERECTED, IN CONnection with and as a part of the "Washington Hotel," a large two story building, 20 by 60 feet, by which he is enabled to provide the travelling public with a larger number of capacious, comfortable and excellently ventilated apartments than can be afforded by any other public house in Washington Territory. An idea of his ability to accommodate the public may be judged from the fact that the hotel contains twenty-five private rooms, (exclusive of family apartments) six of which are large drawing rooms or parlors.

Thankful to the public for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to the proprietor, and having thus enlarged upon his former business, he feels confident he can render the sojourn of strangers with him comfortable and pleasant, and no pains shall be spared to set his table as well as any in like business. Beds and bedrooms furnished to such as may desire them.

Board by the day and week.

A good stable is attached to this establishment, which will be amply supplied with forage for the accommodation of animals of the traveling public.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

OLYMPIA, Dec. 4th, 1857 8 1y

JANSON, BOND & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS
OF
DRY GOODS,
Corner Battery and Clay streets, San Francisco,

HAVE NOW LANDING AND IN STORE—
200 bales 30 inch brown drills;
100 bales 30 inch brown sheetings;
100 bolts No. 0—000 Duck;
500 bolts No. 2—10 Duck;
20 bales Raven Duck;
10 cases Merrimac prints;
10 cases Prague prints;
10 cases Pacific prints;
10 cases Dunnell's prints;
10 cases 7/8 and 4-4 bleached shirtings;
10 cases 6-4, 8-4 and 10-4 bleached shirtings;
20 cas a blue drills;
20 cases blue denims;
10 bales hickory stripes;
20 bales 7/8 and 4-4 ticklings;
10 bales scarlet, blue and gray flannels;
10 bales Ballardvale white flannel;
5 cases Cobargs and Merinos;
5 cases wool and half wool plaids;
5 cases blue and black alpacas;
10 cases Pacific—new styles De Laines;
5 cases, all wool, new styles De Laines;
3 cases French Merinos;
1000 Bay State plaid shawls;
1000 cashmere and plain wool shawls; black and colored silks; plain, figured and plaid silks;
And a large assortment of other Dress Goods.

BLANKETS.
1000 pairs white, green and blue Mackinaw;
1000 pairs BB, TBB and SBG Blankets;
1000 pairs cheap grey English Blankets;
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☞ The following letter, which emphatically speaks for itself, was written by the Dean of the Faculty of the Philadelphia College of Medicine to the editors of the "Pacific Medical and Surgical Journal," San Francisco, for publication:

PHILADELPHIA, Jan 7th, 1859.
To the Editors of the Pacific Medical and Surgical Journal:
GENTLEMEN—Dr. Czapkay has been called to my attention in the December number of your journal, in regard to the *ad eundem* degree granted by the Philadelphia College of Medicine to Dr. L. J. Czapkay. When the application for the degree was made to the Faculty, it was accompanied by affidavits and testimonials to the effect that Dr. Czapkay was a regular graduate M.D. of the University of Pesth, had served as Surgeon in the Hungarian army, and was a regular practitioner of medicine. On the strength of these the degree was granted. The ad eundem degree, as its name implies, is conferred on graduates only, and gives us new privileges. Had there been the slightest suspicion of irregularity, the application would have been refused. By inserting this in your journal, you will confer an act of justice to the College, and confer a favor on Yours, very respectfully,
H. RAND,
Dean of the Faculty of the Philadelphia College of Medicine.

Dr. L. J. Czapkay's private Medical and Surgical Institute is on Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s office, San Francisco. The Doctor offers free consultations, and asks no remuneration unless he effects a cure. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 9 P.M.

CERTIFICATE.

I, the undersigned, Governor of Hungary, do testify hereby, that Dr. L. J. Czapkay has served, during the contest for Hungarian liberty, as Chief Surgeon in the Hungarian army, with faithful perseverance—whereof I have given him this certificate, and do recommend him to the sympathy, attention and protection of all those who are capable of appreciating patriotic self sacrifice and undeserved misfortune. KOSSUTH LAJOS.
Governor of Hungary.
Washington City, January 6th, 1852. 6:3m

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X-4½ Boston Clipper Steel Plow, cuts 14 inches;
X-6½ Boston Clipper Plow, cuts 14 inches, stubble Plow;
X-1 and 1¾ Clipper Plow, 10 inches.
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ALL SIZES.
Nos. 18, 19, 19½, 20 and 22 Eagle Plows, cutting from 10 to 16 inches.
2 B Plow, (12 inch) two extra points with each, Cast Plow.
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AND a general assortment of Provisions, &c., may be found at the store of the PUGET MILL CO., at Teekalet, (Hood's Canal) W. T.
1-tf Apply to J. P. KELLER.

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Board, per week, $6; per day, $1; Meals, 50 cents; Lodging, per night, 50 to 75 cents; Lodging, per week, $2 to $4.
JOHN KELLY, Jr., Proprietor.
San Francisco, Dec. 26, 1857. 1-tf

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FRANKLIN HOUSE,
Corner of Broadway and Sansome streets,
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Board per week, $6; Board and Lodging per week, $8 to $10; single meals, 50 cents; Board per day, $1; Lodgings, 50 to 75 cents.
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