L. P. Fisher

L. P. FISHER'S ADVERTISING AGENCY
Room 21 Merch. Exchange,
San Francisco, Cal.

Puget Sound Dispatch.

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Puget Sound Dispatch.

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Victoria, B. C	Charles McCormick.
Port Townsend	George Barthrop
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DR. SAWTELLE.
—RESIDENCE:—
Over Seattle Drug Store.

DR. G. A. WEED,
SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,
Seattle, W. T.
Office over Morrill & Co.'s Drug Store.
Office hours from 10 to 12, A. M.

JOHN J. McGILVRA,
Attorney at Law,
SEATTLE, W. T.
Will attend to business in all parts of the Territory.

MRS. M. P. SAWTELLE, M. D.
[Graduate of New York Medical College.]
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
OFFICE.—Over the Seattle Drug Store, Seattle, W. T.
☞ Particular attention paid to Diseases of Women and Children. d8-71.

Jacob Hoover,
ATTORNEY-AT LAW
STEILACOOM, W. T.

DENTISTRY.
DR. J. C. GRASSE, DENTIST. Office in Stone & Burnett's new building on Commercial street. All work warranted. oct.

DRS. A. & H. B. BAGLEY,
HOMŒOPATHISTS,
SEATTLE, W. T.
DR. H. B. BAGLEY, LATE PROFESSOR OF Principles and Practice of Surgery in the Michigan Central Medical College, will make Operative Surgery and Surgical Diseases a specialty; and will attend to cases in any part of the Sound. Dec. 17, 1874.

W. H. WHITE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
SEATTLE, W. T.
WILL ATTEND TO ALL LEGAL Business in the Law, Chancery and Admiralty Courts of the Territory. jy7

CHARLES D. EMERY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
SEATTLE, W. T.
WILL PAY PROMPT ATTENTION TO all business in Law, Equity and Admiralty. ap14-3m.

D. P. JENKINS,
Attorney-at-Law and Solicitor in Chancery.
PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO Chancery Cases.
OFFICE.—On Commercial street over City Drug Store. ap14

GEO. N. McCONAHA
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
SEATTLE, W. T.
Particular attention paid to Collections
OFFICE:
In City Council Room Mill treet
jl1tf

WALDO M. YORK,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
Commercial Street, Seattle.
WILL GIVE INFORMATION OF THE CONdition of titles to Real Estate, and take measures for the perfection of the same, when necessary. If taken in time many poor titles can be perfected by negotiation.
I have formed a connection with a Business Firm of Washington City for the collection of claims on account of depredations committed by Indians.
N. B.—Being Judge of the Probate Court of King County, prohibits me from practice in the Probate Court of King County, only. jan2

McNAUGHT & LEARY,
Seattle, King County, W. T.
Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery and Proctors in Admiralty.
MR. LEARY WILL GIVE PARTICULAR attention to the purchase and sale of
Real estate
Collections &c.
Loans negotiated
City property, Timber and Agricultural lands for sale.
☞ Agents for the Phœnix of Hartford, North British and Mercantile of London and Edinburgh Fire Insurance Companies.
McNAUGHT & LEARY.

Puget Sound Dispatch.

For the Dispatch.

The Asylum Investigating (?) Committee.

The Committee appointed by the Governor and Auditor to investigate affairs of the Territorial Asylum for the Insane, have made a report exonerating Mr. Harmon and endorsing his management of that Institution I am charged in that report with making an affidavit that cannot be reconciled with my report to the Legislature. I am charged with falsehood. I am prepared to meet the charge. Let the people judge between us.

This Committee of Investigation in their report take particular and special pains to misrepresent the grounds I saw proper to take against the present sadly defective management of the Insane, in my report to the last Legislature, and would have the public believe there is an irreconcilable difference between the tenor of my report and an affidavit since made by me alleging specially brutal treatment of a patient by one of Mr. Harmon's attendants.

One of the main objects of their mission seems, to steadily of honestly examining into abuses perpetrated by some of the attendants upon the patients, to be to assail both my private and professional character.

The actions and report of the Committee, in my judgment, are of such a character as to justify the belief that their deliberations were influenced more by the interests of the contractor than by a humane regard to the proper sanitary treatment of patients under his charge.

Legal gentlemen were employed by Mr. Harmon to look after his interests and to destroy or pervert any testimony against him. This Mr. Harmon had an undoubted right to do. But that committee should have been so constituted as to sift the evidence for themselves and reach their own conclusions unaided by lawyers and unembarrassed by the hospitalities of Mr. Harmon.

I learned from an eye witness of the proceedings that Mr. Harmon's counsel, who managed the investigation for him, used their utmost endeavors, and succeeded in a great measure, to have all evidence tending to exculpate him and his attendants, received by the committee, and all, or nearly all having a contrary tendency rejected or no notice taken of it.

Thus the public will discover how utterly futile it would have been to bring evidence before such a committee.

It is not true that I was present during most of their "sittings," not even ten minutes. It is not true that I repeatedly refused to be sworn. I was not asked by any member of that committee to appear and be sworn. I remarked however, to Dr. Willison, that I would, under the circumstances, pay no attention to the committee and let them do as they liked; that if they desired to make an honest investigation they would do so; that if it was their intention to protect Mr. Harmon, they would do that at all hazards, regardless of what testimony might be brought before them. And further, that if Mr. Harmon was not afraid of an honest and thorough investigation. I could not understand why he had so many lawyers employed to defend him.

It is not true, as the committee would have the public believe, that I kept matters of outrageous abuse of patients concealed. I never attempted any such thing. This is a gross misrepresentation. But I was fully aware of one thing, that if I had preferred charges and entered complaint against Mr. Harmon or any of his attendants, he possessed the power, and would speedily use it, too, to crush it out; and finally, when I reported unfavorably to the Legislature on the very defective and unsatisfactory method of management and treatment of the Insane he gave unmistakable proof of the power he possessed to eject me from my position.

This investigating committee in their report accuse me of lying. Now let us examine into the facts and see if there are any conflicting or inconsistent statements made in my Asylum report and the affidavit since made.

(I wish to have it distinctly understood here, that nearly all the evidence of abuse of patients during my term of service at the Asylum, has come to light since my expulsion therefrom, through former attendants and patients.)

In my report to the Legislature I admitted that Mr. Harmon and most of his attendants and assistants had done everything in their power to render the patients comfortable. I also stated that wholesome food had been faithfully served, and that my instructions (so far as I saw fit to communicate them to certain attendants having charge of patients) regarding the medical, moral and sanitary management of the Institution, had been generally acquiesced in, and I believed, without exception, cheerfully executed.

I stated, nevertheless, that I was fully convinced, from the experience I had had in connection with the operations of the Institution, that no person should be allowed or intrusted with the care of the Insane but those selected by the discriminating judgment of the Physician in charge.

Furthermore, I stated that if the Physician was to be held responsible for the successful workings of the Institution as a curative establishment, he should by all means exercise this prerogative.

I also protested, in an unmistakable manner, against the present sadly defective system of management, and pointed out the immediate necessity of legislation for the proper protection and treatment of the Insane.

The following are substantially the facts contained in my affidavit, and I leave it to a candid public to judge whether any statements contained herein are inconsistent with the tenor of my report:

"Samuel H. Goodhue, aged 60, brought from Island County and admitted under Mr. Harmon's charge Nov. 22, 1872, continued insane up to about the 1st of May, 1873, when his mind became perfectly clear. Upon this occurrence he wished particularly to see me, and I was accordingly notified by one of the attendants.

He could recall to his mind almost everything that occurred about Mr. Harmon's establishment and more particularly with reference to the manner in which he (Goodhue) was treated.

In the course of his conversation with me he stated that when he was out at work, on a cold, raw, wintery day and several inches of snow on the ground, (winter of '72 and '73) one of the attendants attempted to beat him with a cudgel. This so terrified Mr. Goodhue that he ran towards the Asylum buildings and the attendant pursued him, dealt him several blows, until they came to the public road, when a traveller happened to be passing which caused the attendant to desist and to hide himself from view until the traveler passed by. Mr Goodhue kept right on and made his way into the male ward of the establishment, and the attendant, with cudgel in hand, soon followed. This attendant with the assistance of another forced Mr. Goodhue into the bath-room, stripped him of his clothing and turned the cold water on his person until he became thoroughly chilled, and then was forced over to one of the prison cells and there locked up for several hours without a dry garment to protect him.

On another occasion the same attendant was engaged with the assistance of some of the patients in getting out large heavy oak blocks for some meat market. Mr. Goodhue, one of the patients assisting him, was compelled to lift these heavy oak blocks upon the wagon *alone*. In this effort he did himself much bodily harm, so much so that he had to undergo a somewhat dangerous and painful surgical operation for his relief."

In this affidavit I further stated "that one Peter Nelson, an attendant upon the insane during the Spring of 1873 in Mr. H's employ, was almost always in the constant habit of scolding, bullying, kicking, striking and otherwise maltreating the patients, and that Mr. Harmon was personally cognizant for many weeks of the existence of these abuses, and that he made no effort to check them, and furthermore, that I felt compelled to act in the matter and accordingly did forbid this attendant having any further charge of the patients, at which act Mr. Harmon became very much enraged."

The above statements concerning cruel treatment of patients by some of Mr. Harmon's attendants show in a measure the kind of experience I had and upon which I based an adverse report of the present highly defective management of our insane.

If this explanation of the affairs of the Territorial Asylum for the Insane during my connection therewith does not prove entirely satisfactory, I am prepared to make further explanations to the public and not to a packed committee serving under a one man-power.

STACY HEMENWAY, M. D.

EMIGRATION.—The New York *Sun*, a short time since, had the kindness to volunteer a recommendation of the DISPATCH as a reliable source of information to those seeking to know something about the climate, soil and resources of the country. The consequence is that we are flooded with letters of inquiry from all parts of the country, principally from farmers with sufficient means to establish themselves comfortably, and add materially to the wealth of the country. By the last mail we received four of these missives, all of the same tenor: one from Tennessee, one from Missouri, and two from the State of New York. The chief attraction to all of them seems to be the reports of the mildness and equibility of our climate. One letter, dated at Fleming, Cayuga county, N. Y., Jan. 1, 1875, says: "I noticed to day, in my New York Sun, that you made a reliable newspaper. I am anxious to get a description of your soil and climate and chances of doing business as a farmer, brought up and trained to it within seven miles of the home of the late Wm. H. Seward. My capital is $15,000 to $20,000. The climate here is too cold and changeable."

This is but one of hundreds of like tenor which we have received since we commenced the publication of a paper in Seattle. Fully comprehending the importance to our section of country of furnishing the information sought, we have done all in our power and within our means, under very discouraging circumstances to give such information as would be of the most practical advantage, avoiding all shades of coloring calculated to disappoint the hopes of those acting upon it, as was the case of the fancy descriptions put forth in the interest of the Northern Pacific Railroad. In addition to the time and labor expended in writing letters, we have circulated gratuitously over six thousand copies of our paper during the past three years. How much of the prosperity Seattle has enjoyed during a time of almost universal commercial depression, is due to these efforts it is not for us to say. We but mention these facts in the hope of enlisting others in the same cause. The utility of emigrant efforts and agencies have been recognized in all the Western States and Territories.

A Card.

AT HOME, SNOQUALMIE, January, 18, 1875.

EDITOR DISPATCH - Last week, when I was in Seattle, I called at the Intelligencer office and informed the editor of that paper that the Schwartz murder case had been grossly misrepresented through his paper, and that persons had been charged with malicious actions towards Bremen without any foundation for the charge. I told the editor that what I wanted was a fair and square statement of the facts in the case which the public had not had. The editor then told me that he had not published the Snoqualmie communication in full, as it was given to him by Mr. Stearns. He said if he had published it as it was written, it would have made me smart. Not much, I think. Just let us have the "smart" part of that article, Mr. Editor of the Intelligencer, if you please. The truth is what I want to know. If you have any more misstatements from those nineteen reliable citizens, just let them come; lies will not hurt me, and if true, I am willing to bear the censure I deserve. Just let your readers have the whole of that article and inform them how very reliable those nineteen signers are. I can prove to the satisfaction of all that all the material statements in the article signed by James Taylor, Rufus Stearnes and seventeen others, are false. I know this is a bold assertion, but all I want is an open show. But the editor of the Intelligencer says "the case is getting old;" but as I have been accused of lying and trying to get others to do the same in order to convict Bremer, I claim that it is nothing more than simple justice to me that I should have a hearing in the Intelligencer, the paper which published the charges against me, so that the public may judge who lies in this matter.

JOSEPH FARES.

GONE TO SEATTLE.—Rev. Mr. Wirth, who has been preaching in this city to the Baptist congregation for the past year, left here with his wife last week for Seattle, where he has accepted a call. Mr. W., while here, won the esteem and affections of his people by his exemplary and Christian conduct, and is regarded as a man of good abilities and pure character. We commend him to the confidence and respect of the community where he has gone to minister to their religious wants, as one in every way worthy of their esteem and confidence. We have not learned who is to be his successor at this place.—*Oregon City Enterprise.*

☞ Four vessels arrived at Port Townsend to-day (Friday), bound for this place.

MARINE DISASTER.—We learn by telegraph that the ship Pelican went ashore at Neah Bay, on the 19th, in a thick snow storm. She will be a total loss.

SKATING RACE.—The mile race advertised to have taken place at the rink on Tuesday last, was postponed till Saturday evening, when it will certainly take place. Ed. Webster, the present holder of the champion medal, has been challenged by J. L. Jamieson, E. H. Brown and Wm. Merwin.

☞ The steamer Libby did not arrive from Bellingham Bay till 1 o.clock A. M. Jan. 23. She was unable, on account of the wind and ice, to reach Sehome until Wednesday morning, and could not get away, from the same causes, until Friday Morning at 5 o'clock.

SHIPPING.—The following vessels arrived in this harbor last night: The ship J. B. Bell; bark Jenny Pitts, Captain Blinn; the bark Harvest Home, Capt. Hattson; the bark Gem of the Ocean, and the schooner W. H. Meyer, Capt. Tammerey. The Harvest Home and Meyers will probably load with lumber, and the Jenny Pitts with coal.

The brig Deacon is also expected to arrive some time to-day or to-morrow. This will make six vessels in our harbor at once.

Marine Intelligence.

VICTORIA, Jan. 19. — Sailed from Nanaimo on the 14th inst., Lookout for San Francisco. Sailed from Burrard Inlet on the 15th inst., Mariano, New Caledonia. Arrived at Nanaimo on the 13th inst., Wellington, San Francisco.

PORT TOWNSEND, Jan. 19. — Arrived, bark Tidal wave.

PORT GAMBLE, Jan. 20.—Sailed, Milan.

PORT MADISON, Jan. 22.— Arrived, Tidal Wave.

PORT GAMBLE, Jan. 22.—Arrived, ship James Cheston and bark David Hoadley, and bark Buena Vista.

PORT DISCOVERY, Jan. 22.—Arrived, Revere, War Hawk and Grace Robertson. Sailed, Discovery.

PORT TOWNSEND, Jan. 22.—Arrived, Gem of the Ocean, J. B. Bell, Whistler, Harvest Home and Oak Hill.

PORT BLAKELY, Jan. 22.—Sailed, Nich Biddle.

PORT GAMBLE, Jan. 22. — Arrived, Roswell Sprague.

PORT TOWNSEND, Jan. 22 — Arrived, Jenny Pitts, Legal Tender, Martha Rideout, Oakland, W. C. Parke and Atlanta.

☞ The following is the freight list of the W. H. Meyer:

S. W. 16 pkgs; G. R. 37; C. B. M. 16; Julius, 4; W. M. 26; J. F. & T. W. iron and coal; Fraunthal Bros. 4; Pumphrey & Young, 1; O. F. Gerish, 5; T. W. J. 1; C. C. B. 46; L. Goldstein, 2; John Collins, 27; G. A. Savage, 2; W. H Fonts, 1; J. P. U. 2; McC. & R. 1; steamer North Pacific, 66; J. B. Cray, 3; J. Sullivan, 3; R. Frost, 26; H. & G. 2; C. E. 59; R. C. & Co. 76. L. B. 3; S. B. 241; W. G. 2. H. Hoyt, 2; M. A. Kelly, 37, Taylor & Wilson, 2; James R. Robbins, 5; Smith & Jewett, 2; J. Collins, 8; R. A. D. 50; E. Meaker, 3. R. & Co. 59; Fritz, 1; Jonn Sullivan. 2; J. S. Holmes, 2; J. S. F. 25; R. F. 1; R. & Co. 41.

☞ The following is the freight list of the bark Harvest Home:

W. & R. 23; F. F. M. & Co. 19; S. & F. 1; L. W. 31; Schwabacher Bros. & Co. 510; B. W. D. 20; Hovey & Barker 47; Waddell & Miles, 7; Pumphrey & Young, 2; F. T. & Co. 1; L. Reinig, 7; A. S. Pinkham, 1; S. T. Co. 3; M. B. Powers, 1. A. H. 1; M. H. & Co. 1; S. W. Percival, 9; H. & Co. 35; T. & S. 3; S. W. 40; Crawford & Harrington, 51; T. T. & S. 43; Schwabacher Bros. & Co. 52.

NEW POSTMASTER. A private telegram just received from Judge McFadden, says Wm. H. Pumphrey has been appointed Postmaster for this city.

Ordinance No. 67.

[IN RELATION TO TAXES]

The City of Seattle does ordain as follows:

SECTION 1. That all taxes for the support of the Government of this city shall be assessed on polls and on property, valued in equal and ratable proportion.

SEC. 2. That all property, real and personal, within the limits of this City, shall be assessed in the manner prescribed by the laws of Washington Territory for assessing property for county and Territorial taxes.

SEC. 3. That between the first Monday in February and the last Monday in April in this and every succeeding year, the City Assessor and Collector shall make a correct list of all the taxable personal property and all the taxable real estate, and to whom belonging, in the limits of the City of Seattle, not exempt from taxation, with the valuation thereof, and return the same as his assessment roll to the Clerk of the Common Council.

SEC. 4.—That the manner of ascertaining the ownership of property, whether personal or real, and in whose name it may be assessed, shall be as follows:

1. Property owned or occupied by a person or corporation shall be assessed in the name of such person or corporations.

2. Real property, unoccupied, if the owner is unknown, may be assessed as such without inserting the name of any owner.

3. The individual estate of any deceased person may be assessed to the heirs and devisees of such deceased person, without designating them by name, unless occupied by some other person, to whom it may be assessed until the said heirs or devisees shall have given notice to the assessor and collector of the division of the estate, and the names of the several heirs or devisees.

4. Partners in mercantile and other business may be jointly taxed in their partnership name or severally taxed for their individual shares, for all personal property employed in such business, and in case such partners are jointly taxed, each partner shall be liable for the whole tax.

5. Mortgaged or pledged personal property shall, for the purposes of taxation, be deemed the property of the person in possession.

SEC. 5. That the Assessor and Collector shall return such assessment to the Common Council at its first regular meeting in May of each year, when the Common Council shall have power to correct the same and to make alterations in the descriptions of real or other property upon such roll when it shall be necessary to render such description conformable to this Ordinance and the laws of Washington Territory. And any person deeming himself agrieved by the assessment of the assessor and collector may apply to the said Common Council for a revision of his assessment at the said regular meeting in May, or at any meeting of the Common Council thereafter held for that purpose.

SEC. 6. That the Common Council at its regular meeting in June in each year shall estimate and determine the amount of money to be raised for the purpose of carrying on the City Government for a year, and apportion such amount according to the valuation of taxable property within the limits of the city; and such apportion shall be declared by Ordinance; and the Common Council shall at said meeting levy a tax sufficient to raise such an amount as the said Common Council shall have determined to be necessary to defray the expenses of the said City for the said year; and the City Clerk, within fifteen days after such apportionment and levy, shall make out from the return of the said assessor and collector a tax list, and transmit the said list to the City Treasurer, charging the said Treasurer with the amount of taxes found to be due upon the said list; and the clerk shall attach to the said list a warrant, in the name of the United States and under his hand and the seal of the City, commanding the said Treasurer to collect the taxes charged in the said list.

SEC. 7. That upon the receipt of said tax list the City Treasurer shall immediately give notice through the official paper of the City that City taxes are due and that he holds himself in readiness to receive the same at his office (stating the location of his office), and shall also give notice at what time the said taxes will become delinquent; and the said City Treasurer shall thereupon receive such taxes as are tendered to him, giving his official receipt therefor to each and every person so paying his taxes, which receipt shall contain a statement of the whole amount received from that person, to what funds belonging and whether personal or property tax.

SEC. 8. That all taxes not paid on or before the first day of September of each year, shall become delinquent, and within five days thereafter the City Treasurer shall turn over to the City Clerk the tax list for that year, with a statement of the various amounts collected and by whom paid, and within ten days thereafter the City Clerk shall turn over to the Assessor and Collector a list or roll of the delinquent taxes and from whom due, with ten per centum added as the fees of the Assessor and Collector, and shall attach to said delinquent roll a warrant in the name of the United States of America, under the hand of the City Clerk and the seal of said City, commanding the said Assessor and Collector to collect the taxes charged in the said delinquent list, by demanding the payment of the said delinquent taxes through the official paper of the City, and by making sale of the goods and chattels, and finally of the real estate, if necessary, and that he pay over all moneys collected by him by virtue of such warrant, to the City Treasurer, taking the duplicate receipt of the said City Treasurer therefor, one of which he shall file with the City Clerk, and that he return the said warrant with the list aforesaid, together with an account of his actions thereon, to the said City Clerk.

SEC. 9. The Assessor and Collector shall receive per cent. upon all delinquent taxes collected by him.

SEC. 10. That in case any person shall refuse or neglect to pay the tax imposed on him after such taxes shall have become one month delinquent, the Assessor and Collector shall levy by distress upon the goods and chattels, and if such goods and chattels be not sufficient, finally upon the real property of such person wherever the same may be found within the city, and shall sell the said property in the manner provided by the laws of Washington Territory for the sale of property for delinquent County and Territorial taxes.

SEC. 11. That a warrant issued to the Assessor and Collector for the purpose of collecting delinquent taxes shall be deemed an execution against property, and shall have the force and effect thereof against any person or corporation upon whom such taxes are levied and charged upon the delinquent list, and shall be executed and returned in like manner except as in this ordinance and by the laws of Washington Territory it is otherwise provided.

SEC. 12. That whenever the Assessor and Collector, or the person authorized by the City Council to collect delinquent taxes, can not find sufficient property of a delinquent out of which to make the amount of his road, poll and property tax, or if any part thereof remain unpaid, he must collect the same by an action in his own name against the delinquent, before the City Recorder, in the Recorder's Court, and if judgment be given in such action against the defendant, it shall be enforced in the same manner as a judgment for a fine in a criminal action, and such action shall be commenced by such Assessor and Collector or other person authorized to collect delinquent taxes, if the same are not paid on or before the first day of November in each year.

SEC. 13. That when such property is sold for delinquent taxes, the person executing the warrant must immediately make and deliver a certificate of sale to the purchaser according to law, with the same statements and provisions as to redemption that are provided in like circumstances for the redemption of real property sold to satisfy delinquent County and Territorial taxes.

SEC. 14. That whenever any money shall have been collected or received by any officer, upon any of the funds, in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance, no portion of such moneys shall be applied to any other object or purpose, without authority from the Common Council so to do, but shall be kept in a seperate and distinct fund, and any officer failing to comply with the provisions of this section, upon conviction thereof before the City Recorder shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment in the city jail for thirty days, or both.

SEC. 14. That any officer who shall neglect or refuse to perform any of the duties imposed on him by any of the provisions of this Ordinance, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof before the City Recorder, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisonment in the city jail for any time not exceeding thirty days, or both.

SEC. 15. This Ordinance to be in force from and after the day of its publication.

H. L. YESLER, Mayor.

A true copy.
W. R. ANDREWS, City Clerk.

☞ "I am an old fellow," said Cowper, in one of his letters to Hurd, "but I once had my dancing days, as you have now; yet I could never find out that I could learn half so much of a woman's character by dancing with her as by conversing with her at home, where I could observe her behavior unseen, at the table, at the fireside, and in all the trying circumstances of life. We are all good when we are pleased; but she is a good woman who wants no fiddle to sweeten her."

☞ A clergyman of Kansas City said if there was anyone within hearing of his voice who would try to put a stop to Sunday dog fighting he'd like to have 'em rise up. A small boy and an old woman rose up.

☞ "I can't say as he went to heaven," remarked a Fort Scott citizen of a deceased townsman, "but he paid a bill of eleven years' standing only the day before he died, and you can judge for yourself."

The Duluth woman who put the kerosene can on the stove hearth while she went out to trade with a peddler, is now keeping house in a barn kindly loaned for the occasion.

It is generally believed in some of the counties of Michigan that men will do more plotting and planning to rob a hen coop, than would be necessary to insure a successful bank burgalry.

An inebriate man, walking along the street, regarded the moon with sovereign contempt: "You needn't feel so proud," he said, "you are full only once a month and I am every night.

A Milwaukee man hid in a public doorway and jumped out and kissed his wife. She didn't whoop and yell as he expected, but replied: "Don't be so bold, mister — folks around here know me!"

CITY MARKET!
MILL STREET, SEATTLE.
F. V. SNYDER, Proprietor.
THE PROPRIETOR OF THE above Market, having entered into arrangements whereby he will be enabled to supply the Citizens of Seattle and vicinity with the
Choicest Meats & Vegetables
Respectfully states that by strict attention to business he will endeavor to supply the wants his customers with articles that are of superior quality.
At his establishment, Corned Beef and Pork Smoked Meats, Pork and Bologna Sausages; Head Cheese, Tripe, etc. etc. may always be had.
ap16 F. V. SNYDER

People's Market,
Commercial Street, Seattle,
Opposite Schwabacher Bros. & Co.'s.
FOSS & BORST.
Proprietors and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Cured Meats and Vegetables.
Work Oxen kept for sale.
☞ Patronage respectfully solicited.
Aug. 5, 1874.

Wall Paper!
PAPER HANGING
Done to Order
BY
E. CALVERT
Mill Street, Seattle, W. T.
Oct. 22 -tf

Puget Sound Dispatch.

BERIAH BROWN: EDITOR

Seattle, W. T., Jan. 28, 1875

☞ The *Courier* says: "Mr. Wingard took occasion in a speech about a year ago to puff the editor of the Seattle DISPATCH. Recently the latter gentleman has returned the compliment by advocating Mr. Wingard's claims to the Chief Justiceship. Money won't buy the venerable editor of the DISPATCH but a little "soft soap" softens the asperities of Seattle journalism very materially."

That is true in the main, but the conclusion which our youthful friend intimates, is not correct. We do not pretend to be indifferent to praise or blame, nor ungrateful for friendly expressions; in fact, we honor the judgment of any man who speaks well of us; but what we do profess as an editor is, that we will not prostitute the press for love or money, nor discharge our personal obligations at the public expense. If Mr. Wingard regarded us as the most useful editor in the Territory, and had the frankness to say so in a public speech, in the face of his own party editors, it was more creditable to his liberality and courage than to his discretion as a party politician, but it offered no reason why we should support him, or the other editors should oppose him for the office of Chief Justice. Our action was certainly based upon no such consideration. We spoke of Mr. Wingard as we heard him spoken of by lawyers and laymen alike, with only the exception of those who thought they had cause of personal offense in the manner in which he had spoken of two or three editors, or some with whom he came in contact as a public prosecutor. We have had frequent occasion to commend, and in repeated instances, to defend against unjust aspersion, Federal officers in this Territory, without any regard to their personal or political party relations to us, but solely on the ground of justice. If we were an organ of the Administration, or professed to be, we would certainly never permit the use of our columns to assail the characters of trusted appointees of that Administration, from any mere personal motive. Free from any personal or party motive we have had occasion to defend such trusted Administration agents as H. A. Webster and Col. Kemble, against the malicious assaults of professed supporters of the Administration, with the *Courier* for their mouth piece. Now Mr. Wingard is the subject of abuse, without a single specific charge, or intimation of a charge, against his personal or professional character. Judging from a squib reflecting by innuendo most unjustly upon a late judicial decision of Judge Jacobs, he is to be the next object of assault by the Administration organ, which requires something more substantial than "soft soap" to placate it.

NARROW GAGE RAILROADS, are now all the rage in California. Those which have been built and are in operation have far exceeded the expectations of their most sanguine friends, and it is believed that this character of railroad is to solve the problem of cheap transportation. The *Bulletin*, in an instructive article on the subject, say: "The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad was constructed largely from municipal and private subscriptions. It was honestly built, a considerable part of it costing, we believe, not more than $25 000 a mile. The city of Baltimore owns largely of the stock and has derived a good revenue therefrom. It came out in a recent conference of transportation agents, that freight could be transported over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad about 33 per cent. cheaper than over any of the roads leading into New York city. These advantages were pointed out and admitted to result from the difference in the cost of the roads. Probably no railroad was ever built in this country which has been of so much real benefit to a city as the Baltimore road."

From these premises it clearly follows that where a wide-gauge road, costing $40,000 to $60,000 a mile would be a failure as an investment, and of no practical value in reducing the rates of transportation, a narrow-gauge, costing $15,000 a mile, might be a good paying investment to stockholders and of incalculable benefit to the country through which it passes. Every dollar of reduction in the price of transportation accrues to the benefit of the producers of transportable articles of commerce. Upon this hypothesis, cheap railroads are of much greater benefit to the country. For example, the cost of building and equipping the Seattle and Walla Walla Railroad, 260 miles, is estimated by Col. T. B. Morris, a competent engineer, at $15,000 a mile, $3 900,000; the present amount of transportation for the same $1,691,828 per year; interest of 10 per cent. upon cost, $390,000; operating expenses, $367,796; making the annual net profits $757,796; nearly 20 per cent. upon the cost of the road, or 30 per cent. upon the money invested. The lowest estimate for building the Northern Pacific Railroad over the same route is $40,000 a mile, $10,400,000; interest, at 10 per cent., $1,040,000; cost of running 50 per cent. more than by narrow gauge, $556 696; making interest and running expenses $1,596,694, against receipts of $1,691 828; a difference of over a half million dollars a year in favor of the narrow gauge road. The latter could afford to transport at half the price of the former, and this difference is all in favor of the producers and the country generally, adding that amount to productive wages.

The *Bulletin* says: "What the country now wants, and especially the Pacific coast, is two or three thousand miles of railroad, costing not much above $15 000 a mile narrow-gauge, and owned largely by resident stock-holders.

"The time has come when the people may be masters of the situation. It is settled that they cannot have cheap transportation over costly railroads, and it is just as clearly settled that they can have it over roads of their own construction."

MISREPRESENTATION.—The following paragraph appeared in the Olympia *Courier* some time ago, and we would not aid in giving it publicity but for the fact that it is having a very general circulation through the papers on both sides the boundary line, and is not only calculated to deceive shippers to their cost, but reflects most unjustly upon the judicial integrity of the Judge:

By a recent decision of Judge Jacobs it is no offence against the revenue laws to enter groceries and liquors at the Custom House as "ship's stores," and then sell them.

The facts are that a French vessel arrived at Port Blakely with no more than an ordinary supply of ship's stores, in the way of wines and liquors, for French vessels. Having quick dispatch in receipt of his cargo of lumber, when the captain was ready to sail, he disposed of one or two cases of his private stores to acquaintances, without any attempt at concealment, or any apparent consciousness that he was violating the laws of the country. The fact of the disposal of a case of brandy which had not paid duty, coming to the knowledge of Inspector D. N. Hyde, Esq., he as in duty bound had the vessel seized and the captain arrested for a violation of the revenue laws. Upon the preliminary examination it clearly appeared that the liquors in question came lawfully into port as ship's stores, and that the captain had no more knowledge or intention of violating the law in selling a portion of his private stores than he had in drinking them himself. The Inspector was so well convinced of this that he desired only to vindicate the law by a mere nominal fine for a technical violation. The Judge had no legal alternative but to discharge the captain and his vessel, or hold them both for trial at the next regular term of the U. S. District Court; which any reasonable man would say, under the circumstances of a foreign vessel loaded for embarkation, would be a penalty so greatly in excess of the offence charged as to be clearly within the express prohibition of the Constitution of the United States. The Judge decided that the goods having been admitted as ordinary ship's stores, their sale was not smuggling. If the construction was liberal, the case justified it; what the law lost, equity gained. The Judge did himself no wrong as a jurist, and honored his manhood and the judicial bench by refusing to allow the technicalities of law to work personal oppression. Nothing but personal malice or a fanatical anti liquor spirit can find anything to censure in that decision of Judge Jacobs. We had some of that brandy and felt that the French captain was fully justified in leaving a portion of his private ship's stores with his friends here.

SOLD "SMUGGLED" SHAWLS.—The New York *Star* warns the public against dealing with peddlers who sell "smuggled" goods and relates the following to point the warning:

He looked like a sailor and said he had pens for sale; and then he winked. He looked cautiously around the office, and then whispered "I've just landed," and pressed a bundle under his coat.—He had a silk dress there which he had given a few tin kettles for in China, and he wanted to sell "for anything 'most," before he went back to ship. He just wanted to get a little grog money.

He twisted the dress around his arm like a rope and showed how the ame's hair in it made it come all right again without a crease. He would take $75 for it. He said it was worth that wholesale. Didn't want to pawn it; sooner throw it overboard; would take $50 for it; $40; he would sell for $25, and sooner than go short of his grog for $18.

He made a sale, and the purchaser took it home and surprised his wife with a real China silk, mixed with camel's hair, to make it more enduring.

"Guess," said the delighted husband.

"Well, it would cost in the Bowery about $14."

"It that feller comes again!"

HOW THE SWISS LIVE.—As much as anything I am surprised at the places deemed habitable and actually inhabited. On the sides of mountains, on the edges of precipices, upon steeps which the children of the plains would hesitate to climb as a feat of daring, are seen not single houses alone, but groups of them and large neighborhoods. Indeed, half the people of Switzerland love to live on shelves, and I suppose they can crawl along perpendicular places by some such provision as the flies. Otherwise it is difficult to see how they ascend or descend. And how children are ever brought up. I can't imagine. I should expect four out of five, the moment they stepped out of the door, to fall down into some lake or gorge. Yet the population continues to increase and maintain its numbers.—They are children of the air. They are forever surrounded by mountains, than which nothing is more beautiful and nothing more sublime, except the clouds that solemnly sweep their tops and hold mysterious communion with them.—*H. W. Beecher.*

DUEL IN SAN FRANCISCO.—The San Francisco *Bulletin* of January 21, gives the following account of a remarkable duel fought near that city on the 19th: Shortly after daylight Tuesday morning a duel was fought on the beach near Black Point, between Paul Zecchi of Oakland, originally a southern man, and a northern man named Ives, who is temporarily sojourning here. The duel resulted from an incident of the rebellion. Zecchi was an officer in the Confederate service, and Ives had a brother serving in the Union army under Sherman. This brother had volunteered to do duty as a Federal spy, and while thus engaged was captured by the Confederates. He was tried by a drumhead court-martial, sentenced to death, and hanged on the morning after his arrest. Zecchi was the officer who captured him, and he also played a prominent part in the execution of the youthful spy. The surviving brother cherished a hatred against Zecchi, and upon accidentally meeting him in a ball room in this city accused him of the murder of his younger brother. He called him an assassin, murderer, and by other opprobrious terms. Zecchi retaliated by calling him an infamous carpet-bagger. Friends interfered and prevented them from coming to blows. They met again on the Oakland ferry-boat a few days ago and quarreled. Ives then sent a challenge to Zecchi which was accepted. Colt's revolvers were selected as the weapons. John Breckenridge officiated as Zecchi's second and a gentleman named Williams acted in the same capacity for Ives. Ten paces were measured off, the weapons examined and loaded, and Zecchi and Ives took up their respective positions. A third gentleman in the party was to give the command to fire, and he accordingly stationed himself where both Ives and Zecchi could see and hear him. Zecchi received the bullet in the fleshy part of his arm, immediately below the shoulder. But he gave no sign that he was hurt. Ives dropped his arm after firing. Zecchi slowly raised his revolver while its muzzle pointed upward, when he discharged its contents in the air. To the surprise of those present Zecchi demanded a second fire. The revolvers were reloaded, but Ives declined to fire again, and Zecchi's second endeavored to dissuade his principal from proceeding any further, entreating him to retire from the field so that his wound could be dressed. Zecchi insisted upon another shot, and finding entreaty useless placed the muzzle of his revolver against his own breast, over the region of his heart and pulled the trigger. The cap fortunately missed fire, and just as he had recocked his weapon his second disarmed him and prevented him from committing suicide. The two parties thereupon returned to their carriages and were driven back to town. No arrests have been made.

☞ The State Grange of Illinois, in session at Springfield, has expressed itself in opposition to an indiscriminate extension of patents, and requested the Legislatures to leave the temperance law and the railroad law alone.

☞ "You have a pleasant home and a bright fireside, with happy children sitting around it, haven't you?" said the Judge. "Yes, sir," said Mr. Thompson who thought he saw a way out of the difficulty. "Well," said the Judge, "if the happy children sit around the fireside until you return, they will say there just 43 days, as I shall have to send you up for that time."

☞ The editor of the Sedalia *Democrat* has had a Bible presented to him, and thereupon remarks: "It is a very interesting work, and if some of its themes were worked up into sensational locals, with double heads, our readers would be delighted. We are now reading its account of the creation, and we are utterly astonished to find that no mention is made of the Missouri *Republican*."

CHARLEY ROSS.—The detective searching for Charley Ross have expended more than $20 000. Commissioners have searched from ocean and across; 700 000 circulars have been issued; printing, and photographing have cost $8 000; a corps of clerks have been employed in correspondence about the boy; 200 bands of gypsies have been searched; one stray boy has been found and taken home to his mourning parents; 600 Charley Rosses have been reported; and at least 500 000 persons at one time or another have been on the search. And yet no Charlie Ross.

HOW TO CURE A SORE THROAT.—"One who has tried it" communicates the following reasonable item about curing sore throat: Let each one of your half a million readers buy at any drug store an ounce of camphorated oil and five cents worth of chloride of potash.—Whenever any soreness appears in the throat, put the potash in half a tumbler of water, and with it gargle the throat thoroughly, then rub the neck with the camphorated oil at night before going to bed, and also pin around the throat a small strip of woolen flannel. This is a simple, cheap and sure remedy.

A TEXAS DUEL.—Manning and Molett rival physicians in Gedding, Texas, quarrelled, as most rival physicians do. They agreed to settle their difficulty with knives in a quiet place in the wood just out of town. There were no seconds or spectators, and each of the physicians took along lint and bandages to dress his wounds. Their accounts of of the fight are alike and as follows: The weapons were long bowie-knives. They stripped to the waist, and at the first onslaught got such a firm hold of each other that the weapons could not be used. After a long struggle they separated and stood warily watching a chance. As they at length rushed together Manning received a slight stab in the neck and Molett a more serious cut across the arm. They stopped long enough for each to dress his own wound and then faced for another round. With great caution, and many feints and dodges, they spent what they say seemed like half an hour without coming together. Finally Molett caught Manning's head under his arm, and, while for an instant he was able to hold him in that position, stabbed him deeply twice in the breast; but Manning with his arm free, was able at the same time to plunge his knife into Molett's back. These serious stabs ended the fight. Molett was able to reach his surgical appliances and attend to his wound. Manning fainted and fell insensible and bleeding. After attending to his own hurt, Molett says he was about to go away and leave his adversary to bleed to death but his better nature dominated, and with considerable effort he saved Manning's life. Assistance soon came, and they were taken to their homes, where they will be confined a long time by their injuries.—*New York Sun.*

BANKRUPT NOTICE.

In the District Court of the United States

For the Third Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at the City of Seattle, in the County of King, and for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, in said Territory:

In the matter of THOMAS S. RUSSELL, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy.

At the City of Seattle in said District, on the 22nd day of December, A.D. 1874.

THIRD JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON TERRITORY, ss.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Take notice that a petition has been filed in said Court by Thomas S. Russell of the City of Seattle, in the County of King in said District, duly declared a Bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2nd, 1867, and the supplemental and amendatory Acts, for a discharge and certificate therefrom of all his debts and other claims, provable under said Acts and that the third day of February next at 10 o'clock A. M. is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where you may attend and show cause, if any you have, why the prayer of said Petition should not be granted. L. B. ANDREWS, Clerk of the District Court.

Dec 30, 1874-3w.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District court of the 3rd Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at Seattle in and for the counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, dated August 29, A. D. 1874, in the case wherein Stephen Throckmorton is plaintiff and William F. Shubuck is defendant to me directed, and directing me to sell the following described property, to wit: Lots numbered one, two, three and four, (1, 2, 3, 4,) in block seventy-seven (77) in that part of the city of Seattle laid off by A. A. Denny to connect with the plat of the Terry estate in Seattle, King County, Territory of Washington or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the judgment or decree of said Court in said cause; to wit: The sum of eight hundred and eighty two dollars ($882) gold coin and interest thereon from August 29, A. D. 1874, at the rate of one and one-half per cent per month, and costs of suit and accruing interest and costs, and attorneys fee allowed therein, I have levied upon and will sell at public sale on at the County House door in Seattle, King County aforesaid, on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1875, between 9 o'clock A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. of that day, to wit: at the hour of 12 o'clock, M. the above described property or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy said decree. C. V. WYCKOFF, Sheriff of King County, W. T.

McNAUGHT & LEARY, Pltf's Attys.

January 20, 1875.

Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A REGular meeting of the Kitsap County Commissioners will be held on the 1st day of February, 1875, at Port Madison. H. B. EMERY, Auditor Kitsap County.

LARRABEE & WHITE,

Counselors and Attorneys at Law.

Rooms 4 and 5 Dispatch Buildings,

SEATTLE, W. T.

Executor's Notice.

ESTATE OF JOHN D. CLOSSON, DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERsons in interest that Letters Testamentary under the last Will and Testament of John Closson, late of Seattle, King County, Washington Territory, have this day, by the Probate Court of said County, been issued to the subscriber named Executor in said Will.

All persons having claims against the Estate of said deceased will present them with the necessary vouchers, within one year from this date, to said Executor at his place of business on Commercial street, in Seattle aforesaid, and all persons indebted are required to make immediate payments.

JAMES T. KENNEDY, Executor.

Dated at Seattle aforesaid this 31st day of December, A. D. 1874.

C. D. EMERY, Attorney for Estate. jan. 6-4w

SEATTLE SALOON,

Occidental Square, Seattle, W. T.

Tom Smith Proprietor.

Fine Cigars, Wines and Liquors

Always on hand.

Seattle, Nov. 25th, 1874.

U. S. Marine Hospital!

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Any sick Seaman who has paid Hospital dues for two months preceding his application is entitled to Hospital relief free of charge.

THE ABOVE INSTITUTION HAVING BEEN placed on a permanent footing, as the United States Hospital of Marine Patients on Puget Sound, the Proprietor takes pleasure in announcing that no pains or expense will be spared in administering to the comfort and convenience of private patients.

This is the largest General Hospital north of San Francisco, and by far the most complete in equipment. It has been thoroughly refitted and refurnished. Its general wards have accommodation for about one hundred patients and are peculiarly adapted for cases requiring the most careful treatment and constant supervision at limited expense. Those who desire them will be furnished with private rooms, entirely separate and distinct, at a slight additional cost.

The attention of Mill owners, and those interested in shipping, is called to the fact that seamen suffering from contagious diseases will be treated outside the Hospital without expense to the vessel.

THOMAS T. MINOR, Managing Surgeon.

$500,000

CAPITAL STOCK.

SEATTLE GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANY.

Incorporated under the Laws of Washington Territory. November 6 1874

JOHN COLLINS, President.
JAMES McNAUGHT, Vice President;
ANGUS MACINTOSH, Secretary.
FRANKLIN MATTHIAS, Treasurer.

Capital Stock divided into 10,000 Shares of $50 each.

LOCATION OF WORKS.

SKYKOMISH DISTRICT, SNOHOMISH COUNTY, W. T.

OFFICE:

SEATTLE, W. T.

The Company owns the following Quartz Lodes:

Zephyr, ... 1,500 feet.
Seattle, ... 1,500 feet.
Ajax, ... 250 feet.
Little Falls ..... 250 feet.
Also 12,000 feet of Silver Creek.

IN ORDER THAT THE PEOPLE OF WASHington Territory may help develop this vast Gold and Silver District, the Directors have concluded to put in market 2,000 shares, at $10 each, unassessable, hoping by giving the purchasers the benefit of $40 on each share. No assessment can be made upon these 2,000 shares.

For the assay of the quartz owned by the Company the public are referred to the following, made by Jay G. Kelly, Esq., Assayer.

CERTIFICATE OF ASSAY.

Assay Office of Jay G. Kelley
SEATTLE, Nov. 3d, 1874.

Three samples of rock deposited by the "Seattle Gold and Silver Mining Company," assayed as follows, per ton of 2,000 lbs.:

No 1, Zephyr Lode—Silver, $408 43
No. 2, Seattle Lode—Silver, $54 1; Gold, $2; Lead, 7 per cent.
No 3. Northern Float—Silver, $34 82.

Nos 1 and 2 were knocked off the lodes by me. JAY G. KELLY, Assayer.

Stock Books are now open at the office of A. Mackintosh, Esq., at Seattle, for subscription to the 2,000 shares of preferred unassessable stock.

The Company guarantee that the whole proceeds of these 2,000 shares will be applied exclusively to the development of said mines, that not a dollar of the same will be used for salaries of officers or office expenses.

Stock will be issued to suit purchasers, from one share upwards.

The public are reminded that this is a home investment and should be encouraged.

JOHN COLLINS, President
JAMES McNAUGHT, Vice-President
A. MACKINTOSH, Secretary.

Seattle, King County, W. T., Dec. 11, 1874.

PILE DRIVER

"Dick Atkins"

(DOUBLE STEAM ENGINE)

Best appointed ever on Puget Sound

IS NOW PREPARED TO BUILD Wharves, drive Foundations for Stone or Brick Buildings; drive Pile Fressting for Railroads, and to load Vessels with Spars, Piles or Timber, and will go to any part of the Sound.

Address,
H. A. ATKINS,
Seattle, W. T.

N. B.—Cargoes of Piles furnished on short notice.

Summons.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF KING. } ss

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at the City of Seattle, in and for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish.

Martin S. Fechheimer, Henry Goodkind and Henry Grunthal, partners doing business under the firm name and style of Fechheimer, Goodkind & Co., Plaintiffs.

vs.

Benjamin Bernstein, Defendant.

Complaint filed in the County of King, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

The United States of America send Greeting

To BENJAMIN BERNSTEIN, Defendant.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at the City of Seattle, in the County of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within the said county of King; or if served out of that County but in this District, within thirty days, otherwise within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to recover the sum of eight hundred and one dollars, gold coin, with interest from November 20, 1873, at the rate of ten per cent per annum, on an account between you and the said plaintiffs for goods sold and delivered to you at your request by the city of San Francisco, California, on or about the 20th day of November, 1873.

And you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required the said plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of $801, gold coin, interest and costs, according to the prayer of said complaint.

(SEAL) Witness the Hon. Orange Jacobs, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, the 21st day of November, A. D. 1874.

L. B. ANDREWS, Clerk.

McNAUGHT & LEARY, Attys. for Plff. n9-6w

United States Hotel,

Corner Main & Commercial Streets

A. JOHNSON, Proprietor

WILL COMPARE FAVORABLY with any hotel on the Sound.

STEINWAY

PIANOS

—AND—

BURDETT

Organs.

☞ The Cheapest and the Best. ☜

S. F. COOMBS,
SEATTLE, W. T.

d24

"What I know, I know," said the great surgeon Magendie. "Give me stubborn facts; I care not for theories." This is sound doctrine. Possibly a medical martinet might be able, in a plausible way, to show why DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS ought not to cure Indigestion, Headache, Nervousness, Liver Complaint, Muscular Diseases, and Miasmatic Fevers; but as they do in every instance effect that object, his fine theory would be a waste of words. As Magendie said, the world demands facts, not speculative opinions.

GREAT REDUCTION!

—IN—

Holiday Goods

—AT—

Wm. G. Jamieson's.

CHANCE FOR BARGAINS!

Largest Stock in the Territory.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Foreign and Domestic Wines,

Brandies, Whiskeys,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

No. 15 Commercial st. Seattle, W. T

Genuine Cutter Whiskey always on Hand.

Crawford & Harrington,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

AND IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Hardware, Groceries,

Wines and Liquors,

Flour and Feed

SUGAR, TEA, TOBACCO, COFFEE, ETC.,

Are continually adding to their Stock on hand to meet the increasing demand of the Puget Sound trade and the public generally.

Price List, not higher than San Francisco jobbing price. Freight added.

CALL AND EXAMINE.

Warehouse and Wharf adjoining Steamboat landing

STORE AND OFFICE, COMMERCIAL STREET

SEATTLE, W. T.

CRAWFORD & HARRINGTON,

AGENTS FOR THE

Imperial Fire Insurance Company of London.

NO TERMINUS!

And yet Alive

Schwabacher Bros. & Co.

Would respectfully inform the Public that they are still to be found at the old stand, and with a

LARGER STOCK OF GOODS

than ever; consisting of a full line in everything required by either Mechanics, Farmers, Ship-builders, Miners, Hotels and Restaurants. *Our assortment in*

DRY GOODS & CLOTHING

are far superior to any ever offered in the Territory; and as to PRICES, it is simply absurd to argue that we

CAN BE UNDERSOLD.

Our Jobbing Department being of the best selection, we would cordially invite Country Dealers to give us a call, to assure them that our Prices compare well with San Francisco.

Our past success in business speaks volumes regarding our mode of dealing. We are willing to let Public Opinion decide whether we are worthy of Patronage or not.

Call and examine our Goods before purchasing elsewhere, and remember

WE HAVE BUT ONE PRICE.

SCHWABACHER BROS. & CO.

Seattle Drug Store,

Occidental Square, Seattle, W. T.,

M. R. MADDOCKS, Proprietor.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery; Etc.

Puget Sound Dispatch.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY

Seattle, W.T., Jan. 28, 1875.

☞ Try those delicious Cream Cakes at Piper's.

☞ Forty-one vessels passed Port Townsend on Friday last, coming in.

SKATING RACE.—The mile skating race at the Rink, was won by J. L. Jamieson in 5:39½. The time of the others was: Brown, 5:41½; Webster, 5:56; Merwin, 6:10, distanced.

SNOHOMISH RIVER CLOSED.—Mr. J. R. Robbins received the following telegram to-day:

POINT ELLIOT, Jan. 24.—The river is frozen up to within two miles of the mouth. E. D. KROMER

☞ The brigantine Deacon arrived here on Sunday afternoon and the bark Osmyn some time during Sunday night. This makes seven vessels now in the harbor—One ship, four large barks and two brigantines. Besides these there are two schooner scows in the Sound trade, lying at Crawford & Harrington's wharf.

☞ At the special election, held December 29, 1874, in San Juan and Clalam counties, for the office of Joint Representative, the following was the vote cast in San Juan county: J. M. Hannah received 76 votes, Joseph Leighton received 39 votes, and S. V. Boyce, 1 vote. Clalam county has not been heard from at the Secretary's office.

WRECK OF ANOTHER SHIP.—The Italian bark Pelicana, laden with lumber at a Sound port for Valparaiso, was wrecked on Tuesday night last between Cape Flattery and Neah Bay. The Captain and crew got ashore and walked to Neah Bay, where they embarked on the steamer Goliah for Port Townsend. The vessel went to pieces.

☞ Hon. Mr. Walkem will arrive here by next steamer. A gentleman just returned to the Province from London confirms former statements and says that the Delegate's mission to England has been very successful. It will be seen also here that another result of the mission has been the obtaining from the British Government an addition of £20,000 for the Esquimalt Dock.—*Victoria Standard*

COLD WEATHER IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.—The Cariboo *Sentinel* of January 9th, gives the range of the thermometer for the four preceding days at Barkerville, at from 22 to 40 degrees below zero. In exposed places, like the Meadows of Wilson's Creek, the thermometer would range eight to ten degrees lower; and remarks; "The present winter, so far, is mild in comparison with that of 1871-2."

A telegram to the Victoria *Standard* says that the Government Assay Office at Barkerville was burned on the 18th inst. The thermometer at the time of the fire registered 26° below zero.

☞ The steamer Favorite on her way up the Sound and soon after leaving Port Townsend last Friday evening had a slight accident occur to her machinery consequent upon her being compelled to use salt water, the supply of fresh water being cut off by the general freeze up. She returned to Port Townsend where she was detained about 15 hours for repairs.

As an abundant supply of fresh water can now be obtained, no further difficulty is anticipated, and she will hereafter leave here regularly for Victoria on Monday and Thursday mornings at 6½ o'clock.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILROAD.—The following cable dispatch from London was received by the Provincial Secretary of British Columbia on the 25th inst.:

Freight contract for 5,000 tons of rails was signed yesterday to be shipped from England for Vancouver between March and May next.

G. M. SPROAT,
Agent-General for British Columbia.

It is now certain that work will soon be commenced on the west end of the railroad and that it will be pushed as rapidly as practicable. A large portion of the supplies for the sustenance of the laborers will be drawn from this side of the boundary line.

EXTRADITION.—After a long and patient hearing of the law and the facts in the case, Judge Jacobs has committed to prison, to await the demand of the Dominion Government of Canada, W. Hoffuffy, charged with forgery committed in Victoria. This was a new case to the Court, and consequently required great deliberation in its determination. The prisoner had not been convicted of the crime charged, and the question upon which the Judge had to act was as to the kind of testimony necessary to the operation of the extradition treaty. Hence the delay which caused some ill-natured comments by Victoria officials, who deemed their unsupported statement of facts conclusive to a United States Judge.

☞ The time is not yet fixed for the proposed consultation of leading Democrats, numbering in all from thirty to forty. Ex Governor Morgan, Reverdy Johnson, Jeremiah S. Black, Francis Kernan, of New York, and Eaton, of Connecticut are named as among them. No present members of Congress are invited. The object is to consider the present condition of political affairs, and what should be done by the Democrats in the event of a called session of Congress.

☞ The Pennsylvania Democratic joint caucus nominated Judge Wallace for United States Senator on the first ballot, the vote standing, Wallace, 106; Clymer, 14; Black, 2.

☞ The Indiana Democratic Senatorial caucus on Friday night nominated Joseph E. McDonald, the vote standing, McDonald, 43; Holman, 32.

☞ The gale of wind that prevailed Monday worked devastation with fences and shubery in various parts of the city. Three of the towering cedars in the Plaza were blown down, one of them carrying away a section of iron fence in its fall.—*S. F. Bulletin*, 21st.

FUNERAL.—The remains of Charles J. Allen, who died yesterday morning at the residence of I. V. Wyckoff Esq., were interred this afternoon at the old cemetery, under the auspices of Olive Branch Lodge No. 4, I. O. of O. F. Deceased was a farmer at Lake Washington, an unmarried man aged about 47 years. We understand that his disease was bronchitis.

From the *Echo*: "We are informed that Wm Wright, of Big Skookum Bay lately undertook to melt the bottom off a kerosene oil can. The top of the can was left air tight, and a high pressure was generated in the can. While Wm. was looking eagerly to see the bottom drop off the can, an explosion took place and the wonderstruck fisherman lit out in the bay. His arm was badly burned. His wife dressed the wound, and remarked that 'Wm was just learning how to catch fish, but didn't know much about taking the bottom out of oil cans.'"

INDIAN KILLED.—We learn from the Puyallup Valley that the father of John Scolla has been robbed and killed by another Indian, and that probably revenge on the slayer will be taken by the murdered man's friends. The son of this murdered Indian, John Scolla, it will be rembered, was killed by Gus. Lyttle, now in jail at this city.—*Steilacoom Express.*

☞ Madames Barnes and Stuart have been engaged for several weeks, at intervals, in securing signatures to a petition asking that the Territorial law be amended to allow women the right of suffrage. They have already obtained a long list of names and have only just fairly commenced.—*Courier.*

Telegraphic

EXCLUSIVELY TO THE DAILY DISPATCH

SIOUX CITY Jan 21.—J. C. Spervis arrived here to-night direct from the Black Hills. He went out with Col Grow's company, which left here October last. They confined their operations to the southern part of the Hills and found gold in every place they prospected but not in paying quantities the weather being unfavorable for gulch mining.

LONDON Jan 22. There is said to be good authority for the statement that the British Government has demanded an explanation and apology from Peru for removing passengers from the British steamer at Callao.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 22.—*The Journal de St. Petersburg* has an article which is taken as an indication that Montenegro has the support of Russia in the difficulty with Turkey.

ST. LOUIS Jan 22.—Beard Bros. safe manufacturing establishment burned last night. Loss, $27,000.

VIENNA, Jan. 22.—The Porte has withdrawn the demand for the Montenegrans implicated in the Podgerisa outrage to be surrendered for trial by the Turkish tribunals. The powers have advised the Porte to send delegates to attend the trial at Cettinge.

Later.—The Porte has made ample concessions to avoid trouble with Montenegro.

LONDON, Jan 23. It is still feared in Vienna that a collision between Turkey and Montenegro cannot be averted. It is thought necessary that Austria should increase her frontier forces. Russia and Austria have both warned the Hospodar of Montenegro that if he declares war he does so on his own responsibility.

HENDAYE, Jan. 22.—It is reported that the Carlist General Tristany is advancing on Barcelona and hopes to enter the city by the connivance of the Republicans.

BERLIN, Jan. 22.—The Reichstag has passed the Landsturm bill.

23.—A courier arrived here with an autograph letter from King Alfonzo to Emperor Wilhelm. He has similar letters for the Emperor of Austria and the King of Italy.

VIENNA, Jan. 23.—Montenegran government has ordered all subjects abroad to return home. 12,000 troops have been ordered to the frontier.

LONDON, Jan 23.—Sailed from Liverpool, ship Juno, San Francisco.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—There seems at present to be serious doubt about Pinchbeck's admission to the Senate from Louisiana. It is opposed earnestly on the ground that if Congress fails to legislate on the Louisiana question, the President will accept Pinchbeck's admission as another recognition of the Kellogg Government. An attempt is making to seat Pinchbeck under the vote of the Republican caucus, but it is not yet settled whether the caucus will so order. Some prominent Senators are positive of a negative vote. There is an impression that if Congress fails to act the President will withdraw the troops from Louisiana. It was said by one of the most prominent Republican Senators, during the recent week, that a joint resolution will be introduced, recognizing the Kellogg Government, irrespective of Pinchbeck's admission as Senator from Louisiana. A military government for Louisiana or any other Southern State, as some have privately suggested, is out of the question. Gen Sheridan will remain at New Orleans without limit as to time.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.—The Times Washington special says: From what is known of the views of the Senate committee on Railroads it is considered impossible that Scott's Southern Texas Pacific Railroad bill can be reported favorably.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—The Senate Committee on Railroads yesterday decided to report adversely on the Northern Pacific Railroad bill and all other referred to them proposing Government aid or subsidies for railroads, except Scott's Texas Pacific bill, which was not acted on but laid over until Monday.

Representative Luttrell has prepared and will to morrow introduce a bill to protect the settlers on the public domain of the U. S., providing that in all cases where railroad companies presumed to change the location of their route without changing the location of the lands granted and withdrawn for their benefit, all homestead and preemption settlements made on such lands prior to the date of the respective land grants, be protected and allowed to be completed under the existing laws. The bill, however, proposed that the railroad companies shall be permitted to select other lands, equivalent to the area so involved, provided in these lieu lands the selection be confined to surveyed non mineral public lands, situate within the limits of the present withdrawal reserves, under direction of the general land office.

The Secretary of the Interior asks Congress to appropriate $30,000 to supply the deficiency in the proceeds of the sale of Land in Round Valley Reservation, applicable to the payment of settlers for improvements on said reservation, and to liquidate such claims thereon as may be found valid, by virtue of preemption or homestead entry. This recommendation virtually abandons the position heretofore held by the Department that lands restored to the public domain should be appraised, and settlers purchasing should be required to pay high prices to cover the deficiency.

The Secretary of the Interior also recommends an appropriation of $15,000 for the erection of a grist and saw mill in the Siletz agency in Oregon, which would save a large amount annually to the Government now paid for the purchase and transportation of flour, etc., although abundant wheat can be raised by the Indians on the reservation.

VIENNA, Jan. 24.—The Montenegro difficulty has been compromised. The citizens of Montenegro are to be tried at Cettygne. The evidence of the Turkish witnesses in the case was taken at the frontier town of Spush.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan 17. Diario officially denies designing a document recognizing the English debt, adding: "Such a contract will never be signed."

OROVILLE, Cal., Jan. 24.—Slight shock of earthquake about four this morning. Raining hard at the time.

TAYLORVILLE, Jan. 20.—A severe shock of earthquake here at four this morning, lasting twenty seconds.

GREENVILLE, Jan. 24.—A severe shock of earthquake here at four this morning, lasting twenty seconds.

DOWNIEVILLE, Cal., Jan. 24.—A heavy earthquake shock was felt here this morning. Raining slightly.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 25.—Flour, extra, 5@5 37½.

Wheat, good shipping, 1 52½; choice milling, 1 57½.

Barley, 1 45@1 70.

Oats, 1 65@1 80.

Feed, 1 90@[illegible]

Hay, common, 10 50; choice 17.

Potatoes, 1 75@1 90.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—It is stated that the Deputy Collector's report of the seizure of $40,000 worth of silk, imported as cotton goods, involves several Custom House officers. It is estimated that the regular importations amount to over a million.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—At 12 30, P. M., a fire broke out in the upper story of the Navy Department building and for some time burned fiercely, but is now under control apparently. The upper rooms were generally filled with records the greater part of which were saved.

2 P. M.—The fire is still burning in the Navy Department, but it is believed now the flames will be confined to the upper rooms, where they originated.—No lives lost as was feared earlier though some employes of officers of the Navy on duty in the building were in danger of being suffocated in attempting to remove valuable records. The upper floors are now completely flooded with water. Many records are seriously damaged. Nearly all the bureau officers and the Chief of the Navy Yard have made preparations to remove books and records from the office in event of the spread of the flames.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—At the Beecher trial to-day Judge Porter still unable to be present. Proceedings opened by Shearman, of the defense, stating that they had the original charges, printed in Woodhull & Claflin's Weekly, Nov 2, which he proposed to read and put in as evidence. Shearman read a few clauses, when Fullerton objected to that inculpating Tilton, Beecher and Moulton. He argued that the article was only a promulgation of Woodhull's doctrines and he could not see why it should be admitted. Beecher said if the article was read it would raise side issues; the only object in reading it was to introduce accusations against plaintiff and the witness on the stand. Court decided that the article be read, subject to his decision, paragraph by paragraph. The portion relating to Mrs Woodhull's views of the marriage relation were ruled out. The Court characterized them as atrocious sentiments. Exception was taken to this ruling by the defense.

The pistol scene was read and allowed to remain. The statement with regard to Theodore Tilton that he was no vestal virgin was ruled out. Also the statement of the endeavors to get Mr. Beecher to preside at the Steinway Hall meeting. Shearman then said this was all he had to read.

The cross-examination of Moulton was continued by Tracy. He was questioned in reference to the true story published by Tilton which he said was prepared in the latter part of December, 1872, but not published. The counsel for the defense called for this paper, which they said was in the hands of the prosecution. Fullerton said it was not in their hands, having been destroyed. Nothing important was got out of the witness in regard to the matter.

ROCHESTER, Jan. 25.—The George Washington Bank of Corning, a private institution owned and controlled by G. W. Patterson, was closed by the Sheriff on Saturday. Liabilities, $100,000.—Many of the depositors were poor people. There was much excitement in the neighborhood.

LONDON, Jan 25.—U. S. Cable Company's steamer Faraday will proceed to a Scottish port for repairs.

Immense damage was done to shipping on the British Isles by the recent storm.

Marine Intelligence.

VICTORIA, Jan. 20.—Sailed, Lark Deleware, Honolulu.

VICTORIA, Jan. 22.—Arrived, bark Camelot, London; ship Blackwall, San Francisco; bark Iconium, Valparaiso

VICTORIA, Jan. 23.—Arrived, bark Amie, San Francisco. Sailed from Nanaimo ship Sonoma, San Francisco.

SEATTLE, Jan. 22.—Sailed, Alice Hanke.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 22.—Arrived, Dashing Wave, Tacoma; bark Aureolo Seattle. Sailed, bark Fresno, Nanaimo; bark Mary Glover, Port Discovery. On the 21st, steamer Los Angelos, Victoria; Dublin Seabeck. On the 22 bark Rainier, Port Gamble.

PORT MADISON, Jan. 23.—Arrived, Northwest.

SEATTLE, Jan. 24.—Arrived, Deacon.

PORT LUDLOW, Jan. 23.—Arrived, Forest Queen.

PORT TOWNSEND, Jan. 23.—Arrived, Caroline Reed.

PORT BLAKELY, Jan. 24. Arrived, French bark Bretagne, San Francisco.

PORT TOWNSEND Jan. 22.—Arrived, John Jay and Fremont.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 25.—Sailed, bark Adelaide Cooper, Port Ludlow.

PORT MADISON, Jan. 25.—Arrived, bark Oakland, ship Coquimbo and bark Bhering.

PORT BLAKELY, Jan. 25.—Arrived, barks Caroline Reed and Martha Rudes out from San Francisco; Cambridge from San Buenaventura.

PORT GAMBLE, Jan. 25.—Arrived bark W. C. Parke and brig Perpetua.

SEABECK, Jan. 23.—Arrived, Isaac Jeanes and General Cobb.

VICTORIA, Jan. 24.—Arrived steamer Los Angelos, San Francisco. Jan 25, arrived, barkentine C. L. Taylor, New Zealand.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

THE PRESSING WANT OF MANY PERsons on Puget Sound, needing Medical and Surgical aid, for comfortable rooms and good care, at moderate prices has induced me to fit up a Private Hospital, where every appliance, convenience and comfort, in connection with the necessary Medical and surgical attendance will be provided.

The rooms are neatly furnished and in a pleasant and healthy locality.

☞ For particulars apply either in person or by letter to G. A. WEED, M. D., Seattle, W. T.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

A first-class house and a chance for everybody to live cheap during the hard times.

☞ The best table and the best wines and beds of any house in the Territory.

☞ Guests treated with politeness and attention.

☞ Free coach to and from the house.

COLLINS & Co., Proprietors.
Seattle, W. T., Nov. 1, 1873.-tf

Private School.

ON THE FIRST MONDAY IN JANUARY Miss H. E. Shinn will open a school in the room which has been occupied by Miss Dr Boise. Special attention will be given to vocal music. The most improved methods used in teaching beginners. Lessons given on the Piano or Organ.

☞ For particulars enquire at Dr. Weeds. Seattle, W. T., Dec. 19.

S. KENNEY,
MERCHANT TAILOR.

HAS RECEIVED BLACK DOESKINS, Black, Blue and Brown BEAVERS. Also FRENCH CASSIMERES and a variety of Domestic Goods for suitings.

FALL AND WINTER USE.

☞ To which the Public attention is invited.

KEARNEY'S
FLUID EXTRACT
BUCHU!

THE ONLY KNOWN REMEDY
—FOR—
BRIGHT'S DISEASE,
AND A POSITIVE REMEDY FOR
Gout, Gravel, Strictures, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, Dropsy,
Non-retention or Incontinence of Urine Irritation, Inflamation or Ulceration
OF THE
BLADDER AND KIDNEYS,
Spermatorhoea,
Leucorrhoea or Whites, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel or Brickdust Deposit and Mucus Milky Discharges.

KEARNEY'S
EXTRACT BUCHU

Per anentic Cures all Diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS,
Existing in Men, Women and Children,

☞ NO MATTER WHAT THE AGE ☜

Prof. Steele says: "One bottle of Kearney' Fluid Extract Buchu is worth more than all other Buchus combined."

Price, One Dollar per Bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars

Depot, 104 Duane St., N. Y

CRANE & BRIGHAM, Wholesale Agents San Francisco, California.

A Physician in attendance to answer correspondence and give advice gratis.

☞ Send stamp for Pamphlets, free. ☜

—TO THE—
Nervous & Debilitated
OF BOTH SEXES.
No Charge for advice or Consultation.

DR. J. B. DYOTT, graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, author of several valuable works, can be consulted on all diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs, (which he has made an especial study) either in male or female, no matter from what cause originating or of how long standing. A practice of 30 years enables him to treat diseases with success. Cures guaranteed. Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letter describing symptoms and enclosing stamp to prepay postage.

Send for the Guide to Health. Price 10cts.

J. B. DYOTT, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon, 104 Duane St.N.
Jan 30-1y

Seattle & WallaWalla R.R. & T. Co.

Office on Mill Street, next door to Auditor's Office
SEATTLE, W. T.

SAID COMPANY ARE NOW AT WORK UP on the road, and all are invited to aid in the enterprise by taking stock. Now is the time to subscribe.

A. A. DENNY, President.
ROSWELL SCOTT Secretary

NEW
PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,
HIRAM HOYT, ARTIST,
OPPOSITE OCCIDENTAL HOTEL, SEATTLE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED A new gallery in Seattle, where all work in his line will be executed in good style at reasonable rates. n30 HIRAM HOYT.

FRESH GOODS!
—AT—
FRAUENTHAL BROS',
DRY GOODS
AND
CLOTHING
ESTABLISHMENT,
Mill Street, Seattle, W. T.

OUR FALL AND WINTER STOCK IS GRADually being received, to which we invite an inspection. We confine ourselves to first-class Goods in the following lines:

Dress Goods of all descriptions,
Cotton Domestics,
Cotton & Wool Flannels,
Waterproofs all colors,
Embroideries,
Zephyr,
Shawls & Saques,
Trimmed Hats,
Cassimeres,
Blankets,
Carpets,
Wall Paper,
Boots & Shoes for either sex
Choice and Fashionable Clothing, Hats,
Under Wear,
Furnishing Goods,
Trunks, Etc., Etc.

Lowest prices, strict honesty and kind attention is assured

FRAUENTHAL BROS
Seattle, Sept. 18th, 1874.

SWEET CIDER
—AND—
CIDER VINEGAR!
Wholesale and Retail,
J. S. ANDERSON, Proptr.,
Seattle, W. T

Phelps & Wadleigh.
Wholesale Dealers in
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Veal, Vegetables & Live stock.

Work Oxen kept for sale. Barrelled Beef and Pork constantly on hand and at prices to suit the times.

Patronage respectfully solicited. Apply to the SEATTLE MARKET, corner Commercial and Washington Streets

Seattle, W. T. Aug. 27 1874.

Coal Tar!

5 GALLONS FOR $1 LARGE QUANTITIES, by special agreement, at greatly reduced rates. Apply at the SEATTLE GAS LIGHT COMPANY'S WORKS, Seattle, W. T.

JOHN M. BLANCHARD.

R. R. R.
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
CURES THE WORST PAINS
In from one to twenty Minutes.
NOT ONE HOUR
after reading this advertisement need any ONE SUFFER WITH PAIN.
Radway's Ready Relief is a Cure for Every Pain. It was the first and is
The Only Pain Remedy
that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.
IN FROM 1 TO 20 MINUTES,
no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the rheumatic, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer,
RADWAY'S READY RELIEF
will afford Instant Ease.
Inflammation of the Kidneys
Inflammation of the Bladder
Inflammation of the Bowels.
Congestion of the Lungs.
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing.
Palpitation of the Heart.
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria.
Catarrh, Influenza.
Headache, Toothache.
Neuralgia, Rheumatism
Cold Chills, Ague Chills.

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAYS PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!
Strong and Pure Rich Blood—Increase of Flesh and Weight—Clear Skin and Beautiful Complexion secured to all.

DR. RADWAY'S
SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

Has made the most Astonishing Cures so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes, under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that

Every Day an Increase in Flesh and Weight is Seen and Felt.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system the vigor of life, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. Scrofula, Syphillis, Consumption, Glandular disease, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumous Discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb, and all wasting and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm, and all wastes of life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becomes reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastes and repairs the same with new material made from healty blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure.

Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent exceed all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin disease; but it is the only positive cure for

KIDNEY & BLADDER COMPLAINTS,
Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Stoppage of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark bilious appearance, and white bone dust deposits, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins. Price, $1 00

Worms.—The only known and sure Remedy for Worms—Pin, Tape etc.

Tumor of 12 Years' Growth Cured by Radway's Resolvent.

BEVERLY, Mass., July 18, 1869

DR. RADWAY:—I have had Ovarian Tumor in the ovaries and bowels. All the Doctors said "there was no help for it." I tried every thing that was recommended, but nothing helped me. I saw your Resolvent, and thought I would try it; but had no faith in it, because I had suffered for twelve years. I took six bottles of the Resolvent, and one box of Radway's Pills, and two bottles of your Ready Relief; and there is not a sign of tumor to be seen or felt, and I feel better, smarter, and happier than I have for twelve years. The worst tumor was in the left side of the bowels, over the groin. I write this to you for the benefit of others. You can publish it if you choose. HANNAH P. KNAPP

DR. RADWAY'S
PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse, and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipations, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals or deleterious drugs.

☞ Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Digest of Food, Fullness or Weight in the stomach Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pains in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per box. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS.

READ "FALSE AND TRUE." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & Co., No. 87 Maiden Lane New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you. July 22 1874

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LIVERY STABLE,
Cor. Commercial and Washington Sts
SEATTLE, W. T.

This Livery Stable is in the centre of the city, and to persons desirous of having Buggies, Carriages, and spirited saddle animals, can find them at this stable.

Horses boarded the day or week.

R. ABRAMS.

S. W. HOVEY W. S. BARKER.
Hovey & Barker,
(Successors to J. A. WOODWARD)
DEALERS IN
General Merchandize,
At the old stand, corner Commercial and Mill Street, Seattle, W. T.

Goods delivered to any part of the City free of charge

March 27, 1874.

Sheriff's Sale.

IN AND BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF EXecution issued out of the Office of Clerk of the District Court for the Third Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at Seattle, in and for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, on the 23rd day of December, 1874, and to me directed, in a certain action wherein Charles D. Emery, Administrator of the Estate of J. W. Irvin, deceased, is Plaintiff and Benjamin F. Ball and Frances E. Ball and others are defendants, commanding me that of the real Estate hereinafter described, I should make a certain judgment rendered by said Court in said action for the sum of two hundred and seven dollars and seventeen cents Gold Coin, ($209. 17) with interest thereon at the rate of two per cent per month from Dec. 7, 1874 until paid, as also an Attorney's fee of fifty dollars ($50) Gold Coin and costs of suit, amounting to thirty-one dollars and sixty cents ($31. 60), I have this 6th day of January, 1875, levied upon Lot number one [1] in Block number seventeen [17] in Boren's Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington Territory, upon which is erected two frame dwelling houses and other outbuildings; and notice is hereby given that I will, on Monday, February 8th, 1875, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, proceed to sell for gold coin said Real Estate by public outcry, in front of the Court House door in said City of Seattle, for and towards the payment of said judgment, Attorney's fee, costs and increased costs.

Dated at Seattle aforesaid January 6th, 1875.

L. V. WYCKOFF,
Sheriff of King County, W. T.
C. D. EMERY, Attorney for Plaintiff.

SOLDIERS' WAR CLAIM AGENCY
NO. 34 MONTGOMERY BLOCK,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

W. H. AIKEN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic in California and Nevada, will give prompt attention to the collection of Additional Travel Pay, now due California and Nevada Volunteers discharged more than three hundred miles from home. Soldiers can depend on fair dealing. Information given free of charge. When writing enclose stamp for reply and state company. Congress has extended the time for filing claims for additional Bounty under Act of July 28, 1866, to January, 1875, so all such claims must be made before that time. Original Bounty of $100 has been allowed all volunteers who enlisted before July 22d, 1861 for three years, if not paid the same when discharged. Land Warrants can be obtained for services rendered before 1855, but not for services in the late war. Pensions for late war and war of 1812 obtained and increased when allowed for less than disability warrants, but no pensions are allowed to Mexican and Florida war soldiers. State of Texas has granted Pensions to surviving veterans of the Texas Revolution. New Orleans and Mobile Prize Money is now due and being paid. W. H. Aiken also attends to General Law and Collection Business. aug.18-6m

Renton Coal Company.

THE OFFICE OF THE ABOVE COMPANY is at the store of R. Bernstein, where the stock books are open. All are invited to call and examine the plan. C. H. BURNETT, Secretary

Seattle, March 6, 1874.

JOB PRINTING
Executed in the highest style of the Art
The Cheapest on Puget Sound.
JUST RECEIVED
A quantity of the most fashionable styles of type borders etc.

☞ Call and examine specimens and prices

PAINTING!
T. H. STRINGHAM
DOES ALL KINDS OF
House,
Carriage,
Sign and
Boat Painting,
Graining,
Guilding,
Bronzing,
Varnishing,
Paper-hanging,
Etc., Etc.

☞ Shop on Mill Street, Seattle, ☜
6c24

CRICHTON'S
SUPERIOR
ALE, PORTER
—AND—
LAGER BEER.

CITY MARKET!
MILL STREET, SEATTLE.
F. V. SNYDER, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE above Market, having entered into arrangements whereby he will be enabled to supply the Citizens of Seattle and vicinity with the
Choicest Meats & Vegetables

Respectfully states that by strict attention to business he will endeavor to supply the wants of his customers with articles that are of superior quality.

At his establishment, Corned Beef and Pork Smoked Meats, Pork and Bologna Sausages; Head Cheese, Tripe, etc., etc. may always be had.

s16 F. V. SNYDER

PIONEER STAGE LINE,
On Bainbridge Island.

A STAGE COACH leaves the PORT BLAKELY HOTEL every Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, at 9 o'clock, A. M., for Port Madison, returning same day, leaving Port Madison at 2, P. M. There is also a large

LIVERY STABLE

connected with the Hotel and Stage Line, so that parties visiting the large Milling Establishments of Ports Blakely Madison and Gamble, will be forwarded any hour of the day or night. THOS. J. JACKSON, Proprietor.

Port Blakely, October 9, 1874.

Telegraphic

EXCLUSIVELY TO THE DAILY DISPATCH.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 18.—Rev. Dr. David Lee, formerly Rector and founder of St. Luke's Episcopal Church of San Francisco, was drowned in the Amazon River Aug last. He was in the service of the London South American Missionary Society. Dr. Lee was a blood relation of Scotland's Bard, Robert Burns.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—A Boston dispatch states a meeting in Faneuil Hall to protest against outrages in Louisiana Legislature was not by any means a harmonious affair. After the advertised speakers had concluded their addresses loud calls were made for Wendell Phillips, who by invitation of the Chairman of the meeting, made his way to the platform amid applause, shouts and hisses and made a somewhat lengthy address, frequently interrupted. He asserted that Grant and General De Trobland had complied with every requisition of the Constitution and law. As a citizen of Boston he protested against the adoption of resolutions; his anxiety was not for the Administration, but for the oppressed people of the South.—He said: Should you pass these resolutions, blood of one hundred black men and one hundred white men would be on your skirts. Four millions of negroes were called into freedom to save the nation and now you refuse to allow the President to protect them.

CINCINNATTI, Jan. 16.—A meeting of the leading citizens to-night, adopted resolutions condemning the recent part played by Military in New Orleans.

NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—A Washington dispatch says: There was another conference of the Southern Republicans last night at which it was unanimously agreed to support the Kellogg Government. Louisiana demands its support from the Republican party. It is the intention of the Republicans in the Senate to admit Pinchbeck to his seat as soon as he arrives in Washington. Some Senators state very emphatically he will be seated. This would be such a mark of recognition of the Kellogg Government it does not seem possible the Senate would take such an action till it had been deliberated or determined upon the policy of dealing with the whole case. There have been within the last two days, signs of reaction among the Republicans in favor of endorsing the policy that has been pursued and of recognizing and sustaining the Kellogg Government. Their opinion still vacillating, however, is governed by feelings rather than judgement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—The report of the sub-Committee on the Louisiana matters is made public. The main points are essentially as already telegraphed to the California press. The Committee on the Southern affairs have determined, in view of the dissatisfaction expressed with leaving the subject that has assumed such a magnitude to the decision of the sub-Committee, to visit Louisiana for the purpose of making further investigation of the difficulties now existing in that State. The testimony taken by the sub. Committee and their report will be held in abeyance until the return of other members of the Committee. The time for starting has not been fixed, but it is expected the Committee will be able to leave Saturday night.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—In the Tilton-Beecher case, Moulton testified that having shown Tilton Beecher's prepared statement. Tilton refused to be made out the victim of a hallucination. Moulton gave his story of the publication of Tilton's card and his statement before the Committee, in which he told Beecher it would never have occurred had he (Beecher) not caused Mrs. Tilton to leave her home. Witness gave an account of the establishment of the Golden Age and Beechers repeated offers to help maintain it. Finally winston took $5,000 from Beecher and gave it in small sums to Tilton, who did not know whence it came.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18—In Supreme Court to-day, Justice Bradley delivered opinion of the Court in a case involvin the value of a franc in invoicing foreign goods. The decision is to the effect that the Statute of March 3d, 1873, governs the case. Accordingly the French franc, as compared with United States coin, is worth 19 cents 3 mills, as ascertained by the Superintendent of the Mint and published by the secretary of the Treasury.

BOSTON, Jan. 18.—The Methodist preachers of Boston yesterday passed resolutions endorsing and thanking the President and Gen. Sheridan for their action in the Louisiana trouble.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—The Times says the Shah of Persia granted railway concessions to the Russian General Falkenhagen, notwith-tanding existing concessions to Baron Reuter. The latter has lodged a protest at Teheran, and Derby has instructed the British Minister to Persia to support the protest formally and officially.

MADRID, Jan 18.—King Alfonzo today received several Generals of the Spanish army who were conspicuous Republicans.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18—The Senate Committee on appropriations reported the Treasury appropriation bill. Morrill said the increase was attributable chiefly to the wants of the service in assay offices and in the departments of Government at Washington. It was a reduction of nearly $2,000,000 from the bill of last year.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—In the house among the bills introduced were the following: By Baning to establish a mint at Cincinnatti; By Garfield in regard to the alleged new evidence in the Fitzjohn Porter case. On the motion of Garfield the rules were suspended and a bill passed appropriating $25,000 to defray the expenses attending the bringing of King Kalakalua to the United States.

PORTLAND, Ogn., Jan. 20.—The weather throughout Oregon for the past week was the coldest for many years Both the Columbia and Willamette rivers are full of ice. Business on the rivers is entirely suspended. Yesterday the weather began to moderate and has continued throughout the State. Raining and thawing

CORNELIUS, Ogn., Jan. 20.—F. Stilson left Astoria with the express letters on Saturday at 11 o'clock, overland, and reached Cornelius this afternoon. He reports the steamer Ajax at the wharf ice bound. She arrived there on the 14 inst. Her Passengers are still there The river is full of floating ice. The weather at Astoria on Saturday was bitter cold. Thursday was one of the coldest days ever known there, with a high wind. Snow in the mountains is from a foot to a foot and a half deep.

VICTORIA, Jan. 19.—H. M. S. Myrmidom returned yesterday after a prolonged cruise in search of the murderers of the Looking Glass Indian family. They succeeded in capturing them at Matilpa camp on Havana Island. They captured two accomplices at Fort Rupert. They were informed of some more being at Malilaculla, but they could not go there on account of the prevailing storm.

The weather on Vancouver Island and throughout the province has been intensely cold for the past two weeks. Snowing hard this morning. Some drifts are two feet deep.

MARYSVILLE, Cal., Jan. 19.—The rain fall has been very heavy and steady for for the past fifteen hours, with a warm southeast wind blowing. The rivers are rising rapidly. The river here at one, P. M., was standing within a few inches of high water mark. Dispatches from Oroville report the Feather River higher at that point than at any time this season and still rising, but the rain had ceased. The water will probably reach a high stage at this point, but the utmost confidence is felt in the levees. A vigilant watch is kept to prevent a repition of the last accident which befel the levee. A Chinaman jumped into the Yuba River yesterday and was drowned. He made several landings as he floated down the stream, but on the approach of friends to save him he would plunge into the water again, supposing them to be devils in pursuit. The river is higher than ever known before, and a large quantity of logs and trees are coming down. The bridge at Timbucto is carried away.

YREKA, Cal., Jan. 19.—It commenced raining and sleeting here last night at dark. High wind commenced this morning and continued at intervals all day, accompanied with considerable rain. Snow is fast disappearing. It is raining all the way from here to San Francisco.

CHICO, Cala., Dec. 20.—The storm of the last few days has been the most severe for years in this section. Warm rain in the mountains has melted large quantities of snow, which has raised the streams higher than they have been for years. The telegraph wires have been washed out between Marysville and Sacramento; also between this point and the latter place. Yesterday reports were received that the track of the Central Pacific Railroad is washed away for 150 feet and about 150 feet of embankment washed away at Bear river, near Wheatland. No telegraphic communication with Marysville to-day. Reports received via Oroville and Biggs this evening say that Marysville has been flooded. On D St. water stood two feet deep. The whole country in this vicinity is flooded.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 19.—In the 19th District Court yesterday morning the trial of Christian Colson, indicted with Charles Johnson for the murder of Francis Green was begun. District Attorney Ryan appeared for the people. Mr. Howard was appointed by the court to represent the defendant. Ryan, in stating the case for the prosecution, said he expected to prove that about 3 o'clock on the afternoon of the first day of April last the defendant came from the direction of the Lake House to the Ocean Side House. Here he met a man named Smith Green came out of the hotel and asked Smith to cut some wood. He also asked defendant to go to the seven mile house. Defendant told Green he would have his heart's blood. Green then went into the house. Shortly after the defendant followed with a knife in his hand. He tried to enter the room in which were Green and his uncle.—The door was locked and defendant knocked for admission, when the uncle came to the door, and as he opened it defendant assaulted him. Green interfered and defendant stabbed him in the leg. On April 28th Green died from the effects of the wound. The defense was a plea of drunkeness and maltreatment, and that Green died from the effect of amputation and not from the result of the wound. About 20 minutes to 4 o'clock the jury retired and after a deliberation of little more than half an hour came into court with a verdict of murder in second degree. Judge Wheeler will sentence him on Friday next.—This trial is probably the fastest on record.

The fire in the cargo of the ship Respirado has been fully subdued. The vessel is resting in the mud off Third St. She will be pumped out and brought to the wharf, when an estimate can be made of the damage done the ship and cargo

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The House appropriation Committee agreed to recommending an appropriation of $70,000 for public Land surveys in California.

Luttrell appeared before the House committee on public lands and requested a delay of action on the bill authorizing a change of the Southern Pacific Railroad line in California, until he has an opportunity to present an argument against it and in favor of his own bill proposing a repeal of the present Southern Pacific Land Grant for the benefit of settlers in Tulare, Kern and Stanislaus Cos.

The entire California delegation of Senators and Representatives are working busily to-day to secure an agreement by the conference committee on the tariff bill; which will thereupon go to the President for approval.

It is now well settled that there will be no further financial legislation this season. A vigorous effort will be made to restore the tea and coffee duty, increase the whiskey tax 10 per cent. Also to restore the ten per cent of duties reduced some time ago. Pennsylvania however, threatens to oppose anything except the general ten per cent. increase of duties, and there is considerable danger that the whole scheme may fail in the squabble. No one can calculate the probabilities of this question with any satisfaction The little tariff bill is also endangered for the general bill.

A proposition is pending in Congress for legislation authorizing the Government to use all information found in dead letters in the prosecution of criminals. It often happens that such letters contain counterfeit money and information that would lead to the immediate arrest of the guilty parties, but as the law stands it cannot be safely availed of.

The House Committee on private land claims to day unanimously agreed to recommend the passage of Houghton's bill to confirm to the city of San Jose the title to the Pueblo lands, as decreed by the Supreme Court in 1866.

Representative Page made an argument before the House public building committee to-day, advocating the appropriation of $100,000 for a new Post Office at Sacramento. Committee took the matter under advisement.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 20.—Kalakalua left for San Francisco this morning, by a special train via the Missouri Pacific R. R. On his arrival at Jefferson City, Governor Harden and a committee of the Legislature met the King and escorted him to the Legislature, where he was welcomed by the presiding officers of each house and afterwards proceeded on his journey. He expects to reach San Francisco on the 28th.

Pioneer Variety Store,

Commercial St, 2 doors from Mill,

Seattle W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS FOR SALE:

Shot-guns, Rifles, Pistols, Furniture, Watches, Stoves, Tin-ware, Hard-ware, Pictures, Mirrors.

One set of Boat Screws, a large lot of Plasterer's Hair and Tools, Plaster Paris by the barrel, one Buffalo Skin Coat.

And many other New and Second-hand Articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold cheap for CASH.

KEYS FITTED TO LOCKS.

All kinds of Goods bought or exchanged.

T. P. FREEMAN.

May 26th, 1874.

CRICHTON'S

SUPERIOR

ALE, PORTER

—AND—

LAGER BEER.

I. M. HALL, Port Townsend. | W. R. ANDREWS, Seattle.

HALL & ANDREWS,

LAWYERS.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS of Record in the Territory. ov6

UNION MARKET

FRESH MEATS OF ALL KINDS.

CORNED BEEF & PORK, HAMS, BACON AND LARD.

I BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THE PUBLIC that I have entered into arrangements whereby I will be enabled to supply the people of Seattle with **Choice Meats** and **Vegetables**. I hope, by strict attention to business, merit patronage and will supply my customers with articles of a superior quality.

my 23 ALLEN W. MALSON

PIONEER STAGE LINE,

On Bainbridge Island

A STAGE COACH leaves the PORT BLAKELY HOTEL every Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, at 9 o'clock, A. M., for Port Madison, returning same day, leaving Port Madison at 2, P. M. There is also a large

LIVERY STABLE

connected with the Hotel and Stage Line, so that parties visiting the large Milling establishments of Ports Blakely Madison and Gamble, will be forwarded any hour of the day or night. THOS J. JACKSON, Proprietor.

Port Blakely, October 9, 1874.

FOR RENT—Two small Cottages, on the hill, adjoining the residence of Beriah Brown Inquire at this office, or of

Nov. 10, 1874. D. S. SMITH.

SUMMONS.

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in and for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish.

SILAS B. FOSTER, Plaintiff,
vs.
CHARLES E. BROWNELL and SARAH T. BROWNELL, Defendants

Complaint filed December 30, 1874, in the office the Clerk of said District Court

United States of America send Greeting

To CHARLES E. BROWNELL and SARAH T. BROWNELL, Defendants.

YOU ARE HEREBY REQUIRED TO APpear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington holding Terms at the City of Seattle, in the County of King, for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within twenty days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within the said County of King; or if served out of that County, but in this District, within thirty days, otherwise within sixty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you, according to the prayer of the complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a good and sufficient deed, conveying to the plaintiff all the right, title and interest of, in or to all that certain lot parcel or tract of land situated, lying and being in said King County, Washington Territory, at and near the mouth of Black River, and particularly known and described on the maps and plats in the United States Land Office, at Olympia, Washington Territory, as the DONATION CLAIM of CHARLES E. BROWNELL and his wife, SARAH T. BROWNELL the defendants herein. The same containing three hundred and twenty acres, more or less, which right, title and interest was attempted to be conveyed to Plaintiff by your supposed true and lawful attorney, Dexter Horton of Seattle, King county, W. T., on the 7th day of January, 1865, but which conveyance was invalid, and for other relief, all of which will appear by reference to the complaint herein

And you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for a decree, appointing a Commissioner to convey said land, and for such other equitable relief as his complaint may entitle him to.

(SEAL.) Witness the Hon. Orange Jacobs, Judge of said Court, and the seal thereof, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1874. L. B. ANDREWS Clerk.

H. L. BLANCHARD, Attorney for Plaintiff. d20

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the matter of the Estate of John D. Greene, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Administrator of the Estate of John D. Greene, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased to present them, with the necessary vouchers, within one year from the date of this notice to the said Administrator at his office in the DISPATCH Buildings, in the City of Seattle.

Dated at Seattle January 7th, 1875.

W. R. ANDREWS, Administrator of the Estate of John D. Greene, deceased.

R. ABRAMS' LIVERY STABLE,

Cor. Commercial and Washington Sts

SEATTLE, W. T.

This Livery Stable is in the centre of the city, and to persons desirous of having Buggies, Carriages, and spirited saddle animals, can find them at this stable.

Horses boarded the day or week.

R. ABRAMS

Sheriff's Sale.

IN AND BY VIRTUE OF A WRIT OF EXecution issued out of the Office of Clerk of the District Court for the Third Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at Seattle, in and for the Counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish, on the 23rd day of December, 1874, and to me directed, in a certain action wherein Charles D. Emery, Administrator of the Estate of J. W. Ervin, deceased, is Plaintiff and Benjamin F. Ball and Frances E. Ball and others are defendants, commanding me that of the Real Estate hereinafter described, I should make a certain judgment rendered in said Court in said action for the sum of two hundred and seven dollars and seventeen cents Gold Coin, ($207 17) with interest thereon at the rate of two per cent per month from Dec. 7, 1874 until paid, as also an Attorney's fee of fifty dollars ($50) Gold Coin and costs of suit, amounting to thirty-one dollars and sixty cents ($31 60). I have this 6th day of January, 1875, levied upon Lot number one (1) in Block number seventeen (17) in Borden's Addition to the City of Seattle, King County, Washington Territory, upon which is erected two frame dwelling houses and other outbuildings; and notice is hereby given that I will, on Monday, February 8th, 1875, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the same day proceed to sell for gold coin said Real Estate by public outcry, in front of the Court House door in said City of Seattle, for and towards the payment of said judgment, Attorney's fee, costs and increased costs.

Dated at Seattle aforesaid January 6th, 1875.

L. V. WYCKOFF, Sheriff of King County, W. T.

C. D. EMERY, Attorney for Plaintiff.

PONY SALOON,

KEPT BY

BEN MURPHY,

Corner Commercial and Main Streets

Opposite U. S. Hotel.

This is the place to visit to have the inner man replenished,

Cigars, Tobacco, Wines and the best of

S. W. HOVEY W. W. BARKER.

Hovey & Barker,

(Successors to J. A. WOODWARD)

DEALERS IN

General Merchandize,

At the old stand, corner Commercial and Mill Street, Seattle, W. T.

Goods delivered to any part of the City free of charge

March 27, 1874.

SOLDIERS' WAR CLAIM AGENCY

NO. 34 MONTGOMERY BLOCK,

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

W. H. AIKEN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic in California and Nevada, will give prompt attention to the collection of Additional Travel Pay, now due California and Nevada Volunteers discharged more than three hundred miles from home. Soldiers can depend on fair dealing. Information given free of charge. When writing enclose stamp for reply and state company. Congress has extended the time for filing claims for additional Bounty under Act of July 28, 1866, to January, 1875, so all such claims must be made before that time. Original Bounty of $100 has been allowed all volunteers who enlisted before July 22d, 1861 for three years, if not paid the same when discharged. Land Warrants can be obtained for services rendered before 1855, but not for services in the late war Pensions for late war and war of 1812 obtained and increased when allowed for less than disability warrants, but no pensions are allowed to Mexican and Florida war soldiers. State of Texas has granted Pensions to surviving veterans of the Texas Revolution. New Orleans and Mobile Prize Money is now due and being paid. W. H. Aiken also attends to General Law and Collection Business. aug16tf

R. R. R.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

CURES THE WORST PAINS

In from one to twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need any ONE SUFFER WITH PAIN.

Radway's Ready Relief is a Cure for Every Pain. It was the first and is

The Only Pain Remedy

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM 1 TO 20 MINUTES,

no matter how violent or excruciating the pain the **rheumatic**, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled, Nervous, Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

will afford Instant Ease.

Inflammation of the Kidneys. Inflammation of the Bladder
Inflammation of the Bowels. Congestion of the Lungs
Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing. Palpitation of the Heart
Hysterics, Croup, Diphtheria. Catarrh, Influenza.
Headache, Toothache. Neuralgia, Rheumatism
Cold Chills, Ague Chills.

The application of the **Ready Relief** to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will afford ease and comfort.

Twenty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few moments cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of **Radway's Ready Relief** with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water. It is better than French Brandy or Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER AND AGUE.

Fever and Ague cured for fifty cents. There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other Fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quick as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF. Fifty cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

HEALTH! BEAUTY!!

Strong and Pure Rich Blood—Increase of Flesh and Weight—Clear Skin and Beautiful Complexion secured to all.

DR. RADWAY'S

SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

Has made the most Astonishing Cures; so quick, so rapid are the changes the body undergoes under the influence of this truly wonderful Medicine, that

Every Day an Increase in Flesh and Weight is Seen and Felt.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Every drop of the SARSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT communicates through the Blood Sweat, Urine, and other fluids and juices of the system the vigor of life, for it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. Scrofula, Syphillis, Consumption, Glandular Diseases, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth, Tumors, Nodes in the Glands and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumous Discharges from the Ears, and the worst forms of Skin diseases, Eruptions, Fever Sores, Scald Head, Ring Worm, Salt-rheum, Erysipelas, Acne, Black Spots, Worms in the flesh, Tumors, Cancers in the Womb, and all wasting and painful discharges, Night Sweats, Loss of Sperm and all wastes of life principle, are within the curative range of this wonder of Modern Chemistry, and a few days use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

If the patient, daily becomes reduced by the wastes and decomposition that is continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastes and repairs the same with new material made from healty blood—and this the SARSAPARILLIAN will and does secure.

Not only does the Sarsaparillian Resolvent exceed all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and Skin diseases; but it is the only positive cure for

KIDNEY & BLADDER COMPLAINTS

Urinary, and Womb diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Suppression of Water, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Albuminuria, and in all cases where there are brick-dust deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid, dark bilious appearance, and when there is a pricking, burning sensation when passing water, and pain in the Small of the Back and along the Loins. Price, $1 00

Worms.—The only known and sure Remedy for Worms—Pin, Tape etc.

Tumor of 12 Years' Growth Cured by **Radway's Resolvent.**

BEVERLY, Mass., July 18, 1869

DR. RADWAY:—I have had Ovarian Tumor in the ovaries and bowels. All the Doctors said "there was no help for it." I tried every thing that was recommended, but nothing helped me. I saw your Resolvent, and thought I would try it; but had no faith in it, because I had suffered for twelve years. I took six bottles of the Resolvent, and one box of Radway's Pills, and two bottles of your Ready Relief; and there is not a sign of tumor to be seen or felt, and I feel better, smarter, and happier than I have for twelve years. The worst tumor was in the left side of the bowels, over the groin. I write this to you for the benefit of others. You can publish it if you choose. HANNAH P. KNAPP.

DR. RADWAY'S

PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS

perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, cleanse, and strengthen. Radway's Pills, for the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Bilious Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles, and all Derangements of the Internal Viscera. Warranted to effect a positive cure. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs.

☞ Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of the Blood in the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Digest of Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and difficult Breathing, Flutterings at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pains in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh.

A few doses of RADWAY'S PILLS will free the system from all the above named disorders. Price, 25 cents per box. SOLD BY DRUGGISTS

READ "FALSE AND TRUE." Send one letter stamp to RADWAY & Co., No. 87 Maiden Lane New York. Information worth thousands will be sent you. July 22 1874

VINEGAR BITTERS

VEGETABLE — FREE FROM ALCOHOL — PURELY — CALIFORNIA — DR. WALKER'S — EUREKA — VINEGAR BITTERS

Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anodyne.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Invigorant that ever sustained the sinking system.

No person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and liver, and other abdominal viscera. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essential. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with the BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Eruptions, Mercurial affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional Diseases, DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory or Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood.

Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters, and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this, take DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS.

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