

Puget Sound Weekly Argus.

VOL. 8. PORT TOWNSEND W. T., THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1879. NO. 49.

PUGET SOUND ARGUS

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ALLEN WEIR,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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All Accounts Settled Monthly.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

TO BE REPAIRED.—Mr. Tibbals informs us that a contract has been let by Union Wharf Co., of this place, to Mr. Samuel Hadlock, to repair their wharf. According to contract terms, the work is to commence on or before May 1st. The extent of these repairs may be estimated from the fact that the consideration is about \$2,200. The warehouse and saloon buildings will be removed and an entire new foundation put under them. About 260 piles will be driven; and, to pay for all this, the stockholders in the wharf company will be assessed at the rate of from 30 to \$40 per share. Who will grumble after this about exorbitant charges by the wharf company? Evidently to own shares in the wharf means to tax yourself for the benefit of the town.

SPECIAL Agent Morris, of the Treasury Department, has expressed himself very forcibly in favor of having the steam mail service from Port Townsend to Sitka continued to Kodiak, Alaska. He also urges the necessity of building a revenue cutter, much larger and stronger than the Wolcott, for duty in Alaskan waters. There can be no doubt that the Wolcott should be confined to Puget Sound duty. The Major takes no stock in the oft-repeated assertion that Alaska is worthless. He thinks it rich in minerals, lumber, fish and other valuable resources. The Major is a man of quick perceptions, sound judgment, experience and ability. We hope his efforts in behalf of Alaska will not be fruitless.

Messrs. Rothschild and Co., have been doing an unusually large business lately. We are not at liberty to publish figures, but can safely say that the result would astonish many of our readers. Their transactions during the past few weeks have frequently run up into the thousands in one day. Their store and warehouses do not seem to be crowded with goods because they are so frequently drawn upon, but their business is, to say the least, a "smashing" one for a place of the size of Port Townsend.

The trustees of the M. E. Church in Tumwater have refused to allow Rev. D. N. Utter, of the Unitarian Church in Olympia, to preach in their pulpit hereafter. The occasion of this was the publication in the "Unitarian Advocate" [of which Mr. Utter is editor] of a sarcastic comment upon the recommendation of the Evangelical Alliance in designating a week of prayer at the opening of the New Year. Mr. Utter's forte seems to be in making aggressive warfare upon orthodox denominations.

On Sunday next Rev. D. N. Utter the Unitarian minister of Olympia, will deliver a sermon in Fowler's Hall. Services commence at 2 P. M.

Our local cotemporary has no doubt been pricked in a sore spot, as its columns of bile and froth to-day will be apt to indicate. We feel awfully hurt, of course. It accepts the charge of having fellowship with, and being loyal to, "S. W. Hall" lately of Olympia. In fact it attempts to defend him with all the vigor of its warped and corrupted being. It says that "Hall's" character has been above the faintest breath of suspicion since he has been in Olympia—and further on, in the same article, it says that circumstances of this Illinois matter were known in Olympia at least five years ago, and that "suspicion even then quietly pointed to S. W. Hall." Evidently Blanchard was left to write up that article, and didn't have sense enough to do it without contradicting himself. His master should be more careful next time.

COMMENDABLE SERVICE.—The revenue steamer Corwin, commanded by Lieut. Brann, having left the Columbia river in search of the steamer Mary Taylor which—because long out from San Francisco—it was feared had met with disaster, found the schooner H. C. Paige at Neah Bay in a perilous position and by timely assistance saved the schooner from becoming a total wreck. While Capt. Brann was giving our merchant marine the aid mentioned above, Capt. Selden, of the revenue steamer Oliver Wolcott, had found the steamer Dispatch which had experienced some accident to her machinery.

We received a pleasant call yesterday from Mr. M. F. Waller, traveling agent of Messrs Jacobs Bros. & Co., of Portland, Oregon. This firm manufactures and imports all kinds of clothing and gents' furnishing goods. They are also agents for the Oregon City woolen mills. They are now prepared to compete with Eastern manufacturers, while to patronize them means encouragement to home industry. Their business has been for some time advertised through the columns of the ARGUS, and otherwise brought before the public. Their trade on the Sound should be extensive.

CHANGE.—We are informed that the steamship City of Chester will take the place of the Alaska on Pacific Mail Co.'s line between San Francisco and the Sound. She is due here to-morrow morning, and will continue regular trips until further notice. Mr. Tibbals says she will not take freight from the Sound but will go to Nanaimo for coal. The City of Chester is under charter; she carries 1,400 tons and is large and commodious. Passengers going below on her will take passage at Victoria.

PERHAPS the "regular Indian war" which the people of Eastern Washington had begun to count upon as being in the near future, will vanish in smoke after all. Since the settlers took matters in their own hands and arrested Chief Moses, the outlook is more hopeful for peace. But the question is, can't Uncle Sam protect innocent and loyal subjects on the frontier? There certainly should be no necessity of forcing settlers to defend their firesides in this way.

Our thanks are due to Mr. Geo. Himes, "The Printer," of Portland, for one of those neat and tasty calendars. They are a credit to their projector and a convenience for all places of business.

"WHAT CAME OF IT?"—The book which bears this title has been favorably commented upon, we believe, by all of the Puget Sound papers; it has already been introduced in the towns along the upper Sound, and takes like magic. Mrs. H. V. Stitzel is its author, and it was published in Portland. We have not yet had an opportunity of perusing its contents, but are willing to accept the judgment of so many that it is an interesting and attractive little volume. It is neatly bound, presents a creditable appearance and is sold through personal solicitation. The agent was in town yesterday, but goes to Victoria to-day. He will return on Thursday next, and visit the citizens of Port Townsend personally.

ON THE BEACH.—The bark C. L. Taylor is on the beach at Blakeley, having her bottom scraped and some minor repairs done to her. The Otago and Compeer, are also loading lumber at that port.

A LIVELY little snow storm was in progress at the time we went to press.

A SUDDEN DEATH.

There is something terrible in the thought of having our friends stricken down at our side, without a parting word of endearment or consolation—one moment at our side in the flush of vigorous life, cheering our hearts with their loving sympathy; the next at our feet, pale with death, deal to our cries and heedless of our tears. Every excessively fat person is in instant danger of such a death. Seventy per cent of the victims of obesity die of heart disease or apoplexy. Allan's Anti-Fat, the only remedy for obesity, reduces the weight by regulating the digestion and assimilation of the food. It is perfectly harmless, and its use will insure, in every instance, a reduction of weight from two to five pounds a week.

A WOMAN'S LOGIC.

"It is useless to take medicine. I shall feel better tomorrow. Besides, I need the money to get that lovely new hat. My old one is such a fright, and people will look more at my bonnet than they will at my face. I will wait till I get worse before I spend any money for medicines." The new bonnet is purchased and flits other feminine necessities in the form of ribbons, laces, brooches, etc. Meanwhile the lady's face becomes every day paler and thinner, and her body weaker, until disease has gained so firm a foothold in her system, that the most thorough, and oftentimes a long and tedious, course of treatment is necessary to restore her to health. Ladies, attend to your health before you ever think of apparel. A fresh, blooming face in a plain bonnet is much handsomer and far more attractive to your gentlemen friends, than a pain-worn, diseased face in the most elaborate and elegant hat your milliner could devise. Dr. Price's Favorite Prescription is everywhere acknowledged to be the standard remedy for female complaints and weakness. It is sold by druggists.

H. L. TIBBALS & CO.'S
SUPERIOR TEAMS
WHARFINGERS
—AND—
Commission Merchants
Vessels Discharged.
Freights Collected.
Teaming of all kinds done,
at Reasonable Rates and Satisfaction
Guaranteed.
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION BUSINESS promptly attended to.
GOOD DRY AND GREEN WOOD ALWAYS on hand. Also, good bark.
TIMOTHY HAY, ALWAYS ON HAND.
AGENT FOR
Stellacoom Beer,
Seattle Beer, and
Levy Bro's Soda Water and Root Beer.
ALL BUSINESS ENTRUSTED TO OUR care will receive prompt and careful attention.
To the merchants of Port Townsend, we will say that we receive all your goods and advance the coin for your freight bills, for which we certainly expect your patronage, as we have attended to receiving, shipping, and delivering team goods for many years past.
We are still prepared to do all your work at fair and reasonable prices.
H. L. TIBBALS & CO.,
Port Townsend, W. T.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Go to Waterman & Katz for the best carpets, at reasonable prices.

Two first-class sewing machines, a Wilson and a Singer, NEW, for sale. Apply at the ARGUS office.

Express envelopes for sending by Capt. Swift's line to Coupeville and Coveland, may be obtained at the store of O. F. Gerrish & Co. Those who desire to send letters over the route other than on regular mail days will do well to heed this notice and prepare themselves, as no letters will be carried unless enclosed in these envelopes.

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

C. FRANK CLAPP, Proprietor.
THIS WELL-KNOWN AND POPULAR House has been refurnished and renovated in all its departments, and is now prepared to furnish first class accommodations to its patrons. Being elegantly situated it is easy of access by the traveling public. Its table will always be supplied with the best the market affords. Rooms for families, with board by the day or week.

WM. DODD. J. E. PUGH

CENTRAL HOTEL,

Situated at head of Union Wharf.
Port Townsend, W. T.
This House is new and newly furnished, and possesses all the appointments of a First-Class Hotel.
Its bar is supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. There is a first-class Billiard Table and Reading Room in the Hotel. Nothing will be left undone to make this Hotel second to none in the Territory.
DODD & PUGH.

Occidental Hotel,

Water St., Port Townsend.

I would respectfully inform the public that I have repaired and re-fitted the hotel known heretofore as "Dalgarno's" but now known under the above title, and that I am now prepared to receive customers and give complete satisfaction in everything pertaining to first-class hotel accommodations.

Richard McDonnell,
Proprietor.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

G. MORRIS HALLER.

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
Proctor in Admiralty.
Money loaned, Real Estate bought and sold
Farms to Lease,
Collection made, Conveyancing, &c.
PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

C. M. BRADSHAW. WM. A. INMAN

BRADSHAW & INMAN.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW AND PROCTORS
in Admiralty.
Port Townsend, W. T.

W. H. ROBERTS,

TEACHER OF PIANO AND ORGAN.

Port Townsend, W. T.

Orders can be left at B. S. Miller's Music store.

Tuning done on reasonable terms

Dr. Thos. T Minor

Managing Surgeon, Marine Hospital

Port Townsend, W. T.

Can be consulted, night or day, at Hospital

Dr. Isaac N. Power

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE AT

LA CONNER, W. T.

N. D. TOBEY,

Ship Wright and Caulker

WATER STREET,

Port Townsend, W. T.

THOMAS DRUMMOND,

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Bricklayer, Plasterer, and

Stone Mason.

Agent for San Juan Lime.

Work done at the lowest reasonable rates.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

BRIGGS & FIELDS.

Butchers & Packers.

PARTICULAR

ATTENTION PAID TO SHIPPERS

Water St., Port Townsend.

LEGAL BLANKS

FOR SALE.

Admiralty Blanks

District Court Blanks

Justice of the Peace Blanks

We have on hand at this office for sale, at reasonable rates, the originals carefully prepared by eminent counsel, a large assortment of legal blanks, to-wit:

LIBELS IN REM—Neatly printed on legal cap paper with blank space for the stating parts thereof

ATTACHMENTS AND MORTGAGES IN REM.

STIPULATIONS FOR COSTS BOTH OF LIBELLANTS AND RESPONDENTS.

DELIVERY STIPULATION.

AFFIDAVITS OF CLAIMANTS.

All printed on size of legal cap and neatly backed.

In District court

SUMMONS—with approved Sheriff's return thereon.

WRITS OF ATTACHMENT.

The attention of Sheriffs is particularly called to the saving of labor in making copies—

In Justice court

UNDERTAKINGS IN ATTACHMENTS.

UNDERTAKINGS ON ARREST IN CIVIL ACTION.

WARRANTS OF ARREST IN CIVIL ACTIONS.

NOTICE TO DEFENDANTS WITH CONSTABLES RETURN thereon

All printed on legal cap width.

Also Every Kind of Justice

Blanks

PRINTED TO ORDER.

The attention of Justices of the Peace particularly called to the above

U. S. Marine Hospital.

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

ANY SICK SAILOR WHO HAS PAID Hospital dues for two months preceding his application for admission, is entitled to Hospital relief.

Port Townsend Hospital.

The above institution having been placed on a permanent footing, as the United States Hospital for Marine Patients on Puget Sound, the proprietor takes pleasure in announcing that no pains or expense will be spared in ministering to the comfort and convenience of private patients.

This is the largest General Hospital north of San Francisco, and by far the most complete in equipment. It has been thoroughly refitted and reorganized. Its general wards have accommodations for 250, one hundred patients and are fully adapted for cases requiring the most careful treatment and constant supervision at limited expense. Those who desire them will be furnished with private rooms, entirely separate and distinct, as a slight additional cost.

The attention of Mill owners and those interested in shipping, is called to the fact that seasonal suffering from contagious diseases will be treated outside the Hospital without expense to the vessel.

THOMAS T. MINOR, M. D.,

Managing Surgeon.

26-1f

T. M. HAMMOND & SONS

PORT TOWNSEND.

ALL KINDS OF

TEAMING AND EXPRESS WORK

DONE WITH DISPATCH.

Carriages at all times to convey passengers

To Port Discovery, Chimacum, or Port

LUDLOW.

Dispatches carried day or

Night. Horses on Livery.

Traveling agents will save by going with us, as we intend to use all men alike.

Pleasure Parties driven out any time.

Hay and feed on hand and cord wood for sale in any quantity, by

N. B. — Rhododendron plants shipped any place, carefully to order.

T. M. HAMMOND & SONS.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE

P. T. ARGUS.



OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 4, 1879.

The recent murder of witnesses in Louisiana on their way to testify before the United States Courts has been the last feather to break the Democratic camel's back. Many Democratic papers begin to see the truth which they have been denying and concealing for the last ten years, and some of them denounce the cry of the bloody shirt as no longer potent to keep back the disagreeable exposure to follow the rebel methods in the South. The patient and long suffering colored people of the South are apparently at last to receive justice from an unexpected quarter, and, as in 1856, the Democratic ranks can be no longer kept intact on the line of ruffianism and fraud. The latest outrages in Louisiana, by the way, are what decided the Blaine Committee to change its first objective point from South Carolina to New Orleans. They will stay in Louisiana probably two weeks, and afterwards go to Wade Hampton's hunting ground. The evidence already in the hands of the Cabinet officers is sufficient to damn any party but one which had before shouldered treason and repudiation and assassination, but the evidence which the committee gather will be more damning yet. We have private accounts indicating that many Democrats and Conservatives in the South will make startling confessions having become sick of maintaining the usurpation of fraud and violence, since it is apparent that it can only be done by making anarchy and terrorism perpetual. They realize that the material interests of the South are suffering beyond repair by the continuance of this wrongful system and are ready to turn a new leaf. Meanwhile the Democrats do not press the inquiry into "Northern outrages" any more vigorously than they do into cipher dispatches, and judging from Mr. Thurman's letter to the Committee, his case is decidedly gauzy and he is not at all jubilant about it.

The assured success of resumption justified the Cabinet at the meeting yesterday in the indulgence of congratulations. The result has been brought about by patient and persevering effort and steady faith and the Republican party is credited with the honor. Doubtless the next elections will testify to the popular appreciation of that fact.

Much regret is expressed at the publication of a letter purporting to have been written by Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, to a Kansas Postmaster, in which he accused the official of not keeping his contract to pay a certain sum of money to another man as consideration for his appointment. The original of this letter is in the hands of a gentleman in this city, and Senator Ingalls' friends made great efforts to keep it from the public. It looks badly for the Senator's aspirations for reelection, and it revives the old stories of his joining the conspiracy to break down Senator Pomeroy on a former occasion. Many men of all parties in Kansas have had occasion to regret that occurrence, and some of them are now urging the election of Senator Pomeroy as a measure of justice to one who as a Senator did more for the interests of Kansas and the West than any other man ever did.

It is now pretty well determined

that Senator Conkling withdraws from the field as a Presidential candidate. He has been overwhelmed with offers of aid and encouragement in the next Presidential campaign, and the business was occupying more of his time than he could well spare from his public and private duties when after all the place he most likes to fill is the place he already holds and will hold for another term and probably as long as he likes. He authorizes the formal announcement that he will not be a candidate in 1880 nor in 1884, which many Republicans will sincerely regret, knowing his unequalled popularity in New York and his great ability.

VOLUNTEER.

MANY old Puget Sounders will regret to learn that there is now a fair prospect for the old Eliza Anderson, for many years the only steamer running between Sound ports and Victoria, to change her nationality and fly the English flag. A party of British Columbians have an agent in this city at present examining this steamer, with the view of purchasing and refitting her for the Victoria-Nanaimo trade. The sale of this steamer has not been closed; but we are informed by parties, whose means of information is first class, that should the agent above mentioned report favorably, the transfer will be immediately made. Although an old boat, yet there is considerable wear in her, yet, as her hull is as sound as the day it was put together, and with new and improved upper works and a new boiler, she would be almost as good as a new boat. —Intelligencer.

ON Wednesday of last week the J. E. Libby brought up from Bellingham Bay the products of a new industry in the shape of 42 grind stones, together with a few slabs of paving stone. The grindstones are all sizes, from 18 inches to 3 feet in diameter, and from two to five inches in thickness. They are an experiment, there never having been anything of this kind quarried in the territory before. —Seattle Post.

THE U. S. SIGNAL SERVICE.

Gradually, the wild and ungovernable forces of nature are, through science, made of use to man. Following in the wake of the ingenious inventions for the use of steam and electricity, comes the organization of the U. S. Signal Service. Is it not wonderful that a system could be originated and perfected whereby an operator can accurately predict the weather of a different locality? And yet experience proves our "storm signals" to be reliable. Equally great are the advances made in the science of medicine. Step by step, uncertainties and doubts have yielded to absolute certainty. The discoveries of Harvey and Jenner have been succeeded by the Golden Medical Discovery of Dr. R. V. Pierce. No longer need despair because some physician has pronounced the lungs unsound. Hundreds of testimonials are on file in the office of Dr. Pierce from those who had abandoned all hope, and had been given up to die by physicians and friends. Incipient consumption, bronchitis, serofulous tumors, speedily, surely, and permanently, yield to the healing influence of the Discovery. If the bowels be constipated, use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. For full particulars see Pierce's Memorandum Book, given away by all druggists.

SOLID MERIT WILL TELL.

For all the bitter opposition of jealous rivals, no better illustration could be had of this fact than the immense sale already attained by the great Throat and Lung Remedy, Dr. Aug. Kaiser's emman Elixir. For the cure of Coughs and Bronchial Affections it is truly wonderful, even those suffering from Consumption in advanced stages find great relief, and numbers of patients have found, to their delight, not only relief but cure. It being perfectly harmless, makes it at once popular with mothers, who of all others have felt the necessity of such medicine. The genuine bears the Prussian Coat of Arms, the facsimile signature of Dr. Aug. Kaiser, and has his name blown on every 75 cent bottle. A trial size may be had at the Drug Store of for 25 cents.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician retired from active practice, having had placed in his hands by an East Indian missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for General Debility and all nervous complaints, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, feels it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. The recipe will be sent free of charge to all who desire it, with full directions for preparing and successfully using. Address with stamp naming this paper.

Dr. M. E. Bell,
No. 68 Conland St.,
BALTIMORE, MD.

WANTED,

A situation by Mrs. Sarah Jane Demmons, to do general house work and nursing. Apply to Mrs. Murphy of this city. 42:tf

SUMMONS.

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at Port Townsend for the counties of Jefferson, Clallam, Island and San Juan.

CHARLES EISENBEIS Plaintiff, vs. J. G. HANSON and JOHN ELWOOD, Defendants.

Action brought in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at Port Townsend for the counties of Jefferson, Clallam, Island and San Juan, and complaint filed in the county of Jefferson, in the office of the Clerk of said District Court.

To J. G. HANSON and JOHN ELWOOD, Defendants:

In the name of the United States of America, you and each of you are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff in the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the Territory of Washington, holding terms at Port Townsend, in Jefferson county, for the counties of Jefferson, Clallam, Island and San Juan, in said Territory, and to answer the complaint filed therein within sixty days after the date of this summons, or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this Court for the foreclosure of a certain mortgage upon the schooner "Alfred," described more particularly in said complaint, and executed by the said J. G. Hanson on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1876, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note dated on the 20th day of April 1876, made by the said J. G. Hanson for the sum of eight hundred dollars, Gold coin, payable two years after the date thereof to the said John Elwood or order, with interest at the rate of one per cent. per month from its date until paid, and duly assigned to Plaintiff. That the said schooner "Alfred" may be sold, and the proceeds applied to the payment of said note, and that execution issue for the balance due, and for other relief, according to the prayer of said complaint, and you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint as above required, the plaintiff will take default against you, and apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Witness the Hon. J. R. LEWIS, Judge of the said District Court, and the seal of said Court this twenty-third day of December, A. D. 1878.

JAMES SEAVEY, Clerk.

By JOHN MORRIS,

Deputy Clerk.

G. Morris Haller, Att'y for plaintiff.
First publication Dec. 26th, 1878

NOTICE OF DIVIDEND.

PUGET SOUND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

A DIVIDEND has been declared, of three dollars a share, on each and every share of Puget Sound Telegraph Company stock that paid special assessment of June 30th, 1874. Said dividend is payable at Secretary's office in Port Townsend, W. T., on and after this date.

January 6, 1879.
T. T. MINOR, Pres't.
D. C. H. ROTSCHILD, Sec'y.

Rent! Rent!

The building formerly occupied by the Customs' officers is now for rent. The locality of said building is one of the best in town. There are some fifteen or twenty rooms above, and a fine room below for business of any kind.

Apply to L. B. HASTINGS, Sen.

Situation Wanted.

Situation wanted by a respectable woman, as nurse or house-keeper; is experienced in all kinds of house-work.

Address, stating wages,
Mrs. SWEETMAN,
Coupeville, W. T.
Dec. 5.

New Boot & Shoe Store AT SEABECK.

Boots and shoes of the very best quality and latest patterns MADE TO ORDER. Repairing executed as usual, and satisfaction GUARANTEED.

A Fair share

of the patronage of the public is solicited.
17-tf WILLIAM VETTER.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

To Purchase Land Containing Stone.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, Washington Territory.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," James McCurdy, of San Juan county, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the lots 1 and 2 of section No. 23, and lot 1 and w 1/2 of nw 1/4 of section No. 24, in Township No. 35 North, Range No. 4 West of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 11th day of December, A. D. 1878. J. T. BROWN, Register of the Land Office.

44-9w.

Territorial University

The University of Washington Territory, with its corps of six instructors, is fully prepared to give the following instruction through the Freshman year of a full classical course:

A THREE YEARS' SCIENTIFIC COURSE.

A TWO YEARS' NORMAL COURSE.

A COMPLETE COURSE IN BOOK-KEEPING.

Pupils not fully prepared to enter any course, can receive a thorough drilling in the common branches.

Vocal and instrumental music, painting, drawing, military tactics and telegraphing taught in connection with the institution.

In the University boarding houses and in private families, there is abundant provision for boarding pupils.

The fall term begins September 2, 1878. For catalogue or admission, apply to the President.

A. J. ANDERSON, A. M.,

Seattle, W. T.

APPROVED SOLDIER'S ADDITIONAL HOMESTEADS can be located upon any lands, either single or double minimum lands, subject to homestead whether timbered or not, and having the only first class paper in the country, have made arrangements with the following gentlemen in Western Washington:

A. Mackintosh, Seattle,
John R. Wheat, Olympia,
G. Morris Haller, Port Townsend,
Henry Jackson, Snohomish City.

Who will have on hand, at all times, my scrip for the accommodation of those desiring to purchase, at the rate of \$3.25 per acre for 80s and 120s, and \$3.75 per acre for 40s; fractions special. Another transient class of scrip known as "floats" can be gotten at much less rates; but no title can be given, and is, of course, not so valuable. A deed can be gotten from the original applicant of any land located by scrip purchased of me, as I in no case buy from other than the original homesteader, and know where to address him for a deed if one be required. Full investigation is asked that the worth of my paper may be known. Call upon or write any of the gentlemen named above, who will sell you the Talbot additional homestead scrip which will ensure you a patent to your land as well as a perfect title, and also as cheap as you can buy it of me.

D. H. TALBOT,
Gen'l Land-scrip and Warrant Broker,
Sioux City, Iowa.

THIRTY-NINTH YEAR.

THE

Prairie Farmer FOR 1879.

The Leading American Agricultural & Household Weekly,

For Town and Country,

For Old and Young.

Established 1841.

The PRAIRIE FARMER now in its thirty-eighth year is the leading AGRICULTURAL and HOUSEHOLD weekly of America and acknowledged authority throughout the United States and Canada upon the topics of AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, STOCK-RAISING, ETC.

Being published weekly, the more progressive facts in practical Agriculture and Agricultural Science are grasped by an efficient editorial corps and promptly placed before its readers in the most attractive and readable form.

ITS LIVE-STOCK DEPARTMENT.

A greater amount of reliable Live-Stock Intelligence is given in its columns during the year than in any other publication.

ITS VETERINARY DEPARTMENT

Is conceded to be thoroughly reliable and most practical. All queries by subscribers are promptly, cheerfully and fully answered by one of the most accomplished veterinarians in the United States, under whose direction this department is conducted.

HOUSEHOLD AND GOOD HEALTH.

Weekly articles in each of these departments prepared expressly for this paper, form a prominent feature.

ITS MARKET REPORTS.

Including Live stock, Grain and General Markets are carefully prepared by a special reporter up the hour of going press.

THE AIM OF THE PUBLISHERS

Will be in the future as in the past to make every department full and complete so far as practical talent can be accomplished the end— that making the PRAIRIE FARMER the best Agricultural and Home Journal in America.

Terms \$2 per year in advance, including the balance of 1878 free, to new subscribers from time subscription is received for 1879.

Specimen copy free to any address. Liberal Cash Commission allowed to agents, who are wanted everywhere to organize clubs, and to whom canvassing outfit will be furnished free upon applications to

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BARTLETT

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

GROCERIES,

Dry Goods,

CLOTHING

BOOTS, SHOES

HATS, CAPS,

FANCY GOODS,

HARDWARE,

Ship Chandlery,

CROCKERY

WINES, LIQUORS,

Cigars, Tobacco,

Doors and Windows,

Farming Implements

Furniture,

WALL PAPER

Plows,

And a Large Assortment of goods not enumerated, which we will sell

The LOWEST PRICES

Now on hand, with a large addition to arrive, a full Stock of Men's Clothing.

JUST RECEIVED

A New stock of

Furniture

Wall Paper!

Chas. C. Bartlett's.

EXERCISE OF ELECTIVE FRANCHISE.

Speech of Hon. Jas. G. Blaine.

[Concluded.]

sons in each State, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for choice of electors for President and Vice President of the United States, Representatives in Congress, the executive and judicial officers of a State, or the members of the Legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such State, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such State.

The patent, undeniable intent of this provision was that if any class of voters were denied or in any way abridged in their right of suffrage, then the class so denied or abridged should not be counted in the basis of representation; or, in other words that no State or States should gain a large increase of representation in Congress by reason of counting any class of population not permitted to take part in electing such Representatives. But the construction given to this provision is that before any forfeiture of representation can be enforced the denial or abridgment of suffrage must be the result of a law specifically enacted by the State. Under this construction every negro voter may have his suffrage absolutely denied or fatally abridged by the violence, actual or threatened of irresponsible mobs, or by frauds and deceptions of the State officers from the Governor down to the last election clerk, and then, unless some State law can be shown that authorizes the denial or abridgment, the State escapes all penalty or peril of reduced representation. This construction may be upheld by the courts, ruling on the letter of the law, "which killeth," but the spirit of justice cries aloud against the evasive and atrocious conclusion that deals out oppression to the innocent and shields the guilty from the legitimate consequences of willful transgression.

The colored citizen is thus most unhappily situated; his right of suffrage is but a hollow mockery; it holds to his ear the word of promise but breaks it always to his hope, and he ends only in being made the unwilling instrument of increasing the political strength of that party from which he received ever-tightening fetters when he was a slave and contemptuous refusal of civil rights since he was free. He resembles indeed those captives in the East who deprived of their birthright are compelled to yield their strength to the upbuilding of the monarch from whose tyrannies they have most to fear, and to fight against the power from which alone deliverance might be expected. The franchise intended for the shield and defense of the negro has been turned against him and against his friends and has vastly increased the power of those from whom he has nothing to hope and everything to dread.

The political power thus appropriated by Southern Democrats by reason of the negro population amounts to thirty-five Representatives in Congress. It is massed almost solidly and offsets the great State of New York; or Pennsylvania and New Jersey together; or the whole of New England; or Ohio and Indiana united; or the combined strength of Illinois, Minnesota, Kansas, California, Nevada, Nebraska, Colorado, and Oregon. The seizure of this power is wanton usurpation; it is flagrant outrage; it is violent perversion of the whole theory of Republican government. It inures solely to the present ad-

vantage and yet, I believe, to the permanent dishonor of the Democratic party. It is by reason of this trampling down of human rights, this ruthless seizure of unlawful power that the Democratic party holds the popular branch of Congress to-day and will in less than ninety days have control of this body also, thus grasping the entire legislative department of the Government through the unlawful capture of the Southern States. If the proscribed vote of the South were cast as its lawful owners desire, the Democratic party could not gain power. Nay, if it were not counted on the other side against the instincts and the interests, against the principles and the prejudices of its lawful owners Democratic success would be hopeless. It is not enough, then for modern Democratic tactics that the negro vote shall be silenced the demand goes farther and insists that it shall be counted on their side, that all the Representatives in Congress and all the Presidential electors apportioned by reason of the negro vote shall be so cast and so governed as to insure Democratic success—regardless of justice, in defiance of law.

And this injustice is wholly unprovoked. I doubt if it be in the power of the most searching investigation to show that in any Southern State during the period of Republican control any legal voter was ever debarred from the freest exercise of his suffrage. Even the revenges which would have leaped into life with many who despised the negro were buried out of sight with a magnanimity which the "superior race" fail to follow and seem reluctant to recognize. I know it is said in retort of such charges against the southern elections as I am now reviewing that unfairness of equal grauity prevails in northern elections. I hear it in many quarters and read it in the papers that in the late exciting election in Massachusetts intimidating and bullbozing, if not so rough and rancorous as in the South, were yet as widespread and effective.

I have read and yet I refuse to believe that the distinguished gentleman, who made an energetic but unsuccessful canvass for the governorship of that State, has indorsed and approved these charges, and I have accordingly made my resolution broad enough to include their thorough investigation. I am not demanding fair elections in the South without demanding fair elections in the North also. But venturing to speak for the New England States, of whose laws and customs I know something, I dare assert that in the late election in Massachusetts, or any of her neighboring Commonwealths, it will be impossible to find even one case where a voter was driven from the polls, where a voter did not have the fullest, fairest, freest opportunity to cast the ballot of his choice and have it honestly and faithfully counted in the returns. Suffrage on this continent was first made universal in New England, and in the administration of their affairs her people have found no their appeal necessary than that which is addressed to their honesty of conviction and to their intelligent self-interest. If there be anything different to disclose I pray you show it to us that we may amend our ways.

But whenever a feeble protest is made against such injustice as I have described in the South the response we get comes to us in the form of a taunt, "What are you going to do about it?" and "How do you propose to help yourselves?" This is the stereotyped answer of defiance which intrenched wrong always gives to inquiring justice; and those who imagine it to be conclusive do not know the temper of the

American people. For let me assure you that against the complicated outrage upon the right of representation lately triumphant in the South, there will be arrayed many phases of public opinion in the North not often hitherto in harmony. Men who have cared little, and affected to care less, for the rights of the negro suddenly find that vast monetary and commercial interests, great questions of revenue, adjustments of tariff, vast investments in manufactures, in railways, and in mines, are under the control of a Democratic Congress whose majority was obtained by depriving the negro of his rights under a common constitution and common laws. Men who have expressed disgust with the waving of bloody shirts and have been offended with talk about negro equality are beginning to perceive that the pending question of to-day relates more pressingly to the equality of white men under this Government, and that however careless they may be about the rights or the wrongs of the negro they are very tenacious of the rights of their own race and the dignity of their own firesides and their own kindred.

I know something of public opinion in the North. I know a great deal about the views, wishes, and purposes of the Republican party of the nation. Within that entire great organization there is not one man, whose opinion is entitled to be quoted, that does not desire peace and harmony and friendship and a patriotic and fraternal union between the North and South. This wish is spontaneous, instinctive, universal throughout the Northern States; and yet, among men of character and sense, there is surely no need of attempting to deceive ourselves as to the precise truth. First pure, then peaceable. Gush will not remove a grievance, and no disguise of State rights will close the eyes of our people to the necessity of correcting a great national wrong. Nor should the South make the fatal mistake of concluding that injustice to the negro is not also injustice to the white man; nor should it ever be forgotten that for the wrongs of both a remedy will assuredly be found. The war with all of its costly sacrifices, was fought in vain unless equal rights for all be established in all the States of the Union; and now, in words which are those of friendship, however differently they may be accepted, I tell the men of the South here on this floor and beyond this Chamber, that even if they could strip the negro of his constitutional rights, they can never permanently maintain the inequality of white men in this nation; they can never make a white man's vote in the South doubly as powerful in the administration of the Government as a white man's vote in the North.

In a memorable debate in the House of Commons, Mr. Macaulay reminded Daniel O'Connell, when he was moving for Repeal, that the English whigs had endured calumny, abuse, popular fury, loss of position, exclusion from Parliament rather than the great agitator himself should be less than a British subject; and Mr. Macaulay warned him that they would never suffer him to be more. Let me now remind you that the Government under whose protecting flag we sit to day sacrificed myriads of lives and expended thousands of millions of treasure that our countrymen of the South should remain citizens of the United States, having equal personal rights and equal political privileges with all other citizens. And I venture, now and here, to warn the men of South, in the exact words of Macaulay, that we will never suffer them to be more! [Applause in the galleries, which the Vice-President checked by rapping with his gavel.]

OLYMPIA UNION ACADEMY

Is owned by a joint stock company, with a capital stock of \$30,000, and is designed to furnish the people of Washington Territory advantages for education in those branches of study usually pursued in Academies and High Schools, besides the branches generally taught in the common schools of the country. The School is divided into three Departments, viz.: Academic, Grammar and Primary, and pupils are expected to pass from the lowest to the highest grade, in regular order passing written examinations in previous studies, answering 75 per cent. of questions asked.

Course of Study.

ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

FOUR GRADES EACH REQUIRING ONE YEAR FOR COMPLETION.

FIRST YEAR.	SECOND YEAR.
Latin Grammar, (B) Natural History, Elementary Algebra, Rhetoric, Natural Philosophy, Physiology, High Arithmetic, (B) Physical Geography, English Grammar,	Latin Grammar, (A) Greek Grammar, Caesar's Commentaries, Ancient History, High Algebra, (A) High Arithmetic, (A) Geometry, (B) Elementary Astronomy, English Grammar, (B)
THIRD YEAR.	FOURTH YEAR.
Cleopatra's orations Virgil's Aeneid, Greek Readers, Anabasis, German Reader, Trigonometry, Mensuration, surveying, Navigation, (ing) Constitution U. S., Political Economy, Chemistry.	Horace's Odes, Livy, Herodotus, Memorabilia, Evidences of Christian- ity, Win. Tell, (ity) Moral Science, English Literature, Physics, Geology, Logic.

Exercises in Composition and Declamation throughout the course to the 4th year, when original orations, written reviews, abstracts, etc., will be required.

GRAMMAR DEPARTMENT.

This embraces all the studies generally taught in common schools, between the Third Reader, Primary Arithmetic, Third Geography and corresponding studies, up to the first of the Academic Department, at which time pupils are expected to pass examination in the following studies, which constitute the highest grade of the Grammar Department: Bullion's English Grammar, Geography completed, with map-drawing from memory, and use of Terrestrial Globes. History of the United States, outlines of English History, Fifth Reader, P. Parley's History, Written Spelling, Penmanship, Practical Arithmetic completed and Mental Arithmetic.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

This Department is the MOST IMPORTANT, and we propose doing thorough work in building the ground-work for future education. Our system of instruction embraces the latest plans and most approved systems for

AWAKENING AND INSTRUCTING the young mind, and at the same time teaching it to think for itself ACCURATELY and READILY. The scholars are taught from Wilson's Family and School Charts, until they learn to read, and then pass in order, at the same time receiving oral instructions in Language, Combinations of Numbers, Drawing, Penmanship and Geography.

TUITION:

Tuition is charged from date of entrance to close of term, and must be paid in advance. No deduction will be made except in cases of protracted illness.	
Academic Depart. for term of 10 weeks.	\$10 00
Grammar " " " "	7 50
Primary " " " "	5 00
Music, French and German, extra.	
Commercial and Normal studies only.	\$12 50

We offer excellent facilities for pursuing Commercial and Normal studies. Good board can be had near the school at from \$4 to \$5 per week. Music lessons can be furnished; also instruction in drawing.

M. G. ROYAL, Principal.

A CARD POLITICAL.



THE PORT TOWNSEND BOOT AND SHOE STORE

It is now stocked with an unrivalled and well selected assortment of Boots and Shoes of every description, in all the newest styles, made from material of almost everlasting wear, suitable for the present season, and at prices which cannot fail to please the most economical or satisfy those whose tastes incline them to the most elegant and expensive feet wear.

Also constantly on hand a supply of the renowned Star and Eureka Button Fasteners at twenty-five cts. per box.

J. FIT PATRICK.

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IMPORTER OF

STOVES, TIN WARE

Pumps, Iron Pipe, And general

HOUSE-FURNISHING EARLWARE.

Prime Quality and a fair market Price For every article made or sold

PATENTS and how to obtain them. Pamphlet of 60 pages free, upon receipt of stamps for postage. Address GILMORE, SMITH & CO., Solicitors of Patents, Box 44, Washington, D. C.

DRUGS,

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DRUGS.

MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS,

AND TRUSSES;

Patent Medicines of all inds.

GLASS,

PAINTS,

OILS,

AND BRUSHES;

A Large Assortment.

SOAPS,

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POMADES,

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And all Articles used for the Toilet,

&c., &c., &c.

Quick Sales & Small Profits

Prescriptions carefully compounded.

PIANOS

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Grand, Square

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Prices Lower than Ever Before.

PIANOS FROM \$220 TO \$700

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All instruments new and fully warranted for six years. Send for Illustrated Catalogue and price list.

CORNISH & CO.,

Washington, N. J.

Washington

BREWERY

Port Townsend.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG leave to announce to the citizens of Port Townsend and vicinity, that they are now prepared to furnish a superior article of

Beer and Lager Beer

IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT

Orders respectfully solicited and promptly attended to.

WAGNER & ROESCH,

PROPRIETOR.

PUGET SOUND ARGUS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF JEFFERSON CO.



THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1879.

PATRONIZE YOUR HOME PAPER.

A person writing to us from California, recently, in search of an opening for business, says: "A short time since, among others, I noticed a paper edited by you at Port Townsend. I perused it with mingled surprise and pleasure, for I had thought your town had very few inhabitants and consequently must necessarily be an inferior place; but if the paper I saw was a sample of what we might expect in all business in your town, it must be a thriving locality." The person writing was an entire stranger to us, and the candor of the communication indicates the case to be a fair sample of many others. There is no use in trying to ignore the fact that a properly supported and well conducted local newspaper is the most desirable aid a town can have. A newspaper which makes a favorable impression abroad where it circulates, which indicates to a good advantage the mental, moral, and commercial standing of its town, speaks loud words for local growth and prosperity. If it be used as a political engine merely, to further political or partizan schemes, if it is devoted to hatching up local quarrels and venting spite upon some one, if it contains principally cheap, sensational, trashy stuff with merely a local application, it will certainly fail to accomplish much for the benefit of the town or locality from whence it issues. But a rightly conducted journal is a row-zu for good. Port Townsend, like other towns on the Sound, needs building up; it needs men of all trades and occupations to develop its surrounding resources and help it to grow. A newspaper is supposed, even by the most casual observer, to be a fair indication of the town and people from whence it emanates—hence the more creditable its appearance the more it does toward attracting immigration, for men who start across the continent or away from home to better their condition have a decided preference for thrifty and enterprising localities.

It is not an idle boast to say that the ARGUS, since passing under its present management, has outstripped all its predecessors and competitors in every important and desirable feature of a local journal. Its advertising columns give evidence of liberal local support and indicate pretty fully the extent and diversity of thriving business enterprises in its locality. It has never failed to speak out boldly in matters of reform or progress, wherein the best interests of the town are concerned. It is our personal enterprise, and has claimed our earnest and untiring attention to such an extent as to largely seclude us from mingling in society. We announced at the outset that it was to all intents and purposes a life-work with us, and our constant aim has been to keep it improving as rapidly as circumstances and its support would warrant. We have never appropriated a dollar out of its income, save enough for a decent support and reasonable contributions for charitable purposes—all has been applied in buying new material, increasing the facilities of the office for work and paying off indebtedness for the original purchase. While we deem its support a sufficient cause for pride in its standing, we do know that it might receive more extensive patronage. Many, too, might pay up little bills with

more promptness. They are small matters it is true, taken separately, but in the aggregate they amount to hundreds of dollars. We believe the paper has been all that its friends could reasonably desire, and if the people of Port Townsend want it to improve they have simply to support it better and the result will be accomplished. When we can devote all our time to writing, study and culling news, instead of laboring at the mechanical part of the business, we can issue a more valuable newspaper—but not before. The people of all the lower Sound counties need to feel more zeal in supporting their home paper, because in advertising Port Townsend to a good advantage it benefits the surrounding country. In the meantime, all that economy and industry can accomplish we will do—the DEGREE of our success must depend mainly upon the amount of our support.

SURE, THIS TIME.—The telegraph announced several days ago that the appointment of Judge Roger S. Greene, of Olympia, as Chief Justice of this Territory, had been confirmed by the U. S. Senate, and that the appointment of Hon. John P. Hoyt, of Michigan, as Associate Justice, had also been confirmed. This, then, is final, and works a change by which Judge Lewis will be left out entirely, Judge Greene taking his position as Judge of the Third Judicial District. While we know Judge Greene to be a deeply pious man, one who is "unspotted before the world" and in every way desirable as an executive officer of justice, we know there could have been no good reason why such a man as Judge Lewis should be removed. It is one of the lamentable features of our government that the tenure of office in a case like the above depends wholly upon the whims and prejudices of those having the appointing power. A Judge should, of all public men, hold his office for life, or, during good behavior. He could then devote himself solely and exclusively to the duties of his position, without indulging in anxious forebodings about the future. But be this as it may, it is certain that a change has been made. Now that Judge Lewis is out there will be plenty to rejoice over the matter, who were previously outspoken in his favor—as evidenced by the tone of the Olympia "Transcript" and the comments of public and private individuals. During his term of office, the Judge has shown himself possessed of qualities which all good men admire. So far from fawningly courting favor with those of influence and power, he has pursued a straight-forward, independent and conscientious course. His demonstrations to the people of this judicial district that law with us is no farce has been such a lesson as will not soon be forgotten. People call him severe to an unwarranted extent, yet none can deny that he has done more for the morals of the public in his jurisdiction than any of his predecessors in office. Crime has been lessened, and the expenses of maintaining laws and courts, have decreased correspondingly. We do not anticipate ruin for Judge Lewis, because there are certainly plenty of positions of trust and honor in the country, to which his eminent ability will entitle him; but we think if Judge Greene fills the shoes of Lewis to the satisfaction of the public there will not be much left to brag about.

The "Astorian has taken up the cudgel in active warfare for direct railway communication with the Willamette valley. The recent ice blockade in the Columbia river stirred up more than one nest of hornets.

The daily Tacoma "Herald" has suspended publication.

NEWS FROM ALASKA.

Another Murder by treacherous Indians. INDIANS DRIVING OUT MINERS.

On Monday the steamer California arrived at this port from Sitka, bringing intelligence of the murder of one Brown, proprietor of the Hot Springs near Sitka, on the 5th inst. Brown's house was stripped of everything save two old books. The body had not, at last accounts, been discovered, though traces of the struggle were visible, and a pool of blood was found where he was killed. The Sitka Indians offer to bring in the murderers who they say are of the Tarkoo tribe, for twenty blankets.

At Tongass narrows, Morrison's mining party, having discovered very rich ore, were driven out by the Indians, the latter refusing to allow them to prospect any further. Morrison's party brought away rich specimens which were brought down on the California and forwarded to Special Agent Morris of the Treasury Department.

Perhaps our government officers at Washington will realize the necessity of extending law and order over Alaska, after a few more outrages are committed up there. Those who have been so long insisting that Alaska is "fit only for polar bears to dwell in" are welcome to all the comfort they can get out of the cheering news about rich discoveries in minerals.

We have just received a circular letter and list of questions from Mr. F. P. Thompson, of Sacramento, Cal., who proposes to issue a book entitled the "Pacific Coast Farmer's Manual and Live Stock Register." He promises its appearance in about a year, and says it will contain a complete pedigree and description of the blooded stock on the Pacific coast, besides much other information to farmers.

Territory of Washington.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, AT A GENERAL election held in the Territory of Washington on the fifth day of November, A. D., one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight, there were submitted to the legal voters of said Territory, for adoption or rejection, a constitution for the State of Washington; and also three Separate Articles which should become a part of said constitution in the event of adoption; and

WHEREAS, it is made the duty of the Governor of said Territory of Washington to declare by proclamation the result of the vote cast and returned on the adoption or rejection of said Constitution and Separate Articles.

Now, therefore, I, ELISHA P. FERRY, Governor of said Territory, do hereby declare the following to be the result of the vote cast at said election in the Territory of Washington:

For Constitution, six thousand five hundred and thirty-seven.

Against Constitution, three thousand two hundred and thirty-six.

For Separate Article No. 1, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven.

Against Separate Article No. 1, five thousand one hundred and seventeen.

For Separate Article No. 2, one thousand seven hundred and forty-five.

Against Separate Article No. 2, five thousand and sixty-one.

For Separate Article No. 3, two thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

Against Separate Article No. 3, four thousand one hundred and fifty-one.

And I do further declare the following to be the result of the votes cast in said counties of Idaho, Shoshone and Nez Perce, in the Territory of Idaho:

For Constitution, seven hundred and thirty-seven.

Against Constitution, twenty-six.

For Separate Article No. 1, one hundred and twenty-three.

Against Separate Article No. 1, two hundred and eighty-two.

For Separate Article No. 2, one hundred and twenty-one.

Against Separate Article No. 2, two hundred and eighty-two.

For Separate Article No. 3, two hundred and twenty-one.

Against Separate Article No. 3, one hundred and eighty-eight.

And I do further declare that said Constitution has been adopted.

And I do further declare that said Article No. 1, Article No. 2, and Article No. 3, have been rejected.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the Territory to be affixed, at Olympia this twenty-eighth day of December, A. D. 1878.

ELISHA P. FERRY, Governor.

By the Governor, N. H. OWINGS, Secretary.

NOTICE OF Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Clallam county, W. T., duly made on the 28th day of October 1878, in the matter of the estate of John Vidler, deceased, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, and subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, at the places and times hereinafter mentioned, all the right, title and interest of John Vidler at the time of his death, and which the said estate, by operation of law or otherwise, may have acquired other than or in addition to, that of said John Vidler at the time of his death, in and to the property hereinafter described.

In Clallam County, W. T.

In front of the store now occupied by F. A. Bartlett, at New Dungeness, W. T., on

Monday, 17th day of February, 1879, at 2 o'clock P. M.

A certain house and lot situate at Port Angeles, W. T.

IN PIERCE COUNTY, W. T.

In front of the office of Samuel Wilkeson, Jr., at New Tacoma, on Thursday, 20th day of February, 1879, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Blocks Nos. 17, 20, 25 and 30, and fractional block No. 13, situate in or near South Tacoma. Said first mentioned blocks containing 8 lots each, and said last block containing 4 lots. The lots being 50x100 feet.

Also—Lots 5, 11, 12 and 13 in block No. 4, situate in or near West Tacoma.

Terms and conditions of sale:—Cash; 50 per cent of the purchase money to be paid to the auctioneer on the day of sale, and the balance on confirmation of sale by said Probate Court. Deed at the expense of the purchaser.

F. A. BARTLETT, Adm'r of est. of John Vidler, dec. January 20th, 1879. 49:3w

THOROUGHBRED POULTRY.



116 Acres devoted to Fancy POULTRY.

UNLIMITED RANGE. HEALTHY STOCK. LARGEST YARDS ON THE COAST. Brahmas, Leghorns, Plymouth Rocks, Bronze Turkeys, Geese, Pekin Ducks, Guinea Pigs, etc.

Safe arrival of Fowls and Eggs guaranteed.

Pamphlet on the care of Fowls—hatching; feeding; diseases and their cure, etc., adapted especially to the Pacific Coast, sent for 15 cents.

Send stamp for price list.

The CENTRAL INCUBATOR; any one can hatch eggs with it.

Address, M. EYRE, Napa, Cal. (Please state where you saw this advt.) 48

FIREMEN'S BALL

A grand ball will be given in aid of

RESCUE ENGINE COMPY No. 1,

— ON —

Feb. 21, 1879, in Fowler's Hall.

TICKETS \$2. NOT TRANSFERABLE

Tickets can be obtained at most of the business places in town, or from

WM. KATZ.

H. I. TIBBALS.

Jno. T. NORRIS, Committee.

Port Townsend, Jan. 16, 1879.

WANTED,

A situation by Mrs. Sarah Jane Demmons, to do general house work and nursing. Apply to Mrs. Murphy of this city. 42:tf

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THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN is a large First-Class Weekly Newspaper of Sixteen Pages, printed in the most beautiful style, profusely illustrated with splendid Engravings, representing the newest Inventions and the most recent Advances in the Arts and Sciences; including New and Interesting Facts in Agriculture, Horticulture, the Home, Health, Medical Progress, Social Science, Natural History, Geology, Astronomy. The most valuable practical papers, by eminent writers in all departments of Science, will be found in the Scientific American.

Terms, \$3.20 per year, \$1.60 half year, which includes postage. Discount to Agents, Single copies, ten cents. Sold by all Newsdealers. Remit by postal order to MUNN & CO., Publishers, 37, Park Row, New York.

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Any person who has made a new discovery or invention, can ascertain, free of charge, whether a patent can probably be obtained, by writing to the undersigned. We also send free our Hand Book about the Patent Laws, Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, their costs, and how procured, with hints for procuring advances on inventions. Address for the paper, or concerning Patents,

MUNN & CO., 37 Park Row, New York. Branch Office, Cor. F & 7th Sts., Washington, D. C.

City Ordinance No. 29.

AN ORDINANCE REGULATING THE DISCHARGE OF EXPLOSIVES UPON THE WHARVES, PIERS AND LANDING PLACES.

The City of Port Townsend does Ordain as follows:—

SECTION 1. That it shall be, and is unlawful for any person, or persons, to fire off, shoot, discharge or explode in any manner, any fire arm, weapon, combustible, or other explosive thing, matter or substance, upon, or from off, or beside any wharf, pier, or landing place, at the foot of any street of the city of Port Townsend, from the shore of Port Townsend Bay at the foot of any such street, as far out as said wharf, pier, or landing place shall extend.

SEC. 2. Every person who shall violate any of the provisions of Section one of this ordinance, or any part thereof, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof be fined in any sum not less than five nor more than one hundred dollars, with costs, and in default of payment of any such fine shall be committed to hard labor upon the streets of this city until the same is paid.

SEC. 3. That this ordinance be published for two consecutive weeks in the Puget Sound Weekly ARGUS, and be in force after five days from the second publication thereof.

Passed the council Jan. 6, 1879.

G. MORRIS HALLER, City Clerk.

Approved by the Mayor Jan. 6, 1879.

2t C. EISENBEIS, Mayor.

Administrators Notice to Creditors.

IN THE PROBATE COURT OF JEFFERSON COUNTY, W. T.

—IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF—

Thomas Savage, dec.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY the undersigned administrator of the estate of Thomas Savage deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within one year after the date of this notice to the said administrator at his residence near Seabeck, W. T., or to his attorney G. Morris Haller Esq., at his office in the city of Port Townsend, W. T., or be forever barred.

Dated the 19th day of December 1878.

JAMES DONOVAN, Administrator of the estate of Thomas Savage deceased. 44:4t

For Sale!

A FARM IN WHATCOM COUNTY and one in Jefferson County. The undersigned offers for sale, at a reasonable price, 160 ACRES OF LAND, situated on Birch Bay, near Seaholm, W. T. About 20 acres under cultivation; good log house, barn, stable and other buildings. A large portion of the land consists of rich alluvial bottom soil and is lightly timbered, well watered, near to market, &c. Also

120 ACRES OF LAND SITUATED 3 miles from Port Townsend, in Jefferson County, of which between thirty and forty acres are in cultivation. The soil is of the richest kind, and a good farm can be made of it. This farm, as the other, has all necessary buildings including a lumber house upon it. It has a fine young orchard, and other improvements. Terms, Cash. Apply to CHAS. BUCHMAN, or at the ARGUS office, Port Townsend. 4t:3t

PUGET SOUND ARGUS
LOCAL NEWS.

ON Saturday evening last we had the pleasure of meeting the people of Port Discovery, and of lecturing upon the subject of Temperance. The uniform courtesy and generosity of the people there rendered our visit peculiarly enjoyable. We found the place quiet and orderly, as per usual custom there. The mill is running but two-thirds time; and, on Saturday evening suspended operations to await the arrival of more saw-logs. A few of the little folks of the place were battling with infantile disorders, but beyond this universal health seemed to be the rule. There is a faint prospect of getting a Good Templar Lodge organized at this place again, although a few leading lights of the burgh rather incline to wet blanket the project. It is to be hoped that some result will be attained by which a social institution will be brought into being that will benefit all. Surely systematic moral and mental culture will not harm any community, or fail to create home attractions. The grounds for even slight opposition are very meagre, if not absolutely untenable.

OUR Port Townsend readers will doubtless feel interested in the article "Growing Interest in Education," from Mr. Huffman's pen, as set forth in another column. It bespeaks a hopeful spirit in contemplating the future of our public schools. Its main object evidently is to arouse increased interest on the part of those who have it in their power to work wonders for the cause of education. Unquestionably there is a field here for the exercise of a most laudable ambition on the part of our citizens. We commend this article to the careful perusal of all, and hope for the most gratifying results.

SOME little anxiety was felt here on Monday regarding the non-appearance of the steamer Dispatch, that vessel being overdue since Saturday, from Sehome and way ports. Late in the afternoon, however, she arrived safe and sound, when we learned that an unfortunate breakdown in her machinery had caused the detention. She left soon after her arrival for Neah Bay and Intermediate points.

THE opening for a wheelwright, in Port Townsend, is now available for any other competent workman who may come along. Mr. McIntyre, although a very desirable person to fill the position, "finds that owing to business relations in Victoria he cannot stay longer than a few months; hence he would not more than get the business fairly started. He has returned to the British side.

ON Friday last the steamer Mary Taylor, Capt Hinds, arrived at this port, from San Francisco, after a tedious passage. On Sunday she went up to Seattle to receive a few repairs, after which her owners, Messrs. Waterman & Katz, intend starting her to work.

FROM the number of mappy curs that run riot through our streets at night, yelping at every jump, it would seem that either our dog law is not rigidly enforced or our citizens are getting in good circumstances. At any rate somebody supports considerable canine.

THOSE who may wish anything in the line of a large and well assorted music establishment, will do well to send their orders to D. W. Prentice & Co., of Portland, Oregon. Orders will always receive immediate attention, however small they may be.

PERSONAL.—Mr. Jos. F. McNaught, partner in the law firm of McNaught Bros., of Seattle, was in town a few days ago. Mr. Geo. Campbell, of Ebey's Landing, and Mr. A. W. Eagle, of LaConner, also cheered us with their presence.

SPECULATORS in real estate may take some comfort in the perusal of our advertisement of sale in the matter of the estate of John Viller, dec. Read for yourselves folks, and hunt up your "equivalents."

MESSRS. Rothschild & Co., have made some changes in their advertisements this week. The arrival of new goods for their establishment will be duly heralded through our columns.

THE ARGUS office and effects are soon to be removed to their new quarters which all admit are eligibly located and fitted up in very neat and comfortable style.

CAPTAINS Da'gardno and Oliver, of the Puget Sound Pilots, have each been home within the past week.

PORT Blakely is the last town attacked by the brass band mania. "Silver Cornet" they call it.

TWO slight run-aways of horse teams in town this week. No damage done.

VERY IMPORTANT DECISION.—The celebrated tax case of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company vs. Stephen Judson, Treasurer of Pierce county, involving the legality of the taxes levied on the Railroad and the lands of the company for the years 1874, 1875, 1876 and 1877 in Pierce county was finally decided last Monday by Chief Justice Lewis, presiding in the District court at Steilacoom, in favor of the Railroad company and a perpetual injunction was ordered against the collection of said tax which amounts to over sixteen thousand dollars, besides interest, penalty and costs. The claims of the company that its right of way and the lands not patented were exempt from taxation was not finally passed upon. The case was decided adversely to the people for non-compliance with the mandatory requirements of the revenue laws and because the Legislature of 1877 absolutely repealed the Revenue law of 1875 without any saving clause, which repeal acted as a destruction of all existing remedies for the collection of taxes levied. The Court held in substance that all inchoate right derived under the Statutes are lost under its repeal. This decision, if it is the law, will also put a quietus on the claims of Thurston, Lewis, Chehalis, Pacific and Cowlitz counties for all taxes levied under said law in said counties prior to the year 1878 and amounting in the aggregate to over fifty thousand dollars. The attorneys were H. G. Struve for the Railway company and J. P. Judson and Wm. H. White for the people, who considered the cause with great learning and ability. We are not advised whether or not an appeal to the Supreme Court is intended to be taken.

A BAD JUDGE FOR TRADE.—Judge Lewis is the man we mean. He has injured the whisky trade, the gambling trade, and the squaw brothel trade immensely, and it is for this reason that so many engaged in those trades hate him. The gambling and brothel trades he has literally destroyed in his district, hardly a trace of them existing in any part. A friend in Seattle informs us that he was positively assured by a fellow citizen the other day that Judge Lewis had done a great injury to the business interests of their town. "For instance," said this enemy of the Judge, "three years ago the town was full of whisky and women and other like attractions to coal miners, all hands, loggers and sailors. These fellows would come in, after a season of hard work, with lots of money in their pockets. They would go on a jamboree and by the time they got through with it they wouldn't have a dollar. The people of the town would get it all, the saloon keepers, women, hospitals, doctors and druggists directly; and merchants and tradespeople indirectly. The town never grew faster or prospered more than then. Lewis came and put an end to it, and in the present dull condition of the town you can see the result."—Tacoma Herald.

NEW GOODS.—Messrs. Waterman & Katz, of this place, have lately been enlarging their varied stock of goods to a noteworthy extent. On Saturday last the steamer Mary Taylor arrived from San Francisco, having on board a lot of freight for them. On Tuesday the schooner San Buen Ventura arrived from San Francisco with another lot for them. These goods consist chiefly of assorted merchandise. The above-named firm has on hand one of the largest stocks of goods kept on the Sound. Knowing the varied wants of the people in this and surrounding localities, they keep about everything that can be mentioned from the contents of a lumber yard to the furnishing for a lady's wardrobe. They can stock a farm with implements, supply the house with groceries or fit out the family with dry-goods. Their reputation is that of shrewd business men who understand the demands of their growing trade. The steamer Mary Taylor, having a carrying capacity of about 100 tons, has been added to their stock in trade. She is now in Puget Sound waters and will subserve the business interests of Port Townsend as well as the accommodation of settlers in adjoining counties.

The various "Celestials" among our town population enjoyed the advent of the New Year's day on Tuesday. Appropriate celebrations, after their usual custom, were the order of the day.

ON Tuesday the steamer Mastek came around from Port Discovery, being on her way up Sound after saw logs.

HON. J. P. Judson, of Olympia, paid Port Townsend a flying visit this week.

WHATCOM county is evidently running into debt—according to the "Mail."

THE Pacific Mail steamers are to get coal hereafter at Nanaimo.

GROWING INTEREST IN EDUCATION.

By A. R. HUFFMAN.
The healthy growth of school interests in Washington Territory during the last few years has been such as to excite comment from many quarters. Parents, legislators, teachers—all begin to recognize the importance of more thorough means of instruction, and the demands of the times for more efficient teachers. It would rise to the true dignity of a state; and not merely a STATE but such a state as shall produce men and women of note and ability. We look forward to the time when Washington's legislators, judges, teachers and agriculturists shall vie with those of older countries in skill in their respective callings.

May not our beloved land of beauty be the mother of a Horace Mann, a Pestalozzi, a Kruss, a Miss Lathrop, a White, a Harvey? Shall we not have men who, like these, shall arise and shake off the shackles of blind customs and bring order and symmetry out of confusion and chaos? Shall not our river and mountain scenery inspire another Bryant, Irving, Longfellow or Carey? One who will but reflect on our beautiful mountains, crystal rivers, falls and cataracts, and our broad plains and giant forests, can but be impressed that our young and growing Territory is destined to produce men and women in every department of life, that shall be a credit to the nation that has already beset her young crown with so many brilliant stars. Where is there so grand a field for the agriculturist, the mineralogist, the botanist or the poet?

Within the past few years, the Seattle University has shaken off the dust and ashes of inactivity and is rising to a dignity and usefulness that will soon give it name and influence abroad. The Olympia Academy needs but to be mentioned as another institution that is doing a good work; but while others have been at work, we on the Lower Sound have not been sleeping. The schools of Port Townsend have been nominally graded and their efficient work thereby greatly enhanced, and instead of the rote and ferule of the "master" we now have calm guidance of the friend and teacher, and we point with pride to our harmonious schools.

Our school board are especially to be commended. With the limited amount of money at their disposal they have furnished the school with better and more extensive apparatus than can be found in any other district school in the Territory; and yet the schools have been kept up eight or nine months yearly.

By the energy of the pupils we have a museum of natural curiosities and specimens for general instruction that would be a credit to many more pretentious institutions. But we must not stop here. We need and must have, ere long, a new and more commodious building. The demands of our pupils require it; besides there are hundreds of boys and girls in our surrounding counties who should have better advantage than are afforded in the little "Home school," which, in many cases, is kept up but for three or four months in the year.

The profit to the town arising from the foreign pupils is far more than any one unacquainted with the subject will imagine. Ask those who have maintained a boy or girl at school away from home and you will be surprised at the amount. Every pupil who attends school away from home spends from \$400 to \$800 annually. This, of course includes board, tuition, and incidental expenses. It would be no difficult matter to have twenty or thirty foreign pupils to-day if we but had the proper room for them, and any one can readily see the advantage and profit accruing from it. There are teachers to be trained, for teaching is no longer a menial service in which any blockhead with a big muscle may engage, and why may they not be trained here? With little more expense we can have a school of a higher grade and our pupils who desire to go beyond the limits of a district school can do so. Our system could be made more and more perfect and our deeds would merit us the plaudits of the rising generations through all the days and years to come.
Port Townsend, Jan. 20, 1879.

MARRIED.—In Dungeness, on Sunday, Jan. 12th, Mr. Fred'k Roberts to Miss Catherine Lotzgazelle, both of Clallam county.

A Beautiful Boys' And Girls' Paper.
"The American Young Folks", published Hudson & Ewing, at Topeka, Kansas, comes to us for January with a bright new "dress" on. It is a carefully edited, 16-page illustrated paper for boys and girls from 8 to 16 years of age. It is pure and elevating, entertaining and instructive. Strongly endorsed by teachers all over the West, and is sent one year, postage paid, to any address for 50 cents. The publishers offer to send a sample copy free.

ROTHSCHILD & CO.,
Shipping and Commission

MERCHANTS,
Port Townsend, Washington Territory,
Importers, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Dry Goods, Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Ship Chandlery,
Tobacco and Cigars,
Liquors,
Hardware,
Crockery, Stationery, Etc.

FARM WAGONS ON HAND.
Exchange Bought and Sold.

Liberal Advances Made on Consignments
The Highest Price Paid for Wool, Hides, Furs and Produce.

Goods Bought and Sold on Commission.
ROTHSCHILD & CO.

CONSIGNED TO ROTHSCCHILD & CO.

French Barque Buenos Ayres.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
J. VAISON, Master
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
Port Townsend, Dec. 7, 1878.

Ship Gold Hunter.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
JOSHUA FREEMAN, Master
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
Port Townsend, Jan. 20, 1879.

Bktn. C. L. Taylor.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE OFFICERS OR CREW.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
CAPT. A. BORGMAN, Master.
Port Townsend, Jan. 20, 1879.

Am. Barque T. Jemie Southard.
NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS OF THE ABOVE NAMED VESSEL WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS CONTRACTED BY THE CREW.
G. R. HANDY, Master.
ROTHSCHILD & CO., Agents.
Port Townsend, Jan. 20, 1879.

R. W. DELION. CHARLES CASE.

DeLION & CASE,
Stevedores,
PORT TOWNSEND
P. O. BOX 37.

SHIPS LOADED AT EVERY PORT ON Puget Sound.

The First-class steamship
CALIFORNIA
CAPT. THORN,
WILL LEAVE
Port Townsend for Sitka,
Alaska Terr'y, and Way Ports,
On or about the 1st of each Month.
WILL LEAVE
Port Townsend for Portland, Ogn.
On about the 15th of each Month.
For Freight or Passage, Apply on Board,
20 or to ROTHSCCHILD & CO, Agents.

Rent! Rent!
The building formerly occupied by the Customs' officers is now for rent. The locality of said building is one of the best in town. There are some fifteen or twenty rooms above, and a fine room below for business of any kind.
Apply to L. B. HASTINGS, Sen.

Situation Wanted.
Situation wanted by a respectable woman, as nurse or house-keeper; is experienced in all kinds of house-work.
Address, stating wages,
Mrs. SWEETMAN,
Coupeville, W. T.
Dec. 5.

Valuable Land for Sale
THE undersigned has about 40 acres of improved land, situated near Dungeness, W. T., which will be sold reasonable. Apply at the ARGUS office, or to
GEORGE COOPER,
483 u Dungeness, W. T.

WANTED,
A situation by Mrs. Sarah Jane Demmons, to do general house work and nursing. Apply to Mrs. Murphy of this city. 42:tf

TO THE PUBLIC
Good Board and Lodgings can be obtained at
MRS. MYERS'
TRANSIENT BOARDERS WILL FIND AT THE ABOVE PLACE A QUIET RESORT WHERE THEIR WANTS CAN BE SATISFACTORILY ATTENDED TO.
Terms Very Reasonable.
At foot of hill, immediately back from Union wharf.
PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

New Boot & Shoe Store
AT SEABECK.
Boots and shoes of the very best quality and latest patterns MADE TO ORDER.
Repairing executed as usual, and satisfaction GUARANTEED.

A Fair share
of the patronage of the public is solicited.
17-1f **WILLIAM VETTER.**

PAY UP- 1879-PAY UP EVERYBODY.
For notwithstanding all times I have to pay my creditors dollar for dollar as heretofore.
GEO. BARTHROP.
News depot, &c.

I can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. \$12 per day at home, made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address True & Co, Augusta, Maine.

EXERCISE OF ELECTIVE FRANCHISE.

Speech of Hon. Jas. G. Blaine.
OF MAINE, IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES, DECEMBER 11, 1878.

On the 2d of December, 1878, Mr. Blaine submitted the following resolutions to the Senate:

RESOLVED, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire and report to the Senate whether at the recent elections the constitutional rights of American citizens were violated in any of the States of the Union; whether the right of suffrage of citizens, was denied or abridged by the action of the election officers of any State in refusing to receive their votes, in failing to count them, or in receiving and counting fraudulent ballots in pursuance of a conspiracy to make the lawful votes of such citizens of none effect; and whether such citizens were prevented from exercising the elective franchise, or forced to use it against their wishes, by violence or threats, or hostile demonstrations of armed men or other organizations, or by any other unlawful means or practices.

RESOLVED, That the Committee on the Judiciary be further instructed to inquire and report whether it is within the competency of Congress to provide additional legislation for the more perfect security of the right of suffrage to citizens of the United States of the Union.

RESOLVED, That in prosecuting these inquiries the Judiciary Committee shall have the right to send for persons and papers.

On Wednesday, Dec. 11, he addressed the Senate as follows:

MR. PRESIDENT, the pending resolutions were offered by me with a two-fold purpose in view:

First, To place on record, in a definite and authentic form, the frauds and outrages by which some recent elections were carried by the Democratic party in the "Southern States":
Second, To find if there be any method by which a repetition of these crimes against a free ballot may be prevented.

The newspaper is the channel through which the people of the United States are informed of current events, and the accounts given in the press represent the elections in some of the Southern States to have been accompanied by violence; in not a few cases reaching the destruction of human life; to have been controlled by threats that awed and intimidated a large class of voters; to have been manipulated by fraud of the most shameless and shameful description. Indeed in South Carolina there seems to have been no election at all in any proper sense of the term. There was instead a series of skirmishes over the State in which the polling places were regarded as forts to be captured by one party and held against the other, and where this could not be done with convenience, frauds in the count and tissue-ballot devices were resorted to in order to effectually destroy the voice of the majority. These in brief are the accounts given in the non-partizan press, of the disgraceful outrages that attended the recent elections, and so far as I have seen, these statements are without serious contradiction. It is but just and fair to all parties, however, that an impartial investigation of the facts shall be made by a committee of the Senate, proceeding under the authority of law and representing the power of the nation. Hence my resolution.

But we do not need investigation to establish certain facts already of official record. We know that one hundred and six Representatives in Congress were recently chosen in the States formerly slave holding and that the democrats elected one hundred and one or possibly one hundred and two and the republicans four or possibly five. We know that thirty-five of these Representatives were assigned to the Southern States by reason of the colored population, and that the entire political power thus founded on

the numbers of the colored people has been seized and appropriated to the aggrandizement of its own strength by the democratic party of the South.

The issue thus raised before the country, Mr. President, is not one of mere sentiment for the rights of the negro—though far distant be the day when the rights of any American citizen, however black or however poor, shall form the mere dust of the balance in any controversy; nor is the issue one that involves the waving of the "bloody shirt," to quote the elegant vernacular of Democratic vituperation; nor still further is the issue as now presented only a question of the equality of the black voter of the South with the white voter of the South; the issue, Mr. President, has taken a far wider range, one of portentous magnitude; and that is, whether the white voter of the North shall be equal to the white voter of the South in shaping the policy and fixing the destiny of this country; or whether, to put it more baldly, the white man who fought in the ranks of the Union Army shall have as weighty and influential vote in the Government of the Republic as the white man who fought in the ranks of the rebel army. The one fought to uphold, the other to destroy, the Union of the States, and to-day he who fought to destroy is a far more important factor in the Government of the nation than he who fought to uphold it.

Let me illustrate my meaning by comparing groups of States of the same representative strength North and South. Take the States of South Carolina, Mississippi, and Louisiana. They send seventeen Representatives to Congress. Their aggregate population is composed of ten hundred and thirty-five thousand whites and twelve hundred and twenty-four thousand colored; the colored nearly two hundred thousand in excess of the whites. Of the seventeen Representatives, then, it is evident that nine were apportioned to these States by reason of their colored population, and only eight by reason of their white population; and yet in the choice of the entire seventeen Representatives the colored voters had no more voice or power than their remote kindred on the shores of Senegambia or on the Gold Coast. The ten hundred and thirty-five thousand white people had the sole and absolute choice of the entire seventeen Representatives. In contrast, take two States in the North, Iowa and Wisconsin, with seventeen Representatives. They have a white population of two million two hundred and forty-seven thousand—considerably more than double the entire white population of the three Southern States I have named. In Iowa and Wisconsin, therefore, it takes one hundred and thirty-two thousand white population to send a Representative to Congress, but in South Carolina, Mississippi, and Louisiana every sixty thousand white people send a Representative. In other words, sixty thousand white people in those southern States have precisely the same political power in the government of the country that the hundred and thirty-two thousand white people have in Iowa and Wisconsin.

Take another group of seventeen Representatives from the South and from the North. Georgia and Alabama have a population of eleven hundred and fifty-eight thousand and a colored population of ten hundred thirty thousand. They send seventeen Representatives to Congress, of whom nine were apportioned on account of the white population and eight on account of the colored population. But the colored voters are not able to choose a single Representative, the white Democrats choosing the whole seventeen. The

four Northern States, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, and California, seventeen Representatives, based on a white population of two and a quarter millions, or almost double the white population of Georgia and Alabama, so that in these relative groups of States we find the white man South exercises by his vote double the political power of the white man North.

Let us carry the comparison to a more comprehensive generalization. The eleven States that formed the Confederate Government had by the last census a population of nine and a half millions, of which in round numbers five and a half million were white and four millions colored. On this aggregate population seventy-three Representatives in Congress were apportioned to those States—forty-two or three of which were by reason of the white population, and thirty-one by reason of the colored population. At the recent election the white white democracy of the South seized seventy-three districts, and thus secured a democratic majority in the next House Representatives. Thus it appears that through out the States that formed the late Confederate Government sixty-five thousand whites—the very people that rebelled against the Union—are enabled to elect a Representative in Congress, while in the loyal States it requires one hundred and thirty-two thousand of the white people that fought for the Union to elect a Representative. In levying every tax, therefore, in making every appropriation of money, in fixing every line of public policy, in decreeing what shall be the fate and fortune of the Republic, the Confederate south is enabled to cast a vote that is twice as powerful and twice as influential as the vote of the Union soldier North.

But the white men of the South did not require and do not hold this superior power by reason of law or justice, but in disregard and defiance of both. The fourteenth amendment to the Constitution was expected to be and was designed to be a preventive and corrective of all such possible abuses. The reading of the clause applicable to the case is instructive and suggestive. Hear it:

Representatives shall be apportioned among the several States according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of per-

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

The splendid sidewheel
Steamship DAKOTA
2100 Tons. H. G. MORSE, COMMANDER.
WILL LEAVE ON THE DATES HERE AFTER MENTIONED:

SAN FRANCISCO.	PT. TOWNSEND.	VICTORIA.
1879 Jan. 10 30 Feb. 29 Mch 14 29	Jan. 18 Feb. 8 28 Mch 18 18	Jan. 20 Feb. 24 Mch 1 20

THE LARGE AND ELEGANT Side-Wheel
Steamship ALASKA
4,000 tons. W. B. SEABURY, COMMANDER

WILL LEAVE ON THE FOLLOWING DATES:

SAN FRANCISCO.	PT. TOWNSEND.	VICTORIA.
1879 Jan. 20 Feb. 19 Mch 1 20	Jan. 8 28 Feb. 18 Mch 8 28	Jan. 10 30 Feb. 20 Mch 10 31

These steamships leave Victoria at noon on the day advertised. Tickets are good only on the steamer for which they are purchased, and are not transferable.

Fare from Port Townsend to San Francisco
First Cabin, \$20,
Steerage \$10

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
H. L. TIBBALS,
General Agent for Puget Sound, Port Townsend.

BEST business you can engage in. \$5 to \$20 per day made by any worker of either sex, right in their own localities. Particulars and samples worth \$5 free. Improve your spare time at this business. Address Simson & Co., Portland, Maine.

BUY THE BEST!
ASK YOUR MERCHANT FOR
MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING
MADE OF OREGON CITY CASSIMERES,
The Cheapest, Best and Most Durable Clothing in the Market
Sole Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
JACOBS BROS. & CO., PORTLAND, OREG.
N. B.—A full Stock of Oregon City Blankets, Flannels, Cassimeres, Yarns, Underwear, etc., always on hand.

BATTISTE'S HAIR INVIGORATOR.

M. Battiste Delaitang, Tonsorial artist of Port Townsend, Washington Territory, begs to inform his numerous patrons and the public generally, that he has prepared from the original receipt of Professor Montalembert, the celebrated chemist of Paris, and from chemical extracts of rare medicinal plants found only on the North-west coast of America, a most elegant addition to the usual toilette article in the shape of an invigorator and rejuvenator of the hair. This delightful preparation cleanses the hair from all impurities; prevents dandruff, heals all skin disease of the head, imparts a gloss and softness and beautiful color to the hair; restores its growth by its healthy and tonic action, and prevents its falling off. In short

Battiste's Hair Invigorator is the "sine qua non" of all the inventions for the improvement, beautifying and growth of the hair. The material of which it is composed are harmless and can be used freely according to directions accompanying each bottle. Every lady desirous of having beautiful hair should consider her toilette table incomplete without a bottle of this delicate and elegant cosmetic. Prepared and for sale by
BATTISTE DELAITANG,
At his Tonsorial saloon,
Water street, Port Townsend, W.T.

C. D. GILMORE, A. A. THOMAS
Late Register at
Kirwin, Kansas.

Gilmore & Co.,
629 F st, WASHINGTON, D. C.

WILL PRACTICE BEFORE THE General Land Office, office of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior, the Court of Claims, and United States Supreme Court. Claims of all kinds arising under laws governing the disposal of public land, or the adjustment of French, Spanish, and Mexican grants, or other private land claims. Special attention given to cases involving titles to grant lands and mining claims. Land warrants and land scrip bought. Cash paid for soldiers' addition homestead rights. Send stamp for circular of instructions. Three stamps to pay postage if you want full set of blanks and instructions.

DO NOT FAIL to send for our Catalogue. It contains prices and description of most every article in general use, and is valuable to ANY PERSON contemplating the purchase of any article for Personal, Family or Agricultural use. We have done a large trade the past season in the remote parts of the Territories, and have, with few exceptions, exceeded the expectations of the purchaser, many claiming to have made a saving of 40 to 50 per cent. We mail these CATALOGUES TO ANY ADDRESS, FREE, UPON APPLICATION. We sell our goods to all mankind at wholesale prices in quantities to suit. Reference, First National Bank, Chicago.
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
Original Grange Supply House,
227 & 229 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

B. S. MILLER,

Head of Union Wharf, Pt. Townsend, W. T.

JEWELRY AND MUSIC EMPORIUM

Carries the Largest Stock in the Territory

A. F. LEARNED

Wholesale and Retail dealer in
Ship Chandlery
AND
Groceries
ALSO
Gent's furnishing goods
Clothing, Crochery
and Glassware.
At the very Lowest Rates, for Cash
Port Townsend.

OLD, TRIED, AND TRUE.

People are getting acquainted—and those who are not ought to be—with the wonderful merits of that great American Remedy, the

MEXICAN Mustang Liniment,
FOR MAN AND BEAST.

This liniment very naturally originated in America, where Nature provides in her laboratory such surprising antidotes for the maladies of her children. Its fame has been spreading for 25 years, until now it enters the habitable globe. The Mexican Mustang Liniment is a matchless remedy for all external ailments of man and beast. To stock owners and farmers it is invaluable. A single bottle often saves a human life or restores the usefulness of an excellent horse, ox, cow, or sheep. It cures foot-rot, hoof-ail, hollow horn, grub, screw-worm, shoulder-rot, mange, the bites and stings of poisonous reptiles and insects, and every such drawback to stock breeding and bush life. It cures every external trouble of horses, such as lameness, scratches, swelling, sprains, founder, wind gall, ring bone, etc., etc. The Mexican Mustang Liniment is the quickest cure in the world for accidents occurring in the family, in the absence of a physician, such as burns, scalds, sprains, cuts, etc., and for rheumatism, and stiffness engendered by exposure. Particularly valuable to Miners. It is the cheapest remedy in the world, for it penetrates the muscles to the bone, and a single application is generally sufficient to cure. Mexican Mustang Liniment is put up in three sizes of bottles, the larger ones being proportionately much the cheapest. Sold everywhere.

HOW'S YOUR LIVER?

If the skin be yellow and muddy, the bowels constipated; if you have ringing in your ears, dull pains in the side, sick headache, sour stomach, hot or dry skin, spots before the eyes, bad taste in the mouth, cold feet and hands, sleepiness, giddiness, loss of appetite, bad circulation of the blood, swelled limbs, &c., you may safely conclude your liver is out of order. The liver is more apt to become disordered than any other organ of the body, as its duty is to filter the purities from the blood. When it becomes weak, obstructed and diseased it must fail to do its duty, and the whole body suffers. Try White's Prairie Flower, the greatest known liver panacea in the world. Sample bottle 25 cents, large size 75 cents. For sale everywhere.

Farm and Household.

DRINKING WATER.—No water that has stood in open vessels during the night should be used for drinking or cooking. By exposure to the air it has lost its "aeration," and has absorbed many of the dust-germs floating in the apartment. If convenience requires water to be kept in vessels several hours before use, it should be covered, unless the vessels are tight. Wherever practicable, all distributing reservoirs should be covered. Filtering always adds to the purity of water. Drinking water should not be taken from lakes and rivers on a low level. Surface water, or water in lakes, pools, or rivers, which receive the surface wash, should be avoided as much as possible. Do not drink much water at a time. More than two tumblers full should not be taken at a meal. Do not drink between meals unless to quench thirst, as excess of water weakens the gastric juice and overworks the kidneys. Excessive potations whether of water or other fluids, relax the stomach, impair its secretions, and paralyze its movements. By drinking a little at a time the injury is avoided.

EGGS INSTEAD OF BEEF.—As a flesh producer, one pound of eggs is equal to one pound of beef. A hen may be calculated to consume one bushel of corn yearly, and to lay twelve dozen, or eighteen pounds of eggs. This is equivalent to saying that three and one-tenth pounds of corn will produce, when fed to a hen, one pound of eggs. A pound of pork, on the contrary, requires about five and one tenth pounds of corn for its production. When eggs are 24 cents a dozen and pork 10 cents a pound, we have a bushel of corn feed, producing \$2.88 worth of eggs, and \$1.05 of pork. Judging from these facts eggs must be economical in their production and in their eating, and especially fit for the laboring man in replacing meat.

In boiling beef and vegetables, says an exchange, put a cup of vinegar into the pot when the water is cold, and the beef will be much tenderer, and cabbage and beets better flavored, and will not fill the house with unpleasant smells. The vinegar does not affect the taste of the food.

Rusty stovepipes may be made to look nearly as good as new by simply rubbing it over with a bit of cloth moistened with sweet oil. By coating the entire pipe joints which are unlike in appearance will be made uniform and display a nice luster.

Milk which is turned or changed may be sweetened or rendered fit for use again by stirring in a little soda. Salt will curdle milk; hence in preparing milk porridge, gravies, etc., the salt should not be added until the dish is prepared.

To prevent wooden bowls from cracking, either pour sweet, hot lard in them or immerse in cold water, bring to the boiling point, boil an hour or longer, then let the water cool gradually when the bowl may be taken out.

Castor oil, besides being an excellent dressing for leather, renders it vermin proof. It should be mixed, say half and half, with tallow or other oil. Neither rats, roaches, nor other vermin will attack leather so prepared.

A carelessly kept coffee pot will impart a rank flavor to the strongest infusion of the best Java. Wash the coffee-pot every day thoroughly, and twice a week boil borax and water in it about fifteen minutes.

When there is danger of staining the hands from preparing fruit and vegetables, rub them with fresh lard.

Local and News Items.

CAPT. STARK intends to build a new steamer early in the spring, for service on the lower Sound route.—Olympia "Standard."

RECENT advices from Washington indicate that the proposition to transfer the care and management of the Indians to the army will fail.

"**BONANZA**" Jones, of Nevada, has been re-elected to the U. S. Senate, the ballot standing, Senate, Jones 19, Hillhouse, dem., 6; assembly, Jones 41, Hillhouse, S. Senator Jones is unquestionably the most popular man in Nevada. He is a man of the most extensive influence, and carries the entire mass with him. He is, moreover a man of depth, a shrewd politician, and possessed of unusual intelligence—he is a representative man in every sense.

Mr. Thomas Spain who was shot at Kalama, the other day, while attempting to escape from the custody of a United States Marshal, died at that place on Wednesday evening last, from the effects of his wound. There are some sad details connected with this affair, Mr. Spain having been one of the first settlers at Kalama and his only offense was giving a bottle of liquor to an Indian. The deputy marshal, who did the shooting, was exonerated by the coroner's jury examining the case.

THE new license law at San Francisco makes the granting or renewal of licenses to retail liquor dealers in that city after the first of January optional with the Board of Police Commissioners. Heretofore a simple application to the License Collector without regard to the character of the place kept by the applicant, was the only formality requisite. It is hoped that the commissioners will exercise their authority to the full extent of the law, in the suppression of a hundred of the hoodlum nurseries and dens of vice and crime that abound through that city.

THE LONG LIVED MAN.—It is easy to sketch him. He has a well-proportioned stature, without however too tall. He is rather of the middle size and somewhat thickset. His complexion is not too florid—at any rate, too much ruddiness in youth is seldom a sign of longevity. Hair approaches rather to the fair than to the black; his skin is strong but not tough. His head is not too big. He has large veins at extremities, and his shoulders are rather round than flat; his neck is not too long, his belly does not project, and his hands are large, but not too deeply cleft. His foot is rather thick than long, and his legs are firm and round. He has a broad chest, and strong voice, and the faculty of retaining his breath for a long time without difficulty. His nerves are never out of order, his pulse is slow and regular. His appetite is good, and his digestion easy. He has not too much thirst, which is always a sign of self-consumption. His passions never become too violent or destructive. He likes employment, particularly meditation and agreeable occupation.

Immense adulterations of tea by the Chinese cultivators have just been discovered at Amoy, By European merchants. The leaves of the willow tree were used for that purpose. The Governor of the province has issued a proclamation denouncing the fraud.

In Japan a law requires fish to be sold alive. They are peddled in tanks.

The lightest known solid is the metal lithium—it floats on light petroleum.

Reliable Life Insurance Policy.
We take pleasure in commending to our readers a thoroughly safe and reliable life insurance agency, whose funds or assets are inexhaustible. It is a stock company operating under the joint title—HEALTH. Life policies are issued in the form of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and Pleasant Purgative Pellets (which it taken as directed, insure the system against disease) upon payment of a very small fee. All the principal druggists are constituted agents.

U can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. \$12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms recd. Address True & Co, Augusta, Maine.

The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, in his lecture on "The wastes and burdens of society," claims "man's natural life to be 80 years, and as the average life is but 33 years, there must be a waste of 47 years." There is much of truth in this statement. If a man be unfortunate in business, it is attributed to the violation of some commercial law. Now, if a person be taken off in the prime of life, ought it not to be attributed to the violation of some physiological law? If people only knew better, they would live better and longer; but how can they profit by that which they know not of? The only popular work that meets this great want is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. In it the great problems of disease and health are fully discussed. The work contains over 900 pages and 250 colored plates and wood-cuts. Price \$1.50 (post-paid). Address the author, R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

STOP DRINKING VINEGAR.
How many young women who have inherited a predisposition to "emborpoint" have ruined their health by drinking vinegar to reduce their forms to graceful proportions. Allan's Anti-Fat is absolutely harmless. It promotes digestion, and accomplishes its work simply by preventing an undue assimilation of the fatty ingredients of the food. Excessive fatness is a vexatious burden, and there is no longer any excuse for enduring it, since Allan's Anti-Fat is an effectual remedy for this abnormal condition.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., July 15, 1878.
BOTANIC MEDICINE CO., Buffalo, N. Y.:
Gentlemen—I lost three pounds while taking one bottle of Allan's Anti-Fat.
Yours truly, MRS. M. B. MYERS.

Our New Club Rates.
"The Farmers' Review."

The latest addition to our exchange list is the "Farmer's Review," Chicago, Ill., and a most welcome addition it proves. It is as full of departments as the government at Washington, and they all bear evidence of unusual skill and industry in their management. It is emphatically a model farm and family monthly. It is, without THE SEATEST AND CHEAPEST JOURNAL OF THE KIND IN THE WORLD. Fifty cents secures a copy for one year. We will furnish the "Review" and the ARGUS, each one year, for \$3.25. This is a rare opportunity for our friends in the rural districts. Send along your orders.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT The co-partnership heretofore existing between J. W. Grace and James F. Chapman, of San Francisco, and E. L. Marshall, of Milton, under the style of E. L. Marshall & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
JAMES F. CHAPMAN.
J. W. GRACE.
E. L. MARSHALL.
Milton, W. T., Dec. 3, 1878. 444t

Liquidation of the Copartnership of E. L. Marshall & Co.

ALL PERSONS HAVING JUST Claims against the late firm of E. L. Marshall & Co., will present the same to me at once.
W. D. CATTON, Assignee.
Milton, King Co., W. T., Dec. 7, 1878.

Notice to settle Accounts.

ALL PERSONS indebted to me are respectfully requested to call and settle up, with cash or by note, on or before January 31, 1879, or their accounts will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection.
G. O. HALLER.
Coupeville, Dec. 31, 1878.

Notice to Creditors.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF REYNOLD MARQUEST, Dec. }
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY the undersigned Executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, to all persons having claims against said deceased, to present them with the necessary vouchers, to me, at my residence in Chimacum, Jefferson county, W. T., or to D. W. Smith, Esq., attorney for said estate, at his office in Port Townsend, W. T., within one year from the date of this notice.
HARLES E. ANDERSON, Executor.
January 2, 1879.

Olympia Oyster Company
Incorporated August 15, 1878.

Planters and Dealers in
Oysters & Clams
THE OLYMPIA COMPANY HAVING become owners of the Extensive Oyster Grounds situated at the head of Budd's Inlet, W. T., are now cultivating Oysters in a systematic manner. They furnish no oysters to customers but which have been transplanted two or three years, thereby enabling them to furnish to the trade a larger and better flavored Oyster than can be procured from any other point on Puget Sound.
Dealers, Hotels and Restaurants supplied, opened or in the shell.

At the Lowest Market Rates
Orders from any part of the country will receive prompt attention.
Office, Post office building, Olympia
A. BRABSON, Sec'y
R. P. SHOECRAFT, A & Supt

OLYMPIA ADVERTISEMENTS.

N. S. PORTER,
Attorney at Law,
OLYMPIA, W.

H. G. STRUVE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OLYMPIA, W. T.

Olympic Hotel
J. G. Sparks, Proprietor.
Main Street, Olympia, W. T.

E. N. OUIMETTE
Dealer in all kinds of
DRY GOODS AND MILLINERY
Cor. Main and 5th Sts., Olympia, W. T.
Olympia Broom Factory
Isaac Chibberg, Proprietor.
Manufacturer of all kinds of brooms, at
San Francisco Prices
Brooms warranted to give satisfaction.
Patronize Home Industry.

SEATTLE ADVERTISEMENTS.

SCHWABACHER,
BROS. & CO.
SEATTLE, W. T
Immense

Spring Stock,
FROM THE EAST
Dry Goods,
Clothing,
Carpets,
BOOTS AND SHOES
Will make an allowance on all cash sales in the above named lines of goods.
COME EARLY AND OFTEN,
And Secure bargains

Puget Sound Business College
Cor. Front & Columbia sts.,
SEATTLE, Washington Territory

The DESIGN of this Institution is to impart a practical and useful BUSINESS EDUCATION.

YOUNG MEN AND LADIES

Wishing to prepare themselves for the practical duties of life will find at this College unsurpassed facilities. Students learn just what they need to insure success. Each student receives separate instruction, and can thus advance as rapidly as his ability will permit, not being kept back by those who are more deficient.

THE TELEGRAPHIC INSTITUTE is the most Complete Institution of the Kind in the Country.

is First Class in all its appointments, is fitted up in the most thorough manner and its pupils receive the same practice as it in a regular office.

THEORY and PRACTICE

Are united upon a plan that secures to the student all the practical advantages of each. There is in operation a Banking House, with Checks, drafts, Notes, Bills of Exchange, Certificates of Deposit, etc., fully illustrating the banking business.

The School-room is fitted up with Merchandising, Jobbing and Importing Emporiums, Insurance and General Banking Offices, Commission and forwarding Houses, Express and Post Offices.

For particulars apply or address
Mrs. L. C. Gunn
PRESIDENT PUGET SOUND BUSINESS COLLEGE.

FREE A VALUABLE INVENTION.
THE WORLD RENOWNED
WILSON SEWING MACHINE

In workmanship is equal to a Chronometer Watch, and as elegantly finished as a first-class Piano. It received the highest awards at the Vienna and Centennial Expositions. IT SEWS ONE-FOURTH FASTER than other machines. Its capacity is unlimited. There are more WILSON MACHINES sold in the United States than the combined sales of all the others. The WILSON MENDING ATTACHMENT for doing all kinds of repairing, WITHOUT PATCHING, given FREE with each machine.

AGENTS WANTED, WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO.
827 & 829 Broadway, New York; New Orleans, La.;
Cor. State & Madison Sts., Chicago, Ills.; and San Francisco, Cal.

For sale by Chas. C. BARTLETT.

Local and News Items.

Mrs. Henry Webber, of Port Discovery is visiting with relatives in Portland.

The lands announced to be sold in Is-land county on Tuesday of last week were not sold on that day as the sale was postponed until Saturday last.

The Governor's proclamation, which we publish in another column, will be an authentic item of interest to the reading public.

POTATOES are selling in Seattle for 75 cents per bushel, wheat, \$1, oats from 35 to 60 cents, while hay brings, on an average, but about \$10 per ton.

SUPPLIES and material for a life-saving station were brought to Neah Bay by the Corwin this week. The schooner Page also took a load of lumber there for use in repairing reservation buildings.

AMONG the numerous vessels recently arriving at this port, consigned to Messrs. Rothschild & Co., are the ship Gold Hunter, from Shanghai; the bark C. L. Taylor, from Australia; the ship Topgallant, from Acapulco; and the bark T. J. Southard, from Sydney, via Honolulu.

POTATOES.—On her recent departure, the Dakota took from Seattle over eight thousand-bushels of potatoes; and if two of the Sound crafts then on the way, had reached port in time, would have carried away in the neighborhood of thirteen thousand bushels. These large shipments were made by two men—Messrs. Baxter and Wilson—who, in the last month, have bought fully fifty thousand bushels of the surplus "spuds" of Puget Sound. Their potatoes will all be shipped below, where the market is at present good for choice varieties. In consequence of their operations and rivalry, potatoes have gone up recently all over the Sound.

PASSENGER LIST.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamship City of Chester sailed from San Francisco on Monday, at noon, for Sound ports. Her passenger list is as follows: For Port Townsend, Louis Hespelton and wife, Chas. Vogt, Jas. Flynn. For Seattle, T. Toklas, P. Strong and wife, O. Groenow, G. A. Miggins, H. H. Page and wife, Benj. Richards, Wm. Orta, C. Thygeson and wife, A. F. Pawell, J. Furst, Anna Maria Nelson, N. D. Inman. For Tacoma, Mrs. L. A. Skinner, L. R. Henderson and wife, Chas. Heneley, Pat McGuire. For Olympia, H. C. Skinner.

FROM PORT DISCOVERY.

Jan. 20, 1870.

EDITOR ARGUS.—The Dakota arrived on the 17th, 32 days out from San Francisco, relieving all anxiety as to her safety. She encountered rough weather and head winds. In attempting to come up the straits she was driven out to sea and lay becalmed around a week waiting for fair wind to bring her into port; but she arrived in safety.

We were favored with a very interesting lecture last Saturday evening, as per appointment, by Mr. Allen Weir, Grand Worthy Secretary of the I. O. G. T., on the subject of Temperance. His remarks were well received and appropriate to the occasion. At the close of the lecture it was proposed, if there were enough who wished to organize a Good Templar lodge here, (Mr. Weir) came prepared to do so. After consulting with several, it was thought advisable to defer action in the matter until a more favorable opportunity.

Last Sunday night the little son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Pugh was taken very suddenly ill. Dr. Minor, being sent for, came over immediately, and found the child suffering from the effects of worms. He was soon relieved, and is now feeling much better.

We are glad to hear that Mrs. J. E. Pugh, who met with the painful accident a week ago last Sunday, is doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances and will be successful in preserving her finger.

The mill is shut down for a few days, undergoing some necessary repairs.

NOW AND THEN.

The National Gold Medal was awarded to Bradley & Rulison for the best Photographs in the United States, and the Vicuna Medal for the best in the world, 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Preaching next Sunday in the M. E. Church, morning and evening, by Rev. S. A. Starr, pastor. Sabbath school at 11:15, P. M.—Dr. N. D. Bibb, supt. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

Services will be held in St. Paul's church on Sunday next at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday school at 9 P. M. Evening prayer on Wednesday at 7 o'clock. Litany on Friday morning, at 10.

Regular services in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday next, by Rev. J. S. Agnew, pastor. Sabbath School as usual.

SUMMARY.—The following is compiled from telegraphic items: Port Townsend, Jan. 17th, arrived—Barkentine C. L. Taylor, from Melbourne, for Port Blakely. Ship Topgallant, from Acapulco, for Port Blakely. 19th, bk Gen Cobb, from Seattle, for San Francisco, bk Oregon, from San Francisco, for Seabeck, schooner La Gironde, from San Francisco, for Seattle, bk Camden, from Port Gamble, for Honolulu, bkne Moloe, from San Francisco, for Seattle. 20th, ship Gold Hunter, from Shanghai, for Port Gamble, bkne North Bend, from San Francisco, for Seattle, bk T. J. Southard, from Australia via Honolulu and Royal Roads, for Port Gamble. 21st, ship Alaska, from San Francisco, for Seattle, schr San Buena Ventura, from San Francisco, for Seattle, bk Henry Back, from San Francisco, for Seattle, bk P. J. Carleton, from San Francisco, for Nanaimo. 23d, bk James Cheston, from San Francisco, for Port Gamble. Seattle, 17th, sailed—bk Enoch Talbot, for San Francisco. 22d, arrived—ship Eldorado, from San Francisco. Milton, 18th, sailed—schr Excelsior, for San Francisco. Port Blakely, 17th, sailed—Bkne R. K. Howe, for San Francisco. 19th, schr Reporter, for Oakland, Cal. 21st, arrived—Ship Coquimbo, from San Francisco. Port Discovery, 17th, arrived—Brig Deacon, from San Francisco.

A session of the Probate Court of this county will be held in town on Monday next.

URANINE.

This is the most recently discovered, and perhaps the most remarkable of all the coal tar or aniline group of coloring substances, now so extensively used for the adornment of the finest fabrics. Uranine is said, by chemists, to be the most highly fluorescent body known to science. Its coloring power is astonishing; a single grain will impart a marked color to nearly five hundred gallons of water.

A most interesting experiment, which anybody may try, consists in sprinkling a few atoms of Uranine upon the surface of water in a glass tumbler. Each atom immediately sends down through the water what appears to be a bright green rootlet; and the tumbler soon looks as if it were crowded full of beautiful plants. The rootlets now begin to enlarge, spread and combine, until we have a mass of soft green-colored liquid. Viewed by transmitted light, the color changes to a bright golden or amber hue; while a combination of green and gold will be realized, according to the position in which the glass is held. For day or evening experiment nothing can be prettier than the trials of Uranine, which are especially entertaining for the young folks. We are indebted for samples of the color to the editors of the "Scientific American," who are sending out specimens, free of charge, to all their readers. The subscription to the paper is \$3.20 for a year, or \$1.60 half year; and a better investment for the money could hardly be named.

PEOPLE'S MARKET,

Opposite Washington Hotel

Constantly on Hand the CHOICEST MEATS AND Vegetables.

Also, Corned Beef and Pork, Smoked Meats, Pork and Bologna Sausages, Head Cheese, Tripe, &c., &c.

L. SMITH & F. TERRY

New Goods

RECEIVED! A LARGE STOCK OF GROCERIES —AND— PROVISIONS

Which are on sale at The Lowest Rates for Cash.

CHARLES EISENBEIS,

PROPHETOR

Pioneer Bakery,

PORT TOWNSEND, T. W.

DIRECTORY.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

GRAND LODGE OF WASHINGTON AND BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Officers:

NAMES,	OFFICES,	P. O. ADDRESS.
F. Kennedy	G. W. C. T.	Kamille, W. T.
W. Raybould	G. Com.	Nanaimo, B. C.
Sist E. Shakespear	G. W. V. T.	Victoria, "
W. H. Roberts	G. W. Treas.	Port Townsend "
Allen Weir	G. W. Sec'y.	Port Townsend "
Sist E. Calvert	G. S. Jay Tem.	Seattle "
Rev G. F. Whitworth	G. Chap.	" "
B. W. Hazen	G. W. Mar.	Dayton "
Sist E. J. McNatt	G. Guard.	Pt Ludlow "
L. F. Bauman	G. Sentinel.	Victoria, B. C.
N. S. Porter	G. A. Sec'y.	Olympia, W. T.
Sist M. Campbell	G. D. M.	Arcade, "
Sarah Bean	G. Messenger.	Seattle, "

Subordinate Lodge Directory.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

No.	Name of Lodge	Postoffice	Lodge Dep'y
1	Forward	Semlahmo.	E. C. Archer
2	Mount Adams	Goldendale.	W. A. McFarland
3	Tacoma	Olympia.	Jos. Chibberg
4	Seattle	Seattle.	John Webster
5	Isling Star	Seattle Coal Mines.	N. H. Yarrin
12	Jefferson	Port Townsend.	N. D. Hill
13	Lu flow	Port Ludlow.	Lewis Poole
16	Pioneer	Waitsburg.	W. G. Preston
17	Fontaine	Tenino.	I. C. Spencer
19	Shakespeare	Port Madison.	C. McBernoth
23	Cascadia	Cascades.	S. B. Jones
25	Beacon	New Fremness.	E. H. McAlmon
33	Oriental	White River.	S. Green
44	Wilderness	Arcade.	Chas. T. Bentley
46	Colfax	Colfax.	Adrian Wisner
54	Skagit	Skagit.	E. G. Hartson

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

1	British Columbia	Victoria.	L. F. Bauman
2	Onward	Nanaimo.	Wm. Raybould
3	Star of Hope	Comox.	B. K. McElman
4	Domination	Ne Westminster.	J. Lord
11	Cedar Hill	Victoria.	Geo. Deons

PUGET SOUND

Steam Navigation Co

CHANGE OF WINTER SCHEDULE.

Commencing Dec. 2, 1878.

STR. NORTH PACIFIC will leave Seattle for Port Townsend and way ports, every

Monday, Wednesday, & Friday, at 3 A. M.

connecting with the steamer ISABEL for Victoria, B. C., on Mondays.

Returning will leave Port Townsend for Tacoma and way ports every

Monday, Wednesday & Friday at 11 A. M.

STR. ALIDA will leave Seattle for Port Townsend and way ports every

TUESDAY, THURSDAY, & SATURDAY at 12:30 A. M.

connecting with the STR. ISABEL for Victoria, B. C., on Thursdays.

Returning will leave Port Townsend for Tacoma and way ports every

TUESDAY, THURSDAY & SATURDAY at 11 A. M.

PORT TOWNSEND

Boot & Shoe STORE.

MEN'S, BOYS' LADIES', MISSES, AND CHILDREN'S

Boots & Shoes

Of the very best qualities and of the Latest Patterns.

Gent's and Ladies'

Arctic Over-Shoes.

Gent's, Ladies', Misses and Children's

Rubber Over-Shoes

This is the Largest and Best Selected Stock of Boots and Shoes on Puget Sound, comprising

Bronze and SATIN DRESSING, MASON'S CHALLENGE BLACKING, FRANK MILLER'S WATER PROOF BLACKING.

MACHINE SILK AND NEEDLES.

Shoe Findings, Of Every Description.

Rigging & Harness Leather, &c., &c.

A complete assortment of

Miscellaneous Stock!

Custom Work

And Repairing executed as usual, and satisfaction guaranteed.

A fair share of the patronage of the public is solicited.

I have a Great REVERENCE for CASH Customers.

John Fitzpatrick.

NEW STORE

General Merchandise.

G. W. MORSE,

OAK HARBOR, W. T.

Produce bought, and supplies of all kinds

retailed at the lowest cash price.

O. F. GERRISH & CO.

—0 WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN 0—

General Merchandise Of Extra Quality.

HARDWARE, AGENTS FOR THE **BUCKEYE**
House and Ship Carpenter's Tools, **MOWER & REAPER**
SHIP CHANDLERY, Taylor's Sulky Rakes,
GROCERIES, **HAINES' HEADER**
PROVISIONS, MOLINE PLOWS,
Boots and Shoes, Sweepstake Threshers
WINES, SEED DRILLS
LIQUORS, Mitchell's Farm Wagons
CIGARS, &c., &c. &c., &c., &c.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS of ALL Kinds At the Lowest Price. Port Townsend, W. T

WATERMAN & KATZ, SHIPPING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS AND DEALERS IN

General Merchandise,

Keep Constantly on Hand

THE LARGEST STOCK

OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS

Consisting in part of Furniture, Lumber, Doors, and Windows, WAGONS, & All Kinds of Building Material Farming Implements, Saddlery, &c.

And will Sell CHEAPER FOR CASH, Than any House on Puget Sound!

AGENTS FOR Wells, Fargo & Company's Express

Our Facilities for Purchasing in the Leading Markets are Superior to any.

We will give and take Exchange on SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK At the most Liberal Discount.

WATERMAN & KATZ.

THE VICTOR NEW



SAVE 25 DOLLARS

and more, by buying a machine that will last you a life time, and that has all the latest improvements.

VICTOR SEWING MACHINE CO., 281 W. Madison St., Chicago, Ill.

[Liberal Terms to Agents.] Send for Circular.