PIONEER AND DEMOCRAT.

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By EDWARD FURSTE.

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L. P. FISHER, No. 117½ Washington Street, up stairs, nearly opposite Maguire's Opera House, is authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions and advertisements in California.

"Love Me Little—Love Me Long."

The following was originally printed in 1669, and has been recalled to the mind of some book worm by the publication of Charles Reade's new novel:

Love me little, love me long,
Is the burden of my song;
Love that is too hot and strong
Burneth soon to waste.
Still I would not have thee cold,
Not too backward or too bold—
Love that lasteth till 'tis old
Fadeth not in haste.
Love me little, love me long,
Is the burden of my song.

If thou lovest me too much,
It will not prove as true as touch,
Love me little, more than such,
For I fear the end.
I am with little well content,
And a little from thee sent,
Is enough, with true intent,
To be steadfast friend.
Love me little, love me long,
Is the burden of my song.

Say thou lov'st me while thou live,
I to thee my love will give,
Never dreaming to deceive
While that life endure:
Nay, and after death, in sooth,
I to thee will keep my truth,
As now, when in my May of youth,
This my love assure.
Love me little, love me long,
Is the burden of my song.

Constant love is moderate ever,
And it will through life persevere;
Give me that, with true endeavor
I will it restore.
A suit of durance let it be,
For all weathers; that for me
For the land, or for the sea,
Lasting evermore.
Love me little, love me long,
Is the burden of my song.

Winter's cold, or summer's heat,
Autumn's tempest on it beat,
I can never know defeat,
Never can rebel.
Such the love that I would gain,
Such the love I tell thee plain,
Thou must give or woo in vain;
So to thee farewell.
Love me long, love me long,
Is the burden of my song.

BLUNDERS EDITORIAL.—A great many ludicrous blunders have been produced by transpositions and leaving out points. A New York paper in announcing the wreck of a vessel says:

"The only passengers were T. B. Nathan, who owned three-fourths of the cargo and the captain's wife!"

A New Orleans editor, recording the career of a mad dog says:

"We are aggrieved to say, the rabid animal, before it could be killed, severely bit Hart and several other dogs."

In another paper we find the following advertisement:

"For sale—An excellent young horse; would suit any timid lady or gentleman with a silver tail."

We heard a good Methodist preacher once "go on" in this way:

"As I was riding along once on one of those beautiful Western prairies, with my dear old wife, who has since gone to heaven in a buggy."

☞ Juarez, President of the Liberal party is Mexico, has been in negotiation with parties in New York for the purpose of raising three thousand American volunteers, in six regiments, to assist him in sustaining his government. The New York *Journal of Commerce* gives the details of the arrangement, and speaks of it as a brilliant scheme.

JUDGE DOUGLAS'S POSITION AGAIN DEFINED.—A "special dispatch" to the Baltimore *Sun*, dated Washington, June 24th, says:

"Judge Douglas stated to-day, to a very prominent Southern politician, that he intends to support the nominee of the Charleston Convention; but that what was meant by the letter to Mr. Dorr, of Iowa, was, that he will not himself consent to run upon a platform that he cannot endorse. In any event, he will adhere to his party against the opposition."

HE'D RATHER DO IT.—Rev. Mr. Clampit, an eccentric preacher of the Methodist church, South, was preaching in Santa Clara Valley; a young man rose to go out, and the preacher said:—"Young man, if you'd rather go to hell than to hear me preach, you may go!" The sinner stopped and reflected a moment, and saying respectfully, "*Well, I believe I would!*" went on.—*San Jose Tribune.*

The National Democratic Party.

There is a vitality in the National Democracy which the disunionists of the Black Republican school do not understand. Down deep in the hearts of the honest masses, there lives an undying love for the great principle of equal rights, which is the fundamental creed of Democracy. That love may be obscured for awhile—but it will blaze out again and the people, drawn away by designing demagogues, will see their error and return to their first faith and love. We do not believe that any other than the National Democratic party can ever have success in this country. The National Democratic party is essentially and necessarily the party of the people. Its creed is the right of the people to rule. Its principles are to protect and enlarge their privileges. The country owes its power and greatness to Democratic measures and Democratic rule. Under this rule the boundaries of the Union have every where been extended; the people have been protected in their rights; the flag of our country has become synonymous with freedom, and the nation expanded from some three millions to thirty. These things cannot be buried. They stand recorded on the pages of our history, and when the temporary excitement created by ambitious demagogues shall have subsided, and the sober second thought shall come in its moral power, the honest masses will be found rallying under the old time honored banner of Democratic progress, re-asserting their principles and re-instating their advocates in place and power. These coalitions of incongruous and inharmonious selfish factions cannot be kept together, and the labor of constructing a platform, on which they can all stand, will be found the work of another Sysiphus, crumbling down as soon as completed.

Democracy is really the only party of permanence now in existence. It is the party of the people, and of the country; the party of life, of vitality, of permanence and power. It is as everlasting in duration as it is invincible in combat, as unchangeable in principle as it is incorruptible and steadfast; and while virtue and intelligence hold a place in the minds of American freemen, this time honored party will exist in a country like ours, and its glory be perpetuated through all time, and its praises shall be sung by millions yet unborn.

Democracy! There is music in the very word—a sort of sacred euphony which swells the heart with that pure love of country which none but true patriots can feel, and that thankfulness to Almighty God for the blessings of such a government as we enjoy which none but the true citizen can offer up.

This great old party is as ancient as the constitution, and it must survive while that shall endure. It has ever been, and ever will be, the watchful guardian and protector of this sacred bond of our Union. It is now in a sounder and stronger condition than it has been for years. Like the fabled giant of old, at the moment when its enemies, in their fierce and persistent struggle against it on the slavery question, vainly believed they had brought it to the ground, it has rebounded with fresh vigor and power. Everywhere—North, South, East, and West—the reaction is astounding its enemies. The traitors to its principles are everywhere leaving its organization, and will soon be clean over to the Black Republican party. The true men are fast closing the ranks, and preparing for a stern and a triumphant conflict with the enemies of the Constitution and the Union. There is no longer any intestine dissension of the least importance in the Democratic party on the slavery question. The principles emblazoned on its banner, are, *non-intervention by Congress, or by Territorial Legislatures, either to establish or prohibit slavery within the Territories, and the protection of slave property therein, as long as the Territorial condition shall remain, by the judiciary under the Constitution of the United States.* In the meantime, what the constitution has recognized to be property the constitution can protect as property through the instrumentality of the judiciary. The Dred Scott decision, recognizing the right of the people of any State to take their slaves into the Territories of the United States, will stand as a landmark whilst the Union shall endure. The waves of Black Republicanism may beat against it in vain. How this principle could ever have been seriously doubted is a mystery.

We shall hear but little more within the ranks of the Democratic party of antagonistic or unfriendly legislation in the Territories against slavery, the Constitution, and the Dred Scott decision. It does not seem to be generally known that even the Kansas Legislature, at their last session, after a severe struggle, repudiated the doctrine, and refused to adopt unfriendly legislation against slavery within the Territory. The advocates of the power in a Territorial legislature, either directly or indirectly, to nullify a decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, must eventually join the brainless Seward and Hickman in asserting the incompatibility of slave and free negro States to live together in the same confederacy, and this is nothing more nor less than rank disunion.

☞ A boarder at a hotel was recently observed to shed tears when the cheese was passed. Upon being asked the cause, he replied that the cheese was "such a moving sight!"

Political.

THE MASSACHUSETTS AMENDMENT—THE GERMAN PLACED BELOW THE NEGRO.—Massachusetts has decided that foreigners shall not vote until two years after they shall have been naturalized. It is said that Vermont, a State which the Black Republicans delight to call all their own, intends to outdo Massachusetts in this business, and make the time five instead of two years. We persume the Black Republican States generally will take up this matter, and will continue to improve upon each other, as to the length of time that shall elapse after a foreigner becomes a citizen of the United States before he shall be allowed to vote; and, by the time this tide of reform shall reach those Northwestern States, in which the Black Republicans have the ascendency, they will extend the time to *twenty-one years*, according to the terms of the oaths taken in the Know Nothing lodges about five years ago, by all the Black Republicans of Illinois, and by at least three-fourths of the rank and file. We commend this subject to the careful consideration of those Germans in Illinois who have been humbugged by the cry of "Slave Oligarchy," "Bleeding Kansas," &c., into the support of Black Republicanism. Massachusetts, the mother of Black Republicanism, allows negroes to vote, but denies that privilege to the Germans, for, at least, two years after they become *citizens*, and if the Germans of Illinois go on assisting their enemies, they may live to see the day, (not far in the future,) when negroes here will be placed over their heads, and put in a position to help their white enemies to vote away the privileges guaranteed to them by the Federal Constitution. It is the nature and spirit of Black Republicanism to place the negro above the foreigners. Give it the power and it will do in every State what it has done in Massachusetts. Let the Germans of the Northwest reflect upon the matter.—*Chicago Herald.*

THE ONLY SAFE PARTY.—"Let the mongrels howl!" So exclaims the *Gettysburg Compiler*, writing on the conduct of the Opposition. It continues: The country will continue to depend upon the old time-tried Democratic party to uphold and protect the Constitution and the Union of the States, as in times past. In the language of the son of Henry Clay, the Democratic party is the *only organization which has the will and the power to preserve the Union from dissolution.*

MORE BLACK REPUBLICAN IMBECILITY.—A number of Black Republican newspapers of Connecticut can stand the mismanagement and mal-legislation of their party no longer. They are pitching into them in a most refreshing manner. The Winsted *Herald* (B. R.) says: "We confess we are ready and willing to see a Democratic Legislature in Connecticut—if all the republican legislatures must be like those past three or four years?"

OBERLIN.—So embittered is Oberlinism to anything southern, that at one time the faculty and students resolved to use no produce of slave labor—of course they cut cotton and eschewed tobacco altogether. An ardent young student, deeply imbued with this anti-slavery sentiment, happened to think, one night, after retiring to bed, that he was between a pair of cotton sheets, out he jumped, took a blanket and slept on the floor until morning. It was rather a hard bed, but it was better to rest little, and turn over often, than snooze all night in the sweat of a negro. Upon waking up in the morning, he found that the carpet, on which he slept, was half cotton!"

☞ The doctrine of popular sovereignty is just this: 1st—Non-interference by Congress with slavery in the Territories, either to establish or prohibit it. 2d—Leaving to the people of the Territories, to manage it, in their own way, subject only to the constitution of the United States.

We indorse that doctrine.—*Oregon Statesman.*

Our sentiments precisely.—ED. *Pioneer.*

☞ The Salem *Advocate* gives the following accurate and concise enumeration of Mr. Buchanan's labors as President of the United States:

"He has accomplished everything he proposed in the outset, so far as the public agencies have rested with him; he has conducted our affairs, both at home and abroad, with prudence, sagacity, and an eye single to the honor and welfare of the nation; he has preserved international peace and domestic harmony through the most perplexing difficulties and delicate complications; he has met every political issue of the times manfully and honestly, rejected all temporizing policy in dealing with them, and firmly adhered to his convictions of public duty, regardless of personal popularity and local prejudices. He has upheld the integrity of the constitution, preserved the Union unimpaired, and will transmit to his successor an example of official purity and patriotism, unsurpassed in our republican annals. He has done all that an honest and able statesman could do, in a few eventful years, to carry out the traditional policy of the government; and, on his own behalf, he asks of his fellow-citizens nothing more than to be permitted to retire to the walks of private life, and enjoy with them the fruits and blessings of this liberal policy."

THE HIGHER LAW CONVENTION.—The Cleveland *Plaindealer* tells us that the Anti-Fugitive Slave Law demonstration at Cleveland on Monday last was "not much of a shower," after all. Although the city was thronged with strangers, but 455 persons (by actual count) joined in the procession, and of these about one-half were negroes. Those who had come to town with "blood in their eyes" and "stern determination" in their breasts, for the purpose of tearing up the jail, liberating the prisoners, and vindicating the omnipotence and equity of the "higher law" by hanging, if need be, the United States officials themselves, were persuaded to listen to the dictates of reason, behaved themselves properly, listened quietly to the speeches of Giddings, Wade, Peck & Co., and at the close of the day retired to their homes in an orderly manner. The march to the jail was the chief feature of the occasion, and transparencies were numerous throughout the procession. On reaching the jail, calls were made for the prisoners, and these presently mounted the jail yard fence and made speeches to the crowd. The *Plaindealer* says:

"We never saw so many negroes in Cleveland before. The public square was so dark with them at one time this forenoon, that they were almost forced to light candles for the orators to speak by. There were about three acres of negroes around the jail yard."

The same paper also relates the following incident:

Col. John Johnson, a veteran of '76, who stood by Washington and his compatriots in the Revolution, and, we believe, now the sole survivor of that immortal few who bore upon their shoulders the remains of Washington to his tomb,—was stopping at the American in this city last night, on his way to West Point.

A committee of Black Republicans immediately called upon him, supposing that he was among the distinguished guests who had come to take part in the Oberlin demonstrations to-day. They found him a sturdy, hale and fine-appearing old Continental, a model of a man physically; and as perpendicular in his political opinions as he was erect in his physical stature. Allusion was made to the music in the streets, the crowds of people, and other foreshadowings of the great Republican Carnival in the city—when the old gentleman, drawing himself up to his full height, his eyes flashing fire, said: "Yes, a disgraceful, a treasonable demonstration, and was Andrew Jackson in the Presidential chair, he would hang every one of them."

The committee vamosed.

Personal and General Intelligence.

ARROW ROCK, Mo., July 20th.—Great excitement in Marshall yesterday. One negro was burned and two were hung by a mob of from 800 to 900. Sheriff, deputies and jailors were driven from their posts and the negroes taken from the jail. The negroes were on trial in the morning, one for murdering a man near Waverly, one for an attempt to murder near here, and one for attempting to commit a rape near Marshall. Excitement ceased about four o'clock in the evening, and the mob dispersed without trouble.

☞ Prince Charles of Bavaria has just made a morganatic marriage with Mme. Holkuen, widow of an author, and she has been created Baroness de Frankenberg; and Prince Louis, eldest son of Duke Maximilian of Bavaria, has married Mlle. Meuthe, an actress, who has been created Baroness de Waldsee. The Prince, who is brother of the Empress of Austria, has renounced his birthright in favor of his brother, Prince Charles Theodore.

TRIAL OF RIFLED CANNON.—The Board of officers to assemble at Fortress Monroe, Va., on Tuesday, the 12th instant, or as soon thereafter as practicable, for the trial of such rifled cannon as may be presented by the Ordnance Department, consists of—Brevet Colonel B. Huger, Major Ordnance Department; Captain J. Vodges, 1st Artillery; Brevet Major H. J. Hunt, Captain 2d Artillery; Captain A. B. Dyer, Ordnance Department; Captain A. A Gibson, 2d Artillery; First Lieutenant R. C. Drum, 4th Artillery; Captain J. F. Gardner, 10th Infantry, is appointed Recorder of the Court.

Upon the completion of the experiments, a detailed report will be made for the information of the Secretary of War.

☞ JAME'S new rifled cannon was tested on the 7th of July at Chicopee, Mass. It sent a thirteen pound shot four miles, with the charge of a pound and a quarter of powder. Some are of the opinion that it will be of greater practical value in war, than the Napoleon and Armstrong guns.

☞ The coming of the Japanese Ambassador, for whose accommodation the *Mississippi* was sent on by the United States Government, has been postponed for six months or a year. There is said to be some difference of opinion among the Japanese Grandees upon the policy of sending an Ambassador, and more time is wanted to think upon it.

☞ It is said that Mr. Fernando Wood gave a dinner at Delmonico's in token of his joy at the *denouement* of "the sickles tragedy."

☞ If full developments be made on the trial of Mr. Seaman, the late Democratic Superintendent of Printing, others will be implicated. He was only one of a corrupt combination

DEAD.—Brevet Major S. C. Ridgely, Fourth Artillery, U. S. A., we regret to learn, died last night, in Georgetown, D. C.

☞ The remains of the late Dr. G. Bailey, of the *National Era*, which arrived at New York on the steamer Vanderbilt, on Sabbath morning, were conveyed to Washington City, and finally interred in the Congressional burying ground on Tuesday morning last.

☞ The Third Avenue railroad, in New York city, have commenced running their cars from the Astor House to Harlem—eight miles—for six cents.

☞ Mr. Saunders, the Philadelphia sculptor, has just finished a marble bust of the Hon. A. H Stephens, of Georgia.

☞ The library of Baron Humbolt, left as a legacy to his body servant, has been purchased for $4,000, by Mr. Wright, the American Envoy at Berlin.

THE ATLANTIC TELEGRAPH.—There is a probability that the magnificent scheme of a sub-marine telegraph across the Atlantic will be accomplished by the company which now has the great work in hand, although the result of their advertisement, inviting subscriptions to the amount of $3,000,000, is not yet known. The plans of the company are minutely stated in a London paper. They attribute the failure of the cable wholly to the rough handling it received subsequent to the first attempt to lay it down—it having to be re-coiled, stored in tanks, re-coiled in ships, and afterwards subjected to a severe trial during a series of gales. The Directors represent that they are doing all they can to profit by the past, and promise to expend no more money until they have consulted the first scientific men of the age, whose names will soon be made public. They add, in the statement referred to—

"That the government privileges and the traffic arrangement to America are highly valuable in themselves, and will ensure a permanent basis of success when the cable is laid, the guarantied income, without a shilling from public, mercantile, shipping, or commercial messages, being £34,000 a year, besides the guaranty of 8 per cent. on £600,000.

That the directors will effect policies of insurance, guaranteeing the successful submersion of the cable; therefore that question (the most serious of the whole) will this time rest on a perfectly safe basis.

But beyond this, contractors are ready to make, and lay, and work successfully for thirty days after it is laid, a cable such as men of the highest scientific character shall recommend.

The contractors will take part of their money out in shares. They postpone all their profit until after the cable has worked at a defined commercial speed for thirty days. Their profit will be reckoned in the form of a commission upon the whole cost as ascertained by a public accountant; and if they fail in working the cable during thirty days complete, they will forfeit the whole of their large profit, and a further sum of £10,000 in hard cash, to be held back out of the cost price of the cable until the full completion of the contract."

☞ In the year 1681, the province of New Jersey was offered for sale, at twenty-five thousand dollars. An original letter is still in existence, containing a proposal for the sale, in which it is represented as "a country almost as large as England, belonging to the late George Cartaret."

A GRANDMOTHER AT TWENTY-SIX YEARS.—We have been informed of a remarkable instance of early development in Franklin county. It is that of a negro woman belonging to a gentleman in that county, who gave birth to a female child at 14 years of age. The daughter improved upon the example of her mother, and gave birth to a child at 11 years of age. So that there is only a difference of 26 years between the ages of grand-mother and grand-daughter.—*Richmond Dispatch.*

☞ An extraordinary circumstance took place at Oshawa, Canada, recently, a mare giving birth to three healthy foals. Strange to say, the mother took fright at the singular predicament in which she found herself placed, and ran off and left her offspring. After a little persuasion, however, she consented to own one of them, and gave it food, but would have nothing to do with the other two, one of which she kicked so as to cause its death. The other forsaken one has been carefully nursed by hand, and is doing well.

A HUNGARIAN, writing from Pesth to the London *Times*, says that the idea of a successful revolution in Hungary is an illusion. Hungary, he thinks, cannot be made independent of Austria except with the consent of the great European Powers. Nor does he believe that independence is desired by the mass of the people of Hungary, who only ask that Francis Joseph, not as Emperor of Austria, but as King of Hungary, shall restore to them their ancient rights and privileges.

☞ Women are called the "softer sex," because they are so easily humbugged.—Out of one hundred girls, ninety-five would prefer ostentation to happiness—a dandy husband to a mechanic.

Wit and Humor.

FAST GIRLS.—A Bowery boy informs us that his occupation is gone, for all the sewing-girls now "*run wid der mersheen.*"

☞ Two Georgia pine woodmen went to a city church; the organist struck a deep bass, whereat the two fellows struck a bee line for the door, and outside, one said: "My gracious, Sam, what a horrible groan that was!"

☞ The German girls, on the East side of New York, are, literally, avenue D-ities!

☞ An old bachelor friend spells women—*whim*-en.

☞ A histrionic party, who has heard a good deal about the "Theatre of War," suggests that the back seats must be desirable.

☞ A wag says, that in journeying lately, he was put into an omnibus with a dozen persons, of whom he did not know a single one. Turning a corner shortly after however, the omnibus was upset. "And then," said he, "I found them all *out.*"

☞ The modern way of asking for a marriage license is to say—"Clerk, give me an order for a woman."

☞ We know a man so mean that he won't draw his breath for fear that he will lose the interest.

☞ A Philadelphia paper says of a drunken negro, who fell down a cellar-way, "His life was preserved by his striking head first."

☞ An exchange, speaking of the treatment a police officer received from a drunken woman whom he was endeavoring to take to jail says, she knocked and cuffed him round as freely as if he had been her husband!

INTERESTING QUESTION.—An Ohio editor asks: "What can be more captivating than to see a beautiful woman, say about four feet eleven inches high, eleven feet four inches diameter, and thirty-four feet in circumference, passing along the aisle, just as divine service commences?"

☞ "I do not wish your assertions to pass for truth, madam." "You can easily prevent it, sir, by repeating them yourself!"

☞ "Speaking of shaving," said a pretty girl to an obdurate old bachelor, "I should think that a pair of handsome eyes would be the best mirror to shave by." Yes, many a poor fellow has been *shaved* by them," he replied.

☞ "What branch of education do you have chiefly in your school?" "A branch of birch, sir; the master has used almost a whole tree"

☞ The room where the matrimonial harness is kept is indeed well termed "a *bridle*-chamber."

☞ Ladies *rouge* by the aid of looking-glass; gentlemen call in the assistance of the wine-glass!

☞ "I live by my pen," said a vulgar author to a lady. "You look, sir, as if you ought to live *in* a pen."

☞ It may sound like a paradox, yet the breaking of both of an army's wings is a pretty sure way to make it fly.

☞ The man who "took a walk," the other day, brought it back again; but the next day he took a ride, and went off with it.

☞ A dyspeptic who has tried hydropathy, allopathy, and homœpathy, finds great relief in antipathy!

☞ If you wish to dispense with butter, take a sweet, plump damsel to wife; and you can relish your crust and coffee at breakfast without any but her.

☞ *Boy* (with tin box passing through railroad car and calling out)—"Gum drops? Gum drops? Gum drops?"

Old Gent.—"Oh, go away with you! I've got no teeth, and can't chew them."

Boy.—"Yes you can, Mister—they're *gum drops.*"

☞ It is said to be dangerous to be working with a sewing machine near a window when there is a thunder storm. It is also very dangerous to sit near some sewing machines when there is no thunder storm.

☞ Fanny Fern says she had a narrow escape from being a minister's wife, and tells how she would have acted in such a case. Her mad pranks, says Prentice, would evidently have made her husband a dissenting minister.

☞ In the game of life we should watch for the "Last Trump!"

☞ "The little darling—he didn't strike Mrs. Smith's baby a purpose, did he? It was a mere accident was'nt it, dear!"—"Yes ma'am, to be sure it was, and if he don't behave himself, I'll crack him again."

☞ An Irish lover has remarked that it is a great pleasure to be alone, especially when you have your sweetheart with you.

☞ A modest young lady, desiring a leg of chicken at table, said she would take "that part that ought to be dressed in pantalets." A gentleman opposite immediately called for "that part which usually wears the bustle."

☞ Two Irishmen were in jail for stealing, the one a cow and the other a watch. "Mike," said the cowstealer, "what o'clock is it?" "An' sure, Pat, I guess it is about milking time."

Pioneer and Democrat.

OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1859.

EDWARD FURSTE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

"Truth crush'd to earth will rise again,
The eternal years of God are hers."

Arrival of the Steamer "Chippewa," at Fort Benton—The Walla Walla and Fort Benton Wagon Road—Steamers on the Upper Columbia.

It affords us great pleasure to inform our readers that a steamer has ascended the Upper Missouri. An express reached the camp of Lieut. MULLAN, at the Cœur d'Aline mission, on the 19th of August, bringing the gratifying intelligence that the steamer *Chippewa* reached Fort Benton on the 7th of July. This steamer was not built expressly for the river, but was picked up for the occasion by P. CHOUTEAU, jr. & Co., to test the practicability of the enterprise. It draws about two and a half feet of water. Heretofore steamers have never ascended the Missouri higher than the mouth of Milk river, some four hundred miles below Fort Benton.

The present year has been full of moment to the development of the great northern route. In 1853 and 1854 the practicability of navigating the Missouri with steamers to Fort Benton and the waters of the Upper Columbia was insisted upon by Gov. STEVENS in his reports of the exploration and survey of the Northern Pacific Rail Road Route, and this judgment was repeated in his subsequent reports—especially in his reports as Superintendent of Indian Affairs, and in his final report of the exploration now being published by order of the Senate. The Upper Missouri itself, from Fort Benton to the mouth of Milk River, was actually surveyed under his direction in September and October 1853, by Lieut. GROVER, an officer of his exploration, and the Governor himself descended the Upper Columbia from Walla Walla to the mouth of the DesChutes in November of the same year. Dr. SUCKLEY, the surgeon and naturalist of the eastern division of the exploration, descended the waters of the Upper Columbia from the Bitter Root valley to Vancouver in a canoe, also in the fall of the same year, excepting a short distance from the lower Pend d'Oreille Mission, on Clark's Fork, to Colville. The data collected by these several examinations afforded the grounds of the official reports in favor of the practicability of navigating the upper waters of these rivers by steamers.

It has, however, required six years of exertion to verify these judgments practically. Great exertions were made in 1855 to have the goods for the Blackfoot council brought to Fort Benton in steamers. Although the urgent representations of Gov. STEVENS to this effect were cordially endorsed by the other Commissioner, Gov. CUMMING, the steamer proceeded no further than Fort Union, at the mouth of the Yellow Stone. In many other official reports the attention of the government has been called to the subject, and it is due, in great part, to an intelligent view of its own necessities by the government that the practical demonstration has not been deferred to another year.

R. R. Thompson & Co., the enterprising pioneers of steamer navigation on the upper Columbia, were enabled to embark in the enterprise in consequence of the heavy government freighting business, of which they had the contract, required for the supply of the interior posts. They have pushed their steamer the present year to Priest's Rapids, on the main Columbia, eighty miles above old Fort Walla Walla, and to the mouth of the Palouse and Tukanon, on Snake river, seventy-five miles above old Fort Walla Walla, and sixty-four miles above the mouth of Snake river. These same gentlemen having the contract to transport the supplies for the depot at Colville, are now putting a sailing craft on the Columbia above Priest's Rapids, and will pursue the same course in testing the practicability, for steamers, of the Columbia above these rapids, as they did below that point. They will first try to carry the supplies in sail vessels from Priest's Rapids to the Kettle Falls, near Colville, and if they succeed in thus using the river continuously, they will next year put on a steamer.

PIERRE CHOUTEAU jr., & Co., have, for two years, (this year and next) the contract for carrying to Fort Benton the annuity goods of the Blackfoot Indians. The treaty and annuity goods of the eastern tribes of Washington Territory, must also next year go up the Missouri to Fort Benton, and thence be wagoned to the Bitter Root valley. They will, the coming winter, build one or more steamers specially adapted to the Upper Missouri, from Fort Union to Fort Bention—steamers which will be used exclusively on that portion of the river, and which can unquestionably be used on it for more than seven months of the year—that is at all times when the river is not obstructed by ice.

We also learn that Lieut. MULLAN is making the most encouraging progress in opening the road connecting the navigable waters of the Missouri and Columbia. The party is exceedingly well organized, is perfectly harmonious, has an adequate escort, is in no danger from Indians, and is full of hope and confidence in the success of its labors. On the 2d of August, Lieut. Mullan, with his working parties, was eleven miles beyond the Cœur d'Alene Mission, and at a point only thirty-seven miles from the divide of the Bitter Root Mountains, and seventy-five miles from the confluence of the St. Regis Borgia, with the Bitter Root river. The route thence is up the Bitter Root river to the Hell Gate Ronde, in the Bitter Root valley—a distance of sixty-five miles, and in the general vicinity of which the party will winter.

This route was very carefully explored, and a line of barometric levels run in the northern railroad survey, is shown on the published maps, and was passed over by Lieut. Mullan in 1854. With the force at Lieut. Mullan's disposal, there will be no difficulty in the careful and exact location of the wagon road. We learn that Capt. DE LACY and Mr. SOHON have been sent ahead to the mouth of the St. Regis de Borgia to make a reconnoisance, having in view the best possible location and the ascertaining the exact amount of work to be done, in order to arrange the working party.

This arrangement shows the forecast of Lieut. M. This gentleman is most admirably adapted to the important trust which has been placed in his hands. He will press on with his characteristic vigor and judgment, and there is doubt in his mind, that he will reach his wintering place in season. When it is recollected that on the 20th of August he was only thirty-seven miles from the summit of the Bitter Root mountains, that on the summit he can work till the 20th of October, and perhaps later, and that from a prairie only seven miles beyond the summit, he can operate half way down the St. Regis till the middle of November, and down the remainder of the St. Regis and up the Bitter Root valley, through all November and December, it is very evident that no fears need be apprehended as to his accomplishing his work.

The work is comparatively light along the valley of the Bitter Root, and from Hell Gate, among the several surveyed and reported on routes to Fort Benton, there is one by the Hell Gate and little Blackfoot vallies, on which wagons have passed for four seasons. This route was explored and the first wagon taken over it by Lieut. Mullan in March 1854, when on duty with the railroad survey.

We felicitate, not only *our Territory* but the *whole country*, on the results accomplished and to be accomplished the present year. A wagon road—which can be pursued by emigrants next year—connecting the navigable waters of the Missouri and the Columbia, involving a distance of only between five and six hundred miles, and the practical demonstration of the navigability of the river, in the fact that steamers have actually reached the termini.

To make, however, a wagon road suitable for military purposes, and which can be used at all seasons of the year, especially during high waters—a road of easy grades, properly drained, the streams all bridged, and over which heavy wagons can be hauled—an additional appropriation of one hundred thousand dollars will be required, as recommended by the Secretary of War in his report to the military committee of the Senate at the last session of Congress. That the appropriation asked for by the Secretary will be promptly made at the forthcoming session, we can hardly doubt.

DISTRICT COURT.—A term of the United States district court, Chief Justice O. B. MCFADDEN, presiding, was convened here on Monday last, and is now in session at the capitol building. An unusal amount of criminal and civil business is upon the docket for investigation. Many cases not heard at the last term of court will come up for hearing at the present, among others, a case in admiralty,—the owners of the steamer *Resolute*, *vs.* the Pacific Mail Steam Ship Co., for damages occasioned by collision of the steamer *Northerner* with the former vessel, in October last. The damages claimed, we believe, is $5,000.

The convening of court has caused an unusual influx of strangers to our otherwise quiet, and, at this time, we might say, dull city. There is more life and animation just now than we have witnessed here since the close of the last legislature, when the "wisdom" of Washington Territory was centered in Washington's capital, and we are fully convinced that the "vital spark" of the "body politic" has not yet entirely fled.

The proceedings of the court will be published as soon as a copy of the same can be obtained.

THANKS—To Freeman & Co. and Wells, Fargo & Co. for files of Portland and Victoria papers.

GEN. HARNEY.—We are credibly informed that Gen. HARNEY will urgently recommend to the Secretary of War the immediate completion of the military roads within our Territory, now incomplete for want of funds to make them so. The road from Steilacoom to Bellingham Bay is barely passable for pack animals, and unless another appropriation be obtained, the amount expended thereon will virtually have been thrown away. The General will also urge the construction of a number of roads on the east side of the mountains. Without roads over which troops and the paraphernalia of war could be readily transported, a veteran army, of which every man might be a hero, would be comparatively worthless. The gratitude of our people is due to Gen. H., and we are confident it will be ever bestowed.

EXPLORATION.—The Queen Charlotte's Island gold searching expedition having returned to Victoria, meeting with no success, Major DOWNIE, formerly of California, with a party of fourteen men, was to have started some ten of twelve days since on another tour of exploration and search, with a view of prospecting the country, creeks and rivers, to the eastward, in the direction of Fort Alexandria. They also will examine and report upon the adaptability of the country for settlement and cultivation. As but little is known of the region of country which the expedition will traverse, we expect to hear something interesting when the journal of the party shall be published. They contemplated reaching Victoria again in six weeks after their departure.

RATHER MOIST.—Rain commenced falling in considerable quantities on Tuesday evening last, and up to the time of writing this (Thursday noon), one would have reason to believe that the "clerk of the weather" had lost all control of the watery element. Unless it soon "dries up," the injury to crops will be great, much of the grain being down.

MASONIC.—At the recent session of the Grand Lodge of Washington Territory, the following officers were elected for the ensuing Masonic year:

JAS. BILES, Grand Master; JAS. A. GRAHAME, Deputy Grand Master; W. H. WOOD, Senior Grand Warden; H. K. WHITE, Junior Grand Warden; T. M. REED, Grand Secretary; BENJ. HARNED, Grand Treasuer.

MINSTRELS.—The "Taylor Minstrels" have been giving a series of entertainments here during the present week, which have been generally attended, and are always applauded. Their delineations of negro character are of the first order, and the music first rate, whilst some of their puns and conundrums are well calculated to drive away the blues and "blue devils," but exceedingly dangerous to buttons. It is worth all they ask to hear and see them.

THANK YOU, KINDLY.—The Rev. Mr. and Mrs. DEVORE will accept our most gracious thanks for a box of fine apples. We are not sufficiently versed in pomology to give the precise names of the specimens sent us, but for want of a better name, but none more appropriate, shall christen them "the best." Please accept our thanks and well-wishes for your future welfare, where'er you may go, and know ye that

"I count myself in nothing else so happy,
As in a soul remembering my good friends."

☞ Mr. PROSCH, of the Puget Sound *Herald*, accompanied by his lady, paid a flying visit to Olympia during the present week. We hope they were agreeably entertained whilst here, and that they have formed a favorable impression of the sociability of our citizens. We honestly believe they are entitled to that credit, and therefore should like to hear from you, friend PROSCH

ARRIVAL.—The steamer *Ranger No. 2*, Capt. J. S. HILL, arrived here on Monday last, from Seattle, with a very large passenger list, most of whom are here on business pertaining to court, (now in session) or courting (now in fashion.) The *Ranger* has always been a favorite with many of our citizens, whilst the Captain has been singularly popular. In fact, he has been singled out amongst many as specially deserving of confidence. (See marriage notice in another column." The *Ranger* having undergone thorough repair, the crew been "shipped and hired over," and the vessel newly officered, (the Captain having augmented that department by taking unto himself a chief mate, rather delicate, however,) we now can, and hereby do recommend the "2" as entitled to every confidence and patronage.

Capt. HILL, allow us to wish you and your amiable "second" mate much and lasting joy.

DEFERRED.—An account of our trip by the steamer *Julia*, to the "North'ard," Victoria, San Juan Island, and towns on the Sound, must unavoidably be deferred until some future time.

ARRIVAL OF THE JULIA.

News from the Atlantic States to 5th August.

ANOTHER TERRIBLE RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Kentucky Election.

LETTER FROM PRESIDENT BUCHANAN.

The U. S. M. steamer *Julia*, Capt. BUSHNELL, arrived here from Victoria and way ports this morning at 3 o'clock.

The steamship *Commodore* arrived at Victoria from San Francisco, *via* Portland, on Wednesday, bringing papers from New York of 5th August.

We are again under obligating to Purser LOWELL, of the *Julia*, for favors. Immediately after the arrival of the steamer, he sent to our office the New York *Herald* of Aug. 5th, San Francisco *Bulletin* of Aug. 28th, and the Victoria *Gazette* and *Colonist* of the 7th inst. We can assure Mr. LOWELL that such favors are duly appreciated by us.

We learn from Purser L. that the *Commodore* passed the *Northerner* in Columbia river on Monday evening, both bound out. The *Northerner* had got aground at Swan Island, in the Willamette river, and hence the failure of her arrival.

From the papers received, we clip the following:

Kentucky Election.

LOUISVILLE, August 2, 1859.

The following Congressmen are elected:—

District.	*Names.*	*Politics.*
1	Burnett	Democrat.
2	Peyton	Democrat (probably.)
3	Bristow	Opposition.
4	Anderson	Opposition.
5	Brown	Democrat.
6	Gerrard	Democrat, (probably.)
7	Mallory	Opposition.
8	Simms	Democrat, (probably.)
9	Moon	Democrat, (probably.)
10	Stevenson	Democrat.

The returns indicate the election of Mr. Magoffin, the Democratic candidate for Governor.

The State Legislature, on joint ballot, will have a small democratic majority.

ALBANY, August 3, 1859.

A terrible accident occurred on the Northern Railroad, near Schaghticoke, last night. The down train, due in Albany at 7.25 P. M., while passing over the bridge which spans the Tomhannock, was precipitated into the creek below, a distance of twenty to twenty-five feet. The water was about six to eight feet deep. Over thirteen persons are reported to have been killed.

The venerable and distinguished Richard Rush, of Pennsylvania, who has seen nearly half a century of public service, in various local and national offices, died at Philadelphia on Sunday morning, July 29.

ARMY INTELLIGENCE.—A general court martial was held on Wednesday morning, at the United States Army quarters in State street, for the trial of Major Osborn Cross, lately Quartermaster at San Francisco, California, on a charge of embezzlement and misapplication of public moneys, and disobedience of orders and army regulations. To the latter Major Cross plead guilty, the former not guilty. The following officers, by order of the War Department at Washington, composed the tribunal:—Col. J. K. T. Mansfield, inspector General; Col. Gustavus Loomis, Fifth infantry; Col. H. K. Craig, Ordnance Department; Col. D. D. Tompkins, Quartermaster's Department; Col. Dixon S. Miles, Second infantry; Brevet Lieut. Col. R. C. Buchanan, Major 4th Infantry; Lieut. Col. J. W. Ripley, Ordnance Department; Brevet Major A. B. Eaton, Captain Subsistence Department; Major A. Cady, Sixth Infantry; Major John Sedgwick, First cavalry; Major A. Mordecai, Ordnance Department, and Capt. Sam. Jones, First artillery, as Judge Advocate. Col. Mansfield presided.

No decision had been arrived at up to the date of the steamer's sailing.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Information has been received at the State Department that proper steps have been taken by the Chinese Government to carry into effect arrangements, made by U. S. ex-Minister Reed, for payment of various claims of American citizens, amounting to about $700,000.

PITTSBURG, July 30.—The following letter from President Buchanan was received, this morning, by the Hon. Wilson McCandless:

BEDFORD, Pa., July 25, 1859

MY DEAR SIR:—I have received your kind note of the 19th inst., with a letter from the *Post;* and whilst I appreciate as it deserves the ability and friendship displayed in the editorial, I yet regret that it has been published. My determination not to, under any circumstances, become a candidate for re-election, is final and conclusive. My best judgment and strong inclinations unite in favor of this course. To cast doubts upon my predetermined purposed is calculated to impair my influence in carrying out important measures, and afford a pretext for saying that they have been dictated by a desire to be renominated.

With the kindest regards, &c., I remain, sincerely and respectfully,

Your friend,
JAMES BUCHANAN.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—Advices received from Nicaragua give assurances of a fair prospect of a satisfactory settlement of the transit difficulties, and speak in confident terms of the ability of General Jerez to secure the rejection by the Congress of the Lamar-Sillada treaty, which is objected to by our Government.

There seems to be no doubt but the mission to Central America will be tendered to Judge Bowlin, whose visit to Bedford is on that business, by invitation.

The Treasury balance on the 25th, was nearly $5,000,000. The receipts of the week ending on that day, were $2,252,000. The amount of drafts paid, $1,616,000. Drafts issued, $2,114,000. Amount of increase over the former week, $138,000.

Private advices from Tucson, of July 16, mention a hostile meeting between Lieut. Mowry and Edward E. Cross, editor of the *Arizonian*. Four shots were fired without effect; at the last fire, Lieut. Mowry's rifle did not discharge; it was decided that he was entitled to his shot, and Mr. Cross stood without arms to receive it, but Mowry refused to fire at an unarmed man, and discharged his rifle in the air and declared himself satisfied. Mutual explanations were made and their difficulties adjusted.

The Opata Indians were committing great ravages in Northern Sonora, shooting men and ravishing women. The troops seem afraid to attack them.

An American citizen belonging to Arizona, is in jail at Magdalena for no offence, and fears were entertained that he would be murdered. It is utterly impossible for an American to travel now in Sonora without being massacred or robbed of everything. Lieut. Mowry will have no opposition for delegate to Congress from Arizona.

It is the intention of the government to establish posts on the frontier of the Apache country.

The *States* mentions the reception of important private despatches from Northern Mexico, stating that it is expected within the next ninety days that 3,000 American troops will be organized on the Rio Grande, properly armed and equipped for the purpose of marching upon the city of Mexico and exterminating the whole Miramon faction.

WASHINGTON, August 3, 1859.

The President has called a meeting of the Cabinet to-day to consider the despatches from Minister McLane in relation to the treaty with the constitutional government of Mexico. It is reliably ascertained that several months ago the Miramon government invited France and England to assume the protectorate of Mexico, but they have given no response to the proposition.

The receipts into the Treasury for the last three quarters of the fiscal year, ending on 1st of July, from customs, lands and miscellaneous sources, were $38,580,000 more than Mr. Cobb's estimates.

Private despatches announce the serious illness of Senator Davis, of Mississippi.

The Secretary of the Treasury has left Washington for a brief visit to his home in Georgia.

WASHINGTON, August 4, 1859.

The administration has under consideration a reply to Minister McLane's despatches. President Juarez will concede the right of way for railway and canal transits, with leave to protect the persons and property of our citizens, in case he is unable to afford such protection himself, and will also grant us a reciprocal commercial treaty. Miramon's agents are negotiating for a quantity of Sharpe's rifles.—The Treasury returns show the imports of dry goods in 1858 and 1859 to be twenty per cent less than those of 1856 and 1857, while the change of tariff makes the revenue from the same source $37,000,000 less than in 1856 and in 1857.

Acting Land Commissioner Wilson transmitted, on the 3d instant, to the Governor of Arkansas, patent No. 4, of swamp lands in the Batesville district, under the act of 1850, for 295,660 acres. The States receives in all some ten millions acres. These lands, when drained, will be the best lands in the State and a prolific source of revenue.

Mr. Sickles denies that he has taken a house here for the next winter. His wife will not come here, but remains in New York, or will visit Europe with her father.

Judge Black leaves town on Saturday for a week or two.

Secretary Cobb is in Georgia on a visit to his family.

ST. LOUIS, July 29.—Parties have arrived at St. Joseph from the Kansas mines, bringing $13,500 in gold dust. They disposed of $8,000 at Omaha City, making a total of $20,500 from these mines.

CAPTAIN BRAGG.—Col. Braxton Bragg, to whom General Taylor, at the battle of Palo Alto, is said to have addressed the famous works, "A little more grape, Capt. Bragg," is reported to be the democratic candidate for a local office at Labfourche, La.

BLOODY RIOTS IN BALTIMORE.—Aug. 2d.—The American party are holding their primary elections to-night, to select delegates to the City Nominating Convention. There is a great deal of rowdyism. The ballot boxes in the Twentieth ward have been smashed to pieces, and it is reported that in the Sixth ward two men have been shot. The struggle is between the rowdy and respectable portion of the party, and the indications are that the former will be successful.

NINE O'CLOCK, P. M.

Pistols are being freely used in some localities. A man named Sullivan has just been arrested in the Sixth ward for firing a large horse pistol, loaded with slugs.—Thos. Rowe has been shot in the knee, and Wm. Thompson in the leg. There are reports of violent proceedings in other parts of the city.

EUROPEAN NEWS.—LONDON, July 17.—The Vienna correspondent of the London *Times* says that the representatives of Austria, France and Sardinia will soon meet at Zurich to conclude a treaty of peace. There will be no Congress of the Great Powers to ratify the treaty, the Emperors of France and Austria having agreed to settle the difficulties without the intervention of the neutral powers.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Post* says that both emperors are convinced that the basis of the peace agreed upon by them is, in many respects, impracticable. The English journals continue to ridicule the terms of the peace. The *Post*, Lord Palmerston's organ, attacks the proceedings at Villafranca with some severity. The Paris correspondent of the London *News* says that there is a feeling of disappointment, and even of indignation, among all who took a sincere interest in the object of the war. The Emperor has seriously lowered himself in the opinion of all classes.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Herald* says that the greatest activity prevailed all along the French coast. The channel coast was being fortified, and from Cherbourg to Dunkirk earth batteries were being constructed at a disiance of every 3,000 yards.

The Paris *Pays* says that the whole Imperial Guard division of infantry of the line and the battalion of Chasseurs were selected from different corps of army in Italy, had received orders to march immediately for Paris, where they will receive a distinguished reception.

ITALY.—There are strong indications of of discontent in some parts of Italy. Great excitement existed at Florence. The Provisional Government of Tuscany has issued a proclamation describing the basis of the peace as betraying the fairest hope that the Tuscan Government participated in—that these were the sentiments of the people—and declaring that the Tuscans will not be replaced under the yoke or influence of Austria against her will and rights.

Le Norde says that a French corps of 40,000 men will remain in Italy until a reorganization of the country according to the treaty of Villafranca.

Piedmontese correspondent of the London *News* says that fresh Piedmontese troops are going to Romagna to maintain order and take from the Pope all hope of recovering it by the help of his Swiss Guards.

Most important towns of the Roman States had sent deputations to confer with Garibaldi in regard to the condition of affairs.

Modena and Parma are said to be in a state of revolt.

The Austrian troops remain in their position the same as if peace had not been concluded.

Orders had been given to some of the French ships of war to protect Frenchmen and their property in Tuscany, in case of need.

A Paris correspondent of the London *Post* says that it has never been intended to support by a French army the return of the Grand Duke of Tuscany.

It was reported that Sardinia has recalled her representative from Tuscany and Modena, and that the Provisional Government of Tuscany and Modena are organizing a force to oppose the return of the Duke.

Chevalier Pertgi had been sent from Florence on a special mission.

The correspondent of the London *Times* says that the news of peace produced the greatest exasperation and defection at Turin. The Emperor was accused of being a traitor to Italy, and his portraits had to be withdrawn from the shop windows to prevent them from being broken. The *Opinione*, of Turin, manifests dissatisfaction at Venice being allowed to remain in the hands of Austria.

The Government of Lombardy had cautioned editors of the press against using invectives, and recommended them to assume sentiments of moderation, under pain of suppression.

PRUSSIA.—The Prince Regent had issued an order to the army, expressing satisfaction with the treaty of peace, and conclusion of the war.

PORT TOWNSEND, Aug. 25, 1859.

MR. FURSTE—

ESTEEMED SIR:—It is refreshing in the youth of our "North West State" (?) to see the *Judiciary* affixing upon her future movement precedents not unworthy the highest tribunals of our common country. I venture to say that no one witnessing the bearing of Judge FITZHUGH through the arduous term of three weeks just closed, but must have been struck with the ability and clearness of his rulings and decisions. I send you two cases of much importance to the people of this Territory. Heretofore, if any one had a claim upon another he "went it" by attachment with a "looseness." The Judge deserves lasting honor for nipping this great evil—a good law being badly abused.

The case of the widow and children of John Alexander merits all honor to the head and heart that can so appreciate the truthful relations of society. The tribunal "visited the widow and the fatherless" in great affliction, and in a manner worthy the Territory of Washington.

The Judge was also, very severe upon the too common practice, heretofore, of hunting up jurors to impeach their own verdicts by relation of irregularities or alleged error of judgment.

Judge Frost's case—the mountain that has labored for six months past, in reality for a political purpose, dropped totally down and melted out on the evidence. Curtailing, wonderfully, the necessity of any exertion on the part of his counsel, Messrs. Dennison and Kendall. Few tribunals that I have witnessed, presented a better array of talent and courteous demeanor. Mr. Anderson looked closely, as he always does, after the moral interests of the Territory—a perfect "*Chasseur des Coquins.*" Chenoweth, always able, prosecuted rigidly, but wilted in chasing the "*hoar Frost.*" Clark appeared and was seduced away by John H. Scranton. Wallace, Garfield and Kendall were busy as nailors and eloquent as usual. Hubbs, comparatively quiet but full of "cases," and Dennison, always master of his work, and talking to "the point at issue."

Respectfully, yours,
RICHARD ROE.

IMPORTANT DECISION IN ATTACHMENT CASES.

B. J. Madison
vs } *Writ of Attachment.*
M. T. Chambers.

In this case, on motion to dismiss the attachment, the Court ruled:

That in practice the allegation of the plaintiff in his affidavit upon which the writ is issued, when controverted, must be sustained by evidence. That these affidavits affect not only the property but the character for integrity of the defendant, and will be closely scrutinized by the court.

The evidence in this case did not sustain the plaintiff's allegation, whereupon the Court ordered: "That said writ of attachment be and is hereby dismissed at the cost of the plaintiff. That the monies received from sale of property of the defendant, under said writ, be paid over to the defendant, and the garnishees, McAlmond and Wolf, be released from all liability to the plaintiff under, or by consequence of any process served under said writ, &c."

S. Garfielde and B. F. Dennison for plaintiff; Paul K. Hubbs and Col. Wallace for defendant.

MARRIED,

On the 28th ult., at Seattle, by D. S. Maynard, Esq., L. V. WYEKOFF and Mrs. URSULA McCONAHA.

At same place, by the same, Capt. J. S. HILL and Miss ADDA J. ANDREWS.

S. O. T.

All members of Olympia Division, No. 2, are requested to attend at the regular meeting on Thursday evening, Sept. 15, 1859. Important business will be transacted. A full attendance is expected.

S. N. WOODRUFF, R. S.

Divine Service.

Rev. N. DOANE, P. E. of Puget Sound District, will preach in the M. E. Church in this place next Sabbath morning and evening.

☞ The following letter, which emphatically speaks for itself, was written by the Dean of the Faculty of the Philadelphia College of Medicine—to the editors of the Pacific Medical and Surgical Journal, San Francisco, for publication:

PHILADELPHIA, January 17, 1859.

To the Editors of the "Pacific Medical and Surgical Journal"—Gentlemen: My attention has been called to an article in the December number of your journal in regard to the ad eundem degree granted by the Philadelphia College of Medicine to Dr. L. J. Czapkay. When the application for the degree was made to the Faculty, it was accompanied by affidavits and testimonials to the effect that Dr. Czapkay was a regular graduate M. D. of the University of Pesth, had served as Surgeon in the Hungarian army and was a regular practitioner of medicine. On the strength of these the degree was granted. The ad eundem degree, as its name implies, is conferred on graduates only, and gives us new privileges. Had there been the slightest suspicion of irregularity, the application would have been refused. By inserting this in your journal, you will do an act of justice to the college, and confer a favor on, Yours, very respectfully, H. RAND, Dean of the Faculty of the Philadelphia College of Medicine.

☞ Persons not wishing to lose time in corresponding, please enclose $10 in their letters, and they will get immediate attention to their cases.

Address, L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D., San Francisco, Cal.

October, 1858. 3m40

New Advertisements.

NOTICE TO STOCK OWNERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING FINE FACILITIES for grazing stock, desires to take from one to two hundred head of cattle to ranch upon very reasonable terms, either by the month or upon shares. My Ranch is situated upon Whidby's Island, at the head of Admiralty Bay, immediately opposite Port Townsend.

CHAS. SEBERT.

Sept. 1, 1859. 3w42

FARM FOR SALE.

I HEREBY OFFER FOR SALE MY FARM, CONTAINING 640 acres of land, situated in the county of Lewis, W. T., on the Military road, near Capt. Drew's Mills. The farm is well improved, embracing several hundred acres of prairie under good fence. To one desirous of carrying on a farm in connection with a public house, this place offers superior inducements.

I also offer for sale my crop of wheat, oats peas and hay, a lot of hogs, and all my farming utensils.

For terms of sale, apply to the subscriber on the premises, or in case of his absence, to J. W. Anderson at the Cowlitz Landing.

JOHN B. BRULIA.

Aug. 24, 1859. 4w42

FOR SALE.

THE Dwelling House and two lots adjacent to the district school house in Olympia, fronting the public square, will be sold on the most reasonable terms, with time for payment.

The property is among the most eligible and pleasant locations in Olympia. The house contains a dining and sitting room, parlor, two bed rooms, kitchen, and out-house, and a good well for water. The lots are well adapted for a garden.

For information as to location of lots, inquire of Edmund Sylvester, and for terms of sale, of

A. J. BALDWIN,

At Nathan Eaton's, 10 miles east of Olympia.

Olympia, Sept. 10, 1859. 42tf

WASHINGTON TERRITORY, County of Jefferson. } ss.

In the District Court, Third Judicial District in and for said Territory.

TO CHARLES THOMPSON:

You are hereby notified that H. L. Tibballs and R. Brunn have filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the Court which shall commence more than three months from the date of this publication, and unless you appear at said term and answer, the same will be taken as confessed, and the prayer thereof granted. The object and prayer of said complaint is for the payment of four dollars and twenty-five cents, balance of account, and one hundred dollars due to said Tibballs & Brunn from you for non-fulfillment of contract; and said complaint was filed the 22d day of July, 1859.

CHENOWETH, DENNISON & HUBBS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

3m42

Pioneer Hotel.

H. L. TIBBALLS, Proprietor,

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE ABOVE HOTEL, would respectfully inform his former patrons and the public generally, that having recently made extensive improvements to his former large establishment, by the addition of large and airy bed rooms, dining and sitting rooms, parlors, &c., he is now prepared to entertain customers in a manner unequalled in the Territory. The rooms are all hard-finished, and well furnished with furniture, all of which is new. He can comfortably entertain 200 guests, and he hesitates not in saying that it is the largest, the most comfortable house of the kind north of San Francisco, and he will endeavor to make it the best.

A GOOD BAR, where will be kept the best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and two elegant BILLIARD TABLES are attached to the premises.

The patronage of the public is solicited.

Port Townsend, Sept. 9, 1859. 52:6m

RESTAURANT.

Board and Lodging.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING NEWLY FURnished the Restaurant on Main street, near the steamer landing (Barnes' old store,) is now prepared to receive boarders, by the day or week, on the most reasonable terms. Lodgings can be provided if desired.

The Proprietor will endeavor to maintain the reputation this establishment has ever sustained since its opening, as being the BEST HOUSE in town. No effort will be spared to make the stay of parties seeking pleasure here as agreeable as possible. Meals at all hours—day or night. Call in and see.

ALEX. HOWARD.

Olympia, Sept. 9, 1859. 42:1y

OLYMPIA AND SEATTLE NURSERIES,

Gangloff & Moxlie, *Proprietors,*

OFFER FOR SALE FOR THE FALL AND Spring planting, 65,000 of the best trees ever offered in this Territory, consisting of Apple, one and two years old from the gratt; Cherry, from one to three years old; Plum from one to three years old; Quince, Currant, Goosberry and Raspberry bushes, Flouring plants, as usual.

Also under prapagation, and can be furnished next year, 100 named varieties of Tulip; 150 varieties of Hyacynths; 32 Dahlias; 6 Crown-imperials; 12 Lillies, and a "right smart chance" of other Flowering articles too numerous to mention. Every article warranted genuine and true to label, or the money will be refunded. We wish purchasers to understand that we know what we are selling.

TERMS—Positively cash, or an equivalent, on delivery. We are also determined to sell cheap.

Address GANGLOFF & MOXLIE, Olympia or Seattle, or J. E. Whitworth, Main street, Olympia, where we intend to keep a supply of trees during the season. 42tf

F. A. CHENOWETH, B. F. DENNISON, PAUL K. HUBBS.

CHENOWETH, DENNISON & HUBBS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, AND

PROCTORS IN ADMIRALTY,

PORT TOWNSEND, *Washington Territory.*

Will attend to professional business in the several District Courts, and in the Supreme Court of the Territory. Also to any Legal business at Victoria, V. I.

☞ Particular attention given to Commercial, Marine and Land business. 41tf

NOTICE.

PICKED UP, ADRIFT, ON AUGUST 1ST, 1859, off Lummi Island, a small half-decked SCOW, with two bulk heads on same.

The owners can have the same by calling at the store of R. BRUNN, Coveland, Whidby's Island, and proving property and paying charges.

THOS. EWEN.

Sept. 2, 1859. 41:4t

H. D. HUNTINGTON,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

FRUITS,

PUGET SOUND, WASHINGTON TERRITORY,

HAVING made arrangements in Oregon and California to ship fruit by every steamer, would be happy to supply the trade at the lowest rates.

Orders respectfully Solicited.

For particulars, apply to H. WINSOR, Olympia.

Or L. DURGIN, Agent, Port Townsend, W. T.

Olympia, Aug. 26, 1859. 40:tf

PIONEER BOOK STORE,

MAIN STREET, OLYMPIA, W. T.

J. E. WHITWORTH,

DEALER IN

Books, Stationery, Wall Paper, Seeds and Fruit.

Also—Agent for Freeman & Co.'s Express.

June 16, 1859. 30tf

"CAPT. GRAY'S COMPANY." A new work, written, printed and published in Oregon. Out at last. By an Oregon lady. For sale at the PIONEER BOOK STORE.

FREDERIC THE GREAT; by Carlyle. Just received and for sale at the PIONEER BOOK STORE.

BAYARD TAYLOR'S TRAVELS—6 vols. Just received at the PIONEER BOOK STORE.

RECOLLECTIONS OF A LIFE TIME; by Peter Parley—in 2 vols. Illustrated. For sale at the PIONEER BOOK STORE.

APPLES, PEARS, GRAPES, ORANGES, for sale during the season.

J. E. WHITWORTH.

IRA WARD. SMITH HAYS.

WARD & HAYS,

WHOLESALE AMD RETAIL DEALERS IN

FLOUR, WHEAT, SHORTS, BRAN, LUMBER, &c

TUMWATER, W. T.

AT the warehouse of WARD & HAYS, two miles south of Olympia, at the falls of Shutes river, the public will at all times find in store, and for sale, any quantity of the above enumerated articles, at prices conformable with the times. Everything they have to sell, they will warrant to be fully equal to what they may represent it. Small vessels can reach the vicinity of their warehouse on the flood, load, and leave on the ebb tide.

Tumwater, Nov. 28, 1856. 2-1y

REDINGTON & CO.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

107 Clay Street, San Francisco.

OFFER TO THE TRADE A FULL, COMPLETE and desirable assortment of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

Having recently completed business arrangements by which one of the firm will reside permanently in New York, for the purpose of selecting and forwarding goods for our own trade, we are enabled to offer superior advantages to purchasers, as we shall at all times have the benefit of changes in the market, and can guarantee all articles of our own selection to be fresh and genuine.

We respectfully solicit the attention of the trade in Oregon, Washington Territory, and British Columbia, as our long experience in the Drug business, and our present complete arrangements for purchasing in the East, will, we are confident, enable us to offer such inducements as will give perfect satisfaction to all who may favor us with their orders.

General agents for the celebrated

GRAEFENBERG FAMILY MEDICINES.

REDINGTON & CO.,

3m33 Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco.

ELAM & HOWES,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

(No 84 Clay St., one door from N. W. corner Front St.,)

SAN FRANCISCO.

WE BEG TO INFORM OUR FRIENDS AND the public in general that we have made large additions to our already extensive stock, and are now prepared to furnish them with all articles connected with the

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE LINE,

at prices to DEFY COMPETITION.

In addition we also keep on hand a full and complete assortment of

TWINES AND CORDAGE

of every description, comprising LINEN AND COTTON SEINE TWINE, MANILLA AND COTTON ROPE AND CORDS, LINEN AND COTTON COD LINES, BARLOWS SHOE THREAD, SALMON GILLING TWINE, NETS AND SEINES, FISH HOOKS AND LINES, WRAPPING AND SEWING TWINES, &c., &c.

Traders are respectfully solicited to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we feel confident, from our long experience in the business and complete knowledge of the articles suited to the trade, as well as our superior facilities for obtaining goods at the LOWEST EASTERN PRICES, that we will be enabled to give more full and complete satisfaction, and sell LOWER than any other house in the city. 3m34is

PUGET SOUND HOTEL,

Corner of Balch and Commercial Sts.,

STEILACOOM, W. T.

MILAS GALLIHER, *Proprietor.*

Steilacoom, Aug. 18, 1859. 40tf

An Academy.

REV. GEO. W. SLOAN DESIGNS OPENING AN Academy in Steilacoom for the instruction of the youth of both sexes. He is not only well qualified by education and disposition for this arduous duty, but has also had several years' experience as a teacher in a leading Academy in Pennsylvania. We need not, however, go back to his native State for evidence of his qualification; his success as teacher of our public school for the past year offer abundant proof of it. He proposes to give a thorough practical education in the various branches.

The academic course will consist of three Departments. The tuition per quarter of eleven weeks in each Department will be as follows, viz:

Primary Department—Orthography, &c.	$8
Junior Department—English Grammar, &c.	10
Senior Department—Algebra, &c.	12

Mr. Sloan will open his school on the first Monday in November. Parties abroad who may wish to communicate with him on the subject will address to Steilacoom P. O., Pierce County, W. T.

Steilacoom, Aug. 22, 1859. 40:3m

K. Willard & Son,

OLYMPIA, W. T.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

PERFUMERY,

Fine Toilet Soaps, Fine Hair and Tooth Brushes,

FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES,

TRUSSES AND SHOULDER BRACES,

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medicinal uses,

GRASS AND GARDEN SEEDS,

Glass, Putty, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Dye-Stuffs,

Tobacco, Cigars, &c.

☞ Physicians' prescriptions carefully compounded, and all orders correctly answered.

☞ Medicines warranted genuine, and of the best quality.

L. A. BLANC,

WATCH MAKER AND JEWELER,

(ONE DOOR NORTH OF AYRES & WILLIAMS',)

MAIN STREET, OLYMPIA,

BEGS TO INFORM HIS FRIENDS AND THE public in general, that he has constantly on hand a fine stock of

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

Watches and Clocks carefully repaired, by one of the best practical Watch Makers on the coast, and warranted.

☞ Guns and Pistols repaired "G"

Olympia, Aug. 19, 1859. 3m39

D. PHILLIPS. D. L. PHILLIPS

D. PHILLIPS & SON,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, FAMILY GROCERIES,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS,

CROCKERY WARE, &c., &c.,

Olympia, W. T.

June 10, 1859. 29ly

LAGER BEER.

HEFRON & CO.

ARE OUR AGENTS FOR THE WHOLESALE and retail of our Lager at Olympia and surrounding country.

SCHMIGT & CO.,

Puget Sound Brewery, Steilacoom.

HEFRON & CO.,

35:3m Agents, Olympia.

WM. G. DUNLAP

TAKES THIS METHOD OF INFORMING THE public, that having bought out the interest of E. H. Wilson in the late firm of Wilson & Dunlap, he will continue the business on his own account from and after this date at the old stand on the corner of

MAIN AND THIRD STREETS.

He has now on hand a desirable assortment of

CLOTHING

of superior quality, and is prepared to receive by every steamer CUSTOM MADE CLOTHING and Gents furnishing goods of the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES,

which are warranted to fit. He will conduct his business on the principle of *low* profits and quick returns, and from untiring efforts to satisfy his customers, to receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

of the best quality, will also be added to his stock, and those desirous of the best article, are requested to call and examine for themselves.

Remember the place and the terms.

A good article at a low price for CASH.

WM. G. DUNLAP.

Olympia, Feb. 5, 1859. 12tf

BLACKSMITHING!

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTfully inform the citizens of Olympia and the public generally, that he has removed his stock and tools from the old stand at Dickerson's to the building one door east of Westbrook's Livery Stable, where he is now prepared to execute all kinds of Blacksmithing on the shortest notice. Repairing and shoeing done as cheap as the cheapest.

Wagons ironed after the latest and most approved patterns, and all manner of Blacksmithing done in a workmanlike manner. Give me a call.

J. F. GUERIN.

Olympia, March 9, 1859. 16tf

ESTABLISHED IN 1849.

HERNY JOHNSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS,

AND

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

146 Washington Street,

SAN FRANCISCO,

ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR STOCK FOR the SPRING TRADE of

NEW AND FRESH GOODS,

and offer country buyers the LARGEST and BEST assortment in their line on the Pacific coast.

Having been engaged in the DRUG Business in San Francisco for the past TEN years, they flatter themselves that their arrangements are such, that they can OFFER UNEQUALLED INDUCEMENTS to such as may favor them with their custom.

Their assortment comprises EVERYTHING in their line of business that may be required by DRUGGISTS, PHYSICIANS and MERCHANTS, and also all goods in their line in use by GROCERS, BAKERS, BREWERS, CONFECTIONERS, DYERS, TANNERS, ASSAYERS OF GOLD, HATTERS, SODA MANUFACTURERS, BARBERS, HOTEL KEEPERS and MANUFACTURERS.

All the popular FAMILY PATENT MEDICINES received direct from the proprietors and guaranteed GENUINE, and at the lowest trade prices. 6m20is

PUGET SOUND WESLEYAN INSTITUTE,

OLYMPIA, W. T.

REV. B. C. LIPPINCOTT, A. B., *Principal.*

MRS. M. E. LIPPINCOTT, *Preceptress.*

THE NEXT TERM OF THIS INSTITUTION will commence the first Monday of September next. Students from a distance will board with the Principal unless otherwise provided for. Tuition in advance, if no other arrangement is made.

TERMS:

Primary Department, per term of 11 weeks,	$7 00
Common English, " " " " "	8 00
Higher English and Mathematics, per term,	9 00
Ancient and Mod. Languages, " "	10 00
Natural Sciences, " "	10 00
Drawing and Needle-work extra,	3 00

Instruction in Vocal Music given to all the students free of charge.

WM. RUTLEDGE, Agent.

Olympia, Aug. 12, 1859. 37tf

L. H. DEYO,

DEALER IN WINES AND LIQUORS,

No. 165 Commercial Street, next door to the Post Office,

SEATTLE, W. T.

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST IMPORTed brands for sale in packages to suit the market. Parties destined for the Wenatchee gold mines, and others, would do well to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

The tide is flood, the wind is fair,
The boat lies on the shore,
Before you embark on Fortune's sea,
Call and take a drink with me.

Seattle, Aug. 1, 1859. 37tf

PUGET SOUND MARKET.

THE UNDERSIGNED AVAILS himself of the columns of the Pioneer and Democrat to notify the citizens of Olympia and vicinity that he have recently established the Puget Sound Market, where he intend to keep constantly for sale, at low prices, the very best fresh

BEEF, PORK AND MUTTON.

Also, all kinds of

VEGETABLES.

His shop is on Main street, opposite Nonpareil Saloon.

WM. O'SHAUGHNESSY.

Olympia, April 29, 1859. 23

Notice to Tax Payers.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT THE TAX Roll of Thurston County has been delivered to the undersigned, and he is now ready to receive taxes. To all taxes remaining due and unpaid on the first day of November next, the sum of ten per cent. penalty will be added as provided by law.

G. K. WILLARD, Treasurer.

Olympia, Aug. 4, 1859. 4w37

500,000

SUPERIOR BRICK

FOR SALE ON PLUMMER'S WHARF, AT THE foot of Main Street, Seattle, or Plummer & Mallet's Brick Kiln.

31tf CHAS. PLUMMER.

FOWLER & CO.,

Forwarding and Commission Merchants,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A GOOD assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Cutlery, Tin-ware, Ready-made Clothing, Crockery Ware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Ship Chandlery and Stores, Mining tools, &c.

Port Townsend, April 21, 1858. 23tf

FOR SALE.

AN IMPROVED FARM (320 acres) well adapted for farming purposes or stock raising, situated on the east side of the De Shutes river in Thurston county, on what is known as the "Long Plain," a link of the Tenalquot Prairie, about sixteen miles south-east of Olympia. There are now some 75 acres under good fence, ready for cultivation. The other improvements consist of a good house and barn, stables, sheds, &c. The property will be sold on favorable terms, if application be made soon. For further particulars, apply to the undersigned.

JAS. R. SMITH.

July 15, 1859. 34tf

CAPITOL SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING OPENED THE above named saloon, and fitted it up in superior style, is now prepared to serve up the choicest brands of

WINES, LIQUORS, ALES AND PORTERS

At the Democratic price of

12 CENTS PER GLASS.

We are also prepared to supply families and saloon keepers with a fine selection of Wines, Liquors, &c., at 25 per cent. less than any other house on Puget Sound, and in quantities from a gill to a barrel.

We will also constantly keep on hand a choice selection of Cigars and Tobacco, also Pipes, Snuff, Cards, &c.

All orders accompanied with the cash will be promptly attended to.

Oysters served up in every style, day or night.

HEFRON & CO.

Olympia, May 6, 1859.

LONDON

CLUB HOUSE GIN.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THIS CELEBRATED GIN—PRETENDING TO nothing but what it is, viz: a pure and unadulterated article, and assuming no artificial merits of what it is not, as some of its rival imitators do—after five years of public approval and very extensive sales in California, has been pronounced by the public to be superior, not only as a beverage of general use, to any other article competing against it, but is

UNRIVALLED IN ITS MEDICAL EFFICIENCY

In most cases of complaints. To persons traveling in these days of rapid transit from East to West, North to South, who are constantly changing their water as well their climate; who are drinking, indeed, a dozen kinds of water in every twenty-four hours, and each draught containing some property acting in chemical antagonism to the preceding one, thereby causing no unnatural degree of excitement to the stomach—it is positively and absolutely necessary to use a counteracting agent. From the fact that the

"LONDON CLUB HOUSE GIN"

Is prepared expressly to meet such exigencies, and to act as we know it will act, as an antidote, we confidently prescribe it as the very best article in the country. The name of "Aromatic Schiedam Schnapps" has never been attached in any way to this article. In first presenting the

"LONDON CLUB HOUSE GIN"

To the public, my aim was to give them a pure and unadulterated article of Gin, and to call it by its right name. The success attending its introduction and extensive sale in California is a sufficient guarantee of the high appreciation of the article by consumers.

Various parties have from time to time put up and shipped to California an article which they call "CLUB HOUSE GIN." My Gin, which has gained such a reputation in California, is branded on the cases,

"Old London Club House Gin---Wm. H. D."

The bottles also have a white label with a fac simile of my signature. I caution all parties to beware of imitations.

WM. H. DALY,

Sole Importer,

12tf is NEW YORK.

HARDWARE AND WINDOW SASH.

A SPLENDID assortment of Hardware and Window Sash, will be found and sold 25 per cent. cheaper than at any other store, by

M. BETTMAN.

Olympia, May 1, 1859. 22:3f

Ayers & Williams,

(SUCCESSORS TO BARNES & AYRES,)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, STOVES, TINWARE, AND GROCERIES,

Main Street, Olympia, W. T.,

HAVING received large additions to their stock of Hardware, etc., are now offering to their customers and the public generally, the largest, best, and most extensive assortment of

AMERICAN,

ENGLISH & GERMAN

Hardware,

Iron, Steel,

NAILS,

Paints, Oils,

AGRICULTURAL

IMPLEMENTS,

STOVES,

Mechanic's Tools,

TINWARE,

FAMILY GROCERIES,

&c., &c.,

Ever Offered in this Territory.

Their stock comprises a complete assortment of

SHELFANDHEAVYHARDWARE

ALL OF THE BEST BRANDS, EMBRACING EVERY VARIETY OF

HOUSE TRIMMING AND BUILDING MATERIALS!

DOORS, SASH, GLASS, PAINTS, OILS, Etc.

Also an Assortment of Carpenters', Masons', Cabinet and Wagon Makers' Tools, and a choice selection of English and American

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,

SILVER PLATED & GERMAN SILVER WARE

TOGETHER WITH A LARGE VARIETY OF

MISCELLANEOUS GOODS,

Such as Cistern and Chain Pumps, Well-wheels, Well and Water Buckets, Cordage, Raw, Boiled, Polar and China Oils, Turpentine, Varnish, Mops, Brooms, Wash-boards, Tubs, and in fact nearly every thing pertaining to the Hardware business.

Agricultural and Horticultural Implements

Of the most approved styles. A large variety of

CAST AND STEEL PLOWS;

IRON AND STEEL OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

COOKING, PARLOR, OFFICE AND BOX STOVES,

Of patterns that cannot fail to please and supply the wants of all.

Stove Trimmings, Tin, Copper, Zinc, Sheet Iron, Japanned and Britannia Ware.

N. B. *ALL JOB WORK* will be done in the best manner, at reasonable prices.

ALSO A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

FAMILY GROCERIES,

Among which may be found Tea, Coffee, Soap, Candles, Dried Apples, Chili Peaches, Saleratus, Syrup, Beans, Rice, Tobacco, Salt, Vinegar, Starch, Pepper, Allspice, Cloves, Mustard, Ginger, Cinnamon, Table Sauces, Herbs, Flavoring Extracts, Sal and Carb. Soda, Flour, Corn-meal, Yeast Powders, Vermicilla, Maccaroni, Taploca, Farina, Sago, Arrow-root, Corn Starch, Cream Tartar, Matches, Catsup, Pep. Sauce, Indigo, Nutmeg, Cocoa Chocolate, Currants, Figs, Raisins, etc., etc.

ALL OF WHICH WILL BE SOLD LOW. 15y

WOLFE'S

SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS!

I beg to call the attention of the Merchants of California and Oregon to a Superior Article of

HOLLAND GIN,

MANUFACTURED BY MYSELF EXCLUSIVELY,

AT SCHIEDAM, HOLLAND,

And to Distinguish it from every other Alcoholic Stimulant in the world, I gave it the name of

SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHAPPS.

It is the *PURE TINCTURE OF JUNIPER*, distilled from the *BEST BARLEY* that can be selected at any cost. It is flavored and medicated, not by the common harsh berry, but by the choice botanical variety of the *AROMATIC ITALIAN JUNIPER BERRY*, whose more vinous extract is distilled and rectified with its spirituous solvent, and thus it becomes a concentrated *TINCTURE OF EXQUISITE FLAVOR AND AROMA*, altogether transcendent in its *CORDIAL AND MEDICINAL PROPERTIES to any HOLLAND GIN IN THE WORLD.*

Since the introduction of the celebrated *SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS*, the proprietor has submitted to the *WHOLE MEDICAL FACULTY* of the United States. Over *THREE THOUSAND ENDORSE IT*, over their own signatures, to be the Purest Alcoholic Stimulant in use. They also speak of the Great Success they have met with in their practice in Gravel, Gout, Chronic Rheumatism, Obstructions of the Kidneys, Bladder and Urinary Organs. Persons traveling in the Southern and Western States should always have a supply on hand as a Preventative against Ague and Fever and change of water. The Physicians in New Orleans and St. Louis prescribe it with great confidence in case of Cholera, on account of the Purity of the article.

UDOLPHO WOLFE.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

Since the introdvction of my Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps into the United States, a number of Liquor Mixers in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and San Francisco, have been engaged in putting up mixed and poisonous Gin in cases and jugs, to be palmed off upon the unwary for my genuine Schnapps. At first, they boldly counterfeited my name, but I soon stopped that by causing several of them to be arrested. They now confine themselves to closely imitating the appearance and shape of my bottles, and the peculiar wrapper which I have always used, viz: YELLOW PAPER, printed with *RED AND BLUE INK, PASTE-BOARD PRINTED CAPS.*

BEWARE OF THESE IMITATION BOGUS SCHNAPPS.

If the Liquor were fit to drink, there would be no need to palm them off by counterfeiting the peculiar style and appearance of the Genuine Wolfe's Schnapps. Avoid these mixed and doctored-up imitations, as you would avoid Shattered Nerves, Ruined Stomach and Delirium Tremens. The Pure and genuine Schnaps have my name on the bottle, cork, and a fac-simile of a signature on the label. For sale by all the Wholesale Druggists and respectable Liquor Dealers in the United States.

UDOLPHO WOLFE,

Sole Importer and Manufacturer, 18, 20 and 22 Beaver street, New York.

The word Schiedam Schnapps belongs exclusively to my article—all other are counterfeit, and are impositions on the public. 6m26

LOTTERIES.

WOOD, EDDY & CO.,

The Legalized Lottery Operators

OF THE UNITED STATES,

And owners of the old and RELIABLE Grants from the States of Delaware and Georgia, late under the management of GREGORY & MAURY, and SAMUEL SWAIN & CO., have made arrangements to

CASH PRIZE TICKETS

IN THE CITY OF SAN FRANCISCO. The capital prizes offered in the schemes of this responsible concern vary from $40,000 to $70,000, and the prices for tickets are—$10 for wholes; $5 for halves, and $2½ for quarters. The official drawings under the certificates of sworn commissioners, will be published in several of the most prominent papers of this State, and a file of the New York Herald, containing a complete list of all said drawings may be found at the office of D. D. Gassner, No. 98 Montgomery street, San Francisco, over Freeman & Co.'s Express.

Inclosures for orders in sums of $10 and upwards, may be made by Express, at the risk and expense of Wood, Eddy & Co.; and all orders for Circulars or particulars concerning these Lotteries, will be promptly responded to, by addressing

WOOD, EDDY & CO.,

3m50 San Francisco.

RICHARD LANE,

Notary Public and Conveyancer,

CAN ALWAYS BE FOUND AT THE OFFICE OF the County Recorder and Auditor for Thurston County, two doors east of S. D. Williams & Co.'s store, corner of Main and Fourth streets, Olympia, W. T. 38tf

FULTON FOUNDRY

AND IRON WORKS.

HINCKLEY & CO.,

First Street, between Market and Mission Streets, San Francisco,

MANUFACTURERS OF QUARTZ MILLS, SAW MILLS, STEAM ENGINES, PUMPS, &c.

All kinds of Iron Castings furnished at short notice. Every style of finishing to Iron when cast. Repairing of Machinery neatly done.

Pattern-making in all its various forms. Prices reasonable 3m30

Powers of Attorney

For the transfer of Scrip, neatly executed, for sale at the office of the PIONEER AND DEMOCRAT.

Oct. 15, 1858.

Laws of the United States.

BY AUTHORITY.

CHAPT. XXVI.

An Act granting the Right of Way over, and Depot Grounds on, the Military Reserve, at Fort Gratiot, in the State of Michigan, for Railroad Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the right of way through and the privilege of constructing depots and workshops on the public lands of the United States lying in the county of St. Clair, State of Michigan, commonly called the Fort Gratiot, military reservation, be, and the same is hereby, granted to any railroad company or companies which may construct a railroad or railroads from the city of Detroit, or any other place in said State, to or near the village of Port Huron, in said State: *Provided*, That in the opinion of the President of the United States such grant or grants be not injurious to the purposes of public defence, and that the location of said buildings on, and such road or roads as to position and width through said reservation, and the price of the land so land to be so occupied, being first determined by the Secretary of War, be approved by the President: *And provided, further*, That if the price of such grant or grants be not paid within thirty days after the approval of the President, or if either of said roads shall not be completed within three years, or if, at any time after its completion, it shall be discontinued, the grant shall cease and determine as to such road: *And provided, further*, That all the buildings to be erected upon said reservation shall be of wood, and if, at any time, it should be deemed expedient by the commanding officer of Fort Gratiot, or by any other higher military authority, to destroy such building by fire or otherwise, no claim shall be made against the United States for damages.

Approved, February 8, 1859.

CHAPT. XXVII.

An Act to provided for the payment of the Claims of the State of Maine, for Expenses incurred by that State in organizing a Regiment of Volunteers for the Mexican War.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the accounts of the State of Maine for expenses incurred by that State in organizing a regiment of volunteers for the Mexican war, in the year eighteen hundred and forty-six, upon the requisition of the President of the United States, shall be audited and settled by the proper accounting officers of the Treasury Department, pursuant to the provisions of an act approved June second, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, to "refund money for expenses incurred, subsistence, or transportation furnished for the use of volunteers during the present war, upon being mustered into the service of the United States," in the same manner in all respects as if the said regiment had been mustered and received in the service of the United States; and the amount found to be due to the State of Maine shall be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved February 9, 1859.

COX, FRANCIS & CO.,

(Late Spear & Co.,)

FORWARDING, WAREHOUSING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

CORNER BATTERY AND BROADWAY STS., San Francisco—Will attend to paying freights on receipt of properly indorsed bill of lading.

Goods shipped in our care from Eastern cities, will be attended to on arrival, and forwarded with dispatch to any part of the country.

CASH ADVANCES made on Merchandise in our Warehouse, or consigned.

Would respectfully refer to the Merchants and Bankers of San Francisco generally. 3m40

Farm for Sale.

I WILL SELL MY FARM, CONTAINING THREE Hundred and twenty acres, situated six miles from Olympia, on the road leading to Gray's Harbor. There are 200 acres prairie belonging to it, and 80 acres under fence;—an orchard containing 800 apple, and a number of plum and pear trees, from three to five years old.

I also offer for sale my house and lot in Olympia, opposite the Catholic church.

D. KISER.

Olympia, Aug. 10, 1859. 38

C. CROSBY & CO.

TUM WATER,

OFFER FOR SALE A LARGE AND EXTENSIVE stock of

DRY GOODS,
READY MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES,
PSOVISIONS,
HARD-WARE,
CROCKERY-WARE,

and in fact every thing to supply the wants of the country, which they are selling low for cash or country produce.

Tum Water, W. T., May 12, 1859. 25tf

India Rubber Goods

AT PORT TOWNSEND.

AN INVOICE OF NEW AND DESIRABLE Goods just received direct from Boston, consisting in part of Officers' Plain and Lustre Coats, Outside Coats, Pea Jackets, Reefing Jackets, Pants, Overalls, Leggins, and Fishermen's Pants, a superior and very heavy article.

Boat Cloaks, Capes with sleeves, plain Ponchos, figured Mexican Ponchos, camp Blankets, Sou'westers, Mackintosh coats, Navy Bags, Clothes Bags, Saddle Bags, reversable Coats, Tumblers, Gun cases.

The above goods were selected expressly for this market, and are superior to any goods of the kind ever imported into this Territory. Inquire of

FOWLER & CO., or J. G. SWAN,
2m36 Port Townsend, W. T.

French, Wilson & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

CLOTHING

AND

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

FINE Custom made clothing received by every Steamer expressly for Retail.

Orders from the country attended to with care.

115 Sacramento Street—Corner Leidesdorff, opposite the P. M. Steamship Co.'s Office.

December 25, 1857. 5tf

WASHINGTON HOTEL,

SIGN OF THE LONE TREE,

CORNER OF MAIN AND SECOND STREETS,

OLYMPIA, W. T.

SILAS GALLIHER, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR has recently erected, in connection with, and as a part of the "Washington Hotel" a large two story building—200 feet—by which he is enabled to provide the traveling public with a larger number of capacious, comfortable and excellently ventilated apartments than can be afforded by any other public house in Washington Territory. An idea of his ability to accommodate the public may be judged from the fact that the Hotel contains twenty-five private rooms—(exclusive of family apartments)—four of which are large drawing rooms, or parlors.

Thankful to the public for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to the proprietor, and having thus enlarged upon his former business, he feels confident he can render the sojourn of strangers with him comfortable and pleasant, and no pains shall be spared to set his table as well as any in like business.

Beds and bed-rooms furnished to such as may desire them.

Board by the day and week.

A good stable is attached to this establishment, which will be amply supplied with forage for the accommodation of animals of the travelling public.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

OLYMPIA, Dec. 4th, 1857 y

Andrew J. Moses,

AUCTIONEER,

Olympia, W. T.

July 29, 1859. 36tf

UNITED STATES

MAIL LINE!

—CONNECTING—

THE COLUMBIA RIVER

—WITH—

PUGET SOUND!

H. WINSOR,

MAIL CONTRACTOR, BETWEEN OLYMPIA and Ranier, on the Oregon side of the Columbia River, takes this method to inform the travelling public, that he is at all times prepared to accommodate all who may call upon him, with—

HORSES AND MULES,

Wagons,

CARRIAGES, &c

For their Accommodation and Conveyance to any practicable portion of the Territory.

PERSONS traveling to Oregon, or from that Territory to this, can obtain ANIMALS or CONVEYANCES, at either—

Olympia, Coaltiz Landing or Monticello.

IN passing up or down the Cowlitz River, persons can have their choice of performing the journey either with *HORSES* or in *CANOES*—Mr. WINSOR having in readiness at all times, at both Cowlitz Landing and Monticello, a number of—

GOOD, SUBSTANTIAL

CANOES,

WHICH can at short notice be manned to order, with crews of safe and experienced boatmen—well acquainted with the navigation of the river.

TERMS:

PASSENGERS will be conveyed from Ranier to Olympia, and from Olympia to Ranier, at the following rates:

From Ranier to Olympia,.....$10 00.
From Olympia to Ranier,.....$15 00.

Olympia, W. T., March 19, 1858. n17-tf

NEW GOODS!

DIRECT FROM BOSTON.

J. D. W. TILLSON & CO.,

HAVE just received from Boston direct, a good assortment of goods, selected especially for this market, and beg leave to call the attention of the citizens of Olympia and surrounding country to the same. Our stock consists in part as follows, viz:

Extra Clear Pork,	Soap, Olive,
do Family Beef,	do Castile, Shaving,
Sugar, Tea, Coffee,	Wooden-ware,
Mustard, Pepper,	Tobacco, Candles,
Crackers, Pilot, Soda,	Writing Paper,
do Butter, Water,	Note do
do Oyster, Farina,	Envelopes, Pens

Extra home-made woolen Socks, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold low for cash or country produce.

Our motto is—"Quick sales and small profits."

J. D. W. TILLSON & CO.,
Under Washington Hotel, Olympia, W. T.
Olympia, March 25, 1859. 18tf

N. B. A superior article of Bourbon Whisky and Holland Gin, for sale by the gallon.

STOP A MOMENT!

A WORD IN YOUR EAR!!

DO YOU WISH TO KNOW

Where to get the

BEST GOODS AT CHEAPEST PRICES?

THEN GO TO

WM. RUTLEDGE,

ON MAIN STREET, OLYMPIA.

The reputation of this House, although known for many years, shall far exceed the past, both in quality and style of Goods, reduction of Prices, and attention to Customers.

Although I have not "one of our firm located at San Francisco," yet I have a *little* Jew buyer there; and having no one to divide the *spoils* with—employing no clerks, (not being above my business, but *condescending* to act in that capacity myself,) I flatter myself that I CANNOT and WILL NOT be undersold.

My stock consists in part of the following, to which additions will be made by every steamer from San Francisco:

French Merinos:
All Wool Plaids.
DeLaines:
Calicoes:
Linens:
Dress and Bonnet Silks:
Mantillas:
Black Silk Velvet:
Flannels:
Linseys:
Cambrics:
Shirtings:
Sheetings:
Tickings:
Hickory Stripe:
Denims:
&c., &c., &c.

and a general assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods.

Dress Frock Coats;
Business Coats;
Over Coats;
Black Doeskin & Fancy Cassimere Pants;
Black Cloth, Satin, and Velvet Vests;
Shirts, Drawers, Hosiery, etc.
Mens' & Boys' Hats & Caps.
Boots & Shoes in great variety.
Table and Pocket Cutlery.
Crockery, Queensware, &c.

GROCERIES.

A full and complete assortment, comprising in part Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Dried Fruits, Preserved do., Canned do., raisins, soap, candles, tobacco, indigo, madder, spices, tapioca, table salt, and in fact every thing else usually kept in this department.

Special attention is invited to an invoice of Oregon manufactured BLANKETS, CASSIMERES, WOOLEN YARN, etc. which positively cannot be excelled in quality.

The public are respectfully solicited to give me a call, as I am confident of being able to give satisfaction, and retaining customers if they will but give me a fair trial.

February 25, 1859. tf-no.14.

DR. D. KISER

WOULD INFORM THE CITIZENS OF Olympia and surrounding country, that he has resumed the practice of medicine and dental surgery.

Office at G. Ford's Photograph Rooms, Main street, Olympia.

May 10, 1859. 25tf

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between U. G. Warbass and Lewis Ensign was dissolved by mutual consent on the 2d day of July last. All persons indebted to the concern will please make immediate payment to U. G. Warbass; and those having demands will present the same to him for settlement.

U. G. WARBASS,
LEWIS ENSIGN.

Olympia, July 28, 1859 36

Dry Goods.

50 BALES	INDIAN HEAD SHEETINGS
50 BALES	LAWRENCE SHEETINGS
50 BALES	MASSACHUSETTS SHEETINGS
50 BALES	METAMORA SHEETINGS
100 BALES	BROWN DRILLS
20 BALES	BLUE DENIMS
25 CASES	ASSORTED TICKINGS
10 CASES	KENTUCKY JEANS
10 CASES	BLUE DRILLS
25 CASES	ASSORTED PRINTS
20 CASES	BLEACHED SHEETINGS
500 PCS	BRUSSELS AND VELVET CARPETS
1000 PCS	THREE-PLY & INGRAIN CARPETS
1500 PIECES	FLOOR OIL CLOTH
1000 PIECES	COCOA AND CHINA MATTING
500 CASES	PAPER HANGINGS
20 CASES	TABLE OIL CLOTHS
30 CASES	CURTAIN DAMASKS
50 CASES	LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS
20 CASES	WINDOW SHADES AND HOLLANDS
400 DOZEN	RUGS AND MATS
400 PIECES	DRUGGETS AND BAIZES

NOW LANDING,

FOR SALE

AT THE LOWEST RATES,

BY

FRANK BAKER,

Nos. 110 and 112 Clay Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

3m36

NEW STYLE INDIAN GOODS.

EXTRA LIMERICK CAST STEEL FISH HOOKS, Nos. 6 and 7 wire with brass sockets, for salmon sturgeon or halibut fishing, got up expressly for the Indian trade.

Cast Steel spear heads, with sockets, for salmon or seal fishing.

Indian hair oil and Rouge, put up expressly for this market by Barnett, of Boston.

The above goods are of entirely new style, and were made of the very best materials, under the personal direction of Mr. J. G. Swan. Inquire of

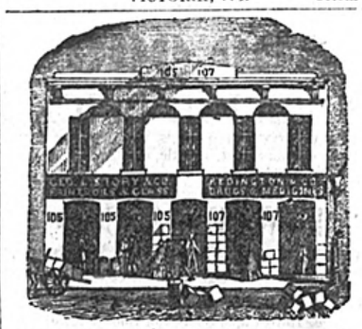
J. G. SWAN, or FOWLER & CO.,
Port Townsend, W. T.

SAMUEL PRICE & CO.,

MERCHANTS,

COR. OF WHARF AND JOHNSON STS.,

VICTORIA, V. I. 21:6m



GEORGE L. STORY & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PAINTS, OILS, WINDOW GLASS,

VARNISHES,

BRSHES, COLORS, GLUES,

Etc., Etc.,

NO. 105 CLAY STREET,

25ly *SAN FRANCISCO.*

Attention! Attention!

THE BEST NEWS FOR W. T!

MOSES BETTMAN,

THE pioneer of W. T., takes pleasure in informing the citizens of Olympia and vicinity, that he has again opened, this time

ALL BY HIMSELF,

in the store formerly occupied by S. D. Williams & Co., with the largest stock and complete assortment of General Merchanise, &c., ever received in Olympia, consisting partly in

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CAPS,
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
HARDWARE AND CROCKERY, &c.,

All of which will be sold 25 per cent. cheaper than ever before.

Please give me a call and judge for yourselves, and d'nt forget the sign of

M. BETTMAN.

Olympia, May 1, 1859. 24:tf

FOR SALE.

221 HEAD OF STOCK.

The undersigned having established a permanent cattle ranch on the claim formerly occupied by Mr. Van Buren, in Pierce county, W. T., ten miles east of Steilacoom, and 1½ miles from the road leading from Steilacoom to the Muck, is at all times prepared to supply butchers, shippers, and the public generally with

Beef Cattle, and No. 1 stock Milch Cows—
Work Oxen—Young stock—Yearlings,
Steers and Heifers—Extra
Fine Bulls.

All of which will be sold low for cash. As the undersigned is permanently located as above, it is his intention to keep up his supply of stock to the figure he has now on hand.

THOMAS S. JEFFRIES.

May 20, 1859. 27

ADOLPH SUTRO & CO.,

DEALERS IN

FINE HAVANA SEGARS,

CHEWING AND SMOKING

TOBACCO,

Genuine Meerschaum Pipes, &c.,

CORNER OF MONTGOMERY AND SACRAMENTO STREETS,

SAN FRANCISCO,

AND CORNER OF YATES AND WHARF STREETS,

VICTORIA, V. I.

ALL CIGARS BOUGHT IN BOND.

Jan. 21, 1859. tf

BUTLER P. ANDERSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OLYMPIA, W. T.

OFFICE—in the Land Office. no.7y.

J. W. JOHNSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY AND ADMIRALTY,

SEATTLE, W. T.,

Will practice in all the Courts in this Territory

March 26, 1859. 18y

PORT MADISON FOUNDRY

IS NOW IN SUCCESSFUL OPERATION, UNDER the superintendence of W. K. WATERMAN, and will xecute all kinds of

IRON CASTINGS, MILL GEARING, STEAM ENGINES, STOVES, HOLLOW-WARE, &C., &C., &C.

Attached to the establishment is a Machine Shop where all kinds of iron turning and finishing will be done on the shortest notice, and at less than San Francisco prices. All orders promptly executed.

G. A. MEIGS.

Feb. 19, 1859. 14tf

OLYMPIA BAKERY.

THE Undersigned, having discontinued one of the two branches of business in which they were heretofore engaged, are now devoting their entire attention to the BAKERY department. They now design to keep constantly on hand

PIES, CAKES, CRACKERS, BREAD, HARD BREAD, PILOT-BREAD, ETC.

Which will be supplied to Hotels, Families, and Steamers on the most reasonable terms.

Private and Wedding Parties furnished with anything necessary on such occasions, at short notice.

CONFECTIONERIES

Kept constantly on hand.

A choice lot of

CHILDREN'S TOYS,

suitable for holiday presents, for sale cheap. Call and see.

MITCHELL & STEWART.

Olympia, Dec. 17th, 1857.-yly.

NEW GOODS!

—AND MORE—

COMING,

AT THE "ANCIENT DEPOT,"

CORNER OF MAIN AND 2d ST'S, (WEST SIDE,)

OLYMPIA, W. T.

WHERE WILL BE FOUND A LARGE AND well selected stock and assortment of

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

DRY-GOODS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

CLOTHING,

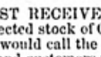
HARD-WARE, &C.,

AND a large assortment of other goods, just received and will be sold cheap, by

KENDALL CO.

Olympia, Nov. 12, 1858.—n51-tf

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

PER  PANAMA!

For the Fall and Winter Trade.

M. LOUISSON & CO.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE LARGEST AND best selected stock of Goods ever brought to this market, and would call the attention of their numerous friends and customers to the fact, in order that their wants may be supplied at an early day.

Our stock consists of

DRY AND FANCY GOODS;

MENS' AND BOYS CLOTHING;

BOOTS AND SHOES;

HATS AND CAPS;

GROCERIES AND CROCKERY;

Hardware, Matting, Oil Cloth, Blankets, Domestics, and 1000 other things too numerous to mention, but which can be seen by day and candle-light free of cost.

We particularly invite the Ladies to try our nice Bonnets, Cloaks, Mantillas, Capes, Ribbons, Merinoes, Thibets, all wool De Laines, French Calicoes, and last, but not *least*, those

EXTENSION HOOPED SKIRTS,

all of which improve the person and make glad the soul.

One of the firm being permanently located at San Francisco, we are enabled to take advantage of the market and bring forth something new by every steamer.

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

M. LOUISSON & CO.,
Corner Main and Second Streets, Olympia.
Olympia, Nov. 5, 1855. 50tf

LIVERY STABLE.

HAVING recently purchased the stable premises, horses, wagons, buggies, &c., belonging to Edmund Sylvester, the undersigned is prepared to let

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S RIDING HORSES
BUGGIES, SADDLES, &c.

My horses are all young and vigorous, and in good condition. They are also well-broken, and perfectly safe for even the most delicate lady.

Good buggies and teams also always on hand. No fears need be entertained of "break-downs" where we furnish parties.

Having also several teams on the LINE, I stand constantly in readiness to haul goods and merchandize, etc., to and from all parts of the city and country.

Stabling, as heretofore, at customary rates.

Also, a good wagon yard and Oats, Hay, &c., always on hand, for traveling customers, *at the very lowest rates.*

Give me a call.

J. J. WESTBROOK.

Olympia, Aug. 28, 1857. no.40-tf.

A. J. BURR,

Watch Maker and Jeweler,

WILL REPAIR ANY WORK left with him in the most durable manner and quickest dispatch, and warrant the same.

Engraving, etc., done in the neatest style.

Shop next door to Miles' Saloon, in Washington Hotel, Olympia.

Aug. 13, 1858. 38tf.

Doors and Windows,

Ex Ship "Leonore."

SIZES DOORS, 2-6 x 6-6,
2-8 x 6-8,
2-10 x 6-10,
3 x 7.

8-10 WINDOWS.
9-12 "
10-12 "
10-14 "
10-15 "
10-16 "
12-16 "

For sale by FOWLER & CO.
Port Townsend, Aug. 23, 1858. 42tf

BLANK MORTGAGES, neatly executed, for sale at this office.

POWERS of Attorney for the transfer of volunteer discharges for sale at this office.

DR. H. D. LONGAKER,

Surgical and Mechanical

DENTIST.

DR. L. HAVING PERMANENTLY LOcated on Puget Sound, would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to perform all necessary operation on **Teeth** in the most scientific manner.

Artificial Teeth inserted on Gold or Silver plate, from a single tooth to a full set.

TEETH INSERTED ON HEALTHY ROOS.

Teeth plugged with best Gold or Tin Foil.

Toothache effectually cured without pain.

Teeth extracted in the most careful manner. Chloroform or Ether given if desired.

N. B. All jobs warranted to give satisfaction.

Dr. L. is now stopping in Olympia, where he will remain until Feb. 14th, when he will visit the following places, viz: Steilacoom, Seattle, Port Madison, Teekalet, Port Townsend, Whidby's Island.

Office—At G. Ford's Photograph and Ambrotype Rooms, Main Street, Olympia.

Jan. 14, 1859. 8tf

H. C. PAGE,

INSPECTOR OF CUSTOMS

AT BELLINGHAM BAY.

☞ Office opposite the Walker House, Whatcom.

Whatcom, Sept. 25, 1858. 45tf

A PURE ARTICLE OF CREAM TARTAR AND Soda, (warranted), for sale at the

PUGET SOUND DRUG STORE.

NEW STORE

AND

NEW FIRM

AT

TUM WATER!

JOHN SCOTT & CO. TAKE THIS METHOD OF informing their friends that they have opened the store formerly occupied by E. H. WILSON at Tum Water.

We are now opening one of the largest and best assorted stocks of Goods that ever came to this country, and we are determined to sell them at a profit small enough to defy competition.

We intend to change our style of doing business from the credit system to small profits and quick returns. Therefore we must have the cash in hand.

Remember that Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Farming Implements, Fancy Goods and Hardware are perfectly in our line.

Give us a call. Feb. 4, 1859. 11tf

S. BETTMAN, L. BETTMAN.

Bettman Brothers,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c.

Store on the corner of Main and Second Streets, Olympia, W. T.

Olympia, Feb. 11, 1859. 12tf

M. LOUISSON & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes,

Hats, Caps, Groceries, Crockery ware, &c., &c.

Olympia, W. T., San Francisco, Cal.

M. LOUISSON, I. LIGHTNER, A. FRANKEL.
April 22, 1854. 33tf

FORWARDING,

Storage & Commission

THE undersigned having erected at Port Townsend, Washington Territory, a large and commodious warehouse, well adapted to the storage of grain merchandise, freight, etc., intended for transportation up or down the coast, awaiting the necessary means of conveyance, would inform the shippers and traders of the Sound that they are now prepared to store such articles on the usual terms.

Also, being extensively engaged in the business of TRANSPORTATION, either as owners of or agents for most of the coasting vessels of the Sound, they are further prepared to FORWARD such articles of merchandize, stock, and grain as may be entrusted to them, to any point on the Sound or Straits, Vancouver's Island, or elsewhere, as may be desired, at the shortest notice and on accommodating terms.

Patronage respectfully solicited. For further information address the undersigned.

E. S. FOWLER & CO.
Port Townsend, Aug. 14, 1857. no.39-tf.

MARINE HOSPITAL.

PORT TOWNSEND, JUNE 22D, 1858.

DR P. M. O'BRIEN, late Resident Physician and Surgeon of the County Hospital, San Francisco, and of the Hospital of the Sisters of Mercy, is now in charge of the Marine Hospital, Port Townsend.

Dr. O'BRIEN is also prepared to receive private patients. He flatters himself with the hope that an experience of 16 years to the practice of his profession, both private and Hospital, together which a thorough Medico-Cirurgical education, as evidenced by the proper guarantee of a Diploma to that effect will obtain for him the confidence of the citizens on Puget Sound.

LETTERS addressed—P. M. O'BRIEN, M. D., Port Townsend, will be duly acknowledged.

June 22d, 1858. n31-tf

BATHING,

HAIR DRESSING, SHAVING,

AND SHAMPOOING

SALOON.

EAST SIDE OF MAIN STREET, BETWEEN III. & IV

OLYMPIA, W. T.

N. B. Hot and cold Baths at all hours.

GEO. W. LEE, Proprietor.

Olympia, Oct. 15, 1858. n19-tf

W. H. WALLACE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

STEILACOOM, W. T.

Nov. 5, 1853. 9tf

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY'S

Private Medical and Surgical INSTITUTE,

Sacramento Street, Below Montgomery, Opposite Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, San Francisco.

Established in 1854, for the permanent cure of all private and chronic diseases, and the

SUPPRESSION OF QUACKERY.

Attending and Resident Physician,

L. J. CZAPKAY, M. D.,

Late in the Hungarian Revolutionary War, Chief Physician to the 20th Regiment of Honveds, Chief Surgeon to the Military Hospital of Pesth, Hungary, the late Lecturer on the diseases of Women and Children, and Honorary Member of the Philadelphia College of Medicine.

Communications strictly confidential. Permanent cure guaranteed, or no pay.

Consultations, by letter or otherwise, free.

Address Dr. L. J. CZAPKAY, San Francisco, Cal.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. L. J. CZAPKAY returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his institute for the cure of all forms of Private Diseases—such as Syphilis, Gonorrœa, Nocturnal Emissions, and all the consequences of self-abuse. In the first stages of Syphilitic or Gonorrœal diseases he guarantees a cure in a few days, without inconvenience to the patient or hindrance to his business. When a patient by neglect or improper treatment has developed the secondary symptoms of Syphilis, such as buboes or painful swellings on the groins, or ulcers in the throat and nose, which, if not checked, destroy the soft parts and cause the bones to mortify, separate and come away, leaving the sufferer an object hideous to behold; or when blotches and pimples break out upon the skin, or when he has painful swellings upon the bones, or when his constitution is injured so as to pre-dispose to consumption or other constitutional disease, the Dr. guarantees a cure or asks no compensation.

In RHEUMATISM, chronic or acute; in DYSENTERY or DIARRHŒA, he has safe and effectual remedies. For the treatment of the consequences of self-abuse, such as nocturnal emissions, nervousness, timidity, headache, pains in the back and limbs, with general weakness, loss of appetite, loss of memory, injury to the sight, restlessness, confusion of ideas, dislike for society, and a feeling of weariness of life; with the nervous system so excitable that slight noises shock or startle the patient, making his existence miserable. For the above maladies the Doctor will guarantee a cure or ask no compensation. He can be consulted free of charge, and invites all to call, as it will cost them nothing, and may be much to their advantage. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

REMARKABLE INSTANCE OF MEDICAL RELIEF.

Below we publish the certificates of two of the sufferers from the pangs of disease, who having recovered their former health, and impelled by gratitude, make known their cases and remedial agent, and their statements are authenticated by a Notary Public. The demands of society imperiously command their publicity, and we commend their perusal to the attention of all afflicted:

Thankfulness is the Incentive to Gratitude.

CERTIFICATE.

The undersigned, desirous of acquainting those who may be unfortunate enough to be similarly afflicted, where a permanent relief of their sufferings may be obtained, feels it his duty to thus publicly express his most sincere gratitude to Dr. L. J. Czapkay for the permanent recovery of his health. Borne down by the distressing symptoms incident to the vicious practice of uncontrollable passion of youth; depressed in body and mind, unable to perform even the most trifling duty imposed upon the daily avocations of life, I sought the advice of many physicians, who at first regarded my disease as of trifling importance; but alas! after a few weeks, and in several instances months of their treatment, I found, to my unutterable horror, that, instead of relief, my symptoms became more alarming in their torture; and, being told by one that my disease being principally confined to the brain, medicine would be of little consequence, I despaired of ever regaining my health, strength and energy; and as a last resort, and with but a faint hope, called upon Dr. Czapkay, who, after examining my case, prescribed some medicine which almost instantly relieved me of the dull pain and dizziness in my head. Encouraged by this result, I resolved to place myself immediately under his care, and, by a strict obedience to his directions and advice, my head became clear, my ideas collected, the constant pains in my back and groins, the weakness of my limbs, the nervous reaction of my whole body on the slightest alarm or excitement, the misanthropy and evil forebodings, the self-distrust and want of confidence in others, the incapability to study, and want of resolution, the frightful, exciting, and at times, pleasurable dreams at night, followed by involuntary discharges, have all disappeared, and, in fact, in two months after having consulted the Doctor, I felt as if inspired by a new life—that life which, a short time ago, I contemplated to end with my own hand.

With a view to guard the unfortunate from falling into the snares of incompetent quacks, I deem it my duty to offer this testimony to the merits and skill of Dr. Czapkay, and recommend him to all who may stand in need of medical advice being assured by my own experience, that once under his care, a radical and permanent cure will be effected.

B. F. FILLMORE.

State of California, county of San Francisco—Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 17th day of April, A. D. 1856. (Signed,) JOHN MIDDLETON,
Notary Public.

CARD.—Prompted by an honest desire of my heart, I wish to lay before the public a case which deserves a commendation, not only as an act of scientific skill, but that of humanity also. About two years ago, I suddenly and from cause unknown to me, was seized with a fit of epilepsy, which, owing to my inability to meet the expenses consequent upon a thorough medical treatment, and the discouragement which I met with on attempting it, soon became such (as I was then led to believe) as to defy the skill of any physician. I was frequently, while in pursuit of my calling, thrown down to the ground without the slightest warning; and although insensible to the agonies, I yet despised the miseries of my life, and soon learned to look upon those who would render assistance or shelter me from danger, as enemies who sought to prolong the existence of my miseries. While in this state, and having, previous to my affliction, tasted the sweets of life, I once more was induced to attempt seeking aid of a physician, and, by recommendation, called upon Dr. L. J. Czapkay; I told him my circumstances, and of my inability to rewarn him for his services—regardless of which, however, he a once undertook my case, aed with the blessings of God, I was once more restored to perfect health. Unable to reward him for the boon which I enjoy at present, and yet conscious of my indebtedness, I consider it due to myself and all afflicted, to make the case public, in order that those in need of medical advice may find a physician in whom every confidence can be placed. MEYER YABLONSKY.

State of California, county of San Francisco, ss.—Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of August, A. D. 1856. GILBERT A. GRANT,
Notary Public.

SPERMATORRHŒA.

OR local weakness, nervous debility, low spirits, lassitude, weakness of the limbs and back, indisposition and incapability for labor and study, dullness of apprehension, loss of memory, aversion of society, love of solitude, timidity, self-distrust, dizziness, headache, involuntary discharges, pains in the side, affections of the eyes, pimples in the face, sexual and other infirmities in man, are cured without fail, by the justly celebrated physician and surgeon, L. J. Czapkay. His method of curing diseases is new, (unknown to others), and hence the great success. All consultations (by letter or otherwise) free. Address L. J. Czapkay, M. D., San Francisco, California.

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE AGE!—Great Blessing to Mankind!—Innocent but potent!—Dr. L. J. Czapkay's Prophylacticum, (self disinfecting agent, (a sure preventative against Gonorrhœa and Syphilite diseases, and an unsurpassed remedy for all venerial, scrofulous, gangrenous and cancerous ulcers, forted discharges from vagina, uterus and urethra, and all cutaneous eruptions and diseases. As innoculation is a sure preventive against small pox, so is Dr. L. J. Czapkay's prophylacticum a preventative against syphilitic and gonorrhœal diseases. Harmless in itself, it possesses the power of chemically destroying the syphilitic virus, and thereby saving thousands of debauchees from being infected by the most loathsome of all diseases. Let no young man who appreciates health be without Dr. Czapkay's Prophylacticum. It is in very convenient packages, and will be found convenient for use, being used as a soap—Price $5. For sale at Dr. L. J. Czapkay's Private Medical and Surgical Institute, Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, San Francisco. All letters must be addressed to L. J. Czapkay, M. D., San Francisco.

TO THE AFFLICTED.—Dr. L. J. Czapkay, late of the Hungarian Army, chief Physician of the Hospital of Pesth, and Honorary member of the Philadelphia College of Medicine, calls attention to the following maladies, in the treatment of which he guaranties a cure: Diseases of the brain, such as Epilepsy, Apoplexy, rushes of blood to the head, Inflamation of its different tissues, Partial and Complete Paralysis and insanity, and all Functional Derangements, such as loss of memory, aversion to society, Misanthropy, Timidity, Nervous Excitement from slight causes, Self-Distrust, Giddiness, Headache, Ringing in the ears, confusion of ideas, love of solitude, optical illusions, disturbed sleep and incapacity for labor and study. Also in diseases of the lungs and air passages, such as Tubercular diseases or consumption, Pneumonia or Inflamation of the lungs, Pleuritics or Pleurisy, Asthma, humoral or spasmodic Bronchitis, Laryngitis, and all forms of Catarrhal affections. Also diseases of the liver, such as Hepatitis or Inflamation of the liver, congestion of the liver, absesses of the liver, calculi in the gall bladder and ducts, Jaundice and those diseases which impair its functions, such as Panama fever, Billious fever and intermitting fever and the consequences which these disorders leave behind them.

Also diseases of the Stomach, such as Gastritis or Inflamation of the Stomach, Enterities or Inflamation of the bowels, Dyspepsia in all its forms, which destroy appetite and digestion, Flatulence Dysentery and Diarrhœa. Also diseases of the Kidneys, and other urinary organs, such as Diabetes, or an excessive flow of urine, Albuminaria, commonly known as Brights disease. In this complaint physician nor patient oftentimes suspect the presence of disease until too late. The most common symptoms are general indisposition, with dropsical swellings, calculi in the Kidneys, Urethra or Bladder, Eonresis or Inability to retain the urine, cystitis or inflamation of the bladder, and all other disorders of the urinary organs. Also, diseases of the womb and its appendages, such as irregularities of the MENSES, when excessive, defective, suppressed or irregular, Prolapsus or falling of the womb, sterility, ovarean dropsy, and other diseases of the parts. In the treatment of any of the above diseases, the Doctor has many new remedies, and guarantees a perfect cure in all cases, or the money will be returned. All consultations (by letter or otherwise) free. Address

3m10 Dr. L. J. CZAPKAY, San Francisco.