

THE PUGET SOUND MAIL.

VOL. 8.

LA CONNER, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, SATURDAY, AUGUST 7, 1880.

NO. 6.

The Puget Sound Mail.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY
L. A. CONNER, W. T.
JAMES POWER, PROPRIETOR.
SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One Year, in advance, \$1.00
Six Months, in advance, .75
Legal Advertising Rates:
One Square (12 lines) first insertion, \$1.00
Each subsequent insertion, .75
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Apples, Pears, Plums, Cherries and Beal's Early Fidalgo Peach. It is always ripe from the middle of August to the first of September. This tree is hardy and very prolific.

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No pains will be spared in keeping up the well established reputation of the house as one of the quietest and best kept hotels in the Territory.

NO LIQUORS SOLD.

Everything neat and clean about the premises. Special efforts will be made to keep the table supplied with the best market can afford, and to see that the food is cooked and served second to no other house in the Territory. A large reading room for the accommodation of guests.

L. P. SMITH & SON, Watchmakers, JEWELLERS AND ENGRAVERS.

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Dealers in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silversware of the best quality.

All kinds of work in the line of repairing watches, clocks and jewelry done in a satisfactory manner, and warranted. Orders for goods or work from all parts of the Sound solicited. Give us a trial and satisfy yourself.

Corner Front St. opposite Brewery.

TELEGRAMS.

EASTERN.

The Wreck Discovered.
DETROIT, July 27.—The exact locality of the wreck of the yacht "Mamie," has been discovered. Three bodies have been found and the rest will soon be taken from the water.

Yellow Fever at Mobile.
MOBILE, July 27.—The English bark R. W. Wood arrived at quarantine with yellow fever. The symptoms are very ill, and everybody on board has been down except three men. Two have died.

Mobile, July 27.—The two men who died on the infected vessel were buried at about 10 o'clock and began an attack with convalescing. The Wood has been quarantined about a mile from any vessel in the lower quarantine station and is on the extreme point of Mobile bay, 30 miles from the city.

Sea Lion Captured.
NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., July 27.—A sea lion was caught here Saturday night by Richard Welch, harbor master. It is eight feet long. It is supposed to have escaped from Conroy Island Saturday.

Sudden Death.
NEW YORK, July 27.—Chas. Barlow of R. G. Dun & Co's mercantile agency, died suddenly at his summer residence in Long Branch to-day. He was apparently in perfect health yesterday.

Dr. Tanner's Thirtieth Day.
Dr. Tanner is in improved spirits to-day and none of yesterday's unfavorable symptoms were manifested. From midnight until noon he drank only a half a pint of water. He enters confidently upon the thirtieth day of his fast.

Negro Campmeeting in Ohio Broken up by Houghs.
CINCINNATI, July 27.—A colored Baptist campmeeting at Danville, ten miles south of Hillsboro, Ohio, was the scene on Friday night and on Sunday afternoon of bloody fights. On Friday night a party of drunken ruffians went to the camp at about 10 o'clock and began an attack with pistols, clubs and stones. They were repulsed and William Dickman, of their number, shot through the abdomen. Sunday afternoon, a party said to number 200, again attacked the camp, and a most desperate fight followed and ended in breaking up the meeting. It is thought that some of the colored people were killed, but they dispersed so rapidly that the facts could not be gathered. No arrests have been made.

Financial.
NEW YORK, July 27.—Total gold on route from Europe \$1,600,000. Offers for the sinking fund will be received to-morrow.

Edison gives up the Light and tries another Project.
Edison has given up his efforts to devise an electric light and is now working on a noiseless, smokeless and dustless electric locomotive.

Site for the Obelisk Selected.
A site has been selected in Central park for the obelisk.

Fatal Accident.
A two-year-old child was burned to a crisp and a young lady, named Annie Palmer, probably fatally injured here to-day by the explosion of an oil can, with which she was lighting a fire.

Discharged.
DEADWOOD, July 27.—Capt. I. M. West, ex-superintendent and contractor of the Black Hills Placer Mining Co., charged with embezzling 6500 shares of the Company's stock, valued at \$23,000, from Josiah Hale, was discharged after preliminary examination to-day. It is rumored that money was used to influence the decision. West has left the country.

Prospects of the Cotton Crop.
MOBILE, July 27.—Prof. Ripley, chief entomological commissioner of the United States, addressed members of the Cotton Exchange to-day, and reports the worm in most fields throughout a large extent of territory visited by him. He says that if planters pursue the worm and the weather is good, there may be a very good crop.

Combination Broken.
PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—Rumors were in circulation to-day that the various parties to the coal combination were at loggerheads, and that the Philadelphia and Reading company will hereafter produce coal in quantities to suit its own interests and without any regard to the agreement upon which the coal combination is founded. Ex-President Gowen says all the parties will keep on with the present plan of stopping three days in each week. There was no fight and no hitch or break of anything of that sort.

Victims of the Collision.
DETROIT, July 27.—The bodies of all but four of the victims of the collision have been recovered. An official investigation has been begun. The funeral services to-day were largely attended and of unusual solemnity.

Burned to Death.
A small grocery store was burned early this morning and a single man named Charles Peterson, who lives over the store, was burned to death. He came here from California three years ago, and was a carpenter by trade.

Extensive Fire.
The Ives sawmill and five million shingles burned; loss, \$75,000; half-insured.

Factory Burned.
St. LOUIS, July 27.—Verbrunt's furniture factory was burned; loss, \$25,000.

Fire at Quincy, Illinois.
QUINCY, July 28.—A fire broke out at noon in E. O. Pionchmitt's planing mill, corner of Ohio and Fifth streets, in the manufacturing district, at 113. The mill is burned and Gardner's governor works, Bonnet & Duff's old foundry, Harris & Beebe's tobacco works and other smaller concerns are burning. Pionchmitt's loss is \$20,000 and is without insurance. The total loss will not be less than \$100,000 and perhaps more.

Dr. Tanner Still Lives.
NEW YORK, July 27.—Dr. Tanner's condition remains unchanged. He took his

usual drive at 6 and returning at 8, having filled a demijohn at a well, retired at 10:45. His pulse is 84; temperature, 98.80 respiration, 14; weight, 130 pounds.
This is Dr. Tanner's 31st fast day. He is bright and in good spirits, and walked a half mile to-day with firm step and elastic gait.

Narragansett Investigation.
NEW LONDON, July 29.—In the Narragansett investigation, one passenger testified to-day to seeing an old grey-headed woman clinging to a boat which was loaded with men and women, and she refused to take her aboard. He believed she was the German fatherless.

The Sewanwaka.
NEW YORK, July 29.—In the Sewanwaka investigation, the evidence showed to-day that there were no life preservers in the saloon aft of the ladies' cabin on the lower deck.

Retracts his former Statement.
BOSTON, July 29.—The captain of the schooner "Edwin Newcomb," retracts the statement made when he was in Boston on his last trip, concerning the firing upon him by the Spanish war vessel, and is positive that when the affair happened he was ten miles from the Cuban shore.

The Ute Convulsion.
LOS PINOS, CO., VIA LAKE CITY, CO., July 29.—The commissioners held a council yesterday. The Indians still decline to sign the treaty in its present form. Objections were raised at the meeting to their removal to the junction of the Gunnison and Grande rivers on account of the poor soil. An opportunity was offered for the chiefs and warriors to come forward and sign the treaty, but not a single Indian accepted the invitation. The commission will brook no further delay and have given the Utes till tomorrow to do what course they will pursue.

A Terrible Fire.
BUFFALO, July 29.—A terrible fire is raging in the southern part of the city, on Blackwell's island. Three plating mills, a floating elevator and several yards, together with two ship yards, are already on fire. It originated by an explosion in one of the plating mills, and the estimated loss is \$300,000.

Forger Arrested.
NEW YORK, July 29.—M. Braunson, of Jacksonville, Fla., was to-day committed to the Tombs on a charge of forgery. His intention was to put up bogus documents as collateral for borrowing money, with which to travel abroad.

A Missouri Picnic.
MOBERLY, July 29.—An armed mob of 100 men from adjoining counties came into town this morning, and a sheriff Matlock was taking J. C. Carlow into the court house to be tried for committing a rape on the person of Mrs. Crump last March, when two ship yards, are already on fire. It originated by an explosion in one of the plating mills, and the estimated loss is \$300,000.

Talmage Visits Dies.
LEADVILLE, July 29.—Rev. Talmage visited the dance house and gambling dens last night after his lecture. A dance house girl asked him to lead a set, but he declined.

Alarming Symptoms in Dr. Tanner's Fast.
NEW YORK, July 28.—At 10:30 to-night Dr. Tanner was suddenly taken sick. He complained of pain in his stomach and nausea and threw up some mucous fluid. Much alarm was felt at first for fear the sickness would prove fatal to the doctor in his feeble condition. An alcoholic vapor bath was ordered by physicians to quicken the circulation and secure if possible free perspiration. After taking the bath the doctor laid down and fell asleep. At midnight he was once more resting quietly, being very closely watched. At one o'clock this morning Dr. Tanner remains unchanged. Temperature 98.25, pulse 74, respiration 16. At 8:30 P. M. Dr. Tanner drank eight ounces of mineral water much against the advice of Dr. Miller, under whose care he was at the time.

Searched on the High Seas.
BALTIMORE, July 30.—Captain M. Parsons, of the schooner "George Washington," which arrived at this port from Jamaica last Tuesday, reports that on July 25th, while off Cape May, at the eastern point of Cuba, his schooner was boarded and searched by officers of a steamer bearing the Spanish flag, and after he had run up the American colors the Spaniards came on board with officers and 10 armed men, and the searched continued even after the senior boarding officer had seen the schooner's papers.

Search for the Bodies.
NEW YORK, July 30.—The excavation of the Hudson river tunnel, Jersey City, is now eighteen feet deep, leaving equal distance to be dug before the bodies can be reached, which will, it is thought, be effected by Sunday. Col. Haack has called for more men who will be digging to-day in the collieries.

News Confirmed.
SAN ANTONIO, July 29.—Grierson telegraphed confirming a battle between "Goliath" and "Victory." Ord says the present policy forces the Mexicans to whip out the Indians or submit to the American troops invading Mexico to punish the marauders.

Water Sunk.
MEMPHIS, July 30.—The steamer City of Vicksburg, from St. Louis to Vicksburg, sank at Iopert landing, Tennessee, this

afternoon, having struck a stunken stump which crushed her hull. She was valued at \$50,000; uninsured.

FOREIGN.

American Turners at Frankfurt.
FRANKFURT, July 24.—The German-American gymnasts arrived today to participate in the festival given to-morrow. They were enthusiastically greeted. Replying to an address of welcome from the festival committee, Gustave Rietzka, of San Francisco, expressed the warmest love for the German fatherland.

Montenegro Victory.
RAGUSA, July 24.—Montenegro has attacked the Albanians near Cernanisi. They killed 32 persons and carried off a quantity of cattle to Cetinje. Prince Nitch ordered retreat on the 24th. The Prince has also ordered a levy of men between the ages of 16 and 60.

A Tramp's Romance.
Yesterday Robert Preston and wife, a couple who were happily united a few days ago, arrived in this city en route for Texas. The story of their marriage is rather a romantic one; not that it abounds in hair-breadth escapes or of blood in large or small quantities, but that—well, that it is romantic.

About four years ago, Miss Emma Roland of Galveston visited an aunt in Warren county, Kentucky. It was summer, the season was good, and one evening the girl sat in the yard, half reading and half regarding the enormous bumblebees buzzing around. A Warren county bumblebee will attract attention anywhere. He can make you think that he is tugging himself in your hair, and looking around you will see him ten feet away clinging to a thistle-blossom. That's enough about the bee. A footstep didn't arouse the young lady. It was a voice that said, "I get a drink of water?"

Two arms and a chin of a tramp leaned on the girl's shoulder, and she started in her garb, a wardrobe at once so describable and indescribable.

"I say, can I get some water?"
"Yes," said the girl.

"Both, if you choose."
"That's the way I like to hear people talk," said the tramp climbing over and around the house at the last.

"Now, where's the water?"
"I'll bring it."
"You'd better bring the well for I'm drier than a barrel of promplicity."

"The girl went to the house and returned with a bucket of water. When the man had finished drinking she did not think that he had exaggerated his thirst. In fact, she did not think that his comparison was very adequate.

"What book are you reading?"
"Mill on the Floss."
"Overrated. I never liked it. All depth or no depth, I do not know what a character is or no character, I don't know which. The novelist has tried to write a story without a well defined plot, and has failed. Goldsmith's success as a plotless and charming writer was a bad thing."

"You shouldn't tear my favorite book to pieces. I like George Eliot and all her works."
"You don't like 'Mill of the Floss.' You have been nodding over it for the last half-hour. You only pretend to read it because you imagine that in doing so you develop literary taste."

"I think sir, you are impudent."
"But trifling. I read a book you should read, and the tramp took from his ragged coat a tattered copy of Burton's "Anatomy of Melancholy." "Dr. Johnson said that this book was the only work that could induce him to set out on his morning's journey sooner than his regular time of rising."

"And that's why you like it," remarked the girl taking the book. "If Dr. Johnson hadn't made that remark you would not have bought it so cheaply."
"That's all right. Give me some more water."

The conversation was pursued until the tramp accepted an invitation to supper. He ate heartily, and the woman's face soon covered up with butter cakes. The tramp, Mr. Preston, remained all night. Next morning, when he announced his intention of leaving the girl accompanied him to the spot where she sat when he laid her.

"Why do you tramp around; have you no home?"
"Yes, as to the home. Don't know as to the tramp."

"Whiskey?"
"Whiskey?"
"Why don't you quit?"
"I will."

"Now, on one condition. That is, will you consent to be my wife. Meet me under this tree four years from to-day."
"I will."
"Good-by," and he climbed the fence and was gone. No correspondence was carried on between them. The manly, handsome face of the tramp hung before the girl like a portrait. Deep, earnest eyes, a merry laugh, accompanied the tramp. Several weeks ago the young lady visited her aunt. One evening last week she sat under the tree in the yard where four years before she nodded over a book. Bees buzzed around; in the same way as before.

On her lap lay "Mill on the Floss," near her a tattered copy of "Burton's Anatomy of Melancholy." A buggy drove up. A man alighted and climbed the fence.

"Mr. Preston."
"Miss Roland."
There was no indication of a tramp in the hand, neatly-dressed gentleman. The clear, earnest eyes shone no longer, but were kindled by Satan's breath. Clashed hands, kisses, renewal of vows. That evening the buggy went to Bowling Green. Next morning a happy couple left on a southern-bound train. They are now in this city, stopping at the Grand Central. Tomorrow they will leave for Texas.—Little Rock Ark, Gazette.

Talk about a bull in a China shop, why, we've seen a cowhide in a school-room.

The Dismal Swamp.

A Virginia paper tells some things which are not generally known about the Dismal Swamp. It is not a vast bog sunk low in the ground, into which the drainage of the surrounding country flows. On the contrary, it is above the level ground some fifteen or twenty feet, as was demonstrated by actual surveys. Instead of being a receptacle into which rivers and streams enter and flow, it is in reality an immense reservoir that, in its vast, sponge-like bulk, gathers the waters that fall from the heavens and pours them into the five different rivers which flow on ward to the sea. Any one would imagine that the Dismal was a variable charmed house that spreads its miasma throughout the country. On the contrary, it is the healthiest place on the American continent. The swamp is entirely of decomposed wood; one sees trees lying around the forests and swamps. The two principal woods that grow in the place are the juniper and cypress, which never rot. They fall prone or the ground like other trees, but, instead of the wood decomposing, it turns into peat, and lies indissoluble by air or water for ages perfectly sound. There is nothing in the swamp to create miasma; no rising of the tides and decomposition of rank vegetables; no marshes exposed to the burning rays of the sun. All is fresh and sweet, and the air is laden with as sweet odors as the fragrant woods in May, when the fragrance of the flowers mingles with the pungent scent of the pine and dogwood. In the ante bellum days all planters were anxious to hire their slaves to shingle-makers in the swamp on account of its healthfulness. Mr. Reddick, a well-known contractor, says he worked a gang of fifty hands for fifteen years in the Dismal, getting shingles, and in all that time there was not a single case of ague and fever. I have seen numerous affidavits of overseers and agents who have lived in the swamp their whole lifetime, and they never knew of a death caused by miasma, or a solitary instance of ague and fever. The air is pure and sweet, and the water, tinged to a faint wine hue by the juniper, is as potent a medicinal drink as is to be found at the famous watering places of the Virginia mountain pass. It is often used by vessels going on a foreign cruise on account of its healthful properties, and also because it keeps fresh and clear for years. It is a strong and invigorating tonic, with a pleasant taste.

"Swogging" a Lawyer.

A millionaire who lived and died in the vicinity of this city, as he felt his last days drawing nigh, summoned a distinguished neighbor and lawyer, who since has occupied one of the highest positions in the gift of representatives of the people, to prepare his last will and testament. When the will was drawn the dying man said: "I propose to make you my executor, and I shall require no bond from you. Write that also." The Judge complied, after thanking his client, and promised to execute the will to the best of his ability.

"What is your bill for drawing up my will?" asked the millionaire.
"Oh, under the circumstances, of course, I shall charge you nothing," was the answer.

"But," said the other, "that is not my way of doing business. Make out and receipt a bill for your services and I will pay you now."
"Well, sir, you insist, I will make out a bill for a nominal sum,—say \$25." And this member of the bar, who seldom draws breath without charging some one for the respiration, made out and receipted a bill for \$25 which under other circumstances would have been \$500.

The good man died and was buried. When the will was read it was found that the name of his son had been inserted in place of that of the distinguished lawyer. The ruling passion was strong in death. The man who knew how to accumulate wealth understood the value of a tightly-drawn will and the difference between \$25 and \$500. He had merely copied the words in the order they were written by his legal friend, and thus had obtained an irrefragable will at small cost, and an executor of his own choosing.—Cincinnati Gazette.

The following anecdote concerning Mr. Horatio Seymour has been circulating of late, and although its point is dulled by the events which have put him out of a Presidential race, it is worth repeating. "The ex-Governor, accompanied by his brother John, was visiting some friends at Olean, N. Y., and on a Friday evening went to see a valuable horse in the neighborhood, the son of a line of stock horses owned for many years in the Seymour family. On arriving at the stable the Governor took off his hat, critically examined the animal, and spoke of his many merits. John Seymour, who had been quietly standing by, remarked: "There is one important fact connected with this breed of horses which you seem to have overlooked, and to which I wish just now to call your attention. 'What's that?' asked the Governor. 'They never refuse to run!'"

A Chicago Romance.

It was night.
And such a night!
The wind came in savage gusts from its lurking places on the broad prairie that stretched away to the westward, and howled in mournful cadence the requiem of the dying year.

Yes, the old year was dying. It would soon be colder than a smelt, and the demise of that young fish means business.

A young man with flashing eye and clear cut lip, around which hovered the remnants of a cold, cruel smile, nervously strode across the floor of a richly-furnished room in one of Chicago's most elegant mansions. For more than an hour he paced the apartment, nervous, and striking a foot. This showed that he was a natural pacer. In his right hand he held a tiny piece of paper, which fluttered in the breeze created by the clip he was going. That piece of paper was from Penelope McGuire, a proud and haughty beauty, the only daughter of a man whose demerit was one of the most extensive on Aberdeen street.

Perhaps she has been giving the young man the breeze in which the note fluttered.

But, apparently, she hadn't.
No, no. The massive told him of her undying love, and now his image was never absent from her maiden fancy.

"This looked as if you could bot on the girl; but who can tell the workings of a woman's heart?"

This is what bothered the young man and had set him to pacing. He had wooed the maid with all the ardent nature of his soul—and innumerable boxes of candy.

Was this saccharine margin to be swept away by a sudden decline of her love for him?
Not if he knew it.

"'Twas but yester e'en," he said, "that I saw her boarding a car as the clocks were striking eight, and yet the false creature thinks to explain away her action by saying she was going to see a sick friend. She little knows that I saw her bangs, and know full well that no woman wears them unless she is going where she can be seen. But she shall ride no more no longer. I will scorn her proffered love—and he seated himself at an inland obnoxious sitting desk.

The next day's mail brought Penelope the following missive:
"Notably early ma for a sucker. Awa falls woman and practis your wiles on another."
"Do we need compulsory education?" ask our public man.

Farm Notes.

A correspondent of the London Live Stock Journal says: "As a proof of the importance of exercise for breeding-sows from weaning to farrowing, a well-bred black sow produced to a pure bred Berkshire boar seventeen pigs. From the number reared the breeder selected first for himself. This one, rather highly kept, with a fair amount of exercise, has never produced large litters. The second selection, kept fatter and more closely confined, never bred. Of the third selection, a yet, allowed ample exercise, has produced her second litter this time of twelve pigs. She grazed through the late severe winter on her owner's bare-ly-kept grass paddock, receiving two meals a day of fairly nutritious horse-wash. Her pigs are healthy, level and thrifty. Whilst exercise is necessary in all animals for the healthy development of the young, in no case is it more so than in that of the breeding-sow.

Last February the Commercial printed a letter from C. S. Gallian, of Gen Post Office, in which he alluded to the profits of sheep farming, when properly carried on, and now comes C. J. Butler, of Wyconda township, with a practical and gratifying demonstration of it. No later than last week Mr. Butler sold 650 fleeces for \$1200 in cash. In addition to this revenue derived from a single flock, he has sold at various times during the past year a total of 180 muttons, and has 210 fine young lambs to count in their places—making the total receipts for a year from this one industry carried on at his farm nearly \$2000. Mr. Butler enjoys the advantage of good grazing grounds adjacent to his farm, which, of course, is no small item, but there is no reason why any shepherd cannot accumulate a competence in Clark county if he exercises good judgment and a due amount of caution, and has a thorough knowledge of his business.—Alexandria Commercial.

EX-EMPRESS EUGENIE ON THE SPOT WHERE HER SON FELL.—The Empress Eugenie proceeded on foot into the South African valley where her son's body was found, following precisely the track taken by the officers, who went in search of the corpse. The road was stony and rough, but she persisted in walking. In the distance gleamed the white monument, thrown into sharp relief by the dark background, but it only seemed to catch the eye of the Empress. She shot to the bank of the donga. Then she lifted her hands as in supplication toward heaven, the tears poured over her cheeks, worn with sorrow and vigils, she spoke no word and uttered no cry, but sat slowly on her knees. A French priest repeated the prayers for the dead, and the servant, Lomas, who had been an eye-witness, went through the sad story of what had happened last year. The Empress stayed there for two days. On the following day she went to Fort Napoleon, and then to Bork's Drift, and on the fifth day visited the field of Isandula, and prayed there with the English women, who had come there to mourn their husbands and brothers.

Political necessity is the mother of convention.

PUGET SOUND MAIL.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 7, 1880.

FOR
PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:
JAMES A. GARFIELD.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
CHESTER A. ARTHUR.

Owing to the stir and bustle in town this week, the editor has been unable to devote as much attention as usual to the editorial management of the MAIL, for which we ask the indulgence of our patrons.

Judge Greene's Charge to the Grand Jury.

On the opening of Court here last Wednesday, Hon. R. S. Greene, Chief Justice and Judge of the Third Judicial District, delivered the following excellent charge to the grand jury. We commend it to the careful perusal of our readers, as all are interested in the administration of the laws by our courts of justice:

Gentlemen:—Thankfulness to that Being, who gives us life and breath and all things, is eminently fitting in public affairs. His favor constituted and continues us a nation, furnishes to us our liberties, and bestows upon us each recurring privilege of publicly serving one another. Emotions of gratitude, that raise the soul far above all selfishness, must attend the citizen who realizes the presence and favor of one so mighty and so good.

Justice and mercy, such as God himself exercises in His own government, must characterize every political power that is to endure. Each headland along the shore of history has its neighboring beach filled with the wreck of some kingdom or commonwealth. States, like individuals, are subject to the outlasting dominion of God and go forth to execution and dissolution for their crimes. Unless justice and mercy prevail in the political administration of the United States and Washington, these two political powers must fail before His overwhelming judgment. Sensible of this, let us undertake for His ends our duties at this term of court.

Consider your office, gentlemen, a dignified and exalted one. High interests are confided absolutely to your honor and the uprightness of your action cannot be questioned in any earthly tribunal. Remember that what you do concerns the peace, security and permanence of the commonwealth, and the property, liberty, reputation and perhaps the lives of individuals. It is, therefore, with praiseworthy caution that the law requires you, before touching affairs of so great moment, to receive from the judge information enough to qualify you intelligently and in an orderly manner to perform your appropriate functions. Such information it is the aim of this charge to impart.

The main purpose of your existence is to secure an equal and just procedure in the institution of criminal prosecutions. Whatever the laws may be which create and punish crime, and whatever the rigor displayed in enforcing them, neither those laws nor that rigor, nor both combined, will suffice to assure good order in a State. History has demonstrated, that without some safeguard the laws are in danger of being wrested to gratify private animosity, or popular clamor, or the tyranny of an administration, so that the very means provided to insure peace and security shall become engines of intolerable oppression. Organized to prevent such ill-grounded prosecutions, stands the grand jury.

Cases will be brought before you, gentlemen, both on the part of the United States and on the part of the Territory. All action upon these cases, will be done by you as an organic body. Mr. Hagadorn, your foreman, will preside at your inquiries and deliberations, administer oaths to witnesses called before you, sign officially all your findings and presentments, and be your spokesman when in the presence of the court. Elect one of yourselves to act as your clerk. Direct him to take minutes of your proceedings and of all evidence produced before you. In various ways you will find these minutes useful during your sessions. Evidence in different cases should be written on distinct sheets of paper. Deliver to the prosecuting attorney, before you finally adjourn, your minutes of evidence in all cases where you have found true bills, and the remainder destroy.

Advice on legal questions, and assistance in examining witnesses and framing indictments, will be afforded you by the prosecuting officers.

No particular class of cases other than those required by Territorial statutes to be given in charge to every grand jury, and the too common United States offense of furnishing liquor to Indians, seems to demand your attention at this term.

Devote yourselves, therefore, to inquiring into all cases of persons in custody or under bail charged with offenses against the laws of the United States or of this Territory and duly returned by a committing magistrate; all cases arising upon a complaint sworn to before an officer authorized by law to administer oaths and presented to you by the proper prosecuting officer; all open, flagrant and notorious breaches of the law; all cases of which any one of yourselves may personally know; the condition and mismanagement of the public prisoners; all cases of disposing of liquor to Indians contrary to the laws of the United States; the willful misconduct in office of public officers and particularly of misconduct arising under the Fee and Cost Act of 1879; and in your discretion, the condition, manner of keeping, and safety of the public records.

All your deliberations and findings will be in secret. Report to the court any attempt to intrude upon your privacy. Only yourselves and the proper officers of the court ought to have any intimation of what you are about. Should any one of you be complaining witness in a case, he must be excluded during your action upon that case. Every intentional violation of your secrecy is a gross contempt of court.

Seek, gentlemen, to get through your business quickly and well. Hold yourselves diligently to your work. Absorb no more time than is necessary in disposing of any case, and at the time allow no case embraced within your instructions to pass without receiving all the attention it deserves. Let your business be so ordered, as to economize time and labor, giving precedence to cases of persons in actual confinement. Lay before the court at the earliest moment the result of your action on each case. Conduct all your business with decorum and (so far as consistent with public duty) a tender consideration for the feelings and interests of individuals.

Obviously, gentlemen, your principal occupation will consist of inquiries into criminal accusations; and the result of these inquiries will be the finding or ignoring of bills of indictment. Most or all of these accusations can probably be acted upon without listening to any other evidence than that for the prosecution. Evidence other than that for the prosecution is proper in only one case, namely, when that offered by the prosecution, in the absence of other evidence, fails to satisfy you of the guilt of the accused, and there appears to be other evidence within reach which might dissipate your doubts.

Just what evidence will warrant the finding of a bill is an interesting question. Use first the opinion of the prosecuting attorney, as to whether the evidence is good in law. Determine then, yourselves, whether the facts lawfully before you are enough to convince you that the accused is guilty. Good evidence, sufficient thoroughly to satisfy twelve of you of guilt, should always cause you to find a bill, and no less amount or kind should.

Every indictment found true should be endorsed "A True Bill," its endorsement be signed by your foreman, and the names of the witnesses before you inserted at its foot or endorsed upon it. And, if the indictment be for a misdemeanor only and any witness has voluntarily appeared before you to complain of the defendant, his name should be marked as private prosecutor.

"Not a True Bill" is the proper endorsement to put upon an accusation when you do not find it true and the person has been held to answer. Destroy, before your final adjournment, any bill of indictment which has been submitted to you and which you have not found true, where the defendant has not been held to answer. Respecting every Territorial complaint not found true, you will find whether the prosecution is malicious and frivolous, and whether the complainant or the county should pay the costs, and return these findings into open court.

Every indictment, whether found true or not, and every finding, (except such as you are directed to destroy) is, when properly endorsed, or footed and endorsed, to be presented to the court by your foreman in your presence, filed by the clerk of court and kept as a public record. If, at any time, you desire to inform the court of any facts, or to obtain the advice of the court on any legal question arising out of any facts, before you, the proper way to proceed is to make a written statement of the facts and present it publicly in open court to me. Gladly I will aid you with advice and otherwise to the utmost of my power.

Nothing further, gentlemen, occurs to me as necessary to say at present.

Secretary Schurz is making a tour of the most interesting points in California. Efforts to induce him to come up the coast were successful, as he said he had not the time to spare for the purpose.

She Huxon Allen has been elected president of the syndicate formed to complete the Canada Pacific Railway.

Secretary Schurz on the Presidential Candidates.

Carl Schurz addressed an immense assemblage at Indianapolis the other night. His speech was a masterly review of the political issues of the day, combined with a chain of reasoning why Garfield, as a statesman, should receive the support of the true American citizen instead of Hancock, the soldier devoid of practical experience and knowledge as a statesman and only familiar with routine military life. In the course of his speech he said:

"I certainly do not mean to depreciate the high character of the regular army, but I cannot refrain from saying that, in a republic like ours, great care should be taken not to demoralize it by insinuating political ambition into the minds of its officers. The army is there to obey the orders of the civil power, under the law as it stands, without looking to the right or left; and it will be an evil day for this republic when we inspire the general of our army with the ambition to secure the highest power by paying his way to it with political pronouncements. I will not impute to General Hancock any such design. He may have meant ever so well when he issued General Order No. 40, which is now held up by a political party as his principal title to the presidency. But you once establish such a precedent, and who knows how long it will be before you hear of other general orders issued for a purpose somewhat similar to those for which they are now issued in Mexico. I am for subordination of the military to the civil power, and therefore I am for making Congressman Garfield President. And for letting General Hancock remain what he is, a General always ready to draw a soldier's sword at the lawful command of the civil power. What have we on the other hand in the Republican candidate? He lived by his daily labor. He rose from that estate gradually by his own effort, taking with him the experience of poverty and hard work and a strong sympathy with the poor and hard working man. He cultivated his mind by diligent study, and he stored it with a useful knowledge. From a scholar he became a teacher. When the Republic called her sons to her defense he joined the army and achieved distinction in active service as a brave man on the battlefield. He was called into the great council of the nation, and he sat there for nearly twenty years. No great question was discussed without his contributing the store of his knowledge to the fund of information necessary for a wise decision. His speeches have ranked not only among the most instructive and useful, but scarcely a single great measure of legislation was passed during that long period without the imprint of his mind. No man in Congress has devoted more thorough inquiry to a larger number of important subjects, and bestowed upon them opinion more matured and valuable; he was not as great a soldier as his competitor for the presidency, but he has made himself, and is universally recognized as what a President ought to be—a statesman. He understands all phases of life, from the lowest to the highest, for he has lived through them. He understands the great problems of politics, for he has studied them and actively participated in their discussion and solution. Few men in this country would ever enter the presidential office, with its great duties and responsibilities better or even as well equipped with knowledge and experience. He need only be true to his record, in order to become a wise, safe and successful President. If the people elect him, it will only be because his services rendered in the past are just of that nature which will give assurance of his ability to render greater service in the future. The country wants a statesman of ability, knowledge, experience and good principle at the head of affairs. His conduct as a legislator gives an ample guaranty of great promise in all these things, and for all these reasons, in my opinion, the interests of the Republic demand the election of James A. Garfield to the presidency of the United States."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS

AT THE FIDALGO STORE.

I have just received direct from SAN FRANCISCO a large assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods of all kinds; Men's and Boys' Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods; Men's and Boys' Pure Rubber Boots, Rubber Coats and Oil Suits; Also Boots, Shoes and Slippers of all kinds and sizes; Notions of all kinds; Hardware and Cutlery; Iron and Nails; Glassware and Crockery; Drugs and Patent Medicines.

On all bills of \$5 and upwards in the above line of goods I will take

10 Per Cent. Off for Cash.

DRUGS & PROVISIONS

I get from first hands in Portland and SAN FRANCISCO for Cash, and will sell as Cheap as the Cheapest. To parties from a distance I will give special terms that will pay them for coming. I carry a full line of all goods usually kept in a First-class Country Store.

To all who have money to spend I would say—Please give us a call, and I guarantee that you will leave satisfied with your Bargains.

WM. MUNKS.

THE SWINOMISH STORE.

L. L. ANDREWS, PROPRIETOR.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY

For Sale at the Lowest Price

FLOUR, FEED, BACON, SUGARS & SIRUPS, all kinds, CROCKERY, TINWARE, and

HARDWARE

GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS

DRUGS & PATENT-MEDICINE DRY-GOODS & CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, HOSIERY, &c.

Also Lumber, Shingles, &c. BUTTER, GRAIN, and COUNTRY PRODUCE

Bought and Sold.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR FURS & HIDES

I AM NOW DOING A STRICTLY CASH BUSINESS AND CAN AND DO SELL CHEAPER THAN ANY ONE ELSE IN THE COUNTY.

Just convince yourselves by calling and examining goods and prices. I have found by experience that the Quick Sixpence is much better than the Slow Shilling.

If you have any money to spend don't forget to go to the **SWINOMISH STORE.**

Whatcom County Democratic Convention.

In compliance with a call of the Territorial Convention to meet at Kalama, Wednesday, September 16, 1880, it has been determined by the County Central Committee to call a convention of the Democracy of Whatcom County, to meet at the court-house in Whatcom, on Tuesday, August 31st, at 10 A. M., for the purpose of electing four delegates to said convention, also to choose four delegates to joint convention with Suchomish and Sau Juan counties; to nominate a candidate for joint councilman, also to nominate candidates for all county offices, and for all other business that may properly come before said convention. The committee recommend that the primaries be held at the usual places of voting, on Saturday, Aug. 21, 1880, at 1 P. M., and in the new precincts at Hamilton's on Upper Skagit; at Goodell's for Goodell; and at Ruby City for Ruby precinct.

The following apportionment has been agreed to, viz: one for every precinct and one for every ten votes, or fraction over five cast at the last general election:

Precincts [Votes last election] Delegates.	
Suchomish (13 votes).....	3
Ferndale.....	3
Lynden.....	3
Nooksack.....	3
Whatcom.....	3
Samish.....	3
Ship Harbor.....	3
Fidalgo.....	2
La Conner.....	10
Skagit.....	3
Mt. Vernon.....	5
Upper Skagit.....	2
Goodell.....	1
Ruby.....	1
Total.....	42

The committee indulge in the hope that every Democrat knows his duty.

H. ROEDER, Chairman.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS

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I have just received direct from SAN FRANCISCO a large assortment of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods of all kinds; Men's and Boys' Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods; Men's and Boys' Pure Rubber Boots, Rubber Coats and Oil Suits; Also Boots, Shoes and Slippers of all kinds and sizes; Notions of all kinds; Hardware and Cutlery; Iron and Nails; Glassware and Crockery; Drugs and Patent Medicines.

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DRUGS & PROVISIONS

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WM. MUNKS.

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GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS

DRUGS & PATENT-MEDICINE DRY-GOODS & CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, HOSIERY, &c.

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If you have any money to spend don't forget to go to the **SWINOMISH STORE.**

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

AT

JAMES GACHES. GEORGE GACHES.

J. & G. GACHES.
LA CONNER, W. T.

Where we propose to furnish those who may favor us with their patronage with a Full Assortment of Goods—such as is usually kept in a First-Class Country Store.

WANTED IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS: Cash, Wheat, Oats, Barley, Bacon, Hams, Lard, Eggs, Chickens, wool, Beef and Deer Hides,

FOR WHICH WE WILL PAY THE HIGHEST LIVING RATES.

Everything New and of Good Quality.

OUR MOTTO:—"LIVE AND LET LIVE."

The Highest Price Paid for Good Merchantable Grain.

GRAIN SACKS FOR SALE.

ALSO

Five First-Class Improved Farms Near La Conner

FOR SALE.

LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS OF OATS OR WHEAT TO OUR AGENTS AT SAN FRANCISCO.

JOHN E. DAVIS,

BLACKSMITH AND MACHINIST,

LA CONNER, W. T.

ALL KINDS OF IRON WORK DONE in the BEST MANNER.

Agricultural Implements Made to Order or Repaired, and General Satisfaction guaranteed. Keeps also on hand all kinds of Hardwood, Plow Beams and Plow Handles, and all kinds of Implements pertaining to the work of the Farmer; and is now receiving a vast quantity of Plow and all other kinds of Bolts, both machine and hand-made.

JOHN E. DAVIS.

BELLINGHAM BAY COAL CO.

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

Sehome, W. T.

We are constantly adding to

Our Very Extensive Stock

CONSISTING OF A FULL LINE OF

CLOTHING and DRY GOODS,

BOOTS and SHOES,

Hardware, Crockery, Glassware, &c.

Ropes, Canvas, Boat Nails and Cars.

A Large and Complete Assortment of

Drugs and Medicines.

We are Buying in the

Best Markets, and as we are

Doing a Strictly Cash Business

are enabled to Sell First Class

Goods at the Lowest Prices.

EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS

TO PURCHASERS,

As we have on hand a Great Variety of

Ready-Made Clothing, Gents' &

Ladies' Furnishing Goods,

Underwear, Etc., Hard-

ware, Bear & Mink

Traps, Etc.

Hand & Horse Power Saws

PILE-DRIVER, Complete for \$100.

All of which and many other articles

too numerous to mention (remnants

of our Immense Stock, but most

as good as new) suitable for the

Country Trade, will be sold at a

sacrifice.

CALL EARLY & SECURE BARGAINS.

SAMUEL KENNEY,

MERCHANT TAILOR

SEATTLE, W. T.

Suits made to order from the most

serviceable and stylish goods. Sam-

ples of goods, with directions for

WADDELL & MILES,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

IN

RANGES, COOKING & HEATING STOVE

Tin, Japanese & Marbled Ware.

PUMPS.

Iron Pipe, Brass Goods, &c.

Agents for the celebrated

SUPERIOR STOVES, the best that

is sold on the Pacific Coast.

All plates warranted not to

crack by fire. Fire backs warranted

to last five years.

CALL AND EXAMINE

THE

Improved Franconia Range

The Finest and Most Complete Range

sold on the Pacific Coast.

Orders solicited; Satisfaction guaranteed.

WADDELL & MILES,

Seattle, W. T.

THE LUMMI STORE.

At the mouth of the Nooksack River

B. McDONOUGH, Proprietor.

Has a large and choice assortment of

GENEAL MERCHANDISE

Constantly on hand, which will

be sold to customers at the lowest

prices.

Large lots of fifty dollars and up

ward delivered at the Ferndale

Crossing free of charge.

STEAMER J. B. LIBBY,

CAPT. LOWE, Master.

CARRYING THE U. S. MAIL

Leaves Seattle on Mondays and

Fridays for La Conner, Whatcom,

and way ports, returning to Seattle

on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

For Freight or Passage apply on board

LOCAL NEWS AND COMMENTS.

There is quite a large attendance of people from all parts of the county at this term of court. All appear to be in a very agreeable and affable mood, and in just the right frame of mind to be interviewed on the availability of candidates and the political situation generally, and aspirants for office are making the most of their opportunities.

The population of Whatcom County, according to the United States census is 3,084. The sheriff's census makes it 613 less, but then he has not been up in the mining district, which fact to a great extent accounts for the difference. The population of the whole Territory is about 75,000.

Among the members of the bar present at this term of court we notice a new candidate for favor—a gentleman named J. C. Haines, recently from Chicago. He is a young man of very agreeable address, and, from what we have seen of him in court, appears to be well versed in the legal profession—is energetic, logical and eloquent in the presentation of cases, and as such is quite an important acquisition to the bar of this Judicial District.

A LITTLE BOY, aged about twelve years, son of Mr. Dawson of Samish precinct, this county, accidentally shot himself at San Juan a few days ago, while visiting his uncle Mr. Dawson, telegraph operator of that island. Himself and another little boy were carelessly handling the gun at the time it went off, instantly killing young Dawson, he receiving the entire contents in the neck.

They had quite a lively "division" meeting at Ferndale on last Sunday, which was addressed by Mr. Eldridge, Ferndale, we understand, is pretty solid for division of the county. That, however, is the only precinct that has given expression of sentiment on the question; but then Ferndale is ambitious to become one of the county-seats, which accounts for that precinct leading off in the matter. All proper enough from its stand-point.

The County Commissioners went into session as a board of equalization on last Monday and intend to continue as such throughout this week. Next week they will take up other county business. The whole session will last some two weeks, so that any one desiring to be present with business may profit by this item of information.

There will be another meeting of settlers at the Pleasant Ridge school to-day (Saturday, Aug. 7) to hear the report of the committee appointed two weeks ago to ascertain the practicability and expense of constructing a levee along the bank of the Skagit River so as to protect the region of the Beaver Marsh from overflow. The present dike on the marsh has been found insufficient, and the proposition now is to dike and shut off the sloughs along the river, which will not only render secure that portion already reclaimed but protect the whole region of country beyond Pleasant Ridge, including the Olympia Marsh, clear to the Samish outlet. Therefore all owners or settlers interested in this good work are expected to be present and lend their support and encouragement.

Owing to the large attendance upon the district court of the people interested in the above matter, there will probably be no meeting to-day.

THE CARTER COMBINATION, headed by Professor Carter, gave three performances this week in our town. This "combination" is certainly an immense affair, and it being court week with us, they played to large and appreciative audiences.

The Olympia Standard very aptly and correctly observes: "Any newspaper which has enough backbone to express an honest opinion, must have foes as well as friends. A sentiment which pleases one man is bound to displease somebody else, and in small communities these feelings are intensified by every real or imaginary cause of complaint. It is, however, a remarkable fact, that the most determined opponents of a newspaper are generally those who are not numbered among its patrons. They practically ignore the injunction, 'Live and let live.' They appear entirely oblivious of the fact that well-conducted journals in all new communities put money directly in the pockets of every business man whether he supports them or not, just as freely as the deus of heaven fall upon the just and the unjust. But so it is, and so it will continue to be, we opine, until the dawn of the Millennium."

An Indian named Charley was stabbed to death by another Indian at Utsalady the other day while engaged in a dispute over a game of cards. Charley was a young fellow from Coupeville.

The Seattle Intelligencer has entered upon its 14th year.

District Court Proceedings.

This District Court met at La Conner on last Wednesday, with Chief Justice R. S. Greene presiding, Mr. J. B. Allen, U. S. Attorney, and Mr. Hopkins, U. S. Marshal, were present on behalf of the United States; and Mr. Irving Ballard, Prosecuting Attorney for Third Judicial District, on behalf of the Territory. The following members of the bar were present: Messrs. O. Jacobs, C. M. Bradshaw, W. H. White, Joseph F. McNaugh, J. C. Haines, C. H. Hanford, G. M. Haller, A. W. Engle, W. B. Andrews and A. T. Higby.

Mr. G. W. L. Allen, sheriff, was appointed crier and L. L. Andrews, David Munro, J. S. Kelley, Fred Ayer, and Wm. Calhoun, bailiffs. Grand Jurors:—W. H. Hagadorn, foreman, Wm. Ray, J. F. Tarto, Alexander Charles, Edward Lopez, B. T. Hayward, James Williamson, H. E. Wells, T. H. Campbell, Isaac Dunlap, Haver Bartlett, T. W. Moss, Lorenzo Sweet, J. S. Conner, H. Sebert and A. Klocke.

Petit Jurors:—Colman Hoskins, Victor Charroin, Samuel Wilson, Arthur Kirkham, J. W. Harkness, F. S. Thorpe, Wm. Allard, Walter F. Walsh, W. W. Fritchard, H. W. Smith, August Rodine, S. D. Reinhardt, Dan. Dingwall, R. V. Dawson, S. M. Shears, and A. Hartson. The following persons received their final naturalization papers: John C. Tingley, Mathias Anstinson, Andrew Morrison, Colman Hoskins, William Gray, Samuel Wilson.

The following civil cases were disposed of as indicated: The case of the Territory vs. Geo. D. Rodney was postponed till next term of court, owing to the absence of Philip Carpenter, deemed an important witness in the case. In the case of the United States vs. Johnathan Chase, brought here from Snohomish County, charged with selling whisky to Indians; the prisoner was found guilty and sentenced to 30 days in the U. S. penitentiary at McNeil Island.

In the case of Munks vs. Schnall, a verdict for plaintiff for \$41.60. Baxter vs. Williamson; judgment for plaintiff for \$1509.36. Gaches vs. Sheriff Allen and Haller; judgment for defendant in the sum of \$155 and costs. Kelley vs. Krane et al; judgment for plaintiff for \$214 and costs. Cook vs. Besner; judgment for plaintiff, \$190.37. Phillips vs. Dyer; judgment for plaintiff, \$2265.84 and costs. Gaches vs. Bowden; judgment for plaintiff, \$885.48.

Puget Mill Co. vs. Peter Gundersen; judgment for plaintiff, \$163.35. Kauffman & Co. vs. Nagley; judgment for plaintiff, \$261.48 and an attorney fee of \$30. Spofford vs. Van Buren; dismissed at appellant's costs. Dexter Horton & Co. vs. Rucker and Murne; judgment for plaintiff, \$1509.57. Kauffman vs. Andrews; judgment for plaintiff, \$730.31 and attorney fee of \$75. Schwalacher Bros. & Co. vs. Dennis; judgment for plaintiff, \$217.23.

There are several other cases to come up during this term of court, the disposition of which, together with a more extended report of the above cases, we shall endeavor to give next week. The case of the Territory vs. Mrs. Clark and son, for the murder of Michael Padden, will be commenced on next Monday morning; and that, together with certain United States cases, and other business, will probably consume most of next week.

THE SKAGIT MINES.—The Victoria Colonist of July 28 says: "The latest news received from Skagit is not encouraging. On the 1st inst., representation day, owing to the high stage of the water all claims were laid over for six months, one day's occupation per month being deemed sufficient to prevent jumping. As a matter of course mining operations on Ruby creek are suspended, the current being very swift and some 16 feet deep. Miners who have packed provisions into the district are offering their supplies at low figure, flour being plentiful at \$1.50 per sack and purchasers limited. Many who have but little faith in the diggings are returning to Fort Hope with their packs and shovels and others are waiting in camp without getting out timber for sluice boxes or windlams. Several parties have gone to the Coquehalla river mines, but nothing definite concerning their richness or extent has yet been ascertained. The clearing of the wagon road from Fort Hope and the construction of the trail to the boundary line represented an expenditure of some \$800, which, it is feared, will not prove remunerative. The trail from the boundary line to Ruby creek was blazed out by the miners themselves. It is reported that the mines at best will only prove to be crevice diggings and that the gold taken out will average an outlay of nearly \$30 per ounce. The owners of the discovery claim have offered their ground for sale at a low figure, notwithstanding the fact that it is much larger in dimensions than similar claims in this province."

By order of the Committee, E. ELDRIDGE, Chairman.

Good Word for the North End.

MOUNTAIN VIEW, August 1, 1880. MOUNTAIN VIEW, August 1, 1880. MOUNTAIN VIEW, August 1, 1880.

Dear Sir:—As nobody appears to take any interest in this part of the county, please allow me a small space in your very valuable paper. Since I have read so much about the great drawbacks in other places caused by floods, grasshoppers, cyclones, crickets, chinch bugs and whirlwinds, I am truly thankful that I cast my lot in this God-favored part of old Whatcom, for the motto here is, "Slow but sure." Sixty years ago I wanted to take a farm on the Swinomish flats, but now I would not give me 120 acres here by Lake Terrell with the comforts I enjoy for the best farm on the flats and take the drawbacks, for in five years from now there is not a farmer in this section of country but what will be more comfortably situated than any on the flats. Our acreage is small yet, but our land produces well. Finer crops than the farmers have, or better prospects for good prices this year, I never saw anywhere. Why don't some of the new-comers come here and take a look; there is some land open to settlement yet, and along the Gulf of Georgia there are thousands of acres of good farming land owned by speculators that can be bought cheap at from \$2 to \$4 per acre on easy terms, so that a poor man can buy as many acres as he can pay for. This land is close to water—none of it over three miles back, with a county road laid out to the beach. All kinds of fruits do well here and vegetables in abundance; all kinds of grain grow to perfection. If there is not as much per acre it does not cost much to put it in or harvest it. Every man can work his patch of land and make a good living and take comfort, that is all we want in this world. Stock of all kinds do well here; they are rolling in fat. There is a good market in British Columbia for all our produce, with good prices. I would say to those hunting homes for safety and convenience, Come up to Lake Terrell and take a look and it will convince any reasonable man that he can make a good home for himself and family in a few years, I don't say he can do it in a year or two but in five or six years, if he is a steady working man, and we don't want any other kind—shirks we don't want. "God helps them who help themselves."

Yours truly, NELSON KELLEY.

SALE OF TIMBER LANDS.—From a circular from the General Land Office, bearing date May 1, 1880, the following important information is given: "Each claimant under the act of June 3, 1880, providing for the sale, at the rate of \$2.50 per acre, of timber lands unfit for cultivation, is required to make the necessary proof and payment within ninety days from date of his original application. Should the claimant fail to meet this requirement within the period named, his application will be canceled and the land held as vacant, subject, without further notice, to disposition as if the first application had not been made. Should claimants attempt to remove timber from the land embraced in their applications prior to making payment and entry, they will be subject to prosecution as timber trespassers on the public lands."

Whatcom County Republican Convention.

A Republican convention will be held at the court house at La Conner, Thursday the 26th day of August, at 10 A. M., for the purpose of electing five delegates to attend the Territorial Republican convention at Vancouver, September 8th, and to nominate a county ticket. The basis of representation in said convention will be one delegate from each precinct, and one for every ten and fraction of half or more votes cast for Delegate to Congress on the Republican ticket at the last general election. Since the last general election three new precincts have been established. From the best information the committee can obtain there were no votes in what constitutes two of these precincts at the last general election; the other (Upper Skagit) contained a portion of the votes cast in Mount Vernon precinct, of which it was then a portion. The committee, therefore, take one delegate from the ratio of Mount Vernon and give it to Upper Skagit.

The different precincts will hold their primaries on Saturday, the 14th day of August, at 2 P. M., at the places of voting, for the purpose of electing the following number of delegates and to nominate a ticket of peace and conatable for each precinct:

Table with 2 columns: Precinct Name and Number of Delegates. Includes Ferndale (5), Lynden (2), Nooksack (2), Whatcom (2), Samish (2), Ship Harbor (2), Fidalgo (2), La Conner (2), Skagit (2), Mt. Vernon (2), Upper Skagit (2), Ruby Creek (1), Goodell (1), Total (56).

Candidates for Office.

Candidate for Commissioner. At the request of several Republican friends, I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the office of Commissioner of Whatcom County, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. H. A. BARRIS, Ferndale, July 30, 1880.

Candidate for Treasurer.—Mr. W. L. Steinweg, of Selma, requests to be announced as a candidate for Treasurer of Whatcom County before the Republican Convention.

Candidate for Auditor.—Mr. Wm. R. Griffin requests to be announced as a candidate for Auditor of Whatcom County before the Republican Convention.

Candidate for Treasurer.—Mr. W. T. Coupe, of Lynden, requests to be announced as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Treasurer of Whatcom County.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice for Publication. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., July 29, 1880. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim and secure final entry thereof, and that the proof of witnesses will be made before the Clerk of the District Court at La Conner, W. T., on Thursday, the 9th day of September, A. D. 1880: WILLIAM J. HAGADORN, Pre-emption D. S. No. 4323 for the S. 1/2 of NE 1/4 of Section 23, Township 33 North, Range 3 East, and names the following as his witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said tract, viz: E. O. Tade, A. T. Burnell, E. Purvis and Wm. Gray, all of Fidalgo, Whatcom County, W. T. J. T. BROWN, Register. First publication August 7.

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Candidates for Office. At the request of several Republican friends, I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the office of Commissioner of Whatcom County, subject to the decision of the Republican Convention. H. A. BARRIS, Ferndale, July 30, 1880.

Candidate for Treasurer.—Mr. W. L. Steinweg, of Selma, requests to be announced as a candidate for Treasurer of Whatcom County before the Republican Convention.

Candidate for Auditor.—Mr. Wm. R. Griffin requests to be announced as a candidate for Auditor of Whatcom County before the Republican Convention.

Candidate for Treasurer.—Mr. W. T. Coupe, of Lynden, requests to be announced as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Treasurer of Whatcom County.

Candidate for Sheriff. At the request of several Democratic friends, I hereby offer myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Whatcom County, subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention. JAMES O'LOUGHLIN, La Conner, June 5, 1880.

LEGAL NOTICES.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. TO SETTLERS WHO WANT TO MAKE MONEY. 3,750 Acres of most fertile and easily cultivated land to lease in quantities to suit for a term of years without rental.

These valuable lands are situated on Frazer River, a few miles north of the boundary line. They are similar in form and soil to the Swinomish flats, are more extensive, less cut up with sloughs, and not so much subject to overflow. The land is nearly all wild grass prairie with subsoil. The timber along the river bank consists of the domestic species. The water is excellent. The land is most advantageously situated, as steamboats run regularly and frequently pass it, carrying freight at extremely low rates on the following markets: New Westminster, Burrard Inlet, Nanaimo, Victoria, and Esquimalt—all progressive places the most important being Victoria, now a city with ten thousand inhabitants and growing very rapidly. The Dominion tariff of 10 cents per bushel on oats and potatoes, and 15 cents on barley and wheat, etc., etc., affords substantial protection to the farmer of British Columbia against those of Oregon and Washington Territory and is equal to an extra profit for British Columbia farmers of about 50 per cent. This is an additional inducement for farmers looking out for the most profitable locations to go into British Columbia and settle on the fertile and easily reclaimed lands on the delta of the Frazer. Farmers located there now sell readily for cash all they can raise at much higher price than can be obtained in any part of Oregon or Washington Territory; the demand must continue greater than the supply and rapidly increase for many years to come in consequence of the construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway. A contract for over nine millions of dollars has been let by the Dominion Government and the contractor is now on the ground preparing to put 4000 men at work upon it, commencing on Frazer River.

The undersigned have a few hundred acres situated which will be let upon favorable terms, at the greater portion of the 3,750 acres requires a dike about 24 feet high to protect it from high water in exceptional years. No part is subject to overflow by tides.

This land is offered free for 6 years in consideration of those leasing diking, fencing, improving and cultivating and leaving a certain portion of it seeded in timothy at the termination of the lease. This is a chance for live, industrious men to make money rapidly.

Capt. Lloyd, of the schooner General Harvey, has kindly allowed us to refer any party inquiring on the ground to him, and for any further particulars apply to W. & J. WILSON, Victoria, B. C.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Administratrix Notice. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Mrs. Maria T. Barrow, has been duly appointed by the Probate Court of Whatcom County, W. T., Administratrix of the estate of John J. Barrow, deceased, late of said county and Territory. Therefore, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will please pay the same to me, and all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present the same to me duly verified, at my residence near Whatcom, in said county, within one year from the date of this notice or they will be forever barred. DATED this 31st day of July, 1880. MARIA T. BARROW. First publication July 31.

A. T. HIGBY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, SKAGIT CITY, W. T. Will practice before the District Court of Whatcom County.

ALDEN ACADEMY, ANACORTES, W. T. The second year opens September 1st, 1880. Full corps of teachers. Students prepared for college, and teachers for county and Territorial examinations. Vocal music, mechanical drawing and use of ginnnasium free to all. Tuition in common English, \$7 per term. Normal, \$9. Board per week, \$2.50. The Superintendent has full control of the Social and Boarding relations of the pupils while in the Academy. For further particulars address, Rev. E. O. TADE, Supt. or Phor. A. T. BURNELL, A. M.

MARIETTA HOTEL, LA CONNER, W. T., MILTON B. COOK, PROPRIETOR. This House is new and furnished with Good Accommodations for families. THE BAR Is furnished with the finest brands of Liquors and Cigars. It has TWO BILLIARD TABLES For the accommodation of the lovers of the Cue. Nothing will be left undone to make this one of the finest Hotels on the Sound. M. B. COOK.

LA CONNER DRUG STORE, JOSEPH ALEXANDER, Proprietor. A Complete Assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c. The Finest Brands of CIGARS AND TOBACCOS. STATIONERY, FANCY ARTICLES, &c. SILVER TEMPERED STEEL VIOLIN STRINGS. S. BAXTER & CO. IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES, LIQUORS, TOBACCOS & CIGARS. Sole Agents for the FAIR OAKS OLD BOURBON WHISKEY. All of which we offer to the trade At San Francisco Prices. Dealers in and Exporters of WOOL, HIDES AND FURS. For which we pay the highest Cash Prices. Please send for Price Lists. S. BAXTER & CO., Seattle, W. T. JUNE 7, 1880. Harness Maker Wanted. A good opening is offered to a Harness Maker at La Conner, W. T. Mr. Hanson wishes to retire from business, and will sell his shop and stock very reasonable. We have about 500 teams here, and no other shop nearer than 80 miles. For particulars address, HENRY HANSON, La Conner, W. T. DAVID HARKNESS, NOTARY PUBLIC, NOOKSACK, W. T.

