THE PUGET SOUND MAIL.

VOL. X. LA CONNER, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1883. NO. 41.

—THE—

PUGET SOUND MAIL.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

—AT—

LA CONNER, Washington Territory,

—BY—

JAMES POWER, : : Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year, in Advance.....$2 00
Six Months.....1 00
Three Months.....50

Legal Advertising Rates:

One Square, (12 Lines), first insertion....$1 00
Each subsequent insertion.....50
A liberal reduction to regular advertisers.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JAS. MCNAUGHT. H. D. FERRY. J.F.MCNAUGHT.

M'NAUGHT, FERRY & M'NAUGHT,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW.

Offices—Nos. 1, 2 and 3, Opera House, Commercial street.

SEATTLE, W. T.

G. M. HALLER. A. W. ENGLE.

HALLER & ENGLE,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW.

PROCTORS IN ADMIRALTY.

SEATTLE, W. T.

Office—In Coleman's Block, corner Mill and Commercial Streets, up stairs.

Practice in all the Courts in Washington Territory. One of the firm will be in La Conner on the third Tuesday in every month. oc25-tf

C. H. HANFORD,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,

SEATTLE, W. T.

Will attend the terms of the District Court for Whatcom county.

WM. W. TINKHAM,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

LA CONNER, W. T.

Connected with the McNaught Law Firm of Seattle.

ELWOOD EVANS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Prosecuting Attorney Third Judicial District,

NEW TACOMA, W. T.

Will practice in all the Courts and Land Offices of the Territory.

W. H. WHITE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

SEATTLE, W. T.

Office—On the corner of Front and Columbia streets, up stairs.

Will practice in all the Courts of Washington Territory.

H. G. STRUVE. J. C. HAINES. JOHN LEARY.

STRUVE, HAINES & LEARY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Will practice in all the Courts of Washington Territory. Rooms 1, 3 and 5, first floor, Post Building, Seattle, W. T.

BELLINGHAM BAY

NURSERY.

JOHN BENNETT,

Proprietor.

The undersigned offers for sale a very choice collection of

FRUIT TREES,

—CONSISTING OF—

Apples, Pears, Plums, Cherries, and Beal's Early Fidalgo Peach. It is always ripe from the middle of August to the first of September. The tree is hardy and very prolific.

My collection of hardy perennial Border Flowers is very choice. Flower Seeds, Roses and other Ornamental Trees and Shrubbery.

JOHN BENNETT,

Whatcom, Whatcom Co., W. T.

L. P. SMITH & SON,

WATCHMAKERS,

JEWELERS

—AND—

ENGRAVERS,

SEATTLE, W. T.

—DEALERS IN—

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware of the Best Quality.

All kinds of work in the line of repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewelry done in a satisfactory manner, and Warranted. Orders for goods or work, from all parts of the Sound, solicited. Give us a trial and satisfy yourselves.

☞Notarial Seals made to order. Price, $5. Store on Front street, in Sullivan's Block.

S. BAXTER & CO.,

Importers of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

WINES, LIQUORS, TOBACCOS AND CIGARS.

Sole Agents for the

FAIR OAKS BOURBON WHISKY.

—ALL OF WHICH—

We offer to the Trade at San Francisco Prices.

—DEALERS IN AND EXPORTERS OF—

Wool, Hides and Furs,

For which we will pay

The Highest Market Prices. Please send for Price-List.

S. BAXTER & CO.,

Seattle, W. T.

CLOTHIER & ENGLISH,

—DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise

CONSISTING OF A FULL LINE OF

GROCERIES, HARDWARE, DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES.

WE CARRY A LARGE STOCK OF

Logging Camp Supplies,

And make a Specialty of Furnishing the same on Reasonable Terms.

CLOTHIER & ENGLISH,

Mount Vernon, Skagit River.

I. SCHRAM & CO.,

Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.

—Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Stoves, Ranges, Tin and Granite Ware, Pumps, Pipes, Sheet-Iron and Copper.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated

MEDALLION RANGE, OLD STANDARD BUCK STOVE, WESTERN EMPIRE, BISMARK, and a Large Variety of Other Cooking and Heating Stoves.

JAMES WILLIAMSON. SOPHUS JOERGENSON

I. WILLIAMSON & CO.,

(Successors to KELLOGG & ANDERSON.)

Proprietors of the

LA CONNER DRUG STORE.

☞ **Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.** ☜

—A FULL LINE OF—

Drugs and Patent Medicines, Toilet, Perfumery and Fancy Articles, Books, Stationery, Etc., Etc., Etc.,

Always on Hand at SEATTLE PRICES.

Having purchased the La Conner Branch Drug Store from Kellogg & Anderson, we solicit a continuance of the public patronage. The store will continue under the management of Sophus Joergenson as before.

J. WILLIAMSON & CO.

TO THE

COUNTRY TRADE!

—HAVING OPENED A STOCK OF—

General Merchandise

AT PADILLA BAY

For the Accommodation of the Settlers in that Section, we would ask all to Call and Examine our Stock and Prices before going further.

☞ It is our object to sell GOOD GOODS at Low Prices and to accommodate the Farming Trade by dealing in all FARM PRODUCE. Our Stock consists of a Full Line of Goods generally to be found in a Country Store, all of which we would ask your inspection and solicit a share of your patronage.

W. J. McKENNA, - - - MANAGER.

F. W. WUSTHOFF'S

—Grand Display of—

Agricultural Implements!

BUCKEYE SELF-BINDERS, with Twine or Wire,

Buckeye Self Rake Reapers,

Buckeye New Model Mowers,

Pitts Threshers, with Vertical or Horizontal Engines.

Furst & Bradley Sulkey Rakes; Bullard Improved Hay Tedders; Patent Hay Carriers; Harpoon Horse Hay Forks; Schuttler Farm, Freight and Spring Wagons; Garden City Clipper Plows, from 6 to 20 inches.

BUILDERS' MATERIAL, BRICK AND LIME.

—COMPLETE STOCK OF—

Hardware, Iron and Steel.

MECHANICS' TOOLS my Specialty; GUNS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS and AMMUNITION; The Largest Stock of Fishing Tackle and Seine Twine ever brought to the Territory; Giant and all grades of Sporting Powder.

A complete stock of EXTRA PARTS for all Leading Machines kept constantly on hand. Country Correspondence promptly attended to.

F. W. WUSTHOFF, Front St., Seattle, W. T., Box 14.

C. G. Steinweg, Seattle. W. L. Steinweg, Whatcom

W. L. STEINWEG & CO.,

Whatcom, W. T.

Jobbers and Dealers in

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, CLOTHING & HARDWARE.

We Carry a Large and Well-Selected Stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

For Sale at the Lowest Cash Prices.

☞ The Highest price paid for Market Produce, Furs, Hides and Oil.

CURRENT NOTES.

The Massachusetts House defeated by an overwhelming majority the bill to compel corporations to pay employes weekly.

The New York Superior Court decides that a seat in the Stock Exchange is part of the assets of a bankrupt firm.

It is now definitely announced that the East river bridge in New York will be opened in sixty days. Foot passengers will go over free.

A law is published exempting from the payment of customs duties goods sent from foreign countries to the Electrical Exhibition at Vienna.

The *Times* announces that there will be no milk for the city after March 13th, the Orange county producers having resolved to stop the supply until the city dealers are brought to terms to save the former from loss.

It is announced that Harper Brothers have purchased three lots on Great Jones street, New York, running through to Bond street, for the erection of a spacious and elegant publishing house for their retail business, which with the land, will cost $500,000.

The salvage steamer has returned from the scene of the wreck of the *Cimbria*. The divers report a number of the bodies of the victims jammed against the gear of a lifeboat on deck. The entrance into the cabin is closed by a compact mass of bodies. To save the cargo three decks have to be removed by explosives, and this would shatter the corpses in the hold.

The remains of John Howard Payne are expected here about the 23d. Corcran has appointed a committee of two gentlemen, who will meet the remains at New York and accompany them to Washington on a special car. They will be delivered to the authorities of Oak Hill Cemetery, to be held by them until the 9th of June, the ninety-first anniversary of the poet's birth, when the formal ceremonies of final sepulture will take place.

Wiggins claims that his prophecy was literally fulfilled, and says that hundreds of thousands of lives perished on the afternoon of the 10th inst., owing to a great tidal wave in the Bay of Bengal. He expresses fear for the safety of the City of Chester. He characterizes the storm as the greatest which can possibly occur on this planet and makes a dash at the Canadian and United States authorities for not hoisting signals till the storm was actually beating upon the continent, showing himself a fool generally.

The continued illness of Secretary Folger has revived the report that he will soon resign. He had a long interview with the President, March 12th, in relation to Treasury appointments, and at its close was driven to his home and put in bed. He is suffering from malarin, and his physicians have prescribed rest. He will not resign unless he should feel unable to discharge the duties of his office. New York politicians would be gratified if Folger should resign, and it is rumored that the President would gladly accept his resignation.

The *Times* says of the gathering at Elliott's funeral: "No such crowd ever gathered in New York before. Ruffians of every grade, from pilferers up to murderers unhanged, were abundant. The police climbed everybody within reach, whenever the throng grew unruly. Some inkling of its character may be inferred from the care taken by some well-known sporting men of what may be called "the higher class," not to be seen in such company. When a crowd is too bad for such persons as "The Coburn" and "The Allen," it must be very bad indeed, and yet on such a cornerstone as this the government of this city rests."

Cleveland and New York were connected by telephone for several hours a few days since. Gentlemen in the office of the Postal Telegraph Company in New York spoke and sang before the Improved Telephone party in Cleveland. That office did the same, and the voices were more distinctly heard in New York than is usually the case between connected telephones in that city. Professor Elisha Gray, the inventor of telephones and patentee of the Harmonic and other devices in use in the Postal Telegraph system, conducted the experiments. He said their success was due to the superior conductivity of the compound wire in use, composed of a steel core surrounded by copper. James R. Keene was one of the party and conversed with friends, who had been called into the Cleveland office to meet him.

The *Tribune*'s Buffalo reporter had an interview with Mrs. Langtry. She said, after many things previously reported: "it is gratifying to make money by one who has been as poor as I have been, and who knows how to appreciate money, I assure you; but as the same time, I sincerely love the theatrical profession. I am entirely out of society. Between public performances, traveling and studying, there's little time for society. Formerly I was entirely devoted to my profession, and have work quite enough for me. I see many persons that I would like to know, but it would be painful to form a friendship and sever it to-morrow. So I make it a rule to refuse all invitations and decline to receive formal calls. I like the country better as I get used to its customs, which were odd to me at first. There seemed to be a roughness or lack of deference in many with whom I came in contact, but I have found that the people are warm at heart as well as curt and practical." Mrs. Langtry complained of the disagreeable weather, and said she was troubled with slight hoarseness. She spoke with regret of the disappointment occasioned the Buffalo people by Abbey and Nilsson, and added: "I never disappoint an audience, although at times I have been very ill, and I hope that in this case the sins of the parent will not be visited upon the children of the Langtry party." The season has been very successful. Mrs. Langtry will visit the Falls. Her agent has engaged the parlors occupied by the Prince of Wales twenty years ago.

A terrible explosion occurred in the Local Government Board offices, at Westminster, London, Mar. 15, destroying much property. The report was heard in the House of Commons and caused alarm. The concussion was so great that it shook the side galleries and the reporters' gallery. It being the dinner hour, few members of the House were in the hall. The Duke of Edinburgh was in the Peers' gallery and seemed alarmed. The Speaker rang his bell and asked the cause of the alarm. No one was injured. The wildest rumors were at once afloat. The report resembled the discharge of an eighty-ton gun. It is believed it was a dynamite explosion and that it was a deliberate attempt to blow up the Government offices. The explosion was heard at a distance of two or three miles. The officers of the gas company declare that they can find no evidence that it was caused by gas. The force of the explosion shot large portions of masonry across the street. The adjacent streets are filled with myriads of fragments of glass and heavy plate-ghss is lying in heaps upon the ground. A stone weighing 200 pounds was projected against the King-street police station, making a hole the size of a man's head. Nothing will be touched until an inquiry can be made. The full extent of the damage cannot be estimated until daylight. Five hundred constables are guarding the scene. The building has the appearance of having been bombarded. There is a deep trench ten feet long by three feet wide in one room, the floor of which has been literally plowed. Two children sleeping in a house on the corner of King street were thrown from their beds by the force of the explosion and their faces badly cut. They were taken to the police station. Every pane of glass in the vicinity was shattered. A man was arrested at midnight on suspicion of being concerned in the explosion. It was undoubtedly the work of Fenians.

THE PARTHENON.

Mrs. Brown's Unique Experience in the Town of Walnutville.

AN OLD FASHIONED LYCEUM LECTURE.

Reader, didst ever deliver a lecture at a country "lyceum?" If so, read the following. It is good. "We have been there."

Mrs. Brown having a lecture upon the Parthenon, was invited to deliver it before the lyceum of Walnutville. Knowing of Walnutville only that it was fifteen miles from a railroad, Mrs. Brown suggested a more popular subject. No; Walnutville wanted the Parthenon. At the station named in the letter of direction Mrs. Brown saw a stage, and soon its driver said:

"Be you the lecturer for Walnutville?"

"Yes."

"Wa'al, git right in; and you hain't no need to pay no fare neither, for I'm the committee that wrote yon."

Mrs. Brown was the only passenger, and the driver cheered the long and lonely way by telling her, "Folks was thinkin' a sight about seein' on her, lots on 'em remembern' her grandsir." They were only four hours on the road, and when the time for the lecture came Mrs. Brown was escorted to the hall by the same gentleman. On the way he exhorted her to speak up, and not be like "them Methodist wimmen, who mumbled so folks did not know when to say 'Hallelujah.'"

The hall, an unpainted building, consisted of a great room with an enormous outside door opening directly into it. There were seats against the wall upon two sides, which the stage-driver explained as being the place where "the old men set town-meetin' day." The people who were in their seats turned round and gazed at Mrs. Brown while she took off her wraps and put on her gloves. Telling her escort she was ready, he said he "warn't a-goin' upon that roostrum to make a fool of himself; the minister had got to do that."

While waiting for the minister, and enduring the staring of the audience, Mrs. Brown diverted her mind by wondering why a row of men were seated at the back of the platform. Finally curiosity conquered.

"What are those men up there for?"

"Them? Why, they're the Walnutville Brass Band, and they're goin' to play. Don't they have no bands where you came from?"

Fortunately Mr. Snow, the minister, appeared then, and Mrs. Brown trailed meekly up the aisle after him. Obedient to his gesture, she sat down, and he said "We will unite in prayer."

That exercise disposed of, Mr. Snow proceeded: "The Walnutville Brass Band will favor us with 'Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean.'"

The performance was stunning, deafening; but before breath or hearing could be regained, the agile clergyman was again on his feet:

"The chorister of the Baptist church will now delight the audience with a song—There's a Good Time Coming, Boys; Wait a Little Longer."

The chorister walked slowly to the steps of the platform, and waited, looking severely at Mr. Snow.

"I forgot to say," shouted that much-afflicted man, "that he will be accompanied by his daughter on a Mason and Hamlin instrument."

Then the father and daughter mounted the stage, the organ was wheeled into its place, and the performers had a good time if nobody else did.

The audience was indifferent to an alarming degree, looking at Mrs. Brown like scores of duplicates of the goddess Pasht who sits and glares at people in the British Museum.

Again Mr. Snow: "Mrs. Brown will now read us a piece on the Parthenon."

Mrs. Brown stepped to the front, and, amid stillness so profound that she could hear the breathing of the persons near her, read her piece. It took an hour, and during all that time the death-like quiet was broken but once; and then a boy who had climbed up on the outside, and peeped in at a window, informed his companions in a hoarse whisper that "she warn't no great thing to look at, anyhow." Not a hand stirred nor even an eyelid moved when the Parthenon was ended; but Mr. Snow allowed no time for embarrassment, for he was at once on his feet:

"The chorister of the Methodist church will sing 'Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep.' He will accompany himself."

The same masterly indifference while the Methodist chorister rocked himself violently backward and forward, and while he was wiping his heated brow after he had returned to his seat. But indefatigable Mr. Snow knew no weariness:

"The band will again delight us with 'Marching Through Georgia.'"

"Hark! From the Tombs," would have suited the temper of the audience equally as well—to all appearance, better. Finally the minister concluded:

"These exercises will close with a benediction."

He had hardly spoken its last words when the stage-driver shouted:

"Here, marm, is the money we've took. You can take your pay out on't."

Mrs. Brown, not accustomed to approving herself, declares she rose to that occasion, for she turned all the money into her pocket-handkerchief, and told him she would settle on the way to the train. One or two people walked solemnly up to her, limply shook her hand, and said, plaintively, "We have enjoyed your lecture," but with these exceptions the awful silence was not disturbed. To this day Mrs. Brown is in doubt if they think the Parthenon an improved sewing machine or a new kind of hay-spreader.—[Harper's Magazine.

NEW ORLEANS LEVEES.

The broad levees which protect the city of New Orleans against the assaults of the Mississippi are crowded day and night by picturesque and motley throngs of people, representing every phase of sea-faring and river life. The scene is bewildering to a stranger.

Even by night the levees present scenes of bustling activity. New Orleans is far ahead of most Northern cities in the use of the electric light. Even dingy back streets and narrow alleys are illuminated by its powerful rays, and it is not uncommon to find the brilliantly lighted globe of glass swinging in front of some picturesque tumble-down shop, which doesn't look as if its whole stock would be valued at more than a hundred dollars or two. As many portions of the city, especially the older streets, are wonderfully picturesque and quaint, the electric illumination produces effects which are nowhere else observable.

Along the levees the electric lights are suspended in rows from high poles, affording a broadly diffused light, by means of which the business of loading and unloading the ships, steamboats, and other crafts is carried on with as much facility as by day. Some of the globes are variously colored, to designate different localities. There are nights when the heavy sea fog comes sweeping up like a gray wall, obscuring all the shipping and enveloping the levees. The effect is then wonderful. Everything wears an uncertain, weird, and ghostly appearance. Dore would have revelled in these scenes, where he would have found subjects for his pencil as marvellously quaint and picturesque as any of the older portions of Paris or London.

What her great dikes are to Holland the levee is to New Orleans. Without this enormous embankment, fifteen feet wide at the top and extending for two hundred miles above and fifty below the city, her streets would be subject to inundation every spring. The author of "Hudibras" described Holland in humorous verse as "a country that draws fifty feet of water," where people "do not live, but go on board." The description might have applied in some degree to the New Orleans of earlier times; but engineering skill and a judicious outlay of money, applied to the construction of the levee and an extensive system of drainage, have made it one of the most healthful and pleasant cities of America.—[Harper's.

A GROUND-SWEAT.

We have heard of a sick person who, seized with some sudden impulse, has had himself buried to the chin in the ground; and from the energetic action of his faith, or some other not apparent cause, a cure followed the whim. A few weeks ago, while traveling in New Mexico, a correspondent witnessed a more practical and systematic application of the ground cure idea, near the old town of Las Vegas. At the foot of the mountains, on the south bank of the Rio Gallinas, are numerous hot sulphur springs, where from time immemorial the native Mexican people have been wont to bathe, for various diseases. An extensive bath house has been erected within the past two years, into which the hot water from a large number of springs is brought in pipes, and the accommodations thus greatly enlarged for taking both tub and hot-vapor baths.

The earth below the springs through which the mineral waters trickle down to the river has been found to be strongly impregnated with those chemical elements which the water brings up from deep in the earth. Of late the idea of giving invalids a ground-sweat, so to speak, in this chemically strong soil has entered the minds of physicians, and been put in practice.

The bath-house, or rather bath-shed, presents a truly singular spectacle. Four long, deep bath-troughs of deal planks are set in a row, each filled to the brim with black mud, of the consistency of thick treacle, and of a temperature of from ninety-eight to one hundred and six degrees Fahrenheit.

On the afternoon of the writer's visit, each of the bath troughs had at the far end of it what, in the misty atmosphere, looked to be a human head, set on a little brown rubber pillow. The effect was really startling.

And they were heads. Immediately they began to talk. Nor were they disserved heads. The bodies to which they belonged were there—down in the black mud, out of sight.

Attendants were moving about, turning steam-cocks and bringing in fresh buckets of the "remedy." The heat was kept as high as the bather could bear, with no little banter and some begging.

A strong odor of sulphur emanates from the mud. On the whole the association of ideas and odors was not pleasant, and had a purgatorial suggestion. Yet for persons in limbo the bathers seemed quite merry; they talked, joked, laughed.

Often they remain in the mud-bath for an hour or more, and it is needless to say come out in a rather parboiled, though it is to be hoped, purified, condition.

A LADY'S PARLOR.

Surprise of a Visitor in not Finding the Regulation Style of Furnishing.

A LADY'S CULTIVATION OF SILK-WORMS.

"Would you like to look into my parlor, sir?" Of course we said yes Our lady hostess had just favored us with a delightful dinner, which after our long ride across the prairies, was indeed a matter to be grateful for. She opened the door; and we looked into the room, expecting to see the usual stuffed hair cloth, the *bric-a-brac*, the parlor-organ, the stereopticon, the photograph-album, and the regulation parlor ornaments. If there is one thing more than another in which American ladies show a lack of originality, it is in their parlors. All are after one model; and if ever anywhere you chance to find one differing from the standard, it is from the shape of the house, or some other circumstance, over which the lady herself had no control, and which you are sure to find her lamenting from a full heart.

Judge of our surprise then, to see, in an uncarpeted room, three long tables covered with fresh green leaves, which somehow seemed all in motion. Even the window seats and the chairs were laden with green leaves and sprays; and as to the floor it was covered with bare twigs.

To our look of astonishment, the lady laughed merrily. "How do you like my furniture?" she exclaimed.

But something still more odd—for a parlor—had arrested our attention. It was a great green worm, somewhat like a maple-worm, on the table. It lay among the green leaves and was feeding on them. There were scores, hundreds, thousands of these worms! That was what caused the motion—these ravenous worms feeding on the leaves.

"Why, what are these, madam?"

"My silk worms."

"And this foliage?"

"Mulberry leaves, from these hedges round my garden-lot. I bring in bushels of them every day. See the bare stems on the floor.

"Yes," continued the lady, "I commenced with a few worms as an experiment two years ago. George—that's my husband—laughed at me at first. He works hard on the farm; but unless it is a better year than last I shall clear as much off my cocoons as he will off his crops. I get seventy cents a pound for cocoons. And what's the good of a parlor shut up from one week's end to another? I have little time to sit down in it. So I have papered mine with mulberry leaves. And I have my attic and two chambers full of worms, besides. It is pretty and pleasant work to feed them."

"Well, this is indeed a new departure," we said. "An original idea."

"No, not original with me," exclaimed our hostess. "I got it from the Mennonites, those Russian refugees, who came to Kansas eight or ten years ago. They brought silk-culture here with them, and imported the mulberry shrubs from Southern Russia. Their women reel the silk off the cocoons; but that takes a great deal of time and patience. I prefer to sell my cocoons to the factory folks."

Surely, I thought, here is a hint for many a woman with a shut-up parlor and a scanty family purse. For it is said the business requires scarcely ten dollars capital for a start.—[Youth's Companion.

GAMBETTA IN HIS SANCTUM.

Gambetta was not a brilliant writer and he never knew when to stop. It is related that he would enter his editorial room, say, "I shall want about half a column to-night," and, sitting down, he would begin to cover page after page with his close, cramped handwriting. For so impetuous a man he wrote a curiously stiff hand, and though his fingers moved fast, their motion was feverish and spasmodical. It could never be said of him that he "dashed off" any of his effusions; he rather jerked them off, swaying the upper part of his body ponderously to and fro as he wrote, and now and then collecting his thoughts by passing his large left hand rapidly through his hair Black coffee would be brought him, and he would go on writing; then he would call for a bottle of Burgundy and gulp down two or three glasses, munching sweet biscuits afterward, or else sticks of chocolate in lieu of dinner. The editor, who had been making allowances for half a column, would see Gambetta's article overflow one column after another, washing away all other articles and notes, till it spread like an inundation over the entire front page of the paper. Then with a hearty "*Ouf*," the French exclamation of relief, he would throw down his pen and say, "There, I think these few lines will state our case plainly; what! do they really run to five columns? *Sacrebleu!* it seemed to me as if I had only been writing ten minutes!" and upon this he would break into a laugh that resounded all over the office and party dispelled the gloom of his contributors, who had been pulling wry faces at seeing their evening's work lost.

The National Board of Health, which has before now done good service in the Mississippi valley and elsewhere, will ask $100,000 to keep off the epidemic which is likely to follow the subsidence of the floods.

THE PUGET SOUND MAIL.
La Conner, W. T.

JAMES POWER, PROPRIETOR.

SATURDAY, APRIL 7, 1883.

IT IS GRATIFYING to observe that our esteemed contemporaries, the Tacoma Ledger and Seattle Post-Intelligencer, are in accord on one point at least, to-wit: that the MAIL is unnecessarily disquieted lest the bill introduced last winter in Congress by Senator Grover, granting right of way and the right to purchase at the rate of $1.25 per acre 150 sections to every ten miles of railroad from Seattle to the British Columbia line, be reintroduced at the next session of Congress. The Seattle paper says the bill failed to pass, a fact which we are already aware of; while the Tacoma paper, though approving of the measure as might be expected from that source, expresses the opinion that it could not pass, of which we are not quite so certain. Now, we are of the opinion that the bill would have passed but for the lateness of its introduction in Congress—and that, too, without the people immediately affected thereby knowing little or nothing about the gigantic "land grab" in contemplation. We have also undoubted reason to believe that its projectors purpose renewing the application to the next Congress, and hence our object in filing a timely protest against it. Should the bill pass, as proposed, it would involve the withdrawal from the public domain and sale to the railroad company of about one million acres in this portion of the Sound. We say this must not be, and we do not propose, like our contemporaries, to wait in fancied security, and not lock the stable door until the steed is stolen. See it?

As previously stated, we do not object to the right of way and the 40-acre tracts desired for station purposes. It is the proposition to purchase 150 sections on each side of every ten-mile section we object to.

THE LAND OFFICE.—The Seattle Herald has the following in reference to the Land Office at Olympia: The Land Office at Olympia is at present the scene of much excitement and business activity, owing to the large number of applicants that are daily seeking homes. At no time in the history of Washington Territory has there been such a rush for homes as at the present time. The Hon. John F. Gowey, the head of the land department, is constantly up to his arm pits in applications, signing them preparatory to forwarding them to Washington. Mr. Gowey is a thoroughly competent man for the position of register of land, affable and courteous to all who seek his advice, and scrupulous and impartial. His able and manly assistant, Col. A. A. Thissler, of Washington, D. C., is indeed an acquisition to the office, his ready response to any inquiry relative to his business, stamps him as an invaluable assistant. The Homestead filings average two hundred a day and often in excess of that number. The clerks are often compelled to work till 12 o'clock at night to dispose of the business of the day. The only inference to be drawn from such indications of vitality around the office is that the day is rapidly dawning when the Territory of Washington will be peopled by a thrifty and industrious population. The attorneys about Olympia are doing a good business, aiding and instructing strangers in getting Homesteads. Mr. Thos. Reed, Jr. seems to be the favorite as he is incessantly engaged in making out filings for strangers who all speak of him in the highest terms.

A SWAMP LAND DECISION.—The Supreme Court affirms the judgment of the lower Court in the case of Wright vs. Roseberry. The premises involved are in possession of the defendants, who hold United States patents. On behalf of the plaintiff it was claimed that before the defendants acquired title it had passed out of the United States and become vested in the State of California, under the Act of Congress of March 12, 1860, and that the State, before 1866, segregated the lands as swamp, which segregation was approved, the plaintiff acquiring title from the State in 1862. The question presented was, Can the plaintiff maintain this action upon the title which he has acquired from the State, without showing that the land has been certified? The most that can be claimed on behalf of the appellant, decides the Supreme Court, is that the Commissioner has not performed his duty in this case, the law making it his duty to certify over such lands within a specified time, but not providing that in the event of his failure the title shall vest in the State. The Court concludes that the title to the demanded premises has, therefore, never vested in the State, and that it could not convey a title to the appellant upon which he could maintain an action of ejectment against persons in possession under patents from the United States.

THE COLONEL.—Several weeks ago, by special enactment of the Legislature, the Governor offered a reward of $200 for an Arkansaw man who is not a Judge, Colonel, Major nor Captain. The next day a plain, unassuming gentleman called on the Governor and said: "I have the honor, sir, to claim the reward you offered for a man who is neither a Judge, Colonel, Major nor Captain. I am neither of these." "I am glad to meet you, sir," said the Governor. "Just sit down a moment until I attend to little matter of business." The man took a seat, and the Governor went into an adjoining room, and after a moment called: "Colonel?" "Yes, sir," said the gentleman, arising. "That's all right," remarked the Governor. "I see you are a Colonel."

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," WILLIAM A. HASHBUCK of King County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW¼ of Section No. 1, in Township No. 29 North, Range No. 3 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7—10w

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory," ELDEN R. BRUSH of King County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the NE¼ of SE¼ and SE¼ of NE¼ of Section No. 11, and SW¼ of NW¼ of Section No. 12, in Township No. 29 north, Range No. 4 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," WILLIAM E. BENSON of King County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SE¼ of Section No. 1, in Township No. 20 north, Range No. 3 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," WILLIAM A. HASHBUCK of King County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW¼ of Section No. 1, in Township No. 29 North, Range No. 3 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7—10w.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PURCHASE TIMBER LAND.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JAMES B. FITZHENRY, of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the Lots 3 and 4, and S½ of NW¼ of Section No. 6, in Township No. 25 north, Range No. 3 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land,

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," SAMUEL N. GRAY of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the Lots 1 and 2, and S½ of NE¼ of Section No. 6, in Township No. 39 north, Range No. 4 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7-10w.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PURCHASE TIMBER LAND.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," WILLIAM E. BENSON of King County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the W½ of NE¼ and SE¼ of NW¼ of Section No. 12, in Township No. 26 north, Range No. 4 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7-10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," SAMUEL N. GRAY of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SE¼ of Section No. 12, in Township No. 39 north, Range No. 4 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7-10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," WILLIAM A. HASHBUCK of King County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW¼ of Section No. 1, in Township No. 29 North, Range No. 3 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7—10w.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PURCHASE TIMBER LAND.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," ALEXANDER F. ACKLEY, of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW¼ of NE¼, NW¼ of SE¼, NE¼ of SW¼ and Lot 6 of Section No. 6, in Township No. 40 north, Range No. 3 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of Land Office.

April 7-10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JAMES B. FITZHENRY, of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the Lots 3 and 4, and S½ of NW¼ of Section No. 6, in Township No. 25 north, Range No. 3 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," MICHAEL D. GLEASON of King County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the NE¼ of NE¼ of Section No. 11, and N½ of NW¼ and NW¼ of NE¼ of Section No. 12, in Township No. 24 north, Range No. 4 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7-10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," WILLIAM E. BENSON of King County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the Lots 1 and 2, and S½ of NE¼ of Section No. 6, in Township No. 20 north, Range No. 4 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," FREDERICK A. RICHARDSON, of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the Lots 2, and 3, and S½ of NW¼ of Section No. 6, in Township No. 25 north, Range No. 4 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JAMES B. FITZHENRY, of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the Lots 1 and 2, and S½ of NE¼ of Section No. 1, in Township No. 25 north, Range No. 4 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7—10w.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PURCHASE TIMBER LAND.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JAMES B. FITZHENRY, of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the Lots 3 and 4, and S½ of NW¼ of Section No. 6, in Township No. 25 north, Range No. 4 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," THOMAS FLAHERTY, of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the Lots 3 and 4, and S½ of NW¼ of Section No. 6, in Township No. 25 north, Range No. 4 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 26th day of March, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

April 7—10w.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PURCHASE TIMBER LAND.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," ALEXANDER F. ACKLEY, of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW¼ of NE¼, NW¼ of SE¼, NE¼ of SW¼ and Lot 6 of Section No. 6, in Township No. 40 north, Range No. 3 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 5th day of February, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

Feb. 10—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," ALEXANDER F. ACKLEY, of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW¼ of NE¼, NW¼ of SE¼, NE¼ of SW¼ and Lot 6 of Section No. 6, in Township No. 40 north, Range No. 3 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 5th day of February, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

Feb. 10—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," STEPHEN BENSON, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the W½ of SE¼ of Section No. 18, in Township No. 39 north, Range No. 3 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 15th day of February, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

Feb. 10—10w.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PURCHASE TIMBER LAND.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JAMES B. FITZHENRY, of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the Lots 3 and 4, and S½ of NW¼ of Section No. 6, in Township No. 25 north, Range No. 4 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 15th day of February, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

Feb. 10—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," THOMAS FLAHERTY, of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the Lots 3 and 4, and S½ of NW¼ of Section No. 6, in Township No. 25 north, Range No. 4 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 5th day of February, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

Feb. 10—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," ALEXANDER F. ACKLEY, of Kitsap County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW¼ of NE¼, NW¼ of SE¼, NE¼ of SW¼ and Lot 6 of Section No. 6, in Township No. 40 north, Range No. 3 East of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 5th day of February, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

Feb. 10—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," HENRY C. HACKLEY, of King County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the NW¼ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼ of Section No. 18, and S½ of SW¼ of Section No. 7, in Township No. 26 north, Range No. 3 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 1st day of February A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

Feb. 10- 10w

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," STEPHEN BENSON, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the W½ of SE¼ of Section No. 18, in Township No. 39 north, Range No. 3 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 15th day of February, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

Feb. 21—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," WILLIAM GILMORE, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the Lot 4 and S½ of NW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ of Section No. 1, in Township 38 north, Range No. 3 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 4th day of January, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

Feb. 17—10w.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PURCHASE TIMBER LAND.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," WILLIAM HEFFRON, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the S½ of NE¼ and SE¼ of Section No. 12, and S½ of NW¼ of Section No. 7, in Township No. 38 north, Range No. 6 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 13th day of February, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

Mar. 3—10w

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PURCHASE TIMBER LAND.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JOHN F. GOWEY, of Thurston County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the NW¼ of NE¼ and N½ of NW¼ of Section No. 18, and S½ of SW¼ of Section No. 7, in Township No. 26 north, Range No. 3 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 1st day of February A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

Feb. 10- 10w

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," JOHN F. GOWEY, of Thurston County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the W½ of SE¼ of Section No. 18, in Township No. 39 north, Range No. 3 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 15th day of February, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

Feb. 21—10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," WILLIAM GILMORE, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the Lot 4 and S½ of NW¼ and NW¼ of SW¼ of Section No. 1, in Township 38 north, Range No. 3 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 4th day of January, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

Feb. 17—10w.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PURCHASE TIMBER LAND.

United States District Land Office, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," WILLIAM HEFFRON, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the S½ of NE¼ and SE¼ of Section No. 12, and S½ of NW¼ of Section No. 7, in Township No. 38 north, Range No. 6 east of the Willamette Meridian.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof.

Given under my hand, at my office in Olympia, W. T., this 13th day of February, A. D. 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office.

Mar. 3—10w

NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PURCHASE TIMBER LAND.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory.

Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," HENRY C. HACKLEY, of King

THE PUGET SOUND MAIL.

LOCAL COMMENTS.

THE MAIL AND CHRONICLE.

☞THE MAIL has entered into arrangements with the San Francisco CHRONICLE whereby subscribers may obtain both papers for one year for $3. Subscription to either the MAIL or CHRONICLE, separately, is $2. the subscriber saving $1 by the clubbing plan

La Conner postoffice for the month of March issued 189 money orders, amounting to $6,070.62.

We agreement of all the mill men on the Sound a uniform schedule of retail rates for lumber has been adopted; the charge per thousand feet being the same at Tacoma, Seattle, Port Townsend, Utsalady or wherever else the buyer gives his order. Prices range from $12.50 to $15, $16, $18 and $20, according to quality.

Letter List.—Letters for the following named persons remain uncalled for at the La Conner postoffice: P. W. Bennet, G. S. Chandler, Mrs. Arabella Foster, L. M. Happenstall, L. Jonsen, Charles Johansen, A. E. or W. E. Miller, William McCowey 3, Patrick McCoy, J. Nilston, E. C. Palmer, H. Peterson 3, Miss Katie Qualls, F. Storer, Jas. Scott, Edward Tilley and M. W. Wentworth.

The Ladies, (heaven bless 'em,) "did the grand" the other evening at the temperance meeting, in providing abundance of refreshments for all in attendance. Sandwiches, cake, nuts and candies, with a liquid beverage of lemonade, dispensed with charming and bewitching grace by the fair sex, was the attraction of the evening.

The steamer Gazelle, we are glad to notice, is now steadily employed in the Nooksack trade. Last Thursday it passed north loaded to the guards with lumber and farming supplies, some of which were taken on at this place. The Nooksack region is very much behind in supplies from lack of steamboat facilities direct, which the Gazelle will attend to hereafter.

Taxing Mortgages.—A case has been begun in the Oregon State Circuit Court involving the validity of the law passed by the last Legislature, taxing mortgages in the county in which they are recorded. The general belief is that it is unconstitutional and will be so declared by the Supreme Court when it reaches there.

Tacoma vs. Ranier.—The Northwest, a monthly periodical published at New York by the Northern Pacific Railroad Company in the interest of this Northwestern country, gives out that that Company have concluded to hereafter designate Mt. Rainier as Mt. Tacoma in all their descriptive guide books, and ask the press of this Territory to concur and assist in bringing about the change of name. Well, since the aborigines have known it as Mt. Tacoma, it had probably better be called that, as being more significant than to be named after an Englishman who not only did not discover it but never saw it. We concur; but we should object to changing the name of the Territory or State from Washington to Tacoma.

Important to Settlers.—The Commissioner of the General Land Office has made the following ruling in regard to the rights of settlers to cut timber on their lands before they prove up and acquire title thereto: He says that "when it is clearly evident that a Homesteader has settled upon his claim intending in good faith to make a permanent home thereon, and to improve and cultivate the land entered, he is permitted to cut such timber as must be removed from the land in the process of clearing it for cultivation. If the amount of timber so cut from that particular portion of the claim which the Homesteader contemplates clearing for immediate cultivation, should be more than he requires for fencing, buildings and other improvements upon his claim he is permitted to dispose of such excess of timber so cut. Any other timber upon the claim cannot be sold until the claimant has perfected his title to the land embraced in his entry. The question whether the land is being cleared for legitimate purposes is a question of fact which is liable to be raised at any time. If the timber is cut for any other purpose, it will subject the entry to cancellation, and the person who cut it will be liable to civil suit for recovery of the value of the timber; and also to criminal prosecution for violating the law in such cases provided."

Married.—Mr. Isaac Chilberg returned here last week from a protracted visit to Iowa, where during his absence he was united in marriage to Miss Christina Nelson, of Chillicothe, Iowa, on the 8th of last March. Ike has numerous friends who unite in the best wishes for the future happiness of himself and bride.

Attention is called to the notice Capt. Powell, of the Corps of Engineers, inviting proposals for the construction of a snag boat.

Our readers will find something of interest in Mr. B. L. Martin's new ad. Read it, then call and see him, and our word for it you will go away rejoicing.

Attention is invited to Will Calhoun's sewing machine ad. Will means business, and don't you forget it.

J. & G. Gaches have received another lot of extra Plated Harness for sale cheap for cash.

Five or six hundred sacks of Seed Oats for sale. Apply to
John Ball, La Conner.

Coupeville Correspondence.

Coupeville, March 27, 1883.

Editor Mail: We are now having our March rains which will prolong the seeding time. There will be more than the usual amount of seed put in the ground this season owing first to the coming immigration to be fed; second, to the amount of land being devoted to hop raising, and third, to the prospective short crop in California. The fall and winter sown grain was badly damaged by the freeze up and much of it will be resown. However, we expect in the end to be benefited as the land had become very dense from a succession of warm, wet winters.

This Island is receiving some attention from those seeking homes and business locations. Some property is changing hands and more would if it took but one to make a bargain. Here allow me to say a word to those that contemplate selling their homes. In 1875 I passed through some of the Eastern States, and at every opportunity priced the land along my route of travel. In the northern part of Ohio and Indiana and central Michigan, land that would produce but 10 and 12 bushels of wheat per acre was being bought and sold at $30 and $100 per acre. The one reason apparent to me for the difference in price between their farms and ours was that they had a ready market for what they chose to raise, while we have had to deduct cost of transportion to California from ours. In 1881 wheat was quoted in Milwaukee, Chicago, Duluth and St. Louis from 45 to 55 cents per bushel more than we were getting. Since then a change has taken place, and our products command as much as theirs, with no prospect that it will be otherwise for the average years to come. They are a thousand miles inland, while we are on what is to be a great seaport, where maximum prices are always reached. Taking these facts into consideration who will say that our improved farms are not the more valuable of the two? Many of us have grown gray and heart-sick waiting and struggling, feeling every ray of hope obscured by some intervening antagonistic interest. A jealous State has joined in the spoliation by a corporation which at one stroke robbed us of a transcontinental railroad. Notwithstanding all this we are going ahead grandly. As all obstacles disappeared before the Mississippi in her late struggle to the sea, so they will fall before the combined growing interests of Eastern and Western Washington. That maritime commerce owes allegiance to no one we have an illustration in the Adriatic. Trocello, once a flourishing city, with its forty-three churches and many thousand inhabitans, has hardly a mark left to show where it stood, owing to the rise of Venice on an island only seven miles distant, who, also, with her consumate skill, after having the entire trade of the East for a thousand years, has shared the fate of her predecessor on the discovery of a more practicable route to the Indies. Let those who propose to divert the trade from Puget Sound take warning, and while the opportunity is present join with us and build up what Nature has designed as the great maritime port of the Pacific. Our local resources in timber, coal, minerals and agriculture are not surpassed on the two continents. Our spacious harbor with its innumerable sheltered coves and inlets will soon be alive with manufacturing industries.

On the Atlantic seaboard from Maine to Pennsylvania the coast is indented with its numerous harbors, each engaged in its special industry, and furnishing food and employment to its millions of inhabitans. On the Pacific, for some unknown reason, Nature has been less lavish with her seaports, and in compensation has designed one with all the advantages of the others combined, where will be conducted the one great manufacturing, commercial and maritime Emporium of the Pacific. The tide of immigration is setting this way. Our fertile prairies and mountain valleys are being turned into homes for the industrialous, who are already stanking lands across the mountain divide, soon to echo the neigh of the iron horse as he speeds eastward with his burden of lumber, coal and merchandise, or returning ladened with the products of our inland country.

TILLICUM.

WHATCOM COUNTY.

[For the information of new-comers constantly arriving here in search of locations we have concluded to let the following article descriptive of this county stand in our columns from week to week.]

Whatcom County is the largest in area and agricultural resources of any county on Puget Sound or Western Washington, and although a great deal of the most desirable land is already taken up, the rapidly increasing population extending into the interior renders good agricultural lands, once inaccessible, now within easily available and valuable. The bulk of immigration in this county is going into the Nooksack River country, a rich and level plateau, extending from Bellingham Bay to British Columbia on the north and to the foot of the Cascade range to the east, because it is recognized as an exclusively farming country, where new-comers can either purchase improved tracts of 160 acres for from $500 to $3,000, or settle adjoining these places on Government land.

Samish, the next farming district to the south, fronting on the Sound, is fast becoming an important settlement. Improved tide-marsh land there is worth $5,000 a quarter section, and is backed by some of the finest timber land on Puget Sound, on which already considerable logging is done. The timber land is interspersed with vacant tracts of lightly timbered bottom land, desirable for farming purposes.

Next we come to what is known as the La Conner or Swinomish Flats, tide-marsh lands under a high state of cultivation, the choicest tracts of which sell for $6,000 or $7,000. Back of these lands is some 20,000 acres of vacant beaver mash land subject to overflow from the Skagit, and which could be easily reclaimed by a colony of one hundred settlers and be made to blossom like the rose, or produce 100 bushels of oats to the acre, which the farmer can realise upon in the local market at from $25 to $30 a ton, according to the demand.

Close to the La Conner Flats are the marsh lands of the delta of the Skagit, the largest river emptying into Puget Sound, which are similar in extent and value to those already referred to. Though the Skagit above the delta is navigable for a distsnce of sixty or seventy miles, and has several fine farms or locations for such along its banks on either side, it is chiefly noted for its timber or logging interest, some 40,000,000 feet having been taken out last year, with the prospect of a greatly increased output this and for several years to come.

Ladies should go to J. & G. Gaches for the 700 bone Corsets; they are the best made and the cheapest.

For Sale.—A span of Mules, good workers. For sale cheap. Apply to T. N. Kelly, La Conner.

Span of Horses for Sale.—Good workers and prices reasonable. Apply to C. A. D'Arcy, La Conner.

For Sale.—One pair of large Horses with Harness, one Wagon, one six-feet Buckeye Seeder and one gang Harrow. Apply to Milas Gallihee, La Conner.

Notice of Contest.

IN THE UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE FOR the Olympia Land District, Washington Territory.

The people of the United States to John E. Welsh, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, greeting: You are hereby summoned to appear before us at our office in Olympia, on Friday, the 18th day of May, A. D., 1883, at ten o'clock a. m., to contest the claim of Patrick Mellody, averring your claim to the North West Quarter of Section 8, in Township 39 North of Range 2 East, to be unjust and illegal, and then and there do you show cause, if there be any, why the claim of said Patrick Mellody shall not be recognized as just and legal and he be allowed to enter the said land.

And it appearing to our satisfaction that said John E. Welsh cannot be found and personal service had, service hereof will be made by publication, posting and mailing in accordance with Rules 13 and 14 of Practice in the United States District Land Office.

Given under our hands this 27th day of March, A. D., 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.
ROBERT G. STUART, Receiver.
April 7—5w.

Notice of Contest.

IN THE United States Land Office for the Olympia Land District, Washington Territory.

The people of the United States to H. B. Carter, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, greeting: You are hereby summoned to appear before us at our office in Olympia, on Friday, the 18th day of May, A. D., 1883, at ten o'clock a. m., to contest the claim of Frederick Van Doven, averring your claim to the SE¼ of Section No. 5, in Township No. 39 north of Range 2 east, to be unjust and illegal, and then and there do you show cause, if any there be, why the claim of the said Frederick Van Doven shall not be recognized and he be allowed to enter the said land.

And it appearing to our satisfaction that said H. B. Carter cannot be found and personal service had, service hereof will be made, by publication, posting and mailing in accordance with Rules 13 and 14 of Practice in United States District Land Office.

Given under our hands this 27th day of March, A. D., 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.
ROBERT G. STUART, Receiver.
April 7—5w.

Notice of Contest.

IN THE United States Land Office for the Olympia Land District, Washington Territory.

The people of the United States to J. C. Dewey, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, greeting: You are hereby summoned to appear before us at our office in Olympia, on Friday, the 18th day of May, 1883, at two o'clock p. m., to contest the claim of Thomas H. Mellody averring your claim to the E½ of SE¼, and N½ of SE¼ of Section 29, in Township 39 north, range 2 east to be unjust and illegal, and then and there do you show cause, if any there be, why the claim of said Thomas H. Mellody shall not be recognized as just and legal and he be allowed to enter the said land.

And it appearing to our satisfaction that said J. C. Dewey cannot be found and personal service had, service hereof will be made, by publication, posting and mailing in accordance with Rules 13 and 14 of Practice in United States District Land Office.

Given under our hands this 27th day of March, 1883.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.
ROBERT G. STUART, Receiver.
April 7—5w.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Jacob Hinebaugh, deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned that letters testamentary were duly granted to him by the Probate Court of Whatcom County, on the 12th day of March, A. D., 1883, upon the estate of Jacob Hinebaugh, deceased, late of said County, and that all persons having claims against said deceased must present them, with the necessary vouchers, within one year from this date, to the undersigned, at his office in La Conner, Whatcom County, W. T., or the same will be forever barred.

GEORGE V. CALHOUN,
Executor.

La Conner, April 7, 1883.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Skagit Booming Company at the office of the treasurer of said company at Mount Vernon, on Saturday the 21 day of June, 1883, at 2 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of raising the capital stock of said company to ten thousand dollars.

Stock-holders will please take notice.

WILLIAM LEONARD,
WILLIAM GAGE,
CHARLES HANSON,
Trustees.

Mount Vernon, March 3, 1883.

Diking Association Notice.

Notice is hereby given that all assessments levied by the Commissioners of the Skagit Dike and Ditch Association will be due on the tenth day of April, eighteen hundred and eighty-three (April 10, 1883). By order of the Commissioners.

H. E. DAGGETT, Secretary.

March 26, 1883.

SEWING MACHINES
FOR SALE
CHEAP FOR CASH.

The "NEW HOME" & "CROWN,"
The Best Machines in the World.

Why pay fifty or sixty dollars for a cast iron machine when you can get either of the above machines ten per cent. lower than they can be bought for in San Francisco, or 25 per cent. lower than Seattle prices. Try us. Nothing but Standard Machines sold by me.

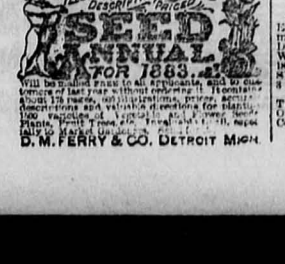
W. M. CALHOUN, Agent,
At L. L. Andrews', La Conner.

Hay For Sale.

Sixty tons of first-class Timothy Hay for sale, situated on Growland Farm, near La Conner. Address

G. M. HALLER, Seattle, W. T.

Lost or Stolen.—A small boat, painted dark brown, went adrift from Mr. Andrew Osburg's place north of La Conner on last Monday evening. Anyone finding it will receive a suitable reward for returning the same to Mr. Osburg.



Proposals for Wooden Hull Snag Boat.

U. S. Engineer Office,
Portland, Oregon, March 24, 1883.

Proposals will be received until 11 A. M., April 30, 1883, for constructing, completing, delivery at Seattle, W. T., of a Wooden Hull Snag Boat.

Specifications, required forms of bids and necessary information will be furnished on application.

CHAS. F. POWELL,
Captain of Engineers.

April 7.

A. W. ENGLE,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
OLYMPIA, W. T.

Practice in all the Courts of the Territory; and will give special attention to business in the U. S. Land Office.

S. P. BROOKS,
Attorney-at-Law,
LA CONNER, W. T.

Will practice in all the Courts of the Territory, more especially that for Whatcom County.

J. T. BROWN, Late Register Land Office. T. M. REED, Jr., Atty at Law.
BROWN & REED,
LAND & LAW ATTORNEYS,
OLYMPIA, W. T.

Will practice in all the Courts and Land Offices of the Territory.

☞OFFICE, opposite the Plaza.

J. G. SCURRY. J. M. SNOW.
SCURRY & SNOW,
Civil Engineers & Surveyors,
Office, Sullivan's Block, Front St., (box 386) SEATTLE, W. T.

Being familiar with the country we are prepared to execute surveys promptly in Whatcom, San Juan, Island and Skagit counties.

Special attention given to making surveys, plans and estimates for diking and draining overflowed lands.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.
April 2, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that JESSE C. BRADLEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Tuesday the 15th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Preemption D. S. No. 5425, for the N½ of Lot 4 of Section 17, Township 34 north, Range 4 east.

He names as witnesses: I. B. Rhoy, William Rhoy, Hugh Fulton and E. N. Lee, all of Mount Vernon, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7-5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.
April 2, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that THOMAS MURPHY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before C. Donovan, Auditor of Whatcom County, at his office in Whatcom W. T., on Monday the 14th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Preemption D. S. No. 5172, for the SE¼ of Section 29, Township 39 north, Range 3 east.

He names as witnesses: Harrison Cowden, Charles Cowden, John H. Foster and Frederick Van Doveren, all of Ferndale, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7-5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 27, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that THOMAS H. MELLODY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Register and Receiver of the Land Office, in Olympia, W. T., on Friday the 18th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Preemption D. S. No. 5172, for the SW¼ of Section 14, Township 34 north, Range 3 east.

He names as witnesses: Henry Dagge, Thomas Barrett, Hyman Scheurkogel and Oscar Sigsson, all of La Conner, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7—5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 27, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that PATRICK MELLODY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Register and Receiver of the Land Office at Olympia, W. T., on Friday the 18th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Preemption D. S. No. 5172, for the SW¼ of Section 5, Township 39 north, Range 2 east.

He names as witnesses: Harrison Cowden, Charles Cowden, John H. Foster and Frederick Van Doveren, all of Ferndale, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7-5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 27, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that FREDERICK VAN DOOVAN has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Register and Receiver of the Land Office in Olympia, W. T., on Friday the 18th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Preemption D. S. No. 5644, for the SE¼ of Section 32, Township 39 north, Range 2 east.

He names as witnesses: Harrison Cowden, Charles Cowden, Thomas H. Mellody and Patrick Mellody, all of Ferndale, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7—5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 26, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that CORRIDON SKALE has filed notice of intention to make final proof before C. Donovan, Auditor of Whatcom County, at his office in Whatcom, W. T., on Monday the 7th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Preemption D. S. No. 5775, for the E½ of Section 5, T. 37 N., R. 3 E. of Fourth Principal Meridian, containing 320 acres.

He names as witnesses: J. A. Delander, Charles Cudworth, E. M. Cudworth and J. D. Forst, all of Lynden, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7—5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 26, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that THOMAS W. MILLER has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Thursday the 10th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Pre-emption D. S. No. 5170, for the Lots 1, 2 and SE¼ of NW¼ and SW¼ of SE¼ of Section 29, Township 40 north, Range 3 east.

He names as witnesses: Wm. S. Forbes, E. A. Smith and C. L. Judson, of Lynden, and James O'Loughlin, of La Conner, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7—5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 26, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that WILLIAM J. FORBES has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Thursday the 10th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Pre-emption D. S. No. 5118, for the Lot 1, 2 and NE¼ of SE¼ of Section 28, Township 40 north, Range 2 east, and the Lot 1 of Section 25, Township 40 north, Range 3 east.

He names as witnesses: Thomas W. Miller, E. A. Smith and C. L. Judson, of Lynden, and James O'Loughlin, of La Conner, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7-5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 27, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that PAUL C. EUBANK has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court, at his office, in La Conner, W. T., on Tuesday the 8th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Pre-emption D. S. No. 5179, for the SW¼ of Section 14, Township 34 north, Range 3 east.

He names as witnesses: Henry Dagge, Thomas Barrett, Hyman Scheurkogel and Oscar Sigsson, all of La Conner, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7—5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 27, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that WILLIAM H. MILLER has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Tuesday the 8th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Pre-emption D. S. No. 5169, for the Lots 1, 2 and SE¼ of NW¼ and SW¼ of NE¼ of Section 29, Township 40 north, Range 3 east.

He names as witnesses: Wm. S. Forbes, E. A. Smith and C. L. Judson, of Lynden, and James O'Loughlin, of La Conner, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7-5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 27, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that THOMAS MURPHY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before C. Donovan, Auditor of Whatcom County, at his office in Whatcom W. T., on Monday the 14th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Preemption D. S. No. 5172, for the SW¼ of Section 29, Township 39 north, Range 3 east.

He names as witnesses: Harrison Cowden, Charles Cowden, John H. Foster and Frederick Van Doveren, all of Ferndale, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7—5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 27, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that PATRICK MELLODY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Register and Receiver of the Land Office at Olympia, W. T., on Friday the 18th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Preemption D. S. No. 5172, for the SW¼ of Section 5, Township 39 north, Range 2 east.

He names as witnesses: Harrison Cowden, Charles Cowden, John H. Foster and Frederick Van Doveren, all of Ferndale, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7—5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 27, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that FREDERICK VAN DOOVAN has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Register and Receiver of the Land Office in Olympia, W. T., on Friday the 18th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Preemption D. S. No. 5644, for the SE¼ of Section 32, Township 39 north, Range 2 east.

He names as witnesses: Harrison Cowden, Charles Cowden, Thomas H. Mellody and Patrick Mellody, all of Ferndale, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7—5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 26, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that CORRIDON SKALE has filed notice of intention to make final proof before C. Donovan, Auditor of Whatcom County, at his office in Whatcom, W. T., on Monday the 7th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Pre-emption D. S. No. 5775, for the E½ of Section 5, T. 37 N., R. 3 E. of Fourth Principal Meridian, containing 320 acres.

He names as witnesses: J. A. Delander, Charles Cudworth, E. M. Cudworth and J. D. Forst, all of Lynden, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7—5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 26, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that THOMAS W. MILLER has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Thursday the 10th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Pre-emption D. S. No. 5170, for the Lots 1, 2 and SE¼ of NW¼ and SW¼ of SE¼ of Section 29, Township 40 north, Range 3 east.

He names as witnesses: Wm. S. Forbes, E. A. Smith and C. L. Judson, of Lynden, and James O'Loughlin, of La Conner, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7—5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 27, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that WILLIAM J. FORBES has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Thursday the 10th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Pre-emption D. S. No. 5118, for the Lot 1, 2 and NE¼ of SE¼ of Section 28, Township 40 north, Range 2 east, and the Lot 1 of Section 25, Township 40 north, Range 3 east.

He names as witnesses: Thomas W. Miller, E. A. Smith and C. L. Judson, of Lynden, and James O'Loughlin, of La Conner, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7-5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 27, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that PAUL C. EUBANK has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court, at his office, in La Conner, W. T., on Tuesday the 8th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Pre-emption D. S. No. 5179, for the SW¼ of Section 14, Township 34 north, Range 3 east.

He names as witnesses: Henry Dagge, Thomas Barrett, Hyman Scheurkogel and Oscar Sigsson, all of La Conner, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7—5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.,
March 27, 1883.

Notice is hereby given that WILLIAM H. MILLER has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Tuesday the 8th day of May, A. D. 1883, on Pre-emption D. S. No. 5169, for the Lots 1, 2 and NE¼ of NW¼ and SW¼ of NE¼ of Section 29, Township 40 north, Range 3 east.

He names as witnesses: Harrison Cowden, Charles Cowden, John H. Foster and Frederick Van Doveren, all of Ferndale, Whatcom County, W. T.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register.

April 7—5w.

Notice of Final Proof.

U. S. Land Office at Olympia, W. T.

S. F. Market.

FLOUR—
Superfine ..... 4 25@5 00
Inferior Extra ..... 3 50@ 3 50
WHEAT—
Extra choice ..... 2 00@2 07½
No. 1 ..... 1 97½@2 00
No. 2 ..... 1 90@2 07½
Shipping and milling ..... 1 60@1 65
Liverpool quotations for California shipping ..... 9s 11d@10s 3d
BARLEY—
Feed ..... 1 25@ 65@1 45
Brewing ..... 1 50@1 55½
Chevalier ..... 1 70@1 80
OATS—
Extra choice ..... 1 90@2 05
Fair to good ..... 1 80@1 90
CORN—
No. 1, yellow ..... 1 65@ 1 72½
White ..... 1 70@ 1 75
RYE— ..... $1 70@ 2 00
BRAN ..... $17 00@17 50
GROUND BARLEY— ..... 0 00@ 0 00
BUCKWHEAT— ..... $3 25@3 75
SHORTS ..... $17 00@19 00
HAY—
Wheat ..... 19 00@24 00
Wild Oat ..... 19 00@21 00
Alfalfa ..... 18 00@19 00
Mixed ..... 17 00@18 00
STRAW—
Per bale, from 90c. to $1 00 as to grade.
HOPS—
Choice California ..... 85@95
Washington Ter. and Oregon ..... 85@95
CORNMEAL—
Feed ..... $24 00@25 00
Fine, for table, ₩ lb ..... 3c@3½
Oil Cake meal ..... 35 00@
POTATOES—
Early Rose, in sacks ..... 60@75
River red ..... 60@75
Garnet Chile ..... 1 40@1 50
Sweet ..... 60@ 80
New Potatoes ..... 2½@3c ₩ lb
ONIONS—
Choice, per cental ..... 1.50@1.70
SHEEP SKINS—
Shearlings ..... 25@30
Short ..... 30@40
Medium ..... 60@90
Long wool ..... 1 00@1 25
TALLOW
Fair to good ..... 6@6½
Refined ..... 7@7½
HIDES—
Dry ..... 18@18½
Calfs ..... 12@12½
Dry Kip, calf ..... 18@18½
Salted Kip ..... 9@9½
Salted Calf ..... 12@12½
BEEF ..... 6½@8½
Mutton ..... 5@6
Lamb ..... 12@15
VEAL ..... 9@10
PORK—
Dressed ..... 9½@9½
On Foot ..... 5¼ to 7
WOOLS—
San Joaquin and Coast ..... 10@12
San Joaquin and Coast Lamb ..... 10@14
Eastern Oregon ..... 16@22
Valley Oregon ..... 22@26
Nevada ..... 10@20
Calaveras and Foothill ..... 20@24
Free Mountain ..... 17@20
Northern Lamb ..... 10@15
Defective ..... 11@14
Wree ..... 15@18
LUMBER—We quote prices as follows
Cargo Rates—
Pine—Rough, ₩ M feet $18 00
" Rough, clear 24 00
Redwood—Rough, ₩ M feet 18 00
" Surfaced 30 00
Retail Rates—
Pine—Rough, ₩ M feet $22 50
" Flooring, 1x6 ..... 32 50
" do 1x4 and 1x3 ..... 35 00
" Stepping 37 50
" Surfaced 37 50
" Rustic 37 50
Redwood—Tongued and Grooved Beaded 37 50
" Fancy Pointed Pickets 30 00
" Rough Pointed Pickets 20 00
" Rough Square Pickets 17 50
" Shingles 2 50
" Posts, each 15
Siding, ₩ M 27 50
Laths, ₩ M 13 50
Shakes 12 00
Battens, ₩ lineal foot 1
BUTTER—
Fancy ..... 23@24
Good to choice ..... 21@22
Firkin ..... 19@21
Pickled roll ..... 20@22
Western ..... 18 @ 21
California Cheese ..... 11@12
Eastern ..... 16@17
OLEOMARGARINE—
Keg ₩ bbl ..... 13@19
Rolls ..... 20@21
EGGS—
Choice, per dozen ..... 21@22½

PROPOSALS OF MARRIAGE.

You will find no end of curious things written about the marriage proposals, says a writer in *Democrest's Monthly*, if you search for that purpose. For instance, that eccentric classical character who goes into the kitchen of a neighbor some morning, and, finding the object of his regard at the washtub, proposes bluntly then and there. Instead of emptying its contents upon him, she as bluntly accepts his proposal. There is the bashful suppliant, who turns down some leaf about a passage—usually a sacred one—which tells his story for him, and the answer is returned in similar fashion. There is the proposal at a ball or dinner by a slip of paper sent across the room or table, and there is the one in which the reply is asked in the form of some specified and understood signal. In some book that I have read, an English gentleman who had several eligible daughters wondered, after waiting some years for some such event, why no one of them, not even the prettiest, got a proposal. When he investigated the matter thoroughly he found that the failure arose from an architectural blunder. The rooms of his house were so connected together by a series of open doors and spacious mirrors that the question could not be put without exposing it to almost as much specularity as it would obtain on a public thoroughfare.

It is quite common for very young ladies to say that their first serious interest in any young gentleman is aroused by his previous interest in them—confessing, in other words, that they have no original feeling in the matter. They would not, probably, like to say, what amounts to about the same thing, that one gentleman is as likable or as agreeable to them as another, though they must constantly act as if it were so, until some particular gentleman breaks the spell and gives them permission to say otherwise. But, what if the righteous one should never break the spell, as often happens? Or what, if neither the right nor the wrong one does, and no opportunity ever comes? As the system is now arranged th's is not at all a rare circumstance, nor is the lady less worthy, necessarily, than her differently favored sisters. She may even be more worthy, but may have lived more quietly, or may be deficient simply in that peculiar art of fascinating, which even silence cannot prevent from being powerful.

One of the worst features of this unmitigated silence, which is imposed upon one sex alone, is the insincerity and hypocrisy which it not only inculcates, but places a premium upon. Nothing irritates a woman so much as to have any ground given for a suggestion that she has gone a step out of her way to secure a gentleman's interest or attention. She would rather be won by a peasant than move the least bit aggressively to win a prince. Her natural feelings are smothered and suppressed and she accepts the artifice which she must put on, as if it were both reasonable and natural.

Jay Gould began life by keeping books in a hardware store. It was only a question as to whether Jay got near the books. The keeping was easy.

LOVE AFTER DEATH.

If I should die before you, love,
I pray you do not keep
Your woe beyond the first few tears
The world will have you weep:
But say: "I make his heaven less
By moaning thus in dreariness."

And plant my violets, white and blue,
Above my place of rest,
And tend them with those dear, kind hands
I have so oft caressed;
And say: "These flowers were his last will,
And for his sake I watch them still."

And when the spring, that I so loved,
Shall flush the land with light,
I pray you seek my quiet grave,
But not with tears, sweet wife;
And, if the flowers in bloom shall be,
"Say: "Lo! he sends his love to me."

A RARE COIN.

Coins are long-lived, if an inanimate object that has never lived may be so described, and collections of rare or ancient specimens are well known, whether owned by private persons or societies, or form parts of national treasures in public museums.

The British Museum, which contains a collection of rare and precious things, such as ancient and medieval manuscripts, choice engravings, autographs on deeds and documents made by distinguished persons, gems, Greek sculptures, Egyptian treasures, books, pictures, and many other such valuable accumulations, possesses an almost unequaled collection of coins. Some of these are so rare that few of the same coinage exist elsewhere, or if they do thus exist (which is probable) have not yet been discovered. Among the latter was one gold coin of considerable size, said to be unique, not another like it having been found in the whole world.

So choice a treasure, from the numismatic and antiquarian point of view, was guarded with great care, and left open to the gaze of the multitude on public days, but could only be seen in a private cabinet, upon an order issued by a distinguished member of the Government, addressed to a very high official of the Museum, in favor of the person presenting the order. It is about the coin that the following story is told, and it is a very striking story.

A well-dressed gentleman, scarcely yet of middle age, but having the aspect of a student-scholar-antiquary about him, a character seldom seen but in the older European cities, visited the Museum near the closing time in the afternoon, and, furnished with the talismanic letter which was an open sesame to the most sacred precincts of the national treasure house, requested to see the functionary who presided over this department and presented his order to see the coin.

With much ceremony he was escorted into the cabinet, accompanied by two officials, each of whom possessed a key to one of two locks, with which the case containing the coin was protected. It was taken out and handed to the stranger, whose eyes seemed positively to sparkle as he felt, scrutinized with a magnifying glass, weighed in his hand, and even smelt the coin, the eyes of the custodians never losing sight of it, except for one instant when the stranger suddenly held it up to the light in his outstretched palm, where it rested for that moment above the level of the curators' eyes. Then, with expressions of admiration and much gratitude from the visitor, it was placed in the hands of the principal official, who returned it to its place in the case, and the locks were securely fastened.

All three gentlemen were leaving the room together, pleasantly chatting on the fascinating topic in which they were all so much interested, when one of the officials found he had left something he had been carrying in his hand, in the room, and returned to fetch it. Being there, and readily finding the object of his visit, he looked through the heavy plate-glass top of the coin case to see if, in the dusky twilight of a London afternoon, they had replaced rightly the coin which had been examined. The velvet stand was in its place, square with the other stands, in an orderly manner, *but the coin was not there.*

With the well-trained instincts of the British civil service official, he rushed after the departing stranger, arriving at the outer door of the Museum just as his thief was bidding adieu to the visitor. There was a hasty and somewhat excited explanation, and all three persons returned to the hall to consider what was to be done.

First of all they visited the room where the coin was kept, and saw that verily it was not in its accustomed place, where it had been put in the sight of all three, only a few minutes before, as two of them had certainly supposed. A careful search for it proved in vain, and then the chief curator was obliged, with much pain and unwillingness, to inform the visitor that he could not leave the building until the coin had been found; and that much as it was against his feelings to suspect a gentleman introduced by so distinguished a member of the government, yet the rules were arbitrary, and the visitor must be searched on the premises, and by the police officers in attendance.

When the statement was made, it was observed that the visitor became much affected, turned deadly pale, and said nothing for a short time; but, recovering himself, protested strongly against the suspicions cast upon h's honesty, and more calmly than seemed natural asked whether it was probable that he, who was described in the order he presented as the *friend* of a cabinet minister, would be likely to steal a coin?

This was a strong argument, for officials know how to respect the friends of their superiors, but what were pleading and argument opposed to the empty coin case? With many apologies and regrets that such apparently harsh measures were necessary, the curators asserted that no other course was open to them, and the gentleman *must be searched.* Then, with an expression of simple terror upon his face, he declared that whilst living he would never allow himself to be subjected to such a gross indignity.

The senior curator was a distinguished scholar, with a brilliant university record, and essentially a human man, as well as being a specialist who was so absorbed in his art that he was ignorant of the worldly wisdom of the detective side of human nature. So, sympathizing with the evident distress of his visitor, he proposed that they should once more, with the artificial lights that had become necessary by the waning of the day, make a vigorous search for the missing coin. The visitor warmly seconded the proposition, and though he stood away from the cabinet and case whilst it was going on, evidently deeply hurt at what had transpired, yet he was not insensible of a feeling of relief when the junior official, who first discovered the loss, shouted with pleasure when he detected the coin, where it had slipped down between the velvet covering and the wooden case, and had evidently slid into the space between the velvet and glass, and in the twilight of the foggy metropolis had not been discovered in the previous search.

Restored to its place, and there fixed securely, the object of this scene attained its usual repose; but the most full and complete apologies were made to the visitor for the treatment he had been subjected to, in which, however, it was impressed upon him that the officials had no choice. Good-naturedly, and with the manners of a true gentleman, he accepted the tendered explanations and said that he rejoiced to find the national collections were in such good hands.

This good feeling having been manifested, they mutually congratulated and excused one another. But as the chief curator bade the visitor good-bye at the threshold, he thus appealed to the suspected: "Knowing that, you had not taken the medal, why did you become so affected, turn so ashy in color, and absolutely refuse to be searched?" "Thank you," the visitor replied, "for this opportunity of an explanation. I can now give it safely. It is this. You and the world think *that* recently lost and found coin is *unique.* So did I, until lately, when I believed that I had discovered its fellow in an obscure Italian village. I sought to compare my coin with yours. I have done so; and mine is a duplicate of yours. It is here in my waistcoat pocket; nay, look at it! Here it is! Had you searched me, you would have thought my coin was yours; that I had stolen yours; and probably you never would have found your own, whilst I should have been disgraced forever. That is why I would not be searched."—[Congregationalist.

AN ELASTIC COSTUME.

A ball supper is agony to many women, because tight lacing makes it unadvisable to eat heartily, but there was one matron, on a recent occasion in New York, who overcame all such difficulty. She ate bulkily and still remained comfortable. I do not know says a correspondent of the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, whether she holds a patent on the device, but I am going to describe it anyhow, and whoever copies it must take her own chance of a suit for infringement. It was what may be called a duplex, front action, adjustable basque. It had the material cut away from the front of the lining in vest shape, and trimmed up each side and around the neck with a reverse collar of the trimming. The lining was provided with eyelet holes and a lacing string, so that it might be drawn as loosely or as closely as the wearer choose. To conceal this lining a shirred vest of silk or satin was set on just inside the reverse collar, and each shirring was merely a tape facing the wrong side in which was inserted an elastic ribbon which permitted it to expand or contract. There were five of these cross-way shirrings, the upper one being at the top of the front darts, and above this the vest was arranged in four easy plaits that were sewed on the neck double at the top to form a standing frill. A hook and loop on each shirred place fastened the vest below, and there were similar ones above. I saw the wearer let out a few lines of lacing of her corsets in the dressing-room before supper and adjusted the basque to the enlargement, but she ate more than she intended to evidently, for afterward she retired to ease her corsage once more.

A BROTHER'S SIGNATURE.

A man from a neighboring town wished one of our banks to take his note a short time ago. The directors said they would cash the note if his brother would endorse it. The next day, in came the man with his brother's signature on the note. The bank took it, and the bank notified the brother. That gentleman came into to the counting-room in amazement, and asked, "What have you against me?" "Didn't you endorse a note for your brother?" asked the cashier. "Not that I know of," replied the man. "Isn't this your signature?" then demanded the bank official producing the note. The man looked at his name, written, on the paper, and rubbed his eyes. "Yes," said he, "that's my signature, sure; but I should think he might have allowed me to write it!" He paid the note.—[Livingston, Me., Journal.

A Georgia woman, who is the mother of twenty-one children, one day when a storm was coming up blew the horn for them to come in, and she stood and counted them as they entered. Somehow she made the number twenty-two. This mystified her, and she declared that she could not remember having but twenty-one. To satisfy herself she turned them all out in the storm and let them in one at a time, a visitor keeping tally as she recounted them. There were but twenty-one and the anxious dame felt relieved.

One of the most unconquerable prejudices of the average man is shown in the opinion that nobody else can do a thing quite as well as he can. This truth prevails over a wide range of instances, from running a daily newspaper to getting a fallen omnibus horse upon his feet again.

$200.00 REWARD!

Will be paid for the detection and conviction of any person selling or dealing in any bogus, counterfeit or imitation HOP BITTERS, especially Bitters or preparations with the word HOP or HOPS in their name or connected therewith, that is intended to mislead and cheat the public, or for any preparation put in any form, pretending to be the same as HOP BITTERS. The Genuine have clusters of GREEN HOPS (notice this) printed on the white label, and are the purest and best medicine on earth, especially for Kidney, Liver and Nervous Diseases. Beware of all others, and of all pretended formulas or receipts of HOP BITTERS published in papers or for sale, as they are frauds and swindles. Whoever deals in any but the genuine will be prosecuted.

HOP BITTERS MFG. CO.,
Rochester, N. Y.

A Cincinnati physician has been sent to the Work House for thirty days for cruelty to his family.

☞ The Scarlet, Cardinal Red, Old Gold, Navy Blue, Seal Brown, Diamond Dyes give perfect results. Any fashionable color, 10 cents.

Yours for Health
Lydia E. Pinkham

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S
VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

A Sure Cure for all FEMALE WEAKNESSES, Including Leucorrhœa, Irregular and Painful Menstruation, Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Flooding, PROLAPSUS UTERI, &c.

☞ Pleasant to the taste, effluvious and immediate in its effect. It is a great help in pregnancy, and relieves pain during labor and at regular periods.

PHYSICIANS USE IT AND PRESCRIBE IT FREELY.

☞ For ALL WEAKNESSES of the generative organs of either sex, it is second to no remedy that has ever been before the public; and for all diseases of the KIDNEYS it is the *Greatest Remedy in the World.*

☞ KIDNEY COMPLAINTS of Either Sex Find Great Relief in Its Use.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S BLOOD PURIFIER will eradicate every vestige of Humors from the Blood, at the same time will give tone and strength to the system. As may follow in results as the Compound.

☞ Both the Compound and Blood Purifier are prepared at 233 and 235 Western Avenue, Lynn, Mass. Price of either, $1. Six bottles for $5. The Compound is sent by mail in the form of pills, or of lozenges, on receipt of price, $1 per box for either. Mrs. Pinkham freely answers all letters of inquiry. Enclose 3 cent stamp. Send for pamphlet. *Mention this Paper.*

☞ LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S LIVER PILLS cure Constipation, Biliousness and Torpidity of the Liver. 25 cents per box.

☞ Sold by all Druggists. ☜ (3)

☞ For all Diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Urinary Organs, Malaria and Bright's Disease, The Best Blood Purifier.

WARNER'S
SAFE
KIDNEY AND
LIVER CURE

The black engraved portion of this card is a fac-simile of the end of the wrapper of WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER CURE.

Beware of Fraud.

Unscrupulous parties have tried to imitate our Remedy and deceive the public by using SIMILAR NAMES, but do not be deceived; see that the word SAFE with picture of an Iron Safe, on a black wrapper and white letters is on every package. Also, see that it is on the label and stamp, and take no other.

H. H. WARNER & CO.
ROCHESTER, N.Y.

This remedy is an absolute specific for the diseases of women, for the nervous troubles of youth, and for the debility which precedes old age. As statistics show that all diseases arise from the kidneys or liver, we can guarantee freedom from disease by reason of the power which our Safe Kidney and Liver Cure possesses over these organs. For Diabetes ask for WARNER'S SAFE DIABETES CURE.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Invalids who are recovering vital stamina declare in grateful terms their appreciation of the merits as a tonic of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Not only does it impart strength to the weak, but it also corrects an irregular acid state of the stomach, makes the bowels act at proper intervals, gives ease to those who suffer from rheumatic and kidney troubles, and conquers as well as prevents fever and ague. For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

AN OLD FRIEND.

Few people who have lived long in this land of plenty need to be introduced to the Pacific Bank as one of the best institutions of its kind on the Pacific Coast. Among trades people as well as among farmers it is regarded as a safe and staunch concern, to which all kinds of business interests may be entrusted with entire confidence. It has become proverbial for its conservative yet enterprising methods of management. Its facilities for doing a general banking business are as perfect as they can be made, and there are no accommodations which can not be obtained at its counters. It recommends itself more specially to interior merchants, tradesmen and farmers, for it has much the leaning of money on grain, hops and other merchandise a specialty, and can therefore offer more advantageous conditions than any other bank. [San Francisco Chronicle.

THE DIFFERENCE.

We often hear it said, "You can sell any humbug article by well advertising it." This is partly true, but if the article has no merit the purchaser will not buy a second time, and will prevent his friend from buying by informing him of its worthlessness. The sooner it is exposed the sooner it will cease to sell. On the other hand an article of merit and worth, like Ammen's Cough, Syrup when once used will be appreciated, and the buyer will not only continue to purchase it again when in need of a remedy for colds or coughs, but will speak a good word for it and thus, without advertising, it would become known and have a large sale.

Ammen's Cough Syrup is prepared by a competent druggist, from the prescription of one of the most noted physicians of Europe. It is a sure and safe remedy for colds, coughs and diseases for which it is recommended. Ask for it and take no other.

The truth well stuck to is as good as a lie.

All ladies who may be troubled with nervous prostration; who suffer from organic displacement; who have a sense of weariness and a feeling of lassitude; who are languid in the morning; in whom the appetite for food is capricious and sleep at proper hours uncertain, should have recourse to Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

AN HONEST POUND.

"STAR" is the ONLY first-class Tobacco that is always put up in 16 ozs. to the pound plug. Consumers who buy Tobacco by the plug, will save 2 ozs. on each plug by purchasing STAR. For proof of this, weigh your Tobacco. Tin Stars on each plug.

Carpets and furniture 20 per cent. cheaper at R. Shellhaas', 11th St., Oakland.

STOCKTON, Cal., Dec. 30th, 1881.—I sell Ammen's Cough Syrup, feeling confident your reputation as an apothecary would prevent your putting in the bottle anything but the purest. I have been the same as the best class of remedies I have no object in discriminating against it, so I wish you success.
GLEAVES & AVERILL.

Ammen's Cough Syrup, which is largely advertised by the proprietor, is a really meritorious article, and is far superior to remedies of similar character. Give it one trial and you will be satisfied of what we know whereof we speak. Editor "The Monitor," Catholic. San Francisco, Nov 16th, 1881.

The Prince of Wales, at the urgent request of the Princess of Wales, is taking measures to suppress the sport of pigeon-shooting.

"Unbidden guests are often welcomest when they are gone." Disease is an unbidden guest which Kidney-Wort almost invariably "shows the door." Here is a case in point: "Mother has recovered," wrote an Illinois girl to her Eastern relatives. "She took bitters for a long time without any good. So when she heard of the virtues of Kidney-Wort she got a box and it completely cured her, so that she can do as much work now as she could before we moved West. Since she got well every one about here is taking it."

HAMMOND, Cal., Feb. 15th, 1882.—We have two drug stores, one at Anderson, Cal., and the other here. We have been selling Ammen's Cough Syrup for some time, and find it gives satisfaction.
GLEAVES & AVERILL.

A DELICIOUS Breakfast or Supper Dish SOUSED SPICED PILCHARDS, in one pound cans.

For sale at all Grocers and Wholesale of the Red Cross Packing Co., San Francisco.

High chairs at low prices at H. Shellhaas', 11th St., Oakland.

HALL'S PULMONARY BALSAM
PRICE 50 CTS

AN IMMEDIATE AND PERMANENT CURE for COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CROUP, INFLUENZA, CATARRH, LOSS OF VOICE, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Ask for the California Pulmonary Balsam, and take no other.

☞ SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. ☜
J. R. GATES & Co., · · Prop'rs.
417 Sansome St., S. F., Cal.

CHRIS. H. SCHMIDT. C. S. BUSH.

BROOKLYN HOTEL,

C. S. BUSH & SMITH, Prop'rs.

BUSH St., bet. Montgomery and Sans me.

WE BEG LEAVE TO INFORM THE PUBLIC that we will re-open the Brooklyn Hotel on or about March 20th, completely refurnishing every room with New Carpets, Bedding, and all the necessary elements of a first-class hotel, at an expense of over THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

The building itself has been remodeled to suit the convenience of our guests.

Mr. Chris Schmidt, for the past fourteen years connected with the Russ House, the latter 11 years in the capacity of head clerk, will be ever ready to attend to all the wants of our patrons.

Respectfully yours,
C. S. BUSH & SCHMIDT

TERMS:

$1.50
$2.00 and
$2.50 per Day.

☞ A Liberal arrangement made with permanent guests.

KIDNEY-WORT
HAS BEEN PROVED
The SUREST CURE for
KIDNEY DISEASES.

Does a lame back or a disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? Trifle not, but HESITATE! use KIDNEY-WORT at once. Druggists recommend it and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action.

It is a SURE CURE for all
DISEASES of the LIVER.

It has specific action on this most important organ, enabling it to throw off torpidity and inaction, stimulating the healthy secretion of the Bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.

Malaria. If you are suffering from the effects of malaria, have the chills, are bilious, dyspeptic, or constipated, Kidney-Wort will surely relieve and quickly cure.

In the Spring, to cleanse the System, every one should take a thorough course of it.

Ladies. For complaints peculiar to your sex, such as pain and weakness, KIDNEY-WORT is unsurpassed, as it will act promptly and safely.

Either Sex. Incontinence, retention of urine, brick dust or ropy deposits, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to its curative power.

☞ It Acts at the same time on the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS. ☜ For Constipation, Piles, or Rheumatism it is a permanent cure.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS. Price $1.
KIDNEY-WORT

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine

BILLIARDS!
Established 1852.
JACOB STRAHLE & CO.,
Billiard Manufacturers,
And Sole owners for Pacific States
CELEBRATED DELANEY STEEL SPRING CUSHIONS.
Have removed their Office, Factory and Warerooms to
515 Market Street 515
Opposite Bush and Battery Streets.

Our present location is much more desirable, and in view to our patrons and the public benefit, our offices are on the ground floor (no stairs), where an elegant and convenient display of BILLIARD GOODS, BAR FIXTURES, TEN PIN GOODS, BOWLING, GYMNASIUM AND SKATING GOODS Are Exhibited in attractive and unique variety.

Our Billiard Parlor Annex on the first floor, completed and fitted with the richest and latest style of Billiard Tables, forms a second and distinct department of business. We occupy the entire building. The other floors being used for the different departments of our manufactory.

BEWARE OF FRAUDS!

Some unscrupulous parties, with the intention of misleading the public, have rented our old place, and with the assistance of a bright sign-painter will try to create confusion. We only confidently ask our friends, patrons and the public, of this fact to consummate their intentions and expose their worn out designs. Thankful for the past favors and soliciting the continuance of the liberal patronage, respectfully

JACOB STRAHLE & CO.,
515 MARKET STREET,
Address Plainly as above, San Francisco.

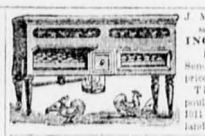
A. S. HALLIDIE, President. H. L. DAVIS, Secretary.
CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS,
Successors to A. S. HALLIDIE, ROBINSON & HALLIDIE, and CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS CO.
—Manufacturers of And Dealers in—
Wire, Wire Rope AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF Wire Goods,
BRASS, COPPER, AND IRON WIRE CLOTH.

Licensed Under THE SCUTT PATENT Four Pointed Barbed Fence Wire. All Patents.

—HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL LINE OF—
FLAT AND ROUND WIRE ROPE of Iron and Steel.
WIRE WORK RAILINGS, GUARDS, SCREENS
SIEVES, SHADE CLOTH, BIRD CAGES, BATTERY SCREENS, ETC.
Office and Salesrooms No. 6 CALIFORNIA ST., San Francisco

H. N. COOK,
405 Market Street, Cor. Fremont, San Francisco,
—MANUFACTURER OF—
Oak Tanned
Leather Belting and Hose.
A Specialty of Extra Quality HEADER DRAPERS, Custom Made and Warranted

KIDNEY-WORT
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF
CONSTIPATION.
No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated KIDNEY-WORT as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.
PILES. THIS distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with constipation. Kidney-Wort strengthens the weakened parts and quickly cures all kinds of Piles even when physicians and medicines have before failed.
RHEUMATISM. For this it is a WONDERFUL CURE, as it is for ALL the painful diseases of the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels. It cleanses the system of the acrid poison that causes the dreadful suffering which only the victims of rheumatism can realize.
THOUSANDS OF CASES of the worst forms of this terrible disease have been quickly relieved, and in a short time PERFECTLY CURED.
☞ It cleanses, Strengthens and gives New Life to all the important organs of the body. The natural action of the Kidneys is restored. The Liver is cleansed of all disease, and the Bowels move freely and healthfully.
☞ It Acts at the same time on the KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS. ☜ SOLD by DRUGGISTS. $1. LIQUID or DRY. Dry can be sent by mail. WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Burlington, Vt.
KIDNEY-WORT



J. M. HALSTED'S self regulating INCUBATOR! From 250 up. Send for descriptive price list, etc. The only hatched poultry and egg. 1011 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.

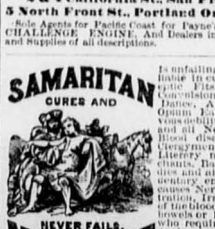
PREVENTION IS BETTER THAN CURE
BEWARE of pests in your orchards! and purchase our celebrated
CODDLING MOTH WASH.
☞ A Sure Preventive. ☜
Recommended by the Agricultural Convention.
CORRESPOND DIRECT WITH
Moore & Fischer,
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN OILS
104 Market St., San Francisco.
We have also for Sale
WHALE OIL SOAP,
HIGH TEST COAL OILS,
POLAR, FISH AND SPERM OIL
Machine Lubricating Oils of all Grades.
MINERAL SPERM OIL,
CYLINDER OIL,
NEATS FOOT OIL,
CASTOR OIL,
BLACK OIL,
NUT OIL, ETC.,
Paints of all Descriptions.

MORSE,
THE PHOTOGRAPHER,
826 Market St., San Francisco.
The Largest and Finest
Photograph Gallery
IN THE WORLD.

$72 A WEEK. $12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine

CHALLENGE
Portable Engine.
We hereby Challenge any Manufacturer

of Portable Engines not fitted with an automatic cut off to
A Competitive Test.
At a forfeit of $1000.
H. P. GREGORY & CO.,
2 & 4 California St., San Francisco.
5 North First St., Portland Oregon.
Sole Agents for Pacific Coast for Payne's celebrated CHALLENGE ENGINE And Dealers in Machinery and Supplies of all descriptions.



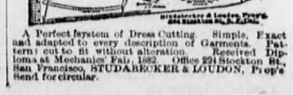
is unfailing and infallible in curing Epilepsy, Spasms, Convulsions, St. Vitus Dance, Alcoholism, Opium Eating, Nervous debility, Scrofula and all Nervous and Blood diseases. To Clergymen, Lawyers, Editors, Merchants, Bankers, Ladies and all whose sedentary employment causes Nervous Prostration, Impurities of the blood, Stomach, bowels or kidneys or who require a nerve tonic, appetiser or stimulant, Samaritan Nervine is invaluable. Thousands proclaim it the most wonderful in vigor that ever sustained the sinking system. For sale by all Druggists. THE DR. S. A. RICHMOND MEDICAL CO. Sole Proprietors, St. Joseph, Mo.

PIANOS ORGANS
ANTISELL
10 000 Pianos 1,000 Organs.
Save Half. Buy of Manufacturer. Prices $21 to $1,000. Warranted perfect. Easiest payments or money refunded. As to our reliability we refer to the publisher of any newspaper in New York. Illustrated and descriptive catalogue and five Albums will be sent for $1.00; therefore by getting four of your friends to send with you, you will receive five copies free. Address, P. M. LUPTON, Publisher, 27 Park Place, New York.

This N.Y. Singer, $20
With $8 set of Attachments Free. Warranted perfect. Light running, quiet, handsome and durable. Sent on 10 days' trial when desired. Happy Days, Vol. 4 (of Reeds, 12 story, Mechanical Not Blues, octave compass, 4 sets reeds, with $3 stool and $1 Book, only $25, also sent on trial and if desired. Elegant case, magnificent tone, durable instrument. Circular, with testimonials, free. Address G. Payne & Co. 47 Third av. Chicago

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. Address STINSON & Co., Portland Maine

Studabecker's Tailors' Square.



A Perfect System of Dress Cutting. Simple, Exact and adapted to every description of Garments. Patterns cut to fit without alteration. Received Diplomas at Mechanics' Fair, 1882. Office 221 Stockton St., San Francisco. STUDABECKER & LOUDON, Prop's. Send for circular.