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THE YAKIMA HERALD.

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An Economical Fence, I HAVE now the sole right for Yakima County for one of the best wire fences ever patented. It is VERY DURABLE AND CHEAP. Wire and machinery for making on hand. Those wishing to build fences should call on me. J. M. REED, West side of Track.

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Ahtanum Dairy. I am now prepared to furnish families with Pure Milk from the Ahtanum Dairy.

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NORTH YAKIMA.

The Great Agricultural Center of Washington.

Beautiful Shade Trees and Living Waters on Every Side—The Farmer's Paradise.

Seattle Times: Yakima county consists of a series of broad alluvial plains, watered by the Yakima, Natchez, Altanum and Wenaw rivers, and vast plateaus covered with a succulent bunch grass. It extends from the summit of the Cascade mountains on the west to the banks of the broad and mighty Columbia on the east, lying between the Wenatchee on the north and the Kiklatat range of mountains on the south. It embraces an area of country 110 miles north and south and seventy miles east and west, lying about 125 east of Seattle. About one-third of this immense acreage consists of the alluvial plains above spoken of, which are in fact old lake bottoms and unusually fertile, and when cultivated and brought under the fructifying influence of irrigation produce wonderful and unparalleled results.

In the center of this great valley lies the city of North Yakima. This beautiful and prosperous little metropolis, the county seat of Yakima county and the distributing point for an immense agricultural, mining and cattle country, is located at the junction of the Yakima and Natchez rivers, which is the present location for a town in Central Washington. It has nine large, fertile and productive valleys immediately tributary, namely: Selah, Simcoe, Moxee, Parker Bottom, Ahtanum, Wide Hollow, Cowychee, Natchez and Wenaw. North Yakima is laid out on a broad grass plain. The streets are 80 and 100 feet wide, with twenty foot alleys. Business lots are 25x140. On either side of the streets are irrigating ditches through which flow ever living water. Rows of silver poplar, balsam and chestnut trees have been planted on either side of the main streets, which, now being four years old, are very handsome as well as useful.

North Yakima, although but four years old, is one of the most promising cities in the northwest. It is not a boom town, but every progressive step taken has a bona fide resource behind it. Confidence has been established, values are stable, and, naturally, investors place their money in Yakima, believing it to be a safe, sure and profitable investment.

Four years ago the spot where this beautiful city now stands was a sage brush plain, with but a single settler's cabin; to-day she is a beautiful flourishing city of 2800 well dressed, well fed and money making people, all earnest and honest in their belief and confidence in North Yakima and the great Yakima country. Eighteen hundred and eighty-eight has more than doubled her population and erected public buildings that any city a dozen times its size might well be proud of.

Among its creditable improvements most notable are:

A splendid brick school house costing \$12,000, strictly modern, well ventilated, well heated and in charge of a well educated, intelligent corps of teachers, as good as money will get, and already 300 well dressed, bright and intelligent children are in daily attendance.

A new brick opera house costing \$12,000, stands as a monument of the brains, nerve and enterprise of its builder and owner, A. F. Switzer. This magnificent improvement has already identified North Yakima as one of the prominent play towns of the coast, and receives the attention of all leading theatrical companies traveling over the Northern Pacific railroad.

A new \$35,000 brick hotel casts its shadows over one of the finest corners of North Yakima and receives many compliments from strangers.

The First National Bank, finding their old bank building insufficient to meet the requirements of this growing city, have erected a new and elegant bank building of pressed brick with brown stone trimmings, the inside finished in hard wood, costing \$25,000.

Yakima has a glorious climate, a healthy location, pure and ever living water, grand mountain scenery and a farming, mining and stock country tributary to it that, when developed, will justify the building of a city of from fifteen to twenty thousand people.

North Yakima and the great Yakima country are worthy of investigation and the consideration of farmer, fruit grower, stock raiser, business man and manufacturer. A fair and impartial investigation will honestly verify all of the above statements.

Next Town.

At Misspel, just across the Columbia from Wild Goose ferry, the government has a saw-mill and flouring mill combined for the benefit of the reservation Indians. R. A. Hutchinson has charge of its interests, and the aborigine help him do the work. It is here that Chief Moses resides. The old fellow is pretty well fixed, having obtained \$30,000 in cash for his right to what is now Okanogan county. The priests have a Catholic church there, but Moses does not go to mass or confession, as he says he does not wish to go to heaven, but desires to stay at Misspel.

A FINANCIAL JOKE.

How Mr. Abraham Stays Was Induced to Invest \$15,000 in a Monkey Farm.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 30.—There is a worthy citizen of Birmingham who is ready to throttle the man who says "speculation" to him. Some months ago Mr. Abraham Stays, an Israelite, moved from a neighboring city to this place with the idea of making a fortune in a hurry in some of the rapid ways he had heard of. His expectations were so sanguine, and he repeated them so openly, that a combination of leading citizens was effected against him. Mr. Carlisle Mulroe, a prominent banker, to whom Stays had spoken on the subject of investments, had promised to keep an eye open. Mr. Mulroe is a lover of fun, and is suspected of being the originator of the scheme, which was as novel as it was successful.

In accordance with a preconceived arrangement Mr. Mulroe informed Stays that he had discovered a good thing, but pretty much all the stock was taken, though he might squeeze him in. It was a new enterprise which had a corner in a link that would yield immense profits, and the meeting of the projectors would be held a week hence for organization. That was all Mulroe was willing to divulge. If Stays was willing to go in with this much knowledge Mr. Mulroe might secure some of the stock for him. Stays jumped at the proposition, and the interview ended by his giving Mulroe a check for \$15,000, for which he took a receipt and he was a happy man.

Some days later Stays received a circular letter, private and confidential, notifying him to attend a meeting of the promoters of the enterprise to which he had subscribed. On the night fixed Stays went to the designated place, a hall which had been hired by the conspirators. The gathering embraced some of the most prominent business men of the city—merchants, bankers, railroad men, and others. The meeting was called to order and the form of electing a secretary and committee on credentials was carried out. The chairman announced that an important communication had been received from the Mobile committee setting forth the grand scheme which was now under way. This paper he then directed the secretary to read to the meeting. The communication was heard with profound attention. The Mobile committee outlined the enterprise, which the latter stated was even then being put into execution.

This enterprise was the purchase of an island in Mobile bay, where thousands of monkeys were to be raised annually. The letter set forth that two cargoes had already arrived. The plan involved the propagation of monkeys for use in the cotton fields of the south. The report stated that it had been conclusively proved that monkeys could be easily trained to pick cotton, and that one monkey could pick as much cotton as three negroes. In addition, it was shown the comparative cost of feeding negroes and monkeys, while there would be a tremendous saving on clothing. The report closed with a prediction that in five years all the cotton in the south would be picked by monkeys. The reading was received with grave satisfaction by the meeting, as was agreed beforehand.

The bewildered Stays looked from one to another face and could hardly believe his senses. Finally one gentleman arose and asked some questions about the report, expressing a desire to know whether the experiment had been tested sufficiently to insure its success. This gave the timid Stays the outlet for his own doubts, and he rose and expressed the fear that the undertaking was chimerical. The meeting, however, was overwhelmingly in the other way, and voted for the immediate prosecution of the work. Stays, growing more nervous, urged a more careful consideration. His imagination aided his fears, and he excitedly asked who would train the thousands of monkeys. It was a well known fact that Italians were the only people who could do anything with monkeys, and he predicted that the syndicate would not be able to get Italians to do this training. He also predicted that the monkeys would be continually escaping from their keeper and injuring property, thereby entailing harassing lawsuits upon the syndicate. Despite this speech the meeting resolved to prosecute the undertaking, and then adjourned.

Early the following day Stays sought Mulroe, and said he wanted to sell out. Mulroe said this could not be done right then, as all the stock had been placed, but finally agreed to give him what he had paid for the stock, and immediately gave a check for \$15,000, receiving a receipt therefor. As this transaction was consummated a telegraph messenger, in pursuance of one of the details of the plot, entered with a message. It was read, and was from Missouri, stating that the price of the stock had jumped twenty points, and was still booming. Mulroe showed the telegram with great excitement, and Stays turned pale as he beguiled the return of the stock, but Mulroe was obstinate, and grimly thanked the Israelite for doubling an investment for him. When the joke was revealed a few days later Stays was nearly tormented to death. No man here dares whisper monkey farm to him now.

Sunburn, tan roughness of the skin and pimples are promptly relieved and cured by applying Dutard's Specific. It is a never failing remedy for salt rheum, tetter and all skin diseases. Sold by Allen & Chapman.

THE JOHNSTOWN DISASTER.

The Greatest Casualty in the History of America—Thousands of Lives Lost and Millions of Property Destroyed.

The most terrible calamity in the history of the country was visited upon the people of Johnstown, Penn., and other smaller towns in that vicinity on Friday, May 31. The town of Johnstown is at the confluence of the Conemaugh and Stone rivers in the Allegheny mountains, standing but a few feet above the level of the rivers and surrounded on all sides by rugged and precipitous country. About seven miles above the town of Johnstown, on the Conemaugh river, is situated the Lawrence reservoir, built to supply the Pennsylvania railroad canal, but since it has not been used for that purpose, has been looked upon as a summer resort. The lake is three miles long by one mile wide, and is 150 feet deep. The lower end of the lake was dammed up by an exceedingly massive stone wall over 1.5 feet in height, measuring 90 feet at the base and 80 feet at the top. At times when the waters have been unusually high, there have been slight overflows that caused the Conemaugh to flood the low lying country, but not sufficiently to cause much damage to property or endanger the lives of the inhabitants. There are two other reservoirs below this lake for the purpose of supplying the city of Johnstown, and the towns of Conemaugh, Southfork and Woodville, that are situated on the banks of the river, and are also stations along the Pennsylvania railroad. At the confluence of Stony creek with the Conemaugh river, the combined waters take the name of the Kiskiminnick river, which flows into the Allegheny river and eventually into the Mississippi. A freshet in the mountains broke the big dam, and the mighty, surging wall of water swept down the valley, carrying death and destruction before it.

The population of Johnstown and the surrounding towns in that portion of the valley affected by the flood was from 50,000 to 55,000, and when a rushing torrent fifty feet deep swept down the narrow valley, it carried cities and villages before it like shavings on a mountain stream. The two great forces of fire and water, so often opposed, joined to make the succeeding nights and days a scene of indescribable horror and desolation.

The latest reports make the number of lives lost more than eight thousand, while the loss of property is estimated at \$25,000,000. To add to the sickening horrors of the scene the robbery of the dead seems to have been only too common, and quite a number of persons who were engaged in that ghastly occupation were summarily dealt with. But against the dark background of the awful calamity many acts of heroism stand out in bright relief. First among the heroes must be placed the unknown man who rode on horseback down the valley to warn people to take to the hills, until he was swept off by the flood; many other acts were done that make us think better of the race.

At last reports the unidentified dead number upwards of 3500. A thousand men are clearing away the wreckage in search of the missing, but the hot sun pouring down makes the stench unbearable, and pneumonia, diphtheria and other malignant diseases have made their appearance, adding to the horror of the situation. At this writing the cry is growing to fire the wreckage; that the cause of the living is greater than that of the dead, and in all probability before the Herald reaches its readers this wholesale incineration will have taken place.

The Great Circus.

The *Alto-California* has the following regarding the great circus and menagerie which is billed to appear at North Yakima July 2:

"The combined Sells Brothers & Barrett circus and menagerie opened on Friday at Central Park to a big house, or rather tent, and the audience have been on the increase ever since. Last evening every seat was filled, and there must have been fully 7000 people present to enjoy the excellent performance. The show is even better than when it was here before, and one gets full value for the money charged for entrance. There were two rings and an elevated stage, in and upon which varied and entertaining acts were performed without interruption, the programme including twenty-two distinct acts and twelve races. Among the principal features were balancing, tight rope dancing, tumbling, vaulting, all kinds of trapeze and horizontal bar work, juggling, hippodrome racing, trained mules and elephants, the splendid bareback riding of Sells, and many other clever performances, making an entertainment well calculated to please all classes."

Ell Perkins Outside.

Ell Perkins will please try again after reading the following from a Cowilla paper: Little Willie Perkins, the son of the postmaster at Kelso, swallowed a dollar just two weeks ago, and day before yesterday he extracted from his left ear a dollar and twelve cents, the twelve cents being the interest on the dollar for two years at six per cent. Little Willie is now kicking because he did not receive more interest.

WORN OUT MONEY.

What the Government Does With the Redeemed Currency.

The Treasury Macerating Establishment—Played Out Greenbacks Converted Into Pulp.

The national bank notes and fractional currency, when first turned out of the treasury, are very pretty to look at. Their crispness is a particularly attractive feature, and the bright green and moderate quantity of rose color are very pleasing to the eye. The engraving, too, is really artistic, and, taken in its entirety, Uncle Sam's money when new may be pronounced very pretty money indeed. But, unfortunately, the national bank note, subjected to very hard usage. First, they may be handled by the dapper bank clerk who understands their manipulation perfectly, and from whose hands they pass none the worse for the contact. But the man who receives them next may be a grocer's clerk, who, disregarding their beauty, uses his unwashed digits that may a few moments previously have been engaged in handling a nice filch of bacon, to count the bills. The pork-butcher may be the next one to have temporary possession of the representatives of value, and while in his custody they are sure to take on more or less of the badge of his calling. Probably they next repose in the wallet of a fashionable lady, and the odors of the grease are neutralized by musk, ylang-ylang or some one of the many popular perfumes. Next they may fall into the hands of a careless young man who uses no pocket-book.

But makes his vest pocket the neutral ground where greenbacks, cigarettes and ends of all kinds meet on friendly terms. The vicissitudes of currency are many and varied, and there is little room for wonder that the presses in the treasury department find constant occupation as they do in turning out fresh supplies of paper that only too soon become really "filthy lucre." The destruction is very rapid, and one of the chief occupations of a large force in the treasury is that of subjecting the condemned cash to the processes by which it is finally wiped out of existence. Several years since it was the custom to burn the redeemed banknotes, bonds and fractional currency, but a more economical and in every way more acceptable plan is now pursued. On the White lot, immediately in front of the treasury, may be noticed two brick buildings. The largest of these is the machine shop, carpenter and general repairing establishment of the treasury. The other is also an adjunct, and is known as the macerating department. Here it is that the frolicsome currency after it has been made worthless by reason of too much abuse, is converted into pulp that finds its way to the paper manufacturers, where it is

RECONVERTED INTO PAPER.

Here also the bond rendered useless by redemption at expiration or some other cause is made indistinguishable from, let us say mortar, by an extremely simple process. In the first place, the currency is subjected to a most rigid scrutiny and count for the purpose of detecting counterfeiters, and then it is turned over to men who with a machine cancel each note so effectually, that by no possibility could it ever be used again; another count is then gone through with for the purpose of checking the operators of the machine, and preventing them from appropriating any of the condemned money. After the cancelling the money is next cut in half, and once more the separate halves are counted, and when ascertained to be all right, are placed in boxes for the purpose of removing them to the macerating buildings.

Before alluded to. These boxes are securely locked while in transit from the treasury to the macerating establishment, where they are opened in the presence of three representatives of the treasury, one acting in behalf of the secretary, another for the treasurer, and the last for the register, for each batch is usually accompanied by a quantity of bonds. From the boxes the bonds, which are cut, are cancelled thoroughly, and the currency is emptied into the macerating cylinder, which is also locked with three separate locks, the keys of which are held by the officers. The process of maceration is very simple.

THE MACERATING CYLINDER.

Is revolved by a sixty-three horse power engine, and at the same time jets of steam are injected into it which speedily softens the mass of paper. The moistened paper by its own gravity keeps dropping and is reduced to a pulp by the sharp ridges which form the inside of the cylinder. After being subjected to this treatment for about thirty-six hours the cylinder is unlocked by the three officials and the pulp is then allowed to fall on an elevator, which conveys it to a large tub, where it is thoroughly cleaned, and all fatty matter removed by the agency of quicklime and soda.

The washing of the pulp completes the process and it is finally dumped into a heap to lie until purchased. Yesterday about four million five hundred thousand dollars worth of bonds and currency were placed in the macerator. This was an unusually large batch, the average "burnings" as the macerating is known, being much less. There is now an immense quantity of the pulp on hand, probably several hundred tons. This

FOR LADIES ONLY.

A Letter Not Intended for Gentlemen as it Treats of Chemises, Night Dresses and Unmentionables.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 28th.—Now, gentlemen this article is not intended for you, so we must politely request you to look the other way. You will not? No? Why, already I can see the bald spot on top of your head sufficed with blushes, for we are going to speak of chemises, chemises of cambric and silk, unmentionables of the same, and stockings of every design and color.

And first of chemises, night dresses and unmentionables. The favorites of cambric are trimmed with tulle lace and fine embroidery with baby ribbon run through the meshes. The chemise is invariably cut low and square and has a yoke of alternating tucks and lace or embroidery.

A NEW IDEA

For a night dress is to have it button over to the left side, the first portion being shirred into the neck, a very pretty and simple fashion. Another design has a shield-shaped front of fine embroidery.

And what do you think is the latest laid in underwear? Why? A set of black surah silk elaborately trimmed with white valenciennes lace. Of course, these will not be much worn, except by those women "who are always careful" to inform you that they are ladies."

THE SURAH UNDERWEAR

Is still popular with ladies of refinement who can afford this luxury. A pretty undershirt of surah is cut into pointed collars, buttonhole stitched with white silk, a flounce of lace being laid underneath.

A novel method of trimming a skirt is to lay the flounce in the tiny box pleats, about half an inch wide; these pleats are allowed to flare at the bottom and the flounce is finished with valenciennes lace.

Good-bye to the stiff muslin skirt for the present; all the starch is taken out of it and it is laid away, limp and useless, on the shelf, for a stiff skirt and

A CLONING WORK

Is an altogether impossible combination. Of the sensitive nerves are not sorry, for there is something undeniably exasperating in the harsh rustle of a starched skirt. A woman's draperies should always glide, not rustle. For common usage, skirts of striped ticking cloth are the thing; those who prefer white or ecru, get surah or else pongee, which is equally soft and pretty, and has the advantage of being much cheaper.

Stockings will either match or contrast with the dress this season, black stockings being at last relegated to black dresses.

And here, girls, is something new; for a New York correspondent is responsible for the assertion that, in emulation of a certain old lady of nursery rhyme fame who wore

BELLS ON HER TOES

The girl of the period is wearing bells, no, not on her toes, but on her garters. Think of it! Imagine the tinkling accompaniment to the dance music and wondering remarks of the lords of creation. Threat. And instead of putting bells on her toes, my lady is getting to put on over her silk stockings a low shoe of yellow kid, either suede or goat-skin. These yellow shoes are really ugly and only look well on a very pretty foot; but they are all the rage this season, and so, pretty or ugly, they will be worn. The prettiest are those with black kid vamps and alligator skin uppers.—Seattle Times.

Not a Bottal Flank.

Mr. Gussulus was telling a group of the bibliomaniacs yesterday there was nothing so beautiful in a house as a bevy of bright children. "I have a very lovely family," said he. "I hold, as the saintly would say, a bottal flank."

"What's that?" asked the Hon. C. B. Farwell, the well known collector of Bibles and psalm books.

"We were talking about children," exclaimed Mr. Gussulus, "and I was saying that in our family we had a bottal flank in our family—four girls and one boy."

Thereupon everybody laughed—everybody except the sage of East Pearson St. "No," said Mr. Farwell, smiling sadly, "it is evident that you have had no experience in the ways of the world; otherwise you would not make so erroneous an application of terms. You do not hold a bottal flank; you hold four of a kind—four queens and a jack—a powerful good hand, sir, and I should advise you to stand pat."

Paper Clothing.

"If the clothmakers don't get that man up in the Northwest who has invented paper clothing into a trust by next winter he'll make a big fortune, and millions of overcoats will stay in pawn-shops, where they are now," said Harry Parker. "He hasn't got the idea worked out yet—as far as he will probably go, but he made enough vests and underclothes last winter to create something of a panic among the St. Paul clothiers, where he made his first business experiment on a big scale. The paper is prepared so that it is as soft as cloth, and the cold can't penetrate it. My father is engaged in an open air occupation, and likes to experiment, so he got one of these vests and wore it with no overcoat all last winter with great comfort. Next winter, he says, he intends to come out on the streets in a full suit of it.—St. Louis Correspondent.

YAKIMA IN REALITY.

A Correspondent Writes About the Town's Many Advantages.

Tacoma News: In ninety-nine cases out of a hundred after an intelligent stranger has been shown the immense country tributary to North Yakima he exclaims: "Wonderful! I had not the faintest idea you had any such country around you. You have sufficient country around you to justify a city of 20,000, and more than that your peculiar climate gives you a decided advantage over other competing points."

We, in arguing Yakima's case, do not for a moment claim to be the only point that has any future in the state, but we claim, know and believe, and invite investigation, that we have from 75,000 to 100,000 acres of as good land tributary to us as there is in America, and that every acre of that land can be irrigated and put under cultivation, and that a man can make more clear money every year off of 20 acres of our soil than he can off of 100 acres in any of the middle western states. These are facts, not figures.

We grow successfully every year to beacco, peasanis, succinum, corn, hops (best in the United States), wheat, oats, tomatoes, vegetables and melons of all kinds. And recollect one thing, our crops never fail. We have no grasshoppers, chiseb-bags or cyclones, in fact, a crop in the Yakima country never fails, unless from sheer neglect. We therefore claim that the Yakima country has no superior and no equal in the great state of Washington for what has been stated above, and with cash markets for our produce growing all around us, we will find markets for all we can produce.

We enumerate the points we shall ship to: Helena, Butte, Deer Lodge, Garrison, Missoula, Spokane Falls, Sprague and Cheney on the east. On the west Ellensburg, Clelatis, Steady, Hot Springs, Buckley, Puyallup, Tacoma, Seattle, and other Sound points. To-day Yakima vegetables are used on the Northern Pacific dining cars clear to St. Paul and we have the diploma awarded at New Orleans for the best hops. Tobacco will be beyond a doubt one of our principal industries, as already two large crops have been grown and cigars are now being made and will soon be placed on the market.

In addition to our many agricultural advantages, we are the key to the only railroad passes to tide water and Portland. If this is doubted by any, an investigation of the topography and geography of central Washington will satisfy the most skeptical. We, realizing that thousands of people are coming to this Pacific Northwest and not finding what they want, are, in many instances, returning east with an erroneous idea of the mountains, we therefore invite every man or woman who may read this article, and who wants such a country as we describe, to come and see a portion of Washington that has a bright and positive future—a country where you get sure pay because our crops never fail.

Of North Yakima, the future capital of Washington, I will say we are a thriving city of 23,000 well-fed, well-dressed, intelligent people, all prospering and with money in pocket. We are not a hurrah town, overrun with gamblers, prostitutes, toughs, and idle men.

Values are firm, our growth is solid and substantial, business men are prosperous and workmen have plenty of work. We are not overladen with additions, our citizens believing and knowing they have made no mistake in locating here and are content and happy, and while progress in our watchword and improvements are being added daily, we are not on the hurrah, brass band order. We still know that we are quietly getting there and the grand finale will be satisfactory to all interested.

C. E. McEwen, takes a pride in turning out good work. This is the reason his harness, saddles, bridles, etc., give such satisfaction and outlast all others.

—Alfalfa seeds at the I. X. L.

WELL EARNED SUCCESS.—M. V. B. Stacy spent Sunday in Yakima on his way to Seattle, where he goes to look after his property interests.

REDFIELD'S JEWELRY STORE BURLARIZED.—The jewelry store of Thos. G. Redfield was burglarized Wednesday night.

WILL BUILD AN IMMENSE CANAL.—Paul Schulze and J. M. Ashton passed through the city on Saturday last bound for the Sound.

IT WILL BE A SWELL OCCASION.—The Hotel Yakima has been leased by Fred E. Stearns, of Missoula and will be fitted and furnished as becomes such a fine structure.

YAKIMA'S FIRST THREE STORY BRICK.—The contract for the new building to be erected on the corner of Second and A streets was let on Saturday last to A. F. Switzer.

MANY NARROW ESCAPES FROM FIRE.—On Sunday some timber in the rear of Shaver's barber shop caught fire from live coals that were thrown out with the ashes.

BURLARERS ARRESTED.—Deputy Sheriff Williams, of Kittitas county, with the assistance of the local officers, arrested in this city Wednesday two Seattle crooks, who go by the names of "The Kid" and "Macnanny."

LOCAL NEWS TIPS

Attend the Zoo.—W. L. Steingreg is building an addition to his residence.

Work was commenced this week on the Methodist parsonage.

The firm of Bryson & Shriver, painters, has been dissolved by mutual consent.

Wanston & Harrington's Zoo and museum will appear here on Friday and Saturday.

The Herald received a new 1000 lb. safe Saturday from the Cincinnati Safe & Lock Co.

The Woolston is expected here daily. His telegrams and mail have already begun to arrive.

Dr. J. Jay Chambers has purchased a lot and will build a residence on the west side of the track.

PERSONAL

Sam Campbell is back from the Dalles. W. J. Milroy left for Olympia last evening.

Fred Parker returned Friday from Texas. Dr. W. F. Morrison is back from the Sound.

R. B. Milroy and bride arrived home Wednesday. Thomas A. Bowzer, of Indianapolis is here to locate.

Mrs. Jas. T. Foster left Monday, for The Dalles on a visit.

Hon. Edward Whitson left for Tacoma Sunday on a business trip.

F. W. Carter and bride, nee Miss Alice Parker, left for Seattle, Friday.

W. A. Cox and Mrs. Cody, mother of Mrs. Cox, left Tuesday for Memphis Mo.

THE SHOW AT THE ZOO

A Worthy Show that has been Drawing Immense Crowds Wherever it Has Appeared.

Winston & Harrington's new Zoo and museum will give entertainments in this city in their tent, near the N. P. depot, Friday and Saturday, June 15 and 16.

The show in the big tent on Howard St. next to the Red Front grocery, is drawing immense crowds every day and night.

Patents Awaiting Claimants. Patents have been received at the U. S. Land Office at North Yakima, and are now awaiting claimants, as follows:

Joseph O. Clark, w. h. f. ne. qr. 34, 18, 19. John H. Clark, w. h. f. ne. qr. 34, 18, 19.

James W. Crane, w. qr. 14, 14, 15. James I. Wilson, e. h. f. ne. qr. 4, 18, 19.

Frank H. Fowler, w. h. f. ne. qr. 34, 18, 19. Peter L. Kuehn, ne. qr. 34, 18, 19.

DON'T READ THIS!

Unless You Have Time To Make Some Money at Once.

TO-WIT: It is often said, and truthfully, too, that it is not so much what we make as what we save that makes us rich.

Vining & Bilger's, where 80 cents has about the same purchasing power as a dollar in most any other place here.

Having purchased a Bankrupt Stock in New York We are able to Sell Goods at 25 Per Cent. Less Than Our Competitors.

The Stock comprises the following goods: Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Clothing, Furnishings, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Trunks, Valises, Carpets, Oil Cloths.

Call and be Convinced! JUST RECEIVED, A Complete Line of Millinery.

THE GREAT I-X-L CO. Hyman Harris, Prop. Field & Meyer, Meat Market, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUTCHERS AND PACKERS.

THE SHOW AT THE ZOO

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WELL DIGGING. I am fully prepared to dig wells, cellars and other excavations in the city or country. My work done speedily, cheaply and in good shape.

A CHATHAM STREET SHOW.

How the Thoroughbred of that Region Train the Young Men of the Devil.

New York World: "Step right this way, gentlemen, and behold the greatest living curiosity in the world. Admission only 10 cents. Here you have the Circe of the Circus, the What Isn't It, the African Infant, which is s'posed to be the connectin' link between man and beast; the Smallest Lady in the World, and Dant's Dream. Walk right in, gentlemen; 10 cents pays the bill."

Thus discoursed the hoarse individual who stood in front of a place of entertainment on Chatham square last evening. A reporter of the World, guessing which dream of Dante was illustrated, and having a curiosity to view that locality without the bias of patriotism—i. e., as a tourist and not as a resident—came Chatham his obolus and walked in. A small room utterly destitute of any furniture, save a red-hot stove and a dais along one side, on which the "living curiosities" were seated, met his view. A red curtain across the further extremity of the room, over which was a small placard, such as are usually ornamented with sanguinary scooners of beer and the legend, "Only Five Cents," attracted the attention. This placard, however, had no work of art on it, and only bore the significant inscription "The Devil Appears every Half Hour." The matter began to look interesting. "Dante's Dream" was doubtless hidden behind that red curtain. Another placard announced that "A Lecture on the Curiosities is Delivered every Half Hour." The reporter leaned up against the wall and waited. In the meantime he took a sly glance at the Circean Beauty. She had come down from her dais and was talking to the professor. The conversation ran on a rival Circean Beauty, who couldn't sell her photographs with anything like the success of this Circean Beauty.

"She's a regular star," said the Beauty with the accent of the Hovary regions of Circeia; she's a. g. She's afraid to buzz the feller. She'll never sell no photographs. I can chin her head off."

"Let you alone for that," said the professor. "It takes talent," resumed the Beauty, "to sell photographs. You've got to know whether a feller's got the stamps or not the minute you set eyes on him, an' then you've got to know whether he'll spend 'em. Englishmen's the best, most of 'em's sports. The bulk of 'em's got two wives."

The professor smiled approval of this well known national characteristic. Just then a song sounded behind the red curtain, and the Circean Beauty "skipped," as she would have said in her own musical tongue, and reappeared in her place on the dais among the other "living curiosities."

The professor pulled his hat a little further over his right eye, put both hands in his trousers pockets, and confining his gestures to his elbows and head, began his "lecture." The audience was small, and part of it was respectable. There was a colored man with the stub of a cigar in his mouth and something in a brown bag which betrayed the comely proportions of a hamper; there was a younger fellow with snakes in his boots, whose visions than ever Dante had; there were three or four ragged little girls and boys and there was the reporter.

"Ladies and gents," began the professor, "this is the wonderful Circean Beauty." Here he poked his head at that young lady, who, some "five" was brought from her native land when only three years old. The Circean Beauty is noted for their bewitching, bravery and virchow, and their hair grows up instead of down. The lady has her photographs for sale." During these few remarks the "living curiosities" all giggled, the subject of these especially.

"The next wonderful natural living curiosity, and the greatest, is the Smallest Women in the World," resumed the Professor, jerking his elbow in her direction, whereupon she arose. "She is bewitching an' distasteful, as well as thirty-two inches high. You can converse with her, address her any questions as is appropriate for a lady to answer. The lady has her photograph for sale." The professor bit of a piece of tobacco from less than a square yard of piaz, and continued, in a rather indistinct voice: "Now, ladies an' gents, 'tis has before us the original 'What Isn't It,' brought to this country by F. T. Barnum, an' secured for this museum at an enormous expense. Photographs of the 'What Isn't It' is for sale. Last among this wonderful galaxy of wonders is the 'African Infant' (here the colored man went out), captured in the wilds of Africa."

"In a Thompson street tenement-house" insinuated one of the inebriated young men.

DEVILISH HEAD IN THE RIGHT-HAND CORNER OF THE CAVERN, WORKING ITS JAW FURIOUSLY, THE MOTIVE POWER BEING A YOUNG MAN BEHIND THE SCREEN.

"Hello, Charley!" said the professor sociably.

"My name is Beelzebub!" howled the head: "I'm in hell."

"That's rough," said the professor, condoling; then with commendable curiosity, "Do the boys 'skip the gutter' any down there?"

"You bet," snapped Beelzebub. "What d'y feed the fellers on?"

"Fire, sulphur, brimstone, coal-oil, aquafortis, blith Ward whiskey," growled the fiend in an ascending climax.

"That's rough," said the professor rather sadly; then brightening, "What do you do for a living?"

"I'm boss o' hell—"

"You lie, ye old hag!" shouted the fiend on the left-hand corner of the cavern, dropping his lower jaw; "I'm boss. I'm Lucifer."

"What do you do?" asked the professor. "I'm fireman and dogkeeper."

"You're fireman, are you? Show us what you can do."

"Ho! ye devil, stir up the coals!" shouted Lucifer; and thereupon the fiend began to sound and red fire glowed in the cavern, pastebord sinners fall into the flames and pastebord devils prodded them with pastebord forks, and the red curtain fell upon the cremation scene.

IS CONSUMPTION INCURABLE?

Read the following: Mr. C. H. Morris, Newark, Ark., says: "Was down with abscess of lungs, and friends and physicians pronounced me an incurable consumptive. Began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; am now on my third bottle, and able to oversee the work on my farm. It is the finest medicine ever made."

Jesse Middlewart, Decatur, Ohio, says: "Had it not been for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption I would have died of lung troubles. Was given up by doctors. Am now in best of health." Try it. Sample bottles free at Bushnell's drug store.

ELECTRIC BITTERS.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise: A purer medicine does not exist, and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the liver and kidneys; will remove pimples, boils, salt rheum and other affections caused by impure blood; will drive malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all malarial fevers. For cure of headache, constipation and indigestion, try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price 50 cents and \$1 per bottle at Bushnell's drug store.

BUSHNELL'S AFRICAN SALVE

Is the best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the firm of L. H. Dills & Co. has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, the business having been purchased by M. H. Ellis. L. H. DILLS. HARRY HAMPTON. April 30th, 1888. my9-84

HERE RESTORANT.

Dr. C. J. Taft has purchased the Hughes livery stable, and it will be run hereafter under the management of Volney Taft as a boarding and hay stable. Horses will receive the best of attention.

—If your back aches, or if you are suffering from inflammation of the kidneys, seminal weakness, brick dust deposit in the urine, or, in fact, any kidney, urinary or liver complaint, do not waste money on worthless liniments or plasters, but strike the seat of the disease at once by using the greatest of all known remedies, Oregon Kidney Tea. It is pleasant to take, is purely vegetable, and has never failed to give entire satisfaction. Sold by Allen & Chapman.

—Why will you go about with that listless air and pale face? Have you no life, no ambition? You seem to care nothing for what transpires around you. The beauties of nature do not interest you, and you feel that life is a burden. If you would have the vigor and elasticity of youth return, enjoy a good hearty meal, and feel like an altogether different person, then take Dr. Henley's Dandelion Tonic. It certainly produces remarkable results. Sold by Allen & Chapman's.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., April 2. For several weeks my wife suffered severely with kidney affection of a very aggravated character, which seemed to defy all the usual remedies. I finally tried the Oregon Kidney Tea. The effect was an immediate improvement, and she has now entirely recovered her health. H. G. FRANCE, Salesman at Cutting Co. Sold by Allen & Chapman.

—A box of Ayer's Pills has saved many a fit of sickness. When a remedy does not happen to be within reach, people are liable to neglect slight ailments, and, of course, if serious illness follows, they have to suffer the consequences. "A stitch in time saves nine."

—For a long time I had no appetite, was restless at night, and very much debilitated. After taking two bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, my strength and appetite returned, and my health was completely restored."—D. M. Fisher, Oswego, N. Y.

—Go to Redfield's and examine those test glasses with gold nose-pieces—a new patent. They never rust nor wear out.

FAME IS EARNED.

Not Merely by the Evidence of Things Written,

But by the Ardorous Greatness of Deeds Accomplished—A Record of Unprecedented Success.

Seattle, Washington. Five years ago I took down with rheumatism, gravel and inflammation of the stomach. I was two years on my back and could not turn over. I had the best medical aid of Seattle that money could procure, but I received no benefit. I was shipped to San Francisco, stayed there five months under expert medical care, and I received some slight benefit there. All that time I suffered excruciatingly in my stomach and kidneys, and my left leg was almost the size of two legs and as hard as a rock its whole length. I could hardly eat anything and was falling fast. I gave myself up to die, in fact, I thought it was only a matter of days. About that time all the country round me rang with the praises of Dr. J. Eugene Jordan and his new Histogenetic system, of which he was the author. He took no cases unless they were given up as incurable by other reputable doctors. He changed nothing for services and medicine and his object seemed to be to show to the world the coming revolution of the medicine. I had myself conveyed to him at the Bruner Hotel, where his office is. In one day after taking his medicine the terrible pain in my stomach, that stayed with me for so many years and that doctors east and west, of every school and no school, could not dislodge, vanished. My bodily health came back to me. I threw away my crutches, and it was not for a remaining stiffness of my knee I would be a younger man again. This does not begin to tell the sufferings I endured; a volume could not do justice; a pen could not convey it. It was sleepless nights and days of torture. Rest was foreign to me. All this transformation to health has now been in a year and I have no recollection of the trouble. I am 68 years old and have lived 30 years near Seattle, and my many friends never expected to see me about again. I am still taking the medicine and have hopes to get the use of my knee back. I am positive that had I known of Dr. J. Eugene Jordan and his great Histogenetic system before I was practiced on for years by all the big and little doctors, I should not have spent years of unutterable misery and thousands of dollars in money. In my opinion, having tried all kinds of doctors, there is but one rational system of medicine, and that is the Histogenetic system, and having seen so many other so-called incurable cases, like Bright's disease and blindness, etc., of my neighbors get well, I conclude that the Histogenetic system of medicine is the coming system of the world, and all other schools will have to give way to it, as darkness to light. F. McNATT.

TERMINUS OF WASHINGTON, COUNTY OF KING. The Affiant, R. S. Colvin, says: Two years ago I had a compound fracture of the leg, and it was set by Dr. Smith, of Seattle, but was not set even and was painful. It subsequently formed into a running sore and pieces of bone were continually coming out.

I had Dr. Bagley for eight months, who concluded that it was caries of the bone, but his medicine did me no good. By that time I could barely drag myself on a crutch. I could not sleep for pain, could do no work and was in despair.

I heard a great deal about Dr. Jordan's new system of medicine, and I asked Dr. Bagley what he thought of it. He said he did not know as to Dr. Jordan's skill as a doctor, but he did know that his medicines produced unprecedented good results. Encouraged by these remarks I went to Dr. Jordan, and the result is that in one month after taking the medicine I was able to discard my crutch and go to work, which I have continued ever since, my leg constantly improving. When I came to Dr. Jordan my leg was fearfully swollen and black and gangrenous with a running sore as big as a hand. I am now practically well, there being but a small abrasion—no bigger than a finger nail—left. R. S. COLVIN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3d day of May, 1888. JAMES ROBERTSON, Notary Public in and for Washington.

Lynden, Washington. My wife was taken sick with what the doctors pronounced typhoid fever. She continued coughing and vomiting for four weeks; she was getting lower every day, and at last we concluded that she could not live long. She could not keep a thing on her stomach, and was distressed with piercing pains in head and stomach. We at last called Dr. Jordan, who, when he saw my wife, said that she would begin to improve just as soon as she took the Histogenetic medicine; and that is just what she did. She began to improve at once, and was up in three days. She is now a believer in the Histogenetic system. THOMAS THOMAS.

CAUTION.—The Histogenetic medicines are sold in but one agency in each town. The label around the bottle bears the following inscription: "Dr. J. Eugene Jordan's Histogenetic Medicine." Every other device is a fraud.

C. B. Bushnell has been appointed sole agent at North Yakima for Dr. J. Eugene Jordan's Histogenetic Medicines in place of C. L. Gano. Depot of supplies changed from May's dry goods store to Bushnell's drug store, North Yakima.

The Syndicate Sub-Division

and

Meecker's Addition

to

NORTH YAKIMA!

The former contains some of the finest Residence Property on the west side of the Railroad, and the latter, with it.

Fine Soil, all Cleared and Sown to Grass,

Together with a complete water-right with each and every lot, presents an opportunity to buy

Cheap and Desirable Residence Property,

That should be immediately taken advantage of by all desiring first-class paying investments.

Terms, one-third cash, balance in equal payments in six and twelve months.

Call at our office and let us show you This Property before Purchasing.

FECHTER & LAW,

Sole Agents,

REAL ESTATE & INSURANCE AGENTS,

Over Yakima National Bank. North Yakima, Washington

Grand Opening in Every Department!

Clothing, Hats, Caps,

Gents' Furnishings,

Boots and Shoes,

Trunks and Valises,

Staple Groceries,

Table Delicacies.

We offer extraordinary inducements, and nowhere in the city can be found a better assortment.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE EXTRAORDINARY

OF OUR GOODS AND SATISFY YOURSELF.

Carpenter Bros. & Atherton.

G. L. Holmes & Bull,

716 & 720 Pacific Ave., Tacoma, W.T.

Furniture, Carpets, Draperies and Rugs,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Largest Stock and Best Variety North of San Francisco!

When in Tacoma, call and examine, whether you wish to purchase or not.

Correspondence Solicited.

Chappell & Cox,

AGENTS FOR FRANK BROS. IMP. CO.,

Yakima Ave., North Yakima.

AGENTS FOR FARM MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS,

Wagons, Farm Hacks, Buggies, Carts, &c., &c.

All goods of the best class and warranted, and prices the lowest, quality of goods considered.

It will be to Your Advantage to See Them Before Purchasing Anything in Their Line.

Summit View!

Now on Sale by Goodwin & Pugsley.

This Addition, platted into Acre Lots, affords the finest view in or about North Yakima; the best of soil; plenty of water.

FOR TEN DAYS!

at Low Prices and on very Easy Terms.

Special terms and prices to builders.

Goodwin & Pugsley,

OVER FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

Spinning & Robertson,

Real Estate,

INSURANCE.

Have choice Business, Residence and Acre property listed. It is conceded that now is the accepted time to make first class investments.

GIVE US A CALL.

"BOARD OF TRADE"

SALOON AND BILLIARD HALL.

Fine Wines, Liquors, Cigars,

Constantly on Hand.

A. Churchill, : : : : Prop.

Opposite N. P. Depot, North Yakima, Wash. Ter.

Tacoma Grocery Co.,

INCORPORATED (\$100,000),

SOLE AGTS. IN WASH. TER. FOR CELESTINO PALACIO & CO.'S KEY WEST HAVANA CIGARS,

TACOMA, WASH.,

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Proprietors of the Puget Coffee and Spice Mills.

Office and Warehouse, Nos. 1527 to 1541 Pacific avenue.

Bartholet :- House,

JOHN BARTHOLET, Proprietor.

FRONT STREET, NORTH YAKIMA, W. T.

The Bartholet House is centrally located and conducted on first-class principles. Every attention given to the comfort of guests.

MEALS TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. LODGING TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

The Celebrated French Cure, APHRODITINE

Warranted to cure in 10 days or money refunded.

IS SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE. No cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs, either male or female, arising from the excessive use of stimulants, Tobacco or Opium, or through youthful indiscretion, over feeding, or such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Headache, Dizziness, etc., or any other nervous weakness, Hypertrophy, Nervous Prostration, Neurasthenia, Locomotion, Epilepsy, Wind Vertigo, Loss of Power and Impotency, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insupportable suffering. Price \$1.00 a box, 4 boxes for \$4.00 sent by mail on receipt of price.

A WHITE ENGLISH MANUFACTURER for every \$1.00 order, to refund the money if a permanent cure is not obtained. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address THE APHRODITINE CO., WAREHOUSES, BOX 27, PORTLAND, OR. SOLD BY ALLEN & CHAPMAN, Sole Agents, North Yakima, W. T.

M. PROBACH,

(Successor to H. Edmund.)

MERCHANT TAILOR.

YAKIMA AVE., near Front St.

Domestic and Imported Goods made up in the latest styles and at reasonable prices.

ALL CLOTHES GUARANTEED TO FIT.

Cleaning and Repairing a Specialty.

GREAT OVERLAND ROUTE.

Northern Pacific R. R.

VIA - CANADIAN DIVISION.

The only line running Pullman Palace sleeping cars, magnificent day coaches and elegant emigrant sleeping coaches.

With Berths Free of Cost.

FROM OREGON AND WASHINGTON POINTS To the East.

VIA - ST. PAUL - AND - MINNEAPOLIS.

The Only Transcontinental Line Running PALACE - DINING - CARS (Meals, 75 Cents.)

Fastest time ever made from the Coast, over the NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

To St. Louis, Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Burlington, Quincy, ST. LOUIS, CHICAGO,

And all points throughout the East and South-east, via St. Paul and Minneapolis.

Pullman - Sleeping - Accommodations Can be secured in advance.

EMIGRANT SLEEPING CARS Are hauled on regular Express Trains over the entire length of the N. P. R. R.

Connection made at St. Paul and Minneapolis to all points East, South and Southwest through trains leave Yakima for St. Paul at 7:15 p. m.

Through trains for Portland and all points on Pacific and Cascade divisions, at 5:30 p. m., connecting at Tacoma with boats for cities on Puget Sound. Tickets on sale to all points in the United States and Canada. For routes, rates, etc., apply to Ticket Agent, North Yakima, A. B. CHARLES, Agent General Passenger Agent, No. 121 First street, east, Washington, Portland, Oregon.

BULLIED THE BULLIES.

How Andrew Jackson Suppressed Three Outlaws.

The Duel of That Famous Man With Sevier—Henry Clay's Wonderful Memory.

New York Herald: On the records of the court of Sumner county, Tennessee, for the year 1796 there is this entry: "The court thanks Andrew Jackson for his brave conduct."

There is no information concerning what Mr. Jackson had done to deserve thanks in this form, at least at the court in question. "Old Joe Guild," a prominent lawyer and state character, who died a few years ago, removed from that county to Nashville. He used to relate that when he grew up and became a Jackson man that there were still magistrates living of the 1796 period. Of them he inquired concerning this entry. It seems that the county court had the trial of misdemeanors. A gang of bullies defied the court, juries and sheriff and persisted in terrifying the surrounding country. They were indicted by the grand jury, but came into court and declared that they would not be tried; that it was against the laws of nature which governed the conduct of gentlemen and protected them from such indignified prosecution. By the next term of court Jackson had been chosen district attorney. On his arrival he hitched his horse, carried his saddle-bags into court and placed them beside him while he perused the docket. The first thing he did, to the amazement of every one, was to call the bullies. The entire gang came into court and declined to be tried, repeating their accustomed argument. Mr. Jackson remonstrated and assured them that there was no way to avoid a trial; that the law must be obeyed no matter whom it hurt; that it was no respecter of persons. The bullies became boisterous and threatening. Instantly Mr. Jackson pulled his pistols from his saddle-bags and a free fight began in the court-room. The leadership of the young lawyer inspired the people present, who were in favor of the enforcement of the law, and they joined with Jackson, whipped the entire crowd of bullies, took them into court, where they were tried, convicted and sentenced to the full penalty prescribed by the statute. That was the last of the bullies and the occasion of the unexplained entry on the records of the court of Sumner county for 1796.

Samuel B. Morgan, who built the state capitol of Tennessee, died some ten years ago. He had in his possession a merchant's books of account. In these were the purchases of Andrew Jackson for five years after 1790. An examination of the books shows that the only purchases made by Old Hickory of this merchant were powder, lead and whisky.

Mr. Morgan used to relate that he once witnessed a cock fight shortly after the battle of New Orleans. Jackson was present, sitting on his horse, while some fellow down in the pit awkwardly tried to heel the chicken. Jackson first became uneasy, then mad. He leaped from his horse into the pit, brushed the fellow aside and heeled the chicken after the most approved fashion. Then he returned to the saddle and witnessed the fight.

JACKSON A NATURAL GENTLEMAN. Jackson was originally a backwoods specimen of the rawest type, but he at once evolved into perhaps the grandest man that ever lived, having no equal in the hall-room, no peer in his politeness, courtesy and admiration for women. The same is largely true of the Tennesseean of to-day. Take him from the farm, array him in fashionable clothes, put him in the hall-room or in society, and his thoroughbred blood instantly manifests itself, exhibiting in him only the refined part of the world. Jackson's letters, which remain, are in many respects more interesting than Washington's. They exhibit a man absolutely devoted to his family, from whom not the smallest thing concerning them escaped, and whose every interest was his. No man ever writes in the same spirit, and from his social letters Chesterfield might have learned much in politeness. Nothing escaped him. To show how the men of his time worshipped him, the incident related by Willoughby Williams, "Old Man Willoughby," of years ago, will suffice. When Lafayette visited Jackson in 1825, he rode in a carriage with General Hall, while Jackson was on horseback. Great man as Lafayette was, the people all looked at Jackson and confined their expressions of admiration to him.

THE DUEL WITH SEVIER. The duel between Jackson and Sevier seems to have escaped history and biography. Sevier was Jackson's equal as a soldier, and during his Indian fights of over a quarter of a century he never lost a battle, because he always charged into the natives when in a body, and the Indian could only fight with a tree in front of him. In 1796 Sevier was the first governor of Tennessee, and for twelve years. During his first term Jackson was on the supreme bench of the state. The two men had a difficulty about a military election, both being candidates. On the day when Jackson arrived at Knoxville to hold court Sevier came also, mounted a block in the square and denounced Jackson in unmeasured terms, calling him all the names in the early vocabulary. There could be but one result, and that evening Jackson challenged him. Sevier accepted, and then came a question as to where the fight should take place. Jackson wanted to fight on the Cherokee reservation and Sevier in Virginia. As a result letters passed between them in which the word toward had the most frequent use. Finally Jackson started for Virginia and notified Sevier. He reached Virginia first and remained several days awaiting the arrival of his opponent. Sevier not appearing, he started for home, meeting his wife on the way. They met in the road, exchanged several shots, neither one

could hurt, when friends interceded. The never forgave each other, and there is still a tradition that this was the most disgraceful episode in the history of the state.

HENRY CLAY AND THE TOUGH. Henry Clay once invaded the blue grass region of Tennessee to make a speech. When he arrived at his destination a tough looking specimen, evidently in the last stages of whiskyism, stepped from the throne, slapped the great orator on the back and said in southern vernacular:

"Howdy, Mr. Clay?" The great man shook his head and replied: "Be kind enough to turn your head that I may see your profile." The man averted his face while the flickering torchlight enabled the observer to study him closely for several seconds. "Twenty years ago," said Mr. Clay "you had not begun to grow that long beard and was smooth faced—eh?" "That's right." "You were not then a cyclops, but had two whole eyes—eh?" "That's right, I reckon." "Ah! Then you sat on a jury before which I pleaded a case, and your name is—Am I not right?" "I reckon you are, suah." "Yes, yes; I remember you perfectly and," continued Mr. Clay, "you had another characteristic, which I now recall—you were then a gentleman."

An Expensive Find. "Joe Whilkens! what's that?" His eyes made a dive for something in the mud at his feet, fished it out between his thumb and finger, and slapped his thigh joyfully, as he said: "A five dollar gold piece, sure as guns! First money I ever found in my life! I'll have me a new hat out of that, and take the babies home some toys and something to my wife!" A moment later he met two friends and said:

"Ha, Smythe, how are you? How are you; Haley? Spousing west into Archie Flynn's place and take something. I've just found five dollars, and I'll set 'em up on the strength of it."

What he "set up" cost eighty cents and ten minutes later he met three of the "boys" from the office and generously "set up" cigars all 'round.

Then he tossed twenty-five cents to a blind beggar and gave the office boy ten cents for blacking his boots. He wrote a letter to his married sister that morning, to which there was the following postscript:

"I picked up five dollars on the street to-day and inclose two of it, with which you may get the children something from Uncle Henry."

"Guess I'll go down to the Parker House and get my dinner to-day instead of to the lunch counter 'round the corner," he said at noon. "I can afford something extra to-day."

Then he paid a dollar and a half for a new straw hat, spent a dollar for toys for the children, and another dollar for a vase for his wife.

"By Jove!" he said, as he was passing a theatre, "my wife's been wanting all the week to go and see Lotta, and I said we couldn't afford it; but hanged if I can't when a fellow picks five dollar gold pieces up out of the mud!" A day or two later Higgins found rather sober amusement in covering a sheet of paper with the following figures:

"Things bought with five dollars I found Wednesday—hat, dollar and a half; the stove tickets, two dollars; cigars for boys fifty cents; drinks for boys, eighty cents; beggar, twenty-five cents; office boy, ten cents; sister Nell, two dollars; dinner at Parker's, dollar and a half; toys for children, a dollar; vase for wife, a dollar; box early strawberries, fifty cents; neckties, dollar and a half; new caps, ninety cents; pound candy, forty cents; gloves, dollar and a half; gave wife one dollar and a half; total, sixteen dollars and ninety-five cents."

"If I'd found twenty dollars I'd have gone into bankruptcy, hanged if I wouldn't," he said, as he turned to one of the boys and borrowed a dollar to last him until Saturday.—Time.

Beating Baltimore Girls. One of the latest fads of Baltimore girls says the Americans, is to dress in black from head to foot, with veil and gloves to match, and then, borrowing a neighbor's child, show it around the city. Of course the natural supposition is that the child is not borrowed and that the young lady is a widow. As a widow is generally supposed to be ready to recontract matrimony, the sympathies of the susceptible young man are quite readily aroused, first curiosity as to how long the child's father has been dead, then, what he died of, and, since the widow seems to mourn for him, how she must have cared for the dear departed. And, if she did care for him, why might she not care also for another, and why might not he be the fortunate individual, especially if the first husband left cash enough for the support of two, or three, as the case might be. Of course, when acquaintance follows, the apparent widowhood can be easily and innocently explained, and the desired happy result follows.

Resolutions of Condolence. HALL OF SCOTLAND LODGE I. O. O. F. MEMPHIS, MO., May 18, 1889. The following is a part of the records of our lodge under date above named:

Resolved, That we have learned with profound sorrow of the death of Bro. W. A. Monroe. That as a former member of this lodge he has ever been found earnest and zealous and has followed and exemplified the principles of Odd Fellowship. That we will ever cherish his memory and endeavor to emulate his many virtues.

Resolved further, That we extend to the family of our deceased brother our sincere sympathy in their bereavement.

N. M. PETTIGALL, Chairman. GEORGE H. LAWTON, JR., Noble Grand. ISAAC M. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

Treasurer's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that I have now on hand sufficient funds to redeem all Yakima county orders issued in February, March and April, 1889, from No. 406 to 507, inclusive, and that interest will cease on the same from and after this date. G. W. CARY, County Treasurer. North Yakima, June 6, 1889.

\$100,000 to Loan. MacLean, Reed & Co. have \$100,000 to loan on improved farm lands. Applications for loans will receive prompt attention.

—Alfalfa seeds at the I. K. L. —A fine new line of saddles, harness, etc., just received at C. E. McEwen's shop, Yakima avenue.

—The stock of harness, saddles, etc., at C. E. McEwen's is the best in the city, and his prices are the lowest.

—Every garment made by M. Probach is warranted a good fit, good workmanship and to give satisfaction.

—"Hacknetack" is a lasting and fragrant perfume. Price 25 and 50 cents. For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist.

—For a nobby suit, made to order, do not fail to call on our popular merchant tailor, M. Probach, on Yakima avenue.

—A nasal injector free with each bottle of Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist.

—Shiloh's Cure will immediately relieve croup, whooping cough and bronchitis. For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist.

—For square dealing and value received for your hard earned cash, call on T. G. Redfield for anything in the line of jewelry.

—Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy is a positive cure for catarrh, diptheria and Canker Mouth. For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist.

—C. E. McEwen is now offering saddles, bridles, harness and everything in his line at prices not to be duplicated this side of Portland.

—Why will you cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and \$1. For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist.

—If you have lost any money lately, Redfield will return it by selling you goods so remarkably cheap that you will forget your misfortune.

—Catarrh cured, health and sweet breath secured, by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by C. B. Bushnell, druggist.

C. E. McEwen takes a pride in turning out good work. This is the reason his harness, saddles, bridles, etc., give such satisfaction and outlast all others.

—Go and examine those elegant gold watches at Redfield's. They are daisies, and so cheap! Remember, they are warranted as represented or no trade.

—C. B. Bushnell, sole agent for Dr. J. Eugene Jordan's Hystogenetic Medicines. Depot of supplies changed from May's try goods store to Bushnell's drug store.

—For dyspepsia and liver complaint, you have a printed guarantee on every bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. It never fails to cure. For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist.

—Dr. Savage will be found always ready to attend calls day or night. Office over postoffice; residence on Second street, one block south of First National Bank. Oct. 3-11.

—The Rev. George H. Thayer, of Bourbon, Indiana, says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." For sale by C. B. Bushnell, druggist.

—Barthollet Bros. will not be undersold in anything—dry goods, clothing, furnishing goods, boots and shoes, hats and caps, rockery, groceries, and in fact everything kept in a first-class store.

Beauty So desired and admired by all. Among the things which may best be done to enhance personal beauty is the daily use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. No matter what the color of the hair, this preparation gives it a lustre and pliancy that is not to be obtained in any other way. Should the hair be thin, harsh, dry, or turning gray, Ayer's Hair Vigor will restore the color, bring out a new growth, and render the old soft and shiny. For keeping the scalp clean, cool, and healthy, there is no better preparation in the market.

I am free to confess that a trial of Ayer's Hair Vigor has convinced me that it is a genuine article. Its use has not only caused the hair of my wife and daughter to be abundant and glossy, but it has given my rather stunted moustache a respectable length and appearance."—B. Britton, Oakland, Ohio.

"My hair was coming out (without any assistance from my wife, either). I tried Ayer's Hair Vigor, using only one bottle, and I now have as fine a head of hair as any one could wish for."—E. T. Schmittou, Dickson, Tenn.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor in my family for a number of years, and regard it as the best hair preparation I know of. It keeps the scalp clean, the hair soft and lively, and preserves the original color. My wife has used it for a long time with most satisfactory results."—Benjamin M. Johnson, M. D., Thomas Hill, Mo.

"My hair was becoming harsh and dry, but after using half a bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor it grew black and glossy. I cannot express the joy and gratification I feel."—Michael C. Harvy, Delavan, Ill.

Ayer's Hair Vigor, PREPARED BY Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

BARTHOLET BROS.

Hardware, Stoves, Tinware &c.



SUPERIOR BARBED WIRE

The Largest Assortment of Builders' Material in Eastern Washington, and Prices Lower Than the Lowest.

Farm Machinery, Wagons.

A. B. WEED,

Corner 1st St. & Yakima Avenue North Yakima.

"The Old Reliable,"

G. W. CARY,

It still to be found "doing business at the old stand," on Yakima Avenue, where will always be found a complete stock of

General Merchandise,

Consisting of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES, &c., of every variety. In connection with the store Mrs. Cary conducts a

Millinery Department,

Embracing all the latest novelties in Ladies' Wear.

Yakima Ave., North Yakima, W. T.

Yakima Candy Factory.

Anticipating the wants of my numerous and increasing customers, I have perfected arrangements for furnishing

I Scream! Ice Cream!

At moderate prices, and for public accommodation will keep OPEN AT ALL HOURS. Also a full line of

Fine Candies, Nuts, Fresh Fruits, Imported and Domestic Cigars.

F. J. HERKE, Proprietor Yakima Candy Factory.

The People's Barber-Shop,

TAKIMA AVENUE, NEAR HOTEL STEINER.

For Neat, Thorough Work.

The Shop has been thoroughly remodeled, and an elegant Bath Room added to its completeness.

ROBERT BENNETT, W. E. SWEENEY, Barbers. W. T. ALLINGER, W. E. SWEENEY, Proprietors.

FRANK S. SHARDLOW. JEFF. D. MCDANIEL

Shardlow & McDaniel,

—DEALERS IN—

Fine Wines, Liquors,

Imported & Domestic Cigars.

FINE BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated Jesse Moore Kentucky Whiskies.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, FURNISHING GOODS AND GROCERIES.

J. J. ARMSTRONG,

Corner First street and Yakima Avenue.

A complete line of all of the commodities enumerated above will be found at this store, and a general request is sent forth to the public to call and examine the prices and quality of the Goods.

J. J. Armstrong.

ENGLISH SHIRE HORSE,

Has, since the time of Henry the Second, been considered

The Best Draft Horse

THE MOXEE CO.

Have a Magnificent Imported, Thoroughbred English Shire Stallion, of the Purest Strain—

Holbeach Tom,

He is 4 years old, and is "all horse!" Nothing pays better than to breed to the best horse that can be found. Holbeach Tom is the best horse in Washington Territory to-day. The oldest horse-men in the County bred to Tom last season, and all say he is all he ought to be, and has proved, a sure colt getter.

Holbeach Tom will stand this season at Moxee.

TERMS: INSURANCE, \$25.00. — SEASON, \$25.00. — SINGLE LEAP, \$10.00. Pasture, \$1.50 per month after first two weeks.

Moxee Co.

Allen & Chapman,

DRUGGISTS.

Keep always on hand all that is pertaining to their trade. None but pure-medicines and chemicals dispensed.

Prescriptions a Specialty!

Manipulated by a Competent Pharmacist.

Pure Wines and Liquors for Medical Use.

A large Line of Paints, Oils, Wall Paper, Glass, Putty, Sash and Doors. Come and see us in our Commodious and Beautiful Quarters.

The Very Finest Brands of Key West and Imported Cigars.

Corner Yakima Avenue and Second Street, North Yakima. J. T. ESHELMAN. G. W. RODMAN

Rodman & Eshelman,

Real Estate and Loan Agents!

Money to Loan on Mortgages.

Investments Made and Property Handled for Non-Residents.

Special attention is called to the Great Bargains in Four Choice Ten-Acre Tracts and One Forty-two of the Best Garden Land (balance of the Yolo Ranch) which will be offered for a few days.

City Lots and Farm Property Bought and Sold.

OFFICE—Corner Yakima Avenue and Second Streets opposite First National Bank.