## Washington



## Statesman.

\$5,00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

THE CONSTITUTION AND THE UNION

OFFICE ON THIRD STREET

VOLUME II.

WALLA WALLA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 31, 1863.

## THE WASHINGTON STATESMAN.

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Oh! for some deep, secluded dell, Where brick and morter lines may cease, To sit down in a pot of grease— No, no, I mean a grot of peace.

I'd choose a home by Erin's wave,
. With not a sound to mar lifes lot;
I'd by the cannon have a shot—
No—by the Shannon have a cot!

How fair that rocky isle around,
That wide expanse to sean it o'er
I love to shiver with a roar—
I mean, a river with a shore!

There sweet, at moonlight's mystic h
To wander forth where few frequen
And come upon a tipsy gont—
No, no—I mean a gipsy's tent!

In that retirement lone I would

Or, sweet with your fond wife to sit
Outside your door at daylight's close,
White she's hard litting at your nose—
I mean hard knitting at at your hose!

Ah, how you watch that fairy shape, A summer dress which does adorn! Admiring much her laugh of scorn— No, no—I mean, her searf of lawn!

BY JOHN S. C. ABBOTT.

Among the many remarkable men developed by the French Revolution, there are few who stand more prominent than Robespierro.—
His first appearance was in the Assembly of the States General. The nobles and bisbops resolved to meet in separate orders, having two votes, and the commoner but one, the commons might thus be outvoted, in immense majority. Were they to meet in one assembly, the commons could, of course, carry their measures. The poor were in a state of torrible distress. The nobles sent the Archbishop of Aix with a very pathetic appeal, urging the commons, in behalf of the miseries of the people, to proceed to business, by consenting to a separation of the three chambers.

Robespierre, one of the deputies of the

Bobespierre, one of the deputies of the commons, then an unknown young man, pale and slender, rose and said: "Go tell your colleagues that we are waiting for them here to aid us in assuaging the sorrows of the people. Tell them no longer to retard our work. Tell them our resolution is not to be shaken by such a stratagem as this. If they have sympathy for the poor, let them, in intimation of their master, renounce that luxury which consumes the funds of indigence, dismiss those insolent lackeys who attend them, sell their porgeous equipages, and with these superfluities relieve the perishing. We wait for them here!"

We next hear of him carnestly advocating the abolition of the death penalty. Dr. Guiltin had introduced a new machine, called, from the inventor, the guillotine, for the infliction of capital punishment, without inflicting pain. A general burst of laughter was excited in the assembly as the dector said:

"With my machine I can elip off your head in the twinkling of an eye, without your feeling it."

It may be remarked, in passing that many Robespierre, one of the deputies of the

ing it."

It may be remarked, in passing that many who then smiled were soon beheaded by the

It may be remarked, in passing that many who then smiled were soon beheaded by the keen axe.

A party arose in France called the Girondists—so called because their leaders were from the department of the Gironde. They at first were in favor of a constitutional monarchy, like that of England. But finding perfidy of the King and the Court, this to be impossible, they then advocated a republic. There was another party advocating the extreme democratic license, called the Jacobins. Robespierre was one of the leaders of the latter party. He brought an exceedingly envenomed bill of accusation against the Girondists, overwhelmed them in their trial, and all of them were sent to the guillotine.

Robespierre, Danton and Marat, the heads of the Jacobin party, were now the idols of France. Charlotte Corday soon plunged her dagger into the boson of Marat. Herbert, at the head of the atheists of Paris, organized a formidable party. Robespierre, at the peril of his life, threw himself into the breach to oppose them. "There are men," he said, "who under the pretext of destroying a superstition would make a religion of atheism. The legislator who would adopt the system of atheism, is insane. The national convention abhors such a system. Atheism is aristocratic. The idea of a Great Being, who watches over oppressed innocence, and who punishes triumphant guilt, is quite popular. The people, the unfortunate, applaud me. If God did not exist, it would behoove men to invent thim !"

party knew that the guillotine was the doom of the vanquished. Herbert and his coadjutors, nineteen in number, were, on the 17th of March, 1794, in five carts, conducted to

Danton and Robespierre now quarreled—
Robespierre again conquered in the deathstruggle, and Danton was doomed to die. Before the dawning of the morning, gens d'
armes entered his chamber and tore him
from the arms of his wife.

alighted from the cart at the scaffold. Herdeavored to take leave of Danton in a parting embrace. The brutal executioner inter

posed.

"Wretch!?" said Danton, "you will not at least prevent our heads from kissing presently in the basket."

As he was bound to the fatal plank, he said, "O, my wife—my dear wife—shall I nover see you again?" Then, as if ashamed of this emotion, he added, "But, Danton, no weaknes," Then, as the plank 'fell to its place beneath the slide, he proudly remarked to the executioner, "You will show my head to the people. It will be worth the display."

display."
Robespierre was now the undisputed vietor. Day after day he punished his foes, and the guillotine ran red with blood. He was not maliciously cruel, but thoroughly fanatic, believing that all political opponents should be executed. The mother of Lucille.

fanatic, believing that all political opponents should be executed. The mother of Lucille, the young wife of Desmoulins, wrote in the following terms to Robespierre, who had doomed her daughter to death. She and Lucille and Desmoulins had formerly been Robespierre's intimate friends:

"Robespierre's intimate friends:

"Robespierre's she wrote, "is it not enough to have assassinated your best friend? Do you desire the blood of his wife, my daughter? Two hours more, and she will not be in existence. Robespierre, if you are not a tiger in human shape—if the blood of Camille has not inchriated you to the losing of your reason entirely—if you still recall our evenings of intimacy—if you recall the caresses lavished on our little Horace, and how delighted to hold him upon your knees—spare an innocent victim! But if the fury is that of the ilon, come and take me also, and my daughter Adele, and little Horace. Come, with hands recking in the blood of Camille, and let one single tomb require us."

But Robespierre was inexorable, and

me arso, and my oaugnter Agen, and atter Horace. Come, with hands recking in the blood of Camille, and let one single tomb reunite us."

But Robespierre was inexorable, and young and beautiful Lucille perished beneath the fatal axe.

Robespierre was one of the most inexplicable of men. His moral character was irreproachable. No bribes could corrupt him He sincerely endeavored to establish a republic upon the basis of popularity and virtue. Self-agerandizement was not part of his plan. But he was as merciless as the slide of the guillotine. At times, indeed, he seemed weary of blood.

On one occasion he remarked: "Death—always death; and the secoundrels throw all the responsibility on me. What a memory I shall leave behind the, if this lasts!—Life is a burden to me."

A young girl—Cecil Regnault—but seventeen years of age was accused of plotting the assasination of Robespierre. She and all her friends perished on the scanfold, and eight carts were filled with victims to avenge the erime. But the fokle populace at last began to suspect their idol of being unfriendly to the Revolution and of wishing to arrest its torrent of blood. In six months two thousand three hundred and seventy-five had perished upon the scanfold in Taris alone. Robespierre, weary of blood, attempted to check their senseless atrocitics. A conspiracy of very energetic men was formed against him. As he entered the convention on the 26th of July, 1994, cries of "Down with the tyrants!" filled the house. Overwhelmed by the elamor, Robespierre in vain endeavored to speak in self defence.

"President of the assassins," he shouted, "will you hear mo?"

"President of the assassins," he shouted,

will you hear me?"

He was arrested and led to the hotel de Brinne, in the Place du Carrousel. His friends rescued him, and carried him to the Mayor's room at the Hotel de Ville.

friends rescued him, and carried him to the Mayor's room at the Hotel de Ville.

It was now night, and all Paris was in a blaze of commotion—mobs surging through the streets. A detachment of soldiers were sent by the convention to arrest Robespierre again. He was sitting calmly at the table, awaiting his fate. One of the soldiers discharged a pistol at him.

The ball entered his check, breaking his jaw, and producing a terrible wound. His head dropped upon the table, deluging it with blood. Thus mangled, he was borne on a litter, just as the day was beginning to close. The blood flowed freely from his wound, coagulating in his mouth, and choking him as it trickled down his throat. After passing an hour of almost uncondurable agony, he, with his brother and several others of his friends, were brought before the agony, he, with his brother and several oth-ers of his friends, were brought before the

to die.

At five o'clock of the same evening, the
cart conveyed them through the Rue St. Honore to the Place de la Revolution. Robesnore to the Place de la Revolution. Robes-pierre ascended the scaffold with a firm step. As the executioner brutally tore the bandage from his inflamed wound, he uttered a shrick of torture which pierced every car. In an-other moment the axe of the guillotine gli-ded swiftly down its groove, and the head of Robespierre fell into the basket. There was a moment's silence, and then there came, from the lips of those who, but a short time before, were shouting hosannas to his name, a burst of the wildest applause. Thus died Robespierre, in the thirty-fifth year of his age.

fore the dawning of the morning, gens d'
armes entered his chamber and tore him
from the arms of his wife.

As he entered his prison, in the vaults of
Luxemburg, he said, sadly:

"At length I perceive that in revolutions
the supreme power ultimately rests with the
most wondoned. We are sacrificed to the
ambition of a few dastardly brigands, But
they will not long enjoy the fruit of their
villiany. I drag Robespierre after me.—
Robespierre follow me to the grave."

As Danton, with Camille Desmoulins and
others who were to be executed with them,

A PARTIOT'S ZEAL—"Yes, sir," says
and would eventually fall in the contest
was an evil fruit, full of national difficulties,
and would eventually fall in the contest
was an evil fruit, full of national difficulties,
and would eventually fall in the contest
with free principles."

A seven-year old boy, lately heard to use
profane language, on being reproved by his
mother, and directed to ask God's forgiveses, retired to his room and was overheard
to say: "O God, I am very sorry I said
to to prosekooted, and I may as well
be the war as enny bodyelse. When I git
to the war as enny bodyelse. When I git
a goaking fit onto me it's no use to try ter
other war as an evil fruit, full of national difficulties,
and would eventually fall in the contest
with free principles."

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to say:

Liberty.

The day is one on which men talk much of liberty, and on which they are accustomed to shim that the world derived the grandest aid it ever received in the cause of free institutions. Let us then understand plainly, what we mean by liberty. It is not license. It is not freedom to do as we please. It does not mean the absence of restraint. It does not mean the equality of man to every other man in everything. It means in general the restraint which is imposed on governments and individuals, pre-venting the one or the other from doing wrong to the citizen or subject. Liberty must be been of restraint—must consist of restraint

Observe how small indeed is the Heense which the free American has. He is not free to go where he pleases; for in all of the millions of acres of land spreading around him there are only a few narrow strips, called roads, over which he is at liberty to walk. He cannot go as he pleases, for over these roads he must move with deferential respect to the equal rights in them which others have; and he must not use his right so as to injure his neighbor's right. He is not at liberty to act as he pleases, for he must not throw a stone in the air if its fall will harm another individual in person and property. He is not at liberty to speak as he pleases, for he may injure his neighbor by his speech; he must be cautious or he may offend the moral sense of the community by his language, and therefore he must bridle his tongue.

his tongue. We might continue these illustrations at length. But these suffice. Men prate a great deal about liberty who understand very little about it. Liberty is the creature of law, not the enemy of law, as some seem to imagine. The hour when we see perfect liberty on earth will be the hour when the human passions are under the greatest restraint, and when no injury is done by man, not because every man will be governed by a sense of the duty which imposes on him the severest bonds.

We are all bondsmen. In spite of the boasts of freedom we are all under sharp laws, under strong restraints. Yet we are a free people—free because we agree among ourselves as to those restraints, and bear them cheerfully because they are our own imposing.—N. Y. Journal of Commerce.

We clip the following from an article in

he Marysville "Express" of the third inst .:

the Marysville "Express" of the third inst.:

"TIDE COMING MAN."—Judge Kelly,
Abolition member of Congress from Philadelphia, made a speech recently before thloyal (") League of that city, which was published in Forney's Press. This notorious
personage in the radical organization has
come out openly in favor of bestowing the
highest honors upon "American citizens of
African descent." That is the present Abolition arrangement, and Kelly speaks for
his party. We take the following extract
from his speech:
"The coming man" to deliver our country

his party. We take the following extract from his speech:

"The coming man" to deliver our country is not Butler, nor Fremont, nor Banks, nor Roscerans, nor Grant, nor Hooker, nor Meade, he is a colored man.

He then goes to show that his influence will throw him upon the topmost wave, making him a power second to nome in moulding the destinies of this people.

We would not be surprised if Fred Douglas, the negro infidel, and stump orator, was the Republican candidate for the next Presidency. If the Republicans love the poor African half as much as they profess, he is the "coming man" as Judge Kelly would have you believe, for political preferment.—Poor Ben Butler, poor Fremont, of Rocky Mountain, Mariposa Emmeipation fame, poor Hooker, of military renown, poor Burnside, of Fredericksburg and Dayton note, you are not the men to deliver our country. O, no, it must be a "colored indiwidual" led on by men who sing

n by men who sing

"From Africa the negro came,
Arise O Congress bless his name,
Stand up good Lovejoy bless the day,
The Negro enme from Africa.
He is the object of our care,
For him we preach for him we pray,
For him we meet from day to day,
That colored cuss from Africa."

osity is manifested to know the opinion of Reverdy Johnson on the constitutionality of the Emancipation Proclamation. He came very near the point in his speech before the Saratoga County (N. Y.) Agricultural Society, September 4th, in which the correspondent of the "Alta" thus reports him:

"His address was brief, and largely devoted to national affairs. It was pervaded by a spirit of intense devotion to the Union, and enjoined the duty of sustaining the Government in the struggle with the robellion. Without expressing an opinion as to the validity of the Emancipation Proclamation, he said that if, in the exercise of any constitutional war power, slaves should become free, they cannot be re-enslaved; and if not, then the whole question would rest with the people of those States when they resumed their places in the Union. Slavery was an evil fruit, full of national difficulties, and would eventually fall in the contest

The Chapman Pirates.

Judge Field and the verdiet of the jury in mento Union. After reviewing the Acts of Congress to suppress insurrection, Judge

Congress to suppress insurrection, Judge Field said:

It is not, however, necessary that I should go into any close definition of the terms "levying war," for it is not sought to apply them to any doubtful case. War has been levied against the United States. A war of gigantic proportions is now waged against them, and the Government is struggling with it for life. War levied, all who aid in its prosecution, whether by open hostilities in the field or by perfording any part in the Africharace of the common object, however minute or however remote from the scene of action, are equally guilty of treason within the constitutional

remote from the scene of action, are equally guilty of treason within the constitutional provision. In treason there are no accessories. All who engage in the rebellion at any stage of its existence, or who designedly give to it any species of nid and comfort, in whatever part of the country, may be said to stand on the same platform. They are all principals in the commission of the crime. They are all levying war against the United States. This indictment was under the second section of the Act, which declares that if any person shall hereafter incite, set on foot, assist or engage in any rebellion or insurrection against the authority of the United States or the laws thereof, or shall engage in or give aid and comfort to any such existing rebellion or insurrection, and be convicted thereof, such person shall be punished by imprisonment for a period not exceeding by imprisonment for a period not exceeding ten years or by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars, and by the liberation of all ten years or by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars, and by the liberation of all his slaves if any he have, or by both said punishments at the discretion of the Court. The Judge said. "As to the treasonable purposes of the defendants there is no conflict in the evidence. It is true the principal witnesses of the Government are, according to their own statements, co-conspirators with the defendants—are equally involved in guilt with them, if guilt there be in any of them. But their testimony, as you have seen, has been corroborated in many of its essential details. You are, however, the exclusive judges of its credibility. The Court will only say to you, that there is no law which excludes the testimony of an accomplice or prevents you from giving your credence to it when it has been corroborated in material particulars. Indeed, gentlemen, I've not been able to perceive from the argument of counsel, that the truth of the material portions of their testimony has been seriously cotroverted."

The charge was claborate and quite com-

riously cotroverted. ously corroverted."
The charge was elaborate and quite com-rehensive. I quote from the concluding

portion :

"The position that because the defendants had obtained a letter of marque from the had obtained a letter of marque from the President of the so-called Confederate States

President of the so-called Confederate States they are exempted from prosecution, in the tribunals of the country, for the acts charged in the indictment, is entirely untenable.—The existence of civil war, and the concession to the Confederates of belligerent rights in particular cases, under special circumstances, do not imply the renunciation or waiver, by the United States, of any of its municipal rights as a sovereign towards the citizens of the second States. As a matter of policy and humanity, the Government of the United States has treated the citizens of the so-called Confederate States taken in open hostilities as prisoners of war, and has thus exempted them from trial for violation of its municipal laws. But the Courts have no such dispensing power. They can only enforce the laws

sing power. They can only enforce the laws as they find them upon the statute book."
The jury retired and were absent just four minutes, when they returned with a verdiet guilty as charged in the indictment. There was breathless suspense in Court when the verdiet was announced.

LIFE'S SILVER CORD.—Life is beautifully compared to a fountain fed by a thousand streams, that perish if one be dried.—It is a silver cord, twisted with a thousand strings that part asunder if one be broken.
Frail and thoughtless mortals are surrounded the insurance of the stream o faril and thoughtless mortals are surrounded by innumerable dangers, which make it much more strange that they escape so long, than that they almost perish suddenly at last. We are encompassed with accidents overy day to crush the mouldering tenements we inhabit. The seeds of disease are planted in our constitutions by nature. The carth and atmosphere whence we draw the breath of life are impregnated with death; health is made to operate its own destruction; the food that nourishes contains the elements of decay; the soul that animates it, by vivifying first, tends to wear it out by its own action; death lurks in ambush along the paths. Notwithstanding this is the truth so palpably confirmed by daily example before us, how little do we lay it to heart! We see our friends and neighbors die among us, but how seldom does it occur to our us, but how seldom does it occur to our thoughts that our knell shall perhaps give the next fruitless warning to the world.

queer doings in our neighboring county of Butte. Night before last Mrs. C., fifteen years of age and six weeks married, ran away from the bed and board of her husband in Dogtown, with her former lover S., who had just returned from the Boise counwho had just returned from the Boise country with more money than he had when he left Dogtown and his young love. It seems that the match between Mr. and Mrs. C. was a runaway one, and also that Mrs. C. always loved S. better than C., so when S. comes back from Boise and finds C. away from home the elopement is speedily consummated. The cloping parties are supposed to have gone to Boise overland. The deserted husband was in this city last night, quite disconsolate.—Maryswille Appeal.

Insanity and Law.

Insanity and Law.

Insanity has been a convenient cloak, in the hands of subtle lawyers to cover a multitude of sins. If a criminal commits a murder of extraordinary malignity, the advocate argues that no one could be guilty of such an aggravated crime except in a state of insanity, and by this plea secures his acquittal. If a merebant has occupied a prominent position in social life and is guilty of forgery or fraud on a large scale, the very magnitude of the crime is alleged as a conclusive proof of mental abberration, and shields him from deserved, punishments.

No other proof of insanity seems to be needed in some courts than an act of more than usual boldness and guilt. Many a guilty man, without the slightest appearance of insanity, except in his life of unblushing wickedness, has gone unwhipped of justice on this shallow plea.

But shrewd lawyers are not content with the advantages already gained by this convenient plea. They find it promises to secure them other victorice over justice and truth. It may prove of equal potency in breaking the solemn obligations of a will, and diverting property from the ends designed by its late owner. A case in point has just occurred in the neighboring State of Rhode Island.

A Christian woman died a few years ago bequeathlog all her property, supposed to

has just occurred in the neighboring State of Rhode Island.

A Christian woman died a few years ago bequeathleg all her property, supposed to amount to between one and two hundred thousand dollars, to benevolent purposes.— She had always been an eccentric woman, but no one had hinted during her life-time at even incipient insanity. But the heirs did not like to lose so large an estate. They knew the subtle machinery of the law, and its ready shifts to evade justice, and they set to work to break the will on the ground of an unsound mind in the testator. This was the only plea alleged, and the only evidence by which it was supported was the eccentricity for which the hady had been noted in her life-time. But this plea, supported by this evidence, was sufficient to accomplish the purpose. Two juries could not agree, but the third was more pliant, and declared the will void, because the testator was of an unsound mind.

declared the will void, because the testator was of an unsound mind.

What safety, under such a decision, remains to human life? Any murderer of eccentricity, may clude conviction because of mental unsoundness. What security remains to property? Almost any will might be contested by disappointed parties on a similar plea. Nay, many eccentric men might be deprived of their property while living, on the charge of mental unsoundness, and doomed to a straight jacket. Can our courts retain confidence by such mockery of justice?—Watchman and Reflector:

ARTEMUS WARD AND THE ARTIST.—I was fixin' myself up to attend the great war meetin,' when my daughter entered with a young man, who was evidently from the city, and who wore long hair, and had a wild expression into his eye. In one hand he earried a portfolio, and in his other paw clasped a bunch of small brushes. My daughter introduced him as Mr. Sweiber, the distinguished landscape painter from Philadelphy.

"He is a artist, papa. Here is one of his masterpieces—a young woman gazin' admirably upon her lat boro," and my daughter showed me a real pretty pictur, dun in ile. "Is it not beautiful, papa? He throws so much soul into his work."

"Does he! does he?" said I. "Well, I reckon I'd better hire him to whitewash our fence; it needs it. What will you charge to throw some soul into my fence?"

My daughter went out of the room in a very short metre, takin' the artist with her, and from the very emphatical manner in which the door slammed, I concluded she was summut disgusted at my remarks. She closed the door. I must say in italies. I ARTEMUS WARD AND THE ARTIST .- I

was summut disgusted at my remarks. She closed the door, I must say, in *italics*. I went into the closet and larfed all alone by nyself for over half an hour.

AMUSING ARITHMETIC.—Assuming that a man weighs equal to 16,000 grasshoppers, and the sound of one may be heard a distance of one thirty-second part of a mile; that of a man, if in proportion to his weight, would be audible 500 miles; and if he

MILITARY BILLIARDS.—A neat way the gunners on the Ironsides had of exploding their projectiles within Fort Wagner. It was impossible to drive them through the sand and cotton of which the work was made, nor could the guns be so elevated as to toss them in from a mortar. So the picces were depressed, and the shot striking the water about fifty yards from the beach, jumped in. In nearly every instance this manner of making the missiles effective was successful. "Those are what I call billiards," said the Captain, watching the firing. "They carom on the bay and beach, and pocket the ball in the fort every time.

"PAR," observed a young wehin of tender years, to his fond parent, "does the Lord know everything?"
"Yes, my son," replied the hopeful parent, "but why do you ask that question?"
"Because our preacher, when he prays, is so long telling him everything, I thought he wasn't posted!" The parent reflected.

## THE WASHINGTON STATESMAN

GATTEDAY MORNING OCT 31 1863

" Ensmallment."-We this week present our readers with the Statesman upon a sheet one size smaller than that heretofore used. We do this for reasons which we believe are the best that could be adduced which we believe are the best that could be adduced simply, that our limited subscription list does not "justify" as in printing upon so large a sheet. Readers will observe, however, that in our "ensmallment" we have not decreased the amount of reading matter. We have laid asked the large type heretefore used on the fourth page and substituted a smaller size, which will more than make up for the loss in space. In addition to this we have procured new type, which will more than make up for the loss in space. In addition to this we have procured new type, which, we think materially improves the maintenance of the price of which seems to be still on the rise) amounts to a considerable sum in the course of a year; therefore, as we save something and the reader loses nothing—except the sight of a few non-paying advertisements—we have reason to expect that none will find cause to object to the arrangement. I and convenience—having first fully demonstrated that it will not by a usto life extra help in printing a larger amount of reading matter than we have herefore; given, and that expending money in the purchase of large paper on which to display non-paying advertisements "for glory" is no giory at all. Devoing the mechanical and editorial departments of the paper, we promise that it shall continue, a permanent linstitution, and we hope to render it expectally a welcome visitor to the citizens of our own county, upon whom we must mainly depend for support. simply, that our limited subscription list does no

ELECTION OF A COUNCILMAN.—We have been requested to state that a public meeting will be held at the Court House this Saturday evening, to take into consideration the propriety of petitioning the County Commissioners to issue an order for a special election for a Councilman, to fill the vacancy occasion of the County Commissioners to issue an order for a special election for a Councilman, to fill the vacancy occasion of the Councilman of the Councilman of the Councilman of the Councilman of election, we believe it perfectly legitimate for the people, through the Commissioners, to take the necessary steps to secure a Council representative.

ABORIOINES .-- A party of Nez Perces Indians, un der the command of "George," one of the head men among the tribe, passed through town on Thursday, on their way to the Umatilla Reservation to have an on their way to the Umatina Reservation to have an interview with the Agent, respecting the conduct of certain Indians belonging to that reservation who, as they allege, a short time since come into their country and drove off a band of horses. "Yellow the Agent Country and the Country

Promise that friendly diplomacy will prevail.

Cofference and the diplomacy will prevail.

Cofference and the diplomacy will prevail we had reason to expect better things had the audacity to tell us the other day that he believed we were "Copperheads in the true political some of the the term, and therefore osceoesionistic?" We executed his university and the some osceoesionistic? We executed his university and the standard insull upon the ground that he was "possessed" of that unfortunation one idecision that the Administration is the Government, and told him in as pointe amanuer as the creunstances warranted that he was laboring under a double delasion. And now, a third party make a similar declaration we here say that he may tell him that he has the best of authority for calling him a list; and further, if he should manifest a pugnacious or chivaliric disposition upon being thus 'posted,' that he can obtain a proper castigation at "headquarters."

Swear Potaroza.—Mr. Phillip Ritz, the Nursery-man, made sa a present on Thursday of this weak, of a lot of mammoth Nansemond sweet potatoes, raised on his nursery grounds near Walla Walla.— The largest one of the lot weighs one pound and three fourths, measures 12 inches in circumference and 3½ in length. Persons who desire to see these potatoes can have an opportunity by calling at our office, where weahall keep them to exhibit in con-paction with country. meetion with some "tall corn" raised in this county, and Quartz specimens, etc., found in Idaho Territory. Mr. Ritz will have potatee plants enough to sup-ply the demand in this county next season if ito succeeds in preserving the seed through the winter.

Succeeds in preserving the seed through the willet.

RICH QUARTZ—Mr. Wiley, of the firm of Wiley &
Co., South Boiles, showed this week some specimens
of quarts from that locality which he Ulinia will assay from twenty-five to thirty thousand dollars per
ing," or outside or the ledge andare much above the
overage richness of the lode. The claims of this company, worked with creatms, are paying an average of
\$317 per ton. Mr. W. states that he has visited nearby all the rich quartz mines of California and Washco, and never found any equating those of the South
claim of the California and the control of the
Overland Press \*say Wallace got the nomination

ind Press" says Wallace get the nomination "Overland Frees," says waince got the nomination for Delogate to Congress, in Idaho, through his appointes to county offices, and by a liberal sowing of greenhacks. In the Union Convention St.,609 was offered for one votato precure Wallace's nomination." The statement, no doubt, is correct, in the main. The Governor has a head full of "skullduggery," in common with most of the inveterate office-seekers IA America.

RETURNED FROM THE PLAINS .- Four Companies KETERKED FROM THE PLAISS.—FOUR COMPAIRS A," "D'P and "E," of the 1st Oregon Cavalry, and "H," lst Washington Territory Infantry, under the command of Colonel Maury, arrived at Fort Wall walls on Tuesdy last, from their long campaign on the Plains. The officers and men are in good health. They have earned the quiet and repose of the Garrison. Col. Maury, the able and gentlemanly com-mander of the Expedition, has gone to Dalles.

ATTENTION COMPANY.—Fire Engine Company No

Report of the Grand Jury.

Ene. Startsman:—The Grand Jury respectfully request the publication, in your paper, of their report to the Court upon county affairs, county jail, &c.

By order of the Jury.

W. P. HORTON, Clerk.

Grand Jury Room, Oct. 24, 1863.

County Jail.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON,
COUNTY OF WALLA WALLA.

We, the Grand Jury, at the regular term of the
U. S. District Court for the said district, holden on
the 12th day of Qetober, A. D. 1883, being charged
by the said Court to inquire into the condition of the
County Jail. Recont as inclined.

10. S. Destrict Court to the said chieft, holden on the l'Ithi day of Declober, A. D. 1863, being charged the l'Ithius of October, A. D. 1863, being charged County Jaili, report as rollows:

That after an examination of said jaili, we find it solubly insecure for the safe keeping of prisoners, insamech as it is built entirely of wood; that it is accessible (without lindramed) to any cutside party; ing sufficiently large for the escape of prisoners can be made in a very few minutes; that on account of the jail being imperfectly ventilated it is often unceressary for the windows to be left open through these apertures and color and any armony, we would recommend that one cell of dimensions S by 11 feet and T feet high be built, of bother slab from, and that it be placed in said jail, in large the company of the windows the said of the prisoners. We further recommend that a crime man be kept. We further recommend that a "typicy" he built only the placed prize to the prisoners. We further recommend that a "typicy" be latted to the control of the prisoners. We further recommend that a "typicy" be latted to the outside of said jail, to receive the slith lail.

All of which we, the Grand Jury, respectfully All of which we, the Grand Jury, respectfully.

All of which we, the Grand Jury, respectfully ubmit: JOHN W. McGHEE, Foreman.

County AffairsTERRITORY OF WASHINGTON,
COUNTY OF WALLA WALLA. We, the Grand Jury, at the regular term of the U.S. District Conit, holden on the 12th day of October, A.D. 1863, being charged by the Court to enquire into the condition of the county affairs, do find as follows:

10. S. Defriet Coult, holden on the 17th ady of toxical count to engine line 1860, being charged by the Count to engine line 1861, being charged by the Count to engine line 1861, and the county affairs, 40 final as follows:

That our present County Auditor, L. J. Rector, has devoted much time and labor in preparing the following report, marked "1," for which we call especial attention.

1861, and the county of the county indebtedness \$22,570 42 and accruate the county of the county indebtedness \$22,570 42 and accruate the county of the county

The menutation will mentioned above requires explanation.

The fee bills of E. B. Whitman are evidently exportant and unjust.

It appears to us that there has been an unnecessary waste of stationery.

We find upon examination of Sheriff Bockley's We find upon examination of Sheriff Bockley's wind that the stationery of the stationers of the stationers

THE KOOTENAY MINES .- Mr. King, the Colville mail-carrier, (as usual,) arrived here on Saturday morning last; he reported that Dr. Toby and party had returned to Colville from a prospecting trip on the Koote-nay River and had found very rich prospects -some places yielding \$5 to the pan. As Mr. King obtained this statement from other sources, it should be received with some

Mr. K. saw nothing of Mullan's party,

COMMENDABLE.-Since the burning of own of Lawrence in Kansas, by Quantrell and his band of raidsters, the people there it seems have thought of little else than having revenge for the outrages committed. They purposed to arm bodies of men, march into Missouri and deal death and destruction upon their supposed enemies over the border. Schofield, of the Missouri department, learning the intention of the people of Kansas to be preparing for raids, told them that such an indiscriminate warfare could not be permitted in his Department; that in such a warfare the innocent would could not be permitted in his Dapartment; that in such a warfare the innocent would be as apt to suffer as the guilty, and there was no telling where such a course would end, if inaugurated. It would be retaliation upon retaliation; but he would use all legitimate means at his command to bring the Quantrell band to punishment. This should have satisfied the people of Kansas, but it did not; they clamored, in conjunction with the "Charceal" party of Missouri, for Schofield's removal and the appointment of a Radical in his stead. Mr. Lincoln, after reviewing the whole matter, approves of Schofield's course and says he will not be removed. However, Kansas will be in a separate Department, and perhaps the people there will become pacified with a new military commander over them. The President has certainly acted wisely in this instance.

stance, To FARMERS .-- It occurs to us that farmers of this valley stand greatly in their own light when they do not give considerable at-tention to the poultry yard and the dairy.-No little surprise has been expressed on this point by keepers of hotels and restaurants throughout the city, who are daily "put to their wit's end" to know where they shall look for the requisite supply of poultry, eggs and butter. When these items are bringand butter. ing each a high figure in the market, as at present, we should think it would be a profitable branch of trade with the people of the country to bring in regularly a full supply of these necessary adjuncts of the larder. Our merchants at all times would be willing to receive them in exchange for groceries, etc. This matter should also receive attention from economical housewives. who, like their sister-women across the other ocean, remember the "pin money," which is so convenient on shopping-days, particularly on the dawn of that joyful era, Christmas, when so many "extras" are needed.

We commend this matter to the considcration of the thrifty yeomanry of the county.

ercising control over the Telegraph lines at present, and they have succeeded in muddling up things so that it is hard to tell whether anybody is hurt or not. A gentleman, accounting for this state of things, says the "heads of Departments at the East are so smart that it is impossible for them to transmit intelligence of such an ordinary character as to be comprehensible to the people of this coast." If that is so, the "country is safe."

"country is safe."

A Lively Wherk.—The current week, with a slight hyperbole, suggests the idea that "Old Sol" has been in close converse with "Father Winter." petitioning His Snowy Majesty to recede for the present and withhold his white flakes till "a more convenient season," and that said petition has been granted—something like a verification of which has obtained this week in the pleasant, balmy and delightful weather. Life, activity, bustle, stir, "much ado about—something"—each and all have been visible since early on Monday morning. The country folks flocked into the city, taking advantage of the propitious weather to do their shop-

Mr. K. saw nothing of Mullan's party, but we are advised by parties from the Spokane that on the 1st October Mullan started for the Coeur d'Alene Mission and returned to Antoine Plante's (Spokane) Ferry on the 5th—leaving the party meanwhile to advance toward the Clark's Fork of the Columbia, where the prospecting would commence.

The statements that have been made respecting the existence of gold in the Kootemay country come from men that do not lie, and according to them, in that country are to be witnessed gold developments which will astonish even the Boiscites.

Some of the oldest settlers in the valley inform us that Capt. Mullan was through the Kootenay country as early as 1852. Being a man of close observation, possessing accurate geographical knowledge of the country, and having along a party of old California miners, we may expect to receive from him scon a detailed account of the re-

Letter from Boise. West Bannock, Oct. 19, 1863: Eds. Statesman:—The miners are con EDS. STATESMAN:—The miners are coming back from Snake river faster than they were leaving here a week ago. They are well satisfied to winter here. There is plenty of ground that will pay well enough in this vicinity to support a population of 50,000 men, and there may be good diggings on the Snake River, but it is not credited by the parties that are now coming back from there. Our county officers have recently compelled those Salt Lake teams and Web-foot wagons to pay a license of \$60 for peddling their produce in the street. Serve them right.

peddling their produce in the street. Serve them right.

It would have done your American heart good to have seen the "string of onions" that proudly paraded here with emblazoned banners, flaunting transparencies, pine knot torches and bands of music occasionally stopping to be addressed by Gov. Wallace and other good Union men. The affair was well got up and by actual count there was a few over 600 men in the procession and exerything passed off quietly without any disturbance from the Copperheads. It is a perfectly safe bet to go 2 to one on Wallace's carrying this county by a very handsome majority.

Business is as dull as ever. Large quantities of produce are now being received

tities of produce are now being received from Salt Lake, and without any doubt this market will be supplied with grain and flour entirely from there after this season. Freights are even now only 7 to 8c. per lb., and in the spring goods can and will be brought here as low as 4 and 5c, which I reckon will cause the attention of the Webfoot farmers to be turned to the mining region recently discovered in their own country on the San-TRAIL. tiam.

PREPARING FOR WINTER.-We notice that families, hotel-keepers and others are beginning to lay in a goodly supply of fuel for the winter. Quite a caravan of teams have passed through the streets every day this week, loaded with wood. The average price is \$10 per cord for hard wood and \$7 for soft.

Gov. Seymour, of New York, has lately defined his position anew, on the war ques-tion. He is still in favor of vigorous war measures to put down the rebellion, and says he will never consent to a separation of any of the States from the Union. That's the talk.

ACQUITTED - Dewitt C. French. ACQUITTED.—Dewitt C. Frenen, tried last week for the murder of W. W. Gifford, was acquitted, the Jury finding a verdiet of "not guilty," on the ground that there was a strong doubt that the deed was done in this Territory.

Almost Empty .- We learn, officially, that the jail at this time contains but one inmate-"Sha-poonmash"-a Nez Perces Indian, sentenced to be hung on the 20th

day of Nov.

Eastern News.

New York, Oct. 15.—A Washington special of to-night says: The rebels under Lee, occupy most of the old Bull Run battle ground and the road leading into London Valley. Lost pight at 6 o'clock under cover Valley. Last night at 6 o'clock under cover of the coming durkness, he attempted to accomplish what he had failed to do all the way from the Rapidan—turn Meade's flank. The The 2d corps resisted most vigorously, and drove him from the field. That corps, however, lost considerably in killed and wounded. The importance of the triumph cannot be overestimated, for the rebels had resolved to the statement of the country of the control of the country of the rebels had resolved to the statement of the country of the rebels had resolved to

overestimated, for the rebels had resolved to place themselves between the capital and the Army of the Potomae. Had they succeeded, the result would be difficult to forsee. The artillery firing all night was the most terrific, and from the hills of Centreville was witnessed by hundreds.

Headquarters Army of the Potomae, Oct. 15.—The following general order has been published:

The Maj. Gen. Commanding, announces to the army that the rear guard consisting of the 2d corps, Gen. Warron's was attacked yesterday while marching by the flank. The enemy, after a spirited contest, was repulsed, losing a battery of five guns, two colors and 450 prisoners.

losing a battery of five guns, two colors and 450 prisoners.

Among the rebels killed in yesterday's battle are Gen. Cook and Cols. Ruffin and Thomson. We have lost nothing on the march and are now in a safe and strong position. Col. Mallon of the 42d New York was killed. He is the highest officer on our side who met that fate. Our losses are not over 200 in all, while the enemy left on the field over 400 killed and wounded.

The 3d corns. moving on Monday night

retreating to Shreveport, and the Federals

retreating to Shreveport, and the Federals would advance as soon as reinforced. Washington, Oct. 16.—Some 200 or 300 guerrillas on this side of the Rapahannoon and South of Meade's army arresting Union men and committing depredations on their

men and committing depredations on their property.

From information received from the Army of the Potomac to-night, it appears that a body of the enemy was seen passing southward opposite Blackburn's Ford of Bull Run last night. Our batteries shelled them, and they replied for full half an hour and then disappeared. Our army is in a pretty safe position, prepared to repel any attack.

Rebel papers of Oct. 6th contain the farewell address of Gen. Polk to his command. The same papers have a report that Jeff. Davis is about to assume command of Bragg's army.

New York, Oct. 17.—The World special Washington dispatches of the 16th

The Army of the Potomac has ret The Army of the Potomac has retreated thus far closely pursued by Lee A battle would probably have been fought on the old Bull Run ground yesterday, had Meade acepted it. Lee moved heavily on Meade's flank, and Meade feeling alarmed, [7] fell back. It is intimated that Lee is going into

Maryland again. News of October 20th. News of October 20th.

New York, Oct. 20.—"The Herada"c, special from the Army of the Potomac, of the 18th, says it is now definitely settled that the rebel are failing back towards the Rapidan and our army offers them battle by advancing.

ng. Slight skirmishing to-day does not indicate

Slight skirmishing to-day does not indicate a general engagement probable and the campaign, except the pursuit of the fleeing rebels, may be considered closed.

Washington, Oct. 19.—Yesterday, White's and Moseby's guerrillas numbering 1,200, came down from Aldic, near Chantilly, and taking the Frying Pan road succeeded in getting between our army and the defenses of Washington. One gang came within a mile of Chain Bridge and fired into the rifle-pits of one of the forts. Several officers were captured with six men of the 13th New York eavalry and a number of surgeons. Our cavalry went in pursuit of them and a brisk fight ensued in which the rebels were defeated with considerable loss.

onsiderable loss.
Military authorities have not reached any positive conclusion as to the strength or po-sition of Lee's army, but the general opinion is that he has fallen back to his old posi-

tion.

The rebels are fortifying on the Rappahar The receis are orthying on the happendar-neck. They are taking up the rails and de-stroying all the bridges along the route.

A Richmond paper has the following: It appears there is a wide difference as regards the number of prisoners with which we should be credited, and all arrangements

for the present are knocked in the head.

New York, Oct. 20.—The Tribune the following important announcement in its editorial columns:

editorial columns:
We understand upon authority from Washington, which we deem trustworthy, that
Gen. Rosecrans is about to be removed from
the command of the Army of the Cumberland.
Washington, Oct. 19.—There is no truth

land.

Washington, Oct. 19.—There is no truth in the statement that Meade is within the defenses of Washington. As yet no tidings of Lee's whereabouts.

Charleston, Oct. 15.—Firing from our forts continues. The Federals are making no reply, but continue working an additional numbers of transports.

Lynchburg, Va., Oct. 16.—27 regiments of Yankee cavalry and mounted infantry numbering 14,000 men passed Greenville, Tenn., bound eastward, to make a raid on the Virginia and Tenn. Railroad. and attack our forces west of Greenville.

On the 11th, our forces withdrew to Henderson 10 miles east from Greenville. The enemy succeeded in getting into our rear when our forces fell back to Zollicoffer, when the Yankees heavily reinforced, advanced upon them and we again retreated to Bristol. Our loss in both days fight was 300 killed and wounded. Our wounded fell into the hands of the enemy.

Wednesday night the enemy advanced on Bristol and it is reported that they have advanced towards Abington with a heavy force of from 8,000 to 10,000.

Yreka, Oct. 21.—Line down to-day.

Yreka, Oct. 21.—Line down to-day.

BRICK FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST Burne

GOOD BRICK, at his Brick Yard, adjoining Mr. Shoemaker's near the Gardson, 13/ miles from town, and them for sole in lots to suit purchasers. Walla Walla, Oct. 31, 1862.

Excelsior Mills. THE EXCELSIOR MILLS have been extensively Superior Flour---Equal to any.

The consumers of flour will please take notice "
ving to the peculiar mode of manufacture, the
ur remaining subject to heat but for an instant, its
and nutritive properties are retained in excess of life and nutritive properties are retained in excess of any flour made with the old style of Burs. I therefore grantee that Light, Sweet and Xuttitious Bread can be made with my best flour.

Walla Walla, Oct. 24, 1863.

Walla Walla, Oct. 24, 1863.

FRANKLIN MARKET,

JOSEPH PETTY, Proncietor. HAS ALWAYS ON HAND, Beef,

Pork and Mutton; also, HAMS,
BACON, BALOGNAS, &c., and hopes
to rective a liberal sbare of public patrousge. Country orders strictly attended to. [Oct. 24 1865. m3]

LOST.

A POCKET case of Surgicual Instruments, supposed to have been lost from my side pocket
within the last three days, either in town or on some
of the roads in the valley. Any person finding it
will be liberally rewarded by delivering it at my oftee in the city of Walla Walls.

JOHN BOSWELL. Public Auction.

WILL be sold at Public Action, on Saturday,
House, at Fort Walla Walla, W. T., the following
property of the U. S., villa, W. T., the following
Thirtoen Mules;
Seven Barrels of Fork;
Fittysis and 3/8 Barrels of Flour;
Two hundred and fifty lbs. of Rice;
Forty-two lbs. of ham;
Forty-two lbs. of hom;
Select takes have at Locket P. M.

Fort Walla Walla, W.T., Oct. 17, 1863. w2

WIGHTMAN & HARDIE.

SUCCESSORS TO FRANK BAKER,

Clay Street, - - - - San Francisco, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings,

Upholstery Goods PAPER HANGINGS. For Sale in quantities to Suit. Oct 17, 1863.—3m

Estate of John Colclasure.

Estate of John Colclasure.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON,

GENEYT OF WALLA WALLA! In Probate
In the matter of the estate of John Colclasure, dec'd.

A N application having been made to this Court by
John W Wiley. Administrator of the above
extate, for an order of public sale of the real extate
vectors, for an order of public sale of the real extate
vectors, for an order of public sale of the real extate
interested in the interfer are required to show cause,
if any there be, why said order shall not be granted.
Walla Walla, Oct. IT, 1865.

Walla Walla, Oct. IT, 1865.

B' Section 37 of the Act of Congress, approved
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Section 20th Sychember
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ST. JOHN'S LUNATIC ASYLUM,

The Sisters of Charity. This institution, commenced during the present year, under the patronage of the Legislature and Executive of the Ferritory of Washington, commends held of Varieurer. The building is fitted up to accommodate for the present about twenty inmates.

mates.

Sisters of Charity are constantly in 'attendance and no pains are spared to procure health and comfort to the unfortunate sufferers under their care.

One Dollar and fifty cents per day, paid monthly in lvance (in coin.)
N. B. Persons belonging to the Territory,
re unable to pay can be forward at its expens
asking application to the Probate Judge of For further particulars apply to the Superioress of the establishment. sep26, 1863—41m3

Edwin Leach's Estate.

Edwin Leach's Estate.
TERRITORY OF WASHINFOYN, 1
COYN OF WALLA WALLA, I In Probate.
In the matter of the Estate of Edwin Leach, dee'd.
An application having been made to this Court
by Et. James, Administrator of the above estate for an order for the public sale of the real estate of the said deceased, it is breviey ordered that
Monday the 9th day of November, A. D. 1863, he set
for a hearing in the matter, and all persons interested in the metter are required to show cause, if any
there be, why said we have the said of the public said of the public said of the said of t

WELLS, FARGO & Co's EXPRESS,

BOISE MINES.

WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS IS NOW making weekly trips to La Grande, Auburn, Placerville, Bannock, Hogen and Centerville, leaving Walta Walta Levery Wednesday at Noon.

Returning arrives at Walla Walla every Tuesday evening. CHAS. WOODWARD, Dissolution Notice.

Thissofittion Notice.

Albert Bianchard and John Glom in the teaming and farming business was dissolved on the 16th ultimo by mutual consent.

The business will be continued by A. Bianchard, who is alone authorized to settle the business of the late firm, and who will pay all A. BLANCH RD. Oct. 3, 1863 w4\* JOHN GLENN.

Furniture Store! WINSHIP & AMMANN,

WINSHIP & AMMANN,

At the Old Stant—Lower end of Town, Opposite—

The Aven Mark of Publis Square,

The Aven Mark of Mark of Town, Opposite—

The Aven Mark of Mark of Mark of Town, of Purnitive Mark of Mark of Furnitive Mark of Mark of Town, tables, stands, sofias, fange and common Bedsteads, bome-made and Eastern Chairs, of all descriptions. (All home-made chairs warranted, Jalos, Spring Mattrasses and Upholstered work of all descriptions. We are also prepared to farnish Broom Handles—straight or tapered, plain or finay—at law rates. Also, a fine lot of Full, for bedding, on hand.

All kinds of Turning and Sobbing Done

Also, Undertaking. Coffin Mountings, Plates, and J. H. WINSHIP.

Sept. 6, 1863.

38ly.

Celebrated Hair Restorative,
THE GERATEST OF THE AGE.
THE GENUINE ARTICLE, for sale at
Oct. 24, 1863.

Dis. E. SHELL & Office.

Revenue Stamps.

PAR at the CITY BOOK STORE.

multion, where the prospecting would common control of the street midegration represents. A first mean area to the control of the street midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet midegration represents. A first mean area to the common of the treet mide area and a first many are

THE WASHINGTON STATESMAN

Published Every Saturday Morning

The Fall Races. FIRST DAY.

The Fall Races.

Pursuant to announcement, the Fall Races, over the Walla Walla course, commenced on Wednesday last. The road leading to the track was literally througed with horsemen, and all kinds of vehicles. Between three and four hundred persons were present. The track was in fair condition and the horses looked fine. So great was the enthusiasm to witness the first preat race of the season, that the District Court adjourned, to give the Jurors and Lawyers an opportunity of ventilating themselves. One of the Jurors, in prevailing on the Court to adjourn, quoted the fact "that the Legislature of California once adjourned to witness the first great race of a season in that State."

In drawing for the track the result was as follows: Simon 1st, Dasher 2nd, Kengaroo 3d. After scoreing several times, they got the word; Dasher leading by a neck, closely followed by Kangaroo, while Simon was at least one length behind. This, as also the second heat, was a beautiful one. The first heat was won by Dasher, Basket's bay stallion, carrying 118 lbs., in 1:59.

The second heat was won by Kangaroo, beating Dasher by a neck, Simon last; time two minutes' and a half second. The owner and rider of Dasher claimed foul riding on the part of Kangaroo's rider, but the judgest decided against them, and Dasher was with-

and rider of Dasher claimed foul riding on the part of Kangaroo's rider, but the judges decided against them, and Dasher was withdrawn, leaving the field to Simon and Kangaroo. While in this connection, we will state that the judges saw the "foul" referred to, and also saw that the rider of Kangaroo did all in his power to prevent a collision, and drew his borse out as quick as possible; not impeding the speed of Dasher in any respect.

spect.
The 3d was a beautiful heat, and closely contested, and was won by Simon by a neck.

Dasher was declared distanced, having been withdrawn without the consent of the judges,

coming to the stand for the fourth On coming to the stand for the fourth heat, the owner of Simon claimed that his horse was unable to go, he having stepped into a gopher hole, and lamed himself, which was not allowed by the judges; and he was compelled to go, only losing the race has a nock.

by a neck.

Immediately after the main race there was a 400 yards race between Mr. Albright's (the gentleman who sold out to Wells, Fargo & Co) roan mere, "Betty Morgan," and Mr. Soward's sorrel filly, (untried) and was won by the former. No time given.

SECOND DAY. Single dash of a mile, for \$100—stal-lions;—between Red Buck and Dasher. Won by the latter. Time, 1:57. REPORTER.

OUR "CABINET"-Contains some beautiful and rich specimens of gold quartz pre-sented by Mr. W. V. Brown, just down from Bannock City. Any one doubting the richness of the quartz lodes in that vicinity can have all such doubts dispelled by call-

can have all such doubts disperied by caning and examining the specimens.

It contains also some specimens of what
look to us like nothing else thau a conglomeration of blue limestone, tron pyrites and
black lead. This also came from the Boise
contact and it said to be rich in site.

eration of blue limestone, iron pyrites and black lead. This also came from the Boise country and is said to be rich in silver.

A study for the geologist and antiquarian is furnished from some very singular stones and shells presented us by Mossra. L. T. Vaught and Pain of Col. Maury's Expedition. First, are some pebbles from the Hot Springs, on Snake river, covered with a bright mineral which resembles silver bronze and sparkles like diamonds. This mineral is deposited by the water and will remain upon the pebbles and, to all appearances, retain its brilliancy for years. Next is a beautiful specimen of petrified moss from the great Salmon falls. Next a lot of petrified shells which have every appearance of being marine. These were picked on the high bluffs along Snake river, and furnish at least some evidence of the truth of the geological doctrine that this country bad a liberal interest in the deluge, or was at one time covered with salt water.

What's in a name?—It is said to be "all the rage" at present with fond ma-mas and secesh pa paa hereabouts to name their children after certain prominent leaders of the Rebellion. The rising generation of "young Americans" may well imitate the characters of such men as Washington, Jefferson, Clay and Webster; in them they have honorable names to support; but the time will come when the sentiment and feelings of the public will undergo a change, and the names of such traitors to their country as Day's, Mason Sidal 132 (1). of the public win duclegod actually, and mames of such traitors to their country as Davis, Mason, Slidell, and Co., will sound as odious in the ears of parents who are now so anxiour to name their little ones after them as that of Arnold ever did.

or else

We clip the following items from the

BUILDINGS.—Sundry neat, frame dwellings are in course of construction along the confines of the city; the carpenters are conceined to the confines of the city; the carpenters are conceined to the confines of the city; the carpenters are conceined to the confines of the

Letter from Grand Ronde Valley

Letter from Grand Roude Valley.

La Grande, Oct. 25th.

Messis. Editors.—Although separated by a State line, our interests are in a great measure the sante, and as we are yet too far behind the times to have a medium for communicating with the public of our own, we are compelled to tax the generosity of our neighbors.

Some of the citizens both of Walla Walla and La Grande, have succeeded in inaugurating a state of rivalry between the Valleya and the Roads connecting them, which is entirely uncalled for. With the immense extent of mining country situated inland from these valleys our resources will never be able to supply their demands.

In placing our claims before the public, as a forwarding point for the mines, we wish to rendar justice to the indomitable energy of the citizons of Walla Walla, who, notwithstanding nearly every one acquainted with the business of the northern mines, has predicted that their place would die a natural death during the present season, have still succeeded in retaining a fair share of the forwarding business to the mines.

The citizens of this place, have high anticipations for the town as a forwarding point for Pack Trains to the mines during the coming season; and even capitalists from the Dalles and other points on the Columbia.

coming season; and even capitalists from the Dalles and other points on the Columbia, have at last arrived at the conclusion that this will be THE place for forwarding in the

spring. We have at present, eight Mcreantile hundred thousand dollars; besides those who hundred thousand dollars; besides those who have merchandise stored in tents and out houses; and, but for the scarcity of timber for building purposes, undoubtedly by this time there would have been double that amount invested. We have three Hotels with superior accommodations, and two Livery Stables that will compare favorably with any in the northern country; two extensive Blacksmith shops, and a Saddler's shop with a stook sufficient to supply material for re-

any in the northern country; two extensive Blacksmith shops, and a Saddler's shop with a stock sufficient to supply material for repairing all the Pack Rigging on the Boiso Roads, at a small advance on Portland prices.

The facilities for "imbibing," are at present rather limited, but Mr. W. B. Taylor, of Hotel celebrity, has just contracted for one of the best buildings in town, which he intends to open as a first class Saloon and Restaurant, with a large stock of choice wines and liquors. There has been about two thousand tons of good hay put up in the valley, and altogether I think it will prove a desirable place for packers to winter in.

There has been an unusual amount of sickness in the valley this season, but thanks to the skill of our resident physicians, the mortality has been very light, and at present we have every reason to congratulate our selves upon the health of the valley. On the 24th inst. a daughter of Mr. Harding, five years old, was so soverely burned by her clothes taking fire, that Dr. Stockton has some fears that the injuries may prove fatal.

Yesterday, Dr. Peyton was called to visit one of Mr. Chas. Russel's teamsters, near Lee's Encampment, who is supposed to be very severely injured, by the upsetting of a waggon.

The shooting affray, in which Mr. An

wargon.

The shooting affray, in which Mr. Andrew Morgau was fataly wounded, was before Justice Black for examination on the 23d inst. Mr. Van Lurvin was discharged for want of sufficient evidence in the opinion of the Court to convict him for trial—In connection with the subject, I will state that Mr. Van Lurvin came to this place at the time the affair occurred to place himself under arrest, but did not succeed in consequence of the absence of the Justice of the Peace.

In regard to the different routes to the

quence or the absence of the Justice of the Peace.

In regard to the different routes to the mines, I shall say but little and leave the traveling public to judge for themselves; but the time made by Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express waggon in the last trip is hard to beat; the express left Walla Walla at eleven o'clock on Weduceday night and arrived at this place at 8 o'clock, P. M., on Thursday; George Holmes, the obliging Messenger, has an eye to 'bis,' and brooks no delay at the stations. Travelers between Walla Walla and the mines will do well to patronize this line.

Gentlemen, if you doubt the veracity

pondents at Boise differ very widely in their speculations in relation to which way Boise County will cast her vote for Delegate at PLAYING IT Strong—A very able (bodied) and distinguished lawyer from the City of "Gath" in the misty land of Webfoot, who makes semi-annual visits to this county, so far as we are able to learn, pays his legal expresses in graphades. We make a county to the paper, says "Wallace will earry the county by a handsome majority." Domographs of the paper, says "Wallace will earry the county by a handsome majority." Domographs of the paper, says "Wallace will earry the county by a handsome majority." penses in greenbacks. We make no remarks upon the subject, but have come to the conclusion that his clients are greenback men, at least 1,000 majority." We shall soo know who has told the biggest "whopper."

Golden Age.

"Grom Copeland Townsend, Esq., just arrived from the Flat Head Indian Agency, we learn that Capt. John Mullan and his party had left the Coeur d'Alene Mission about the 10th inst., for the Kootensy country in the best of spirits. The people here are anxious for their success. The Captain and his party are sanguine that their expedition will present another vast gold field to the hopeful public."

"Capt. Fisk's Northern Overland escort arrived on the Cottonwood, in Deer Lodge valley, about the 1st inst., and went to Beaver Head with the intention of disposing of the outfit and returning to the Atlantis tates, via Salt Lake. We learn, also, that a party of surveyors came out with Capt. Fisk, to survey the boundary line between Washington and Idaho Territories.

BULLINGS.—Sundry neat, frame dwelting of the cooled and the cooled and and of the cooled and in good time. The exodus down and leave measure the collection of the cooled and in good time. The exodus down and leave measure the collection of the cooled and in good time. The exodus down and leave measure the collection of the professions, arts and trades are generally extendively represented in new countries; Walla Walla forms new countr

former merchant of Walla Walla, and party,

week en route for their homes in the Willamette.

Scrofula Cured. [EW ALBANY, IMD., Sept. 25, 1859. Scrofula Cured.

New Albary, Jam., Sept. 25, 1859.

Messars. A. I. Scovitt. & Co.—Gents.—In naswer to your inquiried about the cure of my son, I will say, that he is now ten years old, and has been scroful-lous from infancy, although under the care of one of the best-of physicians, who said that he could care him. Iii the first place, the disease made its appearance in small knots upon the glands of his neck, and, finally, they ulcerated and formed running sores, which reduced him almost to a skelston. He lost his appetite, and we gave him up and thought that he could not be cured. I got Dr. Mott's Liver Pills, following the directions. He had used them but a short time before he-was greatly relieved, and now he is entirely well.

ROBERT STILE.

ROBERT STILE.
REDINGTON & CO. Agents, 416 and 418 Front
freet San Francisco.
44w2

A Distressing Headache Cured.
CINCINNATI, August 18, 1852.
Dis. Baker: —I send you this statement that others similarly afflicted may know of your remedy. I have for many years been troubled with severe attacks of headache, which often reduced me to my bed. My sufferings have been very great, and no one can have any idea of their severity except those who have suffered with the same disease. I took your Pain Panacea, bathed my head with it, and rubbed it in well. I also took at the same time, one half a tea-Panacea, batted my nead with it, and runosed well. I also took, at the same time, one half a teaapoorfull of saleratus dissolved in one-fourth of a
umbler of water. Soon after I took a second does of
PANACEA, and it was just the thing for all the
world, for it knocked the pain cray, and I have not
had the headache since; for whenever I feel it coming on I take the Panacea, which slways checks it

ng on t take the Fanacca, which always enects it to ence.

EDWARD SAWYER.
Residence South side of Third st. opp. Burnet House

To Baker's Pain Panacca for sale by

REDINGTON & CO., Agents, 416 and 418 Fron street, San Francisco.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!! DOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE MIS. WINSLOWS

Scotling Syrap for Children Teething. This
valuable preparation is the prescription of ene of the
best female physicians and nurses in the United
States, and has been used for thirty years with nevor failing safety and success by millions of mothers
and children, from the feeble infant of one week old
to the adult. to the adult.

It not only relieves the child from pain but invis orates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

almost instantly relieve
GRIPING IN THE BOWELS AND WIND CHOLIC.
We believe it the Best and Surest Remedy in the
world, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHEEA
IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from Teething or

IN GHILDREN, whether it arises from Tecthing or from any other cause.
Full directions for using will accompany each bothe. None Genuine unless the face-imile of GURTIS & PERKINS, New York, on the outside wrapper.
Sold by all Medicine Dealers.
Principal office, 48 Dey street, NEW YORK.
REDINGTON & CO.,
416 and 418 Front atreet, San Francisco, sep.5,1863,m6

ep. 5, 1863, m6 Agents for California.

Frese's Hamburg Ten and Hamburg Plaster.—Frese's Hamburg Ten is a crative and preventive for Coughs, Severe Colds, Fever and Agne, Dyspepsia, Rhematian, and all emplaints a rishing from impurities of the blood. It cures Headacho, Bowel, impartities of the biood. It cures Headache, Howel, Kidney and Liver Complaints, cleaning and purify-ing the stefnach and blood. It is a preventive against Contagion, and its timely use will avert and noot any sickness. It restores appetite and is most pleasant and palatable to take. Being purely Veget-able it can with entire safety be given to children. One trial will convince any one of its excellent quali-ties, and once used, no family will do without it. "To cruard against continericits, observe the seal of les, and once used, as family To guard against counterfeits, observe the seal of rites & Co., Hamburg, on every genuine packagé. Fresc's liamburg Tea is the only genuine article. Sonwwight secured.

EMIL FRESE, San Francisco, } J. C. FRESE & Co., Hamburg, } Proprietors Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast, to whom alors must be addressed, REDINGTON & CO.

416 and 418 Front stre

San Faancisc

FASHION SALOON, Wallula, W. T. THE BEST QUALITY OF Wines, Liquors, and Cigars

Phelan Billiard Table June 27th, 1863. 25tf] J. M. VANSYCKLE.

THIBODO, CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA, W. T. ( Four doors above the Jail. )

HAS on HAND, AND IS CONSTANTLY Receiving fresh supplies of

DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
Patent Medicines
TRUSSES,

eriumery, Soaps, Brushes, Combs, &c., &c.

BRANDY, SHERRY and PORT WINES For Medicinal Purposes.

23 Prescriptions carefully filled. [Oct.3, 1863.

Walla Walla Bakery

PROVISION STORE. O. BRECHTEL,

BREAD, PILOT BREAD, CAKES, and Crackers of all kinds. d Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Family GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES,

Wines, Liquors and Cigars. MRCHANTS, PACKEKS and others, in want of CRACKERS to ship to the mines will find it to their advantage to call on me before going else where, as I will sell them

Cheaper than they can be Imported.

AW Bread promptly delivered to any part of the city.

city.
Customers will place call at the Bakery and state
where they will have their bread left.
The wagon will go 'round the city every morning
and afternoon.
Oct. 3, 1863.

Warren W. Gifford's Estate WRITTER W. Gifford's Estate.

LETTERS of Administration lawing been granted to the undersigned the Private Court of the undersigned the Private Court of the undersigned the Private Court of the United States of the Unit

HODGE & CALEF. Wholesale Druggists,

97 Front Street, PORTLAND, OREGON, OFFER FOR SALE Alcohol, Barrels and Cases,

Lard Kerosene Oil, all qualities; White Lead in Kegs and pails; Turpentine; Varnishes;

Painter's stock : Machine Oil; Tanner's Oil; Kerosene Lamps

Window Glass, and

Linseed Oil "

Quicksilver, At the lowest Market Rates

Drugs and Medicines.

We invite the particular attention of the trade to ar present large and well-argorited stock in this line, and to our extra facilities for supplying them at very ow rates,—importing as we do, Direct from Eas-

HODGE & CALEF, Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Oils,
07 Front street, Portland

E. J. DE HART

John R. Foster & Co,

Pr nt Street, Portland, CALL T E ATTENTION of COUN.

HARDWARE Mechanics' and Miners' Tools.

Shovels, long and short handled; Spades, long and short handled; Sluice Forks and Brushes: Wright's Picks; Drifting Pick Hickory Pick and Ax Handles; Hunt's Axes, handled and unhandled; Sledges, c. s. and Double Face. Crow Bars; Steel;

Whip, Cross-out and Mill Saws: Rocker Irons, Mining and Fry Pans Nails, of all sizes;

Manilla Rope, from 1 to 4 inches in diameter : Ox Yokes and Ox Bows;

Together with a Full assortment of SHELF and BUILDER'S HARDWARE

rates. Extra Inducements offered for Cash. May 2, 1863.

KYGER & REESE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, MINING IMPLEMENTS

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, a PAINTS, OILS Wines and Liquors,

Fire-proof Brick, Main Street, Walla Walla May 2, 1863. 20ly

J. C. ISAACS.

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,

Hardware, Groceries, Clothing, Miners' Tools, etc. Main street, next door to Printing Office

WHEAT, BARLEY and OATS taken in exchang RE-OPENING Challenge Saloon!

Main Stroot, Walla Walla.

Tills WELL-KNOWN ESTABLISEMENT, has been thoroughly renevated and resisted and res Now Open to the Public

Just received a full supply of the finest brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars No mains will be spared by the propretors to make the "Challenge," as it always has been, a pleasant place of resur. CALL AND SEE THE NEW IMPROVEMENTS BALL & NTONE, Proprietors.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

The Oregon Steam Navigation Co's STEAMERS

NEZ PERCES CHIEF, Capt. Frank Coe, SPRAY. - Capt. Chas. Felton. regularly from CELILO to Umatilla and Wallula

Tosedays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

PALEODA CARS TO CONVEY PASSENGERS to the Steamer, will start from Dalles at 8 o'clock, A. M. Ketarning, will leave Wallula Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 6 o'clock, A. M. and Unstilla, at 7 a. M., connecting with Train at Cellio for Dalkes, some day.

FOR PORTLAND: The Steamer ONEONTA, Capt J. McNulty, will leave Dales daily, (Sundaye excepted) at 5 o'clock A.M., for Gascades, connecting with the Steame WILSON G. HUNT, Capt, Wolf, for Porland. J. C. AllXWORTH, Prest. By L. Day, Ag't, Wallula, Wallula, 8, 1863,

WALLULA HOTEL WALLULA, W. T. WALLULA, W. T.

J. M. VANSYCKLE, Proprietor.
SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS FOR
The Traveling Public.
June 27th, 1862. 22tf

Notice to Farmers.

I WILL GIVE 6 cents per pound for Threshed change for Lumber, and \$9.60 per bushel for Corn in the ear-72 lbs. per bashel.

S. LINKTON. no car-72 lls. per based.

8. LINKTON. Dated this left day of September, A. D. 1863. — Survey of September of S

DR. WM. HALL'S Balsam For the Lungs

FOR THE CURE OF

Consumption, Decline, Asthma,
Bronchitis, Wasting of Flesh, Night
sweats, Spitting of blood, Whooping con
Difficulty of Breathing, Colds, Coughs
Influenza Phthisic, Pain in the Sid 2,
and all Diseases of the Lungs. 0 IT IS UNEQUALED.

We have certificates of the strongest and me positive nature, from the following parties, w are well known in the places where they live One from John Runyon, Waverly, Iowa,

One from Samuel Leaman, Camden, Hillsda na One from Eli Budd, of Athens, Ill., who was

One from Dr. A. G. Koom, Bloomfield, Town One from Robert C. ; hinn, of Marion, Iowa One from M. M. Van Duesin, Springfield, Ill-inois, the remedy for Lung diseases.

inois, the remedy for Lung assessment of the better adapted to pulmonary discusses than any other known remedy, as they have tried them all ough of nine years' standing—an astonishing Pearl and Western Row, Cincinnati, O.

We certify to the genuineness of the above confidences and could furnish hundreds of others of stare quite as interesting to all suffering from disease of the Lungs and Throat.

BALSAM for the Luugs, which is warranted to cure.
For sale by all the principal Druggists everywhere, and by REDINGTON & CO.,
Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast,
14 and 418 Front street, San Francisco.
40ly

SCOVILL'S A tunimber to purify and cleanse the blood, leaving it free from all more and impurities. we assert with confidence that there is no bette emedy than SCOVILL'S BLOOD AND LIVER

BLOOD and LIVER SYRUP. Give it a trial. It cannot fail to do you Good. For sale by all Druggists. REDINGTON & CO., Agents, 416 and 418 Front street, San

SYRUP.

1 ly As a remedy to purity and MORHERS HO WISH TO FIND eleanse the blood, leaving it free from all humors A MEDICINE PECUand impurities, we assert LIARLY AADPTED TO with confidence that there THE CURE OF HUis nothing better than MORS AND ERUP SCOVILL'S BLOOD AND FIONS IN THEIR CHILDREN, WILL LIVER SYRUP. CHILDREN, WILL
FIND A SAFE AND SURE ONE IN SCOVILL'S FIND A SAFE AND SURE ONE IN SCOTTLEY
BLOOD AND LIVER SYRUP, WHICH IS ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST BLOOD
MEDICINE KNOWN. YOUNG AND OLD
SHOULD USE IT, PHYSICIANS ATTEST TO
THIS. FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE, AND BY REDINGTON & CO., SOLE
AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC COAST, 416 and
418 PRONT STREET, Sân Francisco.

Hurgren & Shindler, MANUFACTURERS D WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FURBITURE SE AND BEDDING

Coiner First and Salmon streets.

PORTLAND.

In our goods in the upper country, we have and all keep constantly on hand a full supply of such goods as are suitable for shipping over long and expensive freight routes, being enrichally and compactly put up in boxes—as for example:

On the constant of the control of the co

ight feet, and other articles in proportion

FULLU,

Clean and Desirable Article for Bedding
It can be used icose, as feathers, and is castly
made into leady. A bale of 100 pounds measures from eight to nine feet, and so in
proportion to weight.

OUR WARTE-ROOMS

ARE FULSE BUTTI

New and Elegant Styles of Goods.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Gilt and Fancy Mirrors, UPHOLSTERING GOODS, Hair Cloth, Bed and Sofa Springs. Gilt Moldings and Picture Frames MADE TO ORDER.
PATENT IRON BEDFASTENINGS, For Bedsteads.

THE BEST GLUE, In boxes of thirty pounds, will be seld very be \$25^o\text{Orders by express or otherwise will be willy and satisfactorily filled. So SUINDLER, COPER Flet and Salmon streets Or 2d street from river, opposite Court Houlytt

Portland, Oregon

ASSAY OF FICE GOLDSMITH BRO'S,

GOLD, SILVER, and other MINERALS, Guarantee

THE CORRECTNESS OF THEIR BARS. Pay the Highest Price for Gold Dust. Corner Front and Alder Streets.

PORTLAND, OREGON.
Jan. 10, 1863 2:4ly, Administrator's Notice.

Administrator's Notice. TERRITORY OF IDAID,

In the matter of the Edate of Proper J. Piette, dec'd.

NOTICE is hereby given to all creditors of the said deceased, that all persons having claims against the said Proper J. Piette, dec'd, must present them, with the necessary vouchers, within one year after this date, to me, at my residence. In Conterville, in said country flosies, or said claims will be harred in accordance with the statute in such components.

C. JACOBS & CO.

Wholesale and retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, Hardware, Cuttery, and Queensware. good assortment of Wines and Liquors always on

on hand; also, MINERS' TOOLS AND SUPPLIES, #2" Please call and examine our stock, remember ng always that it is no trouble to us to show goods G. JACOBS & CO. Walla Walla, Nov. 22, 1861.

W. Weatherford.

IMPORTING DRUGGIST.

OFFERS AT WALESALE AND RETAIL, THE DRUGS, PAINTS and OILS

ALCOHOL,

TUBPENTINE, VARNISHES:

Coal Oil, (Best Qality, Warranted erushes, Dye stuffs; WINDOW GLASS, WHITE LEAD,

ZINC, LINSEED OIL, With an oadlessa riety of PAINTER'S MATERIALS:

PATENT MEDICINES

Toilet Articles,
And in fact everything wanted in a Having recently received large invoices and being in constant receipt of goods from the EASTERN MARKETS, we are well prepared to furnish to

FRESH AND RELIABLE ARTICLES,

Reasonable Rates, ave our arrangements completed in the East lying Goods Direct from the Manufac Patronage Solicited. We are certain of giv-

Tell Patrounge Solieted. We are certain of givng satisfaction in every particular, reW. WEATHERFORD,
No. 139 Front Street, Portland, OregoniJune 6, 1863.

ASSAY OFFICE.

TRACK CO EXING,
ASSAVERS,
PORTLAND, ...... OREGON.

E. W. TRACY.
MARK A. KING, Late Assistant Assayer in the U. WE CALL ATTENTION to the following Cer-

WE CALL ATTENTION to the following Certificates:

"BEANCH OF THE MIXT OF THE WINTED STATES,
SAN PHANCHEO, CALIFORNIA,
"This is to certify that MARK A. KING has been engaged as an Assistant Assigns in the United States Mint at San Francisco, from Oct., 1873 until the present time. His manipulations as an assayer where a failure of the services of a reliable, practical Assayer may feel omthere of the services of a reliable, practical Assayer may feel omthere in engaging Mr. King
[Signed] CONNAD WEIGAND, Assayer.

We make returns for dust deposited with us for assay in six hours.

We are prepared to advance coin on dust for assay:

OFFICE No. 58, Front Street, Directly Opposite WELLS, FARGO & CO. We Pay the Highest Price for Gold Dust.

July 18. 1865—11.

LAWRENCE & HOUSEWORTH, opticians,

Importers and Dealers in OPTICAL, MATHEMATICAL Philosopical Instruments,

Stereoscopie Goods, Photographic Albums,
CARTES DE VISITE,
And Joseph Rodgors & Sons' Superior
Cutlery.
637 Clay Street, San Francisco.

AVE FOR SALE THE LARGEST and BEST assortment on the Pacific coast, to which they rould eall the attention of the public and the trace-or more thanks, we feel condident that purchasers will really promote their own interest by selecting our rates. from first hands, we feel confident that purchasers will really promote their own interest by selecting from our stock.

Complete calalogues of Cartes de Visite, Steréoscopie and other Goods sold by us may be had on application, or will be sent to any address, by mail;

1037 Address visiting this city are cordially invited to inspect only stock, and they can be assured that is call will not incur the least obligation to purchase.

Country orders respectfully solicited.

LAWHENCE & HOUSEWORTH.

637 Clay Street, San Francisco.

SCHWABACKER BRO'S & CO., WALLA WALLA

ORO FINOCITY, W.T.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS. Clothing of all descriptions; Mons' and boys' hats and caps; Gents' and boys' farnishing goods;

Staple and Fancy Groceries, PROVISIONS, WINES AND LIQUORS.

Cigars, Crockery and Glassware, Hardware, and Tinware. We call the attention of the public to our well-as-sorted stock of MINING IMPLEMENTS. eive goods of the latest styles and use reguarly by every steamer and sailing vessel from San-

see, and are thus enabled to offer

ANY OTHER HOUSE In this Upper Country.

Orders from the Country promptly attended to see Produce bought at market rates.

TRACY & CO.'S 

From Portland to all Points in Boise Mines-Through Direct! LEAVES PORTLAND every Monday morning;

Mrs. Lofty and I. Misters Lofty some a carrige.
So do 1:
She had be grays to draw it,
Nore have 1:
She's no product with her coachman
Than am 1.
With my blue-yed laughing baby,
Thuching by.
Inde his face less she should see
The cherub boy and envy me.

Her fine husband has white fingers,
Mine has not;
He could give his bride a palace—
Mine a cot;
Hers comes home beneath the starlight—
No'er cares she;
Mine comes in the purple twilight—
Kisses me.

Mino comes in the purple twilight—
Kisses me.
And prays that he who turns life's sands
Will hold his loved ones in His hands.

Will find the lower was a manuscript of the lower in the

She has these who love her—station,
None have i;
But I've ook true hear teside me,
Pd not change it for a kingdom,
No, not i;
God will weight it no balance,
By and bye,
And the difference define
'Twixt Mistress Lofty's wealth and mine.

EDITING A COUNTRY PAPER.—Editing country newspaper is a very pleasant business, as will appear from the following, which are some of the objections urged against its ade-

quate support.

If it contains too much political matter

quate suppose.

If it contains too much possible people don't want it.

If it contains too little they won't have it,

If the type is large it don't contain enough reading matter.

If the type is large it don't contain enough reading matter.

If small, they can't read it.

If telegraphic reports are published, folks say they are nothing but lies.

If they are omitted, people say the lazy publisher has no enterprise, or, suppresses them for political purposes.

If we have a few jokes people say we are nothing but a rattle-head.

If we omit the jokes they say we are a dull old fogy.

If we publish original matter on every page, they damn us for not giving selections. If we give a man complimentary notices, we are censured for being partial.

If we do not, all hands say we are a greedy hog.

hog.

If we insert an article which pleases the ladies, the men are jealous and say we are If we do not cater to the tastes and wish-

of the ladies, the paper is not fit to have

in their houses.

Every advertiser wants his advertisement in the "leading column."

If we attend church, they say it is only for affect we're not religious.

If we attend church, they say it is only for effect—wo're not religious.

If we do not, they denounce us as immoral and desperately wicked.

If we speak well of any act of the President, they say we dare not do otherwise.

If we censure him, they call us rebel and traitor.

If we censure nim, sucy can be straiter.

If we remain in our office and attend closely to our own business, we are called proud stuck-up and very mean.

If we go out and "mingle," they say we are never to be found at the office, we are "shiftless" and won't last long.

If we do not pay our bills more promptly than any body else, people say we are not to be trusted.

be trusted.

If we do pay our debts promptly, they wink at one another and say they know where we got the money—we have sold ourselves to the opposition political party.

If we wear plain common clothing, they say business is poor, and we are rapidly going to the dogs.

If we wear good ones, they say we are a pendthrift, putting on airs and will burst

spendthrit, putting on any and which where your very soon.

Now, under these circumstances, what "show" has the poor devil of an editor, in the midst of such patriots? Can anybody offer "good and wholesome advice" in this matter? shall we try to please "everybody" or permit "everybody" to flicker?

THE SNAKE RIVER EXPLOSION.—Mr. Kennedy, a gentleman well known to the citizens, particularly miners, of the Boise Basin, arrived in Bannock on Wednesday last, direct from the Snake river mines. He brings no favorable report, but, on the other hand, he is satisfied that the excitement has proved a complete humbug. Mr. K. informs us that a large number of persons, who left here when this excitement was first caused, are on their return, and that a great many more will follow. He is satisfied, after dilligently prospecting, that no diggings exist out there to justify a heedless rush in that direction. The letters reported to have been received by parties here, from one Mr. Thomas, speaking encouragingly of the Snake river excitement, Mr. Kennedy thinks have never been received, as Mr. Thomas is a partner of Mr. Kennedy's. That there may be good diggings in that direction, Mr. K. does not doubt; but he thinks it foolish in partics to rush out without some ecrtain-K. does not doubt; but he thinks it foolish in partice to rush out without some certainty as to the locality of the mines. He says it is almost impossible for stock to stand the trip, and provisions are so scarce as to make the venture decidedly dangerous, owing to the lateness of the season. Other parties will be in in a day or so, who will doubtless confirm Mr. K.'s statement.—Idaho Dem.

LAROR DESPISED.—Mrs. Kemble, in her "Residence in Georgia," thus tersely speaks of the social status of labor in the South:

"The Northern farmer thinks it no shame to work. The Southern planter does; and there begins and ends the difference in their there begins and each the dimerence in their condition. Industry, man's crown of honor clsewhere, is in the South his badge of utter degradation; and so comes all by which they are surrounded—pride, profligacy, cruelty, cowardice, idleness, ignorance, squalor, dirt and ineffable abasement."

THE Pacific ocean covers seventy-eight millions of square miles; the Atlantic, twen ty-five millions.

A man in a neighboring town, who served four days on a jury, says he is so full of law, that it is hard work for him to keep from cheating somebody.

L. J. RECTOR, County Auditor of Walla Walla Co., W. T. with Clerk of the U. S. Disrtict Court,

City of Walla Walla.

DEEDS, MORTGAGES, Powers of Attorney, and oll or instruments of writing carefully drawmup, and acknowledgments taken. Instruments for any part of the United States Acknowledged or Certified under the Seal of the District Court. Aug. 6, 1369.—4t L. J. RECTOR.

Walla Walla Drug Store. Walla Walla Land Back Exchange.

JUST RECEIVED AND FORSALE cheap for Cash, a complete and fresh assort.

ment of Drugs,
Chemicals, Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Putty Window-glass, Varnishes, Brushes, Fatent Medi-wes, Lamps, and Crystal IlluminatiogKerosene, to high I-invite the attention of the citizens of Walla Walla and vicinity.

ss Prescriptions put up with care and Advice Gratts.

DR.JAMES S. CRAIG. Gratis. Jan. 31, 1863.

H. H. BLACK,

DENTIST, Late of the Cincinnati College of Dental Surgery.
OFFICE and LABORATORY No. 10 Alder Street, four Doors from F-PORTLAND, OREGON, Artificial Teeth of my own manufacture in by overy method known to the profession. Portland, Nov. 15, 1862.

WALTER W. JOHNSON,

COUNTY SURVEYOR,
Civil Engineer and Notary Public.

L AND CLAIMS adjusted. Surveys, Plats and Maps made with accuracy to order. Levels taken; Profiles and Estimates made increased in the profiles and Estimates made increased in the profiles and Special Conference of the programment of the profiles of the

PORWARDING AND COMMISSION Merchant,
Frontstreet, Fortland, Oregon.
Importer and dealer in Eastern Wagon Timber,
tubs, Spokes, Pelloes, &c.
Also on hand and for sale a General Assortment
of Oregon Produce.
of the Celebrated Standard
Mills Florr on hand and for sale in lots to suit.
1y

H. LAW & CO., Dalles and Portland.

H. & CO. have constantly on hand and for sale, at the Dalles,

All Kinds of Flour,

—including—

Standard, Mission and Magnolia Mills, which they will sell at Portland prices, with the ruling freight added.

Orders for all kinds of WAGON TIMBER eller with dispatch.

H. LAW & CO.

H. LAW & CO. H. LAW & CO. Portland. Dalles, May 9, 1863.

HOWARD HOUSE. Near the Ocean Steamship Landing,

Portland, Oregon.

JAS. W. GOING, Proprietor.

Sharges Moderate.
and Dec. 20, 1862. 2:1ly

B. MEYER,
MANUFACTURER of and Wholesale and Redealer in

Lager Beer.

Brewery East end (of town, Walla Walla, W. T

CITY BREWERY SALOON.

Min street, opposite D. S. Bader's Brick Store Constantly on hand a well-selected stock of Sept. 12, 1863.

E. G. RANDALL,

DEALER in MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
Sheet Music, Music Books, Strings, and 

DENNISON HOUSE, [Formerly Metropolis Hotel,] CORNER OF FRONT AND STARK ST'S

CURNER OF FRONT AND STARK STS.

POrtland, Oregon.

A. KINNEY, PROPRIETOR.

THIS HOTEL IS NOW OPEN FOR THE REception of guests, and will be conducted in all to b

J. M. VANSYCKLE,

- . . . vansyckle,
--Wholesele and RetailCOMMISSION MERCH'T,
May 16, 1863. NEW and CHEAP

Furniture, Bedding, Upholstery Establishment
Next Walla Walla Hotel.

NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES OF GOODS Mahogany Bureaus, BEDSTEADS AND CHAIRS, &C., &C.

SPRING AND PULU MATTRESSES Office Furniture,
SOFAS AND LOUNGES,
LOOKING GLASSES, &c., &c.
ROGERS &CO.,
walla Walla, Sept. 10, 1863.

VAN DYK & WHITMAN'S LIVERY and EXCHANGE STABLES.

OUR COMPLETE AND FULL LIVERY STOCK, with all the paraphernalia pertaining to a first class establishment, on Main Street, Walla Walla, will beat the public service at fair remunerative rates. Stable Open Day and Nickt,

r the accommendation of the accommendation o all occasions, furnished.
50 HEAD OF HORSES,

for parties en route for the mines, at LOW PRICES.
Everything pertaining to our line of business, vare prepared to furnish with dispatch and at satisfactory rates.

VAN DYK & WHITMAN, Walla Walla, March 15, 1862. NEW

FURNITURE BEDDING

Upholstery Establishment. between Taylor and Yamhill, Portland EMIL, LOWENSTEIN & CO..

HAVE constantly on hand for the Trade all kinds of Household Furniture for 1.1. of Household Furthure for Parlors, Cambers, Dining Rooms and Kitchens-Chairs, Tables, Bedsteads, Whatnots, Sideboards OFFICE FURNITURE, And all other articles of Furniture usually kept in well regulated establishment of this kind.

Spring Mattresses and Bedding
of all descriptions.
All orders from the upper country promptly attended to. We will ship anything in our line in original packages, if required.
EMIL. LOWENSTEIN & CO. EMIL, LOWENSTEIN & CO., First street, Portland.

c. N. HUMISTON, J. Y. WILSON, Portland. | GEO. W. STEVENS | Sansome streets, San Francisco.

HUMISTON, WILSON & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS

Fine Brandies, Wines LEQUIDES. -Fire-Proof Brick Store, Front street

· PORTLAND, OREGON. WE TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING TO our old patrons and the public of Oregon and Washington Territory generally, that we have established a trade and facilities for importing oroline of goods that defice competition; also, that we are selling goods in our lines and guaranteeing them to be genine; our stock being at all times subject to the strictest chemical analysation.

No Trade Solicited Except in Fine Liquors Our Stock consists in part of

FINE old BRANDY

OTARD, DUPUY & CO.,

JAMES HENESEY. UNITED VINEYARD PROPRIETORS,

A. BONIOTT & CO.,

PINETT, CASTILLON & CO.,

Union of the Proprietors, C. MARQUET, A. SEIGNETTE And Various Other Brands.

Fine Old Port SHERRY WINES

Pure old Oporto Port, Fine old Burgundy Port, (sweet an

Duff Gordon, Pale and Golden sherry, Harmony Nephews,

AND COBBLER SAERRY, FINE & HEAVY.

Champagne and Case Wines, OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

\_FINE OLD RUM, JAMAICA RUM, ST. CROIX, DO.

PURE HOLLAND GIN.

FINE OLD WHISKEYS, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.

Stewart's and Harvey's Old Scotch, O'Neill's Fine Old Malt.

OLD BOURBON,

OF THE FINEST QUALITY.

Superior Old Rye. OLD PEACH and CHERRY BRANDY of Superior Quality.

Also, a large assortment of Case Goods of every des-cription used in the liquor trade.

N. B.—We have at all times large quantities of Liquors, put up in suitable packages for packing to the mines.

Orders from merchants and dealers respectfully so-cited.

HUMISTON, WILSON & CO.

HOWARD & CADY,

MAIN ST., WALLA WALLA, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

CLOTHING, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &c THE attention of the citizens of this town and surrounding country, is respectfully called to the fact that I am prepared with a complete stock of goods in the above line, to offer good bargains to purchasers. I shall do a

ors. I shall do a

GENERAL MERCHANDISE BUSINESS,
and will endeavor to keep constantly on hand a full
assortment of

DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS and SHOES,
HATS and CAPS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS & PROVISIONS & PROVISIONS & P

PROVISIONS, &c
Also a full assortment of
Miners' and Packers' Goods.

Walla Walla Brewery.

JOSEPH HELLMUTH,

LAGER BEER. And Wholesale and Retail Dealer
WINES and LIQUORS,
MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA.

THE proprietor keeps constantly on hand vand liquors of all kinds, and of the best brand will always take great pleasure in waiting all who may visit his well-arranged saloon.

Nov. 20, 1861.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE. Abbott's Old Stand.

J. F. ABBOTT, - - PROPRIETOR. These premises, for the better accommodation of the public. The proprietor will spare no efforts temerit—as he hopes to receive—a living share of pul

HORSES TO LET, OR HIRE, y the day or week, at moderate prices; also Horses iken to keep, on terms satisfactory to parties. The patronage of the public is most respectfully stated.

The patronage of the public is olicited. Walla Walla Aug. 1, 1863.—tf Watch Repairing.

The subscriber would inform the citizens of Walla Walla and vicinity that any work entrusted to his care (through the express) will receive his personal attention. From his long experience in the basiness, he is enabled to perform it in a manuer unsurpassed in the State. Charges as low as elsewhere, and all work war-

anted.

He is also prepared to fill any orders in the Watch
and Jewelry Business, with dispatch, at the lowest
lossible prices.

Portland, Oregon, April 7, 1862.

[19m6]

WESTERN HOTEL. CORNER OF FIRST AND MORRISON STREET Portland, Oregon.

S. D. SMITH, - - PROPRIETOR.

THIS HOTEL is centrally located, and has been recently enlarged by the addition of two stories in heights containing a large number of Hard-finished Well Yentillated Rooms, for the accommodation of regular or transient bearders May 2, 1832.

1863. BROWN BRO'S & CO,. 1863. BOOKS and STATIONERY.

PIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDING,

MAIN AND THIRD STREETS, WALLA WALLA, W. T. CORNER

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL -DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC-

BEATES AND CAPS, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Crockery, Glassware, &c. &c.

HAVING A BUYER IN SAN FRANCISCO, WE FLATTER OURSELYES WE ARE ENABLED to offer greater inducements to purchasers than any other house in the city.

Our present large stock embarces a full line of

French and English Merinoes; rich, new styles of All-wool and Fulard DeLaines; fine Bombasines; plain and figured Alpaceas, Half and all-wool Plaids; Poplins and Debaises; a fine assortment of American and French Prints, Unshrinkable Flannels, all kinds; Opera Flannels, all colors.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!

CLOAKS! CLOAKS!

Fine Brosha, Stella, Wool and Crape. It Fine Cloth and Silk Velvet. DOMESTICS.—Shirtings, Sheetings, Drills, Denims, Hickorys, Ticking, Bleached and Brown Linens, Canton Flannel, Kentucky Jeans, Satinets, Blankets, &c. &c.

EMBROIDERINGS.—Collars, Cuffs, Sleeves and Bands, and Swiss Mulla.

Woolen Goods: Ladies', Misses and Infants' Hoods, Sontags, Scarfs, Comforters Gloves, Mits, &c

> Carpeting, Drugget, Oil Cloth and Matting. CE COTE BEING.

Our stock of Clothing consists of

FINE, FRENCH CLOTH FROCK AND OVERCOATS, FRENCH DOESKIN PANTS,

Broadway styles of Cassimere Pants,
New styles Silk Velvet, Cassimere and Cloth Vests;
Davis & Jones' Patent Yoke Shirts;
Shaker Flannel, Silk and Merino Undershirts and Drawers;
McClellan and Beauregrad Ties;
Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs.

GROCERIES:

N. O., S. F. R. China, Island, and Crushed Sugars.

Costa Rica, Laguira, Java, Manilla, and Rio Coffee,
China and Japan Teas, Green and Black; Soap, Candles,
Apples, Peaches, Soda, Cream Tartar, Yeast Powd's, Pepper, Spice and Canned Goods of every Description,

FLOUR, BACON, BEANS AND LARD.

Especial attention is called to our

Large Stock of Miners' Outfitting Goods, WHICH EMBRACES EVERYTHING IN THAT LINE.

2:41y

BROWN BRO'S & CO. Jan. 10, 1863.

WALLA WALLA SASH AND DOOR

MANUFACTORY.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD Respectfully inform the citizens of Walla Walla articlinity that the above establishment is now on pleted. Their facilities for the manufacture of

Sash, Doors and Window Blinds will enable them to furnish those articles 'at a lowe price than any other establishment in the Territory They will also manufacture and keep constantly of hand a full assortment of FURNITURE,

OF THE LATEST STYLES
And Best Workmanship, At Reduced Prices.

Their assortment in this line will comsist in part of of the following articles: of the following articles:
BEDSTEADS, SOFAS, LOUNGES
Spring Matrussies,
Tables, Washstands, Bureaus, Wardrobes
MEAT SAFES, AND CHAIRS.

They will also Plane Flooring, Weatherboarding, lumber for Cornices, Mouldings, &c. They will pay particular attention to Building Ir all its branches and will furnish Plans and Specifications.

FO TURNING DONE TO ORDER. "63 Alder Street Near Upper End.
ROGERS & MONSON.
B. BOOERS.
L. B. MO
Dec. 6, 1862.

BAKFERY. Street, Walla Walla. Next door to Brown Bro. & Co's.

M. PEFFERLEE & CO. H AVE recently opened a Bakery in connection with thei Saloon, and are now prepared to furnish the public with Bread, Cakes, Pies and Confectioneries

and will deliver them to any part of the city.

Constantly on hand, ember 20, 1862.—1:13ly. WEIBERG & STROWBRIDGE,

BOOTS, N SHOES, LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

OUR Stock is selected by a practical workman, and consists of a full assortment of

Sewed and Pegged Boots Calf and Kip Boots, MINERS' BOOTS,

OF THE BEST MAKE.
Ladies', Misses' and Chileren's
CONGRESS BOOTS and SHOES

LEATHER. Our stock of Loather is large and well selected, an Santa Gruz and Oregons to Leather, Fronch, Americas and Oregon Kip and Calf, Fronch, Americas, and Oregon Kip and Calf, Harmes, And American, and Belt Leather, French and American, and English and English States, Feel, Feel, Shoe thread and Shoe Findings, Latt., Feel, Shoe thread and Shoe Findings. Orders solicited and promptly filled.

City Boot and Shoe Store,
Elly Front street, Portland, Oregon.

HORSES, WAGONS AND HARNESS.

For Sale.

15 HEAD of fine American Work Horses;
2 eight Passeuger Wagons, and
5 to of four-horse Concord Harness. E. L. JAMES, at Wells, Fargo & Co. Walla Walla, Aug. 1, 1862.—tf

WELLS, FARGO & Co.'s ECXEPERED SS .

WELLS, PARGO & CO, HAVE EXTENDED taleir express to VANCOUVER, CASCADES, DALLES, WALULA, (Old Pt. Walla Walla, ORO FINO, PIERCE CITY, ELIK CITY and the SALMON MINES.

ELK CITY and the SALMON MINES.

L. JAMES will act as our Agent at Walla Walla
E. W. TRACY,

Superintendent for Oregon and Washington;

A list of agents will be published as soon as practicable, and each agent will be fruit as commented to the commented of these doing basiness with us.

No person is authorized to contract any indebtedness for us except the Agent or Superintendent.

Aby 2, 1852.—2011.

French & Gilman,

Foreign and Domestie Wines, Liquors, AND GROCERIES, Main Street, Dalles.

Main Street, Dalles.

W E would respectfully inform the public that we are constantly in receipt of choice
Native and European Wiles,
Pereign Brandles, of favorite brands,
Hudson Bay Co.s. "Martel Brandy,"
Rochelle and Bord Singerfor Run,
Rochelle and Bord Singerfor Run,
Manufactured solely for English market.
London Port and Sherry Wines.
Old Holland Gin, Scheldam Schnapps,
designed for medical purposes.
Swan Clin, and other brands,
Old Bourbon, Mononghela and Rye Whiskey,
Corduits and Sitters, of at idescriptions.

GROCERIES, suitable for Miners. and
Miners' Ouffits in general.

11y

LA GRANDE LIVERY, SALE and FEED STABELS

LA GRANDE, : : : : : OREGON, H. A. Murray,.....Proprietor A NNOUNCES to his numerous friends and the traveling public in general that he is now established at La Grande, Oregon, where he is sup-

Horses, for Saddle and Harness Use; CARRIAGES,
BUGGIES,
WAGONS, &c., &c.,
For the accommodation of the public and at
PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
26ty

TIMES. EMPIRE HOTEL -AND-

RESTAURANT: MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA.
"Captain Jack,":::: Proprietor.

THE ABOVE HOTEL. HAVING BEEN MUCH enlarged and otherwise greatly improved, is again open to the public. As it has hereforfore been the best Hotel and Restaurant in Walla Walla, it is now conceded to be the best house east of Portland. It will be conducted as heretofore, on the hotel and restaurant principle—

Meals at all Hours, Day and Night. feed Creams, Oysters Soups, or any other "extras" served those who may desire them. A full stock of Fine Wines, for Table Use, Rept constantly on hand.

NEW SUITES OF ROOMS FOR SLEEPING Apartments have been added to the house and furnished in such manner as to make the Empire not only a good boarding-house, but a comfortable home for the traveler and boarder,

the traveler and boarder.

The proprietor returns thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore extended him, and feels confident
that with his new improvements he can render the
sejourn of strangers with him in every respect comfortable.

Sept. 5, 1862.

CITY Book Store. Post Office Building,

MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA, W. T. E. E. KELLY, Proprietor. Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Just received, a large assortment of Blank Books and Stationery. JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Among his stock is a general assortment of sisting of \_\_ Bound Books, Consisting of—
Bibles, Hymn Books, Testaments and Prayer
Books, of all kinds: Pootical Works, Baneroft's
Lawyer, Histories, Griß Books, and a general assertment of Miscellaneous works.

School Books.

a large assortment of School Books, of Sanders and the National Series, and all other kinds of books in use in the orders from any of the districts will be promptly filled.

Blank Books:

Together with a general as Miscellaneous Articles:

Furniture! Furniture! BEDDING! TATT BEDDING!!

BURNHAM'S New Ware Rooms, 110 FIRST STREE, PORTLAND, OREGON
WHERE can be found the largest and best asleated stock of Furniture, Carpets, &c., con
sisting in part of

OIL CLOTH, WALL PAPER, &c.

RICH PARLOR SETS, Marble-top and other Chamber Sets, OFFICE FURNITURE, KITCHEN DO., SOFAS, BUREAUS AND CHAIRS

Center, Card and Common Tables, and every description of Furniture Curled Hair, Pulu, Moss, and We MATRASSES,

FEATHER and PULU PILLOWS.

Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANTS, AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, PORK, BACON, LARD AND FRUIT, SALT, LIME, CEMENT & PLASTER. WILL give particular attention to the purchase of Mcrchandise of any description, in the New York, San Francisco, Victoria, and Portland

LINETON'S

AGAIN IN OPERATION, And ready to furnish Lumber at all times.

MILL situate on the New Wagon Road across the mountains, twenty miles from town.

Price of Lumber at Mill, for ord'nary, \$30 per.M. Terms Cash, unless by special agreement.
Lumber will not be delivered without the money,
or an order from the proprietor.
S. LINKTON. Proprietor.
Walla Walla, Aug. 1, 1863.—1y

FRANK'S HOTEL, Cor. Main and 3d sts.,
Walla Walla, W. T. FRANK CARPEID, PROPRIETOR.

First Class Hotel and Restaurant.

Willbe suppled with the best LIQUORS AND CIGARS the country can afford.
The proprietor bepes, through his long experience
in the business, and an extensive acquaintance to mer.
it and receive a liberal share of the public patronage
Singes will arrive at and depart from the above
house.
FRANK CARPEID.
Dec. 20, 1862.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A The Mouth of Payette River Walla Walla, Grand Ronde and Auburn

Man of storage with the best kind of grass for an imals on this road, with good comping places at convenient distances.

M. 5, 1869.

M. MOORE & CO.

Dec. 13, 1865.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND, assortment of School Bo

A large assortment of Blank Books, full and half-bound, of every description, constantly on hand.

Novels:

Just received a choice lot of 2000 Novels, of the latest editions and by the most popular authors, which will be sold at wholessle or retail.

Stationery:

A good assortment consider in part of

A good assortment, consisting in part of Letter Paper, Note Paper, Legal Cap and Foolscap Paper,

Biliscellaneous Articles:
Gold and steel Pens. Pensite, of all kinds,
Black and Red Ink, Mucliage, Penholders,
Pecket and Deak Inkstands,
Calenders, Hlank Notes and
Receipts, Playing Cards,
Diaries and Memorandent Books,
Envelopes, Blotting Paper, Tissue Paper,
Sand Paper, Riank Cards, Violin Strings,
Pecket Knives and Combs Twine of
all kinds-dax, hemp and cotton;
Orders from Haller, Sender of the mining towns will be promptly attended to,
E. B. KELLY,
April 25, 1802.

Velvet, Brussels and Three-Ply Carpets, Wall Paper, Hair Cloth, Springs, Twine, Matrass Reedles, Looking Glasses, &c.

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