Washington Statesman.

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THE WASHINGTON STATESMAN.

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R. R. and S. G. REES,

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TERMS INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

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JOB PRINTING of every description done to order and on reasonable terms. Orders for any of the following articles will be promptly filled:

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, HANDBILLS, BALL TICKETS, CIRCULARS, BLANK CHECKS, NOTES OF HAND, ORDER BOOKS, STEAMBOAT BILLS, STEAMBOAT CARDS, **Bills of Lading,** CERTIFICATES, SHOW BILLS, CHECK BOOKS, BL'K RECEIPTS, DRAFTS, **Invitations,** BUSINESS CARDS, BILLHEADS, CONCERT BILLS, PROGRAMMES, ADDRESS CARDS, BLANKS OF ALL KINDS.

Job Work must be paid for before it is taken from the office.

THIBODO & BROTHERS,

Physicians, Surgeons and Midwives.

OFFICE and RESIDENCE Main Street, four doors above the Jail—Established 1859.

WALLA WALLA, W. T.

A. J. Thibodo, M. A., M. D. and Member Royal College Surgeons, England.

O. J. Thibodo, M. D. and Ex-Surgeon R. M. Navy.

R. Thibodo, B. A., M. D. and Fellow of the Botanical Society of Canada.

We have a full set of all the instruments required in Surgery and Midwifery.

Surgical operations attended to in the mining districts if required.

Our Diplomas can be seen at our office. 47 ly

W. PHILLIPS,

HAS ON HAND a large and well selected stock of TIN WARE, manufactured under his supervision by experienced workmen, STOVES of various sizes, styles and patterns. Mining Implements, &c., &c., all of which will be sold at extremely low prices.

Your patronage is respectfully solicited. 1y

Dalles City. H. P. ISAACS, Dalles City.

Forwarding and Commission Merchant,

STORE—FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE.

Consignments Solicited. n37tfly

July 26, 1862.

EDWARD NUGENT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Walla Walla, W. T.—Office, over the Bank Exchange Saloon 2y

WHAT CHEER HOUSE,

FRONT STREET, Portland, Oregon—M. O'Connor Proprietor.

The What Cheer House Wagon will be on the wharf to convey passengers and baggage free of charge. A good safe for keeping valuables.

This house is conducted on temperance principles

F. A. CHENOWETH,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.

OFFICE over the "Bank Exchange," next door to Cain & Nugent's office, Walla Walla. [18ly

A. J. CAIN,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW.

OFFICE with County Surveyor, north side of the creek, Walla Walla. [32ly

E. L. MASSEY,

Justice of the Peace and City Recorder.

OFFICE in the City Council Chamber, in the rear of the Union Hotel. Will attend to collection of debts, conveyances, acknowledgment of deeds, Powers of Attorney, transfers of real or personal property.

Office hours from 9 A. M to 12 M, and from 1 to 4 P. M

The hearing of all civil actions will be set for Fridays and Saturdays only.

April 18, 1860. 18ly

H. H. BLACK,

DENTIST, Late of the Cincinnati College of Dental Surgery.

OFFICE and LABORATORY

No. 10 Alder Street, four Doors from Front,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

Artificial Teeth of my own manufacture inserted by every method known to the profession.

Portland, Nov. 15, 1862. 1;48ly

WALTER W. JOHNSON,

COUNTY SURVEYOR,

Civil Engineer and Notary Public.

LAND CLAIMS adjusted. Surveys, Plats and Maps made with accuracy to order. Levels taken; Profiles and Estimates made if desired in any part of the mining region. Drawings, Plans and Specifications for carpenters and mill work, and for machinery of all kinds, made on short notice.

Office next door to the residence of A. J. Cain, Walla Walla. 34ly

DR. L. DANFORTH

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Walla Walla and vicinity. Having had twenty years practice in the profession, (fourteen on this coast) he flatters himself that he will be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage. I am well supplied with instruments for the different branches of the profession—*Surgery Midwifery, &c.*

Office on Main street, one door below Kyger & Reese's.

P. S. I am prepared to pay particular attention to diseases the **Eye** and all **Chronic Diseases.**

Jan. 3, 1863. 2:3ly

WILLIAM YOUNG,

DEALER IN

Marble Monuments, Tomb Stones, Table and Counter-tops,

MARBLE MANTLES, HEARTH STONES, Stone for building purposes, &c.

All Stone cutting done to order.

Portland, Oregon, April 4, 1863. 15ly

Regular Line of Stages

—TO—

WALLULA!

ABBOTT'S REGULAR LINE OF STAGES leave this city regularly for Wallula on the arrival of the steamers, carrying passengers down in time to meet the boat, and returning with those on their way up. [June 21—26ly] J. F. ABBOTT.

E. G. RANDALL,

DEALER in MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, Sheet Music, Music Books, Strings, and

Musical Merchandise of Every Description.

Sole agent in Oregon for Steinway & Sons' celebrated patent overstrung grand and square PIANO FORTES; Mason & Hamlin's MELODEONS. A select catalogue of Sheet Music and Music Books just received. E. G. RANDALL,

2;7ly] 93 First street, Portland, Oregon.

JOHN HUNTOON & CO.

Wholesale Dealers in

Wines, Liquors, Groceries, Provisions, &c.

WALLULA CITY, W. T.

Feb. 28, 1863. 11ly

GIFT BOOKS and POETICAL WORKS

FOR SALE AT THE CITY BOOK STORE, Post Office Building, Walla Walla.

E HAMILTON. H. C. COULSON

HAMILTON & COULSON,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

WILL attend the Courts in Washington and Oregon.

Office in C. S. Kingsley's brick building, Front st. Portland, Oregon. [Jan. 17, 1863 2;3ly

BRIDGES & SON,

Attorneys at Law, Walla Walla, W. T.

WILL ATTEND FAITHFULLY and PROMPTLY to Collections, and will attend the Courts in Washington Territory and Oregon.

Dec. 20, 1862. 2:1ly { Orsa L. Bridges. Edward L. Bridges,

HUMASON & ODELL,

O. HUMASON. | JAS. A. ODELL.

ATTORNIES AND COUNSELORS AT LAW, Dalles, Oregon.

Prompt attention given to collections and other business placed in their hands.

March 29, 1862. 15ly

J. W. COOK,

MANUFACTURER and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Tents, Awnings, Wagon Covers, Ceilings and Sacks, Portland, Oregon.

Tents, Awnings, and Wagon Covers, made to order.

Flour and Grain Sacks constantly on hand and made to order.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.—All orders made returnable by the first conveyance. 1y

HENRY LAW,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION Merchant, Front street, Portland, Oregon.

Importer and dealer in Eastern Wagon Timber, Hubs, Spokes, Fellows, &c.

Also on hand and for sale a General Assortment of Oregon Produce.

A constant supply of the Celebrated Standard Mills Flour on hand and for sale in lots to suit. 1y

Notice to Druggists.

WE have on hand and are constantly receiving the finest qualities of

BRANDIES AND WINES,

expressly for the Drug Trade, which we guarantee to be genuine. HUMISTON, WILSON & CO.

DANIEL McLAUGHLIN. T. J. LAW

McLAUGHLIN & LAW.

Attorneys and Counselors at Law and Collecting Agents,

AUBURN, OREGON.

WILL practice in the different Courts of the State. Business entrusted to their care attended to with fidelity and dispatch. Special attention paid to collections, and remittances carefully and promptly made.

REFER TO

Knight & Abbott,	Dugan & Co.
G. Collier Robbins,	Moore & Norcross,
J. H. Williams,	Porter & Totman,

March 7, 1863. 12ly

CHARLES HERZOG,

PRACTICAL DENTIST, is prepared to do all kinds of **Plated Work** in the line of Dentistry

ARTIFICIAL TEETH

of every description inserted. Charges Moderate, and all work warranted.

Office one door above Kohlhauff & Guichard's store, Main street, Walla Walla. [april 11, 1863—2ly

Walla Walla Drug Store.

Main Street, Opposite Bank Exchange.

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE cheap for Cash, a complete and fresh assortment of Drugs,

Chemicals. Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Putty, Window-glass, Varnishes, Brushes, Patent Medicines, Lamps, and Crystal Illuminating Kerosene, to which I invite the attention of the citizens of Walla Walla and vicinity.

Prescriptions put up with care and **Advice Gratis.** DR. JAMES S. CRAIG.

Jan. 31, 1863. 2;1ly

COLUMBIAN HOTEL,

Corner of Front and Washington Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

B. P. SINNOTT & BRO.....Proprietors.

A FIRST CLASS HOUSE, in the very center of business, convenient to the various approaches to the City, and in the immediate vicinity of all the River and Ocean Steamer Landings.

Board and Lodging.....$1,50 per day

BAGGAGE taken to the House free of charge.

Fire-proof Safe in the Office. 30ly

Watch Repairing.

THE subscriber would inform the citizens of Walla Walla and vicinity that any work entrusted to his care (through the express) will receive his personal attention. From his long experience in the business, he is enabled to perform it in a manner unsurpassed in the State.

Charges as low as elsewhere, and all work warranted.

He is also prepared to fill any orders in the Watch and Jewelry Business, with dispatch, at the lowest possible prices. JACOB COHEN.

Portland, Oregon, April 7, 1862. [10m6

DENNISON HOUSE,

[Formerly Metropolis Hotel,]

CORNER OF FRONT AND STARK STS.

Portland, Oregon.

THIS HOTEL IS NOW OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION of guests, and will be conducted in all its departments as a First Class Hotel.

June 7, 1862 25ly KINNEY & QUINN.

Dr. I. H. Harris,

HAS Just Received a new addition to his select

Stock of Medicines,

AND WILL SUPPLY HIS CUSTOMERS AT THE LOWEST RATES.

He has a general assortment of **Patent Medicines,** *also Select.* Jan. 10, 1863.

HOWARD HOUSE.

FRONT STREET,

Near the Ocean Steamship Landing,

Portland, Oregon.

JAS. W. GOING, Proprietor.

—Charges Moderate.

Portland Dec. 20, 1862. 2:1ly

WESTERN HOTEL,

CORNER OF FIRST AND MORRISON STREETS,

Portland, Oregon.

S. D. SMITH, - - - - - PROPRIETOR.

THIS HOTEL is centrally located, and has been recently enlarged by the addition of two stories in height, containing a large number of

Hard-finished, Well Ventilated Rooms,

for the accommodation of regular or transient boarders

May 9, 1863. 20ly.

W. G. LANGFORD.

PROSECUTING ATTORNEY for the First Judicial District, W. T., will practice in the Courts of Washinton and Idaho Territories and State of Oregon. Office Main Street, Walla Walla, W. T.

March 21st 1863. 14ly

J. BOSWELL, M. D.

OFFICE EAST SIDE OF MAIN ST.

Walla Walla, W. T.

Six doors South of Wells, Fargo & Co's Express Office.

OFFICE HOURS:

From.....9 A M.....to.....12 M.
From.....2 P. M.....to.....4 P. M.

May 16, 1863. 22ly

S. W. TATEM,

—Wholesale and Retail—

COMMISSION MERCH'T,

WALLULA, W. T.

May 16, 1863. 22tf.

The Singing Bird in the Woods.

O Thrush, upon the beechen bough,
Shake thy glad wings and sing;
All things around thy dwelling now
Bud freshly in the spring.

Through new oped leaves of brightest green
The flitting sunlights breaks;
The fern-leaves o'er the streamlets lean,
The star primroses wake.

And over all the sunshine flows,
And over all thy song,
Sole breaker of the wood's repose,
Floats as we pass along.

Thou hast no past, no future, bird!
Sing on in unchecked glee;
From me shall come no harsher word
To mar thy minstrelsy.

Sing clear and shrill! 'tis sweet to list
Thy song of jubilee,
And in this weary world to wist
That some rejoice like thee;

Some who can dwell in simple trust
'Mid this day's leaves and flowers;
Nor taint their beauty with the dust
Of bye-gone days or hours.

TOM MOORE is the author of the following gushing little epigram which has been credited to a dozen others:

"They say thine eyes, like sunny skies,
The chief attraction form:
I see no sunshine in those eyes,
They take me all by storm."

Late Eastern News.

News of May 13th.

New York, May 13.—Brig. Gen. Meagher has tendered his resignation as commander of the the Irish Brigade.

The *Herald* says the navy department has ordered the construction of two vessels of war of great speed. They will carry eight heavy guns, and it is believed that they will be the fastest vessels of war ever built.

Headquarters, Army of the Potomac, May 12.—The Richmond papers of yesterday announce the death of Stonewall Jackson on Sunday afternoon, from the effects of the recent amputation of his arm and pneumonia.

A large train of ambulances proceeded to-day towards United States Ford for the remainder of our wounded within the enemy's lines.

New York, May 13.—Gen. Lee has issued a congratulatory address to his army expressing his sense of the heroic conduct displayed by the officers and men during she arduous operations in which they had just been engaged.

Chicago, May 13.—The New York Herald has the following:

West Point, Va., May 9.—A portion of the fourth army corps, Maj. Gen. Keyes commanding, reached this point after 1 o'clock Thursday night. Their troops are conveyed hence in a large transport conveyed by a fleet of Gen. Bowen. The landing was undisputed by the enemy. Immediately on landing, Gen. Keyes ordered a reconnoisance up the York river, on the road toward White House, the old base of the operations of the army last summer. It was discovered that all the track of the railroad from West Point to White House was recently repaired by the rebels—that the railroad and bridges across the Pamunky, were destroyed by our cavalry.

Chicago, May 13.—Special dispatches say that in the late raid of Gen. Stoneman, 400,000 bushels of corn were destroyed at Aylett's station.

Newbern, N. C., May 11.—It is stated that the rebels refused to receive disloyal citizens sent out of our lines, except those who give security for their ability to take care of themselves.

Chicago, May 13.—From private telegrams, since Saturday, up to last night, it appears as if the Government had determined not to allow anything in regard to the movements of the army of the Potomac to come over the wires.

It now appears as if the stories of the capture of Richmond, and of the crossing of the army to the South side of the Rappahannock were all made out of whole cloth, but apparently so well authenticated that I could do no less than send them to you.

The Army, since its return to Falmouth, has made no movement whatever, although the different correspondents are certain that Hooker will do something damaging to rebels.

Signed, Your Correspondent.

Washington, May 13.—The Secretary of War has issued orders that while the army of the Potomac remains in its present position at Falmouth, no passes shall be granted to persons to visit it with a view of obtaining the bodies of diseased friends.

Philadelphia, May 13.—A special dispatch to the Bulletin, says that the rebel cavalry in front of Murfreesboro are constantly changing their positions. The rebel Generals Wheeler and Morgan with with 5,000 cavalry, are at Liberty and Alexandria. It is supposed that they are meditating an attack on Nashville.

Cairo, May 13.—Grant had a battle with the rebel Gen. Bowen, at Clifton, ten miles from Jackson, on the railroad, last Wednesday. Bowen was beaten and driven back.

The women and children are leaving Jackson, and the men are preparing to defend the place.

It is expected that a large force of rebels are coming from Charleston and Mobile to prevent the capture of Jackson and Vicksburg, and that Grant, being apprised of their movement, fell back to the river to await reinforcements.

News of May 14th.

Washington, May 14.—Gen. Lee has issued a general order announcing the death of Stonewall Jackson, who expired on the 10th.

Philadelphia, May 14.—A special to the enquirer says Vallandigham was convicted of the charge against him, and sentenced to the Tortugas until the close of the war. Gen. Burnside approved the sentence, but the President changed it to sending him South.

New York, May 14.—The Express understands that McClellan last week sent a request to the President to either accept his resignation or place him in active service.

Rumor says that the President stated that the active service of McClellan would be required at an early day.

The Tribune says Sigel has returned from Washington, after an ineffectual attempt to return to duty, even on the staff of a commanding General.

Washington, May 14.—A gentleman from Richmond says there are no indications of a movement. The censorship over the telegraphic reports instead of being relieved, has, if possible, become more and more stringent.

New York, May 14.—Stoneman is at the headquarters of the army of the Potomac. The World's correspondent states that the indications are that the enemy is swinging round his left on the Gordonsville and Richmond Railroad, with his right resting on the Fredericksburg and Richmond road at Bowling Green, protecting the upper end of the triangle formed by these roads, at Hanover Junction.

Sterling firmer, with moderate business, 64 1-2 Gold closed at 50 1 4.

Memphis, May 12.—The Jackson appeal of the 7th says Grant proceeded towards Port Gibson, with the main body of his army, and is throwing up entrenchments.

The Richmond Dispatch says communication by railroad has been re-established with Fredericksburg.

The very latest dispatches from Grant's army are to the 8th inst. At that time his advance was within 15 miles of Edward's station, which is 18 miles east of Vicksburg. We have nothing confirming the report of a battle on the 6th at Clinton. Grant was being reinforced. Two divisions of Sherman's corps had arrived. A new route has been opened from Young's Point to the river, 8 miles long, which will greatly facilitate the forwarding of men and supplies. Ten negro regiments had been formed.

The Homestead Law.

We have been requested to republish the Homestead Bill. It was published in the STATESMAN in July last, but it appears that there are a great many persons in this county who are without copies of this important law. It is as follows:

AN ACT to secure homesteads to actual settlers on the Public Domain, and to provide a bounty for soldiers in lieu of grants of the public lands.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled: That any person who is the head of a family, or who has arrived at the age of twenty-one years, and is a citizen of the United States, or who shall have filed his declaration of intention to become such, as required by the naturalization laws of the United States, and who has never borne arms against the United States Government, nor given aid and comfort to its enemies, shall from and after January 1st, 1863, be entitled to enter one quarter section, or a less quantity, of unappropriated public lands, upon which said person may have filed a pre-emption claim, or which may, at the time the application is made, be subject to pre-emption at $1,25, or less, per acre; or eighty acres or less of such unappropriated lands, at $2,50 per acre, to be located in a body, in conformity to the legal subdivisions of the public lands, and after the same shall have been surveyed; provided, that any person owning and residing on land may, under the provisions of this Act, enter other land lying contiguous to his or her said land, which shall not, with the land so already owned and occupied, exceed in the aggregate 160 acres.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the person applying for the benefit of this Act shall, upon application to the Register of the Land Office in which he or she is about to make such entry, make affidavit before the said Register or Receiver that he or she is the head of a family, or is twenty-one or more years of age, or shall have performed service in the army of the United States, and that he has never borne arms against the Government of the United States or given aid and comfort to its enemies, and that such application is made for his or her exclusive use and benefit, and that said entry is made for the purpose of actual settlement and cultivation, and not either directly or indirectly for the use or benefit of any other person or persons whomsoever; and upon filing the said affidavit with the Register or Receiver, and on payment of $10 he or she shall thereupon be permitted to enter the quantity of land specified; provided, however, that no certificate shall be given or patent issued therefor until the expiration of five years from the date of such entry; and if, at the expiration of such time, or at any time within two years thereafter, the persons making such entry—or if he be dead, his widow; or in case of her death, his heirs or devisee; or in case of a widow making such entry, her heirs or devisee, in case of her death—shall prove by two credible witnesses that he, she, or they, have resided upon or cultivated the same for a term of five years immediately succeeding the time of filing the affidavit aforesaid, and shall make affidavit that no part of said land has been alienated, and that he has borne true allegiance to the Government of the United States; then, in such case he, she, or they, if at that time a citizen of the United States, shall be entitled to a patent, as in other cases provided for by law: And, provided, further, That in case of the death of both father and mother, leaving an infant child, or children under twenty-one years of age, the right and fee shall enure to the benefit of said infant child or children; and the executor, administrator, or guardian may, at any time within two years after the death of the surving parent, and in accordance with the laws of the United States in which such children for the time being have their domicil, sell said land for the benefit of said infants, but for no other purpose; and the purchaser shall acquire the absolute title by the purchase, and be entitled to a patent from the United States, on payment of the office fees and sum of money herein specified.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Register of the Land Office shall note all such applications on the tract books and plats of his office, and keep a register of all such entries, and make return thereof to the General Land Office, together with the proof upon which they have been founded.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That no lands acquired under the provisions of this Act shall in any event become liable to the satisfaction of any debt or debts contracted prior to the issuing of the patent therefor.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That if, at any time after the filing of the affidavit, as required in the—section of this Act, and before the expiration of the five years aforesaid, it shall be proven, after due notice to the settler, to the satisfaction of the Register of the Land Office, that the person having filed such affidavit shall have actually changed his or her residence, or abandoned the said land, shall have ceased to occupy said land for more than six months at any time, then in that event the land so entered shall revert to the Government.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That no individual shall be permitted to acquire title to more than one quarter section under the provisions of this Act; and that the Commissioner of the General Land Office is hereby required to prepare and issue such rules and regulations, consistent with this Act, as shall be necessary and proper to carry its provisions into enect; and that the Registers and Receivers of the several Land Offices shall be entitled to receive the same compensation for any lands entered under the provisions of this Act that they are now entitled to receive when the same quality of land is entered with money, one-half to be paid by the person making the application at the time of so doing, and the other half on the issue of the certificate by the person to whom it may be issued; but this shall not be construed to enlarge the maximum of compensation now prescribed by law for any Register or Receiver. Provided, that nothing contained in this Act shall be so construed as to impair or interfere in any manner whatever with the existing pre-emption rights. And provided, further, that all persons who may have filed their applications for pre-emption right prior to the passage of this Act, shall be entitled to all the privileges of this Act. Provided further, that no person who has served, or may hereafter serve, for a period of not less than fourteen days in the army or navy of the United States, either regular or volunteer, under the laws thereof, during the existence of an actual war, domestic or foreign, shall be deprived of the benefits of this Act on account of not having attained the age of twenty-one years.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That the fifth section of this Act entitled "An Act in addition to an Act more effectually to provide for the punishment of certain crimes against the United States, and for other purposes," approved March 3d, 1857, shall extend to all oaths, affirmations and affidavits required or authorized by this Act.

SEC. 8. And be it further enacted, That nothing in this Act shall be so construed as to prevent any person who has availed him or herself of the benefit of the first section of this Act from paying the minimum price, or the price to which the same may have graduated, for the quantity of land so entered at any time before the expiration of the five years, and obtaining a patent therefor from the Government, as in other cases provided by law, on making proof of settlement and cultivation as provided by existing laws granting preemption rights.

Wisdom in Love-Making.

I know that men naturally shrink from the attempt to obtain companions who are their superiors; but they will find that really intelligent women, who possess the more desirable qualities, are uniformly modest, and hold their charms in modest estimation. What such women most admire in men is gallantry; not gallantry of courts and fops, but boldness, courage, devotion, decision, and refined civility. A man's bearing wins ten superior women where his boots and brains win one. If a man stand before a woman with respect for himself and fearlessness of her, his suit is half won. The rest may safely be let to the parties most interested. Therefore, never be afraid of a woman. Women are the most harmless and agreeable creatures in the world, to a man who shows that he has got a man's soul in him. If you have not got the spirit in you to come up to a test like this, you have not got that in you which most pleases a high-souled woman, and you will be obliged to content yourself with the simple girl, who, in a quiet way, is endeavoring to attract and fasten you.—But don't be in a hurry about the matter. Don't get into a feverish longing for marriage. It isn't creditable to you. Especially don't imagine that any disappointment in love which takes place before you are twenty-one years old will be of any material damage to you. The truth is, that before a man is twenty-five years old he does not know what he wants himself. So don't be in a hurry. The more of a man you become, and the more manliness you become capable of exhibiting in your association with women, the better wife you will be able to obtain; and one year's possession of the heart and hand of a really noble specimen of her sex is worth nine hundred and ninety-nine years' possession of a sweet creature with two ideas in her head, and nothing new to say about either of them. So don't be in a hurry, I say again. You don't want a wife now, and you have not the slightest idea of the kind of wife you will want by-and-by. Go into female society, if you can find that which will improve you, but not otherwise. You can spend your time better. Seek the society of good men. That is often more accessible to you than the other, and it is through that mostly that you will find your way to good female society.—*Pemberton.*

MISTAKEN FOR A SECESH.—Extract of a private letter from Nashville:

A few days since two of our men were walking along the streets of Nashville.—They belonged to a regiment which had gone there as escort to a supply train, and while the wagons were being loaded had gone for a stroll. One of them was dressed in blue uniform, and carried his musket; the other had on him a Secesh coat which he had picked up on the battleground, and wore long, black hair, and, indeed, looked to a stranger, more like a "Secesh" than the honest soldier he is; when as they passed by a fine house, in the door of which was standing a very pretty young lady, she suddenly cried out, "O soldier, won't you let that man—he is a poor soldier of our army, the Southern army—whom you are guarding, come in. I know he wants something to eat. Isn't he a Texas Ranger?" "Yes," said he with the gun, "we captured him only the other day. Go in, old fellow," giving him the wink. The supposed Ranger went in and quickly returned with his arms full of pies, nice bread, a bottle of good liquor, and a lot of good things generally. "Move on," said he with the gun; and so they moved on to the first convenient place, where they sat down and enjoyed a hearty meal, and carefully washed it down with the good liquor.

OLD ABE AND THE MINISTER.—An officer of the Government called one day at the White House, and introduced a clerical friend from New England. "Mr. President," said he "allow me to present to you my friend, the Rev. Mr. F., of—. Mr. F. has a desire to see you and have some conversation with you, and I am happy to be the means of introducing him." The President shook hands with Mr. F., and desiring him to be seated, took a seat himself. Then (his countenance having assumed an expression of patient waiting,) he said: "I am now ready to hear what you have to say." "O bless you, sir," said Mr. F., "I have nothing especially to say. I merely called to pay my respects to you, and, as one of the million, to assure you of my hearty sympathy and support." "My dear sir," said the President, rising promptly, his face showing instant relief, and with both hands grasping that of the visitor, "I am very glad to see you indeed. I thought you had come to preach to me."

The Patriot's Stratagem.

Night had set in deep and dark, and in a small log cabin situated a few miles from Trenton, N. J., sat five men, four of whom were seated around an oak table in the centre of the room, engaged in playing cards, while they frequently moistened their throats with large draughts from an earthen jug that stood on the table.

They were heavily-bearded, coarse-looking men, and from their dress, which resembled the British uniform, they were evidently tories.—The other was a stout-built young man, clad in the continental uniform. He sat in the corner of the room, with his face buried in his hands.

"Tom," said one of the tories, rising from the table and seating himself near the young prisoner, for such he evidently was. "Tom, you and I were schoolboys together, and I like you yet. Now why can't you give up wild notions and join us? You are our prisoner, and if you don't we shall hand you over to headquarters to-morrow; while if you join us, your fortune is made, for with your bravery and talents you would soon distinguish yourself in the royal army; and after this rebellion is crushed out, your cause will be rewarded by knighthood and promotion in the army. Now there are two alternatives; which do you choose?"

"Neither," said the young man, raising his head and looking at the tory steadily in the eye. "I am now, as you say, your prisoner; but when the clock strikes twelve, I shal leave you—I shall disappear in a cloud of fire and smoke, and neither you nor your comrades, nor even myself, can prevent it. You may watch me as closely as you please, tie me hand and foot, if you will, but a higher power than yours or mine has ordained that I should leave you this time."

"Poor fellow, his mind wanders," said the tory. "He'll talk different in the morning."

And he turned again to his seat at the table, leaving the youth resting his head on his hands as before.

When the clock struck eleven, the young prisoner drew a pipe and some tobacco from his pocket, and asked the tory leader if he had any objections to his smoking.

"None in the least," he said with a laugh; "that is if you'll promise not to disappear in a cloud of smoke."

The young man made no reply, but immediately filled and lighted his pipe; having done which he arose and began pacing the floor.

He took half a dozen turns up and down each side of the room, approaching the table each time, when, having exhausted his pipe he returned to his seat and refilled it.

He continued to smoke until the clock struck twelve, when he arose from his seat slowly, knocking the ashes out of his pipe, and said:

"Boys, it is twelve o'clock, and I must leave you: good bye."

Immediately all around the room ran streaks of fire hissing and squirming; the cabin was filled with dense, sulphurous smoke, amidst which was heard a crash like a clap of thunder. The tories sat in their chairs paralyzed.

The smoke soon cleared away, but the prisoner was nowhere to be seen. The table was overturned, the windows smashed to pieces, and one chair was lying on the ground outside the building. The tory leader, after recovering from his stupor, gave one glance of terror around the room, and sprang out of the window, followed by his comrades. They ran through the forest at the top of their speed, in the direction of the British encampment, leaving their muskets and other arms to the mercy of the flames, which had now begun to devour the cabin.

The next day two young men, dressed in the continental uniform, were seen standing near the ruins of the old cabin. One was the hero of the night previous.

"Let us hear all about it' Tom," said the other.

"Well," said he, "last evening as I was passing this place, two tories ran out and took possession of me before I could make any resistance; they took me in the cabin, and who do you suppose I saw as leader of the party but John Barton, our old schoolmate. He talked with me and tried to induce me to join them; but I told him I couldn't do it; that at twelve o'clock I was going to escape—disapnear in a cloud of fire and smoke; but he laughed at me and said I was out of my head. About eleven o'clock I asked him if I might smoke. He said he had no objections; so I filled my pipe and lighted it, and commenced walking the floor. I had about a pound of gunpowder in my pocket, and as I walked I strewed it all over the floor. When the clock struck twelve, I bid them good bye, and told them I had to go; and then knocked the ashes out of my pipe, the powder ignited, and a dazzling flame of fire shot across, around and all over the room, filling the house with suffocating smoke. Before it cleared away, I hurled a chair through the window, sprang out and departed, leaving them to their own reflections. You know the rest."

AFTER MARRIAGE THOUGHTS.—They said marrying was fun—pretty fun to be sure! When I was a single man the world wagged about well enough. It was just like an omnibus; I was a passenger, paid my levy, and had no more to do with it than to set down, and care not a button for anything. S'posing the omnibus got upset; well, I walks off and leaves the man to pick up the pieces. But then I takes a wife, and behanged to me—it's all verry well for a while, but plaguy like owning an omnibus. What did I get by it? how much fun? Why a jawing old woman and three squallers. Mighty different from courting. Instead of "yes, my duck," or "no, my dear," "as you please, honey," and "when you like lovely," like what it was in courting time, it's a regular row. Sour looks and cold potatoes—children and table cloths badly off for soap, always darning and mending, and nothing ever darned or mended. If it wasn't that I am particularly sober, I'd be inclined to drink. My house ain't my own; I belong to four people beside myself, the old woman and three children. I'm a partnership concern, and as many have got their fingers in, I must burn up. I'll break and sign over to you.—*Sam Patch.*

A merchant in New York, advertising for a boy, adds: "Lads who part their hair in the middle need not apply."

NAPOLEON'S POWER OF MEMORY.—His powers of application and memory seemed almost preternatural. There was scarcely a man in France, and in employment, whose private history, character and qualifications he was not acquainted with. He had, when emperor, notes and tables, which he called the moral statistics of his empire He received all letters himself, and, what seems incredible, he read and recollected all he had received. He slept little, and was never idle one instant, when awake. When he had an hour for diversion he not unfrequently employed it in looking over a book of logarithms, which he acknowledged, with some surprise, at all seasons of his life, a recreation to him.

So retentive was his memory of numbers, that sums over which he had once glanced his eyes were in his mind ever after. He recollected the respective produce of all taxes through every year of his administration, and could, at any time, repeat any one of them even to the centimes. Thus his detection of errors in accounts seemed marvelous, and he indulged in the pardonable artifice of displaying these faculties in a way to create a persuasion that his vigilance was almost supernatural.

In running over an account of expenditure, he perceived the rations of a battalion charged on a certain day at Bensancon. "*Mais le battaillon n' etatii pas la,*" "*il y a erreur.*" The minister, recollecting that the emperor had been, at the time, out of France, and, confiding in the regularity of his subordinate agents, persisted that the battalion must have been at Bensancon. Napoleon insisted on further inquiry. It turned out to be a fraud, not a mistake. The speculative accountants were dismissed, and the scrutinizing spirit of the emperor circulated with the anecdote through every branch of the public service, in a way to deter every clerk from committing the slightest error, from fear of immediate detection.

ADVICE RESPECTING THE EYESIGHT.—Too strong a light in a sleeping-room is bad, especially if the bed is opposite a window; for to wake suddenly out of sleep, with a strong, glaring light on the eyes, cannot but eventually injure the strongest and most healthy sight; and, where it is naturally weak, or there be any hereditary disposition towards a debility in the organs, this custom must of course exercise very pernicious effects. Persons waking from sleep should have the eye prepared by a subdued light first; and if the sight be good, the time occupied in partially dressing will be quite sufficient to prepare the organs for meeting a stronger body of light. This is especially to be remembered in summer time, when the chamber has an eastern aspect. Whatever work you be engaged in, let the light fall on it, and always keep yourself in the shade. Place yourself in the shade. Place your back, then, to the window, if reading by daylight—when the light will of course, fall upon the object. When writing, get a shade light if possible; but if you have a front light, as under a window, shade it a little, bringing only its rays on the paper, or let the top of the head form the shade. In the same way, with a candle or lamp, throw the light upon the paper, and do not let the glare of the light go directly to your eyes. If the light be above you, as from a chandalier, so much the better. If in the habit of using the telescope, try, if possible, to keep both eyes open; for by shutting the opposite one to that used with the glass, the sight is strained, and ultimately weakend.—*Dr. Ridgley's Health and Disease.*

AN INCIDENT WORTH NOTING.—'Ching Foo,' the rattling New York correspondent of the Sacramento Union, relates the following incident, which drops down upon the realities and selfishness of life with the pleasing effect of a ray of sunlight shedding its pleasures along the dark defiles of a California canon:

Is there nothing, then, but rascality in life? Ask a suttler or a Government contractor, and he'd say no, and small thanks to him for his incredulity. I wish they had seen a little crossing sweeper the other day do a deed to shame their sharping souls. John Howland (Howland & Aspinwall) lives in Paris, but is here now on business. Crossing Wall street, a pretty little mud lark—a big eyed girl—asked the customary obolus. Howland gave it, as he thought; a minute after he felt a little hand tugging at his coat tail, and a small voice said, "You made a mistake, sir; you gave me a gold piece."

So he had. He carried some French pieces in an old pocket book, and one had worked out among the nickels. Now, what do you think Howland did? Gave her the piece for her honesty, of course.—Not a bit of it. He did—better. He took hold of the poor little mud lark's hand, found she was an orphan—said, like a whole-souled fellow, "So much honesty shan't be lost in the mud of a street crossing"—walked her off, and says that she shall be taken care of as long as she lives. That's a bit of romance of the right sort, and thank God, it is true.

A USEFUL CUSTOM.—At Munich there prevails a singular custom. Every child found begging in the streets is carried to a charitable establishment. The moment he enters the hospital, and before he is cleaned and gets the new clothes intended for him, his portrait is painted in his ragged dress, and precisely as he was found begging.—When his education is finished in the hospital, this portrait is given to him, and he promises by an oath to keep it all his life, in order that he may be reminded of the abject condition from which he had been rescued, and of the obligations he owes to the institution which saved him from misery and gave him the means by which he was able to void it in the future.

A Michigan soldier, who was accused of stealing a rebel's goose, says he found the bird hissing at the American flag, and arrested it for treason.

A SUGGESTION.—Would it not be appropriate to put births at the foot of the marine column in the newpapers, under the head of "Domestic Arrivals."

AN architect proposes to build a Bachelor's Hall, which will differ from most houses, in having no Eves.

THE WASHINGTON STATESMAN.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 30, 1863

The News.

Our Eastern dates of this week are up to the 18th. The announcement and confirmation of the death of the rebel Stonewall Jackson, is probably the most important item contained in the dispatches. In his death the rebels have lost one of their best, if not their very best, Generals.—That he had military genius of a high order, all concede. That he was capable of doing a great deal of successful fighting, was fully demonstrated in all his movements, whether in command of a large or small force. His loss to the rebels is incalculable.

It appears that the army of the Potomac is still lying on the north bank of the Rappahannock, and the indications are that it will remain in quarters there for some time. Gen Hooker is falling into disrepute, for want of success, most likely, in his late engagement at Fredericksburg.—He and "old Brains," it seems, are at outs, and a dissatisfaction in regard to Hooker, on the part of officers in the army, exists. While from a personal knowledge of the character of Gen. Hooker, we should never have supposed him capable of attaining to the position he has gained in the army, or competent to fill it, we yet dislike to see the shadow which foretells his fate—that his name must be added to the long list of Generals who have been compelled to retire from the command of the army of Potomac. We look upon this frequent changing of generals as ruinous to the Union cause—innoculating the people not only with distrust of the ability of the Administration to carry on the war, but of the capacity of men in the north to command an army.

Stoneman's raid, it turns out, was puffed up greatly beyond its merits. The damage he occasioned to the rebels was of little consequence, and they have suffered no great inconvenience from his traveling through their country. The only consolation left in the late operations at Fredericksburg, is, that the rebel losses in the battles exceeded ours.

The advices from the Unionists in the south-west are rather encouraging than otherwise, though no movements of special importance have as yet taken place. The chances look favorable for a fight, ere long, at or near Vicksburg, and in that event, we expect to hear better news from the federals than we are getting from the army of the Potomac lately.

The news from Mexico shows that the French are not likely to be successful in their war with the Mexicans. Commonfort is about to assume the offensive, and we shall not be surprised to hear soon of another French defeat in that quarter.

The news from all parts of Europe is encouraging to the Union cause.

The New Road Enterprise.

We are gratified in being able to announce this week that our citizens begin to see the great importance of opening a wagon road across the Blue mountains to the Grand Ronde valley. The party which left this place last week to view the road, returned on Monday, well satisfied that there can be a very good wagon road opened by the trail route at an outlay of about $3,000. They returned by the old emigrant road, and fully convinced themselves that a practicable wagon road can never be opened across the mountains by that route, for the reason that the hills are too abrupt—interposing difficulties in the way of wagoning which no amount of work can overcome or obviate. They also feel sanguine that when the new road is once opened and put in proper condition, freighted wagons will pass over it with as little difficulty as they would have in going from this place to Dalles. The ascent of the mountains from this side is by an easy grade, and the descent into Grand Ronde valley offers no impediments to travel whatever. To make a good stage road, it is thought that it will require travel and considerable labor upon it; but for present purposes the above sum will put it in very fair traveling condition—make it much preferable to the old road.

The prosecution of this work is of the utmost importance to the business men of this place, as well as to the farmers of the valley. If the road is not opened we cannot expect the large overland emigration of this season to pass through or settle in the valley, nor can we expect, what is of still greater importance to our prosperity, to secure the trade and travel to and from the Auburn and Boise mining districts.—But if the road is put through in good shape, in the very nature of things we must be benefitted in return far beyond the expenditure required to complete the work; and besides we will then have a thoroughfare which cannot but be of lasting benefit to the country. We are glad to see that these facts are becoming apparent to the community at large, and it is to be hoped that every man who has any permanent interests in this valley, will contribute something toward opening up this road to travel. We wish to see the farmers take hold of this matter, and together with the city people, push the work through for their mutual benefit.

The old stockholders who formed themselves into a company for the purpose of constructing the road, have abandoned the project and announce their intention of giving whatever has been expended in the work, to the new enterprise of making it a free road.

Mr. W. A. Ball has been circulating a subscription paper this week to procure means for the opening of the road, and has thus far met with the most flattering success.

The Democratic Convention.

The Democratic Convention convened at the Court House on Saturday last, at the hour appointed, and organized by the election of Gen. O. L. Bridges Chairman and E. L. Massey Secretary. A committee on resolutions were appointed who presented the following:

Resolved, 1st, That the democracy are unalterably attached to the Union of these States, and count any cost of blood and treasure cheap that may be necessary to its maintenance in all its constitutional force and vigor.

2d. That the right of secession is not reserved to the States, and that any attempt to carry out a political heresy so dangerous should be resisted to the last extremity.

3d. That the Federal Government has a right to maintain the Constitution and enforce the laws, if need be, by force of arms, and so far as the acts of the present Administration tend to these desirable ends, it has our cordial support and endorsement, and no farther.

4th. That the Democracy of Washington Territory view the declared intentions of such men as Horace Greeley and Charles Sumner—who desire the prosecution of the present civil war for the abolition of slavery, and who utterly scout the idea of any peace which is not founded on the condition that the social fabric of the insurgent States is to be totally uprooted—with abhorrence; as leading to the serious derangement of the social, moral and political condition of all the States of the Union.

5th. That our alarm at the conduct of the ultra Republicans is founded on the belief that they intend, in emancipating the slaves, to gratify their sectional malice and that it arises from no patriotic inspiration or sincere purpose to save the Union.

6th. That we sympathize deeply with the patriotic men who compose the armies of the Union, and will support at home, the cause which they so nobly defend in the field—being ready to contribute in any way to the restoration of the Union on the principles which have guided its course during seventy-five years of its glorious existence, with such modifications as may be Constitutionally agreed upon, AND NONE OTHER.

7th. That the Democracy are now and ever have been in favor of a strict construction of the Constitution at all times; the rights of the States and the rights of individuals,—as guaranteed by the writ of *Habeas Corpus*,—and believe that the true theory of these rights may be deduced from the uniform practices of the Government in every age of its existence up to the breaking out out of the present war; and further, that the exercise of those rights is a privilege so precious that it should not be suspended, except temporarily, and then for good reasons shown.

8th. That the conduct of the Federal officials of this Territory has tended to bring into disrepute the national authorities; and that their removal from office is but an act of justice, conducive alike to the popularity of the Government and the contentment of the people.

After the adoption of these resolutions the propriety of sending Delegates to the Territorial Convention was discussed *pro* and *con*—principally *con*—when a motion to adjourn was made by the opposing party, and the Convention adjourned without electing delegates.

The reason for proceeding thus was, as explained by the the speakers, that the Democracy of the western counties had not dealt fairly with the upper country in the matter of apportioning the delegates; the apportionment being based upon the representation in the legislature, instead of the democratic vote; the upper country furnishing about one-half of the votes and being allowed only one-fifth of the representation in the Convention. Arguing from this also that as the rights of the people here had not been respected in this matter, their rights would not be consulted in the choice of a candidate for the Delegateship.

The question of calling a mass meeting and nominating a man from the upper country, who would represent the interests of the people here as well as those on Puget Sound, was also broached. We are not yet fully advised whether such a step will be taken. We suppose, though, that so far as the Democratic party is concerned in this county, the election of Delegate to Congress may be considered a free fight, and that individuals can vote for a Republican "or any other man" without ruining a boasted Democratic record.

P. S.—See the call in another column for a a mass convention.

Our County Jail.

The insecurity of our county jail has been a subject of general remark among our citizens for a long time. Prisoners confined in this structure have never had any trouble in making their escape from it when they wished to do so. Desperate characters only laugh at the idea of being put in such a shabby concern for safe confinement, and exult over the fact that by being put in it they can evade the strong arm of the law whenever it suits them. In fact, our county jail in its present condition, is a nuisance instead of a benefit to the community. The necessity of repairing it must be apparent to every one who knows anything about its condition—it being unprovided with locks upon any of the cell doors—they having been broken by escaping convicts, and in fact, having only one lock upon it that is of any use at all. The doors should be provided with locks, and a substantial wall should be put around the building, which will prevent the outside assistance which it is well known prisoners have usually had in effecting their escape. One thing is certain, and that is, if we have no safe place of confinement for desperadoes, they will be sent to the confines of another world without due process of law. We hope to see the jail repaired so that it will be a terror, instead of a joke, to lawless characters, to be placed within its walls. When this is done we may expect a better state of things.

THE Oregon *Argus* is now published at Salem, instead of Oregon city, as announced in our last.

Late Eastern News.

News of May 15th.

WASHINGTON May 15.—Gen. Curtis has been relieved of the command of the Department of Missouri. Gen. Schofield has succeeded him.

NEW YORK 15.—An *emeute* occurred at Camp Sprague, State Island, on the 13th: some mutineers attacked the guard with clubs, stones and pickaxes, but were finally suppressed. One man was killed and several wounded. 28 were afterwards captured.

By a general order just issued all officers and men who have been delivered at City Point up to May 6th, and captured and released on parole up to April 1st, where ever captured, and all captured in North Carolina and Virginia, released on parole up to March 1st, are declared duly exchanged.

A special dispatch to the *Times* says the President received from headquarters Army of the Potomac an original letter from Jeff. Davis addressed to one of his colonels, in which he speaks very disparagingly of affairs in the South-west and on the Rappahannock. A letter was found in a rebel camp at Fredericksburg dated April 2d. Lee's headquarters are in Fredericksburg.

A dispatch received by the State Department from Minister Corwin shows that up to the 21st of April the French had not obtained possession of Puebla.

The *Herald's* dispatch says that previous to the falling back of Hooker, a council of corps commanders was held, and four of the six urged an advance upon the rebel army.

WASHINGTON, May 15.—A dispatch from Gen. Grant of the 8th inst., has been received. He expressed satisfaction with the appearance of affairs in his vicinity, and states that Port Hudson has undoubtedly been evacuated, except by small garrisons and their heavy artillery.

CHICAGO, May 15.—The Springfield *Journal* states that Kars, Steele & Co. have contracted to build 350 miles of railroad to the Pacific. This division lies within the boundary of Kansas, beyond which the Union Pacific road policy commences. It is intended to have forty miles open during the present year. The nails, spikes, &c., are all purchased, and the work will be pushed on vigorously.

NEW YORK, May 15.—The last of our wounded left on the other side of the Rappahannock have been across. As good care was taken of them while they remained within the enemy's lines as could be expected. Our surgeons have been with them since Hooker crossed the river. The medical stores sent over at the suggestion of Gen. Lee were taken possession of by the rebels, but were issued to our soldiers on proper requisitions. The dead of both armies have been buried.

WASHINGTON May 15.— Evidence in Gen. Buell's case has arrived here. There is reason to beleive that the finding of the court is such as to show that the President had ample cause for removing Buell from command, and that the Government erred in postponing his removeal so long.

The general tenor of advices from Mexico received at the War Department to-day, is unfavorable to the French, who had, on the 21st, made slight progress towards the capture of Puebla. The Mexicans defended the place with desperate courage. Commonfort had received reinforcements and was about to assume offensive operations.

News of May 16th.

NEW YORK, May 16th.—The *Post* last evening says, a serious disagreement exists between Gens. Halleck and Hooker. It is positively stated that Hooker's new movement, planned before he left the south side of the Rappahannock, has been countermanded by Halleck.

Richmond papers say that there is no doubt but that Stonewall Jackson was accidently shot by his own men. He received three balls in the left arm and hand. This occured after dark on Saturday; he having given orders to fire on anything seen coming up the road, before he left the line, and on seeing federal skirmishers before him he having hurried to retreat and was shot by his own men. His funeral was largely attended. Davis and the Rebel Cabinet were present. His body was sent to Lexington and a statue of him is to be erected in the rebel Capitol.

A Washington letter to the *Commercial*, says it is certain that the army of the Potomac lost a large number of prisoners and missing, and that its dead would exceed the number heretofore published; that it left on the south bank of the Rappahannock 24 pieces of artillery, a quantity of arms and ammunition, and that a majority of the Generals and officers desire a new commander. Hooker frankly informed the President that he would resign, if the step was considered desirable by the Government.

An official dispatch from Paducah Ky., to-day, says that on the night of the 12th 50 men of the 1st Tennessee Cavalry were up the Tennessee river in gunboats and landed at Breckinridge. They dashed across the country to Linden, surprised a rebel force thrice their number, killed three, captured a Lieut.-Col. with six other officer, 30 privates, 10 conscripts, a lot of horses, arms, etc., and burned the Court-house, which was the rebel depot, with a quantity of army supplies. We lost no men.

The report from Washington that Vallandigham was to be sent South is not credited here. It is understood that Burnside will announce what disposition is to be made of him.

The NEW YORK *Tribune* of Thursday criticizes very severely the operations of General Stoneman, saying the damage inflicted on the enemy is so slight as to have caused the enemy no inconvenience. In conclusion it says it is idle to deny that the campaign of General Hooker, which begun so auspiciously, has come to a premature and ineffectual end. His losses are considerable heavier than heretofore published, and the estimates will not amount to less than 17,000, killed, wounded and missing; the actual per cent exceeds 17,000, but may be reduced a little. Lee is said to admit a loss of 18,000, which is far greater than ours, in proportion to the strength of his army. Gen. Hooker's army still largely outnumbers the enemy; and is undeniably in good spirits and condition.

News of May 18.

NEW YORK, May 18.—The special Washington dispatches in the morning papers are barren of much else than speculation. The *Tribune's* dispatches say that movements are on foot and strongly supported in and out of the Cabinet for the appointment of Gen. Butler to the command of the Department of the West.

The *Times'* dispatch relates to Senators Wade and Chandler, who had just arrived from Falmouth. They report the troops in a most efficient condition. The soldiers are in the best of spirits, and impatient for an advance on Lee's army. Capt Slager, our Cheif Ordnance officer, reports that we lost 8 guns captured on the 9th.

The Richmond *Sentinel* of the 15th has the following: Jackson, Miss., May 12.—The enemy advanced yesterday with a heavy column of 12 regiments upon Raymond, Miss., where Gen Gregg had 4,100 infantry a few cavalry and no artillery. Skirmishing began at nine o'clock in the morning. The enemy was contiuually reinforced until one P. M. when he opened battle heavily with musketry. Gregg fought two hours with musketry, when learning that the enemy were heavily reinforced and that the reinforcements were ready to engage, he retreated through Raymond. He will make a stand at Mississippi Springs, where he has been reinforced with infantry and artillery.

Fortress Monroe, May 18.—The Petersburg Express of the 15th says the retaliatory resolutions by the Confederate Congress provides that every commissioned officer in command of negroes used against the Confederate States shall be put to death, and the negroes delivered to the State authorities, to be dealt with according to the present or any future laws. The same paper speaks despondingly of affairs at Vicksburg.

☞ The following correspondence will explain itself. We regret the occasion which has given rise to it, and trust that Mr. Whitman's statement will prove satisfactory to the people of Coppei:

COPPEI, May 25th, 1863.

EDS. STATESMAN:—We, the undersigned citizens of Coppei, and Touchet, Walla Walla county, would most respectfully set forth that a flagrant and wilful murder was committed on the person of Daniel S. Cogsdill, by William Buntin, on or about the 23d of February last, and warrants were issued for his arrest. One was placed in the hands of Sheriff Buckley, who declined to serve it. After he resigned the warrant was handed to Sheriff Whitman, who likewise made no effort to arrest Bunton; and on the first of May the Grand Jury found a bill of indictment against Bunton for murder in the first degree. Upon the 5th of May a warrant was issued by the Court directing the Sheriff or any of his deputies to arrest him, and on the 24th of May deputy Hodgis, at the instance of citizens, obtained the warrant, and on Sunday morning, assisted by citizens, arrested Bunton and delivered him over to Whitman, who was too merciful to the murderer to put him in jail; but at the request of Bunton put him in charge of a lame or crippled man, with, as we believe, the intention of his escape. From the time of the murder up to his arrest Bunton was frequently in Walla Walla, to the knowledge of Sheriff Whitman.

Thus we have a murderer turned loose upon us by an officer who has taken a solemn oath to discharge his duty under the law. Now, in view of these circumstances, we feel as a community that we have no protection under the law, while the high and responsible office of Sheriff is filled by the friends of murderers and thieves, as clearly appears in this case. We therefore would respectfully present the following resolutions for publication, in connection with the above:

Resolved, 1st. That, whereas, the said Whitman has totally failed in this instance to perform his duty as Sheriff, we would recommend him to surrender his papers to the proper authorities and to cease the publication of his name in connection with this office.

2d. That we respectfully recommend all good citizens not to cast their suffrages for said Whitman.

3. That we utterly repudiate such conduct in any officer of the law, and utterly condemn, and express our decided disapprobation of all such abuse of public trust.

4. That we respectfully recommend the Board of County Commissioners to remove said Whitman, and appoint in his stead deputy Hodgis, or some other good man.

S F McRoberts,	J W Atchison,	A T Lloyd.
Henry Bateman,	Sam'l Ewin,	Robert Elwell,
E. Kenton.	John Lemier.	J S Taylor,
Jas. H. Perkins,	G Lomadagin,	W Whitaker,
M H Hawker,	J. Duckworth,	w H whitaker,
Benj. Dimmick,	Benj. Scott.	J R whitaker.
E F McCall	H A Livingstone	Hiram Ogden,
J S Bruce	W B Boice,	R Dean,
H O Waters	T D Reeves,	B P whitaker,
R C Duncan.	Sam'l Leeper.	w H. Billips,
J M McKinney,	Wm. Vawter,	D. Davis.
John W Metcleo,	Jas L. Belieu,	William Fudge.
John Richardson,	Joel B Perkins,	william Hedges.
Luke Henshaw,	Andrew Jasper,	A Fudge,
P W Cox,	J C Lloyd,	J Fudge,
J O Putnam,	A Henderson,	James Fudge,
A C Harris,	B F Blodget.	F. Billips,
Lewis Cox,	w w Stillwell.	D wilson,
J McConnell,	J M Hedrick,	Jas. woodruff,
James Price,	N H Boling.	A S Smith,
T G Tiger,	P D walton	Anderson Cox,
A G Lloyd,	P P Rhodes,	M Herren,
Preston Richey,	J w Foster	Wm. McKinney.

Reply.

EDS. STATESMAN:—My attention has to-day been called to the fact that a number of the citizens residing at or near the Coppei, have written for publication an article censuring me for the escape from custody of Wm. Bunton, charged with the crime of murder. I therefore consider it my duty to give a plain statement of all the facts connected with the case, that the community may be able to judge of the facts as they are.

Upon assuming the office of Sheriff of Walla Walla county, papers were placed in my hands by the retiring officer, and among them a warrant for the arrest of Bunton. On that day I was informed that Bunton was in town, but not until after he had left. Parties then told me that Bunton had been informed that I held the warrant and immediately left. I have never heard of his being in town but once since, until his arrest, and then I was so informed by Mr. Chase. I immediately commenced a search and made inquiry, but could get no clue to his whereabouts.

Since receiving the warrant issued by the Court, upon an indictment found by the Grand Jury, I have used my best endeavors to learn of his whereabouts. Several times I have met with persons who have seen him in divers places, traveling, but never until Saturday, 25th of May, did I obtain any reliable information. I then consulted with deputy Hodgis, who said he could get assistance at Coppei, and I instructed him to arrest him if a possible thing. He did so, and brought him to town on Sunday morning. Upon being informed by Mr. Hodgis that he had him in custody, I told him that we had better lock him up at once. Mr. Hodgis told me that Bunton was willing to give bail in any sum. I questioned the the right to bail him, but told him I would immediately consult Judge Wyche and follow his instructions. I did so. Judge Wyche told me that he thought that owing to the utter insecurity of the county jail it would be better to put him in the charge of a keeper, and that he would look into the facts of the case and inform me on the next day, and if it could be made a bailable case it would be better than imprisoning. [Since that time Judge Whyche has told me that he could have held him to bail.] Mr. Hodgis and I then consulted and concluded that the safest plan was to appoint some man to stay with Bunton, and arrangements were made with Mr. J. O. Putnam, one of the signers of the above, to keep him in charge until Monday. Mr. Hodgis then left for home, having been up all the previous night. In a short time Mr. Putnam brought Bunton to me and said that he wished to relinquish his charge, and at once left. After Bunton's escape I told Mr. Hodgis that something must have transpired to shake Mr. Putnam's belief in his capability of preventing Bunton's escape, and have since learned that Bunton and him had some words, in which Bunton threatened to "bust him on the head with a rock," or words to this effect. This fact should have been imparted to me at once that steps might have been taken to prevent any such occurrence. I then made inquiries as to the best person to get to take charge of Bunton and was by several parties recommended to a Mr. Wheelock as being the best man I could get. I then found Mr. Wheelock and asked him if he knew what kind of a man Bunton was. He said that he did, by reputation. I then asked him if he thought he could keep him safe until Monday. He said that he could, but wanted a pistol. I furnished him with one and he took him in charge. In a few minutes after I had turned him over to Mr. Wheelock Bunton asked him to walk up the street a little way, as he wished to pick up a few articles that he had left, and wanted to collect them together. Mr. Wheelock accompanied him, and upon his getting at a horse—which was no doubt placed there for the purpose—immediately sprang upon his back, and presenting a pistol at Wheelock told him not to move; that if he did he would put a ball through him, and left before a pistol could have been drawn by Wheelock. The pistol in the possession of Bunton was obtained after his arrival in town by some means or other, as he was thoroughly searched after his arrival and was known to have no weapons.

So far as Bunton's recommending Wheeler is concerned, he said to me that he did not care who I put him in charge of; that he was desirous of an investigation, and would prefer to give bail, that he might attend to his farm and business without molestation, as he could prove by several witnesses that he acted in self-defense, and was not guilty of the crime as alleged.

After his escape we tried to get assistance from the garrison to recapture him—as we thought he could be got at that night and rearrested—but we could not procure it. Mr. Hodgis then started, at midnight, with another man, supposing that he could get parties at the Coppei to go with him. This they refused to do unless he would agree to kill Bunton on sight; said that they would not accompany any man or officer with a warrant. They also stated that they had made arrangements to hang Bunton in the same house where the alleged crime was committed; also, that they had been to Bonton's house and ordered another man to leave the country within two hours or suffer the consequences—upon which information Mr. Hodgis returned.

Such is a plain statement of the facts as they occurred, and they have not been penned during a strong excitement, as the communication from Coppei seems to have been. As to the suffrages of the citizens, I do not want it, having several weeks since declared my intention not to be a candidate for any office. The Commissioners can take such action as they deem proper; but while I hold the office of Sheriff I shall do what I think my duty requires, without regard to any political move, for which purpose I think the above article was written.

It my be well to remark here that I am not personally acquainted with any of the signers of the above article. E. B. WHITMAN, Sh'ff,

Walla Walla county.

Walla Walla, May 27, 1863.

Boise Correspondence.

PLACERVILLE, May 20th, 1863.

EDS. STATESMAN:—On last Saturday evening the citizens of Bannock were somewhat surprised by the sudden appearance, in their midst, of a train of some three wagons loaded, lightly, and coming by the way of the new wagon road which is about to be completed from the foot of the mountain to that place. This road intersects the old emigrant road on Snake river. Those who have come in with wagons tell me that the road is a good one as far as completed, there being about five miles to finish to make it in good condition for heavy freight wagons. This, I am inclined to believe will have a tendency to reduce high freights, and give the honest miner a cheaper mode of transportation than heretofore. Persons starting from the city of Walla Walla or other places, below the range of Blue mountains, can safely calculate, after getting across those mountains, on finding a good road all the way to Bannock city, with good grass and camping places.

I must confess that the longer I remain in this mining region the more thoroughly I become convinced of its richness and extent. Diggings are being struck almost every day, ranging in distance, from ten to twenty miles from the old discoveries.

Parties just in from the South fork of Boise report good diggings there. Some pack trains have already gone out. I have seen quartz specimens from there which are very rich. I should judge that there has gone from here to these mines, about fifteen hundred men. The road is reported as being very rough, and dangerous for pack animals in many places.

After the arrival of last express I found a man reading the *Washington Statesman*, bearing date of 22d inst. He undoubtedly thought he had it all to himself, but with some assurance, and a small portion of my best assorted Walla Walla manners, I ventured to take a peep over his shoulder. I read a few local items, and *not* a few items about candidates and aspirants for the various offices to be filled in Walla Walla county. It occurs to my mind that if by any means you could elect all the candidates in the field to hold their terms of office successively, your county would not be at the expense of holding another election in the eighteenth century.

I have not been able to see any of the "Don's" literature since I left Walla Walla; but am informed that there will be a few copies of the *Age* sent to this market to be sold at "ruinous prices." They will be started about the 1st of August, on snow shoes, and will be expected to arrive six weeks after. Some parties have just arrived, I learn, *via* Lewiston—having been on the road since Feb. 1st.

"Bully for I. T?" Who ever heard of the capital of a Territory being located on an Indian Reservation?

As I anticipated, and predicted, in my last letter, miners' supplies and goods of all kinds are in demand. Yesterday there was not a shovel or pick for sale in either this place or Bannock City.

Messrs. Eds., we of this "I. T." Territory would like to know whether or not we could "borrow the loan" of one of your "fellers" "what's got some good clothes." We have got to send somebody to Congress. Please send that "funny feller" who wears a "plug" hat and carries a cane when he rides a-horse-back on a mule. We have plenty of Congress heads here; but good clothes are out of the question.

There is not quite so much difficulty about the "light air" in this section as there was last year in the Salmon mines. There has not been much shooting among the "boys" and with the exception of one or two accidental shots, there has not been any one hurt by the use of fire-arms. A man by the name of Libby died on Saturday last, at Bannock city. He had just returned from the south fork or Boise river, and was among the party who discovered the mines there. He was taken with a violent fever, the day after his return, which proved fatal. This is the only case of sickness I have heard of since my arrival.

Mr. Rockfellow is ready to start. He expects to make the trip in 48 hours, starting from this place at 1 o'clock this morning. He is an enterprising expressman.

I have just been talking with Captain Standefer. He promises to give me a correct report of the proceedings while in pursuit of the Indians, and if I obtain any items from him worthy of note, I will transmit them to you for publication.

Yours, &c., ITEMS.

[Communicated.]

The Grand Ronde Wagon Road.

EDS. STATESMAN:—The importance of opening the road from here to Grand Ronde valley is every day becoming more apparent. In fact, on it depends Walla Walla's best chance of prosperity. I have just returned from a trip across the mountains—went over the old road and came in by way of the trail. In comparison the trail route is infinitely the superior. On the old road are hills almost impossible to get up or down with wagons. Ascending with a common load, wagons are compelled to "double team;" and descending it is necessary to hitch large trees to the rear end of the wagons and haul them for long distances to keep the wagons from being precipitated down the hills. On the trail route there are no such difficulties to encounter. In truth, the ascent and descent is so gradual that a loaded wagon would pass over it with as much ease as it could over the road from here to Dalles.—But with all the natural advantages of the trail route there is no wagon road, and what wagoning is done, is by way of the old road, and so Walla Walla loses an immense travel and trade that she would otherwise get. Teams go to Dalles, Grande Ronde, and Umatilla Landing that would come here if the road was open. The citizens of Walla Walla should look to this matter and that at once, if they would secure the travel and trade to Boise and Auburn. They have it in their power to secure it, if they will act promptly; and if they do not do so they will give time for some point to spring up on the Columbia and take the trade from them. This season will settle that question. As one having no other interest than the securing of a good road to travel over, I hope the matter may be decided in favor of Walla Walla. PACKER.

Notice.—The Stockholders of the Walla Walla and Grand Ronde Wagon Road Company will hold their quarterly meeting on Tuesday June 2d, 1863, at 2 o'clock P. M., in Walla Walla city. A full attendance is requested, as there is important business to act upon.

S. LINKTON, Pres't.

MARRIED:

BAGGS—HANCOCK—In this city on the 21st inst, by E. L. Massey, Esq., Mr. George A. Baggs and Miss F. Hancock.

ANNOUNCEMENTS:

Sheriff.

H. M. HODGIS will be an Independent candidate for the office of Sheriff of Walla Walla county at the approaching July election.

G. W. SHOEMAKER will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Walla Walla county; subject to the decision of the voters of the County.

A. SEWELL will be a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Walla Walla county, subject to the decision of the people at the election in July next.

EDS. STATESMAN:—Please announce W. S. GILLIAM as a candidate for Sheriff of Walla Walla County, and oblige MANY VOTERS.

Mr. Gilliam's private worth as a citizen, his experience in the official capacity of Sheriff in the neighboring State of Oregon, the honest, prompt and efficient manner in which he has discharged every public trust reposed in him, both in Oregon and in this Territory, give assurance to the least voters of this county that the duties of the office, if he should be required, will be promptly, fearlessly, impartially, and faithfully executed, and as such he is a safe custodian for our suffrages. MANY VOTERS.

Auditor.

HENRY M CHASE is a candidate for County Auditor for Walla Walla County.

H. PARKER will be an Independent candidate for the office of County Auditor; subject to the decision of the people of Walla Walla county, at the next annual election.

C. H. ARMSTRONG announces to the voters of Walla Walla County that he is a candidate for the office of County Auditor; subject to the decision of a regularly convened and conducted Democratic Convention.

L. J. RECTOR respectfully announces himself a candidate for the office of County Auditor.

CARD—*To the Citizens of Walla Walla County.*—It has been the usual caution for aspirants to office to claim that they have been urgently solicited to come before the public. I shall make no such claim, but for the sake of change, urgently solicit the votes of the people. I own that I want the office, and want it for this reason: that from long suffering I have become physically disabled from following any active or laborious employ, and have necessarily been compelled to seek some means for a livelihood that does not require great physical exertion. The office of County Auditor, as I believe, will furnish such means, and if the people will bestow it upon me I shall be under the most grateful obligations, and shall use every effort to honor the trust. L. J. RECTOR.

LIST OF AGENTS.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive and receipt for moneys on account of the WASHINGTON STATESMAN:

PORTLAND—H. C. Northrop.
DALLES—J. S. Reynolds.
SAN FRANCISCO, L. P. Fisher.

☞ Persons not convenient to an Agent can transmit moneys through the mails or express companies at our risk, by enclosing the amount in the presence of a postmaster or express agent.

I. O. O. F.

Regular meetings of Enterprise Lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F. are held every Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock. All brothers in good standing are invited to attend.

E. Guichard, R. S., WM. B. KELLY, N. G.

Religious Notice.

Preaching at the M. E. Church every Sunday morning and evening. Morning services at 10½ o'clock. Evening services at 6½. A cordial invitation is extended to all. REV. JOHN FLINN, Pastor.

A. F. & A. M.

Walla Walla Lodge A. F. & A. M. hold their regular meetings at their Hall on the Second and Fourth Saturdays of each month. All members in good standing are invited to attend.

CHAS. A. EBERT, W. M.
M. L. FRANK, Sec. *pro tem.*

Notice.

AS I intend to move my livery business to La Grande, I respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to me to come forward and settle up before the 6th of June. All unsettled accounts after that date will be placed in the hands of proper officers for collection.

M. A. MURRAY.

May 30, 1863. 24w2

Administrator's Sale.

BY virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Probate Court of Clark county, W. T., on the 6th day of May, A. D. 1863, and directed to me, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of Patrick Donegan, deceased, I will sell at public auction, on Saturday the 20th day of June, A.D.1863, on the premises hereinafter described, to the highest bidder, the following property, belonging to the estate of said deceased, to-wit:

One lot or parcel of land, situated in Clark county, W. T., containing one hundred and sixty-one and thirty-three one-hundredths (161 33-100) acres, being and lying in township No. 2, north range 2 East of the Willamette Meridian, with all the improvements thereon—consisting of six acres cleared and under fence, one log house and shed, 2500 rails, more or less, now being on said premises.

TERMS OF SALE.—Either cash payment to be made in U. S. gold or silver coin, or U. S. legal tender notes at current rates; or on credit for six months, the purchaser to give notes payable six months from date of sale, drawing legal rates of interest from said date of sale and their payment guaranteed by such security as may be deemed good and sufficient by the said Probate Court. P. A'HERN, Adm'r,

Estate of P. Donegan, dec'd.

Vancouver, W. T., May 19, 1863. 21w4

Sheriff's Sale.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, County of Walla Walla, } ss.

KYGER & REESE, vs. J. McCRAITH.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed, from the District Court of the First Judicial District, W. T., I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on the premises hereinafter described, the following real and personal property, to satisfy a judgment rendered at the April Term, 1863, in favor of said Kyger & Reese and against said Jas. McCraith, for the sum of two hundred and twenty-three dollars and seventy-two cents ($223 72) judgment, and cost of suit, taxed at $144,60, and the first and accruing costs, on

Tuesday the 23d day of June, A. D. 1863,

between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day:

1 Desk and contents,
15 Casks and Kegs,
5 Guns,
1 Bar, or Counter,
34 Empty Bottles,
44 Bottles and Contents,
6 Bottles Peppermint,
1 Can with Oil,
9 Tins of Drugs,
4 Sash Doors,
28 Window Sash,

Also, the following described real property, to-wit: One lot of ground, (in the rear of Hawthorne and Kinney's buildings) fronting on Alder street, in Block No. 13, Lot No. 7, with one frame house, two unfinished houses, stable, improvements and sticks of timber on said lot, all situated in the city and county of Walla Walla, W. T.

E. B. WHITMAN, Sheriff,
Walla Walla County.

May 18, 1863. 23w5

OFFICE OF THE A. C. S.,
FORT WALLA WALLA, W. T., May 20, 1863.

Sealed Proposals

WILL be received at this office until 1 o'clock P. M. on the 15th of June 1863, for furnishing Fresh Beef to the troops at this Post from the 1st day of July, 1863, to the 30th of June, 1864.

The Beef to be of a good and wholesome quality, in quarters, with an equal proportion of each, (necks and shanks to be excluded) delivered at the Commissary Storehouse, in such quantities as may be from time to time required for the troops, and on such days as shall be designated by the commanding officer.

Each bid must have the names of two responsible persons subscribed to it as sureties for the faithful performance of the contract; the contractor and his sureties to take the oath of allegiance to the United States.

Bids should be addressed to the "A. C. S.," Fort Walla Walla, W. T., and endorsed, "Proposals for Furnishing Fresh Beef."

Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the bids.

The A. C. S. reserves to himself the right to reject any and all bids that may be deemed unreasonable. LIEW. G. CABANISS, 1st Lt. W. T. Inf'y.

A. C. S.

May 23, 1863. 23w4

Final Settlement.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, County of Walla, } Estate of H. M. Booth.

IN THE PROBATE COURT.

W. H. PATTEN, Administrator of the estate of H. M. Booth, deceased, having filed his final accounts of his administration for settlement in this Court, and praying a discharge therefrom, it is hereby ordered and decreed that Tuesday the 26th day of June, 1863, be appointed to hear the same and to show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of said Administrator should not be granted.

WM. B. KELLY, Probate Judge.

May 23, 1863. 23w4

FOR RENT.

THE UNION HOTEL,

In the City of Walla Walla, W. T.,

With the Furniture and Fixtures

belonging thereto.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION WILL BE GIVEN.

☞ For further particulars apply to the undersigned, at his residence, in the rear of said Hotel.

JAMES GALBREATH.

May 16, 1863. 23tf

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between J. M. Vansyckle and S. W. Tatem, in the mercantile and hotel business, was dissolved on the 5th of May by mutual consent.

The business will hereafter be conducted by S. W. Tatem, to whom all debts due the old firm must be paid and by whom all liabilities will be settled.

J. M. VANSYCKLE.
S. W. TATEM.

Wallula, May 5, 1863. 22w4

WALLULA HOTEL.

WALLULA, W. T.

S. W. TATEM.....Proprietor.

SUPERIOR ACCOMMODATIONS FOR The Traveling Public.

May 16, 1863. 22tf

FASHION SALOON,

Wallula, W. T.

THE BEST QUALITY OF

Wines, Liquors, and Cigars

ALWAYS ON HAND.

A First Class

Phelan Billiard Table

In the Saloon.

May 16, 1863. 23tf] S. W. TATEM.

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE, the STEAMERS of the

Oregon Steam Navigation Comp'y

WILL LEAVE

CELILO FOR WALLULA

AND LEWISTON

THREE TIMES A WEEK.

Returning, will Leave

LEWISTON FOR CELILO

Each Alternate Day.

ALL FREIGHTS

Received on Monday, 27th April, and thereafter will be charged at the following

RATES:

From Portland to Dalles,.....$5 per ton.
From Portland to Grand Ronde, Umatilla and Wallula,.....$15 per ton
From Portland to Lewiston,.....$25 per ton

J. C. AINSWORTH, Pres't.

LEWIS DAY, Agent, Wallula.

April 24, 1863. 2:3ly

H. LAW & CO.,

Dalles and Portland.

H. L. & CO. have constantly on hand and for sale, at the Dalles,

All Kinds of Flour,

—including—

Standard, Mission and Magnolia Mills,

which they will sell at Portland prices, with the ruling freight added.

Orders for all kinds of WAGON TIMBER filled with dispatch.

H. LAW & CO., Dalles. H. LAW & CO., Portland.

May 9, 1863. 21tf

For Sale or Lease.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL LEASE OR SELL the property known as the

"Pioneer Race Course,"

situated on the road leading from Walla Walla to Wallula, 2 miles from town. Terms made known on application to E. L. BRIDGES.

☞ Immediate possession will be given.

May 9, 1863. 21tf

To My Clients.

I WILL be absent from Walla Walla three or four weeks but will not neglect business now in my hands, and have engaged Mr. J. H. Lassater (who may be found at present at Frank Carpeld's Hotel) to attend to any matters requiring attention in my absence. F. A. CHENOWETH.

May 23, 1862. 23w4

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD, BUY KIDDER'S YEAST POWDER.

THE WASHINGTON STATESMAN
Published Every Saturday Morning.

Road Meeting.

We are requested by Mr. W. A. Ball to state that a meeting of the subscribers to the Grand Ronde Road will be held at the Court House in this city on Wednesday next at 10 o'clock P. M. The object of the meeting is to consult on the proper means to be adopted in constructing the road. It is especially hoped that a full attendance of the subscribers and others interested, will be present. Proposals for building the road will also be considered at the meeting. Proposals should be made in the usual form, with accompanying plans and specifications.

Crow and Fair.

Crow, *alias* Powel, and Marion C. Fair, who were recaptured at Umatilla week before last, have again succeeded in escaping. Sheriff Marshall, who had them in charge, found it necessary to remove them for safe keeping to a place three miles distant from where they had been lodged. For this purpose he had procured the services of a man, who started off with them in a wagon. Crow was shackled, but had probably loosed his irons before he was put in the wagon, and as soon as they had got out of sight of Marshall's, he took them off and knocked the driver down, when he and Fair unharnessed the horses and rode off towards the mountains. They rode the horses down in a short time and abandoned them, when they took it afoot. While traveling along in this manner, they overtook Mr. Wm. A. Mix, of this city, who was traveling toward the mountains with a buggy, and Crow, who first made his appearance, asked the privilege of riding.—Mr. Mix recognized him and being alone and unarmed, declined the honor of his company. A few moments after, he heard loud breathing behind him, and turning around saw Fair approaching with a club in his hand. Their intention was, evidently, to treat him in the same manner that they had the man who first took them in charge. Mr. Mix concluded that under the circumstances, discretion was the better part of valor, and hurried up his horses and got out of their way. Previous to their arrest they had been engaged at their old business of horse stealing, and several animals were found that they had cached in the mountains. Officers and citizens from Umatilla are in pursuit of them.

THE TREATY.—At last dates from Lapwai Big Thunder and his band had not made their appearance at the Council grounds, and still insisted that they would not participate in the treaty. All the other bands were represented, though some of the leaders were still absent. A plan of treaty has been drawn up by the Commissioners, and they are only awaiting the arrival of the interpreter to present it to the consideration of the Indians. This plan if adopted, we are informed will cost the *moderate* sum of half a million of dollars.

MILITARY.—Major Truax has been ordered to Fort Lapwai—probably to take command of the post there.

It is thought that Col. Steinberger will be returned to the command of Fort Walla Walla.

Capt. Mason's company of W. T. Infantry has been ordered out on the old emigrant road across the Blue mountains to repair the road for the Government teams bound for the new post at Boise.

Two companies, under command of Major Lugenbeel, have left the Dalles to accompany the expedition to Boise. The first of the teams left the Dalles on Monday last. The balance of the supplies for Boise will be wagoned from Wallula.

GOLD AND SILVER ORDINANCE.—The city council of Portland has passed an ordinance that all taxes and licenses, in that city, of any nature whatsoever, must hereafter be paid in gold or silver coin of the United States of America. This ordinance will no doubt be hailed with pleasure by all persons who work for the city; but the heavy tax and license payers who have been accustomed to getting off their greenbacks at par in this way will most likely demur; and it will not be surprising if the lawyers of the place secure a fee each in testing the "constitutionality" of the law.

FOR BOISE.—Our old friend, Henry Miller, who has been for some weeks past sojourning in this city left on Monday last, in company with Edward Nugent, Esq., for Boise. Mr. Miller is not a stranger to the readers of the STATESMAN, and will be remembered by them as the author of the able letters from the mines, written from Florence, and published a year ago over the signature of "H. M." He will write us regularly from Boise, and from his well known character as a writer our readers need no assurance from us that his letters will be entertaining as well as truthful statements of affairs in the mines.

A RARE CASE.—A deserter from the Secesh army went to Fort Walla Walla last week to give himself up under President Lincoln's proclamation of pardon to Union soldiers—restoring them to duty, without punishment, except the forfeiture of pay and allowances during their absence. Upon inquiring of the individual where he deserted from, he replied from the rebel army. The officers of the post concluded they had no use for him, and he retired, evidently dissatisfied that he could not be *pardoned*.

TO BEEF CONTRACTORS.—The attention of Beef contractors is called to the advertisement of the commissary of subsistence at Fort Walla Walla.

WOOD.—A few loads of wood will be taken at this office, on subscription, if delivered immediately.

COLUMBIA, is the name of the new town at Umatilla landing.

ARREST.—Wm. Buntin, who killed Daniel Cogsdel, at Coppei last winter, was re-arrested upon the same charge, by Deputy Sheriff Hodges, on Sunday last and brought into town and delivered over to Sheriff Whitman, who for reasons explained elsewhere placed him in charge of a keeper. He had not been in custody but a few hours before he escaped. Upon inquiry, it was ascertained that a horse was brought into town for him by one of a gang to which he is supposed to belong, and from the actions of other suspicious individuals who made their appearance in town about the same time, it was evident that every arrangement was being made to insure his escape.

SELECT SCHOOL.—Mr. W. T. L. Benge will commence teaching a Select School on Monday next, on 2d street, opposite Mr. Ball's residence, three doors above Ackley's Paint shop. Terms $7 1-2c per scholar per week—payable weekly.

RETURNED DESERTERS.—Sixteen deserters from the regular army have given themselves up at Fort Walla Walla, under the President's proclamation of pardon.—Of these, fourteen were volunteers in Col. Steinberger's regiment.

EARLY BARLEY AND OATS.—Specimens of barley and oats (volunteer) already headed out, and of fine growth, raised upon Mr. George Thomas' farm, were left at our office a week ago.

"CONGRESSIONAL SPEAKING."—L. J. S. Turney, an independent candidate for Delegate to Congress has annonnced that he will address the voters of Walla Walla county at the Court House to-day at 1 o'clock.

GOING, GOING, GONE.—The exodus of our citizens, for a time, for Boise still continues, and every week familiar faces are missed from our circle. This week the emigration in that direction has been unusually large.

NEW STAGE ARRANGEMENT.—Mr. J. F. Abbott, the well known proprietor, for the past three years, of the Stage line between this city and Wallula, has sold out his stages to Messrs. Geo. F. Thomas & Co.

FOR THE COLUMBIA RIVER MINES.—We are told that miners are now passing up the Columbia river almost every day, on their way to work the mines on that river.

WEEKLY TRIPS.—Rockfellow & Co's Express will hereafter make weekly trips to Placerville and Bannock City—leaving here every Thursday morning, on the arrival of Wells, Fargo & Co's express from below.

CORRECTION.—Mr. Rockfellow made the trip last week from Placerville, instead of Bannock City as stated. This makes a difference of twelve miles in the distance traveled.

Another Mass Convention.

EDS. STATESMAN:—Please announce that there is a call in circulation for a Mass Convention of the voters of Washington Territory to assemble at Walla Walla on the 10th day of June, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Delegate to Congress, who will represent the interests of the people east of the Cascades. The call will appear next week, and in the meantime any person wishing to see or sign the call can do so at the law office of F. P. Dugan. VOTER.

GEO. H. BELL,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
611 Montgomery Street,
Corner Merchant Street, San Fransisco.
AMERICAN AND FOREIGN
SUBSCRIPTION AGENCY
—FOR—
Magazines, Newspapers,
And Other Periodicals.

SUBSCRIPTIONS RECEIVED FOR NEWSpapers, Magazines and other Periodicals. A Circular will be sent to any person on request, giving an extended list of Periodicals, with the prices annexed. The following are among the most popular:

	Per Annum.
Harper's Monthly,	$3 50
Godey's Lady's Book,	3 50
Leslie's Magazine,	3 50
Peterson's Magazine,	2 50
Le Bon Ton of Fashion,	5 50
The World of Fashion,	5 00
The Ladies' Repository,	3 00
Arthur's Home Magazine,	2 50
Merry's Museum,	1 50
Atlantic Monthly,	3 50
Continental Monthly,	3 50
Knickerbocker Magazine,	3 50
Eclectic Magazine,	5 50
Balou's Magazine,	2 50
Hall's Journal of Health,	1 50
All the Year Round, (English)	4 50
Once a Week,	5 50
London Society,	5 50
Cornhill Magazine,	5 50
Temple Bar,	5 50
London Lancet,	5 50
Braithwaite's Retrospect,	5 50
Hunt's Merchant's Magazine,	5 50
Chamber's Journal,	3 50
London Art Journal,	10 00
Blackwood,	3 50
The 4 Foreign Reviews and Blackwood,	12 00
The Horticulturist,	2 50
The Gardener's Monthly,	2 00
The Country Gentleman,	5 50
The American Agriculturist,	1 75
The Working Farmer,	2 50
Harper's Weekly,	3 50
Leslie's Illustrated Paper,	3 50
Leslie's Pictorial History of the War, for 12 numbers,	4 00
Harper's Pictorial History of the rebellion for 12 numbers,	4 00
New York Illustrated News,	3 50
Flag of our Union,	3 50
Illustrated London News,	12 00
Illustrated News of the World	12 00
The Queen Illustrated,	12 00
London Punch,	6 00
New York Weekly Ledger,	3 00
New York Mercury	3 00
Waverley Magazine	3 50
Scientific American,	3 50
Phrenological Journal,	1 50
Water Cure Journal,	1 50
Banner of Light,	3 50
Herald of Progress,	2 50
Wilkes' Spirit of the Times	4 50
London Weekly Dispatch,	13 00
London Saturday Review,	13 00
London Public Opinion,	11 00
Yankee Fotions,	2 00
Nick Nax,	2 00
Vanity Fair,	3 50
Philadelphia Sunday Mercury,	3 00
Philadelphia Dollar Newspaper,	2 00
Missouri Republican,	3 50
Leslie's Budget of Fun,	2 00
New York Herald for California,	3 50
New York Weekly Tribune,	2 50
New York Weekly Times,	2 50
New York Weekly World,	2 50
New York Weekly Journal of Commerce,	3 50
New York Independent,	3 00
Forney's War Press,	3 50
Boston Journal,	3 50
Boston Transcript	3 50
Boston Pilot,	3 50
Sacramento Weekly Union,	5 00

☞ Address GEO. H. HALL,
611 Montgomery st., corner Merchant st.,
[May 30m3] San Francisco.

Change of Copartnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that Way & Bush have purchased the interest of C. H. Armstrong in the late firm of Way, Bush & Co, in the lumbering business.

The business will hereafter be conducted by the undersigned, under the firm name of Way & Bush, to whom all debts due the old firm must be paid and by whom all liabilities will be settled.

H. WAY,
C. S. BUSH.
C. H. ARMSTRONG.

Walla Walla, May 9, 1863. 21m1.

A Printing Office for $500.

WE HAVE ON HAND A No. 4 Washington Printing Press, together with roller mould, and newspaper and job type sufficent for a small, country printing office, which we will sell for five hundred dollars. The type is of the same kind that the STATESMAN is printed upon. These articles are all good and cannot be purchased elsewhere at this low figure. A good opportunity is here offered for any one wishing to start a paper in any of the mining towns. Terms cash. For further particulars address the STATESMAN office. [May 2, 1863.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I WILL SELL AT

PUBLIC AUCTION,
AT WALLULA, W. T.,
On Tuesday, June 2d, 1663.

so much of the following merchandise as will satisfy the demands against the same for advanced freights, transportation and charges. The Packages being described below, and marked as in the margin:

MARKS.	
W. Florence City, ...	180 ten gall. kegs liquor.
W. & R.-Elk City, ...	60 ten gall. kegs liquor.
A.,—care of E. C. & Co.	25 ten gall. kegs liquor.

A. P. ANKENY, Agent
for the late owners of Steamer *Spray*.
May 9, 1863. 21w4.

W. MONTGOMERY,
AUCTIONEER
AND
Commission Merchant.
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

W. M. having a large **Sales Room**, is now prepared to receive and Sell at
Public Auction and at Private Sale,
MERCHANDISE, FURNITURE, &c.,
as well as receive Goods on STORAGE.
Real Estate.—Attention paid to this branch of business, and property taken in charge for the purpose of obtaining TENANTS.
Horses, Cattle, &c., sold at Auction on the shortest notice.
Out door Sales attended to in city or country.
Walla Walla, April 25, 1863. 19m1

Strayed or Stolen

FROM the subscriber, in Walla Walla city, on the 9th day of April, one large, brown American horse; 9 years old this spring; about 15½ hands high; some white in forehead; short heavy mane, lying on the left side; right hind foot white; the point of the the right hip deficient, caused by the kick of a horse; some harness marks; no brands; had three shoes on when last seen, two before and one behind. Any person recurring said horse or giving information where he can be found will be liberally rewarded for his trouble by the undersigned. For further information inquire at the STATESMAN office.
W. J. BROWN.
April, 25, 1863. 19m1

JOHN R. FOSTER, | E. J. DE HART

John R. Foster & Co,
Front Street, Portland,

CALL THE ATTENTION of COUNTRY Merchants to their large stock of
HARDWARE,
Mechanics' and Miners' Tools,
Consisting of—
Shovels, long and short handled;
Spades, long and short handled;
Sluice Forks and Brushes;
Wright's Picks; Drifting Picks;
Hickory Pick and Ax Handles;
Hunt's Axes, handled and unhandled;
Sledges, c. s. and Double Face.
Crow Bars; Steel;
Whip, Cross-cut and Mill Saws;
Rocker Irons, Mining and Fry Pans;
Nails, of all sizes;
Manilla Rope, from 1 to 4 inches in diameter;
Ox Yokes and Ox Bows;
Together with a Full assortment of
SHELF and BUILDER'S HARDWARE.
All of which we are enabled to offer at the lowest rates.
Extra Inducements offered for Cash.
May 2, 1863. JOHN R. FOSTER & CO. 20y

Important to Pre-emptors.

THE lands in Walla Walla county are to be offered at public sale August 3d, and all pre-emptors will be required to prove up, either under the Preemption or Homestead laws. All who have not yet notified will do well to attend to the matter, and fix their papers up at an early day.
W. W. JOHNSON, County Surveyor.
Feb. 14, 1863. 9m3

REAPERS and MOWERS
For the Harvest of 1863.

WE HAVE ON HAND AND TO ARRIVE as usual, for the coming harvest, a full stock of
REAPERS, MOWERS and THRESHERS
of the best and most approved styles, among which is the
New York Combined Reaper & Mower,
the peculiar characteristics of which are:
1st. Light draught; arising from a 3 foot ground wheel and a light 30-inch grain wheel, opposite each other.
2d. Two pinions of different sizes; the smaller one to give a quicker motion to the knife in mowing.
3d. A deep level platform, which is elevated or lowered bodily, and is not tilted to alter the cut.
4th. This machine can be raised to cut 16 or 20 inches high if necessary.
5th. Ease with which the reaper gets off the grain—The same being laid out of the way of the machine.
6th. Will cut 6 to 6½ foot swath, and eighteen to twenty acres per day, and for the amount of labor performed is easier on the raker and team than any other machine in use.
7th. Durability; made very strong and of good materials, and does not require constant visits to the blacksmith shop for repairs.
This machine has also a large supply of *Extras*, and is packed compactly for shipping to remote districts.
In addition we have the
Vermont, McCormick, Ketchum's
and other approved styles of
REAPERS AND MOWERS,
BOTH SINGLE AND COMBINED.
Also,
Threshing Machines,
of the most approved styles, from two to ten horse power, together with a full assortment of small implements, such as
Plows, Harrows, Seed Sowers,
Churns, Scythes,
Cradles, Forks,
Harrow-teeth,
&c. &c. &c.
We also have a varied stock of
Garden, Grass and Field Seeds;
which are offered at Wholesale or Retail.
☞ Catalogues and Circulars sent on application.
KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.
Agricultural and Seed Depot,
May 2, 1863. 29m3] Portland, Oregon.

KIDDER'S KIDDER'S YEAST YEAST POWDER POWDER
MAKES THE WHITEST BREAD.

$100 Reward

FOR any case of Syphilis, in any stage, which DR. LE RICHEAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM fails to cure.

No comment is necessary upon this medicine; it stands entirely upon its own unequaled merits; it has cured thousands who have wasted handsome fortunes in treating this disease, and will cure thousands more.

Golden Balsam No. 1. for first and second stages, such as sores on the legs or other parts of the body, sore eyes, etc., etc.

Golden Balsam No. 2 for Tertiary, Mercurial and Syphilitic Rheumatism.

Price, $5 per bottle. Orders from any point filled upon receipt of this sum. SMITH & DAVIS,
17m6 Portland, Oregon. Agents.

WALLULA
BLACKSMITH SHOP.
HORACE JOUBER

HAS OPENED A BLACKSMITH SHOP AT Wallula and is now prepared to execute all work in his line with "neatness and dispatch."

Parties wishing work done can rely on a good job, for a moderate compensation.

Particular attention paid to
Horse-Shoeing and Wagon Repairing.
HORACE JOUBER.
Wallula, March 28, 1863. 15m3

LEE'S ENCAMPMENT.
Meacham's Hotel.

MEACHAM BROTHERS, having bought the house at the above place are now prepared to entertain the
Traveling Public.
STABLE AND HAY YARD
In connection with the House.
Feed for Animals on Reasonable Terms.
MEACHAM BROTHERS.
April 11, 1863. 17m3

NOTICE.
The People's Transportation Co.
On and after this date will carry
FREIGHT
From Dalles to Wallula, Lewiston,
and Intermediate Points,
AT RATES NOT EXCEEDING THOSE OF THE OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
Apply to L. COFFIN.
Dalles, April, 11, 1863. 17ly

School Lands.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, County of Walla Walla. } ss

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of County Commissioners of said County, have selected the following described tracts of land in the place of School Lands that were settled upon prior to the United States surveys:

The S W qr. of Sec. No. 2, Township 9, N. range 36 E.
The S. E qr of Sec. No. 3, " " 9, " " 36 E.
The S W qr of Sec. No. 3, " " 8, " " 36 E.
The S E qr of Sec. No. 25, " " 8, " " 35 E.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and official seal this 15th day of April, A. D. 1863.
JAS. GALBREATH,
{L.S.} County Auditor,
{ } ex-officio Clerk of said County.

Revenue Stamps.

EXCISE Stamps of every denomination for sale at PAR at the CITY BOOK STORE.
R. E. KELLY.

VAN DYK & WHITMAN'S
LIVERY and EXCHANGE
STABLES.

OUR COMPLETE AND FULL LIVERY STOCK, with all the paraphernalia pertaining to a first class establishment, on
Main Street, Walla Walla,
will be at the public service at fair remunerative rates.
Stable Open Day and Night,
for the accommodation of our customers.
Saddle Horses,
Buggies,
Carriages, and
Draught Teams,
suitable to all occasions, furnished.
50 HEAD OF HORSES,
for parties *en route* for the mines, at LOW PRICES.
Everything pertaining to our line of business, we are prepared to furnish with dispatch and at satisfactory rates. VAN DYK & WHITMAN.
Walla Walla, March 15, 1863. 13ly

NOTICE.

LEWIS DAY has been appointed Agent of the Oregon Steam Navigation Company, at Wallula, vice J. M. Vansyckle resigned.

All Freight landed at Wallula will be at owners' risk, as soon as landed, and all freight that remains unpaid after goods are landed, will be stored at the owner's expense. J. C. AINSWORTH,
President Oregon Steam Navigation Co.
Portland, Jan. 3, 1863. 4tf

U. S. INCOME TAX.

THE LAW CONTEMPLATES THAT EVERY one shall pay on all net profits (less $600) derived from any source whatever. A person is allowed to deduct all legally assessed National, State and County Taxes; hired help, rents, drayage, &c., necessary to carry on his business; but no farmer, merchant, mechanic, or any person, has a right to deduct his own labor as so much expense from his income.

The income tax is to be paid on the income of the year commencing January 1st, 1862, so that on the evening of Dec. 31st, 1862, everybody should make up a record of their income gains or profits for that year. And as many sources of income, such as Dividends, and Railroad bonds and stocks, Insurance Stock, Savings Banks, interest, &c., they having already paid the income tax, we note again based. It therefore becomes necessary to have a clear record of the sources of income, that there may be no dispute with the Assessor.

All corporations must deduct the three per centum before declaring their dividends;

For Example:

A man in business must make up the net profits of his business for the year, and pay the tax on the amount less $600.

A man may, outside of his business, spend all and even more than his profits in the business; nevertheless he must pay tax on all nett business profits except the $600. And so with a salary, all over $600 must be taxed, though personal or family expenses consume it all.

The Income Tax for the year 1862 is assessable on the first day of May 1863, and is due and payable on or before the 30th June, 1863. And any sums due and unpaid for thirty days after the 30th June, as aforesaid, and for ten days after demand by the Collector, five per centum will be added to the amount unpaid.

Each individual of any firm or partnership must make up his income separately.
W. W. JOHNSON,
U. S. Assistant Assessor, W. T.
April 18, 1863. 19m1

WALLA WALLA BAKERY
—AND—
PROVISION STORE.
Main street, Walla Walla.
O. BRECHTEL, ... Proprietor.
LIQUORS
Of all kinds kept constantly on hand.
BREAD, CAKES, CRACKERS, AND STORES
Promptly delivered to any part of the city. Orders filled and promptly dispatched.
June 21, 1863. 27ly

WAGON TIMBER.

EX *Almatia* and *Samuel Merrill*: a splendid lot of EASTERN WAGON TIMBER, consisting of Oak and Hickory Spokes, from 1 to 4 in.;
Hubs, 4x5 to 15x18 in.;
Felloes of all sizes;
Oak, Ash and Hickory Plank, from 1 to 3 in.,
Finished Buggy Poles and Shafts;
Neck Yokes, Single and Double Trees;
Plow Beams and Handles;
For sale low for Cash or approved paper, by
HENRY LAW,
25 Front street, Portland, Oregon.
Jan. 31, 1863. 2;7m3

W. W. JOHNSON.
ASSISTANT UNITED STATES ASSESSOR for Walla Walla county.
☞ Notary Public. [apr.11, 1863—17tf

Kidder's Yeast Powder
Makes Bread Quicker than Any Other.

BOOKS and STATIONERY.
CITY
Book Store.
Post Office Building;
MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA, W. T.
E. E. KELLY, Proprietor.

JUST RECEIVED, A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF Miscellaneous, School and
BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
Among his stock is a general assortment of
Bound Books,
Consisting of—
Bibles, Hymn Books, Testaments and Prayer Books, of all kinds; Poetical Works, Bonerott's Lawyer, Historics, Gift Books, and a general assortment of Miscellaneous works.
School Books.
CONSTANTLY ON HAND,
a large assortment of School Books, of
Sanders and the National Series,
and all other kinds of books in use in the schools of the valley.
Orders from any of the districts will be promptly filled.
Blank Books:
A large assortment of Blank Books, full and half-bound, of every description, constantly on hand.
Novels:
Just received a choice lot of 2000 Novels, of the latest editions and by the most popular authors, which will be sold at wholesale or retail.
Stationery:
A good assortment, consisting in part of
Letter Paper, Note Paper, Legal Cap and Foolscap Paper,
Together with a general assortment of
Miscellaneous Articles:
Gold and Steel Pens, Pencils of all kinds,
Black and Red Ink, Mucilage, Penholders,
Pocket and Desk Inkstands,
Calenders, Blank Notes and Receipts, Playing Cards,
Diaries and Memorandum Books,
Envelopes, Blotting Paper, Tissue Paper,
Sand Paper, Blank Cards, Violin Strings,
Pocket Knives and Combs Twine of all kinds—flax, hemp and cotton;
Rulers, round and oval.
Orders from Auburn, Lewiston, Florence or any of the mining towns will be promptly attended to.
E. E. KELLY.
April 25, 1862. 49td

SCHWABACKER BRO'S & CO.,
WALLA WALLA
AND
ORO FINO CITY, W.T.
Wholesale and Retail dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
Clothing of all descriptions;
Mens' and boys' hats and caps;
Gents' and boys' furnishing goods;
Boots, shoes and gaiters; also,
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
PROVISIONS, WINES AND LIQUORS.
Cigars, Crockery and Glassware,
Hardware, and Tinware.
We call the attention of the public to our well-assorted stock of
MINING IMPLEMENTS.
We receive goods of the latest styles and use regularly by every steamer and sailing vessel from San Francisco, and are thus enabled to offer
BETTER INDUCEMENTS
THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE
In this Upper Country.
Orders from the Country promptly attended to.
☞ Produce bought at market rates.
Dec. 20, 1861. 4y

LAWRENCE & HOUSEWORTH,
OPTICIANS,
Importers and Dealers in
OPTICAL, MATHEMATICAL
—AND—
Philosopical Instruments,
Stereoscopic Goods, Photographic Albums,
CARTES DE VISITE,
And Rodgers & Sons' Superior Cutlery,
637 Clay Street, San Francisco.

HAVE FOR SALE THE LARGEST and BEST assortment on the Pacific coast, to which they would call the attention of the public and the trade.

Having unusual facilities for getting our goods from first hands, we feel confident that purchasers will really promote their own interest be selecting from our stock.

Complete catalogues of Cartes de Visite, Stereoscopic and other Goods sold by us may be had on application, or we will be sent to any address, by mail, POSTAGE PAID.

Strangers visiting this city are cordially invited to inspect our stock, and they can be assured that a call will only incur the least obligation to purchase.

Country orders respectfully solicited.
LAWRENCE & HOUSEWORTH,
opticians,
apr4, 1863.—15ly] 637 Clay street, San Francisco.

Walla Walla Brewery.
JOSEPH HELLMUTH,
Manufacturer of
LAGER BEER,
And Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
WINES and LIQUORS,
MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA.

THE proprietor keeps constantly on hand wines and liquors of all kinds, and of the best brands, and will always take great pleasure in waiting upon all who may visit his well-arranged saloon.
Nov. 29, 1861. 4y

Edward H. Morony's Estate.

LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate court of Walla Walla County, Washington Territory, upon the estate of Edward H. Morony, deceased, late of said county, therefore notice is hereby given to all those having claims against said estate to present them, with proper vouchers, to the undersigned, in the city of Walla Walla, within one year from this date or the same will be forever barred; and all those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. DANIEL WELCH, Administrator.
April 25, 1863. 19m3

Estray Notice.

TAKEN up by the subscriber, living at the mouth of the Touchet, two roan horses, described as follows:

One with a bald face, with all legs white, and branded on the left hip with a figure resembling a corkscrew.

The other a light roan, branded J. C. S. on the left shoulder, and with an inverted heart on the right hip. The owner can have the above horses by proving property and paying charges
April 18, 1863. w4 JAMES WHITMORE.

RICHARDS & McCRAKEN,
Forwarding and Commission
MERCHANTS, AND DEALERS IN
FLOUR, PORK, BACON, LARD AND FRUIT, SALT, LIME, CEMENT & PLASTER.

WILL give particular attention to the purchase of Merchandise of any description, in the New York, San Francisco, Victoria, and Portland markets.

Also, to forwarding Goods in San Francisco and Portland.

JAMES R. RICHARDS, 111 Clay Street, San Francisco. | JOHN McCRAKEN, Front street, Portland Near Couch's wharf.
Portland, Nov. 29, 1861. 1y

REMOVAL.

MRS. S. J. SEAMAN has removed her millinery and Fancy Goods store to Alder Street, in the rear of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s express office, where everything in the line of Millinery and Dress Goods will be furnished as usual.
MRS. S. J. SEAMAN.
April 18, 1863.—tf

KIDDER'S KIDDER'S YEAST YEAST POWDER POWDER
Needs but a single trial to prove its Superiority.

C. N. HUMISTON, Portland. | J. Y. WILSON, GEO. W. STEVENS | Cor. Broadway & Sansome streets, San Francisco.

HUMISTON, WILSON & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND
WHOLESALE DEALERS
—IN—
Fine Brandies, Wines
—AND—
LIQUORS.
—Fire-Proof Brick Store, Front street,—
PORTLAND, OREGON.

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING TO our old patrons and the public of Oregon and Washington Territory generally, that we have established a trade and facilities for importing our line of goods that defies competition; also, that we are selling goods in our line at San Francisco Prices, and guaranteeing them to be genuine; our stock being at all times subject to the strictest chemical analysation.

No Trade Solicited Except in Fine Liquors.

Our Stock consists in part of
FINE old BRANDY.
OTARD, DUPUY & CO.,
JAMES HENESEY,
UNITED VINEYARD PROPRIETORS,
A. BONIOTT & CO.,
PINETT. CASTILLON & CO.,
Union of the Proprietors,
C. MARQUET, A. SEIGNETTE,
And Various Other Brands.

Fine Old Port
—AND—
SHERRY WINES.
Pure old Oporto Port,
Fine old Burgundy Port, (sweet an
Duff Gordon, Pale and Golden sherry,
Harmony Nephews,
AND
COBBLER SAERRY, FINE & HEAVY.

Champagne and Case Wines,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

—FINE OLD
JAMAICA RUM,
ST. CROIX, DO.

PURE HOLLAND GIN.
FINE OLD
WHISKEYS,
Stewart's and Harvey's Old Scotch,
O'Neill's Fine Old Malt.
OLD BOURBON,
OF THE FINEST QUALITY.
Superior Old Rye.
OLD PEACH and CHERRY BRANDY,
of Superior Quality.
Also, a large assortment of Case Goods of every description used in the liquor trade.
N. B.—We have at all times large quantities of Liquors, put up in suitable packages for packing to the mines.
Orders from merchants and dealers respectfully solicited. HUMISTON, WILSON & CO.

SNAKE RIVER FERRY
—FOR—
BOISE MINES.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE ESTABLISHED A Ferry on Snake river, at
The Mouth of Payette River
on the direct road leading from
Walla Walla, Grand Ronde and Auburn
TO THE
BOISE MINES.
There is plenty of the best kind of grass for animals on this road, with good camping-places at convenient distances. M. MOORE & CO.
Dec. 13, 1863. 23tf

Lumber at Wallula.

MR. L. WHITTINGHAM is my authorized agent at Wallula to receive orders and contract for Lumber from my Mill and to receipt for the same. All orders forwarded by him will be promptly filled.
S. LINKTON.
Walla Walla, March 14, 1863.

Notice to Farmers.

MY MILL is now running, and farmers in want of Lumber can have the opportunity of securing it in payment for hauling lumber from the mill. For terms apply at my office.
S. LINKTON,
Walla Walla, Feb. 7, 1863. 8m3

James Hathaway's Estate.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Walla Walla county, Washington Territory, upon the estate of James Hathaway, late of said county, deceased, therefore notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them, with proper vouchers, at my residence at Patahu, in said county, within one year from this date or be forever barred. Persons knowing themselves indebted are also requested to come forward and make immediate payment. W. W. SUNDERLIN, Adm'r.
February 21, 1863. 10m3

New Drug Store.
MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA, W. T.
(Four doors above the Jail.)
THIBODO
CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST,

RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Walla Walla and the Upper Country generally that he has just opened a Drug Store at his old office in Walla Walla and will keep constantly on hand a full supply of
DRUGS AND CHEMICALS,
Also, a select assortment of
PATENT MEDICINES,
Trusses, Perfumery, Soaps, Cutlery, Brushes and Combs, and in fact everything usually found in a first class Drug Store.
Brandy, Sherry and Port Wines,
for Medicinal purposes, always on hand
Orders from any of the mining regions will be promptly filled, and goods put up in such manner as to insure safe transportation.
☞ Prescriptions carefully prepared.
March 14, 1863. 13ly

SMITH & DAVIS, Portland,
Are Agents for Kidder's Yeast Powder.

C. JACOBS & CO
Wholesale and retail Dealers in
Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS,
Hardware, Cutlery, and Queensware.
A good assortment of Wines and Liquors always on on hand; also,
MINERS' TOOLS AND SUPPLIES,
☞ Please call and examine our stock, remembering always that it is no trouble to us to show goods
C. JACOBS & CO.
Walla Walla, Nov. 29, 1861. 1tf

J. C. ISAACS,
Wholesale and retail dealer in
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,
HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES,
Hardware, Groceries, Provisions
Miners' Tools, etc.
Main street, next door to Printing Office
WHEAT, BARLEY and OATS taken in exchange for Goods.

HOWARD & CADY,
MAIN ST., WALLA WALLA,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
GENERAL MERCHANDISE
CLOTHING, GROCERIES,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, &c.
THE attention of the citizens of this town and surrounding country, is respectfully called to the fact that I am prepared with a complete stock of goods in the above line, to offer good bargains to purchasers. I shall do a
GENERAL MERCHANDISE BUSINESS,
and will endeavor to keep constantly on hand a full assortment of
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS and SHOES,
HATS and CAPS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS, &c.
Also a full assortment of
Miners' and Packers' Goods.
Dec. 6, 1861. 2y H. HOWARD.

PLOW MANUFACTORY,
AND
Blacksmithing Establishment.
ALDER STREET, WALLA WALLA.
THE undersigned has opened Plow Shop on Alder street, and is prepared to
Manufacture Plows of Every Description.
An assortment will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at less rates than they can shipped from Portland. The wood work will be made of the best States' timber and all Work will be Warranted.
The Proprietor is also prepared to do all kinds of work in the line of
Blacksmithing and General Jobbing.
Farmers and others in want of anything in his line are invited to give him a call.
Jan. 3, 1862 2;3m6 A. SCHRADER.

FRANK'S HOTEL,
Cor. Main and 3d sts.,
Walla Walla, W. T.
FRANK CARPEID, PROPRIETOR.
THE proprietor takes pleasure in announcing to his friends and the public in general, that he has taken the house lately known as Buckley's Saloon, on the corner of Main and Third streets, and has thoroughly refitted and newly furnished it, and it is now opened to the public as a
First Class Hotel and Restaurant,
With an
Entire New Suite of Rooms.
FURNISHED WITH CLEAN BEDS.
THE BAR
Will be supplied with the best LIQUORS AND CIGARS the country can afford.
The proprietor hopes, through his long experience in the business, and an extensive acquaintance to merit and receive a liberal share of the public patronage. Stages will arrive at and depart from the above house. FRANK CARPEID.
Dec. 20, 1862. 2:1ly.

BAKERY.
Main Street, Walla Walla.
Next door to Brown Bro. & Co's.
M. PEFFERLEE & CO.
HAVE recently opened a Bakery in connection with their Saloon, and are now prepared to furnish the public with
Bread, Cakes, Pies and Confectioneries,
and will deliver them to any part of the city.
A fine Assortment of
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
Constantly on hand.
December 20, 1862.—1:1ly.

CASTLEMAN & BROWN,
Melainotype and Photograph Rooms,
Main Street, Walla Walla.
PHOTOGRAPHS of all sizes made to order.—Persons having old Daguerreotypes of deceased friends can have them copied to any size. Orders from a distance in this regard will meet with prompt attention.
INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN
In all Branches of the Photographic Art,
Including the making of Positive Pictures on Glass and on the
Melainotype or Sheet Iron Plates.
FOR SALE,
Two Half-Size Cameras.
CASTLEMAN & BROWN.
April 4, 1862. 15ly

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of Thomas J. Chase deceased, by the Probate Court of the county of Walla Walla. All persons holding demands against said estate are requested to present them to the undersigned within one year from this date or they will be forever barred; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment. ISAAC LASSWELL.
Jan. 17, 1862. 2;5m3

KYGER & REESE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES,
HARDWARE,
MINING IMPLEMENTS,
CROCKERY,
GLASSWARE,
DRUGS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
PAINTS, OILS, and
Wines and Liquors,
of all descriptions.
☞ Fire-proof Brick, Main Street, Walla Walla.
May 2, 1863. 20ly

Express Line
STAGES,
BETWEEN
Walla Walla and Lewiston.
WILL LEAVE WALLA WALLA,
On Monday, Wednesday and Friday
MORNINGS, and LEWISTON on
TUESDAY, THURSDAY & SATURDAY,
Going Through in One Day.
Fare,

Flirtation.

A brilliant flirtation is a grand display of nothing. It is filling two cups with sorrow, one of which we must drink, the other must be drained by the one we have called—our friend. It is a mockery of life's sublimest feeling—friendship. It is a desecration of life's dearest attribute—love. It is a stimulation of reality to prove realities unreal.

To a mind that has learned to love the food of excitement, a flirtation may be pleasant while the excitement lasts, but when its flame dies out, and we see nothing but the cold ashes of disapointment, and around the alter, where once the flame of seeming love was burning, blighted hopes and fond hearts, now well nigh broken, and weigh their loss with our gains—'tis then we drink our cup of sorrow for the course we have taken—theirs is already drained to the dregs.

Flirtation always has an afterpeice, and the closing performances often leave bitter feelings. Flirtation, if it be all flirtation on the one side, and all faith and love on the other, is like the game of some of our Indian traders, who give to simple natives glass beads and feathers in exchange for gold and diamonds, or worthless trinkets in return for articles of value.

For a man to accept from a woman her heart's best love in return for such little attention as he can spare from the serious of life, or seek to win her heart just for the conquest, and then to refuse the oblation which a pure heart has lain upon the shrine of his ambition, is a cruel flirtation, is base, degrading crime.

And, for a woman to use those winning graces which God gave her for a holy purpose, to entrap hearts worthy of a true heart's love, simply for the cruel pleasure of seeing them droop under this disappointment, is a flirtation which will sooner or later visit the flirt with a cruel revenge. They who would trifle with pure affection, must belong to one or the other of two classes; either their affection has been trifled with, and slighted until their hearts have become misanthropic, or they are wanting in principle from having no purity in the heart to be trifled with. They therefore love a conquest upon others. Like pirates, they have nothing but the craft in which they sail to lose, they are ever ready for rich unguarded prizes.

Friendship is the hearthstone of the social world. Love is the silken tie which binds kindred heart's. Flirtation is the bane which destroys both.—*Waverly Magazine.*

BOUNDARIES OF IDAHO TERRITORY.—The following are the boundaries of Idaho Territory, as published among the Acts of Congress in the *National Intelligencer*:

Begining at a point in the middle chanel of the Snake river, where the northern boundary of Oregon intersects the same; then follow down said channel of Snake river to a point opposite the mouth of the Kooskooskia, or Cleawater river, thence due north to the forty-ninth parallel of latitude; thence east, along said parallel, to the twenty-seventh degree of longitude west of Washington, thence south, along said degree of longitnde, to the northern boundary of Colorado Territory; thence west along along said boundary, to the thirty-third degree of longitude west of Washington; thence north, along said degree, to the forty-second parallel of latitude, thence west, along said parallel, to the eastern boundary of the State of Oregon; thence north, along said boundary, to the place of beginning.

THE DEAD UPON A BATTLE-FIELD.—The following is an extract of a letter dated from the Fredericksburg battle field:—And how shall I describe the vast and extended battle-field, covered with our unburied dead, who had gallantly fallen in the defence of their country? The field was, indeed, vast, and the dead were scattered thickly around. Not a man was there of ours whose eyes did not flash angrily and cheeks burn with indignation at the sight presented to view. Every dead body had been stripped. The scene was horrible, heart-sicenking enough to bring tears from hearts of stone. Every imaginable wound that can be made by shot and shell had left its bloody and ghastly imprint on those forms of inanimate clay. Dead horses, fragments of shells, shattered muskets, broken swords, and limbs of trees torn from their supporting trunks by the missiles of destruction, filled up the picture. Of course there was no other way of burial than to dig long lines of ditches, burying the men in them. And thus many lie, except in a few cases, with no means of future recognition. But such is war.

THE CAPABILITIES OF HUMAN STRENGTH. A New York paper gives currency to the report that Dr. Winship, our modern Milo, has met with serious physical injury through his lifting experiments. Such is not the fact. He has now reached a lifting power of over twenty-five bundred lbs. His remarkable lifting apparatus is in his office, Park street, where it may be seen by the curious: It is on record that one Richard Joy, of Kent, England, in the year 1704, succeeded in lifting a weight of twenty-two hundred pounds. Dr. W. has surpassed this by three hundred, and, finding his strength increasing in an undiminished ratio, is still confident of reaching, within a reasonable time, his ultimatum of three thousand pounds. His motive in carrying physical development to this extreme is purely scientific, and he has not yet, we believe, recommonded any one to be in this respect his imitator.

CORNS.—For the benefit of those who hobble through the world under the affliction of corns we publish the following, which is said to be a thorough cure:

"A little white bread, soaked in vinegar, applied to the corn night and morning, will remove it in a short time. I have tried it, and four applications cured my corns."

TWO KINDS.—Harper's Weekly very neatly says there are two classes of Democrats—"The Jeffersonian democrats, and the Jefferson Davis democrats."

Courts of Washington Territory.

AT the December Term, 1862, of the Supreme Court of Washington Territory, the following time and places were fixed by said Court for holding Courts in the several Judicial Districts of said Territory, to-wit:

U. S. District Courts.

FIRST DISTRICT—At Walla Walla, County of Walla Walla, on the 4th Monday in April, and 2nd Monday in October, so continued for three weeks unless sooner adjourned.

SECOND DISTRICT—At Vancouver, Clark County, on the 4th Monday in May, and 2nd Monday in November so continued for three weeks unless sooner adjourned.

THIRD DISTRICT—At Olympia, Thurston County on the first Monday in February and 3d Monday in July, so continued for 3 weeks unless sooner adjourned.

To take effect in the 3d District after the March Term 1863, of said Court.

Districts Courts for the transaction of Territorial business, to be holden at

STEILACOOM, Pierce County, on the 4th Monday in February and 3d Monday in August.

PORT TOWNSEND, Jefferson County, on the 2nd Monday in March and 1st Monday in September.

PINKNEY CITY, Spokane County, on the 2nd Monday in June.

PIERCE CITY, Shoshone County, on the 2nd Monday in July.

FLORENCE CITY, Idaho County, on the 1st Monday in August.

BANNOCK CITY, Boise County, on the 1st Monday in September.

Third Judicial District, in addition to the regular terms, for the purpose of hearing and disposing of causes within the Admiralty and Maritime Jurisdiction of said Court:

AT OLYMPIA, on the first Monday of every month, except February, July and September.

At PORT TOWNSEND, on the second Monday in March and first Monday in September.

Territory of Washington, } S. S.
County of Thurston. }

I, Richard Lane, Clerk of the Supreme Court of Washington Territory, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct statement of the time and places fixed by the Supreme Court, on the 30th day of January, 1863, for holding Courts in the several Judicial Districts of said Territory—all of which appears fully of record in my office.

RICHARD LANE, Clerk.

By an act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Washington, passed at its last session, terms of the Supreme Court of the U. S. will be holden at the Seat of Government of said Territory, on the first Monday of January of each year.

Feb. 28, 1863. m7

HAY & CO.

Wagon and Carriage Manufactory.
PORTLAND, OREGON,

ARE still manufacturing WAGONS, CARRIAGES and BUGGIES, of all sizes and style, at their place of business, on **FRONT STREET. Directly Opposite Besser's Steam Saw-mill.**

Where they are prepared to do anything in their line. All kinds of

JOBBING AND BLACKSMITHING
Done on short notice.
STEAMBOAT IRONS AND WHARF IRONS, made to order.

We are constantly receiving
SPOKES, HUBS, FELLOES,
and other material.

Selected with great care by experienced men, from one of the largest Establishments in New York, which enables us to make better wagons for less money than any other establishment on this coast.

We have on hand a large lot of Seasoned Lumber and other material for building

Heavy Freight Wagons.

and will pay particular attention to this branch of our business.

We do our own work, and warrant our work well put together of good seasoned lumber.

To all those who are in want of WAGONS, CARRIAGES or BUGGIES, we would say, send in your orders and we will insure our work to give satisfaction.

Just received **150 Hubs**, assorted sizes; **1200 Spokes**, assorted sizes; **1,700 Largest Sized Spokes; 30 Sets of the Largest Sized Hubs**, all of which are direct from Eastern Manufacturers, and will be sold at California Prices.

All orders promptly attended to.

☞ Don't forget the place,
Directly opposite Besser's Steam Mill
1y Front street, Portland.

EMPIRE HOTEL
—AND—
RESTAURANT:

MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA.

THE proprietor takes great pleasure in announcing to his old friends and patrons and the public generally that he has re-opened his

NEW HOTEL AND RESTAURANT.

next door to the old "Blue Mountain Hotel." No expense has been spared to make it the

Best Hotel in Walla Walla.

In addition to procuring an entire new set of dining-room furniture, he has erected new additions to his SLEEPING APARTMENTS, and refitted and remodeled the old ones, so that they are well ventilated and second to none in the upper country.

The house will be kept on the restaurant principles

Meals at all Hours, Day and Night.

Iced Creams, Oysters Soups, or any other "extras" served those who may desire them.

The proprietor returns thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore extended him, and feels confident that with his new improvements he can render the sojourn of strangers with him in every respect comfortable.

Board per week, nine dollars.
Single meals, fifty cents.
Lodging per night, fifty cents.

JOHN SELBY, Proprietor.
July 5, 1862. 29ly.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY
FOR THE
MILLION.

J. L. Parrish & Co.

IMPORTERS
AND
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Dealers in
BOOKS
AND
STATIONERY.

FRONT STREET,

PORTLAND, - - - - - - - OREGON.

Having permanently established ourselves in the
Book and Stationery
BUSINESS,
WE WOULD INVITE PARTICULAR ATTENTION
TO OUR
EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF BOOKS,
consisting in part of

HISTORIES,	DICTIONARIES,
BOOKS of TRAVEL,	LAW BOOKS,
SCIENTIFIC WORKS,	THEOLOGICAL WORKS,
BIOGRAPHIES,	RELIGIOUS WORKS,

and a full assortment of

Miscellaneous Books,
SCHOOL BOOKS,
AND
TOY BOOKS, for Children.

Our stock of
STATIONERY
is complete, embracing
PAPER
OF EVERY SIZE AND DESCRIPTION:

LETTER PAPER,	FOOLSCAP PAPER,
NOTE "	LEGAL CAP "
BILL-HEAD "	BLOTTING "

and every variety of
FANCY NOTE PAPER.

We have also a large assortment of
BLANK BOOKS.
consisting of

LEDGERS,	JOURNALS,
DAY BOOKS,	RECEIPT BOOKS,
DRAFT BOOKS,	EXCHANGE BOOKS,

Miscellaneous Articles:

Slates,	Pencils,	Pens,
Ink stands,	Pocket Books,	Envelopes,
Bristol Board,	Gold Pens,	Mucilage,
Pen Knives,	Ivory Cutters,	&c., &c., &c.

and a full assortment of
INKS
OF EVERY VARIETY,

In fact, every article usually to be found in a Book and Stationery Establishment.

Orders from a Distance
Promptly filled
1y J. L. PARRISH & CO.

WEIBERG & STROWBRIDGE,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BOOTS, SHOES,
LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

OUR Stock is selected by a practical workman, and consists of a full assortment of

Gents' Dress,
Sewed and Pegged Boots,
Calf and Kip Boots,
and a large stock of
MINERS' BOOTS
OF THE BEST MAKE.
Ladies', Misses' and Children's
CONGRESS BOOTS and SHOES.

LEATHER.

Our stock of Leather is large and well selected, and consists of
Santa Cruz and Oregon Sole Leather,
French, American, and Oregon Kip and Calf,
Harness, Skirting, Bridle and Belt Leather,
French and American colored Linings,
Russett Sheep Skins,
Lasts, Pegs, Shoe thread and Shoe Findings.
Orders solicited and promptly filled.
City Boot and Shoe Store,
2:1ly Front street, Portland, Oregon.

If You Want to Make the Best Bread, in the Cheapest Manner,
BUY KIDDER'S YEAST POWDER

1863. **BROWN BRO'S & CO.,** 1863.
FIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDING,
CORNER OF MAIN AND THIRD STREETS,
WALLA WALLA, W. T.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
—DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC—
Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes,
HATS AND CAPS,
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
Crockery, Glassware, &c. &c.

HAVING A BUYER IN SAN FRANCISCO, WE FLATTER OURSELVES WE ARE ENABLED to offer greater inducements to purchasers than any other house in the city.

Our present large stock embraces a full line of

French and English Merinoes; rich, new styles of All-wool and Fulard DeLaines; fine Bombasines; plain and figured Alpaccas, Half and all-wool Plaids; Poplins and Debaises; a fine assortment of American and French Prints, Unshrinkable Flannels, all kinds; Opera Flannels, all colors.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!! Fine Brosha, Stella, Wool and Crape. **CLOAKS! CLOAKS!** Fine Cloth and Silk Velvet.

DOMESTICS.—Shirtings, Sheetings, Drills, Denims, Hickorys, Ticking, Bleached and Brown Linens, Canton Flannel, Kentucky Jeans, Satinets, Blankets, &c. &c.

EMBROIDERINGS.—Collars, Cuffs, Sleeves and Bands, | **WHITE GOODS.**—Jaconet, Nainsook, Bard and Swiss Mulls.

Woolen Goods:
Ladies', Misses and Infants' Hoods, Sontags, Scarfs, Comforter's Gloves, Mitts, &c.

Carpeting, Drugget, Oil Cloth and Matting.

CLOTHING.
Our stock of Clothing consists of
FINE, FRENCH CLOTH FROCK AND OVERCOATS, FRENCH DOESKIN PANTS,
Broadway styles of Cassimere Pants,
New styles Silk Velvet, Cassimere and Cloth Vests;
Davis & Jones' Patent Yoke Shirts;
Shaker Flannel, Silk and Merino Undershirts and Drawers;
McClellan and Beauregrad Ties;
Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs.

GROCERIES:
N. O., S. F. R. China, Island, and Crushed Sugars,
Costa Rica, Laguira, Java, Manilla, and Rio Coffee,
China and Japan Teas, Green and Black; Soap, Candles,
Apples, Peaches, Soda, Cream Tartar, Yeast Powd's, Pepper, Spice, and Canned Goods of every Description,

FLOUR, BACON, BEANS AND LARD.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.
Especial attention is called to our
Large Stock of Miners' Outfitting Goods,
WHICH EMBRACES EVERYTHING IN THAT LINE.
Jan. 10, 1863. 2;4ly BROWN BRO'S & CO.

W. C. MOODY & CO.
DALLES CITY, OREGON.
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
Occupying Stone Fireproof Building.

MERCHANDISE forwarded to all places in the country, at rates as follows, viz:
For advancing freight bills and charges.....3 pr ct.
Storage, drayage, forwarding, &c.....$2 50 pr ton.

☞ **Money Loaned** on collateral security.
Dalles City, July 15, 1862. 31tf

WALLA WALLA
SASH AND DOOR
MANUFACTORY.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD Respectfully inform the citizens of Walla Walla and vicinity that the above establishment is now completed. Their facilities for the manufacture of

☞ **Sash, Doors and Window Blinds,** ☜

will enable them to furnish these articles at a lower price, than any other establishment in the Territory. They will also manufacture and keep constantly on hand a full assortment of

FURNITURE,
OF THE LATEST STYLES
And Best Workmanship,
At Reduced Prices.

Their assortment in this line will consist in part of the following articles:

BEDSTEADS, SOFAS, LOUNGES
Spring Matrasses,
Tables, Washstands, Bureaus, Wardrobes,
MEAT SAFES, AND CHAIRS.

They will also **Plane** Flooring, Weatherboarding, lumber for Cornices, Mouldings, &c.

They will pay particular attention to **Building** in all its branches and will furnish

Plans and Specifications.

☞ **TURNING DONE TO ORDER.** ☜
Alder Street Near Upper End.
ROGERS & MONSON.
L. S. ROGERS. L. B. MONSON.
Dec. 6, 1862. 1;51ly.

Daniel S. Cogdell's Estate.

LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Walla Walla county upon the estate of Daniel S. Cogsdell, late of said county, deceased, therefore notice is hereby given to all persons holding claims against said estate to present them, with proper vouchers, to me, at my residence, at Coppei, within one year from this date or be forever barred. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.
March 7, 1863. 12m3
HENRY O. WATERS, Administrator.

LUMBER.

THE MULLAN STEAM MILL IS now in operation, and ready to
FURNISH LUMBER
TO ORDER.

A Constant Supply kept on Hand
IN THE CITY

☞ LUMBER YARD and OFFICE corner of Second and Poplar streets. S. LINKTON.
June 7, 1862. 35ly. Proprietor.

CHALLENGE SALOON.

STONE & BALL, PROPRIETORS.

WHERE will always be found the CHOICEST brands of
WINES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS.

Pure and unadulterated Wines and Brandies, of a superior quality, for medicinal purposes.

Also, two of the celebrated Phelan's Latest Improved

Combination Billiard Tables.

☞ We shall spare no pains to make it the CHALLENGE Saloon. STONE & BALL.
Walla Walla, Nov. 99, 1861. 11tf

New Furniture Store.
BURPEE, BILIKE & WINSHIP.
Lower end of town opposite Public Square,

HAS now on hand an assorted lot of Furniture, such as
BUREAUS, TABLES, STANDS, SOFAS,
FANCY AND COMMON BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS,
of all descriptions, home and Eastern manufacture

Spring Mattrasses and Upholstered Work

of all descriptions. Also, SASH and DOORS made to order.

☞ All orders filled on short notice.
Walla Walla, Sept. 6, 1862. 26ly

Assay Office.
TRACY & KING
ASSAYERS,
PORTLAND, : : : : : : : OREGON.

E. W. TRACY. MARK A. KING.
Late Assistant Assayer in the U. S. Mint, San Francisco.

WE REFER by permission to—
ROBERT J. STEVENS,
Superintendent U. S. Mint, San Francisco.
CONRAD WEIGAND,
Assayer, U. S. Mint, San Francisco
WALTER S. DENIO,
Molter and Refiner, U. S. Mint, San Francisco.

We would also call attention to the following certificate:

BRANCH OF THE MINT OF THE UNITED STATES,
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.
Assayer's office, Dec. 20, 1861.

"This is to certify that MARK A. KING has been "engaged as an Assistant Assayer in the United "States Mint at San Francisco, from Oct., 1857 until "the present time. His manipulations as an assayer have been skillful and accurate.

"Parties desirous of availing themselves of the "services of a reliable, practical Assayer may feel confidence in engaging Mr. King

[Signed] CONRAD WEIGAND, Assayer.

We make returns for dust deposited with us for assay in six hours.

We are prepared to advance coin on dust for assay.
OFFICE WITH WELLS, FARGO & CO.
Portland, Nov. 15, 1862. 15tf

Get your Watches Repaired!

FRANK P. DUGAN, Watch Maker and Jeweler, Walla Walla, would respectfully announce to the citizens of this vicinity, that he has located in Walla Walla, and is fully prepared to do all kinds of work in his line in a style

Unsurpassed by any Workman in the West!

With the experience of fourteen years, and having worked most of that time in some of the largest repairing shops in New York and Cincinnatti, I am confident that I can render entire satisfaction to all who may favor me with their patronage. Watches and Clocks that others have failed to make run, solicited, and no charge will be made if I fail to put them in good running order. Particular attention paid to the

Repairing of Fine Watches!

All work Warranted Twelve Months!!

CHARGES LOW AS THE LOWEST.

Miners can send their watches to me by Express, and I will pay the express charges here and back.

Shop on Main Street next Door to Kyger & Reese's Store. F. P. DUGAN.
43-6mo

SUBSCRIPTION IS INVITED.
—TO—
The Exchange
READING AND NEWS ROOM,
WHICH IS NOW OPEN
At the
ST. NICHOLS HOTEL,
Government St., Victoria, V. I.

NEWSPAPERS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE world. Shipping and Merchantile information. Mining intelligence from the Cariboo country, etc., as soon as the season opens.

SMOKING AND CHESSROOM, Etc.

Terms of Admission:
Annual Subscription. $24; payable quarterly.
For one month, only $3.
For one day, only 25 cents.
All payable in Advance.
an. 10, '63 2;41) H. F. REISTERMAN, Prop.

Notice.

ALL parties indebted to the late firm of L. Whittingham & Co. are requested to make an early settlement with John Huntoon, at Wallula, who is authorized to collect all the outstanding accounts.
Wallula City, Feb. 28, 1863. 11w4.

HURGREN & SHINDLER
Manufacturers, and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FURNITURE AND BEDDING.

IN view of the increasing demand for our Goods in the upper country, we have and shall constantly keep on hand, a FULL SUPPLY of such Goods as are suitable for shipping over long and expensive freight routes, being carefully and compactly put up in boxes—as for example: One dozen chairs, measure 6 to 8 feet; 24 Cane-seat Stools, suitable for dining rooms, 8 feet; other articles in proportion.

PULU.

A Clean and Desirable article for Bedding. It can be used loose, as feathers, and is easily made into beds. Bale of 100 lbs. measures from 8 to 9 feet, and so in proportion to weight.

OUR WARE-ROOMS
ARE FILLED WITH
New and Elegant Styles of Goods
In quantity and quality to suit all demands.

A large assortment of
Gilt and Fancy Mirrors,
Upholstering Goods,
Hair-Cloth,
Red and Sofa Springs.

GILT MOLDINGS AND PICTURE FRAMES made to order.
PATENT IRON FASTENINGS for Bedsteads.

☞ THE BEST GLUE in Boxes of Thirty pounds will be sold very low.

Orders by express or otherwise, will be carefully and satisfactorily filled.

HURGREN & SHINDLER,
Corner First and Salmon streets,
Or 2d street from river, opposite Court-house,
1y Portland, Oregon.

L. C. KINNEY, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

TENDERS his professional services to the citizens of Walla Walla and vicinity.

Office and residence, Main street, nearly opposite the old Blue Mountain Hotel, where he can always be found when not professionally engaged.

Having had more than twenty years practice in his profession, and having served as a Surgeon in the United States Army in the Mexican War, and having had an extensive Hospital practice, would say at least that he ought to be qualified to practice his profession; and would refer by permission to the following named gentlemen:

Gen. Wm. O. Butler, Col. John S. Williams, Col. Wm. P. Preston, Col. Geo. W. Hughes, of Maryland. Col. Emery, and Maj. Kenley, Maryland.
Charles G. Thythlan, M. D., E. Watson, M. D., Joseph Roberts, M. D., Benj. Hensley, Jr., M. D., Frankfort, Ky.
E. D. Weatherford, M. D., H. M. Weatherford, M. D., Dr. Purtle, Dr. Flint, Louisville, Ky.
Dr. Tate, Vancouver's Island.
Dr. J. C. Hawthorne, Portland, Oregon.
Dr. R. C. Hill, Corvallis, Oregon. 1tf

AYER'S PILLS.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A
FAMILY PHYSIC

THERE has long existed a public demand for an effective purgative pill which could be relied on as sure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has been prepared to meet that demand, and an extensive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with what success it accomplishes the purpose designed. It is easy to make a physical *pill*, but not easy to make the best of all *pills*—one which should have none of the objections, but all the advantages, of every other. This has been attempted here, and with what success we would respectfully submit to the public decision. It has been unfortunate for the patient hitherto that almost every purgative medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bowels. This is not. Many of them produce so much griping pain and revulsion in the system as to more than counterbalance the good to be derived from them. These *pills* produce no irritation or pain, unless it arise from a previously existing obstruction or derangement in the bowels. Being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity; but it is better that any medicine should be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their use in the several diseases to which they are applicable are given on the box. Among the complaints which have been speedily cured by them, we may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms of Jaundice, Indigestion, Languor and Loss of Appetite, Listlessness, Irritability, Bilious Headache, Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side and Loins; for, in truth, all these are but the consequence of diseased action in the liver. As an aperient they afford prompt and sure relief in Costiveness, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Humors, Scrofula and Scurvy, Colds with soreness of the body, Ulcers and impurity of the blood, Irregularities; in short, any and every case where a purgative is required.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Erysipelas, Palpitation of the Heart, Pains in the Back, Stomach, and Side. They should be freely taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood and prepare the system for the change of seasons. An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, and restores the appetite and vigor. They purify the blood, and, by their stimulant action on the circulatory system, renovate the strength of the body, and restore the wasted or diseased energies of the whole organism. Hence an occasional dose is advantageous, even though no serious derangement exists; but unnecessary dosing should never be carried too far, as every purgative medicine reduces the strength, when taken to excess. The thousand cases in which a physic is required cannot be enumerated here, but they suggest themselves to the reason of every body; and it is confidently believed this pill will answer a better purpose than any thing which has hitherto been available to mankind. When their virtues are once known, the public will no longer doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a cathartic medicine. Being sugar-wrapped, they are pleasant to take, and being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For minute directions, see wrapper on the Box.

PREPARED BY
DR. JAMES C. AYER,
Practical and Analytical Chemist,
LOWELL, MASS.
Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for $1.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL,

For the rapid Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

THIS remedy has won for itself such notoriety from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease, that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the evidences of its virtues in any community where it has been employed. So wide is the field of its use, fulness, and so numerous the cases of its cures, that almost every section of the country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs which are incident to our climate. Not only in formidable attacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties of COLDS, COUGHS, HOARSENESS, &c.; and for CHILDREN it is the pleasantest and safest medicine that can be obtained.

As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best that it ever has been, and that the genuine article is sold by—

DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.
May 23, 1863. 22tf.

John Stapleton's Estate.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Walla Walla county upon the estate of John Stapleton, late of said county, deceased, therefore notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to come forward and make immediate payment to me, at my place of business in the city of Walla Walla, and those having claims must present them, with proper vouchers, within one year from this date or be forever barred.

EDWARD SHEIL, Administrator.
Mar 2, 1863. 20m3

Nemiah Northrop's Estate.

LETTERS of administration having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Walla Walla county Washington Territory, upon the estate of Nemiah Northrop, late of said county, deceased, therefore notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate, to present them, with proper vouchers, to the undersigned, at his place of business within one year from this date, or the same will be forever barred; and all those indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

E. E. KELLY, Administrator.
April 25, 1863. 19m3

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD, IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD,
BUY KIDDER'S YEAST POWDER.

Furniture! Furniture!!
BEDDING! BEDDING!!
CARPETS,
OIL CLOTH, WALL PAPER, &c.
....AT....
BURNHAM'S
New Ware Rooms,
110 FIRST STREE, PORTLAND, OREGON

WHERE can be found the largest and best selected stock of Furniture, Carpets, &c., consisting in part of

RICH PARLOR SETS,
Beautiful
Marble-top and other Chamber Sets,
OFFICE FURNITURE, KITCHEN DO.,
SOFAS, BUREAUS AND CHAIRS
Of Every Description,
Center, Card and Common Tables,
and every description of Furniture.

Curled Hair, Pulu, Moss, and Wool
MATRASSES,
FEATHER and PULU PILLOWS.

Velvet, Brussels and Three-Ply Carpets,
Wall Paper, Hair Cloth, Springs, Twine, Matrass Needles, Looking Glasses, &c.

100 Bales of PULU, in Prime Order.

SPRING MATRASSES,
Of the Best Style Known, and Warranted.
Goods in original packages, ready for shipping.
Upholstering in all its Branches
Neatly Executed.
All orders from the country filled with dispatch by BURNHAM, Practical Upholsterer,
110 First street, Portland, Oregon.
Nov. 15, 1862. 24ly

Wagon Manufactory.
MAIN STREET, - - WALLA WALLA.

THE undersigned hereby respectfully informs the public of Walla Walla valley that he has built an addition to the shop formerly occupied by Dovell & Massena, for the better accommodation of the public, and is now prepared to do any work in the

Line of Wagon Making.

HAVING JUST RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK OF
STATES' TIMBER,

I feel assured I can give satisfaction to all who may entrust me with their work.

Repairing done to order, at Moderate Prices,
AND WITH DISPATCH.
JOHN DOVELL.
Walla Walla, Sept. 13, 1862. 26ly

WELLS, FARGO & Co.'s
EXPRESS.

WELLS, FARGO & CO, HAVE EXTENDED their express to
VANCOUVER, CASCADES,
DALLES, WALLULA, (Old Ft. Walla Walla.)
WALLA Walla LEWISTON,
ORO FINO, PIERCE CITY,
ELK CITY and the SALMON MINES!

E. L. JAMES will act as our Agent at Walla Walla.
E. W. TRACY,
Superintendent for Oregon and Washington.

A list of agents will be published as soon as practicable, and each agent will be furnished with a commission specifying his authority and the extent to which he will be bound by his acts, which will be kept publicly exposed in his office for the inspection of those doing business with us.

No person is authorized to contract any indebtedness for us except the Agent or Superintendent.
May 2, 1862.—20tf. W. F. & CO.

ASSAY OFFICE
OF
GOLDSMITH BRO'S,
Practical Assyers of
GOLD, SILVER, and other MINERALS,
Guarantee
THE CORRECTNESS OF THEIR BARS.
Pay the Highest Price for Gold Dust.
Corner Front and Alder Streets.
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Jan. 10, 1863 2;4ly.

Livery, and Sale Stables.
MAIN STREET, : : : : : WALLA WALLA.
M. A. Murray, Proprietor,

ANNOUNCES to his numerous friends and the traveling public in general that at the old stand formerly occupied by Mr. Abbott he is supplied with

Horses, for Saddle and Harness Use;
—Also,—
CARRIAGES,
BUGGIES,
WAGONS, &c., &c.,
For the accommodation of the public and at a PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.
June 21, 1862 26ly

HODGE & CALEF
PORTLAND, OREGON,
IMPORTING AND WHOLESALE
DRUGGISTS,
Offer for sale at Reduced Rates:

50 Cases Camphene,
50 Cases Kerosene,
50 " Coal Oil,
50 " Linseed Oil,
50 " Turpentine,
300 Boxes Window Glass,
20,000 Pounds Pure White Lead:
WITH A COMPLETE STOCK OF
BRUSHES, VARNISHES,
Painters' Materials, &c.

—OUR STOCK OF—
Drugs and Medicines

Consists of regular importations from the Eastern Markets, and for
EXTENT AND COMPLETENESS
is without an equal in the State. Goods put up in a superior manner, and carefully packed for safe transportation to any part of the country.

☞ Prices and quality guaranteed to give satisfaction. HODGE & CALEF,
2y Wholesale dealers in Drugs, Paints and Oils. Portland, Oregon.

French & Gilman,
Wholesale and retail dealers in
Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors,
AND GROCERIES,
Main Street, Dalles.

WE would respectfully inform the public that we are constantly in receipt of choice

Native and European Wines,
Foreign Brandies, of favorite brands,
Hudson Bay Co.'s "Martell Brandy,"
" " " Superior Rum,
Rochelle and Bordeaux Brandies,
manufactured solely for English market.
London Port and Sherry Wines.
Old Holland Gin, Scheidam Schnapps,
designed for medical purposes.
Swan Gin, and other brands.
Old Bourbon, Mononghela and Rye Whiskey.
Cordials and Bitters, of all descriptions.
GROCERIES, suitable for Miners, and
Miners' Outfits in general.
1ly FRENCH & GILMAN.

KOHLHAUFF & GUICHARD,
Wholesale and Retail
Dealers in
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
Clothing, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, &c., &c.

WE have just received from San Francisco a complete stock of goods in the above line, and are enabled to offer good bargains to purchasers. We shall do a
GENERAL MERCHANDISE BUSINESS,
and will endeavor to keep constantly on hand a full assortment of
Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Provisions,
Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Liquors, &c.
Also a full assortment of Miners' and Packers' Goods.
Walla Walla, May 17, 1862. 1ly