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OFFICE ON THIRD STREET.

VOLUME III. WALLA WALLA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, FRIDAY EVENING, MAY 27, 1864. NUMBER 24.

The Washington Statesman. PUBLISHED Every Friday Evening...

EDWARD SHELLEY, M. D., PHYSICIAN...

THIBODO & BRO. PHYSICIANS, SUBSIDIARIES...

J. B. WELLS, M. D., OFFICE WEST SIDE...

BRIDGES & SON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW...

L. ASATER & LANGFORD, ATTORNEYS...

L. JAY S. TURNEY, ATTORNEY AND...

FRANK P. DUGAN, ATTORNEY AND...

JOHN HUNTON & CO., WHOLESALE...

HENRY LAW, FORWARDING AND...

WHAT CHEER HOUSE, FRONT STREET...

W. P. HORTON, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE...

E. G. RANDALL, DEALER IN MUSIC...

DENNISON HOUSE, (formerly Metropolis Hotel)...

WESTERN HOTEL, CORNER OF FIRST AND...

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IMPORTANT TO MINING COMPANIES. THE APPLICATION OF WIRE ROPE FOR HOISTING SHAFTS AND INCLINES...

REDUCES YOUR EXPENDITURE FOR ROPES 65 PER CENT. ALL KINDS OF WIRE ROPE MADE AND SOLD.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. I HAVE MADE ARRANGEMENTS WITH SAN FRANCISCO IMPORTERS BY WHICH I AM ENABLED TO FURNISH FIRST-CLASS MACHINES...

EXTRA FINE HAM, BEEF, AND LARD, AT KOHLHAUFF & GUICHARD'S.

THE FINEST ASSORTMENT OF LIQUORS AT KOHLHAUFF & GUICHARD'S.

QUEENSWARE AND GLASSWARE, FULLY ASSORTED, AT KOHLHAUFF & GUICHARD'S.

CITY HOTEL. Having rented and thoroughly refitted the above Hotel...

RATES OF BOARD AND LODGING: Single Meals, 15 cts. Board per Week, \$9.00 Board and Lodging per Week, \$12.00 Bed and Room, 75 cts.

FRANK'S HOTEL, Walla Walla, W. T. FRANK CARPEID, PROPRIETOR.

THE PROPRIETOR TAKES PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING TO HIS FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC IN GENERAL...

First Class Hotel and Restaurant, With an Entire New Suite of Rooms, FURNISHED WITH CLEAN BEDS.

THE PROPRIETOR HOPES, THROUGH HIS LONG EXPERIENCE IN THE BUSINESS...

EMPIRE HOTEL RESTAURANT, MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA.

'Captain Jack,' : : : PROPRIETOR. THE ABOVE HOTEL, HAVING BEEN MUCH ENLARGED...

MEALS AT ALL HOURS, DAY AND NIGHT. Beef Steaks, Oysters, Soups, or any other 'extras' served those who may desire them.

NEW SUITES OF ROOMS FOR SLEEPING APARTMENTS HAVE BEEN ADDED TO THE HOUSE...

WALLA WALLA DRUG STORE. Main Street, Opposite Bank Exchange.

CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, PAINTS, OILS, PUTTY, WINDOW GLASS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES, PATENT MEDICINE, LAMPS, AND CRYSTAL CHANDLERY.

WM. PHILLIPS, DEALER IN STOVES AND TIN-WARE.

WATCH REPAIRING. THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM THE CITIZENS OF WALLA WALLA AND VICINITY...

FRANKLIN MARKET. East End of Walla Walla, opposite Howard & Cady's Store.

JOSEPH PETTY, PROPRIETOR. HAS ALWAYS ON HAND, BEEF, PORK AND MUTTONS ALSO, HAMS, BACON, BALDWIN'S, &c., and boys.

LIVERY AND FEED STABLE. Abbott's Old Stand, WALLA WALLA, W. T.

J. F. ABBOTT, PROPRIETOR. IMPROVEMENTS HAVE RECENTLY BEEN MADE IN THIS PREMISES...

HORSES TO LET, OR HIRE. BY THE DAY OR WEEK, AT MODERATE PRICES; ALSO HORSES TAKEN TO KEEP, ON TERMS SATISFACTORY TO PARTIES.

L. J. RECTOR. County Auditor of Walla Walla Co., W. T. Notary Public, and Commissioner of Deeds for Oregon.

DEEDS, MORTGAGES, POWERS OF ATTORNEY, AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS OF WRITING CAREFULLY DRAWN UP, AND ACKNOWLEDGED TAKEN. INSTRUMENTS FOR SIGNATURE OF THE UNITED STATES ACKNOWLEDGED OR CERTIFIED UNDER THE SEAL OF THE DISTRICT COURT.

KELLOGG & CALDWELL'S FERRY. AT THE MOUTH OF TUCANON, three miles from the old Ferry on the Colville River.

THE ROAD LEADING FROM WALLA WALLA TO THE FERRY IS SUPERIOR TO THE OLD COLVILLE ROAD, AND THE COUNTRY IS BETTER SUPPLIED WITH GRASS AND WATER.

THE SOLDIER'S DYING FAREWELL. [The following lines, from the Sunday School Advocate, were found in a soldier's Testament, and can be sung to the music of 'Just before the Battle, Mother!']

On the field of battle, mother, All the night long I lay; Angel's watching o'er me, mother, Till the breaking of the day; I lay thinking of you, mother, And the loving one's at home, Till to our dear cottage, mother, Boy again I seemed to roam.

He to whom you are, On my infant knee to pray, Keep my heart from fainting, mother, When the vision passed away; In the gray of morning, mother, Do you hear them singing, mother, From my bosom tender fingers Washed the blood that trickled down.

I must soon be going, mother, Going to the home of rest; Kiss me so of old, dear mother, Press me nearer to your breast, Would I could repay you, mother, For your faithful love and care; God uphold and bless you, mother, In the latter we you bear.

as competent to interpret the meaning of the word 'condition' as any other body.

Mr. Johnson had a high respect for the Senator from Massachusetts; but, notwithstanding his transcendent abilities, he was of the opinion, and he had the support of many learned judges, that the question of the rights of persons of African descent to citizenship was an open one, and made so by the Constitution.

THE ABOVE HOTEL, HAVING BEEN MUCH ENLARGED AND OTHERWISE GREATLY IMPROVED, IS NOW OPEN TO THE PUBLIC. AS IT HAS HERETOFORE BEEN THE BEST HOTEL AND RESTAURANT IN WALLA WALLA, IT IS NOW CONCEDED TO BE THE BEST HOUSE EAST OF PORTLAND.

WE EXTRACT THE FOLLOWING FROM A PRIVATE LETTER FROM HON. GEO. E. COLE, DATED WASHINGTON, APRIL 1st:

I enclose you a slip relative to the action taken by the Senate upon the Montana bill. Montana lies north of 45, except at the south-western corner, where the line drops down to 44-30' so as to include the East Bank country. Its western boundary is the Bitter Root mountains and the 116th meridian from the point of intersection with said degree to latitude 49. Idaho extends from Utah to the 49th parallel. The Rocky mountains being the eastern boundary of the southern part, and the Bitter Root of the northern. The country south of Montana is attached to Dakota.

Nothing of importance occurring, except the outbreak in Illinois, caused by a conflict between the civil and military authorities. You get so much false information by telegraph that it might be well to state that the trouble commenced by soldiers attempting to interfere with the proceedings of a court because the Judge was a Democrat. The Sheriff, as in duty bound, protected the Judge, and in doing so killed three or four soldiers. The Illinois delegation fear that it will be a very serious affair.

[The following is the Senatorial 'slip' referred to above.—Eds.]

'The House bill to provide a temporary Government for the Territory of Montana was taken up on motion of Mr. Wade, the pending question being on the amendment of Mr. Wilkinson to strike out the word 'white' in the fifth section defining the qualifications of voters, and eligibility to office within the Territory. The amendment was adopted by the following vote:

YEAS.—Brown, Chandler, Clark, Collamer, Conness, Dixon, Essenden, Foot, Foster, Grimes, Hale, Harlan, Harris, Howard, Howe, Morgan, Morrill, Pomeroy, Ramsey, Sumner, Wade and Wilson.—29.

THE QUESTION BEING THEN ON THE FINAL PASSAGE OF THE BILL, MR. POWELL INQUIRED HOW MANY INHABITANTS WERE IN THE PROPOSED NEW TERRITORY.

MR. WADE REPLIED THAT THERE WERE TWELVE THOUSAND INHABITANTS ON THIS SIDE OF THE MOUNTAINS, AND TWELVE ON THE OTHER; AND THAT THE POPULATION WAS RAPIDLY INCREASING, ON ACCOUNT OF NEW DISCOVERIES OF GOLD.

MR. SUMNER WOULD INQUIRE WHAT SUGGESTED THE NAME OF THE NEW TERRITORY—MONTANA.

MR. WADE SAID HE COULD NOT ANSWER THE QUESTION.

MR. HOWARD SAID THAT, BY REFERENCE TO HIS OLD LATIN DICTIONARY, HE FOUND THAT THE WORD REFERRED TO A MOUNTAINOUS COUNTRY, SUCH AS THIS WAS DESCRIBED TO BE. [Laughter.]

MR. JOHNSON SAID THAT IF THE OBJECT OF MR. WILKINSON'S AMENDMENT WAS TO DECLARE THAT THE AFRICAN SHOULD HAVE EQUAL POLITICAL RIGHTS UNDER THIS BILL, HE WOULD SUGGEST THAT HE WOULD MODIFY IT SO AS TO EXPRESS SUCH A PURPOSE.

MR. WILKINSON DESIRED TO LET HIS AMENDMENT STAND IN THE FORM IN WHICH IT HAD BEEN ADOPTED, SO THAT NEITHER THE WORD WHITE OR BLACK SHOULD APPEAR IN THE BILL.

AN INCIDENT ON PICKET. A Correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial relates the following: One day the 108th Ohio regiment was on picket near Roseville, when a rebel Captain and two of his men entered. The Captain walked in, and on surrendering himself to one of the pickets, recognized him as his own son—a resident of Cincinnati, whose name is suppressed for obvious reasons.

MATRIMONIAL MAXIMS.—The following maxims, if pursued, will not only make the men in life with marriage, but cause them to be good husbands. The first is to be good yourselves. To avoid all thoughts of managing a husband. Never try to deceive or impose upon his understanding; nor give him uneasiness, but treat him with affection, sincerity and respect. Remember that husbands are only men, subject like yourselves, to error and frailty.

AMERICAN GENERALS.—The last number of the Atlantic has a very good article entitled 'Fighting Facts for Fogies,' from which we glean the following particulars:—American military history is, it seems, decidedly favorable to old generals. Washington was forty-four when he assumed command of the revolutionary armies, and fifty when he took Yorktown. Wayne and Greene were the only young generals that evinced decided capacity.

LOCAL EDITOR'S STATISTICS.—A down east 'local' who has found himself out of sorts, out of items and out of cash, to supply the deficiency in the second enumeration, regales his readers with the following interesting statistical table of his own doings:

REPORT. BEEN ASKED TO DRINK, 11,393. DRANK, 11,393. REQUESTED TO RETRACT, 415. DIDN'T RETRACT, 415. INVITED TO PARTIES, RECEPTIONS, PRESENTATIONS, ETC., BY PEOPLE FISHING FOR PUTTS, 3,333. TOOK THE HINT, 33. DIDN'T TAKE THE HINT, 3,300. THREATENED TO BE WHIPPED, 174. BEEN WHIPPED, 0. WHIPPED THE OTHER FOLLOW, 170. DIDN'T COME TO TIME, 170. BEEN PROMISED BOTTLES OF CHAMPAGNE, GIG, WHISKY, BITTERS, BOX OF CIGARS, ETC., IF WE WOULD GO AFTER THEM, 3,650. BEEN AFTER THEM, 1. GOING AGAIN, 0. BEEN ASKED 'WHAT'S THE NEWS?', 800,000. TOLD, 13. DIDN'T KNOW, 200,000. LIED ABOUT IT, 199,987. BEEN TO CHURCH, 2. CHANGED POLITICS, 33. EXPECT TO CHANGE STILL, 33. SWORN OFF BAD HABITS, 722,000. SHALL SWEAR OFF THIS YEAR, 720,000. NUMBER OF BAD HABITS, 100,000. GAVE FOR CHARITY, 85 00. GAVE FOR TERRIER DOG, 823 99. CASH ON HAND, 800 00.

SINGULAR.—It is said that the rose of Florida, the most beautiful of flowers, emits no fragrance; the bird of Paradise, the most beautiful of birds gives no song; the yew of Greece, the finest of trees, yields no fruit; dandies, the shiniest of men, have no sense; and ball-room belles, the loveliest creatures in the world, are very often ditto—only a little more so.

ARGUMENT IN COMPANY IS GENERALLY THE WORST SORT OF CONVERSATION, AND IN BOOKS THE WORST OF READING.

To MARRIED MEN.—We mean you, who spend your evenings down town, playing billiards, smoking, drinking and gossiping, when you ought to be at home with your families. Do you remember what fine promises you once made to the woman who now sits, night after night, with heavy heart but busy fingers, making or mending garments for the little ones, (your children,) while you are dissipating, with other idlers like yourself, the very means for which they stand in need. You complain of hard times, scarcity of work, and want of money; and your wife works herself sick to economy, and reduce the household expenses.

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THE SPIDER IS WISER THAN THE BEE. The former sucks poison from everything, and the latter hives. So the former isn't robbed, and the latter is.

THE SPIDER ALWAYS WINS A GLORY FROM ITS BEING AWFUL; IT ORBS ITSELF INTO THE PERFECT STAR THAT WE SAW NOT WHEN WE MOVED WITHIN IT.

I DON'T KNOW WHAT YOU MEAN BY NOT BEING AN IRISHMAN," SAID A GENTLEMAN WHO WAS HIRING A BOY, "WHEN YOU SAY YOU WERE BORN IN IRELAND?"

IN ORDENTIGERWEISER PLEASURESTHESEINFACHHIEHPRINTINGWERMEERFOLGENDUEPRINTESEINFACHWILNEHNTHEPUNCTATIONUSINGSMALLLETTERSINSTEADOF CAPITALS AS IT SHOULD BE.

THESE IS NOT A STREAM OF TROUBLE SO DEEP AND SWIFT THAT WE MAY NOT CROSS SAFELY OVER IT, IF WE HAVE COURAGE TO STEER AND STRENGTH TO PULL.

WHITE HAIR IS THE CHALK WITH WHICH TIME keeps his score—two, three, or four score, as the case may be—on a man's head.

JOHN BILLINGS' ADVICE.—Dere girls—Keep cool. A blessed futer awaits you enny how. Take lessons on the pianna at onst; piannas are getting scarce. Bi awl means larn to pla the nu song that has jis cum out, "When John Brown is over we are father Abraham cumming with this krel war several strong." This stanzy took the premium at the State fair. Don't be afraid two get married your ma want afraide. Learn how to knit pudding bags to put your hare in. Be viruous and pretty. Eat slait pennis, that will make you spit at fuggers. Eat kolone water, that will mak a good smel. Let your pettycoats drag on the side-walks, and if any man steps on them slap his chops at em. If you have got small fete, keep 'em hid—small fete has gone out of fashion. Studdy travels; Tom Mores, and Byrons, and Gullivers, and Wandering Jews, and Vallandighams is first rate. If you can spare the time be luvly and swate. Remember thers ain't nothing in this life worth livin' for but a krel husband. If you don't believe me, ask your ma. If you have red hare, you had better exchange it fur black; black hare the tell me is going to be worn mucly next year. Don't have anything to do with the boys unless the mean business. If you don't know how to skait, you mita as well join sum nunnery at onet, for your played out.

DO YOUR DUTY, HOWEVER DANGEROUS.—Death comes to all, and the world does not need your bodily presence so much as it does your moral heroism.

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A PRAYING HYPOCRITE IS LIKE AN IMPUDENT DEBTOR, WHO GOES EVERY DAY TO TALK FAMILIARLY WITH HIS CREDITOR WITHOUT EVER PAYING WHAT HE OWES.

IF YOU VISIT A YOUNG LADY WHO IS WEAK AND SHE IS WEAK, YOU WILL BOTH BE ONE.

WOMAN HAS THIS ADVANTAGE OVER MAN, THAT HIS WILL NO OPERATION till he is dead, whereas hers generally takes effect in her lifetime.

From the Kootenai.
We are at last in possession of some definite news about the Kootenai mining country. For the past six months there has been much speculation and conjecture about this locality, but, until now, no one has come from there with the 'dust.' Mr. A. W. Guy, left here about the 27th February last, and returned a few days ago. The party with which he was connected were forty-five days from here to Kootenai, but on his return Mr. G. was only twenty-four days coming down. From all that we can learn, there is no doubt that there are deposits of gold here, but the great distance, the heavy cost of supplies, and the shortness of the season, ought to be duly considered by those who are about to start. The dust Mr. Guy brought down—only a few ounces—is dark colored, scale gold. It was assayed by Mr. J. Rosenthal and netted \$18.05 per ounce.

The water when Mr. Guy left was so high that the miners could not work on the bars but were prospecting the hills. There were about forty men at Kootenai when he first went there and 150 when he left. Trains and mining parties were not going up, two trains only had arrived in the mines, one from Colville and the other from this valley. These mines are estimated to be about 425 miles from here. The road from this place to Antoine Plante's ferry—distance 150 miles—is first rate; from there to Pen d'Oreille Lake, where parties cross—say 50 miles—half of it is good. From that point the International Boundary trail leads directly to the mines, through a densely timbered country; the growth, however, is generally small.

The first parties had to shovel a great deal of snow—from 1 to 6 feet—from the trail, and Mr. G. on his return was caught in a snow storm.

The altitude is considerable, as the mines are directly in the Rocky mountains. To the east the mountains appear impassable. The mining season will, we should think from this, be very short. The mines are in British Territory, supposed to be about 100 miles north of the line.

Other parties have come down since Mr. Guy arrived, but they appear to be extremely "conservative" about imparting information. They all bring down small quantities of gold dust, and appear to be in doubt themselves whether the diggings will turn out to be rich or the reverse. Gold has been found on a creek, this spring, some distance this side of the diggings first discovered. But little prospecting has as yet been done, owing to high water and the frozen ground.

The reports about large emigrations having gone from Beaver Head to Kootenai are entirely unfounded.

JUST LIKE HIM.—Gen Grant is as persevering as he is brave and patriotic. In a dispatch to the President, during his late battles with the rebel army under Lee, he says, "I propose to fight it out this time if it takes all the summer." No one will for a moment doubt that Grant will rigidly adhere to his proposition. His indomitable perseverance before Vicksburg and at other places during the war, attest with what unrelenting firmness he will fulfill his word. He never makes a backward movement, but invariably sticks to the enemy like a brick. The General is determined to make short work of it so far as he is concerned, and if Lee is possessed with an equal amount of combativeness he will be the worst used up scotch at the end of the battle that ever he saw. But we apprehend that Lee will endeavor to save his bacon, or as much of it as he can, by falling back upon Richmond. Whether Gen. Butler, in his feinting operations about Richmond, will offer any resistance to Lee if he shall fall back is at the very least, questionable. So far, Grant has the best of the battle by great odds, and if he gets the support of Butler Seigel and the rest of them, he will make short work with Richmond.

Mr. Howe, Senator from Wisconsin, and a friend of the Administration, lately got vexed because there were none among the able Senators in Congress who were so poor as to do the Administration reverence in defending it from the attacks of the Opposition. He said: "As to holding myself out to the world as a friend of the Administration whose responsible friends sit here silent day after day under these charges, I think I can get into better company; I can go to the Opposition, which, whether they are guilty of larceny or not, do not confess it, and I shall improve my associations by so much, anyhow." Mr. Howe might exclaim with Hamlet, (to his mother) "assume a virtue if you have it not."

FEINTED.—From the glowing description the dispatches gave a short time ago, of General Butler's movements upon Fort Darling and Richmond, one might have been led to suppose that he would accomplish wonders, but the late dispatches inform us that his movements were only a feint, intended to deceive the rebels and keep Lee from being reinforced.

BOUNDARIES OF MONTANA.—A description of the boundaries of the new Territory of Montana will be found in Mr. Cole's letter, on the outside of to-day's paper.

GIVING HIM FITS.—Jo. Wilson, Judge of the 5th Judicial District, Oregon, recently had Mr. Newell, of the Dalles Mountaineer, brought before him and fined \$25 and costs—amounting in all to \$51—for contempt of Court, on account of an article published by Mr. Newell in his paper, reflecting somewhat upon the Judge and Prosecuting Attorney for a "wholesale indictment of liquor dealers," and alleging that it would only result in the "saddling of a heavy bill of costs upon the county," etc. This, to say the least, exhibits an inexcusable weakness upon the part of the Judge, not to say an unwarranted assumption of power. The dignity of the Court may have been offended—*heavily* offended! and the Judge made to feel that the editor of the Mountaineer did not regard his authority as absolute as that conferred upon the Roman magistrates, still it seems to us that the more "dignified" way of treating the matter would have been to allow it pass under that kind of contempt classed as "silent." Mr. Newell's friends promptly paid the fine for him, and he is now getting on with "Jo" (who, by-the-way, is a candidate for re-election to the office of Judge, and giving him "fits" in the following style:

"A wag suggests that Gov. Gibbs should be required by law to send lunatics to the Insane Asylum. The idea of making Judges of the unfortunates is not to be tolerated. To condemn this class of citizens to the study of law is to wreck what little brains they have left."

"GREENBACKS.—A gentleman who aspires to the reputation of a jurist decides that greenbacks are a currency fit to pay for 'store clothes,' or to satisfy the claims of the working-man, but when it comes to the salaries of officials, or the payment of taxes, they are to be ruled out. Working-men will do well to bear this distinction in mind on election day."

"Cicero in one of his immortal orations defined justice as inseparably associated with decency. Accepting Cicero as correct, we find it difficult to understand how a judge ever gets so low down as to rehearse obscene stories and exhibit vulgar pictures."

"THE DISTRICT JUDGESHIP.—A number of leading and decided Union men have announced their intention not to vote for the nominee for District Judge. Painfully and reluctantly they have come to the conclusion that the gentleman placed in nomination is entirely unfit to fill the office either with credit to himself or benefit to the public."

"TAKE IT BACK."—A few months since we took it back that the salaries of judges should be advanced, say \$4,000 per annum. We take it all back. Crazy men would be dear at \$500 a year."

The Union Democrats of King county, W. T., held a Convention May 7th, and made nominations for County and Territorial offices. The following resolutions were adopted by the Convention:

Resolved, That in this critical and momentous period of our country's history, it is the solemn duty of every loyal and patriotic citizen to take a firm stand in favor of the Constitution of the United States, that great Charter of our civil liberties.

Resolved, That the doctrine of Southern Secession is a dastardly infringement on the rights of the States and Government, and, in our opinion, all Constitutional powers should be used to suppress it.

Resolved, That we are opposed to all secret Political Associations of any name or nature; that, in our opinion, they are anti-Democratic and anti-Union.

Resolved, That we will use all honorable means to elect our candidates this day nominated.

"YES" OR "NO."—The voters of the county will please remember that the question of the seven mills special tax will be presented for their decision at the election on the 6th of June. The tickets will be printed with "Special Tax, yes," with a blank for writing "no," so that if any of the voters desire to erase the word "yes" and write "no" upon them they can do so. The adoption of the tax is a matter of great importance to the people of the county, and we suggest to the candidates that while out "stumping" it would be well for them to call the attention of the voters to it, making such explanations as may be deemed necessary.

THE SANITARY FUND AT THE POLLS.—The suggestion has been made that a contribution box be placed at each of the places for holding elections in the county, to receive from the voters donations to the Sanitary Fund. We have been requested to ask the judges of election, or others interested, to see that this is done. It is done elsewhere, and by this means liberal contributions are raised for the benefit of the sick and wounded soldiers. The platform of one of the parties declares, "that the gratitude of the country is due to the noble defenders of our flag, and while they fight battles for the Union in the field, we at home will give them the support and encouragement due to the soldiers of the Republic." The plan above suggested will give an excellent opportunity to put this resolution into practice.

COVER D'ALENE MISSION BURNED.—Rev. Father Gazzoli has just arrived from the above place and reports that the mission buildings, with all the appurtenances—including the agricultural implements belonging to the farms—were recently consumed by fire. The fire resulted from the carelessness of some of the inmates of the mission. Father Gazzoli intends to endeavor to raise a subscription to rebuild the mission.

BOUNDARIES OF MONTANA.—A description of the boundaries of the new Territory of Montana will be found in Mr. Cole's letter, on the outside of to-day's paper.

MORE ARBITRARY ARRESTS.—We had been led to suppose, from statements made by the "Government" some time ago, that the day of arbitrary arrests of persons and suppression of newspapers had past, and that persons would only be dealt with for alleged misdemeanors before the proper tribunals and according to law; but from this week's dispatches, it appears that Samuel Medary of Ohio, has been arrested, for no specified reason, and taken from the State, and that the newspapers N. Y. World and N. Y. Journal of Commerce have been suppressed by military authority, for having published a bogus despatch. The despatch purported to be regular, and stated that the President had appointed a day of humiliation and prayer; also calling for 400,000 troops. To appoint days of thanksgiving and prayer and to call out troops, is by no means uncommon with the President. In fact, it was just what might have been anticipated by the press, judging from the past, and there is nothing surprising in the despatch being credited as genuine. It is surprising that the Government should be silly enough to believe that because the editor, naturally enough, published a bogus despatch. Perhaps the Government had in contemplation and under advisement the issuing of some such "general orders" as was contained in the World and Journal, and so vexed to find itself anticipated had nothing short of conservative newspaper suppressions could appease its rage. Quite a number of persons have been arrested and are to be tried before a military tribunal for having, as alleged, given aid and comfort to the enemy. We hope the Administration has not again commenced its political labors by making uncalculated arrests, but we feel confident, if it has, that it will receive the unqualified condemnation of the people.

The Union State Convention in Oregon in making up the platform for the campaign, was particularly sweet on Mr. Lincoln's Amnesty Proclamation, especially endorsing it as a liberal, wise and humane document. The loyal press of the State showered forth prolonged praises in behalf of the inmaculate amnesty paper. To show how much the loyalists of Oregon were mistaken in their late eulogies and endorsements of the amnesty proclamation we quote the following from an editorial article in the daily Oregonian of the 18th inst.:

"The recent action of the House in Congress, providing for a republican form of Government in the States which have been usurped by the rebels, will give much more satisfaction than the plan suggested by the President in his Amnesty Proclamation. The bill which passed, makes it necessary that a majority of the voters in any State, instead of one-tenth only, shall take part in the election of delegates, prior to the re-establishment of the State Government. All white male citizens, who take the oath of allegiance, even though they may have held civil office or military rank, below that of Colonel in the rebel service, are to be allowed to vote. Until the reorganization is effected, provisional Governors are to be appointed by the President, and the laws of the United States and of each State as they existed prior to the rebellion are to be enforced, except so far as they sustain slavery, which is forever to be prohibited in all the States, that were reached by the Emancipation Proclamation. These general provisions, while they are believed to be sufficient at the proper time, to secure protection and republican institutions to the loyal people of the South, obviate all objection, which was proposed general through the country, to the proposed plan of allowing so small a fraction of the voters as one tenth in any State to control its political affairs. We trust that the bill will pass the Senate, and without great delay, for we believe that in a majority of the seceded States, there will be found before the Fourth of July a sufficient number of faithful and repentant citizens, to restore under its provisions the system of State Government, 'as it was,' before the rebellion."

NEW TRAIL.—The people of Colville valley are having a new trail opened from there direct to the Kootenai country. The trail goes over the hills from Colville and crosses the Pen d'Oreille river near the mouth of Salmon river; thence direct across a high range of mountains, some eighty miles, to the level lands along the Kootenai river. It is claimed that the route by this trail is about 150 miles nearer than the one around by the lakes, which, from a slight knowledge of the country to be traveled over, we are inclined to believe.

WHAT A contemptibly fickle-minded set of fellows those Webfoot "Union" men must be, as, instance the following, from the Mountaineer:
"Should the great battles now being fought in Virginia result in the final defeat of the Union armies, it is felt that the result of the June election in our own State will be influenced thereby, and there might be a possibility of a Democratic triumph. Reverse the proposition, and let Grant at the head of his conquering legions, march into the rebel capital, and every man feels assured that the State will go Union by an overwhelming majority."

This indirect intimation that the Union party of Oregon are "anything and everything" to be on the strongest side, coming, as it does from a journal of that persuasion, sounds, to say the least, in exceeding bad taste; but, from a long acquaintance with many of the leaders of that party there, we are free to confess a belief that Mr. Newell is not at all wrong in his estimate of them.

Eastern News.

News of May 17th.

Washington, May 17th.—Dispatches from the Army of the Potomac, dated May 11th, characterize the fighting on the 10th as the most desperate of the past seven days. Our losses were heavy—Gibson's division lost over a thousand men; Robinson's division, after losing both of its General officers and 2,000 men, and having no General to command, it has been broken up and distributed among other divisions. Dispatches from Stanton say the number of prisoners captured by Hancock is 9,000 including a Major General and several Brigadiers and thirty or forty colonels.

A dispatch from Grant, dated 6 o'clock, 11th, says we have ended eight days with heavy fighting. The result up to this time is much in our favor. Our losses are heavy, but I think the enemy's much greater. We have taken 6,000 prisoners, while the enemy has taken but few except stragglers. I propose to fight it out this time if it takes all the summer.

Secretary Stanton sent a dispatch to Gen. Dix, commanding Hancock's success on the 11th, and that Butler is besieging Fort Darling.

Bermdia Hundred, May 10.—Dispatches from Butler say he has captured 1,000 men in the Potomac. We have all the railroads leading into that city cut, and the force to keep them there.

The Secretary of War's dispatch yesterday says:—The Government is sparing no pains to support Gen. Grant. The seven days' fighting in the wilderness rendered reinforcements necessary. 12,000 men left the city on Thursday. It is stated that Sigel has reinforced the Army of the Potomac with 15,000 men. In every probability our losses in the late battles have been greatly exaggerated, and the reinforcements of 27,000 men referred to above, will nearly make up for our losses, so that Meade's army will be as strong as when it set out on the campaign.

McClernand's corps at New Orleans is 40,000 men. A special dispatch says:—General Grant's headquarters Army of the Potomac, 50,000 men, Thursday night says:—The rebels are in full retreat to the North Anna, with fresh troops in hot pursuit. Lee's retreat is becoming a rout and thousands of prisoners are being captured.

Washington, May 14.—A careful investigation fixes the total loss of the Army of the Potomac, killed, wounded and missing up to the commencement of the battle of the 12th, at 20,000.

Dispatches from the headquarters of the Army of the Potomac have been received which says we have achieved the greatest victory of the war, after the severest fighting ever recorded in history. The battle was acknowledged to be the heaviest of all, lasting from daybreak until after dark, being renewed at 9 a. m. Both parties contended during the night for the possession of the line of rifle pits from which our men had driven the enemy in the morning. The field presents to-day a scene beyond description. In the breastworks men were lying in some places, in piles of three and four deep. The enemy removed a large number of dead and wounded during Thursday from portions of the field, but there were many places they could not reach, where they lay as thick as our own. The number of guns captured is 89. Many colors were also taken.

Frankfort, Ky., May 13.—Kentuckians to the rescue! I want ten thousand six months' men, at once. Don't hesitate. I come to lead you. Let us help to finish the war and save the Government.

(Signed) THOMAS BRAMLETTE, Governor of Kentucky.

Washington, May 15.—No firing had been heard, which affords grounds to infer that Lee had retreated during Friday night before the 5th and 6th corps advanced. We have nothing later than 6:30 A. M.—Sheridan's command had reached the left bank of Turkey Island, at 8 o'clock yesterday, and formed a junction with Butler.

(Signed) STANTON.

An exchange of prisoners had been agreed upon, according to the terms of Commissioner Ould.

Grant's strategy has thus far bewildered Lee. Grant has steadily moved his entire army by corps, by flanks from the Wilderness to this point and retreating offensively during the whole time. For eight or ten miles southeast of this point, the country can easily be defended.

The World's special from Washington says: The loss in killed and wounded has been almost made good by reinforcements which have reached the Army of the Potomac. Troops have been passing through this city from the West—not less than 20,000 having passed during the week.

Washington, May 16.—Dispatches from Grant to 8 A. M. state that offensive movements are postponed until the roads become passable. The two armies are now concentrated on the main road from Fredericksburg to Richmond.

On Tuesday, the 16th, the rebels, under cover of a thick fog, made an attack on Smith's lines and forced them back with confusion and considerable loss. As soon as the fog lifted, Smith restored his lines and the enemy were driven back to their original lines. At the same time the enemy made an attack from Petersburg on Butler's forces guarding the rear, but were handsomely repulsed. Our troops having been on incessant duty for five days, Butler retired, securely within his own lines. We hold the railroad between Petersburg and Richmond.

Sheridan after two days hard fighting, forced Johnston to evacuate Dalton.

The latest reports from Butler state that he was battering against Fort Darling.

(Signed) STANTON.

New York, May 18.—The World learns that large reinforcements have been sent forward to Butler, and his force amounts to 60,000. Butler has divided his force. One portion are watching Petersburg, and keeping the rebel troops there, while another is besieging Fort Darling. A third force, larger than the other, is marching on Richmond.

St. Louis, May 17th.—Vicksburg, dated the 10th say the expedition under Gen. McArthur captured Yazoo City with but little resistance. Raids by rebels on plantations continued with the most fiendish brutality ever committed.

It is the design of Government to keep up the National forces until the rebellion is crushed, and in order to provide against a reduction when the service of the 100 days men is out, a draft will be ordered to take place on the 1st of July, by which time new enrollments will be completed.

Washington, May 17.—Dispatches from Gen. Butler report the success of the expedition under Gen. Kurtz, cutting off the Danville railroad and destroying the bridge on the Appomattox river.

New York, May 18.—Gen. McDowell leaves to-day for San Francisco.

It is confidently asserted by leading Congressional friends of the Administration that it has determined to call out 300,000 more troops.

News of May 20th.

Resaca, Ga., May 16.—Sherman has gained a complete victory and totally routed the enemy at this place.

New York, May 19.—Richmond papers of the 16th acknowledge that Lee met with a defeat on Thursday the 12th, and state that the slaughter was terrible. No particulars were known. The papers add that Jeff. Davis had received dispatches from Lee which had been kept secret.

Gen. Banks has been ordered to New Orleans.

The offices of the Independent Telegraph Line at New York, Philadelphia and Washington are closed. The reason is supposed to be the transmission of bogus documents from Washington. Several persons have been arrested to-day and will be tried by a military tribunal for having treasonably attempted to give aid and comfort to the enemy.

New York, May 19.—A special to the Tribune dated headquarters Army of the Potomac May 18th, 1 o'clock p. m., says:—The desultory fighting which commenced at day-break, has grown into a considerable battle. The enemy discovering the change of position that had been made last night, took advantage of the same, and were found to have massed all their strength on our right, designing, doubtless, to make another desperate assault to break our lines, and get at our supply trains. This movement of the enemy occasioned the re-occupation of our old position of yesterday. In the effort to do this, the 2d corps occupying our extreme right, became engaged, and the struggle was kept up with more or less severity till noon to-day. Our troops advanced to within very close range of their earthworks, when a murderous fire of artillery was opened, occasioning considerable loss; but our guns were soon got into position, and under cover of their fire we charged, took the first line of rifle pits, captured a considerable number of prisoners and several of their guns.

Washington, May 18.—Morrill from the Committee of Conference on the disagreeing vote on the bill creating a territorial government for Montana reported, recommending the Senate to recede from its amendment, striking out the words "every free white inhabitant," in the qualification of voters, and inserting "all citizens of the United States," and those who have declared their intention to become citizens. The report was adopted by the House.

The House passed the Senate bill amending the act authorizing Nevada to form a State Government. It changes the time for submitting a vote to the people to the 1st of September.

Washington, May 19.—Reports from Gen. Sherman's command, dated Kingston, Ga., 2 P. M., announced that Sherman had reached Kingston, and encamped last night. This morning he advanced on the enemy, who again retreated.

A dispatch states that while it was being written, Hooker's and Howard's guns were hammering at Johnston, and the two armies were in plain sight of each other, two miles east of Kingston.

Davis' division of the 10th corps is in possession of Rome. Sherman reports weather passat, roads good, and country open and less mountainous.

(Signed) STANTON.

The Herald's Washington special says the action on Wednesday at Spotsylvania resulted in a success for Grant, in gaining the advantage in his position over the enemy. This was the object of Grant's attack. Our loss will not exceed 1,000 killed, wounded and missing. The attack was made to compel the enemy to accept a battle beyond his fortifications.

San Medary was arrested at Columbus by the U. S. Marshal, and brought to this city. The cause of his arrest is not stated.

California News.

San Francisco, May 21.—A severe earthquake occurred at six o'clock last evening. The walls of many buildings were cracked and the people rushed from their houses in consternation. It was preceded by two slight shocks at two and five o'clock P. M.

A fracas occurred this morning on Montgomery street, growing out of stock transactions. A pistol ball fired by one of the parties took effect in the arm of a lady named Mrs. Conrad who was passing.

San Francisco, May 22.—The Evening Bulletin says, English letters state that a combined demonstration will be made against the Northern coast by the Confederate pirates as soon as they can get ready. The reason of the non-arrival of the *Kappahnon* at the Bahamas, is that she laid up for this. This information is from Confederate officers through our special dispatch to the Evening Bulletin this evening.

BALL & RUSSELL's train of ox-teams, consisting of sixteen teams and 250 oxen, left the fore part of this week for Boise. They were freighted with the Quartz Mill for the Kinworth company at Owyhee, and oats for the U. S. military post at Fort Boise—from 90,000 to 100,000 lbs. so all.

HIGH WATER.—The Dalles Mountaineer of the 22d inst., says "the River last night was two feet above the high-water mark of last year. The total raise so far is thirty-five and-a-half feet. The River is still some twelve feet below the high-water mark of two years since."

LAMENTABLE MISFORTUNE.—Mr. Cardwell of this city furnishes us with an account of a melancholy occurrence, which took place at Hood River on Saturday last, resulting in the drowning of a Mr. Jenkins and his son, and a Mr. James Laughlin.

They had attempted to cross the river in a sail boat, accompanied by a fourth person, Mr. A. C. Phelps, and when about the center of the stream the little boy fell overboard; his father jumped into the water to rescue him, and struggling so severely and uncertain of reaching the boat, Mr. Laughlin swam to their assistance, but the current was too strong and the three were drowned. A very strong under current at the place where the unfortunate circumstance happened is supposed to have swept away the bodies, but search has been instituted for them, which will be continued until they are recovered if possible. Mr. Jenkins leaves a wife and one child, near Hood river, where he has lived for several years past, and Mr. Laughlin leaves a father, mother, sister and brother at the Dalles.—Oregonian

HENRY VANSYCKLE, son of J. M. Vansyckle, of Wallula, has, through Mr. Cole, received the appointment to the U. S. Military Academy from this Territory.

PUBLIC HALL.—The lower story of the Masonic Hall about to be erected in this city is to be arranged as a public hall, for the use of theatrical troupes, concerts, public meetings, balls, etc.

CONCERT.—Several amateur musicians of this city are preparing to give a vocal and instrumental concert, for the benefit of the Sanitary Aid Society.

The name of the *Oregonian Press* has been changed to the *Pacific Tribune*. Neither the proprietorship nor the politics of the paper has been changed.

Every few days gold dust is brought in from Boise mines several hundred pounds strong. From present prospects there will be a considerable increase in the Boise gold yield this year over that of last.

DIED:
PHILLIPS.—In this city, on the 14th inst., of congestion of the brain, Albert Ross, infant son of Wm. and Fannia Phillips, aged 8 months and 21 days.

Representative.
WILLIAM McWHIRK is a candidate for Representative in the Territorial Legislature from Walla Walla county.

County Surveyor.
W. W. JOHNSON is a candidate for County Surveyor for Walla Walla County.

Regular Democratic Ticket.
[Nominated at County Convention May 18, 1864.]
For Commissioners—W. G. Langford, Representative—A. L. Bevan, O. P. Lacy, F. P. Duran, J. W. McGhee, E. L. Bridges, Joint Judges—James McAllister, Private Judge—J. B. Hunt, Prosecuting Attorney—J. H. Lasater, Treasurer—James McAllister, Assessor—W. H. Patton, Surveyor—Charles A. White, County Commissioner—B. J. O'Bryen, Coroner—Dr. J. Thirion, Justice of the Peace, Walla Walla Precinct—W. P. Horton, For Constable, Walla Walla Precinct—A. Seitel.

Unconditional Union Ticket.
For Commissioner—Dr. John Dowell, Representative—David Wilson, S. Mason, M. B. Ward, B. N. Sexton, Wm. McWhirk, Joint Representatives—Alvin Flinders, Private Judge—L. B. Mason, Prosecuting Attorney—S. B. Fargo, Treasurer—James McAllister, Assessor—H. J. O'Connell, Surveyor—W. W. Johnson, County Commissioner—Anderson Cox, Justice of the Peace, Walla Walla Precinct—W. W. Johnson.

A Card.
Having traveled from Walla Walla to Kootenai and back, I would recommend parties destined for the latter place, to travel the Malheur Road from Walla Walla crossing Snake River at the mouth of the Palouse; thence to the Spokane crossing at Antoine Plante's, this being an excellent road, with wood water and grass in abundance, and camping places at convenient distances for pack trains; it being, in fact, in my opinion, the most practicable wagon road between the above points.
P. J. CUDDY.
May 25th 1864.

To the Farmers of Walla Walla Valley
I HAVE received notice that HOMESTEADS can not be taken up without appearing before the Register or Receiver. The Register writes (by last express) that as soon as they can act under the new law, he will send me blanks and instructions. In proof, read the following extract from his letter:
REGISTER'S OFFICE, VANCOUVER, W. T., May 17, 1864.
H PARKER, Walla Walla—Dear Sir:—The law you speak of has passed; but we are not officially advised if it cannot act under it until we are so advised. When we are, I will promptly send you blanks, &c. Yours, very truly,
M. FLETCHER, Register.

PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS can arrange with me so as to complete their titles without going to Vancouver.
H. PARKER, Land Agent.
Walla Walla, May 27, 1864.

Walla Walla Brewery.
PICARD & BUSINGER,
Manufacturers of
LAGER BEER,
And Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
WINE AND LIQUORS.
H. V. V. purchased the above establishment, of Mr. Hellmuth, we are prepared to furnish customers, at our Saloon, on Main street, Walla Walla, with Lager Beer of our own manufacture, which we warrant to be inferior to none. We also keep constantly on hand a full assortment of the best quality of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.
May 27, 1864. By PICARD & BUSINGER.

Carpening.
PICARD & ABEL, continue the carpening business as usual, and are prepared to take contracts for building houses, to furnish drafts and plans and do anything in the line of Carpening.
Walla Walla, May 27, 1864.

Dissolution of Copartnership.
THE copartnership heretofore existing between James Dobson & James McKay, doing business under the name and firm of Dobson & McKay, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent—James Dobson retiring from the firm. All persons having claims against said firm will please call and have them adjusted, and all persons owing said firm will please call and settle the same with James McKay, who is duly authorized to receive all monies due by said firm.
JAMES MCGAY,
JAMES DOBSON.
Walla Walla, May 26th, 1864.

Administrator's Notice.
NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified by the Probate Court of Walla Walla county, Washington Territory, as Administrator upon the estate of Daniel J. Siskler, late of said county and Territory, dec'd; therefore, all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them to me, with proper vouchers, to me at my residence, in said county, within one year from this date or to forever barred; and all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and make immediate payment to me.
MADISON J. SICKLER, Administrator.
May 20, 1864.

Money Market. New York Gold Quotations, 180 1/2. San Francisco Legal Tender rates, 107.

SUICIDE.—A man, recognized by some as a person bearing the name of James Kelly, committed suicide in this city on Monday last by poisoning. He went to Dr. Craig's Drug Store, and purchased 50 grains of morphine. The Dr. remarked to him while putting it up that he did not like to sell him as large a quantity at a time, when Kelly replied that he knew what he wanted with it and how to use it. He went from the drug store to Frank Stone's saloon where he called for a glass of cider, which he drank. He then took the glass and put some water in it and dissolving the morphine drank that also. The bar keeper observed this, but supposed it was only some kind of medicine, and paid no further attention to him. Some time afterwards the bar keeper, who was busy with his duties, noticed him sitting in a chair, as he supposed, asleep, and was attracted by his difficult breathing. He went to him and attempted to awaken him; failing in this, he observed a phial lying on the floor at his feet, and upon picking it up found it labeled "morphine." The cause of Kelly's sudden sleeping was here explained, and medical aid was at once called in; but as nearly an hour had elapsed from the time the morphine was taken, the physicians at once pronounced the case hopeless, yet they rendered what aid they could. Kelly lived about three hours from the time he took the morphine, though he was all the time in a state of insensibility. Those who recognized him state that he was in the Government employ at Fort Walla Walla in 1858-9, and has since that time been living both here and at the Dalles. About a year ago he engaged in one of the volunteer companies at the Dalles, whence it appears he recently deserted. Report says, also, that he was in some manner connected with the killing of a couple of men (soldiers, we believe) at Warm Springs, some time ago. He was not intoxicated when he took the poison and did not appear to be deranged. He was an Irishman by birth, sandy complexioned and about 33 years old.

ATTEMPTED POISONING.—Some base wretch has recently made two attempts to poison Mr. David Asplough's horses, (belonging to one of the city job wagons) by putting pounded glass into their feed-troughs at night. The squad who would attempt a deed like this is fit for baser crimes, and to be compelled to swallow the glass himself would not be punishment too severe for him. No clue has yet been obtained to the perpetrator of the deed.

SPEAKING APPOINTMENTS.—Dr. John Boswell (Unconditional Union) and W. G. Langford, (Democrat) candidates for the Council, have made the following appointments to address the citizens of Walla Walla county, upon the political issues of the day: At the mouth of Copee, Saturday, May 28 at 2 o'clock P. M. At Mullin's Bridge, Monday, May 30, at 2 o'clock P. M. At Saling's School House, Thursday, June 2, at 2 o'clock P. M. At Walla Walla, Saturday, June 4 at 2 o'clock P. M.

FRANK P. DYGAN, Democratic candidate for Representative, will speak at the following times and places: Mullin's Bridge, Saturday May 28, at 2 o'clock P. M. Saling's School House, Tuesday May 31, at 2 o'clock P. M. Walla, Thursday, June 2 at 2 o'clock P. M. Walla Walla, Monday, June 6, at 10 o'clock A. M.

HOMESTEADS.—We stated last week that persons could enter homesteads through land agents here, without appearing in person at the land office. We are authorized now to say that this can not yet be done, and though a law to this effect has passed, the Register and Receiver have not yet received instructions to act under it. As they will probably receive their instructions very soon, persons wishing to enter lands as well wait until that time and save the expense of a journey to the Land Office.

MR. FRED STINE, who has for the past five or six months been on a visit to his friends in Ohio, returned to his home in this city on Tuesday. He left Dayton, Ohio, and came to Astoria, Kansas, by railroad; thence to Salt Lake by stage; thence to Idaho City on horseback; thence here by stage—reaching here in thirty-four days from the time he left Ohio. He laid by upon the road five days, making the traveling time only twenty-nine days.

THEATRICAL.—During Saturday, Sunday, and Monday nights last our citizens were entertained with theatrical representations by Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Waldron, Mr. E. Reeves, Mr. R. Lindsey and Mr. J. S. Townsend. The performances were creditable, and the acting of Mr. Waldron especially admired. The troupe left on Tuesday for Boise.

GOING UP.—Since the arrival of the parties from Kootenai, this week, "stock" in those mines is rapidly on the rise. A great many persons who have been waiting for news from there are now preparing to start immediately, and several pack trains, we learn, will soon start for there.

Rheumatism of Long Standing Cured after all other Remedies had Failed.

Covington, Ky., Oct. 12 1882. Dr. O. R. RAKER.—Dear Sir,—My wife had the Rheumatism for about two years, and also a severe pain across the heart. She became in a measure helpless so that she could not turn herself in bed without assistance. I procured every kind of medicine I could hear of, but without any beneficial effect. She used about twenty bottles of strong liniment without receiving any relief. Hearing of your Panacea and Dr. Hall's Balsam for the lungs, I procured a bottle of each, which she commenced using, but though with little faith as to their efficacy. She had not used two bottles, however, before she began to mend. She has since used several bottles of the Pain Panacea, and has entirely recovered, not having the slightest indication of any rheumatism in her system, or any pain in the region of the heart. I have since recommended it to many others, who used it with the happiest result. If this will be of any service to you, I can cheerfully give it from under my hand, believing there is no medicine equal to this. I would not give it for any price, and would recommend it to every one afflicted with Rheumatism, Sprains, Bruises, Summer Complaints, and pains of all descriptions, it is truly a Pain Panacea.

Yours with much respect, J. W. HERBERT. Residence corner 4th and Main Streets. Dr. Baker's Pain Panacea for sale by all Druggists. REDINGTON & CO., Agents, 418 and 418 Front Street, San Francisco. 2147

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, July 1, 1880. Messrs. A. L. Scott & Co.—Gents—I have found Dr. Mott's Liver Pills one of the best medicines for Dyspepsia that I have ever used. I had been afflicted with the disease for more than six months, and my vitality disturbed my stomach, often to such a degree as to cause vomiting. I was most of the time constipated. I found that the Pills kept my bowels open, without griping or pain. I have actually gained, since using them, in weight—being ten pounds heavier than when I commenced. I owe my cure solely to the use of the Pills. GEORGE DANA.

For sale by all Druggists. REDINGTON & CO., Agents, 418 and 418 Front Street, San Francisco. 2147

Brown's Bronchial Troches. "I have never changed my mind respecting them from the first excepting to think yet better of that which I began thinking well of."

Wishes to inform her friends and the public that she has permanently located in Walla Walla. Second Door below Wells, Fargo & Co's Express Office, where she will do all kinds of Sewing, Embroidery, Braiding and Stamping.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between J. Smith & Co. has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

THE UNDESIGNED HAS JUST COMPLETED the new Ferry across Snake River. At the Mouth of the Palouse, on the most direct and truly really practicable WAGON ROAD from Walla Walla to the Kootenai, Columbia river or Beaver Head Mines, or to Fort Benton or Colville.

THE PROPRIETOR TAKES PLEASURE in announcing to the public that he has made extensive improvements in the above well known saloon, and re-furnished it in a manner to sustain its character as a first class saloon.

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DRUGS & MEDICINES.

WE WOULD RESPECTFULLY INVITE the attention of the public to our New and Extensive Stock, Consisting of a complete assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY, Fancy Articles, Paints, Oils, Glass, Kerosene Lamps and Shades, In fact, everything pertaining to a First Class Drug Store.

HOWARD & CADY, Main Street, Walla Walla, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN General Merchandise, CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, Etc.

THE attention of the citizens of Walla Walla and surrounding country is respectfully called to the fact that we are prepared with a complete stock of goods in the above line, to offer good bargains to our customers. We shall do so.

COFFEE! COFFEE!! MARDEN & FOLGER'S Celebrated Family Coffee IS NOW USED IN EVERY FIRST CLASS Hotel and Restaurant in San Francisco.

WIGHTMAN & HARDIE, FRANK BAKER, 416 and 418 Clay Street, San Francisco, Cal. Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic DRY GOODS, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Upholstery Goods, and PAPER HANGINGS.

WANTED. Good Stereoscopic Negatives of every place of interest on the Pacific coast, for which a fair price will be paid.

BLACKSMITHING. THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE JUST enlarged their shop and otherwise improved their facilities in all their various branches.

WAGON SHOP. CONDUCTED BY A BROTHER, mechanic, and in which none but the best Stages, Timbers, &c. are used.

CLOSING OUT. IN consequence of the illness of one of the partners, the firm of Ladd, Reid & Co., Portland, their entire stock of LIQUORS and GENERAL MERCHANDISE for sale at Reduced Rates.

CRYSTAL SALOON. Main street, Walla Walla, next door to Schwabacher Bros. & Co's Store.

WE REGULATE TO ANNOUNCE TO THE Ladies and Gentlemen of Walla Walla and vicinity that we are now opening the largest and best selected stock of Staple and Fancy DRY GOODS.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP. NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between George Harter and E. Keeler was dissolved by mutual consent on the 10th day of May, 1884.

Walla Walla, W. T., May 13, 1884.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

The Oregon Steam Navigation Co's DAILY LINE. On and after Monday March 29th, the Oregon Steam Navigation Company will dispatch one of the following named steamers.

THE UNDESIGNED. Small advance on the traveling public generally, that he keeps the above hotel, and is prepared to accommodate both man and animal in every respect.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly appointed and qualified, by the Probate Court of Walla Walla county, Washington Territory, as Administrator upon the estate of Samuel Leonard, deceased late of said county and Territory.

ASSAY OFFICE. J. Rosenthal, Assayer. RETURNS MADE ON GOLD AND SILVER DEPOSITS WITHIN SIX HOURS.

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL. NOW IN STORE AND FOR SALE AT A GREATLY REDUCED PORTLAND PRICE.

FOR BOISE MINES, DIRECT! THE WALLA WALLA LINE OF CONCORD STAGES. IS NOW MAKING REGULAR TRIPS FROM WALLA WALLA TO BOISE.

Tobin Meagher & Co. Importers a wholesale dealers in White Goods, Yankee Notions, Pocket Cutlery, Combs and Brushes, Laces, Ribbons, Playing Cards, Fancy Soaps, Paper & Envelopes, Sewing Machines, Military Goods, Straw Goods, Ribbons, &c.

PORTLAND, OREGON, March 28, 1884. Sir.—Knowing it to be your interest to buy from first hands, we here give you a list of articles manufactured by us for the Wholesale Trade, with the hope that you will give your orders.

CITY BREWERY. Lager Beer and Ale. FOR SALE AT THE BREWERY. At Wholesale and by the Measure.

OUR MOTTO.—CHEAT FOR CASH. Above Saw Mill, Front Street, Portland, Oreg. We, the undersigned certify that we have used the Oregon Refined Turpentine and find it equal in every respect to the best Eastern Turpentine.

TOBACCO. We have on hand the largest and best assorted stock of the Pacific Coast to which we are receiving constant shipments. We invite buyers to examine before purchasing.

Walla Walla, W. T., May 13, 1884.

SCHWABACHER BROTHERS & CO.

Fire-Proof Brick Building, MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA, W. T. Wholesale and Retail Dealers in FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC BRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, Gents' & Boys' Furnishing Goods, Staple and Fancy Groceries, Provisions, WINES AND LIQUORS, CIGARS, TOBACCO, Crockery and Glassware, TIN-WARE, Powder, Shot and Safety Fuse, CARPETING, Oil Cloth, China Mattings, Window Shades, Looking Glasses, Cords, Pictures, Trimmings, Nails, Oils, Glass, Paints, Putty, Varnishes, Brushes &c., &c.

One of our firm residing in New York, and purchasing for the houses, we are in constant receipt of the Latest and Newest Styles of Goods, and having our goods from first hands, we are enabled to offer inducements second to no other house on the coast.

DRY GOODS: SILKS, PLAIN AND FANCY; DELAINS, PLAIDS and DEBEGES; FRENCH and ENGLISH MERINOS; AMERICAN, ENGLISH and FRENCH PRINTS; FLANNELS of all kinds, figures and colors; SHAWLS and CLOAKS; FURS, SCARFS, and a full assortment of GLOVES and GAUNTLERS, GAITERS, BALMORALS, SHOES and SLIPPERS.

CLOTHING: French Beaver Overcoats; Beaver Dress Coats; Cassimere Business Coats; Cape Overcoats; Business Suits; Chinchilla Frock Coats; Black and Fancy French Dogkin Pants; Harrison Pants; Latest style Nevalette Pants; Silk, Cassimere Velvet and Pique-Vests; Davis & Jones' and Atkinson's Shirts; Silk, Shaker Flannel and Merino Under-shirts and Drawers.

Boots, Booties and Gaiters; Genuine Banker's Quilted Bottom Boots. ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND A Large Stock of Groceries, Consisting, in part, of SUGAR—San Francisco refined (coffee); Sand which Island, New Orleans, Crushed, and Batavia. TEA—Young Hyson, Comet, China and Japan, in papers and in Bulk.

COFFEE—Rio, Laguira, Java, Manilla, and Costa Rica. Also, SOAP, CANDLES, APPLES, PEACHES, PRUNES, CURRANTS and RAISINS, PRESERVED FRUIT, Standard Mills, Plain and Self-rising FLOUR, OREGON BACON—SIDES and HAMS, OREGON LARD, In Cans & Kegs, BEANS, OF ALL KINDS.

HARDWARE: MECHANICS' and MINERS' TOOLS. Such as—Shovels and Spades, Sluce Forks and Brushes, Wright's Picks, Hunt's Axes, Pick and Ax Handles, Sledges and Crowbars, Whip and Cross-cut Saws and Files, Roker Irons, Mining and Frying Pans, Nails of all sizes; Together with a full assortment of Shelf Hardware, Butcher's, Carpenter's, Blacksmith's, Shoemaker's, Saddler's and Packer's Tools and Material. N. B. Remember the place—Fire-Proof Brick, Main Street, Walla Walla, and give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Walla Walla, W. T., Jan. 16, 1882.

1864. HARVEST 1864. MACHINES.

KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., IMPORTERS and Dealers in Agricultural Implements, have now on hand and to arrive in the next sixty days, the largest and best selected stock of Agricultural Goods ever brought to Oregon. Having had seven years experience, we are enabled to select good and well-made machines, suited to the wants of farmers, and buying as we now do, direct from the manufacturers, we can and will sell for cash, at rates that defy competition. Below, we append a partial list of the best machines:

REAPERS and MOWERS. New York Reaper, (California Giant) and New York Combined Reaper and Mower, with Important Improvements for 1864, strong, durable and efficient machines; cut 6 to 7 1/2 feet, and capable of cutting from 15 to 25 acres per day. Over 800 in use on this coast. Send for our newly illustrated and descriptive pamphlet for 1864. Estery's Combined Reaper and Mower—Improved—its new well made, cuts 5 1/2 to 6 feet, is easily and quickly adjusted to cut stubble high or low—can cut 15 to 20 inches high—driving wheels large and high, and gearing simple. This machine does not clog and will work on very rough, stony ground, over dead furrows, and in all kinds of grain, both wet and dry, lodged and tangled. It is unsurpassed for lightness and freedom from side draught; convenience and thoroughness of work—only one man of horse and will easily average 15 to 18 acres per day. In fact, it is now the *par excellence* of 2-horse combined machines.

McCormick's Combined Reaper and Mower—6 feet of the new patent entirely different from the old style. It is very strong and serviceable. Ball's Ohio, the improved "Buckeye"—This is ahead of all 2-wheeled machines, and the principal objections heretofore urged against that class of Reapers are now removed, as they are well and durably made and will work on rough ground; have a sickle instead of a knife for cutting support for the cutter and of its own order, and are strong and reliable as Mowers. KIRBY REAPER and MOWER. HAINES ILLINOIS REAPER. MOWERS: BALL'S OHIO—The improved. BUCKEYE A splendid machine, 2 driving wheels, and a large capacity. KETCHUM'S IRON MOWER—strong and suitable for rough land, and "Bunch Grass"; but for ordinary use, the new improved mowers. THRESHERS: We are sole agents in Oregon and Washington for the genuine PITTS BUFFALO THRESHER; from 4 to 10-horse power; built in France, only of the Pitts and Russell Pattern, with the PATENT CLEANER, which places them far ahead of all other machines. These machines are given up expressly to our order, and are strong and reliable as Mowers. PITTS DOUBLE FINISH and PLANET POWERS EXTRA, from 10 to 18 horses. Extra: Heretofore we have kept only a small supply of Extras, but we now have on hand over 2,000 worth of extras, comprising duplicate parts, most likely to wear, of our leading Threshers and Reapers, together with a large stock of SICKLES, SECTION, &c. Particular attention called to this department.

HARVESTING TOOLS. Such as Grass Cutters, Mowing Scythes, Revolving Horse Rakes, &c., together with a full line of Agricultural Goods, consisting in part of RUBBER MAULS and BEATING OF all kinds of SICKLES, &c. Flows, assorted sizes and kinds, CULTIVATORS, Horse Hoes, Ox Yokes and Bows, Churns, Whirl-Trees, Seed-sowers, Grand stoves, &c. Also, Frank Garden, Grass and Field Seeds. We are prepared to furnish, on two week's notice, enough of any of the above articles, of any style of machine in that market not kept by us that may be desired, at San Francisco prices—freight added. Orders from foreign countries, or other remote districts, accompanied with the CASH, filled at as low rates as if the parties were here, and pains taken to pack goods securely and promptly for shipping. Call and see us before purchasing elsewhere, as we will not be understood. KNAPP, BURRELL & CO. Agricultural and Seed Depot, April 15, 1864. Portland, Oregon.

W. Weatherford, DRUGGIST.

OFFERS AT WALESALE AND RETAIL, THE Largest, Most Complete and Best Selected Stock of DRUGS, PAINTS and OILS ever before offered in this market—comprising, in part, ALCOHOL, CAMPHENE, TURPENTINE, VARNISHES, Coal Oil, (Best Quality, Waranted), BRUSHES, DYE STUFFS, WINDOW GLASS, WHITE LEAD, ZINC, With an endless variety of PAINTER'S MATERIALS; All the Paris Toilet Articles, and in fact everything needed in a First Class Drug and Paint Establishment.

Having recently received large inventories, and being in constant receipt of goods from the EASTERN MARKETS, we are well prepared to furnish to the Trade. FRESH AND RELIABLE ARTICLES, in our line, and

Reasonable Rates, as we have our arrangements completed the East for receiving Goods Direct from the Manufacturers. Patrons Solicited. We are certain of giving satisfaction in every particular. W. WEATHERFORD, No. 139 Front Street, Portland, Oregon. April 9, 1864.

DR. WM. HALL'S Balsam for the Lungs.

FOR THE CURE OF Consumption, Decline, Asthma, Bronchitis, Wasting of Flesh, Night Sweats, Spitting of Blood, Whooping cough, Difficulty of Breathing, Colds, Coughs, Influenza, Phthisis, Pain in the Side, and all the Diseases of the Lungs. IT IS UNEQUALLED.

We have certificates of the strongest and most positive nature, from the following parties, who are well known in the places where they live: One from John Runyon, Waverly, Iowa, of his own cure. One from Samuel Leaman, Camden, Hillsdale Co., Mich., &c. believed to be a cure. One from Eli Bodd, of Athens, Ill., who was given up by six doctors.

One from Dr. A. G. Koom, Bloomfield, Iowa, a physician of twenty years' practice. One from Robert C. Folan, of Marlon, Iowa, of a consumptive daughter cured. One from M. Van Dusen, Springfield, Illinois, the remedy for Lung disease. One from fifteen physicians, certifying it to be better adapted to pulmonary diseases than any other known remedy, as they have tried them all.

One from John Dempster, residence corner Pearl and Western Row, Cincinnati, O. We certify to the genuineness of the above certificates and could furnish hundreds of others of a nature quite as interesting to all suffering from any disease of the Lungs and Throat. The particular and ask for DR. W. HALL'S Balsam for the Lungs, which he warranted to cure. For sale by all the principal Druggists every where, and by REDINGTON & CO., Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast, 418 and 418 Front Street, San Francisco, Sept. 19, 1862.

HARDWARE of all descriptions, Jack-saws included, at KOHLHAUFF & GUICHARD'S, CORNER OF KOLLAU & GUICHARD'S, CORNER OF KOLLAU & GUICHARD'S, CORNER OF KOLLAU & GUICHARD'S, CORNER OF KOLLAU & GUICHARD'S.

