VOLUME VI.

WALLA WALLA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 8, 1867.

NUMBER 47.

Walla Walla Statesman.

WILLIAM H. NEWELL

Office Statesman Building, Third Street.

U. S. Official Paper for the Territory.

TERMS INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

Rates of Advertising.

For each additional unsertion. 1.00
he square per year. 30.00
he square per year. 20.00
he squares or more per square. 20.00
half yearly per square. 18.00
desertisements of one-fourth of a column or more
will be inserted by special contract.
To insure insertion, advertisements must be
handed in as early as Thursday; and the number of
insertions desires should be noted on the margin,
otherwise they will be continued until forbidden.

OB PRINTING of every description done to order and on reasonable terms. Orders f of the following articles will be promptly fille

BOOKS, BLANK CHECKS,
PAMPHLETS, NOTES OF HAND,
ANDRILLS, OEDER BOOK
TICKETS, STEAMBOAT BE

BALL TICKETS, Bills of Lading.

LIGHTHEATES, CHITCHEATES, AND HILLS, CHICK BOOK, FADORESS CARDS, DRAFTS, BLANSOF ALL KINNS, at Work must be paid for before being taker collies.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, has resun Practice of his Projession, and may be fo his Office, on Main Street, Walla Waila

DR A. J. HOGG, O FFICE *PROSITE THE OBJECTAL BOTEL,
TO'CLOCK, A. M. TO
To'clock, P. M. 44f

DR. J. E. MOORES, Physician Surgeon and Accoucheur. OFFICE AT THE "CITY HOTEL," WAITS barg, W. T., where he may be found at all ours, unless absent on professional business. 4tf

DR. J. W. HUNTER,

DENTISTRY.

T. S. MUYGRIDGE.

DENTIST, Cond Advice Gratis...sv

DENTISTRY

DR. CHARLE HERLOG. D ENTIST. OFFICE UP STAIRS, OVER THE Gold Exchange, Main Street, Walla Walla. SULTATION FREE. CHARGES MODERATE

JAS. H. LASATER ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR-AT-LAW,

While PRACTICE IN THE COURTS OF Washington Territory, Idano Territory, and Ore-

PARKER & STEVENS. Atterneys and Counselors-at-Law.

ollections made without delay. Walls Walls, W. T., February 22d, 1867. 10-tf

N. T. CATON, Attorney and Counselor-at-Law

WALLA WALLA, W.T. OFFICE UP-STAIRS IN HELMUTH'S NEW

FRANK P. DUGAN.

Public.
FICE ON MAIN STREET, over Tompkins'
shoon, Walla Walla, W. T. Will practice in

i. Walla Walla, W. T. Will practice in ts of Washington Territory and Eastern 36-4f P. HORTON, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE

HORTON, JUSTICE OF THE ASSETS AS A CROWLES THE ASSETS OF T

J. H. BLEWETT. aty Auditor of Walla Walla Co., W. T. Mil. write Deeds. Mortgages, Power of Attor-

ments for any part of the United States ceralso pay particular attention the sale, renting the first pay particular attention the sale, renting the first pay and persons temporarily absent.

Set in the Court House Walla Walla. W. T.

100 1905.

JOE HELMUTH, GER BEER AND ALE.

Walla Walla, Territory, [42-tf.

THOR & THOMPSON, Main Street, Walla Walla,
Two Doors Above the City Hotel,

OKING, PARLOR AND BOX STOVES,

100 AUL KINDS OF JOBBING AND ROOF

Military Reconstruction a Success!

THE REBEL STATES READMITTED:

AND IN 1868 WILL VOTE

N. & E. BROWN

BEST STOCK OF GOODS!

EXHIBITED IN THIS CITY, or any other city on the Pacific Coast, made to suit La-

dies and Gentlemen, and consisting of CLOTHING!

DRESS GOODS, DITTO,

HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES,

Groceries of all Kinds, in other columns, which we offer for sale, cheap as usual, for cash if you please. Being therefore fully prepared, we ask the public to come and examine ou Stock before purchasing olsewhere, and if we can't suit them in Quality, Quantity or Prices no one can

Come One! Come All!

N.&E. BROWN.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS.

ORIENTAL HOTEL MAIN STREET, WALLA WALLA.

THE NEW ORIENTAL.
Having Just been Elegantly Furnished Throughout,

Reception of Guests. Walla Walla and the Traveling Public that he is now ready to receive and entertain

All Who May Give Him a Call. THE NEW ORIENTAL Is an Entirely New House.

SEALED AND PAINTED THROUGHOUT

WELL FURNISHED ROOMS _SUFICIENT TO_ Accommodate 200 Guests. Accommodations

For Families of the Very Best. DINING ROOM is Large and commodious, and the Table will be Furnished,

BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS, No House to Excel it, Either

QUALITY OR VARIETY
GENERAL STAGE OFFICE:

Daily Lines of Stages for all parts of the upper country, leave this house.
FIRE-PROPER SAPE for the deposit of valuables.
The Prof HOUSE OPEN ALL NIGHT.
The Profesior, thankful for past patronage, will at all time the patronage and leave nothing undone which is in his power to do to reader guests.

M. HARTMAN, Proprietor.

ST. GEORGE CHOP HOUSE,

NEXT DOCE TO COSGROVE'S SALGON,
Main Street, Walla Walla, Washington T. LYNCH, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETORS WOULD SAY TO THE citizens of Walla Walla, and the Public generally, that they have just renovated and refitted this popular resort for epicares, and being thus prepared to entertain guests, invite all those in need of the necessary wherewith to sustain life, to give them as all.

FOR FAMILIES, furnished on short actice.
THE TABLE will be furnished with the best the

Undertaking. ORDERS in the line of Coffin-ma' ing will be promptly attended to by the unit sraigned. In connection, I have a

tion, I have a

HEARSE.

Ready for use on all funeral occ sions.
Place of busness'st my Wagou and Carrial
lower end of Main Street, Walls Walls

CAL. WINESET. May 5, 1865. 21ly

Tom. Tierney s LIVERY AND FEED STABLE. MAIN Street, opposite W. F. & Co.'s Express Of fice. Walla Walla. Good Stabling and plents of Feed for animals. Also,

Buggies, and Saddie Horses For Hire, pon the most reasonable terms. Sept. 29, 1865.

O. S. SAVAGE. House & Sign Painter.

WHOLESAL EAND RETAIL DEALER IN Paints, Oils, Glass, Brush VARNISHES, TURPENTINE,

PAPER HANGINGS, BORDERS, &C.,
SFat a Small Advance on San Francisco Prices. as
Dalles City, Oregon, February 22d, 1867. 10-ly

Where the rocks are gray and the shore is steep, And the waters below look dark and deep; where the rugged pine in its lonely pride Leans gloomily over the murky tide; where the reeds and rushes are tall and rank, And the weeds grow thick on the wisding bank, where the shadow is heavy the whole day Lies at its moorings the old canoe. [through, The useless paddies are idly dropped.] The useless paddles are idly dropped, Like a sea-bird's wings that the storm has lopped, And crossed on the railing, one o'er one, Like folded hands when the work is done; While busily back and forth between The spiler surreches his silvery acreen, And the solemn owl, with his dull "too-hoo," Nestles down on the side of the old canoe.

The stern, half sunk in the alimy wave, fluts alortish its living grave, fluts alortish its living grave. And the green moss creeps o'er Its dull decay, Hiding the moldering dust away. Like the hand that plants o'er the tomb a flower, Or the ivy that mantles a fallen tower; While many a blossom of liveliest hue Springs up o'er the stern of the old canne. The currentless waters are deed and still.

The currentless waters are dead and still,
But the light winds play with the boat at a
And lazily in and out again
It floats the length of its rusty chain,
Like the weary march of the hand of time,
That meet and part at the noontide chime;
And the shore is kissed at each turn anew
By the dripping bow of the old canoe.
Oh, many a time with a carriers hand Oh, many a time with a careless hand I have pushed it away from the pebbly strand.
And paddled it down where the stream ran quick
Where the whirls were wild and the storm was
thick!

thick!
And laughed as I leaned o'er the rocking side
And looked below in the broken tide,
To see that the faces and boats were two
That were mirrored back from the old canoe.

But now, as I lean o'er the crumbling side,
And look below in the sluggish tide,
The face that I see is graver grown,
And the laugh that I haver day a sober tone,
And the hauds that lent to the light skiff wings
Have grown familiar with sterner things;
But I love to think of the hours that flew. [threw,
A. I rocked where the whirls their wild spray
'Bre the blossoms moved or the green grass grew
O'er the moldering stern of the old capoe.

A Nashville Mystery—A Lively Romance.
Saturday morning, June 22, the "New Advertisements" of the Banner were led off by the following aunouncement:

A. C. B.—Duly received. The terms are agreed to. Address as above. All right.
WILLOW BASKET.
There agg many inquiries made concerning this inexplicable and rather my sterious publication. Some considered it a political cipher resting to the organization of a secret colored league; others regarded it as a catch or puzzle; and all were mystified. To the various questions which reached us we were not able to reply. Not until a day or two ago did we come into the real facts of the case, and as they are not likely to injure any one, and may indeed serve one of the purposes of the above advertisement as well as interest the public, we shall Sunday, the 16th of Jane, was unusually soft

serve one of the purposes. It me above adverstreement as well as interest the public, we shall
detail them.

Sunday, the 16th of Jone, was unusually soft
and mild. The raine of the evening before had
cleared the atmosphere, and the sun rose only
as it knows how to rise in a pleasant dawn of
June. One of the most zealous readers and patrons of the Banner—who lives on Summer
street—rose with the sun and as usual went to
metfont door for his paper. He found it, not
neatly folded by the carrier, but spread over
something upon which it had been carefully
placed. He lifted it up and stood back aghast!
There lay on the step—in a beautiful willow
basket luned with light blue flannel—nestled in
a world of ruffles and pretty linen—a rosy, black
eyed, new-born, girl baby! He was startled,
and gave a loud exclamation, which brought
down his wife, and the two surveyed the sleepning infant which reposed like a little female Moses in its wicker ark. The wife looked furtively
at the husband: the husband blushed and looke
quisically at the wife. Then both laughed outright. And finally—the surprise, the plague,
and the dumb show over—they took up the
basket, carried it within, and instituted a close
inspection.

It was an uncommon pretty baby. This the
lady declared emphatically. The clothing—the
gentleman, who understands such matters, remarked was uncommon fine. There was a sweet
hood of deicate, white cambric, lined with piak
slik, a gown of delicate cashmere, and dainty,

hood of desicate, white cambric, lined with nink bood of deicate, white cambric, lined with pink silk, a gown of delicate cashmere, and dainty, tiny, thread knit stockings. Around the child's neck a neckince of coral, clasped with gold, hung; and the pillet it lay on in the basket was a complete outfit of beautiful baby-wear. Beneath all this was a letter.

More and more surprised the further they went, they opened the letter and read as follows from a small, fair, feminine chirography, written on the neatest and most faintly odored giltedged paper—

expensive clothing; and there was besides the coral necklace a small gold chain and a silver rattle.

Our friends considered the matter long and well, and finally resolved to accept the trust. Being poor, but charitable people, reduced somewhat in means and themselves childless, the burthen could not be very heavy. Accordingly, after a few days consideration, they inserted the above advertisement in the Banner of the 22d of June.

the 22d of June.
Three days later they received a note enclosing twenty dollars more, and these lines:
"Blessings on you; be faithful; you shall neventare cause to repent your charity."
Since this last communication they have heard

er have cause to repent your charity."

Since this last communication they have heard nothing more. The child is remarkably well, and is represented as particularly joyous and attractive. It cries but seldom, has rosy cheeks, and black eyes, and promises to be their lange of —— Alas, of whom? We shall not try to guess. The province of a newspaper is fact, not conjecture. We could surmise any manner of mystery; make up all sort of a romance; cause anxiety and trembiling, perhaps at least to one poor, erring woman's heart. But we forbear. The case as it stands is unique and curious. It has a city flavor about it, and is certainly pretty good for Nashville. Those who wish to beighten the mystery, may find material for the purpose in their own imaginations. We merely furnish the rough draft in outline.—Nashville Banner.

Impeachment Insanity.

One of the most alarming signs of the times is the lassensate howling on the part of aubsidized and predigdiced partizan press for the impeachment of the President of the United States. Were there any valid reasons offered for his impeachment—were it even alleged that he has violated the Constitution of his country, or his oath of office—the threats of, impeachment would not be so alarming. In fact, in such a case an attemptat impeachment, to any the least, should be made. But the alarming phase of this matter is, those who clamor for impeachment do not accuse the President of violating the Constitution, or of failing to enforce the law; but they do accuse him of being opposed to the policy which dictated certain laws—which laws Thad. Starm himself boasts are in direct violation of the Constitution—(see his recent letter) and threaten him with impeachment solely because he does not favor the partizan ideas of Sievens, Wade and Sumner. President Johnson has not performed an official act during the present year that he had not a right to perform under the Constitution; not an act that the Constitution ave him the right, and required him, if he believed it to he his duly to remove Stanton, Sickles and Sheridan. In making these removals and appointing men to fill the places which they occupied, he did not even visolate a law of Coogress which he believed to be wrong in principle, as well as unconstitutional, but he expressly ordered the newly-appointed officers to carry out said law of Coogress. There is, then, no shadow of a pretence why the President should be impeached, except that the does not disregard the Constitution, shisk duties that instrument imposes on him, and make himself a willing tool in the hand printy one of its leaders openly boasts has trampled upon the Constitution, and acted wholly outside of its provisions. In constitutional governments the only asfegrad the Constitutions and make himself a willing tool in the hand for the people are in the express provisions of the con

fornia are alarmed as to their supply of bread-They are asking the question, "Shall we want bread? And unfortunately the answer is by no weans satisfactory. They have been exporting breadstuffs very largely, and boast that their exports this year have reached the value of \$12,000,000. But now they are startled by the announcement that they have been over-doing out of the State that they have not enough left for home consumption. Their fear now is, that they will be compelled to import at extravagantle high rates the wheat they have exported. On this subject a correspondent of the Sacramento Union, writing from San Francisco, has

out this surject a correspondent of the Sacramento Lonon, writing from San Francisco, has the following:

"The all engrossing subject in commercial circler, during the past week, has been the extraordinary advance in the price of wheat. The immease profits some of the exporters of breadstuffs have realized during the present season, have induced many outside speculators to take a hand in the business, as always the case in Casfornia, where there is money to be made, speculation will probably run to extremes. Nearly the whole of the surplus grain in the State is already contracted for, at hand come profit to the farmers, consequently there is some danger that a considerable quantity of that which will be required for home consumption may be either subpped away, or placed under the control of speculators. I am informed by one of the most extensive millers and grain dealers in San Joaquin County, that there is scarcely any wheat unsold in the districts which send their grain to Stockton. So extensive has been the demand in that section of the State, that be thought he should have to ship wheat from the Bay to that place, during the latter part of the season, to supply the linkablanns with flour. While the good fortune of the agriculturists, in obtaining such high prices for their states. that he thought he should have to ship when the godged paper. "Take care for this poor babe.
"It is as you see, well supplied with clothing. You will also flud, wrapped in the folds of the gown, a purse, containing five twenty dollar notes. These are designed for its annual support, and will be sent you on the first of every year. If you consent to take the charge entrusted to you, plaze in one of the city papers an advertisement acknowledging the recept of this and give these three initials "A. C. B." by which the writer may be able to address you on all future occasions. I desire that the child may be called "Annie," Keep this trust siarced as you wish for the grace of God and the gratitude of A Mother."

The gown concessed a beautiful portmonic, which contained five fresh, new National Bank twenty-dollar notes—two on the Steond National of Cincinnati and three on the First and Fourth of St. Louis. The basket was full of expensive clothing; and there was besides the coral necklace a small gold chain and a silver rattle.

Our friends considered the matter long and well, and finally resolved to accept the trust. Being poor, but charitable people, reduced somewhat in means and themselves childless, the burthen could not be very heavy. Accordingly, after a few days consideration, they inserted the above advertisement in the Romar of the surface of the

BACHELORS.—Dr. Stark, in his report to the Scottish registry office, asserts that the ratio of deaths among unmarried men between the ages of twenty-five and thirty is double that of married men, and that nearly the same disproportion

on 20 years more of life than bachelors.

Beautiful Thocour.—The setting of a great hope is like the setting of the sun. The brightest part of our life is gone. Shadows of evening fall around us, and the world seems but a dull reflection — itself a broader shade. We look forward to coming lonely night; the soul withdraws into itself, the stars arise, and the night is holy.

Thisse is a discussion going on out West as to which State has or can produce the biggesthaby. At last accounts Wisconsin was ahead, there having been one born at Gratiot 264 inches long, and weighing 19 pounds.

Mrs. Lincoln in New York

Spicy Letters Complaining of Ingratitude.

The N. Y. World of October 3d, publishes some curious revelations in connection with Mrs. Lincoln's visit to that city. As the subject of the visit has attracted much attention, and as it is understood Mrs. Lincoln berself is no longer axious to conceal her affairs from the public, we give the following:

we give the following:

THE PROPERTY LEFT BY MR. LINCOLN.

Upon the death of Mr. Lincoln, an effort was made to appropriate for his wife and family the sam that he would have received from the United States had he lived to finish his second term of office, to wit: \$100,000; but it resulted in appropriating but \$25,000, the amount of one propriating but \$25,000, the amount of one were requires to discharge certain standing obligations, leaving about \$22,000, with the house and lot in Springfield. Ill., owned by Mr. Lincoln Previous to his election to the Presidency in 1860, was all the property which fell to Mrs, Lincoln. He present income, she states, is color previous to his election to the Presidency in 1860, was all the property which fell to Mrs, shout \$1,700 a year, of which \$300 comes from the sent of her old house in Springfield. It appears from this that Mr. Lincoln not only saved an omoney while he occupied the White House, but really lived beyond his income, which, in connection with the natural reluctance of his widow to return to the simple style of living to which she had been used before her residence in what will be the present time. LETTERS FROM MRS. LINCOLN.

Appended are several letters written by Mrs.

some of her personal effects at the present time.

LETTERS FROM MES. LINCOLN.

Appended are several letters written by Mrs. Lincoln in relation to this most unpleasant business, the contents of which will surprise the public. The first, in order of their data, appears to be the following:

CHICAGO, September 1, 1867.

MR. BRADY.—A notice in a New York paper having attracted my attention.

CHICAGO, September 1, 1867.

MR. BRADY.—A notice in a New York paper having altracted my attention, that you sold articles of value on commission, prompts me to write you. The articles I am sending you to dispose of were gifts of dear friends, which only urgent necessity compels me to part with, and 1 am septicially axxious that they shall not be sacrificed. The circumstances are peculiar and painfully embarrassing, therefore I hope you will endeavor to realize as much as possible from them. Hoping soon to hearfrom your I remain, very respectfully, yours, MRS. A. LINCOLN.

THE ARTICLES FORWARDED TO NEW YORK.

The next letter, bearing the same date as the preceding, is as follows:

"Chicago, September 1, 1867.

Mr. Brady, Commission Broker, 609 Broadway, New York.—I have this day sent to you personal property which I am compelled to part with, and which you will find of considerable value. The articles consist of four camel's hair shawls, lace dress and shawls, a parasol cover, a diamond rine, two dress patterns, some furs, etc. Please

which you will find of considerable value. The articles consist of four camel's harr shawls, lace dress and shawls, a parasol cover, a diamond ring, two dress patterns, some furs, etc. Please have them appraised, and confer by letter with me. Very respectfully, Mas. A. Lincoln.

Mas. Lincoln's opinion of repredictors. A significant feature of the subsequent letters and memoranda is the feeling entertained by Mrs. Lincoln towards leading Republicans. She complains bitterly that men who besought herisdusene-to-secure-their official positions, and were protuse with their promises if she would gratify their wishes, now give her the cold shoulder. Certain persons of that party, such as Thurlow Weed, Henry J. Raymond, William H. Seward, and others, she is terribly severe against, and claims that it was through their influence that the plan proposed by the Tribune to raise a fund for her by the voluntary subscription of the people was thwarted. At this point the following memorandum, the original being in Mrs. Lincoln's own handwriting, is given: The question was asked Mrs. Lincoln what her Teelings were in regard to the republican party, in consideration of the unkindness and ingratitude displayed by them in depriving her of almost all means of support; the reply was:

'I could not relinquish my attachment for the

her of almost all means of support; the reply was:

"I could not relinquish my attachment for the party to which my husband belonged, and in whose cause his precious life was sacrificed, notwithstanding it is composed of such men as Weed, Raymond and Seward, who nominally because to the composed of the purposes would drag it down to the lowest depths of degradation. The late President thoroughly tested these men, and had become fully aware before his death of their treachery and falseness.

MRS. LINCOLN UNDER AN ASSUMED NAME.

MIS. LINCOLE WADER AN ASSUMD NAME.

As the negotiations with Mr. Brady proceeded, Mrs. Lincola deemed it best that her name should not appear, the reasons for which are given in the following extract from a letter written by her:

"Through the ingratitude of the republicans towards the memory of the lamented President, the family of their chief have been left to suffer want and destitution. Therefore it is natural to suppose that when it became imperatively necessary for Mrs. Lincoln, the bonored and beloved wife of the late President, to dispose of apparel and jaweiry to suable her to succeed the common daily necessities of life, it was certainly in better taste that Mrs. Clarke, rather than Mrs. Lincoln, should appear in the proceeding. Although in her overwhelming sorrow she was by an uggrateful republican party deprived of her rightful maintenance, they should appear and their own ignominy from being shown to the world.

urgent wants, I assure you I am compelled to relinquish—and also that there is a fear that these newsmen will seize upon these articles placed in your hands to injure the Republican party politically. In the cause of this party and universal freedom my beloved husband's precious life was sacrificed, nor for the world would I do anything to injure the cause. My heart is very anxious for its success, notwithstanding the very men for whom my noble bushand did so much, unhesitatingly deprived me of all means of support and left me in a pitiless condition. The necessities of life are upon me, urgent and imperative, and I am scarcely removed from want—so different from the lot my loving and devoted husband would have assigned me—and I find myself; I am compelied to pursue the only course left me—immediately within the next week to sell these goods, and if not wholly disposed of by Wadnasday, October 30th, on that day please sell them at auction, after advertising sery largedy that they are my goods. Very re-

day please sell them at auction, after advertising very leargely that they are my gnods. Very respectfully, Mss. A. LINCOLS.

THE QUESTION OF RESISTANCE.—The Cincinnati Enquirer Says: "Congress has the constitutional right to impeach the President for treasion, high crimes and misdemeanors. President Johnanon is afraid of no such indictment, well knowing that it cannot be sustained. Indeed, be courts the investigation such accusations must produce into his private and public conduct. As yet there is no apprehension of violence."

There are few pursuits in which so many leakages occur as in farming. A little want of minute attention here, and al little there, make up a very considerable sum when all added together at the end of the year. There may, possibly, be anch a thing as being too particular in regard to triflee, such a thing as spending too much time in a thing as perfectly clane, when a greater of the year, and no doubt some discretion is to be exercised as to where attention shall be directed to the greatest advantage at any eiven time. We once a new of a farmer who lost a responsible and desirable position become when a committee went to examine his premises, a little lock of hay was found lying on the barn floor where it was in danger of being stepped upon by the passers by. He never knew, and probably does and to this day. Now why it was that the committee decided against him.

That was, perhaps, an extreme case, and yet if he was in the habit of leaving hay scattered about on his barn floor, the waste in the course of a year must have been considerable, and it would have been a fatal defect in his manages ment. But there are farmers who ought to know and do better, who allow waste in this particular alone, of hay or straw, or corn fodder in the course of a summer, to keep a good sized cow one full winter. The natural inference is that they have no right to complain that farming don't pay. A very little care, a very little time spent in adopting a more perfect system, would add to their income, to the extent, at least, of the profit on a cow for the year.

But the difficulty is that the farmer who auffers so great and constant a waste of feeding substances on the barn floor, carries this mode of management into the whole routine of the farm. The cattle stalls may not get cleaned out at regular times, or if cleaned out when they should be, the manure is left to swelter is mode of management into the whole routine of the farm. The cattle stalls may not get cleaned out at regular times, or if cleaned out when they should be, the

derful difference at the end of the year, whether this general system of economy is adopted or not.

A farmer who keeps his tools scattered about and who suffers the hay to go to waste on the barn floor, will justify it on the ground of want of time; but the fact is, a reasonable degree of order and neatness, saves time; and not only that, but it makes a difference between success and failure in any farming enterprise. It makes a vast difference in the results of the year for instance, whether a herd of cows in a dairy are regularly miked, and regularly turned out of the barn or not. Everybody at all conversant with farm management knows that. In one case it is a steady persistent system, in the other it is chance and the chance is that it won't pay.

In conducting any farm, many things have to be done that do not in themselves pay an immediate profit. It is the future results that are to be looked to for the returns in money. If the fields are kept clear of weeds, the grass will flourish and yield good crops. If the pastures are cleared of brush and mulleins they carry more stock, and the good crops of hay and the good proper stock, and the good crops of hay and the good proper stock, and the good crops of the pastures are cleared of brush and beef and mutton, which is the form of these products, or in the form of milk, or wook, or wool, must be expect, ed to pay in dolfars and cents. Here is the result of system, and the farmer who adopts the true system and follows it up will be sure to succeed: or it not, he ought to, for the result will generally measure the value of the system.—Mass. Plonghman.

Neono Rule.—The Mobile Tribune says that on the first day's voting only 90 whites of that

ignominy from being shown to the world.

The next letter presents more in detail the reasons for her action in this sad matter, and at the same time expresses her regret that the ignatitude of the Republicans may do injury to the Republican party:

W. H. Bradder, September 22, 1867.

W. H. Bradder, September 22, 1867.

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W. H. Bradder, September 21, 1867.

W. H. Bradder, September 22, 1867.

W. H. Bradder, September 23, 1867.

W. H. Bradder, September 24, 1867.

W. H. Bradder, September 25, 1867.

W. H. Bradder, September 26, 1867.

W. H. Bradder, September 27, 1867.

W. H. Bradder, September 28, 1867.

W. H. Bradder, September 29, 1867.

W. H. Bradder, September 29, 1867.

W. H. Bradder, September 20, 1867.

We heard of more than one instance where negro policemen forced other negroes to vote by threatening to arrest them and fine them fifty dollars for failure to go to the polls. Why not come out openly and acknowledge that by the bayonet alone are they retained in power? They may as well, for as sure as there is another them in the same of America will burst asunder this black cord which is being bound about their limbs and grint would snap a thread. When the the same specific to their race and country; the knaves would be supporting the object to their race and country; the knaves would be supporting the optical procedures the radical office grabbers, double dyed in "loyal" damanton! White nations before to day have been dreaded by a least the supporting the police. been oppressed, persecuted and plunder handful of knaves bubbled up from the of scoundreldom, but terrible was the s tion when it came. And it always comes.

Ax old gentleman in Arkansas recently pres An old gentleman in Arkansas recently presented himself for registration with his two sons, and the eldest of the latter was asked by the clerk, if he could write. "No, sir," chimed in the old man, "I am happy to say my two sons cannot read or write. When I was a boy, my parents sent me to school, and after I had got a little start in the world, I endorsed a note for aman, and it cost me all my property. I then made up my mind that no child of mine should learn to read."

learn to read."

Discuss Potatoss.—A man in Maine has interest a machine for digging potatoes. It consists of a scoop made of boiler iron, which is drives under the potatoes and lifts them with the earth spon a hopper on which the earth spon a hopper on which the earth is abaken off, and the potatoes thrown into the furrow behind the machine.

THE LINCOLS WARDROBE .- Barqum bas offered \$13,000 for Mrs. Lincoln's wardrobe, for the purpose of putting it on exhibition. If he gets the traps the people will have an opportunity of seeing the style in which the wife of a republican President indulged.

PRIZE FIGHT .- The Montana Post issued an extra giving full details of the prize fight between Con. Orem and Jimmy Dwyer, for the championship of Montana. The fight came off at Nevada, on the 25th ult. Forty rounds were fought, and resulted in a drawn battle. The spectators were greatly dissatisfied, and pronounced the whole affair a "bilk."

UNITED STATES REVENUE .- An interesting quostion arose in a case before Judge Wyche at the late term of Court, under the act of Congress, requiring certain instruments to be stamped. The instrument required a stamp under the acts of Congress, and being unstamped, it was urged that it was invalid and of no effect. But the Court held that it was not every unstamped in-strument, required to be stamped, that was "invalid and of no effect," but those only, issued the provisions of that act." Upon a satisfactory showing that the instrument in this case wa unstamped through haste and inadvertence, and not "with intent to evade the provisions of that act," the Court permitted the instrument to be stamped and offered as evidence in the case.

NEW MAIL ROUTE .- The Virginia Post says a mail route should be established from Virginia to Deer Lodge city, a distance of eighty miles, connecting there with the Helena and Walla Walla tri-weekly mail. At present there is not even an express between the two places and the mails are carried around treble the distance, incurring delay and having to be distributed at . There are not less that 7,000 who receive mails over that rou e. The Posts office Department does not expect new routes and offices to be self-sustaining, yet we have not a doubt that this route would leave a credit margin at the end or the first year. The people of Walla Walla are decidedly interested in the opening of this route, and hence we trust that our Delegate will in vor the m-asure.

NEW YORK ELECTIONS .- The election in New York for State and County officers came off on Tuesday last, and unless the wires are down we will know the result in a day or two. Easts ern papers, of the radical persuasion, speak of great dissatisfaction in the republican ranks, and express the opinion that the democracy will carry the State. Massachusetts voted on the make large gains. John Quincy Adams, son of Charles Francis Adams, American Minister to England, was the democratic candidate for Gov-ernor, and was expected to draw off a very large conservative vote from the republican ranks. It is scarcely possible, however, to rescue the old Bay State from radical rule. New Jersey held her election on the 5th, and here too the democrats were expected to make large gains, and most likely carried the State. Should the elections in the States to be heard from go as Penntylvania and Ohio did in October, the doom of the radicals will be scaled, and Sumner and Stevens will again sink down to the role of pet-

RIGHTS OF PROPERTY OF MARRIED WOMEN. In the case tried at the late term of Court, of Imbier rs. Joseph and Mary Petty, the statute in reference to the rights of married women to property in this Territory was considered and construed by the Court. The property involved was the butcher shop in this city formerly occupied by Joseph Petty. In 1863 the property was purchased of Sweetzer, and the conveyance made to Mrs. Mary Petty. Imbler having obtained a judgment against Petty on a debt due from Petty to him at the time of the conveyance to Mrs. Petty, brought this suit to set aside the conveyance, and subject the property to the satisfaction of his judgment. The proof showed that the property was purchased with \$250 of money obtained by Mrs. Petty from the sale of property belonging to her in the State of New Jersey, and with \$750 which she made by personally superintending and conducting a saloon in Oro Fino, in 1862 and 1863—the money in vested in the saloon business being Mrs. Petty's money, and her busband exercising no control over the business and making no advances for the stock. It was contended that the property and earnings thus made were not the wife's, but belonged to the husband, Joseph Petty; but the Court held otherwise and considered them as beloning to the wife, under our statute, saying that our statute was a beneficial one, conferring new rights on married women, and that Courts would not incline to give it any short-waisted

sell at ruling rates. The position may thus be of furnishing testimony to be used in the impeachment of the President. He was examined before the Judiciary Committee and his statements spread broadcast over the land as affording conclusive evidence in favor of impeachment. We happened to know this Baker in California, in early days, and we then knew him to be an unmittigated scoundrel. For several years he was employed on the San Francisco police as a detective, and was discharged from the California, in early days, and we then knew him to be an unmittigated scoundrel. For several years he was employed on the San Francisco police as a detective, and was discharged from the California, and the isles of the scar, from California, and the isles of the scar, from California, and the isles of the scar, there comes up one universal complaint of the scar, there came upon universal complaint of the scar, there came upon the isles of the scar, from California, and the isles of the scar, there comes upon universal complaint of the scar, there came upon univers force for rascalities that ought to have sentt him to the penitentiary. He next turned up at the East, where he figured as the chief of Stanton's detective police, and wore the star of a Briga-dier General. The fellow was in high favor with Stanton to the end, and was only dismissed after he had attempted to play the spy on the The latest notice of this villain is the following which we find in the Erie Dispatch, a republican paper of the most radical stripe :

Detective Baker, who seems about as big a secondrel as runs at large in this country, bids fair to share the fate of his comrade Conorer. Baker teatified to many things before the Judiciary Committee which seem to be altogether unsupported by facts. He is now under arrest for refusing to attend and explain the said discrepancies in his testimony, and it would not be at all improbable that his trial for perjury will follow."

We hear it frequently remarked that the recent dvance in the price of breadstuffs is a specula, tive movement, and that the high prices now ruling cannot be maintained. In opposition to his theory we have the statement of the wellinformed correspondent of the Sacramento Union vho computes that flour and grain to the amount of \$12,000,000, have been shipped from California the present season, and that in the excitement attending the foreign demand the home market has been stripped to such an extent that it is doubtful whether sufficient flour has been retained to meet the wants of the domestic market. The speculations of the writer, which we publish on our first page, are interesting and attention. Having given the views of a well-informed California authority, in continuation of the same purpose we quote from the market report of the N. Y. Tribune, of the 16th ult., a statement which shows that the high prices prevails ing are the result of an absolute scarcity. It

says:

During the past week we have had quite an animated but various wheat market; the very favorable advices from Europe, and the large orders thence, gave a decided impulse to business; and but for the scarcity of freight 100m, and the extreme rates insisted on, the transactions would have been much larger. Soon after our last review, under liberal arrivals and a scarcity of vessels, prices fell off 10@12c. per heals! scarcity of vessels, prices fell off 10@12c. per Liverpool, the decline was fully recovered, and still half of the improvement was lost on spring. At the concession we had a brisk export demand, and latterly the the purchases have been large, for export chiefly. Winter wheat has rapidly improved, but the transactions have not been large and are confined chiefly to millers. The extreme prices insisted on have checked usiness materially. Our stock of this wheat is very merger, and we find the supply of white is in the hands of one or two houses, and this is held much higher. Prices on the sea-hoard are relatively much below those in the interior, and hence most holders are confident that present prices can easily be maintained. The fact of so little white wheat being in transitu, either from the West or California, contributes to the firm ness. As the season advances the people seem to little white wheat being in transitu, either frem the West or California, contributes to the firm ness. As the season advances the people seem to fully realize the accuracy of the position occupied by us in July, and we find that most merchants agree with us that the crop of winter wheat is lamentably short. It is, perhaps, rendered more apparent thus carly, owing to the fact that farmers at the West not having up to the present time, a favorable season for sowing their winter wheat (owing to the excessive drought the seed sown has not come up), hence they are less inclined to sell freely, and this, doubtless, has diminished the receipts at some points considerably. The receipts of spring wheat at the lake ports have been large, and are likely to continue fair this month. This will give us a considerable surplus at this port for export during the winter, and there is no reason to doubt that we shall have a large shipping demand at high prices. The exports of the week are 366,634 bushels, against 13,297 bushels the corresponding week last year.

The view of the market, as presented by the

The view of the market, as presented by the N. Y. Tribune, is anything but encouraging for those who have been constantly asserting that high prices were altogether the result of speculation, and that with the exhaustion of those who were flying kites breadstuffs would come down to the old figures. Recognizing the fact that there is an absolute scarcity, an Eastern exchange indulges in the following reflections :

change indulges in the following reflections:

This view of the market may be rather discouraging to those who hoped for cheap flour; but it cannot be overdrawn in view of the fact that the genuine crop of Europe is short. The three successive years of short crops of wheat are really soon at he rings the question of what is to be the flour products in this country. Has the actual fertility of the soil diminished? If so put on the fertilizers. Has the draft from Europe increased faster than our rates of production? If so, plow up the new lands and let us have more wheat; or does it appear that the time has some when the babits of the people must change, and such grain as rye, barley and pats must be called in, as well as corn for home use? Here may be the point after all to which the eaters may have to come. If our country cannot give, us flour at less than fifteen dollars a barrel, let us go to work and learn how to use the coarser grains as has been been done in Scotland and Germany.

Rather a come-down for our pampered Amer-

Rather a come-down for our pampered Americans to feed upon oats and barley bread, but to this complexion not unlikely will it come at last Those who have given the subject serious attention incline to the opinion that the produc-tiveness of the soil in the Eastern States is in a measure exhausted. Take the grain growing districts, and with the utmost labor and care i is difficult to wring from the earth ten to fifteen bushels to the acre. These figures represent what they term good crops—the average yield being from six to eight bushels to the acre, and indifferent wheat at that. In view of this picture, certainly our own producers have reason to be content with their lot. Here it is scarcely necessary to tickle the land with a plow to secure a return of from forty to fifty bushels to the acre, and the indolent farmer who trusts to a "volunteer crop" is quite certain to reap from twenty to thirty bushels to the acre. Our object, however, is not to set forth the advanta-ges of our soil, but to give our farmer readers the data on which they can base an intelligent opinion as to the expediency of disposing of their them are of the opinion that flour will reach a A LOYAL SCOUNDREL.—A few months since detective Baker was put forward for the purpose sell at ruling rates. The position may thus be

The Speakership .- A private letter from the Sound, states that Hop. P. B. Johnson, member of the House from Walla Walls county, is prominently named for the Speaks ership. So far so good. The same writer says that the editor of the Statesman has been named for President of the Council. This last announcement spoils the whole story, and forces us to the conclusion that our correspondent is a decided humbug Our old friend Struve, of Vancouver, if we mistake not, is the "coming man." He has stake not, is the "coming man mistake not, is the "coming man." He has had legislative experience, and if the radi-cals are in the majority, without doubt will fill the President's chair.

The Beartown Tragedy .- A report has been current that Jimmy Ryan, who killed The reader will remember that Mrs. Suratt
was hung mainly on the testimony of Baker and
Gonover, both of them since proved to be perlured scoundrels.

The result of the elections in Ohio and Per sylvania, seems to have taken both parties by surprise—the democrats are surprised at th success, and the republicans are equally sur prised at their stunning reverses. Newspaper are always an infallible index to the popula feeling, and as exhibiting the feeling in the States named, we give place to extracts from leading papers, representing both parties. Auch first, from the Watchman, a democratic journal published in the heart of the Keystone State. The Watchman grows jubilant over the result and thus rejoices over the democratic victory

"Thank God, light breaketh in upon the dark-ness that has enshrouded our country for the past six years. The glorious results of Tues-day's elections, are enough to make every patri-otic heart shout with joy. The verdict has been decisive—abolitionism has been doomed. No more violations of the Constitution—no more trampling underfoot of the rights of the States, —no more negro equality—no more negroized. trampling underfoot of the rights of the States,
—no more negro equality—no more negroized
States—no more mongrel governments—no more
tax exempted bond holding aristoracies—no
more brow beating of white men by negroes and
negro worshippers—no more howing, hooting,
democrat-hanging mobs, but white Supremay,
—a Union of States—equal trantion—an Independent Judiciany—public economy and areturn
of the good old days of Democratic prosperly!
Is it not enough to be thankful for? Is it not
enough to make the Democratic multitude shoul
for joy. And as the hosts of democratic free for joy. And as the hosts of democratic from neu rejoice, so do the routed, defeated, disand the infamous and intolerant dogmas of juritan New England, look and and downcust. Hope has gone out from them! Their sun has hid behind a mountain of negro wool, never again to rise, until the 'Ethiopian can chaoge is skin, and white men forget the outrages that have been perpetrated upon them by the party that has ruled and ruined for the pasts ix years. Again we say, 'Thank God light break-eth.'"

democratic paper published in the Northwest, is equally jubilant, and discourses as follows:

THE ELECTION-THE LESSON.

THE ELECTION—THE LESSON.

The result of the great political ground swell that is now heaving and tossing the political elements, and which is burying beneath its swell the Radical crew who have been rioting over the liberties of the people, and trampling under foot every thing that American people hold dear, will be a valuable lesson and admonition to politically approximately and the properties and knayes for all will be a valuable lesson and admonition to political demagogues, trixters and knaves, for all time to come. The people will bear for a time great burdens and sacrifices—submit to almost everything for the sake of internal peace and domestic union. But their patience has been outraged. They have seen a set of men deliberately band themselves together to destroyevery vestige of freedom—every principle that was cherished by the fathers of the Republic. The people have risen in their might against these men. They determined to burl from power the tyrants who seek the overthrow of liberty. They commenced the work yesterday, and it will lang tyrants wno seek the overthrow of liberty. They commenced the work yesterday, and it will leag be remembered as a great day in the history of Ohio. It will be remembered as a day when freemen took council together and struck a decisive blow for the salvation of the country. It was a day which indicated that the democracy were reaching the and of the wild. day which indicated that the democracy were reaching the end of the wilderness where they had been so long sojourning. But these days of military dictation have passed away in Opio. Political bastiles filled with innocent men is a punishment for their political views will not in future be allowed to exist. The people are returning to free speech and free elections, and they will take care that they will not lose them is future as they have in the past. All hail the dawn of the better era which the election indicates. cates

The Norwalk Experiment, an outspoke cratic paper, published in central Obio, indulges in the same joyous strain, and thus apostrophises the great victory, which it contributed its full portion in bringing about:

BETTER DAYS FOR THE REPUBLIC.

BETTER DAYS FOR THE REPUBLIC.

The result of the recent elections are indicative of better days for the Republic. The people in thunder tones have declared for Constitutional Liberty and a white man's government. For years has our government under the guidance of Fanatics and demagogues been steadily and surely diffting toward the raging ocean of Anarchy and anti republican principles. The star of American Liberty was going down, down into that vortex of despair and destruction from star of American Liberty was going down, down into that vortex of despair and destruction, from which no hope of the Republic could be seriously entertained. We have righted the old ship of State. The groans of suffering millions has reached the ear of the people and manufully have they responded. The issues which have been decided are in favor of equal taxation, a white man's government, and a restoration of the Union under the Constitution, and against military despoision. Negro equality, and exempting capital from taxation. It is indeed a source of congratulation to every patriot in the land that capital from taxation. It is indeed a source of congratulation to every partiot in the land that there is yet enough love of liberty left with the people to save the Republic. Long live the Republic in essence, as well as name.

The reader has now had fair specimens of

democratic jubilation. We will now give them the reverse of the picture. The Columbia Spy, an old and staid republican paper, a leading or-gan of the party in Pendsylvania, grows dolor-ous over the result, and falls to "cussing like a very drab," the lukewarm republicans inactivity enabled the democrats to achieve their victory. It says:

RECREANT REPUBLICANS. RECREAST REFERICANS.

We are not going to rail out against universal suffrage, and argue from this defeat, if defeat it is, that the people of Pennsylvania are not capable of self-government, not fit to be trusted with the ballot; but we are going to say that ten of thousands of Republicans in the State absented themselves from the poils on Tuesday last, and by that means enabled the Traitors and Rebels to gain a doubtful vistory to which their names. themselves from the polls on Tuesday last, and by that means enabled the Traitors and Rebels to gain a doubtfal victory to which their numerical strength would not have entitled them; and to those we say, "you are not worthy of the elective franchise." We care not whose toes we tread upon while in the path of duty, and we do consider it, our duty, in no measured or set terms, to denounce as little better than active foes, those who wear the uniform of our army and sleep upon their posts while the enemy are assaulting our lines. Our districts were carefully canvassed, and as far as numerical strength was concerned, the result was demonstrated to be beyond a peradventure, but through the apathy of some nominal Republicans, the enemy have been permitted to achieve a small victory, which will carry comfort and consolation to the bearts of the mudderers of our kindred, and arouse the dormant hate of the subdued but not repeatant rebels of the South. Thousands of poor friendless freedmen in the South will date from this event the renewal of the tortures of the old days of the lash and the thumb screw. Repudiation, with all its stitedfart evils of loss of National self-respect, stare us boildy in the face."

Unfortunately for the Spy's argument, the vote was a full one.

Unfortunately for the Spy's argument, the vote was a full one, and hence the talk about republicans absenting themselves from the polls goes for nought. Another specimen "brick," The Reflector, an able republican paper, and understood to be Ben-Wade's home organ, has the following outpour-ing of a depressed spirit:

ing of a depressed spirit:

As chroniclers of events we are called upon to state the result of the election held in Ohio on Tuesday lant, and we do it with a degree of sadness that we have rarely ever before felt on such an occasion. Not because of political change—that of itself would be of but small consequence; but because that result will rejole the hearts of those who are known to have been in sympathy with 'traitors and enemies of the country, and

will embolden bad men to make renewed efforts for its destruction. While we have hope, yet we fear for the Tature of the Republic. There are thousands of Union men in Ohio torday, who will live to repent in sackcloth and ashes, the course they chose to pursue on Tuesday last. True to the cause of the country throughout the rebellion, they have at last, and gainst the repeated warnings of the "sentinels" upon the watch towers," allowed the enemy to enter their camp and rob them of their hard carred victory. watch towers," allowed the enemy to enter their camp and rob them of their hard earned victory. Such a spectacle is well calculated to shake pne's faith in the stability of free institutions, Dean Swift uttered a truism out of which our

republican friends can possibly extract a grain of comfort. It was, "that if two men ride a horse, one must ride behind." The republicans have had the front seat for a period unusually ong in the history of American politics, and it would seem that the time has now come for them would seem that the democracy. Parties, like individuals, have their ups and downs, and it becomes those who bold the losing hand to submit gracefully to the decrees of adverse for.

Amende Honorable .- We have received communication from F. P. Dugan, Prosecuting Attorney, in relation to the charges preferred against him last week, relative the case of the Territory vs. James McAulif, involving the title to the office of Treasurer. It will be remembered that we stated that the case was ruled out for the reason that Mr. D. refused to verify the complaint. We have now learned that that statement was incorrect, and that on the contrary Mr. D. did verify the complaint when required and did not refuse to do so. The case was ruled out on the ground that the defendant had uot sufficient notice to force him to trial after the verification was made, a fact for which Mr. D., as far as we can learn, is not blamed. The only blame that attaches to him, if any, is for his failure to verify the complaint at the time of first filing, which Mr. D. will explain next week.

PENNSYLVANIA ELECTION .- In looking over the returns of the Pennsylvania election, the most striking change noticed is in Philadelphia. In 1866, that county gave the republicans 5,388 majority; this year the democrats carry the county by 2,489 unjority—a change of nearly 8,000. The official returns from all the counties in the State show a democratic majority of 924. In 1866, for Governor, the republican majority was 17,178.

HISTORY OF HELENA CITY.-It is much to be regretted that the precise date of the commencement of the town of Helena is unknown. No town could, with greater propriety and enthusiasm, indulge in annual celebrations commemorative of the laynual celebrations commemorative of the laying of the first log, than could this same city of Helena, which has in three short years attained to the position of the metropolis of Montana. But the natal day of our town is unknown. The gold seeker, who, half doubting, laid log upon leg, and thus constructed the first building in our town, was thinking only of the chips that flew from his axe, and of the mud he used for "daubing," and did not see around him the future city of eight thousand inhabitants—the busiest between the Missouri and the Pacific, with its granite the Missouri and the Pacific, with its granite buildings and banks, newspapers and tele-graphs. His memorandum book was, theregraphs. His memorandum book was, therefore, devoted exclusively to his private gold
report, which showed him how his little spot
of mining ground was paying; and when he
finished his cabin he made note of the fact
Had he forescen the future he would have
made this entry: "To-day, I laid the
foundation of the largest city in the mountains, the centre of the richest mining district in America, and the wonder of the age
on necount of its rapid growth." But,
although the exact date of Helena's birth is
in doubt, we know that it took place some atthough the exact date of freems 5 bird is in doubt, we know that it took place some time during the month of September, 1884. In the month of July preceding, a party of Georgians who had left Virginia City for

of Georgians who had left Virginia City for the purpose of prospecting in this section of the country, stopped for a short time in what is known as Last Chance Gulch. They dis-covered gold here, but as is generally the case with miners, hoped for better things further on, and therefore, went to the head of Sun river. At that point (which has at various times proved so disastroms to cur prospectors.) they met with no success, and retuned to this place in August. Realizing that it was getting late in the season, and that it was getting late in the season, and that they must soon fix themselves some that they must soon fix themselves somewhere presently for the winter, they determined to commence active mining operations here, remarking that it was their "last chance," and thus giving the name "Last Chance," to the gulch, nearly opposite where Taylor & Thouson's store is now situated, and there was supposed to be no gold above there. We may remark, at this point, that this bar gave to the five men who worked upon it, a fortune of fifty thousand dollars each, in the course of two years. The prospects being much better than at first, building commenced, and the first cabin, consisting of one room, was erected about consisting of one room, was creeted about the middle of September, 1864, in the rear of the St Louis Drug Store, by John S. Cowan, commonly called "Uncle Johnny," and the first discoverer of gold in the gulch. -Helena Herald.

FAT HOGS. THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE will be PAID GOOD FAT HOGS! THE STANDARD MILLS. I. T. REESE.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

ASSETS \$22,000,000. CASH !

al Income over - - \$6,000,000! Dividend, Feb. 1st, 1867, \$2,124,000 75. Agents for Oregon and the Territories, JAMES L. BUTLER & RICHARD W. HEATH, JR.

Office, Front Street, Poriland.

Office, Front Street, Porlland.

THE UNDERSIGNED will remain in WALLA to a short period, to receive applications for INSURANCE in the above Company and the Life Assurance offers the best and cheapest means of making a sure provision for a man's family, or for himself in advanced years. Nee the examples of Progressive Dividends on Endowment Policies, as illustrated in distributed circulars. No business man need fear powerly for himself or those dependent on his labor in the secure a policy on his life. As a base of the company of the company

Commissioners:—The Commissioners refused to grant a license to certain saloon keepers in this city on the ground that the petitioners had to obtain a majority of the adult white inhabitants of this precinct, and that this included the female adults as well as the male, and on Wednesday last an application was made before Judge Wyche by the petitioners for a peremptory writ of mandate on the Commissioners compelling them to issue the licenses. As the matter was of general interest, a large number of our citizens attended the nearing.

The Court took occasion to express its views on the propriety of the Commissioners granting, or refusing license in these cases, and to dwelf on the considerations for and against the license.

on the considerations for any against the idea to close the saloons and prevent the sale of liquors would be to destroy the business and impoverish the County, was erroneous, and that while such a proceeding might embarrass and everbreak up those who had invested largely in the business, yet the effect, on the whole, would be to earich rather than impoverish a country. The wealth of a country was the product of the hands and head, the muscle and minds of a people, and while liquors on the whole, rather weakened both mind and body than strengthened them, the effect consequently was to lessen this them, the effect consequently was to lessen this producing power rather than to increase it, and to that extent to impoverish a country. The Court alluded to the idle habits formed by drinking and showed the impoverishing effects of these, and alluded to the fact that our crimidrinking and showed the impoverishing effects of these, and alluded to the fact that our criminal expenses were incurred largely by drinking; and so was of the opinion that it the action of the Commissioners could close these saloons, and stop this dissipation, the gain promission of the commissioners could close these saloons, and stop this dissipation, the gain promissioners community, would be gater than the loss of the income from licenses. This, the loss of the income from licenses. This, the loss of the income from licenses. This, the loss of the income from licenses would in no way lessen dissipiation, and that the only effect would be to lose the revenue to the County and to produce litigation at the expense of the County; and so all the evils of dissipation were to be borne without imposing on these saloons the burdens that might be placed on them, then this was another view to take of the matter, and it was the duty of the come or the other view, and under all the other views in which the matter might present itself. The act evidently intended that the moral as pect of the question should not be overlooked by the Commissioners to consider their duty under the one or the other view, and that the moral as pect of the question should not be overlooked by the Commissioners to consider their duty under the one or the other views that might be entertained of revenue was the controlling purpose of the licease haw with the legislature, and it was probable that in the selection of the Commissioners the people considered their financial capacity rather than any views that might be entertained an questions of temperance or on any other moral questions.

In considering these questions, the Court said tidd not follow that because the view of the

on questions of temperance or on any other moral questions.

In considering these questions, the Court said it did not follow that because the view of the law as taken by the Commissioners might be correct that therefore this view could be enforced and the violators of the law punished. The trisl of jury had received the highest encomiums and might be entitled to all that had ever been said in its praise, and yet it could not be denied that it was used as often as a shield to guilt as a protection to innocence, and the Court cited cases to show that it was not practicable to enforce the law in certain cases of general interest and where the public took decaded and adverse opinions. ions.
In this case the Court said there were many

ions.

In this case the Court said there were many provisions of the license law upon which the Commissioners had to exercise their judgment and discretion; and there were no facts before the Court to show whether this discretion had been wisely and properly exercised or not, even if this writ could issue in any case proper for judgment and discretion by the lower tribunal—which was not in fact the office of the writ.

The Commissioners had been selected by the people to manage the affairs of the county because of their peculiar thines and of the confidence of the people in them, and this Court had been selected for no such purpose, and yet to grant this writ here would be assuming in fact to regulate the affairs of the County.

The view of the law as to adult white inhabitants, taken by the Commissioners, was probably correct, but its construction by this Court would be proper when a case was before it, and on the whole, without going further into a statement of the case the Court was clearly of the opinion that the writ asked in this case must be refused, and the following order was accordingly made in the premises:

AT CHAMBERS, \(\)

refused, and the following order was accordingly made in the premises:

AT CHAMBERS,
WALLA WALLA, W. T., Nov. 6, 1867.
Henry Boyle, W. H. Barrett, et al, rs. A. H. Reyardds, S. M. Wait and W. T. Barnes, County Commissioners of Walla Walla County.
APPLICATION FOR PERENTFORY WHIT OF MANDATE.
And now the defendants appearing in person and by counsel, Messrs. Dugan and Lagrater, and the plaintiffs by counsel, Messrs. Mix. Langford and Caton and the defendants h v·g made due return to the alternate writ issued by the Court, and issues of law and fact having been formed as required by law, and after argument of geonsel, and upon consideration by the Court, it is accordingly now here ordered and considered that the rule on the defendants to show cause why a peremptory writ of mandate should not issue against them, he discharged, and that the premptory writ asked be denied, and that the premptory write asked be denied, and that the premptory write dismissed at the costs of the plaintiffs to be taxed, and that the costs against the plaintiffs, and that execution may issue therefor.

J. E. Wyche, Judge.

PROPOSALS -FOR-

WINTERING GOVERNMENT ANIMALS.

OFFICE CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, DEPARTMENT OF THE COLUMBIA, PORTLAND, OREGON, OCT. 30. PORTLAND, OREGON, Oct. 30, 1807.]
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this office, up to noon, on November 15th,

WINTERING -of (Five Hundred)-

-of (Five Hundred)
500 GOVERNMENT ANIMALS,
More or Less. Didders will state the price, per
month, in COIN, at which they will take One Hundred and less than Two Hundred Tirree Hundred and
less than Two Hundred; For Hundred and less
than Four Hundred; For Hundred and less
than Four Hundred; For Hundred and less
than Four Hundred; For Hundred and
less than Fore Hundred; For Hundred and
less than Four Hundred; For Hundred
wards. The place and its facilities for since
stock must be fully described. The STOCK MUST
BE FORAGED WHEN THE GRASS IS SHOKT OF
WHEN FOR THE STOCK, except in cases
of death by discase or unavoidable accidents. The
Stock will be subject, at all times, to inspection by
a death but she doller or agent of the United States.
All but she doller or agent of the United States.
All but she will be subject, at all times, to inspection by
they are concerned in no other hid than their own.

SP Taymout to be made in Gold or equivalent
in Legal Tenders on the day of payment.
A deposit of 5 per cent. on the amount of the
bids will be required as security that a contract
will be entered into if the bids are accepted.

Contractors to enter into bonds with good and suffleient securities,

All contracts are subject to the approval of the
Department and, Division Commanders.

The right to reject any and all bids is reserved.

47.2w | Chief Quartermaster, depot of the Celumbia.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

47-2w] Chief Quartermaster, depot of the Calumbia.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERSTOFORE EXIST.

ing between J. W. GROOM and A. MORRISON is this day dissolved by mutual consect. All claims against the late firm will be paid by A. MORRISON, who assumed all the liabilities of the late firm of GROOM & MORRISON, and to whom all debts must be paid.

J. W. GROOM,

Witness, W. H. BROWER.

Tucanon, W. T., October 30th, 1867.

47-w4



Great Attraction ! FRANK & WERTHEIMER A RE NOW OPENING AT THEIR OLD STAND, next door to the Post Office, in the City of Walla Walla, the

BEST STOCK OF GOODS ever offered in the Valley, consisting of

CLOTHING THE BEST BEAVER SUITS,

ALL KINDS OF CASIMERE SUITS, THE BEST OF UNDER CLOTHING, LADIES' DRESS GOODS. OF THE LATEST STYLES,

CLOAKS AND HATS FOR LADIES, AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF SHOES, GROCERIES,

of the best quality and variety, HARDWARE,

California Custom Made Boots We mean what we say, and invite the public to all and see for themselves, as we will show our goods

Come Everybody!

MALL KINDS OF GRAIN .. will be ...

TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.

The Highest Price, Paid in Gold Coin, for Wheat, Delivered at the

Store in Walla Walla, or taken on the

FRANK & WIRTMEIMER. WM. KOHLHAUFF,

DEALER IN Goods, Clothing, HATS AND CAPS. BOOTS AND SHOES, GROCERIES, TOBACCO, CROCKERY.

HARDWARE, Wines and Liquors, MINERS' TOOLS,

AND SUPPLIES. Please call and examine my stock, remem ering always that it is no trouble to show Goods.

WM. KOHLHAUFF,
Counce of Main and Third stress,
Wal'a Walla, W.T.

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE BOUGHT THE BLACKSMIPH SHOP, at the corner of Se-cond-and-Address species, Labels, as and L. F. Aber, and having provides themselves with the

MOST IMPROVED TOOLS.

are fully cushed to compete with any shep on the Columbia River, State of Origon or Washington Territory, both i. character of work and their facil-tics for executing contracts.

Orders for any kind of Blacksmithing or Wagon Work, Promtly Attended to.

Our reputation for

HORSE-SHOEING, MULE AND OX-SHOEING,

is well-known to the public.

Grain, Wood, or Charcoal taken in payment work.

LABRAS-HE & TAYLER.
Walla Walla, W. T., Oct 4s F 4, 18s7.

42tf. PLOWS! PLOWS!

By case of 10 cach, or set up. HARROWS, CULTIVATORS, FARE

Miles, (all kinds.) Cider Mills, Hay Cutters,

(all sizes.) FANNING MILLS, (all sizes,)

CORN SHELLERS, double and single, hand or horse power,
WAGONS AND CARTA ogether with a large and full assertment of a

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, all of which will be sold at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES,

J. D. ARTHUR & SON, 45 and California sts., San Francisco

Globe Hotel For Sale A GOOD BARGAIN OFFERED.

PREMIUM FLOUR, CONSTANTLY OR BLSS, at the lowest rates, and Warmarys to is serious to all other brands in the market. Called examine. Also, NEW GOODS of every turier, a WALLA WALLA PRICES. LOCKE & LOSK Milton Mills, Nov 1, 1867. MILTON MILLS.

NOTICE.

DENTIST, OF PORTLAND, OREGON, WILL Devisit Walla Walla soon, for the practice of profession, and will remain but a tew days.

NOTICE.

A LL PERSONS INDERTED TO ME, are recommended to make Immediate Payment to L. CHASE, who is my authorized agent. GEORGE BAGGS.

Walla Walla, W. T., September 15, 1847. 4846

The Latest News from the East! INDIA RUBBER NECK TIES,

for sale by H. WOLFSTEIN Next door to Wells Fargo & Co.'s Expe

Walla Walla Statesman.

FRIDAY EVENING, November 8, 1867.

Wheat. - Oregon wheat is quoted in the San Francisco market at \$2 40@2 50

Portland Market .- Our Portland exchanges quote wheat at \$1@115 per bushel
the latter figure for winter wheat.

LIFE INSURANCE .- Mr. Butler, agent for the Mutual Life Insurance Company," one of the oldest as also the wealthiest Company in the United States, is now at Walla Walla, and is prepared to issue life insurance policies. See

In Bad Odor .- We notice that our business men generally refuse to receive the notes of the First National Bank of Idaho For some reason or other suspicion attaches to the institution, and no body reposes con-fidence in its "promises to pay."

HUGE POTATOES .- A farmer friend, R. P. Steen. living near the foot of the mountains, left at this office in the early part of the week five potatoes the aggregate weight of which was over twenty pounds! They were of the "kidney" variety, and if we mistake not, the largest potatoes on record.

GOOD TEMPLARS.—The following were in stalled as officers of Mountain Gem Lodge, No. 8, W. T., I. O. G. T., Friday evening November. 1st:—G. G. Richardson, W. C. T; Miss Sarah Parrish, W. R. H. S; Miss L. Berry, W. L. H S; Mrs. Annie Stevens, W. V. T; Mr. C. E. Whit ney, W. S; Mr. L. P. Berry, W. F. S; Mrs. F W. Colman, W. T; Wm. Matzger, W. W; Miss L. Derrick, W. D. M; Miss A. Sickler, W. J. G; H. C. Durkee, W. O. G; Rev. 1. Dillop, W. C.

A Faithful Portrait .- One of our largest merchants and most enterprising citizens. says that we put up the "putry-head" Agen of the O. S. N. Company, at Wallula, just right. The fellow might possibly make a respectable dish washer on one of the Company's bouts, but in his present position he is decidedly out of place. Like the monkey, the higher he climbs the more disgraceful

New Stock .- Brown Brothers & Co, of the brick corner, are now opening their fall and winter stock, which includes the latest and most fashionable styles of ladies' and gentlemen's dress goods. The stock was selected by the senior partner, and this fact alone is a sufficient guarantee that they have every thing desirable. Persons desiring to replenish their wardrobe should call at the brick corner.

A Break Down .- For a month or two re-recived our Eastern exchanges, per Overland Mail, with great regularity, and in many justances marvelous dispatch. Ree mily there seems to have been a break somewhere, and for several weeks back our Eastern exchanges have been like ingel's visits, few and far between. If the mail can only be carried two months out of the twelve, it might as well be discontinued.

Paying the Debt in Greenbacks .- A few weeks since Geo. II. Pendleton, the distinguished Ohio statesman, made a speech, in which he recommended that the interest bearing bonds be called in, and greenbacks issued in their stead. For saying this Pendleton has been denounced the length and breadth of the land as a repudiator. More recently Ben. Butler has come out in favor of the same policy, but for doing so he hasn't even been called a "spoon thief."

Auction Sale of Fars .- Mr. Myers, of New York, an extensive manufacturer and dealer in furs, has visited Walla Walla for the jurp se of affording the ladies of this vicinity an opportunity of providing thems selves with sets of furs, made up in the most fashionable style. His goods will be on exhibition, this afternoon, et Judge Baldwin's store, Muin street, near the Express Office. On Saturday afternoon, the whole of this most desirable stock will be sold at auction, thus enabling purchasers to supply them-selves at low rates.

THE LICENSE QUESTION .- As was anticipated, The License Question.—As was anticipated, the County Commissioners, at their meeting on Monday last, decided that applicants for liquor licenses should procure the vignatures of an absolute majority of all the inhabitants (male ad female) living within the boundaries of their Chief deciments had a second or the county of t respective precincts. This decision was based on the fact that the Legislature has failed to insert the word "males" in defining the class of "inhabitants" whose signatures are to be obtained. This lapsus lingue was taken advantage of, and the law held to include equally males and females. A similar construction of the law a relation to elections, in which almost the same indentical terms are used, would give the ballot to females, and thus inaugurate in the Territory the rule of "strong-minded women." Evidently the Legislature never intended to drag Formen into the political arena, or yet into Prise at finding the Commissioners giving this atterpretation to the law. Not satisfied with the ecision of the Commissioners, the applicant for liquor licenses sued out a writ of mandamus ing the Commissioners to appear before Judge Wy the and show cause why they refused to grant licenses to parties who had made application in due form. The case came up for hearing on Wednesday morning, and after able arguments by Messrs. Caton and Mix for the applicants, and Lasater and Dugan for the Commissioners, Judge Wyche rendered the decision which we publish sewhere. At a subsequent meeting the Board reconsidered their action, and adopted a rule equiring applicants for liquor licenses to proture the signatures of a majority of the voters living in the precinct wherein the saloon is loca-This arrangement, as we understand it, is satisfactory to the liquor dealers, and at the same time gives citizensa check upon disorderly

The Pound of Flesh .- The N. Y. World, of murder, were forcibly taken from the jail the organ of August Belmont, and his wing of the democratic party, insists that the Government bonds must be paid in coin, and this too if it exhausts the resources of the country. According to the World, the Shylocks of the bond market are to have their "pound of flesh," even though they draw the life-blood of tax-payers. As long as greenbacks are a legal tender in the pay-ment of all debts, public or private, we think they are good enough for the bond-holders who speculated off their country's misfortunes.

Rain .- The weather for the past day or two in this locality, has been very unsettled. During this period we have had high winds, moderate breezes, "autumnal zephyrs," gales on a lofty scale, mists, a half hour's snow storm (Thursday night), and at the present time—Friday noon—the rain Big Apple.—N. T. Caton, Esq., has left at this

office a big apple which he presents as a specimen of web foot productions. It measures 15 inches iu circumference, and although greatly behind Walla fruit, is creditable to Oregon.

Judge Shattuck, Chief Justice of Ores gon, has resigned his seat on the bench. The vacancy will be filled by Executive ap

EASTERN NEWS.

COMPILED FROM THE DAILY OREGONIAN.

Boston, Oct, 30 -Ex-Gov. Andrew died at 6 o'clock this evening. He remained insensible to the end.

VALLANDIGHAM CLAIMS THE SENATORSHIP. CHICAGO, Oct. 30.—The Times' Cincinna-ti special says Vallandighon claims that he has enough votes pledged to be elected United States Senator from Ohio.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS WITH THE INDIANS Chicago, Oct. 30.—Omaha dispatches say a messenger had arrived from Laramie. Thrity messenger had arrived from Laramie. Thrity six warriors who favored peace, with other head men, promised to be at Laramie on the "10th of November. White Cloud, a Sionx chief sent word to the Government that there is no use of Government sending any more ignorant, men to negotiate with him, but with somebody who understand the Indian operation he will treasure. Indian question he will treat on liberal terms. He don't want to have the Indians

removed to the extreme north

The Indians attempted to throw a train
of the Union Pacific Railroad from the track, but were unsuccessful.

SANTA ANNA SENTENCED TO DEATH.

New York, Oct. 30.—Santa Anna has
seen tried at Vera Cruz and sentenced to death He has petitioned the Supreme Government for mercy.

A SENSATION RUM R. A SENSATION RUM R.
New York, Oct. 30.—The Herald's
Washington special says that several prominent Southerners express the conviction that
a general negro outbreak is imminent. They say nearly every negro in the South is armed and the whites are destitute of the means of defence. The impeachment of the President is believed to be the time for their rising. They urge the President to increase the utilitary force in the South.

THE VIRGINIA ELECTION. Returns are received from all the counties in Virginia but two. The total vote is over 164,000, only 59,000 against the Convension

TREATY WITH THE APACHES AND ARAPA

TREATY WITH THE APACHES AND ARAPA-HOES.

Chicago, Oct. 31.—Dispatches from Medicine Lodge Creek says, a treaty has been made with the Apaches, by which the latter are to go on the same reservation with the Kiowas and Comanches; and to receive \$5 000 yearly, clothing, etc. The Arapa-hoes will make a separate treaty, and with the Apaches, dissolve their former connection with the Clevennes, on account of the tion with the Cleyennes, on account of the latter's hostile attitude toward the white.
All the tribes who held council have agreed to renew friendly relations with the whites, and to return the stolen horses. The Cheyennes had not arrived. They claim to have not yet finished their medicine ceremonies, and ask two days longer, time. The Commissioners will wait till the 28th, when the still hear if the Chymnes do not as they will leave if the Cheyennes do not ar-

rive.

CHARLES DICKENS-WHISKY SEIZURE.

New York, 'Oct. 31.—Charles Dickens gives eighty readings in the United States, the first to commence here on the 9th of

Decomber.
The rectifying shop of the bonded warehonses of S. N. Pike was seized to day.
This firm are the heaviest manufacturers of
whisky in the United States. The amount
of property seized is supposed to be very

FROM SAN DOMINGO.

Havana, Oct. 30.—San Domingo has declared war on Hayti on account of sympathy and assistance rendered to Baez.

INDIAN MATTERS.
Chicago, Nov. 1.—The Cheyennes met the peace Commissioners and signed a treaty reserving the right to the ground between the Arkansas and the South Platte while rame lasts. They want no instructions or reservations, but to live the old way. It is probable there will be peace until May.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Forty-nine clerks have been discharged from the Paymaster General's office, by order of Gen. Grant.

FROM CENTRAL AMERICA. New York, Oct. 30.—Panama papers to the 28d are received. Isaac H Steinberg, an American, was assaulted at Panama by three natives and shot, but not fatally The American Consul demanded the arres of his assassins, and a full investigation howed a deliberate attempt at assassina

war impending in europe.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Minister Dix writes to the State Department that it is the impression of European statesmen that general war in Europe is inevitable. The Roman question is only a pretext on the part of Napoleon to precipitate it.

CHASE AND THE PRESIDENCY.
number of gentlemen are organizing a
nent in favor of Chase for the Presidency.

EXECUTIONS FOR MURDER.
Indianapolis, Nov. 1.—Two men accused

at Franklin, Indiana, lest sight by a mob and conveyed to the woods and hung. Milton White, who murdered Hopps, was hung at Anderson, "Indiana, to-day. He made no confession or speech at the gal-

WEST VIRGINIA ELECTION Wheeling, Nov. 1.—The Intelligencer estimates that the Senate of West Virginia will stand twenty Republicans and two Democrats, and the House about the same as last year—forty-four Republicans to eleven

SEWARD SENDS A MESSAGE TO THE POPE New York, Nov 1.—The Express special says Seward has sent a special message to Rome to offer the Pope an asylum in this country, and hopes are entertained that the mission will be sucessful.

CIVIL RIGHTS IN DELAWARE.

Wilmington, Nov. 1 .- In the Court of General Sessions, two Judges gave an opin-ion that the Civil Rights Bill of Congres, so far as it attempted to regulate the addmis-sion of testimony which was regulated by the laws of the State, is inoperative and void. The opinion was given in regard to the addmission of colored testimony in a case then pending. One Judge dissented.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

Florence, Nov. 1.—The Nazeone of to-day denies that the French have entered Rome. Cialdini commands the Italian army and has entered the Papal territory. The police scized the bureau of the National party headsoized the burean of the National party nead-quarters committee in the city. At last accounts from Rome, Garibaldi remained at Monterotunde with 5,000 men. Paris, Nov. 1.—The Moniteur says Napo-leon has demanded an explanation of Victor

Emanuel why the Italian troops have invaded

Panal territory.

London, Nov. 1.—Allen and four other London, Nov. 1.—Allen and four other prisoners at Manchester have been convicted of murder and sentenced to death. The remaining cases will be tried on Monday, Extraordinary interest is taken in the pro-ceedings. Lord Ross, the celebrated Asronomer, died yesterday.

tronomer, died yesterday.

London, Nov. 1 — Dispa'ches from Florence say the French troops had arrived at Rome. There was no demonstration whatever. The city is quiet. The French were received in profound silence. Garibaldi, whose force is constantly increasing, held a esition on the outskirts of Rome Papal forces are about to move out of their intrenchments and attack him.

Cleanse the Blood. Cleanse the Blood.

With corrupt, disordered or vitiated Bood, you are sick all over. It may be borst out in Pimples Sores or in some active disease, or it may merely keen you lives, depressed and good for mothing. But you cannot have good health while yet blood, it imports so may be some active disease, or in some active disease, or in some active disease, or in some active for a some property of the some property of the some property of the latest the organs of life into vigorous section, restoring the health and expelling disease. Hence it rapidly cures a variety of complaints which are caused by impurity of the blood, such as Serofada, or King! Eril, Tamors, Ulceas, Sors, Emplaints, Pimples Eril, Tamors, Ulceas, Sors, Emplaints, Pimples Blockes, Bank, S. Anthony's Fire, Ross or Ergispless Televa visual theory.

Biolekes, Earla, St. Anthony & Fire, Rose or Experience Felter, or Satt Rhemm, Scalt Hood, Ring, Worm Cancer or Camerous Temore, Sore Eyes, Fennte Disease, such as Relation, Ferrygularity, Suppression Whites, Sterilty, also Sephilis or Venezial Diseases the Comparison, and Rear Diseases. Try Rytak's Agrayarantia. and Rear Diseases the Book and curve utility with which it cleanses the Book and curve the Rear Sephilips.

Agranged the which it cleamses the shood and cures to be supported by the same disorders. During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pertending to give a quut of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have een frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain, title, it any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, butter disappointment has ollowed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself tills which flood the market, until the name itself still we call this compound "Sarsaparilla," and incend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. We think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistable by the ordinary run of the disacces it is intended to cure. We can only assure the ick, that we offer them the best alterative which we now how to produce, and we have reson to believe, for the most official purifier of the blood yet a register of the strength of the streng

scovered by any body.

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL is so universally known o surpass every other remedy for the cure of Cougle Colds, Influenza, Hoarsenees, Croup, Broachitis, In-cident Consumption, and for the relief of Consumption, attents in advanced stages of the discard, that it is seless here to recount the evidence of its virtue The world knows them.

Administrator's Sale.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON,

COUNTY OF WASHINGTON,

COUNTY OF WALLA WALLA.

I THE PROBATE COURT, IN AND FOR SAID

County, In the mitter of the estate of E. W.

Tracy, deceased. In pursuance of an order of the
Probate Court of Walla Walla County, catered on the
18th day of September. 1867, I will offer for sale, to
the highest isider, for each, in coin, on the premisea,
on Trassday, the 12th day of November, 1867, at the
hour of 12 of close. The undivided one-thirt of that,
real and to for ground, with the buildings thereon,
situate on Main street, in the City of Walla Walla,
having twenty six lest in front by a depth between
parallel lines of one hundred and twenty feet long, be
ing part of lot 1, in block 13, and known as the 'Express Building and lot.' At the same, time the remaining two-thirds of said lot will be offered for sale
on like terms.

JASA D, MIX,

43td* Adm* of estate of Tracy and owners* ag t.

PIONEER BRIDGE,

Spokane River.

THE PROPRIETORS of the above named Bridge desire to inform the traveling public, and old patronizers especially, that being thankful for past patronage, they will endeavor to merit a continuance

patronizers especially.

patronizers they will endeavor to inerit a continuative of the same.

The will cross STOCK, TEAMS, &c. CHEAPER than any other Bridge or Ferry on the litver.

GROCERIES, PROVISION as good as post as patronized to GROCERIES, PROVISION STATE will be stocked with the best of WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS, &c. &c. Also, Sherry Cobblers and Iced Drinks, in season, and every thing connected with first class house.

If 6m TIM. LEE & CO.

Register your County Scrip.

Register your county

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all persons, holders or owners of orders on the Treasurer of, walla Walla County, W. T., that unless the same be presented to me for registration, prior to the first day to the first auch scrip or orders. Walla Walla County, W. T., tons uncorrected to me for registration, prior to the first of January, A. D., 1888, that such scrip or or will be forever barred from payment and bee null and void.

County Auditi

Walla Walla, W. T., June 28. 1867.

NOTICE

TO JOHN W. MILES: I shall apply to the Vancoucouver Land Office, on the 27th day of November next, to enter the N 3 of N W 3 and N W 3 of N E 36 of section 33, and 8 W 36 of 8 E 36 of section 28 of Townships, N R 37 east, and on the 22d of November next, at 2 o'clock, r. M., I shall take depositions of witnesses before H. Parker, Notary Public, at his office, in the City of Walla Walla, W. T. Said depositions to be submitted to the Register and Receiver of the aforesaid Land Office, on the day of trial, to show that you have abundoned said Land over six mouths at one time, and thus for effect of your right under the Homestead Act of May 20th, 1862, to said land.

LEVI W. MAUZEY.

Walla Walla, Oct. 18th, 1867.

DR. L. C. KINNEY'S MEDICAL OFFICE.

MAIN STREET, SECOND STORY OF HELmuth's Hall.

44t. NEW STORE.

I. T. REESE. WALLA WALLA, W. T., Importer and Dealer in

General Merchandise.

JUST RECEIVED AND NOW OPENING a very large and carefully assorted stock of

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

LIQUORS, WINES, CROCKEBY AND GLASSWARE. CARPENTERS' AND MINING TOOLS,

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS READY-MADE

CLOTHING &c., &c., &c., δεc.

All Our Goods of the very Best Quality, AND I AM

DETERMINED NOT to be UNDERSOLD:

Grain and every description of Farm Produce taken in exchange for Goods and the highest market price allowed.

1. T. REESE MEAGHER, TAAFFE & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS, Battery Street, near Pine, SAN FRANCISCO.

DRY GOODS Very Low for Cash or APPROVED CREDIT.

A RE OFFERING AT LOW RATES, THEIR very heavy and complete stock of Lipens, Napkins, Towels, scilles Quilts, Pique,

Hosiery, Furnishing Goods,
Linen Sheeting and Shirting,
White Goods, Handkerchiets Embroideries, Laces, Edgings, Suspenders Cravats, Gloves, Combs. Brushes. Buttons, Braids. Stationery, Playing Cards,
Hair Nets, Trimmings, Elastics,

Fancy Goods, Yankee Notions,

AGENTS FOR THE MOUNT VERNON DUCK COMPANY
No. 1 to 10 for SAIL MAKERS.
1 j0 to 12 j 0 for HYDRAULIC PURPOSES.
32 to 64 inches wide for WAGON COVERS, etc.
ORDERS STRICTLY ATTENDED TO.
MEAGHER, TAAFFE & CO.,
SAN FRANCISCO.

Blackfoot & Kootenai.

PACKERS, MINERS AND OTHERS, BOUND for these mining campa can purchase Provisions of All Kinds,

LIQUORS, PROVISIONS, DRY GOODS, Etc., Etc., always on hand.

GRAIN FOR SALE GORAIN FOR SALE:
STABLING, AND HORSE RANCH.
Goods Stored at the rate of \$2 50 per ton, per month.

AT Arrangements made with Merchants and Packers for having their GOODS TEAMED TO THE SPOKANE. Packed from there to the mines either by the Pen d'Oroille Lake or by the Cour d'Alene Pass.

SPOKANE PRAIRIE STORE opposite Lee's Bridge Toll House.

18 tf MANSFIELD & THEODORE.

AMONG THE MOST IMPORTANT MEDICAL DISCOVERIES, STANDS HENLEY'S ROYAL BALSAM.

A S A FAMILY MEDICINE IT IS WELL AND favorably known, relieving thousands from COLDS, COUGHS, BRONCHETIS, WHOOPING

COLDS, COUGHS, BRONCHETIS, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, HOARSENESS, INFLUENZA, and all diseases of the Chest and Lungs. The ROYAL BALSAM has now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is highly recommended, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used; and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction, but on the contrary all are delighted with it and speak in the highest terms of its medical effects. The astonishing efficacy of the ROYAL BALSAM, in curing the diseases for which it is recommended entitles it to the highest rank among the list of medicines, and no family will be without it after once trying it. L. GROSS, ines, and no family will be without it after once rying it.

1. GROSS,

1. Portland, Oregon, Proprietor, and general depot.

Sold by FRED W.COLMAN, Druggist and Apoth-cary, Main street, Walla Walla.

4.5m

ISLAND FERRY!

THE WASTUCKNA ROAD AND FERRY!

THE WASTUCKNA ROAD AND FERRY, the best and shortest route from Walbula to COLVILLE, PEN D'OREILLE LAKE and 3PO-KANE! Saves one day's drive for Trains, and three days' drive for Wagons, over any other Route. Is well supplied with

WATER, WOOD AND GRASS!

And has no bad hills, no mud and no rocks. Mile en set up. DISTANCES.

Spring Branch, Cow Creek,731

WASTUCKNA ROAD & FERRY CO. Wallula W. T., September, 18, 1867. 41-tf Administrator's Notice.

Administrator's Notice.

Notice Is Herrey Given That the Undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of ALBERT HUMPHREY, deceased, by the Probate Court of Walla Walla County, Territory of Washington, and all persons who have claims against said estate are hereby notified to present the same to me, at my residence, in Walla Walla County, aforesaid, within one year of this date, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to immediately call and pay the undersigned.

Oct. 4. 1867. [424w*] J. E. KIRKLAND.

I WISH TO NOTIFY MY CUSTOMERS AND Carriage and Wagon Work! CRETIFIE PER CENT. LOWER than any other Shop in town. I will receive GRAIN from those who have not the ready money. To those who prefer to do their own work, I will sell LUMBER at reduced prices. Don't forget to give me a call. Remember, the RED SHOP, on your right as your cross the Bridge, going northward in DOVELL. S1-tf Main street, Walla Walls.

PRICES STILL LOWER!

S.T-1860-X.

A GREAT may hits are being mode at the Plantation Bitters, by a score or two of disinterested friences who have endeavored to imitate or counterfeit them. Its all of no use. The people won't be imposed upon long. The Plantation Bitters are increasing in use and popularity every day, and is that's what's the matter.' They are in the same sized bottles, and made just as they were at first, and will continue to be, or we shall stop making them. They create a healthy appetite.

They create a healthy appetite.
They are an antidote to change of water and diet. They overcome effects of dissipation and late hours. They surgiften the system and enlives the mind. They prevent missmaths and intermittent fevers. They purify the breath and acidity of the stomach They cure Constipation and Dysepesia. They cure Diarrhea, Cholera and Cholera Morbus. They cure Diarrhea, Cholera and Cholera Morbus. They cure Diarrhea, Cholera and Cholera Morbus. They cure Liver complaint and A Nervous headsche They make his weak strong the languad british and continue to the complaint, constipation and Dysepesia.

They cure did continue the continue of the heart, lack of appetite, distress after eating. Ever complaint, constipation, &c., will find immediate and mothers.

They are sold by all respectable merchants. See that each bottle has our private United States stamp over the cork and steel-plate side label.

Beware of refilied bottles. See that the stamp has not neen tampered with. Any person pretending to sell Plantation Bitters by the gallon is awindler and imposter, should be imposted. Ag'ts for Oregon.

BARNES MAGNOLIA WATER.

A toilet delight! The ladies' treasure and he gen-leman's boon! The "sweetest thing," and largest quantity. Manufactured from the rich Southern laruoila. Used for lathing the face and person, or rader the skin soft and fresh, to prevent crup-toring the skin soft and fresh, to prevent crup-lemant of the skin soft and fresh, to prevent crup-lemant of the skin soft and fresh, to prevent crup-lemant of the skin soft and skin special states of the terms nervous headache and allays inflamation. It cooks softens and adds delicacy to the skin It yields a subdued and lasting perfume. It cures magaulto bites and stings of insects. It contains no material injurious to the skin. It is what every lady should have. Sold every.

It is what every lady should have. Sold every where. Try the Magnolia Water once, and you will use no other Cologne, Perfunery, or Toilet Water afterwards. DEMAS BARNES & CO.,
Props. Exclusive Agents, N. Y
Sold by druggists and dealers on the Pacific Coast

Mustang Liniment.

Have you a hurt child or a lame horse? Use the exican Mustaing Liuliment. For cuts, sprai s, burns, swellings and caked reasts, the Mexican Mustaing Liuliment is a certain

ure. For Rheumatism, neuralgia, stiff joints, stings and ites, there is nothing like the Mexican Mustang niment.

Gor spayined horses, the poll evil, ring bone, and
seeny, the Mexican Mustang Linement never fails.

For wind galls, scratches, big head and splint,
o Mexican Mustang Liniment is worth its weight

in gold.

Cuts, bruises, sprains and swellings, are so a mon and certain to occur in every family, that a tle of this Liniment is the best investment that

the of this Limiment is the best, investment that can be made.

It is more certain that 'Le doctor-it saves time in sending for the do'. r-it is chesper than the in sending for the do'. r-it is chesper than the manner of the sending for the doctor of the sending the left, 'ron dispensed will be sending the sending th

LYON'S FLEA POWDER.

DEATH TO FLEAS.—It is well known that Lyon's genuine Magnetic Powder will perfectly destroy everything in the shape of feas, ticks, bed-bugs, roach, &c.; that it is perfect poison to the insect tribe, but entirely harmoss to the human species and domestic animals. The genuine has the signature of E. Lyon and the private stamp of Demas Barnes & Co. Anything else of this kind is am imitation or counterfeit. Any druggist will procure the geruine, if you insist you will have no otlor.

Lyon's Extract Ginger.

Lyon's Extract Ginger.

Lyon's Extract of Jamaca Gingan.—For Indigestion Hearthurn, Sick Headache, Cholera Morbus, Flattlency, &c., where a warming stimulant is required. Its careful preparation and entire purity nake it a cheap and reliable article for cultinary purposes. Sold everywhere at 50cts, per bottle. Ask for "LYON'S" Pure Extract. Take no other. Cartion.—See that the private U.S., stamp of Domas Barnes & Co. is over the cork of each bottle. None other is genuine.

Lyon's Kathairon.

Lyon's Kattineron.

It is a most delightful Hair Dressing.

It eradicate scurff and dandruff.

It keeps the head cool and clean.

It makes the hair rich, soft and glossy.

It prevents hair turaing gray and falling off.

I restores hair upon prema.urely hald heads.

This is just what Lyon's Kathairon will do

its pretty—it is cheap—durable. It is literally soft

y the oar load, and yet its almost incredible de

land is daily increasing, until there is hardly in

ountry store that ioos not keep it, or a family tha

oes not use it. E. T. LYON, Chemist, N. Y.

Shupe's Photograph Gallery, New Grocery Store!

WALLA WALLA, W.T.

WHERE ARTISTIC AND LIFELINE PICtures are being taken by all the various processes of the art, infinite durbility, and the greatest bildness of outline and beauty of finish.

SUN PEARLS—Excelled, for beauty and brilliancy of expression, and softness and delicacy of tone, by nothing known to the art.

ENAMELED PHOTOGRAPHS—The lates and greatest discovery in photography, rende imperishable and giving the most beautiful and co-plete finish to the picture. Also, the beautiful GEM PICTURE.

Photographs Ambrotypes

pes,
Melainotypes
Steroscopic Pictures
Weathe Taken Equally well in all Kind of Weathe Views and Pictures of deceased persons, taken Short Notice. (3tf.) P. T. SHUPE.

UPPER COLUMBIA RIVER MINES

D. H. FERGUSON, Colville.

D. H. FERGUSON & CO., Pinkney City and old Fort Colville Johbers and Wholesale Dealers in OLOTEIN.G.
DRY GOODS. BOOTS AND SHOES

WINES AND LIQUORS,
Miners' Tools, &c. Pai to Forwarding Goods to
The Upper Columbia.
Dec. 8, 1865.

DR. J. H, DAY,

-DEALER' IN-Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals

AND FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES,

FINE WINES AND BRANDIES, FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES.

BRUSHES AND PERFUMERIES,

Materials for Self-Rising Flour,

Everything kept in a first class drug store.

EXTRACTS,

ESSENTIAL OILS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS. WINDOW;GLASS,

DYE STUFFS. COLORS, &

DR. J. S. CRAIG having taken charge of the Store, respectfully solicits the patronage of his old friends and the public. PHYSICIAN'S PRESCRIPTIONS Carefully com-pounded, and orders answered with care and dis-natch.

our stock of Medicines complete, warranted genu-ine and of the best quality.

Ores, Assayed Correctly and Re-TURNS MADE IN 6 HOURS.

WALLA WALLA FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP !

MANUFACTURE EVERYTHING

CASTINGS, MACHINERY

and to Compete with any Foundry

Particular attention will be paid to all orders from abroad, and to repairing in our line.

Cash paid for old Copper, Brass. Zinc and Cast con. (13-tf) WILLIAM PHILLIPS.

MECHANICS AND BUILDERS!

HAVING ENLARGED AND ADDED

NEW MACHINERY PLANING MILLS

WILL SELL SASHES, DOODS, WINDOW

Frames, and Window Blinds, at greatly reduced prices. For the benefit of those building, I
will keep the following sizes on hand:

SASHES—Sx10, 3x12, 10x12, 10x14, and 10x16,
twice lights.

SASHES—10x14, 12x14, 12x16, and 12x18, eight lights.

lights.
DOORS—four panels, 6-6x2-6, 6-8x2-8, 6-10x2-104
and 7x3.
DOORS—two panels, 6-6x2-6, 6-8x2-8. And will keep a good assortment of WINDOW BLINDS

WILLIAM GLASFORD, Alder street, Walla Walls, W. T. 20-tf

BACON, FLOUR, SYRUP, COFFEE, TEA, SUGAR,

Cranberries, Dried Fruit, All Kinds, Spices, both Ground and Unground,

EVERY VARIETY OF CANNED PRUIT, THE FINEST BRANDS

-0F-

ibs,
h Boards,
Mop Heads,
Baskets,
Baskets,
Else Bankets,
Brooms, and
Brooms, and
Selves,
Feed of all kinf
Ground ay
angre with fire-proof cellar, fo

G. G. RICHARDSON. 12-tf

OF THE LATEST STYLES & PINEST QUALITY,

DRUGS.

AND AN ASSORTMENT OF ALL POPULAR

Farmers and Physicians from the country will find

ASSAY OFFICE. Gold Dust and

Opposite Oriental Hotel, Walla Walla.

Is now in operation and ready to

in the line of

&c., that can be made in Any Shop on the Pacific Coast,

in the country in PRICES, WITH FREIGHT ADDED!

Our Motto is BEST OF WORKMANSHIP, AND LOW PRICES!"

MOTICE

Sash, Door, and Blind Factory,

TO MATCH THE ABOVE SIZES.

All orders promptly attended to.
Plans and Estimates made, and contracts taken n town or country, and all work warranted.

SOMETHING NEW UNDER THE SUN. THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD SAY TO THE Citi-

Candles, Soap, Salt, Soda, SALERATUS, CURRANTS,

NUTS, CANDIES and GREEN FRUIT

Also, a variety of

con an'ly on hand.

A Spacious apartment, with fire-proof cellar storage, on reasonable terms.

Grain, Batter and Eggs taken in Exchurcition.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS,

Walla Walla Statesman.

FRIDAY EVENING, November 8, 1867.

WHOLESOME sentiment is rain, which makes the fields of daily life fresh and

THE storms of adversity are wholesome; cough like snow storms, their drifts are not

IF any one speak ill of thee, consider if e hath truth on his side; and if so, reform nyself—was the wise remark of an old phis NEVER BE IDLE.—We all have enough work to perform. The river of time rolls by without ceasing, and on its bosom we are hastening to the great ocean of eternity.

WITH love, the heart becomes a fair and fertile garden, glowing with sunshine and warm hues, and exhaling sweet odors; but without, it is a bleak deseret, covered with ashes

CHARACTER.—Are you stepping upon the threshold of life? Secure for yourself a good moral character. Without virtue you cannot be respected; without integrity you can never rise to distinction and honor.

RICE BIRD'S NEST PUDDING.—Core six feight nice tart apples, and boil them in a ight syrup flavored with lemon. Boil a upful of well washed rice soft in milk, put n a dish, placing the apples in the midst of it at regular intervals; pour over all the syrup, and bake half an hour.

SOMETIMES one gets along without advertising. Instances are given of pilgrims reaching Mecca on their knees. It is easier, pleasanter, swifter, to travel in the cars. Liberal and discrete advertising puts business on wheels, and renders it active, beneficent to the public, and remunerative to the dealer.

NURSERY APPLE PUDDING.—Grate some stale bread into a buttered dish, strew upon it a layer of sliced or copped apples sprinks led with sngar. Alternate crumbs, apples, and sugar, until the dish is full; then cover with crumbs and some small pieces of butter, moisten with a little milk, put in the oven,

moisten with a little milk, put in the oven, and bake a light brown.

APPLE BREAD.—A very light, pleasant, and healthy bread is made in France by a mixture of apples and flour in the proportion of one-third apple-pulp to two-thirds flour. of one-third apple-pulp to two-thirds flour. The usual quantity of yeast is beaten with flour and the warm pulp of the apples, salt, and a little water. If the apples are sour, a little sugar mixed with them before putting in the flour will be required. It resquires rather longer to rise than ordinary bread, and should be baked and eaten fresh.

PRECAUTIONARY. - The New Orleans Pica PRECAUTIONARY.—The New Orleans Picar yune, of the 28th ultimo, speaking of the negroes voting on that day for the first time, on the question of a Convention, says: There was only one remarkable feature we noticed on the part of the negroes who presented themselves to vote; and that was, each seemthemselves to vote; and that was, each seemed to labor under the impression that the possession of a ston! hickory stick was a necessary concomitant in exercising the right of suffrage; for few Africans could be seen anywhere who did not possess a eudgel of some sort."

How to Prevent Gray Hairs.—When the hair begins to change color, the u-c of the following pomade has a beneficial effect in preventing the disease extending, and has character of even restoring the color of hair in many instances: Lard, four the hair in many instances: Lard, four ounces; spermaceti, four drachms; oxide of bismuth, four drachms. Melt the lard and spermaceti together, and when getting cold stir in the bismuth; to this can be added any bind of reference of the stirled o kind of perfume, according to choice. It should be used whenever the hair requires dressing. It must not be imagined that any good speedily results; it is generally a long time taking place, the change being very gradual.

Women and Ladies.—In the days of our fathers, there were such things to be met with as men and women; but now they are all gone, and in their places a race of gentlemen and ladies—or, to be still more race of ladies and graphymen has refined, a race of ladies and gentlemen has sprung up. Women and girls are among the things that were; but 'ladies' are found everywhere. Mrs. Martineau, wishing to see the women wards in a prison in Tennes See, was answered by the women wards. see the women wards in a prison in Tennes see, was answered by the warden: "We have no ladies here at present, Madam." Now, so far as the ladies are concerned, it was very well that none of them were in prison; but then it sounds a little odd—ladies in prison! It would seem bad enough for women to go to such a place. for women to go to such a place.

VARIEGATED Pound Cake.—Beat to a cream three fourths of a pound of butter and one pound of white sugar. Mix in with them the well-beaten whites of sixteen eggs, and stir in gradually one pound of sifted flour. Flavor with rosewater or lemon. Pulverize one drachm of cochineal, the same Pulverize one drachm of soda, and one capacity of alum, a drachm of soda, and one capacity of the soda, and one capacity of alum, a drachm of soda, and one capacity of alum, a drachm of soda, and one capacity of alum, a drachm of soda, and one capacity of alum, a drachm of soda, and one capacity of alum, a drachm of soda, and one capacity of alum, a drachm of soda, and one capacity of alum, a and stir in gradually one pound of sifted flour. Flavor with rosewater or lemon. Pulverize one drachm of cochineal, the same quantity of alum, a drachm of soda, and one of cream of tartar; pour over them two tablespoonsful of boiling water, and strain through a piece of thin muslin. Incorporate this thoroughly with one eighth of the batthoroughly with one eighth of the bound a layer of pour into a buttered mould a layer of the white batter, and then a thin layer of the rose-colored batter, and proceed thus until all the batter is in. Finally, pass a knife-blade four or five times through the batter. to variegate it finely. This quantity of coloring is sufficient for two pounds of cake

Do THE LADIES IMBIBE?-The papers DO THE LADIES IMBIBE?—The papers are again discussing the intemperate appetites of the New York ladies. Even that gallant old-sheet, the Sanday Times, has followed in the lead of the crusorious Round Tuble, and devoted an editorial to the subject. This animadversion is of little avail, and probably acalled for, though the writerwas reminded of it recently by an occur. was reminded of it recently by an occur-rence at Delmonico's. A party lunching near a window, having disposed of a bounti-ful supply of sparkling Moselle, one of the ladies, instead of leaving by the door, attempt-ed to walk out of the window. ed to walk out of the window. Her escapt drew her back, and, with a flushed face, hurried her away. A gentleman near might have been heard to say: "Poor thing, she isn't well, and needed air; she has taken cold, probably from drinking out of a damp

COUGHING Houses—It is well known that feeding horses on clover hay often makes them cough, but the why and wherefore may not be so generally known. From very extensive observation I have become satisfied that the manner of feeding hay to horses is the cause. The usual custom is to let them draw it through a rack, thus stripping off the fine dust which adheres to the stalk, which being drawn into the lungs in respiration, produce the cough. The cure consists in removing the cause—that is the racks—and allowing the animals to take their food in their natural way. I have removed all of mine, and now feed my horses on the barn floor, having a breastwork sufficiently high for them to eat over. In this way they can be fed hay without raising a dust, they get none under their feet, and the labor of cleaning out the mangers is saved. Whatever is left is easily pushed out with a rake into the yard for the cattle. The dust on the hay will do the horses no harm if taken into the stomach. Since making the improvement above mentioned in my feeding appartus, I am not troubled with coughing horses. There is no patent on my invention; my brethren can use it freely.—Cov. Country Gentleman

"THE CONNECTING LINE."—Barnum's gorrilla is, it would seem, a most dangerous, ferocious and powerful biped. His keeper is compelled to mount guard near his cage constantly, in order to warn visitors to maintain a respectful distance from his clongated arms. Shortly after he had been installed in his new lock-up, the animal took advantage of the incautious proximity of his keeper, to seize him by the arm, which he would have wrenched from its socket, so great is his strength, had not the keeper suddenly dropped to the floor, thus leaving the man-monkey with only the coat, which he at once tore into a thousand shreds. the man-monkey with only the coat, which he at once tore into a thousand shreds. This gorrilla stands over five feet high, and is, for prudential reasons, attached to a chain with a resistant power equal to six thousand pounds, so formidable is his muscular strength. It is said that Barnum paid \$8,000 for the beast in Africa, and that in appearance it presauts a far nearer approach to the human animal than any specimen of the simious tribe ever seen in this country.

It is chiefly in the warm, bright period of middle-life that we live for others; like the sun, whose morning and evening rays pass over the object which are illuminated by its midday beams.

WE find in friendship the assurance of good advice, the emulation of good example participation in sorrow, help in time of need, and without being sought, waited for, or

WIRE ROPE Galvanized and Ungalvanized,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FOR

Hoisting from Shafts and Inclines, Winding Ropes Flat and Round,

Guy Ropes for Derricks, Fall Ropes, of Steel, for Derricks, Power Ropes, for Conveying Pow-

er to Distance. Ferry Ropes, for Swing and Flying

Ferries, and for various other purposes, being Stronger, Lighter, More Du-

rable and Cheaper THAN ANY OTHER KIND OF ROPE.

WIRE ROPE IS NOT AFFECTED BY ATMOS V pheric changes; is spliced in the same manner Hemp Rope, and manufactured in any length of v size.

nv size.

Smitable Blocks and Sheeves for Perry and Derick-Fall Ropes supplied. Steel Rope sures Materick-Fall Ropes surplied. Steel Rope sures Material y in Freight, being only one third the weight of themp not ceptual strength.

Prices and Scale of Strength, Weight and Size forwarded free on application to manufacturers.

A. S HALLIDIE & CO, 412 Clay Street, San Francisco.

As We are Sole Agents for R. S. Newall, & Co. the well known Wire Rope makers, of Catchead-on Tyne, and have a full assortment of their ropes or hand.

45 cm

Sheriff's Sale.

Sheriff's Sale.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON.
COUNTY OF WASHINGTON.
TO THE PROPERTY OF WASHINGTON.

TO STATE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED out
Of the District COURT. First Judicial District, W.
T., and to me directed, in favor of FRED. STINE
and against J.S. RUCKEL, I have levided on the rollowing described real property to-wit: Lot No.
two (2; in block No. three (3) on the south side of
Rose street, in the City of Walla Walla, W. T., recordea and described in the city book of deeds of
said city of Walla Walla, W. T., together with the
improvements thereon to sately said execution and
costs. Notice is hereby given that I will sell the
above described property to the highest bidder for
lawful money of the United States, on Monday, the
Ordod, P. M., of said day. Sale to take pace at the
door of the Court House, in the city of Walla Walla,
W. T. A. SEITEL, Shorriff Walla Walla Co., W. T.

TOMB STONE SHOPL

TOMB-STONE SHOP! THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform the citizens of Walla Walla and vicinity, that he are received a fine lot of

CE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that I have this bought the Steek and Store lately owned pied by LOUPE & DANNENBAUM, and you the

BUSINESS OF MERCHANDISTNO at the old stand. The custom of the friends of t late firm, as well as all others, is respectfully s licited.

hicited.

A LL THOSE, Knowing themselves inacebted to the late firm of LOUPE & DANNENBAUM either by note or book account, are hereby requested to call and settle immediately, or the papers will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

Walla Walla, July 27, 1867.

834f

NOTICE

SHEREBY GIVEN T-IAT W. G. LANGFORD
Is the owner of ALL DEBTS use the late firm of
LASATER & LANGFORD, from the 7th of Septem
ter, 1843, to the 22d day of February. 1867, and all
persons will actitude heave with W. G. LANGFORD,
but will have a set off against the same to the extent
of any demand they may have against LASATER or
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DESTRUCTION OF THE OF THE OF THE OF THE
W. G. LANGFORD,
Walla Walla, W. T., Oct. 12th, 1867.

44-1m.

Wain Walla, W. T., Oct. 12th, 18cr. 44-1m.

NOTICE:

ALL PEISONS knowing themselves indebted to the firm of PRANK & WELTHEIMER are notefied to come forward and make seitlement, on or before the 15th September. All accounts remeising unsettled after that date will be not in the hands of an officer for cellection. Grain taken in payment 35-1f FRANK & WERTHEMER.

Vegetable Pain Killer.

Taken Internally, Cures Sudden Colds, conghs, &c., weak stomach, general debility, nursing sore mouth, canker. liver complaint, dyspepsia or indigestion, cramp or pain in the stomach, bowle complaint, painters colic, Asiatic cholera, diarricosa

Taken Externally, Cures Felons, Boils

The PAIN KILLER is by universal consent

or best advertisement. The Ingredients which enter into The Ingredients which enter into Ara Killers, being purely vegetable render perfectly safe and efficacious remedy internall relias for external application, when used according to the control of the contro Ingredients which enter into the

washing in a little alcohol.

This Medicine, justly celebrated for the care of ac many of the afflictions incident to the human family, has now been twenty years, and has found its way the public over twenty years, and has found its way the corner of the world; and whenever it is used, the same opinion is expressed of its real medical properties.

properties.
In any attack where prompt action upon

A PAIN KILLER it is, in truth, a Family Medicine, and should be kept in every family for immediate use. Persons traveling should always have a bottle of this remedy with them. It is not unfrequently the case that persons are atracked with disease and before medical aid can be procured the patient is beyond the hope of recovery. Captains of vessels should always supply themselves with a few bottles of this remedy, before leaving port, as by doing so they will be in possession of an invitable remedy to resort to in case of accident or sudden attacks of sickness. It has been used in

SEVERE CASES OF CHOLERA never has failed in a single case, where it was nighly applied on the first appearance of the mptoms.
To those who have so long used and proved the nerits of our article, we will say that we will continue to prepare our PAIN KILLER of the best and purenterials, and that it shall be in every way worthy the continue to the continue and th

PERRY DAVIS VEGETABLE PAIN-KILLER

THE PAIN KILLER is equally applicable and efficacious to young or old

THE PAIN RILLER is both an Internal and External Remedy.

THE PAIN KILLER should be

THE PAIN KILLER-Don't fail to keep it in the house ready for use

THE PAIN KILLER Is good for Sprains and Bruises. Try it.

THE PAIN KILLER cures the Toothache.

THE PAIN KILLER

THE PAIN KILLER Will cure Chilblains.

THE PAIN KILLER
Will cure Cholera Morbus.

THE PAIN KILLER
Will cure Dyspensia

THE PAIN KILLER
Is the Great Family Medicine of the ag

THE PAIN KILLER
Can be bought of your Druggist or Grocer.

THE PAIN KILLER Will cure Painter's Colic.

THE PAIN KILLER
Is good for Scalds and Burns.

THE PAIN KILLER
Has the Verdict of the People n its favor.

THE PAIN KILLER Gives Universal Satisfaction

THE PAIN KILLER—
Beware of Instations and Counterfeits.

THE PAIN KILLER

Is almost certain cure for CHOLERA, and has, without doubt, been more successful in enring this terrible disease, tian any other known remedy, or even the most Eminent or Skifful Physicians. In India, Africa, and China, where this dreadful disease is over more or less prevalent, the PAIN KILLER is considered, by the natives, as well as European residents in those climates, A SUEE REMEDY.

THE PAIN KILLER—each Bottle is wrapped with full directions for its use.

THE PAIN KILLER is sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Fam.ly Medicines

PERRY DAVIS & SON,

Proprietors, High street. Provider

380 St. Paul street, Montreal, Canada East.

41] 17 Southampon Row, London, Eng. [5m Divorce Notice.

Divorce Notice.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON. S S.
COUNTY of WASHINGTON. S S.
ELLEN TERRY, Plaintiff, et. WH. J. TERRY, Defendan.

In the District Cert, First Judicial District.

TO WH. J. TERRY: You are hereby notified that LELEN TERRY has filed a complaint against you L. raid. The terry of the court, which shad commence more than two months after the 11th day of the other, 1867; and unless you appear and answer the same will be taken as confessed, and the practice of the dissolution of the bonds of matrimony existing between Plaintiff and Defendan, and the disposition of the two children of Plaintiff and Defendant. And you are further notified that the Plaintiff will apply to the lion. J. E. Wyche. Judge of the District, for the relief prayed for in said complaint, after the expiration of thirty days after the 11th day of December. 1897. Complaint filed (beloop ?th 1897. 43 m. J. L. LASATER. Atty for Plaintiff.

TBRRITORY OF WASHI NOTONS.

TBRRITORY OF WASHI NOTONS.

In Justice's Court. Sievens County, W. T., M.

HUDSON BAY CO. Plaintiff, es. JAMES McKE.

TO JAMES McKVOR. You are hereby, notified to be neard on the 18th of this notice, and noles you appear to be neard on the 18th of this notice, and noles you appear to be no eard on the 18th of the next on the next of the next hereof granted. The object and payer of said complaint is to recover the sum of one hundred dollars for goods purchased by you.

Complaint filed October 14th, 1867.

October 18th, 1867.

BROWN BRO'S & CO., 1867.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

GROCERIES

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c. &c.,

FIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDING.

CORNER OF MAIN AND THIRD STREETS,

WALLA WALLA, W. T.

We call the especial attention of Merchants, Packers and Miners to our very large stock of Goods selected especially for the Mining Trade.

CLOTHING.

D. & J. and ATKINSON'S SHIRTS

Silk, Shaker Flannel and Merino

Undershirts and Drawers

HARDWARE. Shovels, Spades, Sluice-Forks, and

Brushes,
WRIGHT'S PICKS, HUNT'S AXES,
(With and without Handles)

PICKS and HANDLES, SLEDGES, CROW BARS.

WHIP SAWS, ROCKER IRONS; C MINING AND FRYING-PANS, Nails,

BLASTING POWDER and Sufety Fuse, Quicksilver, &c,

PACKER'S OUTFITTING

WESTERN HOTEL.

CORNER OF FIRST AND MORRISON STREETS, PORTLAN

S. D. SMITH, Proprietor. S. D. SMITTH, Propressor.

THIS HOTEL, during the last two months, has been entirely repainted, refitted and enlarged by an addition of a number of new rooms, and the proprietor in new able to effer additional inducements to the patrons of the house, and also solicit increased patronage from the traveling public.

Especial attention is called to his Surris of Rooms.

Especial attention is called to his Scits of Rooms, and arrangements for the accommodation of families. The RE-TAURANT is under his immediate supervision, assisted by experts in the art cut sine, and he flatters himself now able to gratify the tastes and wishes of all. **a**Hotol open at all hours.

Portland, May 26, '65.

R. F. FORD & CO.,

-DEALERS IN-

Fine Wines and Liquors,

ALES AND PORTERS,

Lyon's

CALIFORNIA ALE

R. F. FORD & CO.

A RETHE AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF THIS

Celebrated Ale, and will have a supply on
hand at all times, and at prices that cannot fail to be
satisfactory.

Hodge, Calef & Co., IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,

WINDOW GLASS, Brushes, Painters' Materials, &c., &c. 97 Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON. LIVERY AND FEED STABLE. RAVELERS AND FARMERS— LOOK FOR

JOSEPH HANCOCK

Livery and Feed Stable, Main and Fifth streets, Walla Walla, W Horses Kept Cheaper!

HORSES AND MULES FOR SALE! HORSES AND MULES FOR SALE!

Also, SADDLE HOKSES TO HIRE.

Travelers and Parmers, you will find every accommodation at this Stable. A good Shed and Yard for Wagoners. Give Hancock a call, and satisfy yourself of the fact that it is THE BEST STABLE in the city. JOSEPH HANCOCK, Proprietor.

Walla Walla, Sept. 5, 1866.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

In the Matter of the Copartnership of Johnson & Bessette. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been duly authorised by order of the Probate Court of Walk Wala Connoty, to settle up the copartnership business of the late firm. All persons ladebted to said firm are required to come forward and settle. All persons having claims against said firm are required to present the same, properly verified, within one year from date, or be forever barred.

Walla Walla, Angust 9, 1867.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

In the Matter of the Estate of Isaac Kellogd, deceased: Notice is hereby given that ANN KELLOGG, the Administrative of the estate of Isaac Kellogd, the Administrative of the estate of Isaac Kellogd. Geceased, has rendered for small settlement, her account of the administration of said estate, and that FEIDAY, the 20th dag of September, being a day of said term, to wit: a special adjourned term of the July term, 1867, at 110 clock, a.w., at the Court Room of said Court, in the City of Walla Walla, has been duly appointed by the Judge of said Court for settlement of the same, at which time and place sil persons interested will appear and show cause why said account should not be allowed.

H. M. OHASE, Probate Judge.

August 30, 1867. NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.

Coats, Pants, Vests, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Soap, Candles. APPLES, PEACHES, PRUNES, PEPPER AND SPICES.

GROCERIES.

WOOLEN SHIRTS, BURRANTS, RAISINS,

Soda, Cream Tartar, Yeast Powders, Cuse and Canned Goods,

FLOUR, BACON FEANS AND LARD.

All the genuine brands of WHISKY; A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF WINES, Gin, Rum, Alcohol. Pure Spirits, &c.

LIQUORS

Tobacco and Cigars. CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE Carpeting, Oil Cloths and Matting,

A LARGE STOCK OF LEATHER AND GOODS

Kept Constantly on Hand BROWN BRO'S & CO.



DRUGGIST & CHEMIST,
Sign of the Eagle and Mortar, Main et., Walla Walla.
W OULD respectfully invite the attention of the
public to his new and Extensive Stock, con
sisting of a complete assument of
DRUGS,
PATENT MEDICINES,
PATENT MEDICINES,
PATENT MEDICINES,

FANCY ARTICLES

Hair, Tooth, Nail and Flesh Brushes Oil Lamps, Lamp Chimneys, Shades, Paints.

PAINT AND VARNISH BRUSHES, WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY. And in fact, everything appertaining to a First Clas

Drug Store.

Strict personal attention paid to putting upre-criptions at all hours of the day and night.

Sept. 1, 1865

WALLA WALLA HE AL HA DE DE W PROVISION STORE.

REDUCTION IN PRICES! Main st., 3 doors above Brown Bro's Store. O. BRECHTEL,

BREAD, PILOT BREAD, CAKES, Crackers of all Kinds, Family Greceries, Confectioneries,

MERCHANTS, PACKERS and others in want of CRACKERS to ship to the mines will find it to their advantage to call on me before going elsewhere. as I will sell them

Cheaper than they can be Imported As I have machinery for manufacturing them I can fill orders on short notice. A supply kept constantl, on hand, Bread, Crackers and Cakes will be sold at re-duced prices, and promptly delivered to any part of

the cfty.

Customers will please ca'l at the Bakery and state
where they will have their bread left.

The wagen will go 'round the city every morning
and afternoon.

Sep. 29, 1865

NOTICE TO ABSENT DEFENDANT.

MOTICE TO ABSENT DEFENDANT.
TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON.

COUNTY OF WASHINGTON.

In the District Court, First Judicial District.
W. J. TOMPKINS.

Se. CHARLES GRANE.
TO CHARLES CKANE: You are bereby notified that W. J. Tompkins has filled a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the Court, which shall commence more than two months after the 8th day of August, 1867, and unless you appear at said term the prayer, the same will be then as confessed and the same of the same will be then as confessed and for said complaint is to recover judgment against you for said complaint is to recover judgment against you for such complaints is to recover judgment against you for the sum of \$808 16-100. being \$183 16-100, upon a promissory note, executed by you July 9th, 1864, in favor of said Plaintiff, and the sum of \$400 rent, for the use and occupation of certain premises in said county, hired to you for ten months, beginning Reptember 18th, 1864, and ending July 19th, 1865.

Complaint filed August 8, 1867.

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

1867. PRIVATE MEDICAL AID. QUICK CURES AND MODERATE CHARGES.

W. K. DOHERTY'S

PRIVATE MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE, Sacramento Street,

Below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office,
(Private entrance on Leidesdorff street,)
SAN FRANCISCO. Established Expressly to Afford the Afficied Seand and Scientific Medical Aid, in the Treatment and Cure of all Frivate and Chronic Diseases, Cases of Secrecy, and all Sexual Disorders.

and all Sexual Disorders.

To the Afflicted.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY returns his sincre thanks to his numerous patients for their patrocage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that continues to consult at his Institute for the case, and the state of the continues to consult at his Institute for the case, and the state of the case, and the state of selfabuse, Generations, Gleen's discussion, Seeminal Weakness and all his forms and stages, Seminal Weakness and all his forms and stages of selfabuse, Generations, General bounding of selfabuse of the Bades and Dimension of the Bades and Dimension of the Bades and Dimension of the Bades and Edition in Administration of the Bades and States, and the state of the state

To Females.

When a female is in trouble, or afflicted with disease, as weekness in the back and limits, pain in the head, dimness of sight, loss of muscular power, as platton at the heart, itriability, nervotation, at terms uninary difficulties, derangement of digestic functions, general debility, vaginitis, all great distances of the womb, hysteria, sterility, and all other diseases peculiar to females, they should go or write the state to the celebrated remale dostor, W. K. DOIERITY, at to the work of the state of the consult him about their troubles and disease. The Doctor is effecting more cares than any other physical in the State of California. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but asply immediately and save yourself from painful sufficiency and premature death. All married ladies, whose delicate health or other circumstances prevent an increase in their families, should write or call at increase in their families, should write or call at localization of the circumstances prevent an increase in their families, should write or call at Declor's differs are so arranged that he can be consulted without test of observation. To Correspondents.

To Correspondents.

Patients residing in any part or the State, however distant, who may desire the opinion and advice of DR. I OHERTY on their respective cases, and who hink proper to arbuit a written statement of such, in preference to holding a porsonal interview, as respectfully assured that their or municiations will be held most secret. DR. DOHERTY takes this opening the secret that all letters are only opening and experience of the secret that all enters are only opening and the secret that the secret that some spreaches. If the claims of and the latter is soon as possible. If the claims of and the latter is soon as possible. If the claims of an additional content of the case itself including the resedice), will be forwarded without thay, and in safe claims of the claim of the content of the case itself including the resedice), will be forwarded without thay, and in safe a manner as to convey no idea of the purport of letter or parcel so transmitted. PR. DOPERTY has just publish

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French Medical Office. DR. JULIEN PERRAULT, Doctor of Medicine of the Paculty of Paris, Graduate of the University Queen's College, and Physician of the St. John Baptiste Society of San Francisco.

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Dr. Perracter has pleasure to inform patients and others seeking confidential medical advice, that is can be consulted daily at his office, Armory Ital building. North-East corner Montgomers and Section mento streets, San Francisco. Recoms No. 9, 10, 11 first floor, up stairs, cutrance on either Montgomers of Section Section of the College of the Section Se

dreams, melaucholy, sighing, pa-jutations, laining coughs and stow fover, white some have executed freumatic pain, and nambness of the box for the control of the property of

Female Monthly Pills Femrale Monthly Fills.

DR. PERRAULT is the only agent in California for Dr. Bror's Female Monthly Fills. Their immense sale has established their reputation as a female remerse for supersection and irregularities. and other obstructions in females. On the receipt of supersection of the sent by mail or express on any part of the world, secure from curiosity or damage.

any part of the world, secure from colors y adPersons at a distance can be cured at home, by adPersons at a distance can be cured at home, by adressing a lttle to Dr. Perratur, corner of Sacramento and Montgomery streets, Rooms 10 and 11, or
Box 973, P. O. San Francisco, stating the case as
minutely as possible, general habits of living, occupation, etc., etc.
All communications confidential.

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COUNTY SCRIP--For sale in sums to suit-