

M. Villard Answers.

In his answer to the Judiciary committee, Mr. Villard said as follows:

The committee will hardly expect an answer to the fact that a large portion of the property is held in trust...

What Newspaper Men are Saying.

Ninety-six in the editorial room of the Yakima Herald. The grain crop is an average one in that region.

Yakima has 600 inhabitants. A July stage runs between that city and The Dalles. Wanda's N. P. R. R. engineering party are at work on the upper Yakima.

Over the Narrow Gauge.

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On the morning of the hottest of the season, the editor of the Statesman accepted the long-standing invitation of Dr. D. S. Baker, and reported himself to the superintendent of the Mill Creek Manufacturing Company's railroad...

County Commissioners.

At their meeting this morning the Commissioners made the following appointments of inspectors and judges for the ensuing term:

- North Walla Walla--J. H. Smith, Inspector; R. E. Rosen, F. W. Fane, Judges. South Walla Walla--J. D. Loman, Inspector; N. T. Cason, J. N. Hill, Judges.

The Road to Pendleton.

As to the need of the proposed road between this city and Pendleton there ought no longer be any doubt.

A traffic survey, shows both the quantitative and qualitative analysis of the resources of the district, and an approximate amount of transportation, and all this appears to be wholly satisfactory.

The Question of Reduction.

While the STATESMAN does not question either the honesty or the motives of the County Commissioners, it does think, for several reasons, that the decision to entertain the proposal of Mr. Chase, in behalf of the O. R. & N. Company, for a reduction on the assessed valuation of the roads in this county, is ill advised.

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Music and Poetry in School.

In the primary schools of Germany the pupils are taught to sing and recite poetry. A correspondent of the Boston Journal describes what he saw and heard while visiting one of these schools.

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Political Anatomy.

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Another Candidate.

Two facts in the history of the Democratic party in this Territory ought to be known to party managers, and it is a great mistake to act from the premises that lawyers and professional men are alone entitled to represent the interests of this people at the Capitol of the Nation.

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Editorial Spinners.

It cost me \$2,000 to get Beady out of his office, and I did it because he outcrawled me. I don't give him enough of the spoils--D.D.S.

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Collision on the Northern Pacific.

On Tuesday about noon when 5 miles from Riverville, an extra train going to the front collided with a gravel train, slightly injuring one engine and two or three cars connected with the latter.

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Reduction of Tax Levy.

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Another Item of Interest to Settlers.

The following bill is of so much general interest to settlers that we give it in full:

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A Little of Everything.

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Advice on a Delicate Subject.

To the editor of the Commercial: To decide a long, please answer this question on my paper. Which is the most correct way to ask a young lady to take your arm, and which arm is to offer?

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Death From Over-Study.

The Philadelphia papers are making a local item of the death of a young lady, from over-study.

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Municipal Finances.

Elsewhere in today's STATESMAN will be found the report of the Finance Committee of the City Council, as submitted to that body last evening, and it is of a character to cause no little uneasiness among our taxpayers. The STATESMAN has but one general criticism to make, and that is, it is lacking in the aggressiveness which should have characterized the Finance Committee. The STATESMAN is aware that upon this point there was a discussion in the committee, and that the conservative member would not agree to go with the chairman; hence, the report does not go far enough, as far as was demanded by the circumstances of the case.

The Delegateship.

During the past week we have very thoroughly canvassed for the dominant sentiment of this part of Eastern Washington, with reference to the Delegateship, and are fully convinced that the STATESMAN has been reflecting it, in its advocacy, of a business man for the position, that man to come from Eastern Washington. As we have heretofore said, there is scarcely anything of a political nature in the question of the Delegateship, and as the Democrats, without a large vote from the Independents and Republicans, cannot expect to send a Delegate to Congress from this side of the mountains, the Republicans of Eastern Washington have only to nominate a man of this character to insure his election.

As a democratic paper we do not think the STATESMAN should become an apologist for overlooking the combination above mentioned. As we have said, we do not recognize any question of a political nature in this Delegateship-demanding radical partnership. The Delegate has no vote, can only expect to influence the members of Congress through the efforts made before a committee. Eastern Washington stands greatly in need of the Delegate; he is ours by right, and we can secure his election if, as we have said, some business man, of classic whose business ability and general character, the people have entire confidence. If this plan is not adopted at the primaries and at our county conventions, and more party spirit is allowed to control, the result is a division and certain defeat.

Editorial Spinings.

For 1884 the New York Sun presents this: For President: CHESTER ALLAN ARBUTHNOT, of New York. For Vice President: JOHN JAMES DOUGLAS, of Kansas. Platform—No Robbery; no looting. With one exception, every candidate for the Delegateship so far mentioned is a professional man. Let our farmer friends and business men attend the primaries and select such representatives as will vote for a business man for the delegate nominee.

The STATESMAN of last last and evermore in favor of having a candidate for Delegate who is simply known as plain Mr. Businessman. The Committee on the Judiciary, in their report on the Northern Pacific land grant case with this sentence: "We can conceive of no legislation which would hasten the completion of the road, and therefore recommend none."

Under date of August 10th Gov. Newell of this Territory, telegraphs from New York for Breitt: "The prospects for an early admission of Washington Territory as a State are highly satisfactory. It is not likely that in New York anything definite about the matter could be learned. But then that is as good a place as any to elector for Breitts."

The uniform law of Democratic as well as Republican national conventions has been to respect the instructions of the several States as to the manner in which their delegations should vote. Under such a law no divided vote would be received. Apply the rule by nominating an Eastern Washington business man for Delegate, and let every delegate to the convention go instructed to stand on that issue.

Outside Newspaper Chat. The editor of the Seattle Herald was taken with a violent spasm the other day and exclaimed: "The day is not far distant when Washington will arise in her might like a young giantess and throw off once and for ever, this gross incubus of Oregon injustice which has so long fettered her limbs." The "gross incubus" must be a sort of garter. Perhaps the editor was obliged to "throw off" a smothering to make seven lines to fill up with, and "incubus" was the last thing presenting.

On the question of Delegate the Argus says: "We are among those who believe that the nomination ought by right to be made west of the mountains this time, the east having had it two times. The lower Sound republicans are about a unit in favor of Dr. Minor, on the ground that he is the ablest representative man among available candidates, and because no one is opposing him. Indeed he will have a much larger following in the convention, if his name is presented, than any other candidate from Western Washington."

The three institutes to be held at Spokane Falls Aug. 15, Seattle Aug. 29, and Salem, Oregon, Aug. 21, and return them to Seattle, involving a trip of 1400 miles—a little over two cents a mile.

J. P. Stewart, of Fuyallup, has picked 7000 pounds of berries from one acre of his ground. He realized \$600 from this sale.

A \$10,000 fare was opened in Walla Walla a few days ago.—Portland Standard.

You've short three 000.

The Suez Canal.

The Isthmus canal, the work of M. de Lesseps, now a leading cause of the Anglo-Egyptian embroilment, was begun in 1859 and opened to ships on November 17, 1869, in presence of the Empress Eugenie and the representatives of other sovereign powers. The idea of the canal was not a new one. Sesostris Pharaoh Necho, the Romans, and the Arabians always entertained it. Their plan, however, was simply to unite the Nile and the Red sea, the Mediterranean route being unthought of. In 1799 the line across the isthmus was surveyed by Napoleon I., but the engineer (La Perre) never reported a difference in the level between the two seas, the project fell through, and was not revived till M. Ferdinand de Lesseps took it up, and undaunted by all adverse criticisms, obtained a permit from Said Pasha to begin operations. A company—La Compagnie Universelle—was formed in 1859 with a capital of \$8,000,000—200,000,000 francs—ultimately increased to \$18,000,000—450,000,000 francs. The Mediterranean debouchment was at Port Said, then a miserable Arab village, built in a dreary, and waste. The termination of the canal at Suez on the Red sea, twenty years ago a most miserable place, but now a prosperous and populous seaport town with more than 5,000 inhabitants. The length of the canal is 96 miles; its breadth at the top from about 200 to 225 feet, at the bottom 72 feet, and its depth 26 feet; the banks sloping upward in the proportion of from 2 feet to 1 foot, up to within 5 feet of the surface, and thence as 5 to 1, the latter slope allowing the waves of passing vessels as they are towed, or as they steam along at the rate of about six miles an hour, to break on the banks as smoothly as on a sea beach.

The engineering difficulties encountered were not few. The excavations on the canal amounted to 100,000,000 cubic yards. These were chiefly made by the aid of steam dredges of peculiar construction, some of which are 75 horse-power, 110 feet in length, and \$20,000 each. For the greater part of the distance the dredgings were through a treacherous, dry, sandy plain; in some sections, as at El Guisar, about one-quarter of the distance eastward, the cuttings were over eight feet thick through rock of peculiarly hard texture. The solid embankments are from 5 to 60 feet in thickness. At Port Said have been constructed two enormous jetties, which extend 6,940 feet and 6,920 feet into the Mediterranean, and inclose a harbor of about 4.0 acres in area, with a depth in the ship channel of from 25 to 28 feet. In the construction of these jetties huge blocks of concrete were used, weighing 22 tons each. The distance saved by the canal in the journey to India is nearly half that by the Cape of Good Hope—that is to say, while from the English channel to Point de Galle, in Ceylon, by the latter route is 11,650 miles, by the Suez canal it is 6,516 miles, the only addition to the passenger fares being \$4.41 a head, and the same amount per ton for freight.

The traffic through the canal since the opening, in 1869, on which occasion 130 vessels passed through free of toll, has vastly increased. In 1870, up to July 21, 403 ships had made use of it, of which only 12 were sailing vessels, and by the end of the first year 496 ships had traversed its course, with a gross tonnage of 486,000 tons; in 1869 the number of vessels was 1,477, with 3,236,000 tons; in 1880 the number was 2,727 vessels and 3,791,000 tons, 76 per cent of which flow the British flag.

England's stake in the canal, besides its importance to her as a route to India and Australia, is no small one, when it is remembered that in November, 1865, Mr. Disraeli, on the part of the government, acquired by purchase shares to the amount of \$4,000,000. Now, though the dividend on the total receipts of \$2,187,048 (after deducting working expenses, interest redemption of obligations, providing 5 per cent. on the statutory reserve, leaving a net profit of \$987,131) is 5 per cent. per share. England receives nothing from the earnings up to 1874; but she receives from the Kueave 5 per cent. on the purchase money of her shares. She has nominated three competent men of the directorate, and has a thoroughly controlling interest. Of these members two watch all financial matters and attend the monthly meetings of the board; the third is a resident director and a member of the managing committee. These gentlemen report constantly to her majesty's government all matters affecting either the financial or the general interests of England. They have great weight upon the board, and are treated with uniform consideration by the other directors. They report that the traffic can and will be doubled, and toward bringing this about the board requests from the shareholders the necessary powers to enable them to re-invest in more frequent intervals successive issues of obligations to extend over a period of twenty-seven years. To show the importance which others attached to England's interest in the canal may be quoted a despatch of M. Barthelemy St. Hilaire, who said that England furnished nearly all the customs, and that the canal was the indispensable route which placed her in communication with that incomparable colony of 250,000,000 subjects which she possessed in India.

The Jeannette Tragedy. The Commercial Washington special says: "To many the published story of an investigation into the loss of the Jeannette and into the conduct of her officers was received with ill-concealed surprise. The mention of 'official investigation' always snatches of neglected duty and carelessness. But to those who have had any insight at all into the subject, the investigation has been regarded as simply an inevitable conclusion. When Danenhower and Newcomb returned home, everyone expected a full, clear and unvarnished narrative of the Jeannette. But, singular as it may seem, beyond indulging in mere generalities, these gen-

tle men were silent. It was surmised then that there was a hidden something. Facts, however, have leaked out in driplets that go to prove that the most bitter jealousy existed on board the unfortunate vessel from the time that she left port, and that the feeling augmented instead of diminished. The officers seem to have divided up into cliques. Captain De Long and Melville formed one, Danenhower and Dunbar another, while Chapp, the executive officer, seems to have stood aloft from all, minded his own business, and devoted the time not given to his duties to scientific research.

Collins, the correspondent, and one of Mr. Bennett's pet men, appears to have been singularly persecuted, if all accounts be true. When he was selected for the expedition, it was claimed that the arrangement was made by which the notes he took should be put into book form, and that he was to derive any and all benefit accruing from its publication. The arrangement is claimed to have been one of the fatalities that blocked out so many of De Long's calculations. The story goes that as soon as the vessel struck the ice, Captain De Long demanded Collins' notes. The journalist refused to surrender them. A scene followed, which resulted in Collins being placed under arrest. His shotgun was taken from him, and from that time on Collins was not allowed to carry his gun, and was subject to all the humiliations and indignities of a regular prisoner. When the retreat was begun he was forced to walk behind the sleds, instead of aiding the others in their toilsome and arduous work. The question has often been asked, "Why was Collins not sent on with Nevis and Niderman to seek relief?" He was one of the strongest, most rugged men in the party, and what was more to the purpose, fairly understood the language of the country. On all other expeditions the correspondents have been invariably selected for this sort of work. But Collins was retained with De Long. For what object? Even then had he been allowed to carry his shotgun from the ship, had De Long allowed any of the men to have taken their guns when the retreat began, sustenance could have been maintained by shooting parmagin, which De Long mentions as seeming at different times in abundance. Any one who read Danenhower's story attentively could not fail to observe that Melville was assigned to all the duties where any particular glory was to be derived. In truth the idea of "favoritism" so firmly created, that a naval officer broached a question containing that point to Danenhower, whose reply was, "That he would defend Melville until he reached this side of the Atlantic." Further than this Danenhower declined to speak. The same officer is reported to have said that Newcomb has used language very similar in effect. It is not expected here that the investigation will begin until Melville returns home. Certain Congressmen, who at first was not inclined to favor an outly consequence upon such a step, have learned so much within a fortnight as to be as eager for an investigation now as they were opposed to it then.

Another Invention for Farmers. A correspondent writing from Salem to the Oregonian says: "W. H. Parrish, after nearly twenty years' labor, has not so far perfected a reaper and thresher combined, as a warrant its success, and is daily giving practical demonstrations that himself, with the assistance of one man and six horses, is performing the work of the customary force of 14 men and 21 horses. The machine is now running as a mechanical structure, is crude and in many ways imperfect, the perfection being such as may easily be overcome by the ingenuity of skilled workmen in wood and iron. The machine weighs probably in the neighborhood of 3,000 pounds, and with six good farm horses and two men, from 15 to 18 acres can be cut, threshed and sacked every twelve hours. It can be adjusted to suit the speed of any team, and can be run fast or slow at the will of the operator. The machine now used by Mr. Parrish cuts an 8-foot swath, but they can be made narrower or wider to suit the fancy of the purchaser. One would naturally expect to see an ungainly, cumbersome monstrosity in that which it is claimed will successfully perform the work of the header and thresher combined. It is not, however, and looks little more cumbersome than an ordinary header, and like it, is pushed ahead of the horses. One man or a boy finds occupation in driving the team, while another can with ease attend to the proper adjustment of the machinery while in operation, hang and take off the sacks of threshed wheat, tip and throw them to one side to be picked up at leisure. The wheat comes from the machine as clean and free from foreign substance as it does from the ordinary thresher, and the kernels are successfully separated from the chaff, which is left scattered on the field in the wake of the machine. It apparently works to a charm, and the inventor is this year perfectly satisfied with its practicability, after his many improvements on the original plan of twelve years ago. He claims that he can cut and thresh the grain at an expense of but 25 cents per acre, while the cost is from \$3 to \$4 per acre under the present system. With the machine now in use by him he is cutting and threshing about eight acres per day, the crop turning out about 35 bushels to the acre. He is, however, taking things leisurely, stopping several times every round to explain its workings to inquisitive visitors who are interested in its movements and visit the field in great numbers to witness its operation. The machine can be manufactured and sold at a cost of probably about \$100 per foot of swath. All who have seen it are enthusiastic in its praise, and the inventor takes great pleasure in explaining and showing its workings to all who may feel an interest in it."

There are 497 public fountains and troughs in London, which, it is estimated, supply water for 250,000,000 drinkers annually. The daily consumption of water in London is about 100,000,000 gallons.

August Gregory, eighteen years of age, sneaked into the bedroom of his mother in a Denver hotel, and took \$4,800 from under her pillow, but was speedily caught.

J. C. Housen, Director of the Brunsels Observatory, has arrived in San Antonio, Texas, to prepare to observe the transit of Venus in December.

MARRIED. In this city, Aug. 13, 1882, by J. D. Laman, J. P. G. L. Weston and Lucy J. James. All of Umatilla county.

BORN. In this city, Aug. 14th, to the wife of J. Bauer, a son.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure. This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., N. Y.

BETTER THAN GOLD. CALIFORNIA FRUIT SALT. A Pleasant and Efficacious Remedy.

IF YOU HAVE ABUSED YOURSELF. Slaven's Fruit Salt. By over-indulgence in eating or drinking; by sick or nervous headache; dizziness of the eye, and by feverish tenesmy, night-sweats and sleeplessness, by all means use Slaven's Fruit Salt.

KIDNEY-WORT IS A SURE CURE for all diseases of the Kidneys and LIVER. It has a special action on the most important organs, enabling it to remove all impurities and restore the healthy secretion of the bile, and by keeping the bowels in free condition, effecting its regular discharge.

CENTAUR LINIMENT always Cures and never Disappoints. The world's greatest Pain-Reliever for Man and Beast. Cheap, quick and reliable.

PITCHER'S CASTORIA is not Narcotic. Children grow fat upon Mothers like, and Physicians recommend CASTORIA. It regulates the Bowels, cures Wind Colic, allays Feverishness, and destroys Worms.

WEI DE MEYER'S CATARRH Cure, a Constitutional Antidote for this terrible malady, by Absorption. The most Important Discovery since Vaccinations. Other remedies may relieve Catarrh, this cures at any stage before Consumption sets in.

SCHOOL BOOKS. JOHN B. LEWIS, Educational Bookseller, No. 15 Main Street.

HAS A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF SCHOOL AND COLLEGE TEXT BOOKS. Used in Washington Territory and the State of Oregon.

THOMAS' CELEBRATED BLACK INK. For School and Office use. Orders from the country receive prompt attention.

Job Printing! To Merchants and Business Men: The Statesman Job Room is the best equipped printing office in the country tributary to Walla Walla, in number of founts of type, presses and machinery, and stock of printing stationery and paper.

If you are doing business in an adjacent town, instead of sending your orders for office stationery to Portland or San Francisco (or having it "botched" at home), send them to us at Walla Walla, where the work can be done as well, as cheap, and in much less time than at either of the above places.

We carry a large stock of first class printers' stationery, thus giving patrons a line to choose from in ordering letter and note papers, bill and statement heads, circulars, cards, envelopes, hand bills, and posters.

We also can print all kinds of blanks (ruled or unruled) as well as they can be done below. Give us a call, or write for estimates. Address: F. J. Parker, Walla Walla, W. T.

"Statesman" Office, THIRD STREET, Walla Walla. KNIGHT'S PATENT DROVER STIRRUPS.

LAND SHAVED HICKORY WHIP STOCKS. R. SHERLOCK, Agent. Wholesale and Retail Dealer in HARNES, SADDLERY, SADDLERY HARDWARE.

WM. JONES, Dealer in Farm Machinery. AGENT FOR Hand-string Traction Engines, Gears, Scott & Co's Gold Medal Separators, Woodbury's and Pitt's Powers, Walker A. Wood's Mowers, Reapers, and Twine Binders, Sulky and Revolving Rakes, Browne Gang and Sulky Plows, LaBelle Wagons.

WALLA WALLA. NOTICE. U. S. LAND OFFICE. WALLA WALLA, W. T., August 12, 1882. Complaint being entered at this office by Mary E. Shunkwyler against William Shunkwyler for abandoning his Homestead Entry No. 1592, dated January 22, 1880, upon the S 1/4 NW 1/4 and N 1/4 SW 1/4 Section 34, Township 10 North, Range 20 East, in Walla Walla county, W. T., with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 4th day of October, 1882, at 10 o'clock A. M., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said abandoned Homestead.



ON OR ABOUT SEPTEMBER I DOHENY & MARUM Will remove to the vast establishment now being erected for them on Main street, just above the Post-Office.

DOHENY & MARUM Propose to enter their new building with new goods only. Not a vestige of their old stock will be carried away from their present establishment. Summer Goods of every description will be swept away alike regardless of their cost or present value.

That's Our Motto Now. ON MONDAY, JULY 17, We shall inaugurate a REMOVAL SALE, On a magnitude which rarely falls to the lot of the public of any city to witness.

No Old Goods to be Carried from our Present Store. We shall make reductions in the price of goods, which, under any other circumstances, would seem madness. The public knows that our goods are all fresh and desirable of this season's importation, and the public also know that our prices are lower than any other establishment in this city, but in the next forty days all former prices will be ignored.

The Goods are in our way; we need them no longer; We will not carry a dollars worth of our present stock into our new building. That's Our Irrevocable Purpose.

We propose to enter our new building with an entirely new and elegantly selected stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES. Removal and other sales have been so often advertised in this city that the public look with suspicion on all announcements of this city, but the American public are sufficiently intelligent not to confound every random statement with a genuine announcement, for which substantial reasons are given.

Goods Sold Only for Cash. We are well aware that we lose considerable money in this sale; we look on that as an inevitable fact, yet we deliberately accept the situation, as we know exactly what we are doing. Our programme now is to dispose of all the goods we have at present on hand and when the people have seen the prices at which we are offering most staple and desirable goods; we don't apprehend any delay on that score. ONE PRICE. ALL GOODS MARKED IN PLAIN FIGURES. The public know the meaning of this system; it requires no silvered language to sell them that human understanding can suggest no more upright method than this. Goods Sold Only for Cash. That's the lever of low prices, and on Monday next we will be ready to prove to the people of Walla Walla the truth of the assertions we have made. DOHENY & MARUM, CORNER MAIN & SECOND STREETS, Walla Walla, W. T.

TOWN AND COUNTRY

From the Daily Herald. The first of the new crop of wheat... From the Daily Herald. The first of the new crop of wheat...

The Action of the County Commissioners. We doubt if any other public nature... The monthly expense would then be \$317.50...

Walla Walla, Aug. 15, 1882. Present - Mayor McNeill, Commissioners... Minutes read and approved.

The monthly expense would then be \$317.50 and the question, can this amount be further lessened without impairing the efficiency of the city government...

Whit's Rolland. Two or three weeks ago the Cheney Sisters endeavored to saddle Walla Walla society with the immorality of Milton. Here is another chance...

Republican County Convention. The Republicans of Walla Walla County are resolved to meet at the prospective precincts on Wednesday, August 23, 1882...

GREAT REDUCTION! We have this day reduced the price of our entire stock of SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS! TRIMMINGS, DOLMANS, ULSTERS, PARASOLS, FANS. GLOVES, HOSIERY, NECKWARE, MEN AND BOYS LINEN SUITS, SUMMER HATS, ETC.



Abdulhamid II, Sultan of Turkey, has been the occupant of that position for five and six years. He succeeded his brother Murad, who was deposed on account of his incapacity.

Weekly Statesman. PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY. FRANK J. PARKER, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER. SATURDAY, AUGUST 19, 1882.

TOWN AND COUNTRY. From the Daily Friday. Republican primaries are called for the 22d of this month.

REES, WINANS & CO. NEW RAILROAD TOWNS. DR. LIEBIG'S RESTORED MANHOOD.

SALE OF LOTS! THE OREGON IMPROVEMENT CO. Are now ready to sell lots in the towns of Prescott and Endicott.

Palouse Country. And desired to become the important town of that section.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a powerful purgative and a most valuable medicine.

THOMAS QUINN, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER. ADDED, BRIDLES, HARNESS, ETC.

DR. JORDON & CO., MUSEUM OF ANATOMY, 121 Market Street, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

NO MORE DYSPEPSIA. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. BEST TONIC IN USE.

DR. SPINNEY, No. 11 Kearney St., San Francisco. Treats all Special and Chronic Diseases.

30 DAYS TRIAL. DR. DYER'S VOLTAGE BELT. BEFORE - AND - AFTER.

FOR SALE. TWO FINE FARMS. The Cate farm, about eight miles from Walla Walla, containing 240 acres.

IMPORTANT. To Intending Settlers. GOOD LANDS! ALMOST FOR THE ASKING.

PARKER & McCARTY, Real Estate and INSURANCE AGENTS.

DOOLEY & KIRKMAN, PROPRIETORS OF THE PIONEER MARKET.

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Table with 4 columns: Station, Time, Station, Time. Shows routes between Walla Walla and various points.

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STRAINED. From George Lamm's, near Dr. Bradley's. A large brown bear was shot on Mt. Adams.

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