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Walla Walla Statesman. VOL XV.--NO. 26. WALLA WALLA, W. T., SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1876. \$4 00 PER YEAR.

Weekly Statesman. PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING. Has the Largest Circulation. THE OLDEST PAPER IN WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

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TO Farmers and Merchants! NO COMBINATION! The undersigned having purchased REESE'S MILL, will at all times have on hand Flour, Middlings, and Bran.

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IRON AND STEEL. BUILDING & SADDLERY MATERIALS, AGRICULTURAL MACHINES.

General Merchandise. JOHN E. BINGHAM, M. D. (U. S. ARMY) PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. JOHN E. BINGHAM, M. D. (U. S. ARMY) OFFICE - Next door to Dr. Day's New Drug Store, Walla Walla.

ABOUT THE CENTENNIAL. What they are doing in the City of Brotherly Love - The Centennial Buildings - Foreign Nations Represented - The Sunday Opening Question - Victoria Wood-hull and Tennie - The Whipping Post in Delaware - Jottings.

THE VISITOR ON HIS HALF DOLLAR, passes through one of the groups of the tourists, which registers his name, and himself in a great grassy quadrangle, with the main building upon the right and machinery Hall upon the left.

THE MAIN BUILDING. This stupendous structure is located along the southern border of the exhibition grounds, extending east and west 1888 feet in length and north and south 464 feet in height.

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refused the Academy of Music here some weeks ago, and she is quite indignant about it, but says that in addition to doing the centennial she is determined to "hire a hall" in which to air her eloquence, and tell what she knows about the relations of the sexes.

THE WHIPPING POST. Eleven men were publicly whipped at New Castle, Delaware, last Saturday, with the cat-o-nine-tails. Two were white men and the balance negroes.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER. WASHINGTON, D. C., May 16, 1876. EDITOR STATESMAN: Gen. Winfield Scott Hancock, a possible candidate for the Presidency, on the democratic ticket, was a brave and dashing officer during the war, whose magnificent presence, as he rode along the line of battle, reassured the most timid, and on many an occasion, was instrumental to our victory.

THE PRESIDENT. The organ of the White Horse Ring boldly announces that the republicans expect to elect the next President, because it will be impossible, on account of sectional differences, for the democratic party to elect a President.

AGRICULTURAL HALL. This building is located on a commanding elevation near the northern extremity of the triangular plot forming the exhibition grounds.

THE FAVORITE AT CINCINNATI - The Indianapolis Journal, the organ of Senator Morton, claims at least two hundred votes for that statesman on the first ballot in the Cincinnati convention; and on the second it predicts he will receive a large accession of strength from Pennsylvania, Ohio and other States.

FOR REFERENCES - The terms of twenty-five United States Senators will expire on the 4th of March next. Following is their classification politically: Republicans - Clayton, Arkansas; Logan, Illinois; Wright, Iowa; Harvey, Kansas; West, Louisiana; Merrill, Maine; Boutwell, Massachusetts; Ferry, Michigan; Windom, Minnesota; Alger, Mississippi; Hitchcock, Nebraska; Allen, New Jersey; Anthony, Rhode Island; Robertson, South Carolina; Hamilton, Texas; Howe, Wisconsin.

NOT A STRONG CANDIDATE - The recent political victory obtained in the Ohio State convention by Governor William H. Allen has caused some of his friends to urge his nomination for the Presidency.

THE PRINCE OF WALES AS A ZOOLOGIST. The Prince of Wales improved his time while in India by collecting together a museum of wild animals. He brought home with him to England two musk deer, three thars, a manis, three adult ostriches, four elephants, five tigers, three leopards, sixteen Injapan pheasants, more than twenty parrots and other pheasants, fruit pigeons, peacocks, etc.

A Wheat Competitor. A few years since Russia was regarded as probable to prove a formidable competitor to the United States in supplying the English markets with wheat.

KEELY'S MOTOR. Vapor which Oozes through Gun Metal - Fuel and Heat Dispensed With. A San reporter paid a visit to the machine shop of Messrs. Sergeant & Chillingworth, in this city, where one of the Keely motor generators is being made.

GOOD BREAD. How it may be made - The Vienna Process. One of the most practical and useful works which has recently emanated from the government printing office, at Washington, is Prof. E. N. Horsford's report on the subject of Vienna bread.

THE MASS OF DOUGH, being left quiet for two hours and a half, becomes a smooth tenacious pulp mass, of yellowish color, which yields to induration without rupture and is elastic.

THE MONITOR OF HORSE - The Philadelphia Times says that John W. Keely, the inventor of the new motor which is to monopolize the production of force, appears to be on the verge of success, and that he is more sanguine than ever.

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TO ADVERTISERS.—The Walla Walla Statesman has a much larger circulation than any other paper published in the Territory of Washington, and hence offers superior inducements to advertisers who would reach the very best class of paying customers.

PRESIDENTIAL TICKETS.—Judging from the tone of the Eastern papers that reach the Statesman office, the nomination of Tilden by the St. Louis convention may be regarded as a foregone conclusion. The adoption of a soft money platform by the Ohio democrats has effectually squelched Thurman, whose prospects were previously good. Hendricks, of Indiana, is too much of a trimmer for the times, besides, out of his own State, he has no considerable following. Bayard, of Delaware, has exhibited considerable strength, but his location is bad, and hailing from a pocket State, his nomination can scarcely be regarded as among the possibilities. In all the list of candidates Tilden's is the one sole name that stands out prominently and gives assurance of success. All of the aspirants have points of merit, but Tilden has so identified himself with the reform spirit of the age that to place any one else at the head of a ticket pledged to reform would seem very much like mockery.

On the republican side, the attempt to buy up Pennsylvania in the interest of Conkling seems to have reacted on its originators, and instead of setting New York's favorite son forward it has given him a very decided set backwards. Brewster is by all odds the strongest man with the people, but the politicians and ring managers are all opposed to him, and judging by the virulence they exhibit in assailing him, it really looks as though they would prefer defeat rather than his nomination and election. Morton is regarded as the life and embodiment of whatever is bad and objectionable in the administration, and having the sins of Grant and all the corruption of the party on his back, he appears to be hopelessly laid on the shelf. The discomfiture of these leaders of the radical party, leaves the field apparently clear for Blaine, who in the light of the latest news, seems to have the nomination at his command. With Tilden as the leader of the democratic hosts, and Blaine to marshal the routed and discomfited republicans, the results can scarce be a matter of doubt. A democratic triumph is assured, and with it a restoration of the honesty and purity that characterized the early and better days of the republic.

BOSU.—A correspondent of the Olympia Courier claims that Jacobs has done more for Washington territory than any other delegate since the days of I. I. Stevens. "Comparisons are always odious," but in this instance the comparison is simply ridiculous. The common remark is, that Jacobs has done less than any man that has preceded him in the office of delegate. The only legislation for this immediate section of country is the Colfax land office, and in looking over the debate on the passage of the bill we are unable to find where the delegate said a single word in favor of the measure. His attention has mainly been confined to peddling out petty appointments to office, and even in this field he has not been remarkably successful. In the matter of the delegate election, we take very little interest. Heretofore the delegate ship has been mainly run in the interest of the Sound counties, and if that section of the territory desires the return of Judge Jacobs, we are satisfied; but when it comes to comparing a small mousing politician with a great statesman like I. I. Stevens, we must be pardoned for placing upon record our dissent.

STRAVE is not a candidate for delegate. Struve's modesty is something remarkable; he modestly withdrew from the army—so modest that he actually disappeared between two days, and now his excess of modesty leads him to withdraw from the contest for the delegateship. We greatly fear that Struve's modesty will induce him to withdraw entirely from public life. Struve should remember that every man owes something to his country. Brother Bowen was expelled, but he went out reiterating all he had ever charged against Mr. Beecher. His last words were "The end is not yet." By the by Brother Bowen may be induced, as a measure of self protection, to give his bottom facts.

THE EXCITEMENT in the East increases. Every one is talking of war. And yet, the cloud may blow over, as it has done hundreds of times before. Europe is constantly on the edge of war, and almost as constantly slipping away from it. DON. CAMERON hesitates about taking a place in Grant's Cabinet. He fears that the association may damage his character.

BLAINE OF MAINE seems to be in a bad way. This time it is \$25,000 of North Pacific Railroad stock that he is supposed to have got away with. The charge is a little muddled, but where there is so much smoke people will reasonably conclude there is some fire. Even this last charge is too much for that staunch republican paper, the N. Y. Times, to swallow. Referring to Blaine's letter of explanation, the Times says:

The opinion in political circles concerning Blaine's remarkable letter on the subject of the sale of a lot of Northern Pacific stock, turns so much on the effect it is likely to have on his nomination as on the effect it may have on his election if he is nominated; whether we like it or not we cannot shut our eyes to the fact that our candidate this year must be of peculiar strength to command the full party vote. Considerable of that vote will be withheld from any candidate open to suspicion of having been connected, directly or indirectly, with subversive railway, especially when the candidate has been in a position to be influenced in his political action by such connection. This being the case, what will be the effect of the Blaine-Fisher letter on doubtful voters? In our opinion it is likely to be injurious, if not fatal to his success as a candidate. If it should be followed by other similar publications, with the same degree of plausibility, or with like evidence of Blaine's own standard of financial morals, it would take a very bad nomination at St. Louis to elect him.

AT WORK IN THE SOUTH.—The grounds on which the democrats hope for success in the coming Presidential contest is the carrying of all the Southern States except South Carolina. The electoral votes of these States are as follows:

Table with 2 columns: State and Electoral Votes. Total: 138. Of these, leaving out South Carolina, they expect to carry 131 votes. Counting Colorado's 3 votes, the whole number in the electoral college is 369, and necessary to a election, 185. Should they get, therefore, the 131 votes relied upon from the South, they will need 54 more from the free States, and these they hope to receive from the East or West, according to the prevailing opinions of the different factions.

HON. J. R. DOOLITTLE, late United States Senator from Wisconsin, and one of the ablest orators of the Northwest, delivered an excellent address to the graduating class of the law school of Washington University St. Louis, on the 15th. His theme was the relations of the Federal and State Governments. According to the report of the address in the St. Louis journals, Mr. Doolittle is of the opinion that both Governments are sovereign, each within a prescribed sphere, each being a limited sovereignty. Mr. Doolittle declares that our form of Government is not a confederacy of States, nor a centralized despotism; it is a confederate republic—the only form of government under which a nation may become both great and free. He is equally opposed to centralism and secessionism, arguing that both lead to the same conclusion in logic, and both would end in the same result in practice.

THE AMERICAN LEAGUE, an association of religious fanatics, was recently organized in Philadelphia, in which 21 States were represented by two delegates from the Grand Council of each State, and a national committee was appointed to call a national conference, to meet at Philadelphia, on the 10th of July, to act upon the nominations for President and Vice President. A former major general of volunteers was elected grand president of the council, and a delegation was appointed to attend the Cincinnati and St. Louis conventions in the interest of the League. An address was delivered by a prominent ex-governor of one of the States. It was resolved to issue an address calling upon all Americans to vote in favor of Americans ruling America, and for the Bible in the public schools without compromise.

THE IMPEACHMENT CONSULTATION.—The debate on the question of jurisdiction in the Belknap case still continues in secret session in the National Senate. Some of the ablest lawyers of the Senate have spoken on the subject in favor of jurisdiction, among them Senators Edmunds of Vermont, and Thurman and Sherman of Ohio. The speech of Edmunds is represented as one of the strongest arguments of his life; and his legal opinions are considered of such authority in the Senate that it was the general opinion after he spoke that the vote of the Senate when reached would be largely in favor of jurisdiction in the case.

RETURNING TO OLD PRICES.—The success in numerical attendance at the centennial exposition is not such as was expected by Philadelphia landlords. This was shown by the Girard House, five days after the opening, reducing its price to \$3.50 a day, the old regular rate. The vast crowd of European visitors expected has not come. And with the enlarged preparations for entertaining guests, high rates cannot be adhered to longer. This is an improvement on Vienna, at least to the visitors.

PRINCE BISMARCK received an address recently from some tradesmen, complaining of the dullness of trade. In reply the Prince wrote a terse letter, saying that he was not a white better off, that the produce of his estates sold only at unremunerative prices, and concluded by exhorting his fellow sufferers to patriotic patience in expectation of better days.

QUITE A REDUCTION.—Mr. Taft was not long in the war Department, but he seems to have employed his time to a good account during the brief period that he continued as its Secretary. His estimate of expenses for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1877, in which there is a reduction of over \$5,000,000, and which is said to receive the concurrence of the army officers, is something to his credit—that is, presuming the expenses to be kept within the limit of his figures. In this reduction a million of dollars is saved in clothing for the soldiers. The plan hereafter to be adopted is simple, and will completely do away with "moth exterminators." It is, to purchase the clothing when there is a demand for it, and do away with the system of keeping a large supply on hand. The Secretary is correct in his statement that the manufacturing capacity of the country is now sufficient by ample to insure the filling of an order for clothing at short notice. Woolen and cotton mills are found in many of the States, at wide distances apart, so that there will be little difficulty in obtaining the goods at short notice, without the necessity of any great distance of transportation.

THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION at St. Louis will be composed of 798 members, the call for the convention having provided that "each State will be entitled to a representative equal to double the number of its Senators and Representatives in the Congress of the United States, and the Territory of Colorado, whose admission in July as a State will give it a vote in the next Electoral College, is also invited to send delegates to the convention." This call, it will be observed, does not extend an invitation, as the republican call does, to the other territories to send delegates.

UNCERTAIN.—The resolution of the Illinois republican State convention on the currency gave forth an uncertain sound. "The republican party" the convention says, "has given the country the best paper currency ever devised, and it is deemed unwise to return to the paper currency in use before the war." From this it would seem that the Illinois republicans are pretty well satisfied with greenbacks, and contemplate without apprehension the postponement of the day fixed for specie resumption.

TOO BAD.—Ladies will be especially sad over the fact that a disagreement with the Custom-House officers has debarred the ex-positon from a wonderful collection of diamonds from Brazil. The Brazilian commissioner had brought on a display, estimated to be worth \$3,000,000; but the Custom house would not let them through without a bond of twice their value, to prevent sales, and as the commissioner would not or could not consent to this, the pretty stones were sent home again.

ANTI TAMMANY JOURNAL.—The Anti Tammany leaders have resolved upon having a newspaper organ, in order to counteract the influence of the *Ex. press*. It is proposed to raise \$500,000 by the 1st of August for that purpose, John Morrissey having subscribed \$25,000 to begin with, and others are giving it an equally good send-off. Although it is to be started irrespective of the Presidential campaign, it is intimated that governor Tilden and his friends may take a hand in it.

ANOTHER WRECK.—Cramer's committee has again brought down a man who has heretofore stood high in popular estimation. This time it is Speaker Kerr, of whom a man named Harvey, former door-keeper of the House of Representatives, testifies that he paid \$4500 to secure the appointment of one A. P. Green as a lieutenant in the army. This transaction was in 1866, at which time Kerr was a member of the House from Indiana. Witness swears positively to the fact and unless his testimony can be impeached, Speaker Kerr may as well prepare to "step down and out."

BOISE TRICKS.—The following items from the Boise Statesman of May 30th: Boise city is to have fire-works on the 4th of July, when a grand demonstration is promised. Flower diggings which are thought to be quite extensive have been discovered lately on Smoky creek, in Alturas county. The diggings as far as prospect pay from \$6 to \$7 per day to the hand. Moses, Baxter, Joe Newton and Joe Jones have just started for the new mines. Oregon John and Crate Russell, formerly in the butchering business in this city, are already there.

The telegraph brings the sad intelligence of the suicide of Mr. J. P. Mikkelson, at Silver city, on Sunday, the 28th inst. He resided in Siskiyou county, California, in 1866, and went to North Idaho on the discovery of the Oro Fino mines in 1863, and from there came to Boise Basin in 1863, where he remained about two years, then he removed to Silver City, where he has resided ever since. Mr. Mikkelson was Past Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Masons of this territory.

GERMANY stands third among the countries of the world in the proportion of railway mileage to square miles of area. Belgium is the first, with a ratio of 1 to 6; Great Britain comes next, a ratio of 1 to 7, and Germany fills the third place with a ratio of 1 to 16; but, even then, Germany is before France, Italy, and the Netherlands.

The children of the Cumberland Presbyterian Sunday school will to-day have a picnic.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, May 26, 1876. The long debate in the Senate over the question of jurisdiction in the Belknap case indicates the political sympathy well directed to it here. It is pretty well understood that the House of Representatives, in pressing the claim of jurisdiction, is looking beyond the Senate, and that the Senate will be obliged to misconduct itself if the effort is out of office then it is said that Williams, Delano, Sawyer, Richardson, Douglas and many others will be investigated. In this event the work of investigation will be pushed ahead in all directions.

THE HOUSE OF THE S. F. MONEY DEMOCRATS. The result of the Ohio convention may make trouble here, as it has been generally encouraged to soft money democrats, who had of late given up their hopes and appeared contented to fall into the ranks. Some of them now take a split in the party unless they are allowed to rule. This spirit will probably make itself felt in the House and cause renewed attempts to repeal the resumption act, and to bring forward legislation looking toward inflation. But the hard money democrats are not discouraged. They seem to stand by their principles, and say that to give life to the inflation sentiment would be to give the election to the republicans overwhelmingly, and that, if they are to be beaten, they prefer to die with honor, and to be regarded as the basis of Mr. Allen and the inflation crowd. They admit that the Allen movement will lose Indiana to the democratic party, and that it may cost the chances of success; but the Eastern democrats count on the whole South, New York, New Jersey and enough other States to carry the election. Among Western and Northwestern States which Mr. Tilden could not, they say, look for a rearward element of the democratic programme is undoubtedly necessary. At the same time Western democrats are more and more corresponding to their loyalty for the Union, who seems to be regarded by many of them with great bitterness.

THE LOUISIANA TWO BELS. Governor Kellogg appears to have heard some painful truths from the President in one of his attempts to get federal interference in Louisiana. Gen. Grant told him, it is reported, that if he were at his post in New Orleans and discharging his duties, instead of being here asking for troops, he would be able to preserve the peace; that he had abundant means and authority to maintain the law and put down disorders without getting the U. S. military authorities into complications with State affairs. The President smiled with some reluctance that he was tired of being annoyed with Louisiana affairs and did not want to be perplexed with them any more, and he hoped Governor Kellogg would attend to his duties as executive officer of the State. These remarks are reported to have caused Louisiana democrats, and are thought to have been the cause of the half dozen officers of Louisiana who are spending their time here.

THE NATAL INVESTIGATION. The more one examines the huge mass of testimony given before the House Naval Committee the stronger becomes the conviction that the days of Mr. George M. Robeson as a Cabinet officer, are numbered. The administration can scarcely venture to have public notice by retaining in its councils a man whose official career shows so many ugly and suspicious blemishes. The case of the *Catfish*, as developed by the testimony of a nature calculated to call down public opprobrium on every one connected with it. The firm of A. G. Tuttle & Co. appears to have discovered a species of *Catfish* which the Navy desired, and they have no time in working it for their own benefit. The commission received from various naval contractors; the intimate relations existing between Secretary Robeson and the firm, and the queer system of bookkeeping, apparently designed to cover up the tracks and hide such nefarious transactions from the eyes of all who investigate, all have a very grave influence on the position of the Secretary before the country. A Judge from Camden, N. J., and another from Philadelphia, who received money for electioneering purposes from Mr. Robeson, and also that he succeeded in getting a claim for \$100,000 from the War Department, in respect to time, made out lists of men to be employed at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, and in regard to further action on his part in procuring appointments his memory was very fresh. He admitted that he was asked or appointed before Mr. Robeson made Secretary of the Navy, Judge Stratton replied:

"No, sir; I presume we never should have had applications from our side of the river but from the Secretary's side. I remember that he had encouraged every ship-carrier, laborer, painter or cooper, and all of that description of employes, to try to get into my yard."

Mr. Resdler W. Dayton drew pay as a timber inspector in Florida, while he was living in New Jersey most of the time. He was appointed through Camden influence.

Mr. Russell, a pay inspector in the navy, showed that, in the absence of the department in an advertising list in a giving notice to people to compete, except to those who have the article advertised for, on the spot, in which case there can be very little competition.

In addition to the matters already developed by the Naval Committee in the course of their inquiries into the bank accounts of Secretary Robeson, it appears that up to the failure of Jay Cooke & Co., in this city, in September, 1873, his total deposits of money with that firm were over \$500,000, and that since the failure his deposits with Messrs. Rice & Co., of whom he transferred his account, amount to \$100,000.

GENERAL HANCOCK FAVORED BY SOUTHERN DEMOCRATS. Within a day or two quite a strong feeling has been manifested among Southern democrats in favor of the nomination of General Hancock. A suggestive proposition for the future is being put out in the appointment of General Meade as Secretary of War should a democratic President be elected.—N. Y. Herald.

THERE is a new sensation in the Singer belt case. A will of five years later date than that whose validity has lately been disputed, has just been discovered, in England. It is also ascertained that the English widow was married to Singer under an assumed name, which renders the ceremony void under the English law. The *Sun* says:

In the contest of the will in December, Mr. Charles O'Connor was advisory counsel for Mrs. Isabella Eugenia Singer, the late wife of Mr. Singer, now residing in England, and ex-Judge John K. Porter appeared as her counsel. Mr. J. C. Carter represented the executor of the estate. The will of 1870, offered as the last will by Mr. Hawley and contested by Mr. Foster, devised his estate in England, valued at \$5,000,000, to Isabella Eugenia Singer, whom Singer called his wife, and of his estate in this country, of which an inventory has been filed for \$8,000,000, thirty-eight-sixths were devised to her and her six children. The remaining twenty-two portions were devised in different proportions to the eighteen children, of four other wives, or women with whom he cohabited, as acknowledged in the will. The will of July 14, 1875, nine days before Singer's death, devised all the property in England exclusively to Isabella Eugenia Singer and her children. The bequests to his other relatives are the same as in the will of 1870. The widow of 1875 has been admitted to probate, in England, on the petition of Dr. Pridham, named as executor.

CABINET CHANGES.—The New York Herald reviews the changes in Grant's Cabinet, and expresses the opinion that they were made solely for the purpose of improving Colking's chances for the Cincinnati nomination. It says:

President Grant's action and determined support will be one of the most efficient elements of the canvass. Nobody can doubt the prodigious influence of a President in office when it is actively exerted in the politics of his own party. It is so tremendous that General Grant has, probably, procured a third nomination for himself had it not been for the mortifying and fatal events of the last five months. The power remains in his hands although it can no longer be wielded for his personal advantage. But in behalf of a candidate so strong by his own merits and popularity as Mr. Colking, his efforts may be quite as great, and it will have a flavor of generosity and public spirit which would not attend if exerted for the President himself. In giving the great influence of his own office to Mr. Colking the President breaks no custom, he violates no line of precedents which have come to have a binding force almost as sacred as the constitution itself, and encourages some of the characters which lay in the way of his third term aspirations.

NOT FOR JACOBS.—A late issue of the Seattle *Intelligencer* indicates quite plainly that at least one newspaper on the Sound is not for Jacobs. Two years ago the *Intelligencer* gave him a half-hearted support, and now the same paper indicates a disposition to kick in the trousers.

Travellers wanted of A. M. Donnelly, supposed to live in the neighborhood of Weston, Oregon. Address this office.

THE CENTENNIAL HAS OPENED! AND SO HAVE DUSENBERY BROS.

OPENED THEIR Mammoth Stock

OF Clothing, Dry Goods, Fancy Goods,

SUMMER HATS. CARPETS, CROCKERY, GROCERIES,

&c., &c., for THE SPRING TRADE!

And we are bound to SELL GOODS the CHEAPEST OF ALL!

People are wise who look around for The Place to Get the Best Bargains!

We will continue to sell our Goods at a Still Further Decline!

Our Prices cannot be beat by any other House in the City. It will pay you to CALL & SECURE THE BARGAINS!

At DUSENBERY BROS.

REMEMBER THE OLD STAND OF JOHNSON, REES & WINANS, IN MAKING YOUR PURCHASES!

A New & Large Stock OF Dress Goods, BOOTS & SHOES, CROCKERY, OILS, CLOTHING, &c., &c., Which will be sold at the Lowest Cash Prices!

AMERICA'S AND FOREIGN PATENTS. Gilmore, Smith & Co., successors to Chipman, Hosmer & Co. Patents procured in all countries. No fees in advance. No charge for services unless successful. Full list of services and state amount of pay and bounty received. Certificates of Adjudgment U. S. A., and service and honor discharge, free of expense, in place of discharges lost, procured for a small fee. Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and full reply will be sent to you. Address, GILMORE, SMITH & CO., Washington, D. C.

ARRIERS OF PAY, BOUNTY, &c. Federal Officers, Soldiers, and Sailors of the late war, or their heirs, are in many cases entitled to money from the Government which has long been due to them. We have full list of services and state amount of pay and bounty received. Certificates of Adjudgment U. S. A., and service and honor discharge, free of expense, in place of discharges lost, procured for a small fee. Enclose stamp to Gilmore & Co., and full reply will be sent to you. Address, GILMORE, SMITH & CO., Washington, D. C.

NOTICE FOR DISTRIBUTION. TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, 1876. County of Walla Walla, ss. IN PROGRESS.—In the matter of the estate of JOSEPH THEL, deceased, the Administrator of the Estate of JOSEPH THEL, deceased, has filed in the office of the Auditor of the Territory of Washington, a final account as such Administrator, in the matter of said estate, and that the same has been duly allowed and confirmed, and that a portion of said estate remains to be divided among the heirs of said deceased, and praying among other things that an order of distribution be made of the residue of the estate of the said JOSEPH THEL, deceased, according to the claims of the heirs of said JOSEPH THEL, deceased, and that the same be published in the city and county of Walla Walla, Washington Territory, for four successive weeks, beginning on the 20th day of June, 1876, at the hour of 11 o'clock, A. M. of said day, then and there to show cause why an order of distribution should not be made of the residue of the said estate among the heirs of the said JOSEPH THEL, deceased, according to the claims of the heirs of said JOSEPH THEL, deceased, and that the same be published in the city and county of Walla Walla, Washington Territory, for four successive weeks, beginning on the 20th day of June, 1876. Dated Walla Walla, May 29th, 1876. R. GUICHARD, Probate Judge. THOMAS H. BARNETT, Attorney for Estate.

THE ENEMY OF DISEASE! THE Foe OF PAIN! TO MAN AND BEAST IS THE Grand Old MUSTANG LINIMENT!

WHICH HAS NOOBE THE TEST OF 40 YEARS. THERE IS NO SORE IT WILL NOT HEAL. NO BRUISES IT WILL NOT CURE. NO ACHES, NO PAINS, THAT BELONG TO THE HUMAN BODY, OR THE FEELINGS OF ANIMAL, THAT DOES NOT BELONG TO THE LIFE OF A HUMAN BEING, AND WHICH IS REFERRED TO LIFE AND WELL-BEING, CAN BE CURED BY MUSTANG LINIMENT.

For Men it will cure Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Sprains, Galls and sores, Swiney, Ring Worms, Windfalls, Hot Head, Follicular Eruptions and sores, Lumbago, Sciatica, Chilblains, Strains, Sprains, Stings of Insects, Sores, Nipples, Eruptions, Pains, Wounds, Ulcers.

For Women it will cure Sprains, Galls and sores, Swiney, Ring Worms, Windfalls, Hot Head, Follicular Eruptions and sores, Lumbago, Sciatica, Chilblains, Strains, Sprains, Stings of Insects, Sores, Nipples, Eruptions, Pains, Wounds, Ulcers.

SEND 25c. to GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., New York, for a list of names of agents, and a copy of our newspapers, and estimates showing cost of advertising.

Subscribe for THE STATESMAN.



GRANDS—The Grand Council, Patrons of Husbandry, was in session yesterday afternoon.

THE STAGES—The overland stage now arrives here at 7 p. m., and departs at 10 1/2 p. m., running direct to Cayuse.

Rev. H. W. EGAN will preach the first sermon in the new Camberland Presbyterian Church building, to-morrow, at 11 A. M., and 8 P. M.

ED. RYAN took his departure by last Sunday evening's stage for South Mountain, where he will remain during the summer and fall, when he will return to this city to spend the winter.

LEARN RAINBOW.—On Monday night last, between eleven and twelve o'clock, a bright and beautiful rainbow appeared, extending across the eastern horizon. Such scenes are of rare occurrence.

DISTRICT COURT.—The June term of the District Court for the counties of Whitman and Stevens, commences at Colfax, Monday next. Judge Wingard, and Messrs. Mix, Jones and George, started for Colfax yesterday. They had a private conveyance, and expect to have a pleasant time.

ON MONDAY night last one of the "boys in blue" got a little too much whiskey aboard, and stole some money from a gambling table and then started out. He was soon arrested, and on Tuesday, at 10 o'clock, A. M., he was brought before one of the justices, and placed under \$500 bonds to appear at the next term of the District Court, in default of which he went to jail to await trial.

WHEAT SHIPMENT.—A dispatch states that twenty-six vessels have been chartered at New York to take grain to Europe in view of the approaching war. It now looks as though a general war is about to break out, and if so the shippers will mainly depend upon America for their breadstuffs. This time England proposes to take a hand in the fray, and so we will have war upon a grand scale.

DIFFICULTIES ABOUT TOLLS.—Foster, who owns the toll gate on the Meacham road, is having trouble with the teamsters. A few days ago some of them refused to pay toll, and undertook to pull down the gate, which was locked. Mr. Foster appeared on the scene with a heavy rifle, and compelled them to submit. For this they had him arrested and fined twenty-five dollars. The teamsters are about to institute legal proceedings to have the toll road abolished.

A MONOMANIAC.—We made notice in the last issue of the STATESMAN, that a man, whose name has been ascertained to be Sylvester Seville, had been arrested for mysterious conduct, supposed to be insanity. Last Saturday this man was brought before the District Court for examination as to his insanity. Doctors Bingham and Burch were called in to conduct the medical examination, and pronounced Seville a monomaniac on the subject of spiritualism. He is otherwise sane and rational. The unfortunate man was born in Connecticut, and is about 54 years old. The Probate Court, upon the written certificate of the physicians, adjudged him insane and dangerous to be at large, and placed him in the custody of Sheriff Thomas, to be kept in confinement to the asylum for the insane at Steilacoom.

PATENT SAFETY LAMP.—Messrs. Adams are introducing a patent safety lamp that has advantages that should give it a preference over all other lamps now in use. This lamp is provided with a self-extinguishing extinguisher that in case of accident puts the light out. The extinguishing device consists of a wire, surrounding the wick tube, which is moved up and down, first, by a lever which passes through a hole in its side, and second, by the weight attached to the chain, which is attached to the fin. When this lever is thrown up, either by touching the lever, or by the dropping of the weight, the fin is confined inside of it, and the heat drives out the air and creates a vacuum in which flame cannot exist, hence the light is put out as quick as a flash. We have one of these lamps in use, and after experimenting with it in various ways, find it almost proof against explosion. Careful persons will secure the safety lamp.

THE CROPS.—In the early part of the week we had occasion to visit the country, and in the course of the trip our attention was specially directed to the promising condition of the crops. Skirting along the foot of the Blue Mountains for miles and miles the eye meets a constant succession of "waving green." In many places the wheat crop will up, and so great is the promise that 60 and 65 bushels to the acre is estimated as the average yield. The acreage is much larger than usual, and the season so eminently favorable, that the average yield is expected to be greater than in any previous year. At present in our history has the surplus for export exceeded half a million bushels. This year it will run up to a million bushels and possibly may exceed that figure. In the event of a war in Europe, there will be an active demand for every bushel of what we can spare, and at remunerating prices.

CHIEF JUSTICE LEWIS has made his long promised visit to this valley, and made it altogether too brief. He arrived here by Saturday's cars and left on Thursday last. During his stay he was called upon by all our leading citizens, and in many ways was made to feel that he was welcomed back to his old home. Judge Lewis speaks hop-fully of the future of Puget Sound, and thinks Seattle destined to become the great city of the Northwest.

THE LUMBER AND COAL trade that centers at Seattle will itself build up a great trade, and when we add to these the other great resources of the Puget Sound country, the future of Seattle assured. Judge Lewis has just returned from a trip to California, having made his journey overland, and was enabled to form an intelligent opinion in regard to that country. He thinks that the tide of immigration for small farmers has turned this way, and in all his travels he has seen a section of country that presents legal improvements to this class of settlers. Judge Lewis expects to return again at an early date, and we promise him a hearty welcome.

**A SOLID FARMER.**—In the course of a trip to the country one day this week, we called at Mr. C. Maier's place, but unfortunately he was away from home. Mr. Maier is one of the most successful farmers in this valley, and everything about his place indicates solid prosperity. He has nearly a thousand acres of land under cultivation, and such is the excellent quality of his land that the estimated yield is 60 bushels to the acre. The land is all well fenced, his barns of the dimensions required for such extensive operations, and all about the place wears the appearance of thrift and good order. Adjoining the barn is a long row of sheds, in which Mr. Maier has stored his agricultural implements, the first cost of which could not have been less than \$3000. Here we have mowers and headers, and cultivators and reapers, and gang plows without number, all indicating farming on an immense scale. In the rear of the barn is the piggery, an immense corral, in which we noticed a large number of hogs, chiefly of the Poland-China breed. In Mr. Maier's career we have an illustration of what can be accomplished by patient, persevering industry. Coming here some twelve or fourteen years since without means, he settled down to the life of a farmer, and by patient, plodding industry, gained wealth, and has gathered around him property and land that in Europe would be regarded as a principlality. All this without any lucky speculation, or resort to shifts by which some men acquire fortunes at the expense of their neighbors. In Mr. Maier's success the farmers of this valley have an example from which they may draw lessons of encouragement.

**AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.**—Our farmer friends who may have occasion to provide themselves with new machinery, should examine the machines manufactured by Walter A. Wood, and for the sale of which Messrs. Nixon & Stewart are the exclusive agents. Competent judges pronounce these machines greatly superior to others in the market, and the prices at which they are sold quite as favorable. The agents for the sale of the Walter A. Wood's machines are so situated that they can give liberal terms, and in all respects make it to the interests of farmers to buy these very superior machines. It is an old saying, that "the best is always the cheapest," and this rule will apply to the Walter A. Wood's machines.

**HIGH WATER.**—The Columbia River has now reached a higher stage than has been known at any time during the last four years. This is the report from Walla, and the apprehension is that it may interfere with the working of the railroad, and prevent the cars from reaching the landing. The water penetrating through the sand and alkali dust that compose the road bed, soon reduces it to a quick-sand, and makes it dangerous for the cars to pass over any part of the road thus undermined. It is quite likely that a portage of a mile or a mile and a half will have to be made, and to that extent the convenience for freightage over the railroad will temporarily suffer.

**TEAMING.**—With the last week we have noticed quite a number of teams passing over the Walla Walla road. This is in pursuance of the agreement entered into between the Grangers and business men not to patronize the railroad so long as the present tariff of charges is enacted. As a matter of course, the passengers travel by the railroad, and a portion of the freights follow the same conveyance, but gradually the business of the railroad is falling off. As we have said before, we regret this disagreement between the citizens and railroad managers, and trust that some mode of adjustment may yet be devised.

**A MISTAKE ON THE PART OF THE STATESMAN** last issue an Olympia paper to say that Walla Walla county is endeavoring to escape the payment of her just proportion of the territorial tax. Walla Walla always has paid about double her proper share, and it will become a sound paper to make the charge of delinquency. It is the counties on the Sound that have been playing this game, and if there is to be a change in this regard, that is the quarter to commence in.

**DEPHTHERIA.**—This disease is raging with great violence on the Sound, and in particular at Seattle. By the papers coming from there we notice a great many deaths among the children. In San Francisco the small pox is quite violent, and may be brought here by persons traveling. It is, therefore, necessary that every precaution should be immediately taken by the city authorities to prevent an epidemic.

**STRAWBERRIES.**—Through the kindness of Frank Orselli, the editor and one of two of his friends had the luxury of a strawberry feast one this day a week. The berries were quite ripe and of full size. They were grown in Mr. Orselli's garden, a short distance below town, and the overranner of an immense crop he expects to market this season.

**THE OLD KYGER BUILDING,** at the corner of Main and Second streets, is almost leveled to the earth. About all that remains of it is the end and rear walls. In its place Messrs. Johnson, Rees & Winans are arranging to erect a magnificent two-story brick, with iron front and all the latest improvements.

**SCHOOL MEETING.**—The voters of school district No. 34, are notified to meet at the school room, on Friday evening next, for the purpose of electing a director, viz H. M. Chase, whose seat has been declared vacant.

**READ THE ADVERTISEMENTS** in this week's STATESMAN and then you will know where to trade to advantage. It is only those who advertise that can afford to deal liberally with their customers.

**W. T. ARKSHY,** a gentleman prominent in turf and sporting matters, leaves by to-morrow's cars for Portland, where he expects to remain until after the close of the Centennial exercises.

**MOWERS AND REAPERS.**—Messrs. Nixon & Stewart will sell the celebrated Walter A. Wood mowers and reapers as cheap or cheaper than other implements of the same kind can be sold in this market. See their card.

**GOV. SALOMON** is engaged as a reporter on one of the San Francisco papers. The proprietors of the paper had better look to their safe conduct.

**MR. E. SPENGLER,** the gentleman who secured the right of immigration for small farmers from the State of Oregon, and in all his travels has seen a section of country that presents legal improvements to this class of settlers. Judge Lewis expects to return again at an early date, and we promise him a hearty welcome.

**Presidential Speculations.**  
New York, May 27, 1875.  
The week has been one of speculations in the political world. Blaine's wonderful success in the West has aroused the jealousy of some of the adherents, while Blaine's supporters are possibly disappointed as to a few of the votes claimed for him on first ballot. There is no doubt he has nearly 300 of the 634 delegates already chosen. Three hundred and seventy-nine are required to nominate. The best estimate given by Boston 125, Morton 110, Conkling 87, exclusive of Pennsylvania. First, in every convention, make a Republican State the contest is between Blaine and Conkling, no other name is received in such endorsement beyond his own State in quarters. Third, the republicans expect a triumph in November. Third, the already mentioned forces of Blaine and Conkling, if combined, will control the Cincinnati Pacific or some other election. The Northern side leads the field on the first ballot that a general struggle of fence-straddlers to get on the winning side is in order. The terrible reaction in the revolt caused the story to be circulated that his son's Cabinet appointment was unqualified, and an acceptance improbable. This is in accordance with the wily politician's usual tactics. By it he creates the impression that his son's nomination was great, and that his son's acceptance tends to break the whirlwind of opposition to Conkling which the nomination created. The President does not propose such a repairing the injury already resulting to Conkling, or in satisfying friends, or other candidates who resent the unfair executive intervention in his favor. Some who now regard Conkling's nomination as his, or his, think John B. Washburn will turn up as the great unknown, with Wheeler for Vice-President, if Blaine should fall. Recent information from friends and representatives of the New York liberals from twenty counties indicate strong leaning to Conkling or Morton, but favor Blaine, Bristol or Washburn.

The democratic opposition to Tilden in New York still solicited and intensifies daily. It is now so apparent that this must defeat him at St. Louis that even the Herald advises him to retire in favor of Bayard, and the Sun finds fault with him for failing in his ability to conciliate Judges Park, Church and other leading democrats, thus leaving the party in a state of confusion. It is difficult to see how Tilden can win under the two-thirds rule, the democratic sentiment of the State, and the conference, including Judge Church and Park, ex-Governor Hoffman, Beach and Lattin, in that his nomination would be unwise. Hendricks' success in these circumstances, having captured a quarter of the democratic delegates already chosen comes to the front against Tilden, the same proposition is made in favor of Bayard among the democratic masses, as distinguished from the managers, as for Bayard among republicans. No one doubts his democratic ability or purity, and he is considered sounder than Hendricks on the financial question.

The Herald, reviewing the present situation, reports that Blaine receives a much larger number of the majority when he enters the convention and the highest vote he will receive will be on the first ballot. The election of his own State New England has sixty-four delegates, and of these fifty-two will not vote for Blaine. A candidate who so weak in his own State, where he is best known, and who is repudiated by Pennsylvania, the State of his birth, is not likely to gain strength during the progress of the convention. It has been concluded from the beginning that Hendricks will be withdrawn and that he will receive a single vote in addition to those of the New York and Pennsylvania delegates. The Pennsylvania delegates will support Conkling when Hendricks is withdrawn. With the votes of New York and Pennsylvania Conkling only needs a vote of Ohio to secure his nomination if he should get 25 of the Southern vote, and it seems probable that he will receive a much larger number when the names of Morton and Bayard are not nominated. It is safe to assume that Morton will not be a successful candidate, and as soon as he is out of the field the democratic influence will swing to the southern delegation into line in support of Conkling. So, if Gov. Hayes will accept of the nomination for Vice President, there is a chance for a Conkling triumph in the convention. With this understanding the Ohio delegates will be transferred to Conkling, and Conkling and Hayes will receive the strongest ticket which will secure success in the two great divided States of New York and Ohio, in which the election will mainly turn. Hendricks would be weak in New York, and would add nothing to the party strength in Ohio, and has not the slightest chance of getting Morton or Bayard delegates when these candidates are taken out of the race. The foregoing certainty that he could not rescue New York from the democratic side is a fatal bar to his nomination. For without the vote of New York it is impossible to elect a republican President.

The Republicans in this case are much like Blaine's, except that in the democratic convention the two-thirds rule makes to a man his chance more hopeless. A powerful, and determined conservative factor in his own State has resolved to beat him at any cost, and what is more important, the western wing of the party will not only support him, but will not see these adverse elements will be strong enough to control at least one-third of the New York convention. Tilden cannot anticipate facts by sitting tight. His true position, magnanimity and party loyalty requires that he take notice of the situation, and his claims and turn his attention in favor of a candidate who would save all that is valuable in his own principle, and in addition use the influence and power of self-abandonment and strengthen his party by laying his personal aspirations upon the altar.

The *Freeman* thinks that fifty or sixty per cent of the delegates already elected are for Blaine. Bristol is not estimated to have half the strength and may not greatly exceed Morton on the first ballot. The number of delegates to St. Louis, Tilden can probably count one-half and Hendricks about one-quarter; but not much more than half the delegates are yet chosen.

The *Week's* editorial: "We fancy before the delegates get to Cincinnati they will see several things in a new light. What, for instance, will be their opinion of Blaine selling to Foster & Adams the shares in the Northern Pacific franchise which he had acquired, consider in return for services privately rendered to that undertaking while he was speaker of the House? Will they see 27 of those delegates who do not vote for Blaine after they have occupied about this little proceeding? The really strong candidate in this convention is Roscoe Conkling."

**FEIGHTING PICTURES.** The bar room attached to O'Brien's Hotel, is nearly fitted up, and altogether is a place to which a gentleman may invite a friend with the absolute certainty of meeting courteous treatment. Recently a number of very handsome sporting pictures have been placed upon the walls of the room, of which we append a list:

- 1. Four in hand, black stallion team, "Superb," and his three sons, "Nightingale," "Black Diamond," and "Zephyr."
- 2. The celebrated running horse "Lexington."
- 3. "President," of the Standard Bred.
- 4. "Harry Bassett," King of the turf; the property of Col. McLane, Kentucky, N. J.
- 5. "Young Hoptail," the best of the best, and the best straggler among turkeys in the East; time, 2:17; age, 7 years.
- 6. The celebrated trotting mare "Lola," the great rival of the goldsmith mare; time, 2:14 1/2.

**PROBATE COURT.**—The proceedings in the Probate Court during the past week, were as follows: In the matter of the estate of John M. Garbutt, deceased; residue devolved and selected to the territory for the use of common schools in this county. In the matter of the insanity of Sylvester Stevilie; adjudged insane, and ordered to be taken to the asylum at Steilacoom. In the matter of the estate of Joseph Helman, deceased; appointed and supplemental inventory filed. In the matter of the estate of Joseph H. Keeley; administrator discharged and bond exonerated.

**RELIGIOUS NOTICE.**—The annual meeting of the Christian Church will be held in Perkins Grove, Washington, Walla Walla county, W. T., commencing on Friday, at 11 o'clock, A. M., before the second Sunday in June. Revs. G. W. Richardson and Buchanan, of Oregon, will be there and other preaching brethren.

The regular monthly meeting of the Walla Walla Library and Lyceum Association, will be held at their rooms, this Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock. V. D. LAMB, Sec.

**STORMING.**—Seven inches of snow fall on the Blue Mountains, Monday night.

**NOR WANTED.**—Advertisements to be paid for in organs, papers, etc., are not wanted.

**GRANGE RE-ORGANIZATION.**  
At a meeting of Columbia County Council, P. of H., held at Cottage City, May 26th, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:  
Resolved, That we fully indorse the action of Walla Walla County Council, P. of H., in reference to the shipment of the same by the C. R. Railroad Co.  
F. B. LOGAN, Sec.

**LIST OF LETTERS.**  
Remaining in the Postoffice, at Walla Walla, Walla Walla county, Washington Territory, June 3d, 1876.  
Baddy, Fred  
Davison, G.  
Davis, H.  
Florell, U.  
Harris, W. G.  
Persons calling for the above letters will please say "Advertised."

**MARRIAGE.**  
BROCKE—REYNOLDS.—On Saturday evening, May 27th, 1876, at the residence of R. P. Reynolds, Esq., by Rev. H. W. Egan, Licent. A. O. Brocke and Miss Kate M. Reynolds.  
After the marriage ceremony, Mr. Reynolds' residence was thrown open for a reception, and for several hours there was a constant throng of the elite young couple who had just lunched upon the sea of matrimony. The licentiate, day licent. Brocke and his bride left for Chehalis, which post his bride will be stationed. Licent. Brocke will accept our congratulations and best wishes for a long and happy married life.

# STOP GRAND OPENING!

OF THE  
CENTENNIAL SPRING TRADE!

When You Get to  
**ADAMS BROS.**  
A Still Further Reduction!

And Examine the  
**LARGEST**  
And Most  
**Attractive**  
We are now opening out the Largest and Best Selected Stock of  
**DRY GOODS, FANCY GOODS,**  
Boots and Shoes, Ladies' and Gents' Hats, Groceries and Crockery, and last, but not least, the best and finest assortment of  
**MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING,**  
Ever brought to Walla Walla, which have all been marked down for the Spring Trade,

At Ruinously Low Figures!  
Call at the well known House of  
**SCHWABACHER BROTHERS,**  
AND  
**Secure Better Bargains,**  
Than can be offered by any other House in Walla Walla.


**GRAND LOTTERY.**  
FIRST GRAND LOTTERY  
OF...  
WASHINGTON TERRITORY,  
Legalized by an Act of the Legislature,  
Approved Nov. 12, 1875,  
BY E. P. FERRY,  
Governor of Washington Territory.  
**CAPITAL \$300,000!**  
Divided into 60,000 Tickets at \$5.00 each, or, ELEVEN FOR \$50.00.

The County Commissioners of King county, Washington Territory, appointed M. S. Booth, Esq., Auditor of King county, Capt. Geo. D. Hill, U. S. A., Treasurer King county, and John Collins, Esq., Trustees, into whose hands the whole of the property is deeded in trust for the prize holders.

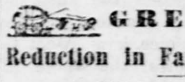
**The Seattle Saw-Mill Mill Property,**  
OWNED BY H. L. YESLER, WILL BE  
**A GRAND PRIZE OF \$100,000!**  
The Hovey & Barker Corner,  
Opposite the Seattle Bank, and the  
**Pacific Brewery Property!**  
THE SECOND AND THIRD  
**Grand Prizes!**  
THERE WILL BE, IN ALL,  
**5,575 PRIZES**  
OR, ONE CHANCE IN TEN.  
Agents Wanted Everywhere  
Send money by Registered Letter, Postoffice Order, Certified Draft, or by Express.  
Tickets forwarded immediately on receipt of money.  
Tickets for sale at the Office of the Manager, at Seattle.  
Tickets are now ready for sale, at the office of the Manager, in Seattle.  
Address,  
**H. L. YESLER,**  
Seattle, W. T.

**Ever Brought to WALLA WALLA.**  
Their  
**PRICES**  
Are the  
**LOWEST.**

**Walla Walla Bakery**  
—AND—  
**PROVISION STORE.**  
Reduction in Prices!  
**O. BRECHTEL,**  
MANUFACTURER OF  
Bread, Pilot Bread, Cakes,  
—AND—  
CRACKERS OF ALL KINDS.  
Also, Wholesale and Retail  
Dealer in Family Groceries  
CONFECTIONERIES,  
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.  
MERCHANTS, PACKERS and others in want of CRACKERS to ship to the Mines, will find it their advantage to call on me before going else where, as I will sell them Cracker  
Cheaper than they can be Imported.  
Having machinery for manufacturing Crackers I can fill orders at short notice. A supply kept constantly on hand.  
Bread, Crackers and Cakes will be sold at reduced prices, and promptly delivered in any part of the city.  
Customers will please call at the Bakery and state where they will have their Bread left.  
The Bread Wagon will go around the city every morning.

**EVERETS & ABEL,**  
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN  


**THOMAS QUINN,**  
MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN  
Saddles, Bridles, Harness, &c.  
HAS REMOVED TO THE brick building,  
corner of Main and Third streets, where  
or will at all times have on hand a very full  
stock of  
**Team and Buggy Harness,**  
Saddles, Whips,  
spurs, Halters,  
Collars,  
Curry Combs,  
Brushes, &c.,  
And everything usually kept in a first class Harness Shop.  
REPAIRING promptly attended to. 17-14  
**N. G. BLALOCK, M. D.,**  
OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to  
the public in the private practice of his Profession,  
and especially  
**SI GERY AND OBSTETRICS.**  
Calls attended to at all hours. Office, Dr. Day's  
new building, (second floor) Residence on Second  
street, lower side, one block from the bridge. 467  
**PRINTING IN COLORS,** cheap and quick, at the  
STATESMAN'S OFFICE.  
**\$12 a day** at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and  
terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.  
If you want any kind of job work,  
Call at the STATESMAN'S Printing Office.

**RAILROAD COMPANY.**  
FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE, Freight will  
be received, transmitted, and delivered at the  
rates hereinafter stated:  
**Rates on Down Freight,**  
(PER TON WEIGHT, ON)  
GRAIN, FLOUR, BACON AND LARD.  
From Walla Walla to Walla..... \$1.00  
From Walla Walla to Whitman..... 41.50  
From Whitman to Walla..... 4.00  
**Rates on Up Freight,**  
(PER TON MEASUREMENT, ON)  
GOODS, MERCHANDISE, ETC., ETC.  
From Walla Walla to Walla..... \$2.50  
From Walla to Whitman..... 2.00  
From Whitman to Walla..... 1.50  
From Building Material, Agricultural Implements,  
Lime, &c., transported to Walla at reduced special  
rates, will be covered by Railroad at one-fourth of the  
O. S. N. Co.'s charges.  
**SPECIAL FREIGHTS.**  
Flour, Bran, Tallow, Furniture, Glass, Glass-  
ware and its contents in cases or otherwise, Queens-  
ware, Marble and Castings, taken only at owner's  
risk of damage, breakage or leakage.  
Acids, Lard, Petroleum, Kerosene, Oils and all  
other liquids, in casks or other vessels, at owner's  
risk of leakage.  
Logs taken only at owner's risk of leakage.  
Fruits, Vegetables, and all other perishable prop-  
erty, at owner's risk of frost or decay.  
Furniture not boxed, and all Agricultural and  
Mechanical Implements, set up or knocked down,  
at owner's risk of damage and chafing or breakage.  
Not will the Company be responsible for delinquency  
in any part, unless the same is specially receipted for.  
**DOWN SPECIAL RATES.**  
Merchandise, Fruit and Vegetables, same rates as  
above for less measurement.  
Wool, one-half more than the above rates per ton  
weight. Best hales each 12 1/2 cents.  
Acids, Lard, Petroleum, Kerosene, Oils and all  
other liquids, in casks or other vessels, at owner's  
risk of leakage.  
Logs taken only at owner's risk of leakage.  
All freight not delivered before 6 p. m. on the day  
after it is received at the depot will be stored at  
owner's expense and risk.  
All freight received at depots will be stored at  
owner's risk of frost or leakage or breakage.  
Not will the Company be responsible for delinquency  
in any part, unless the same is specially receipted for.  
**PASSENGER RATES.**  
From Walla Walla to Walla..... \$3.00  
From Walla to Whitman..... 2.50  
From Walla Walla to Walla..... 3.00  
From Whitman to Walla..... 2.50  
Way Passengers, per mile..... 10  
**D. S. BAKER,**  
President W. W. & C. R. R. Co.  
WALLA WALLA, April 11, 1876. 14-1f  
**North-Western Stage Co.**  
  
**Reduction in Fare to the East.**  
**LOCAL RATES OF FARE:**  
Walla Walla to Weston Oregon..... 2.50  
" " Pendleton, Oregon..... 3.00  
" " La Grande, Oregon..... 3.50  
" " Union, Oregon..... 4.00  
" " Baker City, Oregon..... 4.50  
" " Boise City, Idaho..... 5.00  
" " Winnemucca, Idaho..... 5.50  
" " Kelton..... 6.00  
Through tickets to OMAHA, CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY,  
SAINT LOUIS, PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BOSTON,  
WASHINGTON, and all points via Boise City and  
Kelton, the direct Overland Route East, we now  
offer at greatly reduced rates over the line of the  
North-Western Stage Company.  
New coaches, good stock, skilled drivers, and re-  
liable performance of service on time are special fea-  
tures of the Company.  
OFFICE AT THE  
States Hotel, Walla Walla, W. T.  
**W. B. MORRIS,** J. M. GORMAN,  
General Superintendent, Agents,  
Boise City, I. T.



