

Weekly Statesman. PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY. FRANK J. PARKER, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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MEMORANDUM books blank books at other kinds of books made at this office.

TELEGRAPHIC. An Atrocious Deed.

In referring to the assassination of Lord Frederick Cavendish, new secretary of Ireland, and under secretary Burck, which took place on May 6, in Phoenix Park, Dublin, the Herald's Dublin special says: A terrible tragedy occurred here last night.

The Dublin Assassination. No clue has been obtained as yet to the perpetrators of the Dublin assassination up to the hour of the STATESMAN going to press.

Fitz John Porter's Sentence Revisited. WASHINGTON, May 6.—The president, in answering Gen. Fitz John Porter's application for reconsideration of the sentence of court-martial being executed, has issued a proclamation, which removes the only legal obstacle to congressional action and goes to the limit of his powers in the matter.

Whereas doubts have since arisen concerning the guilt of said Fitz John Porter of the offense hereof he was convicted by said court-martial, founded upon the result of an investigation ordered on the 12th of April, 1878, by the president of the United States, which are deemed by me to be of sufficient gravity to warrant remission of that part of said sentence which has not been completely executed.

Now, therefore, know ye that I, Chester A. Arthur, president of the United States, by virtue of the power vested in me by the constitution of the United States and in consideration of the premises, do hereby grant to said Fitz John Porter full remission of the hereinbefore mentioned continuing penalty.

Whereas doubts have since arisen concerning the guilt of said Fitz John Porter of the offense hereof he was convicted by said court-martial, founded upon the result of an investigation ordered on the 12th of April, 1878, by the president of the United States, which are deemed by me to be of sufficient gravity to warrant remission of that part of said sentence which has not been completely executed.

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Presidential Proclamation. WASHINGTON, April 3.—By the president of the United States of America, a proclamation:

Whereas, It is provided in the laws of the United States that wherever, by reason of unlawful obstructions, combinations or assemblages by persons, or rebellion against authority of the United States, it shall become impracticable in the judgment of the president to enforce by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings the laws of the United States within any state or territory, it shall be lawful for the president to call forth the militia of any state and employ such part of the land and naval forces of the United States as he may deem necessary to enforce the faithful execution of the laws of the United States, to suppress such rebellion in whatever state or territory thereof the laws of the United States may be forcibly opposed, or execution thereof forcibly obstructed, and

Whereas, It has been made to appear satisfactory to me by information received from the governor of the territory of Arizona, and from the general of the army of the United States, and other reliable sources, that in consequence of unlawful combinations of ill-disposed persons who are banded together to oppose and obstruct execution of laws, it has become impracticable to enforce them by ordinary course of judicial proceedings, and that laws of the United States have been therein forcibly opposed, and execution thereof forcibly resisted, and

Whereas, Laws of the United States require, wherever it may be necessary in judgment of the president to use military force for the purpose of enforcing faithful execution of the laws of the United States, he shall forthwith, by proclamation, command such insurgents to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective abodes within a limited time;

Now, therefore, I, Chester A. Arthur, president of the United States, do hereby admonish all good citizens of the United States and especially in the territory of Arizona, against aiding, countenancing, abetting or taking part in any such unlawful proceedings, and I do hereby warn all persons engaged in or connected with such obstruction of laws to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective abodes on or before noon of the 15th day of May.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the great seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the city of Washington this 3d day of May, in the year of our Lord, 1882, and of the independence of the United States one hundred and six.

CHESTER A. ARTHUR, By the President, FREDK. FRELINGHUYSEN, Secretary of State.

How the Late Czar was Killed. The recent trial of Russian nihilists has developed new facts regarding the assassination of Alexander II. It seems the execution of this terrible plan was confined to three of the most trustworthy in the nihilist brotherhood.

These orders were faithfully executed. As soon as the Emperor and his escort had passed, the second nihilist threw his bomb, which exploded with terrific effect, killing horses and Cossacks, and blowing the Emperor's carriage to pieces, but the Czar was unhurt.

It is generally understood that the new Secretary of the navy is really John B. Roch, although it is nominally W. E. Chandler. Roch is a ship builder, who has grand schemes for depleting the treasury for his own benefit, and he owns the navy, under Chandler, will be completely as honeycombed with extravagance and corruption as it was in the time of that arrant rogue, Geo. M. Robeson.

LITERATURE. A Curious Book on the Fabled Island of Atlantis.

One of the most singular books that have been issued for some time is "Atlantis; or the Antediluvian World," by Ignatius Donnelly. The author was a representative in the United States Congress from Minnesota for several years. He evidently has no special fitness for the work, except great industry in gathering materials and a decided taste for archeology.

The deep-sea soundings of the British ship Challenger showed that the Azores were the peaks of a great submerged continent, and it was hinted in the reports that this might be the fabled Atlantis of the ancients. Mr. Donnelly undertakes to prove that their surmises are correct, and that what has always been regarded as a fable is an actual fact, as undoubted as the existence of ancient Carthage or Troy.

The author begins with Plato's description, and in several succeeding chapters shows that the events narrated by Critias were not improbable. He develops the Poseidon legend, arguing that the residents of Atlantis were descendants of the sea-god, and that it was on the favored island that he first bred the horse, of which he was regarded as the patron.

From geology and the historical accounts of the sinking of the Lisbon quay and the rising of the Graham island, he argues that the sudden destruction of a great continent was possible. The fable and fable of America bear out this theory, it is only on the assumption of the existence of a chain of islands extending beyond Atlantis toward the West Indies that we can account satisfactorily for the presence of a large number of animals and plants on this continent closely allied to those of Europe.

He holds that the Biblical account must be taken with many allowances, for there are no geological evidences in America of any such catastrophe. All the legends of the Chaldeans, Egyptians, Brahmins, and of the Indian tribes of North and South America show that some great continent was suddenly overtaken by a flood, and that this calamity was due to the corruption of the people, who were decended from the gods, but lost their heavenly attributes by intermarriage with the grosser creatures of the earth.

The earliest historical records exhibit the Egyptians in the noonday of ancient civilization. In regard to the subject of civilization as an inheritance, the author says: "In 6000 years the world made no advance on the civilization which it received from Atlantis. Phenicia, Egypt, Chaldea, India, Greece, and Rome passed the torch of civilization from one to the other; but in all that lapse of time they added nothing to the arts which existed at the earliest period of Egyptian history."

A mass of facts drawn from the legends, the ethnology and the alphabets of the various races are given to bolster up the author's theory. They are all applied with much ingenuity and will repay reading. The author's research seems to have extended over a wide field, and he has neglected no opportunity to strengthen his position. His best chapter is on "The Bronze Age in Europe," in which he shows that Sir John Lubbock's assertion that the absence of implements of copper or tin seems to indicate that the not invented in Europe, is corroborated by the testimony of the mounds in the Mississippi valley, which contain many beautifully executed copper implements and weapons.

Among the Chippeways of the shores of Lake Superior is found the tradition of the manufacture of copper implements, and here also are found traces of the ancient mines worked thousands of years ago. A great epoch of time must have elapsed before it was found that, by adding one-tenth part of tin, a finer metal with a harder edge is produced.

In the concluding chapter, entitled, "Atlantis Reconstructed," the logical result of all the theories advanced in this book is pictured. The concluding paragraph is worth quoting, as it helps to bear out the author's proposition: "We are but beginning to understand the past; one hundred years ago the world knew nothing of Pompeii or Herculaneum; nothing of the linguistic tie that binds together the Indo-European nations; nothing of the significance of the vast volume of inscriptions upon the tombs and temples of Egypt; nothing of the remains of Yucatan, Mexico and Peru. We are on the threshold. Scientific investigation is advancing with giant strides. Who shall say that one hundred years from now the great museum of the world may not be adorned with gems, statues, and implements from Atlantis, while translations of its inscriptions, throwing new light upon all the past history of the human race, and all the great problems which now perplex the thinkers of our day?"

A Romance of the Sage Brush. At the last session of the Legislature, Miss M. Hortense Kittrell, daughter of ex-Attorney General Kittrell, was chosen clerk of one of the Assembly committees, and Henry H. Welch was minute clerk.

Both were young, and as their duties brought them frequently together the acquaintance thus formed grew into friendship and blossomed into love. The natural result was marriage, and the ceremony was performed in San Francisco on the 13th of March 1881—a little over a year ago. "For reasons best known to themselves, and in which the general public is not interested," it is explained they kept the marriage a secret. Mr. Welch went to Eureka, where, being a capable accountant, he obtained employment as a deputy in one of the county offices. His bride remained with her father at Reno. The young couple kept their secret well, for not until recently did even the nearest relatives of the lady know anything of the affair. When in this city, not long ago, she had the sweet audacity to ask a mutual friend if he had "heard from Mr. Welch recently." Her father, General John R. Kittrell, being informed the other day of the facts in the case, went out to Eureka to see his son-in-law, whom he had never seen. He found a manly-looking young man, about 25 years of age, and six feet two inches tall. The Eureka Leader says the inspection was, no doubt, as satisfactory to the father as it had been to the daughter, for the young man and his father-in-law departed on the same train for Reno. Mr. and Mrs. Welch have given no reason for withholding the fact of their marriage, but their friends have volunteered the information that it was owing to the groom's financial inability to provide at the time of his marriage the kind of a home to which he desired to take his bride.—Virginia Chronicle.

A Hard-Pressed Poet. George H. Boker tells this story about Poe. One day I was sitting at a book-seller's who also published a serial, when Poe came in. If I shabby, he was generally gentle and had the inherent look of a man of the world, out of place and outstriced, yet with a compensating pride in his sense of finer intellect. After some little while, he said to the publisher: "Lend me ten dollars."

"I can't do it," said Poe. "I've made up my mind not to lend any more."

"Well, said Poe, 'will you give me ten dollars for a poem?'"

"Yes, I will be glad to do that," Poe sat down and almost without hesitation wrote a sonnet, exquisite in its wording, tender in its feeling. He handed it over to the publisher, who paid the money.

The Capture of Santa Anna. Captain James A. Sylvester, of New Orleans, who captured President Santa Anna of Mexico, at the battle of San Jacinto, died last week, as has been already noted. The story of the capture is told as follows: It was by accident, while hunting through the high grass which covered the plain on which the battle of San Jacinto was fought, that Private Sylvester stumbled upon a Mexican envelope in a common soldier's blanket. The first impulse was to shoot him, but the Mexican, throwing up his arms, cried out for quarter and surrendered himself. Sylvester viewed him closely, and on inquiry was told by his prisoner that he belonged to the Mexican cavalry, and was only a common soldier, pointing to his coarse shoes and clothing in proof thereof. But the sharp eye of the young soldier could not thus be deceived, and, on showing aside his jacket and the cuffs, he discovered that the underclothing of his captive was of the finest linen, and very valuable diamond studs and pin were revealed. Thus detected, the prisoner admitted that he belonged to the president's staff, and that his captor could not only have his costly jewelry, but it would be largely to his advantage if he would assist him to escape to the most distant post of another division of the Mexican army, which had been ordered to join Santa Anna at San Jacinto. The reply to this proposition was an imperative order, emphasized by the aiming of an unerring rifle at his body, to get up and forward-march to camp. On the arrival at Fort Robert's headquarters, which had no shelter save a large and spreading live-oak tree, a number of Mexican prisoners recognized Sylvester's captive, and cried: "El presidente! el presidente!" Thus betrayed, Santa Anna announced himself to Gen. Houston, with due dignity, recognized Sylvester as his captor, and was treated with becoming magnanimity and courtesy by the Texan commander.

A SPECIAL from Carbonate, Pa., says: Robert and Morris Andrews left their home in Greenfield last Wednesday to go into the Salem woods on a hunting expedition. Friday morning, Robert hearing a sound in the bushes, fired at what he supposed to be game. On visiting the spot he found the dead body of Morris, the charge having entered his head. Robert, in his excitement, took the body on his shoulders and carried him home and hid it in the barn under the hay. Inquiry was made for Morris and Robert declared that he had not seen him since he left home. The family noticed his uneasiness and believed some great trouble preyed upon his mind. A neighbor's children, with Robert's two small sisters, were playing in the barn, and one of the little girls, in attempting to pass from the haymow to the ground floor, placed her hand upon the dead face of her brother, and carried the terrible news to her parents. Robert turned deathly pale and being asked as to the cause of his brother's death, related the story as given above. He is now out of his mind.

NICARAGUA will enter the postal union May 1. There is nobody in Nicaragua can write, but the natives enjoy opening the letters of the American consul.

If the Chinese race increase upon American soil, the augmentation must come from the home country. There is no marriage among the Chinese here. Of the hundred thousand Chinese in the United States, but five per cent are women, and of these nearly all are maintained as prostitutes. During the thirty years that the race has been resorting to America, there has been but 1,611 births to Chinese parents. In San Francisco the excess of males over females in the general population is 31,257, and two thirds of the excess is chargeable to Chinese immigration, which is not an immigration of families. The Bulletin, which presents elaborate statistics in this connection, says: "When San Francisco becomes as densely populated as New York now is, its population will be 616,890 men to 390,600 women. There is no help for us, unless the labor invasion from China is arrested. If Congress will give to the Pacific Coast an immigration of families, like that that comes to the eastern states from Europe, there will be an equality in respect to the sexes; we will become more and more American in social, religious and political life."

Too Many Papers. Writing on the subject of an Idaho paper that has suspended publication, the Boise Statesman has the following to say, which are our views to a hair:

Papers are starting up and suspending all over the country every few months. There are four, if not ten times as many newspapers published as are needed. Printers and men who have been casual editors or written a little for newspapers, have a peculiar itching to become the proprietor of a newspaper. They think every county seat and every town of a few hundred inhabitants is a good place to start a newspaper, and if they can secure a press and a little material, even on a credit, they launch out with high hopes, expecting soon to make a fortune or be elected to Congress and become the most popular man in the county or state. This is all a sad mistake. A useful newspaper man is seldom popular. He has tread on too many men's corns, has written the wrongs and exposed the frauds and corruptions of public men too often to be called a clever man in society. He should never think of an office. He cannot be independent and take a leading part on important questions without antagonizing bitter opposition. An able, well-conducted newspaper is a blessing to a country, but a cheap, effeminate paper is a curse. The latter seldom publish an editorial or discuss a leading question. If he confines his paper to clippings from other papers, he does but little harm, but his subscribers might as well buy last year's almanacs. A large proportion of cheap newspapers men think their only mission is to throw dirt at somebody or abuse their brother editors. The people are half at fault for extending patronage to such trashy papers. They want their own town written up and think that opposition in newspapers is a good thing. These are mistakes. No well-founded newspaper is jealous of neighboring towns. Their growth is the growth of the paper, because it represents and writes up the whole country.

The great trouble with sickly newspapers is it takes them too long to die. They live out a miserable existence, for fear of shame in suspending. No newspaper on a healthy basis, we don't care how small it may be, with less than 1,000 or 1,500 subscribers and a good advertising patronage. It ought to have from 2,000 to 5,000 paying subscribers, and in large cities the subscription list should number from 10,000 to 20,000. A large proportion of the papers in this territory and Eastern Oregon and Washington do not have 500 paying subscribers. It is only a question of time with them as it was with the Herald how long they will survive. In this age people want news, local, state, United States and foreign news. They don't want it a week or a month old, but they want to know what is going on from day to day. The home or town news can be given in a cheap paper, as a matter of course, but when it is given in one paper you do not want to read two or three more papers to get the same items. Making a newspaper may be compared to running a quartz mill. It costs very near as much to run a five or ten stamp mill as it does a twenty-stamp mill. The five or ten stamp mill will charge more per ton if it does custom work, because it costs more. Virtually the small mill is not a competitor, for it cannot reduce prices. It is the large mill that can reduce prices if it only has enough to do. It is so with the newspaper, only a great deal more so. The first 500 papers, taking the usual size of country papers, costs all you can get for them. If you strike off less you do not make wages. You are working for nothing—just for glory, to be an editor. If you strike off 1,000 papers, you make something on the last 500. If you can increase or double the number again, you are beginning to do a paying business and can pay for news and for able writers and make your paper interesting and useful. There is no industry carried on which the cost is reduced in proportion to the quantity furnished, as much as it is in the newspaper or printing business. Editors know this fact well enough, but their zeal to be editors, do not take it into account. If you had to set up the type and make up the forms and strike off one copy, and desired to have 1,000 copies published, which could probably all be done for \$2500, you would not divide the work and give it to different book establishments to print, because each has so set up the same matter, at a cost of \$1,000 each. The printing and binding of the 1,000, or say 997 other books, even if it would be as cheap as the one man could do it, at a dollar and a half each, would be \$1,496.50, so that instead of paying one man \$2,500, you pay \$3,996.50 to three men for the same work.

This rule will apply to publishing newspapers, as it does to publishing books. Is it any wonder that hundreds of newspapers are in a sickly and dying condition, and that the people are "paying too dear for the whistle?"

From the Chinese race increase upon American soil, the augmentation must come from the home country. There is no marriage among the Chinese here. Of the hundred thousand Chinese in the United States, but five per cent are women, and of these nearly all are maintained as prostitutes. During the thirty years that the race has been resorting to America, there has been but 1,611 births to Chinese parents. In San Francisco the excess of males over females in the general population is 31,257, and two thirds of the excess is chargeable to Chinese immigration, which is not an immigration of families. The Bulletin, which presents elaborate statistics in this connection, says: "When San Francisco becomes as densely populated as New York now is, its population will be 616,890 men to 390,600 women. There is no help for us, unless the labor invasion from China is arrested. If Congress will give to the Pacific Coast an immigration of families, like that that comes to the eastern states from Europe, there will be an equality in respect to the sexes; we will become more and more American in social, religious and political life."

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Umatilla County Must be Divided.

If unanimity of sentiment will accomplish the desires of the people concerned, the division of Umatilla county will be accomplished at the next session of the Oregon state legislature.

And the nature of the question is such that no satisfactory or practical opposition can be made against division, while the reasons in its favor are overwhelmingly conclusive.

KEEP OUT.

The Chinese Bill Signed and the Pacific Coast Thanks the President for His Signature to this most Righteous Measure.

And Shutting the Door Against the Hordes of Heathendom.

White Labor's First Victory Tracing From Here to Capital.

A Triumph Also of Common Sense Over Slickly Sentimentality.

AND THE EMANCIPATION OF THE PACIFIC COAST FROM COOLIE SLAVERY.



"YOU SABE, JOHN?"

[SPECIAL TO THE STATESMAN.] A special to the STATESMAN says the President has signed the anti-Chinese bill and that California is jubilant; guns are being fired and an impromptu demonstration made on receipt of the joyful news in San Francisco.

Woolen Mill.

We learn that the object of the visit of F. G. Frary, of Dayton, to our city is to raise funds to start a woolen mill in this city. The STATESMAN has for years lustily illustrated the advantages that would accrue to Walla Walla from the establishment here of any and all kinds of manufacturing industries.

Umatilla county is a large county, and the bulk of the capital of the upper country is concentrated here, and the raw material necessary for the manufacture of woolen fabrics is ready to our hands, and only needs the magic touch of capital and enterprise to establish a great and lucrative industry.

A Great Relief.

The bill for the suppression of Chinese immigration has passed both houses of congress, the president has signed it, and the demand of the people of the entire Pacific coast, irrespective of party, for protection against this, the greatest curse to our land of the present century, has been appropriately granted.

The subdivision of all counties is a guarantee of prosperity and progress; it stimulates private enterprise by reducing taxation, encourages the influx of population and capital and the growth of new towns, and adds to the sum total of the wealth of the state.

A Daily Decid.

Another of those cowardly assassinations which the true friends of Ireland deplore has again occurred in Ireland; this time it is not in the wilds of Galway or Connaught, but under the windows of the Vice-regal palace in Phoenix Park in the very heart of Ireland's capital.

The deed is the outcome of a deep-laid conspiracy gotten up by those who make a profit by turmoil; it is to the benefit of those wretches to make confusion worse confounded. They fatten upon Erin's troubles, and repose to her means starvation to them.

THEY WILL DO IT.—A late ruling in California makes the selection of another man's wife as excuse for murder; but while the world was any man with any spirit at all will slay the destroyer of his domestic happiness, the world will applaud his act and no jury will ever place his life in danger; it is an unwritten but very sacred law.

TELEGRAPHIC.

The Irish Horror.

NEW YORK, May 8.—A cable dispatch gives additional points of the assassination. The attack was so sudden and silent that it scarcely attracted any notice, but the scuffle was observed from the garden of the vice-regal lodge of Earl Spencer, who had arrived shortly before.

Notes of the Assassination.

A special messenger left London for Dublin this morning. Two men on horseback also watched the procession in a suspicious manner. It is now thought that Cavendish and Burke were deliberately selected for assassination during the procession in Dublin, Saturday.

Notes of the Assassination.

The head of the London police describes the evidence which the Irish police have to work on as very meagre. The official and private residences of cabinet ministers are now guarded by special constables.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.

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Manifesto of the Land League.

To the people of Ireland: On the eve of what seemed a bright future for our country that evil destiny which has apparently pursued you for centuries has struck at our hopes another blow, which cannot be exaggerated in its disastrous consequences. In this hour of sorrowful gloom we venture to give expression to our profoundest sympathy with the people of Ireland in the calamity that has befallen our cause through this horrible deed, and with those who determined at the last hour that a policy of conciliation should supplant that of terrorism and general distrust.

The President's Message.

The President has just sent a message to congress notifying that body of his approval of the Chinese bill.

Inspection of the Northern Pacific.

Inspection of the road to Billings, M. T. He was accompanied by several of the directors and a large party of New York capitalists, who go out with a view to investment in the lands of the company. At St. Paul the party will be joined by the new land commissioner, C. B. Lamborn, who, with several associates, will go through to the Pacific coast, making a careful examination of the land grant the entire distance.

Accident to Alexander H. Stephens.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—Alexander H. Stephens slipped and fell on entering the capital this morning, and fears of serious consequences are entertained. He is considerably hurt.

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The Inexpensive Millitists.

MOSCOW.—A man named Kabacoff Bagdanowitch recently submitted to the authorities a plan for the illumination of the Kremlin with electric light. Inquiries were instituted and it was discovered that the intention was to blow up the whole Kremlin during the festivities attending the coronation of the Czar. At the man's residence were found a number of peasants' caps, the crowns of which

were filled with explosive materials. It is supposed these caps were to be thrown into the air in greeting to the Czar, and that on their falling to the ground their contents would explode with the effect of bombs. Bagdanowitch and 300 nihilists have been arrested.

Notes of the Late Tragedy. Newspapers are in mourning. Three more arrests were made in Kildare to-day.

The body of Burke was buried on the in Glasnevin.

Intention of releasing suspects are now completely abandoned.

The queen will visit London and give audience to Gladstone.

Up to the 31st of March, 1882 suspects were arrested in Ireland and many liberated.

Earl Spencer went out several times to-day and everywhere he appeared was received with enthusiasm, which gave evidence of the strength of the feeling against assassination.

It is stated a few days ago Burke received a letter warning him if he did not at once follow the example of Forster and clear out the castle he would have only three days to live.

At the inquest on the bodies of Cavendish and Burke, medical evidence was given to the effect that the victims had apparently been stabbed simultaneously from before and behind with long bowie knives.

It is stated that the police are hopeful of capturing the assassins. They have received evidence which enables them to identify the murderers, also the car into which they escaped has been traced to Leixlip, ten miles northwest of Dublin, where they alighted to procure liquor.

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IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Having now a complete stock of the Latest Styles Spring Clothing, I call special attention to one and all that I offer the same at lower prices than ever sold before in the City of Walla Walla.

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED!

SUITS PRESSED & ALTERED FREE OF CHARGE.

The latest styles of Hats, Collars and Cuffs, Neckwears, and all kinds of Gents Furnishing Goods in general. Also a full line of

BOOTS AND SHOES, TRUNKS AND VALISES

Sold at Surprisingly Low Figures. I invite and request comparison. I fear no competition. My prices are very low for First class goods.

SAM. LESSER.

Cor. Fourth & Main Sts., Walla Walla.

FURNITURE!!

WHEN VISITING PORTLAND

DON'T FAIL TO DROP IN AND SEE

F.S. Chadbourne & Co.,

COR. FIRST AND YAMHILL STS., PORTLAND,

We desire to inform the people of the interior that we have opened a large and First-Class FURNITURE STORE in Portland, where can always be found a line of Goods to suit every class of customers. We will have all the latest novelties in Furniture and Upholstery as soon as it appears in the Eastern Markets. Our designs are all new and none but the best of Workmanship is allowed to leave our warerooms. Proprietors of Hotels will find a very extensive assortment at special prices. Don't fail to see our new styles of "Kensington" Parlor Sets, Corner and Bay Window Chairs, the Oscar Wilde Chair, and many other Novelties that can be had only at this Establishment.

GREAT INDUCEMENT

TO BUY

NEW FURNITURE!

THE PIONEER FURNITURE STORE

Carries a Large Stock of Household Furniture, all New and of the Best Quality, and is sold as low as by Dealers of Second-Hand Furniture.

No. 221 and 223 Main St., one door below Straight's Jewelry Store.

E. W. EVERSZ - PROPRIETOR.



Among the medicinal means of arresting disease Hostetter's Stomach Bitters stand pre-eminent. It checks the further progress of all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, restores the vital stamina, prevents and remedies chills and fever, increases the activity of the kidneys, counteracts a tendency to rheumatism and is a genuine stay and brace to aged, infirm and nervous persons.

REES, WINANS &

THE CROPS.—From personal observation we have no hesitation in predicting that the finest, largest and best crops ever grown east of the mountains are those of the present season. Go which way we will at any point of the cascades hills of grain meet our eye. On Monday we returned from a trip of over 45 miles in Unmilla county, and thought that such fields of grain as these met our eye could not possibly be equalled, much less excelled. But we have been since talking to others of our citizens who have also been on tours of observation, and they look to us in their glowing accounts of the outlook of the crops from up in Columbia county down to Eureka flat where everything looks better than ever. If intending emigrants only thought that this country was one-tenth part as rich and fertile as it is they could come here in spite of every and all efforts to induce them to go elsewhere. Think of it. From the Alpoza flat, miles above Pomeroy, in Garfield county, all through Columbia, Walla Walla and Unmilla counties, a distance of 140 miles along the stage route, there is a continuous line of fences enclosing grain waving fields the whole distance, and we would be willing to wager that in all those miles that there are not vacant unfenced fields, which, taken altogether, amount to two miles in extent.

FROM WOOD RIVER.—G. W. Ireland, who recently went from here to Wood river in company with Eugene Jesse, and several others, has returned to this valley, where he proposes to stay. Mr. Ireland says Walla Walla is good enough for him, and he believes it to be the liveliest town he has seen since he left. He says there are 400 miles in Bellevue, where there is no mining amount to anything, only one smelter working in operation. Men can not get work for their heads and many would leave if they were able to get away. None of the young men who went from here have done anything since they arrived there, and are waiting for something to turn up. Men are pouring in from every direction, on foot, on horseback, in wagons—in fact any way to get there. Mr. Ireland says he does not wish to advise anyone whether to go to Wood river or not, but that he himself is perfectly well satisfied with Walla Walla.

ENCOURAGING OFFER.—To encourage tree-planting along its line the Northern Pacific Railroad offers free transportation of forest trees, tree seed and cuttings, and also offers prizes to those most successful in planting groves. The premiums are free passes over the road to and from St. Paul, at such a date as to allow the holder to attend the annual meeting of the State Forestry Association. The first premium awards are made to two men in each county through which the Northern Pacific may pass, who under prescribed rules accomplish the best results in tree planting. On their premium tickets they can travel the round trip, taking with them their wives and children.

A NEWSPAPER CHANGE.—The Spokane Chronicle has again changed hands, this time Hiram Allen, brother of John Allen, and C. Hopkins has taken hold of it. We hear Mr. Allen is spoken of as a young man of ability and our citizens know that the other member of the firm has check enough for a government made so there is little doubt of their ultimate success. We have had an idea for some time that the Colfax Democrat was running the Gazette pretty hard but had no idea that it was so near its end. At any rate we wish them success in their new field and hope they will continue the Chronicle what its founder, brother Carlisle, has made it.

I. O. O. F.—The delegates to the grand lodge now in this city represent the best class of citizens on the whole north west; they are business men and representatives of all the principal sections of the country extending from tide-water to the bitter root mountains. With one accord they express great pleasure in our city and country and those who were never here before say that it exceeds their most sanguine expectations. Our own citizens are very attentive to them and will do all in their power to make them feel good so their friends at home need not be in any anxiety about them.

GRAND LODGE.—The Grand Lodge of the I. O. O. F., convenes in this city to-morrow, and a number of delegates to attend the same have arrived. Among them we noticed John M. Swan, Grand Secretary, Dr. G. G. Tarter and T. N. Ford, of Olympia; G. T. McConnell, of Vancouver; Dr. N. D. Hill and A. H. Tucker, of Port Townsend; E. P. Back, of Seattle; B. F. Young, of Puyallup; E. M. Downing, of Colfax; S. V. Crawford, of Walling.

A LITTLE WANDERER.—The Dayton Chronicle states that on last Wednesday F. G. Morrison found a lost child on the Pataha a short distance above the Onley bridge. The little girl, who is about three years of age was unable to give her name or tell the whereabouts of her parents. Mr. Morrison carried the little wanderer to Onley's house where she now is and will remain until called for.

WAS.—Marshall Justice has been making it his policy for the "was" that they have nearly all left town. There is no excuse for idleness now, and individuals who can give no satisfactory account of themselves will have an opportunity to help work on the court-house grounds with a ball and chain attached. The most severe punishment that can be inflicted on such fellows is to put them to work.

FREE DAY.—A good sized audience witnessed the performance for the benefit of the Oscar Hill monument fund. The performers were very good, and while we have not space to notice each of the performers individually, we can say that for amateurs all did well, and on the part of some there was some particularly good acting, which was frequently applauded. Some new scenery was prepared for the occasion by Mr. Beale, and the scene of a water fall was beautiful indeed.

A BEAUTIFUL LIFE.—At the town of Green-ville, Wood river, which contains but two houses, and sixty men who live in the open air and sleep on the snow. The Times says: "They sleep on the snow with their blankets, or on poles laid on the top of the snow, which is three feet deep, but melting fast. There being no snow to work, they pass the time playing cards, smoking their pipes, and drinking whisky."

VIOLATORS.—Our visitors from Olympia have been viewing the surroundings of our city and as far as express themselves delighted with the grand and enchanting views which our valley presents—particularly the scenery around the base of our mountains with miles of beautiful wheat fields.

THE LOCAL LINE.

Creditable Showing of the News of the Day in the Columns of "The Statesman."

The Standard Minister's are coming. Walla Walla is bound to have a bicycle boom. James W. Miller and wife have returned from their wedding tour. Frank Bell has again started up the old Commercial hotel on Alder street.

Z. K. Straight and Warren Burgess have been ruled out at the shooting gallery. It takes nine tailors to make a man now a-days and very poor work they sometimes turn out.

C. R. Upton, of this city, has been admitted to the bar of the supreme court at Washington D. C. In the case of Prather vs Johnson, judgment was given for plaintiff in the sum \$175.50 and costs.

Jacob Bettinger, Esq., of Cheney, is attending the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F., now convened in this city. O. C. White, of the Dayton Chronicle, is in the city to attend the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows.

It is no longer good form in fashionable society to make a display of your daughter's wedding presents. Several teams and a large gang of men are busy grading Second street on the south side of Singleton creek.

Seattle has been chosen as the next place of holding the Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F. of Washington territory. The wise men of Wall street have ordered strong sheet iron umbrellas in anticipation of the coming financial storm.

Tom McCleary, who killed Woolsey, at Sandy Point, has been sentenced to twenty years in the penitentiary. In life it is difficult to say who do you the most mischief, enemies with the worst intentions or friends with the best.

Charlie Davis paid \$840 yesterday for some railroad land he found lying around loose between Dry creek and the Touchet. If Walla Walla men were to invest their loose capital here at home instead of on the outside the future of the city would be grand.

Spokane Falls has been made an international port-of-call. The day is not far distant when it will be the great international flouring center. E. Allen, manager for the firm of Seymour, Sablin & Co., of Portland, is in our city, and is delighted with our country. This is his first visit here.

A few null cases of scarlet fever and measles are known to exist in this city, but there is not the slightest danger of their assuming an epidemic form. C. P. Farrar, Esq., of Seattle, and one of the proprietors of the "Arlington" there, the best hotel north of San Francisco, is attending the Grand Lodge.

Mr. David McKinney, at Sandy Point, Idaho, has the honor of being the first lady along the whole line of the N. P. railroad to plant a flower garden. An outbreak of Plagues, Bannocks and Shoshones is feared in Nevada; when the grass begins to get good Indians will stand a good amount of watching.

J. A. Lawrence, who created some sensation a few weeks since by eloping with Nellie Sloan, of Portland, has returned like the prodigal son and is now in duance vile. Judge Guichard has somewhat recovered from his serious illness, and we are glad to see his presence again at his office although he is still unable to handle his pen.

The Russian authorities announce that the expulsion of the Jews shall be stopped. But in the meantime the Jews are setting sail for America with all possible dispatch. The order for Gen. Gibbon to prepare to take the field against the Apaches, at the head of his veterans, was revoked from headquarters before it could be carried into effect.

Gov. Ordway has seen the Yankton grand jury's censure of himself and goes his enemies one better by securing a cordial and enthusiastic endorsement from the same source. Matthew Arnold appears to know more about the Irish than he does about the Americans. There is a lamentable lack of information in his article in the Nineteenth century.

The machine managers and the independent republicans of Philadelphia will probably wind up their harmony meeting with a declaration of war. Peace congresses generally lead to hostilities. The card of J. H. Forney, of Mount Idaho, appears in this issue. Forney is a gentleman of ability and a thorough business man, therefore all work entrusted to him will be carefully attended to.

Mr. T. Tallen, of the Olympia Courier, and Mr. Dobbins, one of Olympia's leading citizens, paid this office a visit to-day. Both are here attending the grand lodge of Odd Fellows. Mr. C. K. Lorl, of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, has our thanks for a most beautiful illustrated book with the title "Picayune B. & O.", of which a more extended notice will be found elsewhere.

Since January 1, 1869, 46,646 emigrants have landed at Castle Garden in the city of New York. Besides these, many others have landed at Baltimore and some at Boston. And still the tide comes swelling in. The Mulbon Plank which has caused a great furor all over the coast and caused more amusement than any entertainment for years, is coming here and will give their first performance on Saturday week.

Our old friend W. H. Wickard, of Lewiston, is in the city attending the Grand Lodge. He is one of the men who has assisted most materially in making this country, and is now one of Northern Idaho's solid men. Mr. Theo. Perry, of Weston, has the finest brewery in that part of the country, and his ales and porters are said by the initiated to equal if not surpass those of any other brewer.

The delinquent tax list for the county will be published in the STATESMAN in its next issue. The cheese party, penny wise, pound foolish policy of the county commissioners prevents their advertising it in a daily newspaper. The Indians around Cheney had a war dance in consequence of a white man having a horse in his possession which he refused to give up. Our informant states that some of the citizens had the camp watched fearing they might possibly do some mischief.

Thos. O'Brien, a laborer at the front, was killed by the premature explosion of a blast which it was intended should not be let off until the day following. He was asleep in his tent when the rocks came crashing through the tent in which he was sleeping; one large one fell upon his head killing him instantly. With his characteristic energy L. D. Drake, of Olympia, is rebuilding his opera house which was burned down in the recent conflagration, and when completed it will be second to none and equal to any other in the city.

R. M. Green, who agent for "Syrup of Figs," is in town from the line of the N. P. He says that it is the last new line he has ever rode over. Some miles were made by a quarter, at the rate of one mile in a minute and a time, and the average from Ritzville to Ainsworth is 35 miles per hour. Mr. Green has our thanks for numerous items of an interesting nature.

A BRAKEMAN KILLED.—An inquest was held this (Thursday) morning at Fictus on the body of the brakeman who fell from the top of a box car and under the train which ran over him longitudinally nearly cutting him in two. The inquest was held by Dr. Massey two. The inquest was held by Dr. Massey two. The inquest was held by Dr. Massey two.

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I. O. O. F.

Meeting of the Grand Lodge

At 9 o'clock Tuesday morning the Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F., of Washington Territory convened at the Odd Fellows Temple in this city and was called to order by E. L. Powell, M. W. Grand Master. The G. M., appointed P. G. Bro. J. M. Stout as Grand Conductor pro tem. After due consideration the deputy G. M. by order of the G. M. declared the K. W. G. Lodge duly opened.

OFFICERS PRESENT.—E. L. Powell, G. M.; H. Wintler, D. G. M.; A. H. Tucker, G. W. G. M. Swan, G. S.; E. P. Back, G. T.; T. N. Ford, G. Rep.; N. W. Lane, G. C.; D. C. Coleman, G. M.; Jas. M. Crow, G. C.

W. W. Evans, G. C.; W. H. Miller, G. H.; P. G. A. Scumacher appointed G. Herald pro tem. The G. W. appointed committee on credentials P. G.; E. W. Young, No. 1, and E. W. Everts, No. 2, and C. L. Morrill, of No. 13.

Legislative Committee.—R. Frosh, No. 3, G. Frary, No. 10, W. H. Pumpfry, No. 4, Finance Committee.—J. T. Brown, No. 1, E. M. Downing, No. 14, L. D. Drake, No. 10. Committee on Appeals.—W. R. Dunbar, No. 15, E. Bannister, No. 2, O. C. White, No. 10.

Committee on Correspondence.—C. C. Hewitt, No. 6, M. J. Harkness, No. 5, C. C. Cook, No. 20. Committee on Laws of Subordinates.—H. E. Holmes, No. 2, Wm. Shelton, No. 2, J. McAniff, No. 19.

Committee on Petitions.—F. W. Road, No. 3, B. Ellenwood, No. 20, B. F. Young, No. 18. Committee on State of the Order.—N. D. Hill, No. 9, W. A. Inman, No. 14, C. P. Ferrar, No. 7.

Several resolutions of little importance were introduced and carried. The hours of meeting are to be from 9 A. M. to 12 M., and from 2 P. M. to 5 P. M.

Twenty-three Past Grands were introduced and given the Grand Lodge degree. The reading of the reports of the Grand officers was dispensed with, printed copies being furnished the committee and members.

The Grand Secretary reports: Since January 1st, Yakima Lodge, No. 22 has been instituted, and Mt. Idaho Lodge, No. 7, attached to this Grand Lodge, making at this date, May 9, 1882, a total of 24 lodges. During the year 1881 our gain in membership was 265, or about 43 per cent on the number reported last year. The total membership Dec. 31, 1881, was 888. The receipts of subordinates for the year, as reported, were \$24,934.56. Two Lodges only reported current expenses for the term ending June 30. All Lodges (one excepted) reported current expenses for that term ending Dec. 31st, which for that term were \$696.52. Assets of the Lodges Dec. 31, 1881, were \$58,160, which is \$43 to each member, and indicates a healthy condition of the Order in so long a jurisdiction. The expenditures for relief during the year were \$2790.37.

The Grand Treasurer reports the total receipts during the year ending May 1, 1882, \$2071.5; expenditures, \$852.80, leaving a balance on hand of \$1218.75.

ATTENDING SESSION.—The action of the M. W. Grand Master in accepting jurisdiction over the Lodges in North Idaho was approved. The special committee on Regalia for the Grand Lodge reported that they had collected funds enough and purchased suitable regalia, which the Grand officers are now wearing.

Past Grand W. H. Wishard, of Lewiston Lodge, was admitted as a member of the Grand Lodge. EVENING SESSION.—The Grand Lodge met last night at eight o'clock and elected officers as follows: Henry Wintler of Walla Walla, R. W. O. M.

A. H. Tucker of Port Townsend, R. W. D. G. M. W. R. Dunbar of Goldendale, R. W. G. W. Capt. J. T. Brown of Olympia, R. W. G. S. Capt. G. D. Hill of Seattle, R. W. G. T. O. C. White of Dayton, D. J. Coleman of Walla Walla and E. T. Young of Olympia, Trustees.

THE GRAND LODGE RECEPTION AND BALL.—The Odd Fellow's temple never had a better territorially representative audience than that which gathered there on Wednesday evening. Members of the order of the highest standing from all over the territory, from the tide washed shores of Puget Sound up to the settlements of the slope of the Bitter Root mountains, were there assembled with their wives and lady friends. The dulcet strains of Paul Bonion's band opened the proceedings, and then the Rev. G. M. Irwin delivered the address which was with one accord voted to be the most eloquent and impressive delivered in Walla Walla during three years past. Brother N. W. Lane, of Port Townsend, followed him and proved himself to be a first-class speaker, a good Odd Fellow and a man with more than the usual amount of common sense. W. R. Dunbar, of Goldendale, also proved to be a most excellent speaker, and his remarks were frequently applauded. W. A. Inman, of Colfax, Robt. Frost, of Olympia, S. W. Bier, of Vancouver, J. M. Swan, of Olympia, Judge Buck, of Lewiston, and E. M. Downing, of Colfax, all spoke and the party then adjourned to the other hall and dancing commenced, which, with the usual intermission of supper, was kept up until half past three in the morning. It was altogether an affair which will long be remembered, and the credit is due to the management which had charge of the ceremonies.

GRATIS pro Rebus Merito Debetur Invenitis. A few days since Vic Trivett that genial, good old timer, was in this city and on his return to The Dalles was so impressed with the friendship of our old timers here had for him that he cast about for some way in which to show his appreciation; with Vic to think was to act and by express there arrived here to "Old Tex" one of our old timers, a thoroughbred Solferino Blonde Terrier from Mr. Trivett who could not express his gratitude in any other manner. "Tex" is pleased with his present and the Solferino he declares will be the solace of his declining years. Like its former master it has a pure and moral character and can do everything but talk; he has already acquired a great respect for his new master and is jealous of his reputation as a dog can be, this merriment he said as plain as doze can speak, to another dog: I am Tex's dog at Walla Walla. Pray tell me, sir, what master do you follow. Tex is a dog-in-the-wool deacon but prefers his dog as natural as the French say. He holds Ned Wick's responsible for any peculiarities the pup may have.

A BRAKEMAN KILLED.—An inquest was held this (Thursday) morning at Fictus on the body of the brakeman who fell from the top of a box car and under the train which ran over him longitudinally nearly cutting him in two. The inquest was held by Dr. Massey two. The inquest was held by Dr. Massey two.

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Sudden Death.

On Sunday, shortly after 12 o'clock, Charley Brown, a tinner in the employ of C. T. Thompson, attracted attention at the Aurora restaurant, where he was boarding, by suddenly appearing in a condition much resembling delirium tremens. He drew his knife and cut down the wall with the fury of a maniac. He was finally overpowered by several men and placed on a bed, but tore the bedstead to pieces. He finally became quiet, and called Mr. Pyle, proprietor of the restaurant, to him, and asked that Dr. Eagan be sent for, saying "I'm going to die." On being told that Dr. Eagan could not be found, he requested that Dr. Boyd be sent for, which was done. On the doctor's arrival Mr. Brown requested that he be introduced to him. The doctor gave him something to quiet his nerves, but he still acted strangely, and called one of the waiters to him, whom he requested to write to his mother and brothers an account of his death which he said would soon take place. He then asked Mr. Pyle to take charge of some papers which he had, and which he said were valuable, and pertained to his mother's estate; he said that his relatives had been trying to rob him of his portion of the estate, and now that he was going to die they might have it. Brown then passed into a kind of apoplectic fit, from which he never fully recovered, and died this morning. Several physicians were present and assigned hard drinking as the cause of his sudden insanity, which terminated in apoplexy and death. Deceased has a brother living in Pendleton and another in Sprague; his mother lives in California. He has lived in this country several years and was a good natured, jolly fellow, whom everybody liked. He had been in Mr. Thompson's employ several weeks, and was an excellent workman. His sudden and strange death led some to believe he had been poisoned, and a post-mortem examination will be held this evening.

NEWSPAPER CHANGES.—Less than three months ago the STATESMAN predicted that at least four of the up country papers would either suspend or fall into the hands of some other newspaper speculator. The Spokane Times having changed hands the past week fills out our prediction. The people of this country, after paying dearly for their wish, have at least come to their senses and now point blank refuse to patronize such abortions as are issued every few weeks. This is the way the thing is managed; some printer either too dishonest or too lazy to be employed in a decent office announces he is about to start a paper, a little clique of rogues like himself think they can use him and by giving him a dollar down and promising him a hundred more, encourage him; advertising patronage is then solicited and after running a few days or weeks, as the case may be, the advertising patronage is sold out for a mere song and the poor thing runs on until it dies a natural death. But the last stage is the best of all in towns of any size; every old established newspaper like other businesses have collection day on the first of the month but the new ones make the middle their collection day in order that the natural disgust of the business men may be lessened, and by bringing in their bill in the middle instead of at the first of the month the chances of a continuance of the advertisement are somewhat increased.

ACROSS THE LINE.—The following from the Weston Leader fully explains itself and the course the STATESMAN is now taking in regard to the division of Unmilla county: Two years ago the W. W. STATESMAN advocated the division of this county. It spoke from experience in its own county, of the inconvenience and unnecessary expenses connected with the municipal government extending over so much territory. It even went so far as to advocate the election of the division ticket. But the democrats, particularly P. J. Kelly, informed the STATESMAN that the democracy would do all in its power to secure the desired division. With this understanding the STATESMAN advocated the election of the straight democratic ticket, preferring not to injure the party prospects as long as the result sought for could be accomplished without so doing. Like many of the voters of Unmilla county it placed too much confidence in the specious promises of those whose only object was to defeat division.

SOREHEADS.—Like all other growing towns Dayton possesses a few soreheads, who, because they have no way of getting along in the world continually run everything down when they should be doing everything in their power to enhance the value of property in their town. However, it is as a pigmy attacking a mountain and in the end they will get the worst of it.

SUICIDE AT COLFAX.—A German named Louis Johnson committed suicide at Colfax on Sunday, night by shooting himself through the head with a musket. Some time since he was kicked in the face by a horse which broke his jaw bone, and he resorted to suicide in order to put an end to his sufferings. He was in prosperous circumstances.

A HONORED CITIZEN.—To our citizen Harry Wintler has been conferred the honor of having been elected R. W. G. M. of the I. O. O. F. The choice could not have been more worthily bestowed for in everything pertaining to the welfare of the order Mr. Wintler has ever been a foremost worker.

DIED.—At Weston, Oregon, May 7th, John Jamieson, aged 70 years and a few months.

MARRIED.—On May 9, 1882, at Weston, Oregon, by Rev. W. H. Pruetz, C. F. Bullfinch to Miss M. J. Sating, all of Weston.

SOOTHS THE INVALID.—A few drops of SOZODONT mixed with water, and placed in the mouth of the invalid, will refresh him. It aromatizes what else would be dry and unpalatable, and gives infinite pleasure, and invigorates appetite. No nurse should neglect SOZODONT.

L. M. C. SMITH is appointed Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory by F. Luffield & Co., of the celebrated Superior Long Cut Smoking Tobacco. For sale to the Trade in lots to suit.

As spring with its change of weather creates a revolution in the very bones of the earth, so does Fluemid create a revolution in the human system. Send in your order either direct to Fluemid & Co., or any wholesale house in Portland.

Burnett's Cocoonine. Promotes the Growth of the Hair. And renders it dark and glossy. It holds in Cocoon Oil, prepared expressly for this purpose. No other compound possesses the peculiar properties which so exactly suit the various conditions of the human hair.

J. H. FORNEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. MOUNT IDAHO, IDAHO TERRITORY. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his hands.

Notice. Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the county auditor for grading the court-house block up to the 15th day of May, 1882. Plans and specifications for same can be seen at the county auditor's office. Bids to be opened on the 15th day of May, 1882. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. W. C. PATZER, County Auditor.

PACIFIC NORTHWEST WHEAT.

Probability of Finding a Market in Minneapolis.

Following is a copy of a recent letter from Mr. Henry J. Winkler, chief of the Northern Pacific bureau of immigration, to Mr. Villard: St. Paul, Minn., April 12. Mr. Pillsbury, of Minneapolis, called in to see me this morning and told me something which I think may interest you. He said he was now in receipt of offers from San Francisco wheat dealers to deliver No. 1 grade California wheat at Minneapolis for \$1.37, \$1.38 per bushel; but unfortunately the California wheat was not adapted to his purpose. He pays now \$1.45 for "No. 1 hard" Dakota wheat. Mr. P. said that there was no doubt after you get the Northern Pacific through, that you can deliver Oregon, Washington and Idaho wheat at Minneapolis at remunerative rates. You may remember that Mr. P. brought home with him some specimens of Oregon and Washington wheat which turned out to be very good, and which he says may be mixed to advantage with Dakota wheat in manufacturing the patent process flour. He thinks a perfect wheat could be produced in Oregon, etc., if the farmers would be careful in selecting their seed, and that the time will certainly come when Minneapolis will use a great deal of Pacific Northwest wheat.

Yours sincerely, HENRY J. WINKLER.

LAKE FAIRWEATHER.—This beautiful body of cold, fresh water, is situated about four miles north of the town of Cheney, and is fed by three or four very large springs near its margin. A line of levees having recently been extended from the railroad track at the Cheney depot to this lake, shows its elevation to be forty-five feet above said initial point. A large supply of fresh spring water can thus be brought into Cheney at a small expense. This town is already well supplied with water but this additional source will furnish a supply for a population of 2,500 people besides furnishing the railroad with all it can use, and then there will be plenty of water for manufacturing purposes. It is confidently believed that there are several other lakes that can be brought into Cheney whenever its growing population and increased business wants demands it.—Tribune.

TIMBER CULTURES.—Timber Land Claimants have considerably trouble about their profits which could just as well avoid this on account of the testimony of witnesses in regard to their knowledge and inspection of the land. Such inspection must be as recent as possible, and it would be all the better if they would come direct from the land to make proof. At most, the time elapsing between the inspection and the making of proof should not exceed ten days. Timber claimants should note this requirement and by strict compliance therewith save themselves much vexatious annoyance in furnishing additional proofs. This requirement is imperative and must be complied with, however unreasonable it may seem to claimants.

NEW TIME CARD.—The new time card on the N. P. goes into effect recently. The east bound passenger arrives in Cheney at 11:57 A. M., and takes dinner there. The west bound passenger arrives at 10:42, taking breakfast at Rathrum and dinner at Ritzville. The east bound passenger leaves Ains, Weston at 4:40 A. M. and the west bound arrives there at 3:09 P. M., making connection at Walla with the O. R. & N., at 8:06. The east bound train connects at Walla at 3:25 A. M. From Spokane west there will be six trains a day, three each way, two exclusively passenger, and four freight. East of Spokane there will be one mixed train each way.

AN OLD PIONEER.—One of the most genial of the delegates to the grand lodge I. O. O. F., now in this city is Judge Hewitt of Olympia; he is a veritable old timer and looked miles from the Grande Ronde valley to this country over 20 years ago when there was not a white settler in the country. He is one of the pioneers of empire and has fought and bled for the country in the Indian wars and has worked as hard as any man in the Territory to bring it to its present state. May he live to see his dreams of an empire state consummated.

QUININE AND ARSENIC. Form the basis of many of the acute remedies in the market, and are the last resort of physicians and people who know no better medicine to employ for this distressing complaint. The effects of either of these drugs are destructive to the system, producing headache, intestinal disorders, vertigo, dizziness, ringing in the ears and depression of the constitutional health. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is a vegetable discovery, containing neither quinine, arsenic, nor any deleterious ingredient, and is an infallible and rapid cure for every form of fever and ague. Its effects are permanent and certain, and no injury can result from its use. Besides being a positive cure for fever and ague in all its forms, it is also a superior remedy for liver complaints. It stimulates the system to a vigorous, healthy condition.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS. OREGON REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET. Morrison Bros.' Sulky & Walking Plows.

Congressman, Hon. M. C. George, Of Multnomah, Supreme Judge, W. P. Lillard, Of Marion, For Governor, Z. P. Moody, Of Wasco, Secretary of State, E. P. Exhart, Of Multnomah, Treasurer, Edward Hirsch, Of Marion, Superintendent of Public Institutions, E. B. McElroy, Of Benton, State Printer, W. H. Byars, Of Douglas, SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT, For Judge, R. S. Bean, Of Lane, District Attorney, E. G. Hursh, Of Douglas.

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