

The Walla Walla Statesman.

VOL. XXII.—NO. 16.

WALLA WALLA, W. T., SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1883.

\$3 00 PER YEAR.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

A pretty smile is one of the best things a woman can have. It is the latest style expressed in the eyes of the world. It is the key to the heart, and the secret of success in all the walks of life. It is the light of the soul, and the glory of the face. It is the charm that wins the hearts of men, and the admiration of all eyes. It is the power that conquers all obstacles, and the strength that overcomes all enemies. It is the grace that makes a woman a queen, and the beauty that makes her a goddess. It is the joy that fills the heart, and the peace that calms the mind. It is the love that binds the soul, and the hope that sustains the spirit. It is the faith that conquers the world, and the charity that builds the kingdom of heaven. It is the wisdom that guides the path, and the courage that faces the storm. It is the patience that waits for the day, and the perseverance that never gives up. It is the kindness that softens the heart, and the gentleness that tames the wild. It is the humility that bows the knee, and the meekness that conquers the proud. It is the modesty that hides the light, and the simplicity that makes the heart glad. It is the purity that keeps the soul clean, and the chastity that preserves the honor. It is the industry that makes the hand strong, and the frugality that saves the purse. It is the temperance that keeps the body healthy, and the self-control that makes the will strong. It is the truth that sets the soul free, and the justice that makes the world right. It is the mercy that forgives the sin, and the forgiveness that heals the wound. It is the peace that makes the heart at ease, and the love that binds the world together. It is the life that gives meaning to the days, and the hope that makes the future bright. It is the joy that fills the heart, and the peace that calms the mind. It is the love that binds the soul, and the hope that sustains the spirit. It is the faith that conquers the world, and the charity that builds the kingdom of heaven. It is the wisdom that guides the path, and the courage that faces the storm. It is the patience that waits for the day, and the perseverance that never gives up. It is the kindness that softens the heart, and the gentleness that tames the wild. It is the humility that bows the knee, and the meekness that conquers the proud. It is the modesty that hides the light, and the simplicity that makes the heart glad. It is the purity that keeps the soul clean, and the chastity that preserves the honor. It is the industry that makes the hand strong, and the frugality that saves the purse. It is the temperance that keeps the body healthy, and the self-control that makes the will strong. It is the truth that sets the soul free, and the justice that makes the world right. It is the mercy that forgives the sin, and the forgiveness that heals the wound. It is the peace that makes the heart at ease, and the love that binds the world together. It is the life that gives meaning to the days, and the hope that makes the future bright.

SIXTY-FOURTH ANNIVERSARY

Of Odd Fellowship into America Daily Recognized by the Fraternity of Walla Walla and Dayton.

(From the Daily of Friday.)

Yesterday was a day duly honored and celebrated throughout the United States on the 64th anniversary of Old Fellowship into America. In large eastern cities, as well as San Francisco, the festivities are conducted upon a large scale, and in many instances the day is looked upon by merchants as a holiday.

The fact that the lodge rooms of Walla Walla are draped in mourning in respect to the memory of the late Robert Stott retarded to a great degree the observance of the day in this city; nevertheless a quiet, and withal most enjoyable time was had by those who attended the party last evening at the Opera House. The invitations had been limited to one for each member, consequently the assembly was not large, just enough being present to make dancing most enjoyable. But then who can be present at a party where the music is furnished by the oxy-acetylene orchestra and not dance? Prof. Walker is giving an extensive reputation as also his splendid musicians, and surely they deserve it. Supper was served at 10 on the stage, by Messrs. Knudsen & Olson, in their well known and tasty manner, everything passing off most pleasantly.

One auxiliary introduced by this party gave unbounded satisfaction, &c., the hat room, being placed in charge of a competent and careful man. This system not only insures safety, but prevents crowding and jostling during departure. All in all, the affair was voted a decided success and we believe the efforts of the library fund will be considerably enriched from the proceeds.

At Dayton.

At one o'clock P. M., to-day, says the Chronicle of the 27th, the members of Pitt Lodge No. 10, Touchet Lodge No. 5, andjourning brothers began to congregate at the Odd Fellows' temple preparatory to forming a line of march to the hall where the exercises of the day were to be held. At half past one Mr. G. H. Gough formed the members in procession according to the usage of the order. Led by the First Regimental band the procession marched to the Opera House where literary and musical exercises were held. Hon. R. F. Sturdevant, president of the day, in a very few appropriate remarks, introduced the orator, Past Grand H. E. Holmes, of Enterprise Lodge No. 2, of Walla Walla. Mr. Holmes treated the subject in a very original manner, taking up the state of civilization in America prior to the organization of the first lodge of Odd Fellows, following up that line of thought to the present time. Going back to 1819 he began with the birth of Old Fellowship in the city of Baltimore, when a lodge was established by five members of the Manchester Unity, and followed its growth to the years 1849, '50 and '51 and during the gold excitement in California up to the present time when Odd Fellows have numbers in 500 lodges and 500,000 members. He spoke of the fraternal feeling which existed among the members of the order during the dark days of the Pacific coast, of the spread of the order into Oregon, Washington and Idaho territories, and its present high standing everywhere.

Our space forbids a full synopsis of the speech, but we cannot refrain from saying that the G. A. R. Post of this city is making extensive preparations for the appropriate observance of the 50th of next month—Memorial Day. Invitations have been extended to and accepted by all the civic societies of this city and the surrounding country to join with the post in the ceremonies, and steps will be taken to have the day observed as a holiday by our merchants. It is thought that 100 Knights of Pythias in their handsome uniforms will be in the line; also the entire fire department, Odd Fellows, Workmen, all our municipal offices, as well as the troops at the garrison.

It is intended to hold literary and musical exercises at the opera house. The Oregon society under the leadership of Prof. Geddes will render some fine oratorios, assisted by local talent. The ceremonies at the cemetery will be solemn and imposing. Graves of the departed will be profusely decorated with floral tributes, irrespective of sect or creed. We believe our citizens should render the G. A. R. Post all the assistance in their power on this occasion, and when the committee call for subscriptions we hope to hear of a liberal response.

After Land.

As an indication of the great rush for land in this section of the country, we publish below the names of foreign born persons who have filed their declaration of becoming citizens of the United States, since the first day of April:—Benjamin Jensen, William Scully, Ulysses Eberhart, James C. Welch, John Francis, Theodore Jones, Alvin Olson, William Simpson, Maurice J. Hannigan, Thomas A. Clark, Sophia Collins, Thomas Collins, James Messenger, Jeremiah J. Hogboom, Carrie C. Welch, Othello Webber.

Lorenberg Brothers.

This old time firm, which has so long been identified with the mercantile interests of Northern Idaho, has sold out their business to Grostein & Binnsard, of Lewiston, now a paying investment. With the object of placing its advantages before Mr. Villard in a proper light, Messrs. Homes and Cyrus Davis of Pataha City and D. R. Foot, R. B. Davis and F. W. D. Mays, of Pomeroy, arrived in this city early this morning. We sincerely desire that they will return with their mission accomplished and well satisfied.

"SOMEONE'S WORK STEEP."

Infallible, tasteless, harmless, cathartic; for febrile, rheumatic, nervous, constipation. 25 cents.

A COWARDLY DEED.

Myer L. Livingstone, of Dayton, Shot Down by a Sheep-herder near Texas Ferry—Doubtful Recovery of the Wounded Man.

From a gentleman who is just down from Texas Ferry, we learn the following particulars of the shooting of Myer L. Livingstone, of Dayton, and a peddler by occupation:—

On last Sunday afternoon about 3 o'clock Livingstone was slowly journeying along in his wagon between Texas Ferry and Willow creek on one of his peddling expeditions through the country. As he approached a turn in the road, he heard the sharp crack of a rifle, and at the same instant a ball crashed through his shoulder. Again a report and another.

MEASURER OF DEATH

Found judgment in his abdomen, this time bringing him to the ground. As he fell from the wagon his team moved off up the road, leaving the helpless man lying in the dust in the agonies of death. Just then a villainous looking sheep herder emerged from behind the rocks and approached the man on a little party mace which he managed by a rope around her neck. Seeing that Livingstone was alive he halted and demanded his money, apparently knowing that his victim had a considerable amount with him. Livingstone told him that if he (the herder) approached another step he would kill him. This kind of frightened the would-be assassin, and after some parly he wheeled on the wagon and left. Why he did not finish his murderous job is a great wonder, as he could easily have put a ball

THROUGH THE POOR MAN'S HEAD.

As he lay on the ground rapidly growing weaker from loss of blood, Livingstone managed to scatter his money (some \$120) in the road to prevent his murderer from getting it should he die. Just before dusk a stock raiser named Sullivan passed along the road, and seeing the prostrate man, went to his assistance. Livingstone was alive but unconscious. Sullivan succeeded in getting the wounded man to the ranch of a Mr. Manning, where he now lies in a precarious condition. Restoratives were applied and revived the patient sufficiently to enable him to relate the circumstances as stated above. He described his assailant as a man about 22 years of age, light complexion, with thin mustache and goatee. A party of six men are now scouring the country for him. At last accounts Livingstone was slightly better, but hopes

SLEW BOPHS OF RECOVERY.

Owing to the delay of medical aid, it is feared that blood poisoning has set in. The money which had been scattered in the road was afterward found. The wounded man is still at Manning's ranch, it being considered unsafe to move him. There is a terrible feeling over the affair in that neighborhood and if the dastardly assassin is captured his chances for lynching are considered good.

FOR TWENTY MINUTES

Henry Villard Addresses the Officers of Walla Walla.

AND ANSWERS A FEW PERTINENT QUESTIONS.

He Will Build the Riparian Branch, if it is Consistent with the Interests of the Company He Represents—Through from Walla Walla to New York in September Next—The Cascade Division to be Commenced Immediately—Low Freight Rates—Down the Columbia—Notes.

At a few minutes after six o'clock last Saturday evening, the long delayed Villard special arrived at the depot over the W. W. & P. branch. There was a large crowd, awaiting the visitors with carriages to convey them to the Court House. At the latter place probably 1,200 persons had been awaiting with patience since three o'clock in the afternoon, as also had the Port Carriage. The hasty approach of carriages was a signal for a grand rush for the courtroom and in a few moments that place was literally jammed. After some little delay Mr. Villard made his appearance behind the Judge's desk, which was the signal for a deafening round of applause. Upon order being restored, Miles C. Moore arose and in a few well chosen words said that they had assembled there for the purpose of meeting Mr. Villard, president of the Transcontinental railroad, and the O. R. & N. road, and to present to him any projects which he believed to be for the good of our country. He would therefore have the honor of introducing Hon. J. R. Allen, who would briefly state our wishes, and also thank the railroad company for what they have already done for us.

Mr. Allen took the stand, and when quiet was restored, turned to Mr. Villard and said that his fellow citizens had seen fit to call upon him to represent them upon that occasion, and to express their thanks for the good already done this country by the corporations of which our distinguished visitor was the head. But a few years ago we could look over this territory and see only the scattered fragments of what was fast becoming a vast community; and as we now stand in the midst of movements already inaugurated, we fully appreciate the wise judgment displayed. While we rejoice at the assurance you have given Seattle, Tacoma and Portland, we feel we have a peculiar interest in the success of your undertakings, as they are the source of our prosperity. We have doubtless raised too much upon assurances given at your last visit that they would not expect, and from communities whose welfare you were promoting. We may have been derelict in making these advances, but we do not look upon our own valley and town with pride, and see other localities receiving advantages, we believe Walla Walla is entitled to claims. [Applause.] You give railroads to communities, and our town, as a distributing point commends us to your consideration in bestowing favors. While he knew the gentleman's first duty was for the interests of the corporations he represented, he would ask him to extend our system into the Palouse country, from Riparian to Willow creek, a distance of 17 miles, already graded. We already know you have decided to finish the W. W. & P. branch, for which action allow us to thank you, as well as express the gratitude we feel for increased transportation facilities and reduced freights. Mr. Villard had said that no discrimination should be made, and he had always kept his word; we have confidence in him and believe we shall receive more benefits. [Applause.] Walla Walla and Palouse country represent a population of 40,000 souls that should be linked together; we should have the benefit of the traffic, and hoped it would be consistent with his plans to comply with our requests.

Upon Mr. Allen's conclusion, Mr. Moore arose and formally introduced Henry Villard to the audience, who greeted him with rounds of applause. After a momentary pause, that gentleman commenced in a clear and distinct voice by stating that the well come was a surprise and unexpected. When here the last time he had received much the same notice, but had been treated more mercifully. He had been asked to meet but a small delegation of our business men, and had supposed that a similar meeting was being held by his tardy arrival, and had known of the meeting in store would have made his arrangements accordingly. He had been addressing residents of every town through which he had passed—had been speaking for a week on the subject of railroads, until, like a well, he was pumped dry. All of his hearers had no doubt read his utterances in the newspapers, and he was therefore glad that his remarks could be confined to given subjects, as expressed by Mr. Allen. He said that he was on a tour of inspection, and although he had been here a number of times he had never visited the country north of Snake river, and was not sufficiently posted to give a definite answer. Had arranged to drive from Lewiston to Colfax, and back to Snake river. He would thus have an opportunity of judging for himself how the construction of the road would benefit the corporation which he represents. Thought that his route would take him along the line of the proposed road.

Mr. Moore rejoined that though he would not pass over the exact route he would be able to see the country generally.

At one time, continued Mr. Villard, we contemplated building the same line, and expended about \$100,000 in grade work, therefore the company will have a strong motive for constructing the road, otherwise this amount would be wasted. He would give the suggestion very careful consideration. In referring to the remarks of Mr. Allen, he said that it was not true that he only required a wish to have a railroad built. Their financial success has been such that they have had no difficulty in the past but will have none in the future in raising the means necessary to build railroads for the development of this country. [Applause.] Past success makes it necessary that they should make no mistake, and the fact that investments have proven lucrative makes it necessary to be careful. He knew nothing of the merits of the proposition, nor did he know if the construction of that line would affect other lines of the corporation, favorably or unfavorably. He would try, and send a definite reply before leaving for

OUR ADMIRABLE BUDGET.

An Interesting Resume of Local Happenings in and Around that Burg—Personal and Social—Etc.

[FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.]

AINSWORTH, April 29, 1883.

An effort was made a few days since to pump the water out of the caisson of pier No. 3, the piloter being used for the purpose, but after several hours with the object abandoned, as it was found the water came in as fast as it was exhausted.

On Friday evening a fire caused by the explosion of a lamp, burned a small building in the rear of Frank Stone's saloon, occupied as a dormitory by Messrs. Downing, Curtis and Flynn, railroad conductors. A more comely and commodious building is being erected in its place.

Two Chinamen were arrested last week on a charge of violating the law relative to opium smoking. They were fined respectively \$25 and \$40, failing to pay which Constable Gray escorted them to Colfax, where one of them, securing legal aid, succeeded in getting his case appealed.

A second scow, built for the bridge service, was launched last Thursday. She is considerably larger and of a better model than the first one built.

The steamer Northwest has resumed active service, and the Almot has returned up the river. The Spokane is constantly bringing granite from Granite Point, and a large force of stone cutters are preparing it for the piers.

A branch track is being laid from the main track on the south side of the river to the bank at the end of the bridge to facilitate the handling of bridge material.

Excavating for the south abutment has been commenced.

The bank house that was partially built on the south side of the river under McLean's superintendency, has been torn down and a similar building including boarding facilities is being erected on the Ainsworth side of the river, near the north abutment. When the building is completed it is said road will be reduced to \$4 50 per week, in which case private boarding house keepers will hardly be expected to look pleasant.

Several claims have been filed within a few days on land on the Columbia river opposite the mouth of the Yakima. Among others Gary H. Moulton, a bridge carpenter, who has filed under both the pre-emption and timber culture acts. Mr. Moulton has a family in Alameda, Cal., which he intends to bring to Ainsworth as soon as circumstances will allow.

W. W. Sprague has disposed of his interest in the store at this place to his partner W. A. Fairweather and M. D. Cary has become a partner in the firm, which will hereafter be known as W. A. Fairweather & Co. Incidental to a change in proprietorship their store and stock is being greatly improved.

Superintendent of bridges and buildings Emmons is hiring a large number of bridge builders for the vicinity of Missoula, giving \$4 per day and a free pass up.

Sheriff Marst was in town yesterday supervising witnesses for the Hammond, Doyle and Davis cases. He had the names of about thirty persons, several of whom were new to us.

C. H. Eichler, a Walla Walla merchant, was in Ainsworth a few days since sounding the financial depth of some of our business men, which it is pleasant to know he found to be several fathoms or more.

Joe Diamond, our new merchant, has doubled his store room and stock and says he thinks he has struck the right place for business.

W. A. Hollingsworth, from Fergus Falls, Minnesota, has succeeded Frank Leslie as Yard Master.

C. W. Young, foreman of bridge work, is enjoying himself in Portland for a few days.

H. O. Geiger, formerly foreman under McLean, has with his wife, moved to Portland.

W. W. Sprague and family have also moved to Portland.

THE WHITMAN COLLEGE.

We learn to-day that Whitman College has been adopted by the American College and Educational Society, and will hereafter receive liberal endowments from that society. This is a rare piece of good fortune, as it will establish in our city an educational institution second to none on the Pacific Coast. It is the principle of this society to have the grounds and school buildings procured by subscription; then it is taken hold of by them. Teachers are furnished, all the liabilities are met by liberal endowments, and the institution conducted solely by their faculty. We understand that the necessary grounds have already been procured, and enough has been subscribed to erect the desired school buildings, consequently we may expect to see this institution opened under the new regime, at its destined day. Wm. Kirkman, Maj. Rees and R. F. Stone are canvassing subscriptions, with splendid success. Dr. D. S. Baker headed the list with \$1,000.

THE RIGHT ONE.

Mr. Villard, in his speech here on Saturday night appeared to be in doubt whether to Col. Parker or Johnson is due the credit of the suggestion for a direct line from Walla Walla to Pendleton. The following letter will solve all doubts:

NEW YORK, May 20th, 1881.

F. J. PARKER, Esq.,

Dear Sir:—

The subject of the construction of a direct railroad line from Walla Walla to Pendleton, or thereabouts, is one which I cannot pass upon without referring it to the manager of the company on the ground. I have therefore shown your letter to Mr. Oakes with whom you can confer soon, as he left last evening for Portland.

Yours very truly,

H. VILLARD.

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TOWN AND COUNTRY.

Now that indoor skating is liable to become the rage in Walla Walla we unearth the following "joke" for the occasion:

"Mother, may I go out and skate?"

"Yes, my darling Lulu;

But don't you try the figure 8.

Or it will surely fool you.

Nor don't you make the lightning whirl.

To show your springy muscles.

Or the boys will see a foolish girl.

Sleigh-riding on her bustle."

(From the Daily of Friday.)

A large train of immigrants passed through this city to-day from Missouri. They will locate in this valley, adjacent to Walla Walla.

The residence of Martin Campbell who lives a short distance from this city, was discovered yesterday to be in flames which spread with such rapidity that nothing could be saved. Loss, \$3,000.

Mr. O. R. Ballou, who lives just across the line, in Oregon, brought a gross load of apples to town, that had been picked and were just picked off the trees. Pearson Bros. purchased the whole lot.

(From the Daily of Saturday.)

John Foster, arrested last night by officer Ames, for stealing two bottles of beer, was fined \$25 this morning, by Judge Whitman.

Sixty-six million, five hundred thousand dollars worth of stock was voted yesterday by supporters of the Vanderbilt ticket at the election for directors of the New York Central and Hudson river railroad.

(From the Daily of Monday.)

In the case of Gunderson vs. Masson, before Judge Whitman, this morning, for assault, defendant was fined \$10 and costs.

At the race track yesterday, Mr. D. K. Howe, manager of the Walla Walla book business, broke 77 class balls out of 80. This is the best score ever made here, and it puts Mr. Howe as a marksman of more than ordinary ability—a genuine crack shot.

(From the Daily of Tuesday.)

Today for the first time a regular train left this city for Idaho Mountain. It departs daily at 10 A. M. returning at 3 P. M.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Lieut. Oscar J. Brown, 1st cavalry, has been ordered to duty as instructor at West Point.

We are pleased to see the smiling countenance of Mr. E. P. Edson once more on the street after a several illness.

Mr. August Goodsmith, of the firm of Moore & Co., Spokane Falls, and a representative man of the upper country, is in this city to-day.

Messrs. Mayer, McAuliffe, Henry Kelling, J. Daniels, H. K. Leitch, G. T. Thompson and Captain McCarty, departed as passengers at the auspicious of the late Mrs. W. Laird yesterday.

Today, Gen. J. A. Fry and E. M. Fry Esq., paid the STATESMAN office the compliment of a visit, and we hope, derived as much pleasure as we did. They were accompanied by Mr. E. H. Morrison, whose guests they are.

Lieut. John W. Fullmer, who is well known to many of our older citizens, writes us from Jefferson Barracks, and desires to be remembered to his old time friends. He is now on recruiting service and the happy father of three big children.

Our old friend John Hayhurst, Esq., the New Zealand capitalist, who visited Walla Walla a few weeks since, with Messrs. Nabier and Hawkins, who have recently purchased farms on the Coppel, writes us from San Francisco, that he is ready to visit this section again after taking in Puget Sound, he will then proceed east over the Northern Pacific for New York en route to the Amsterdam Exposition.

A. C. Knox, correspondent and agent of Dewey & Co.'s Mining and Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press, Ladies Home Journal, Fraternal Record, and Pacific States Watchman, is in the city. He will soon extensively canvass this section of the country for information in the interest of Dewey & Co.'s publications. We commend Mr. Knox to those whom he may meet, as an affable and courteous gentleman.

(From the Daily of Monday.)

Mrs. Jacob Nudson is lying dangerously ill in this city.

Gen. Tammatt returned this morning from an extended trip in the Palouse country.

It is rumored to-day, that Mr. Al. Goldman is to be married in Portland, on May 23, to Miss Sarah Marx, of that city.

Mr. A. J. McMannus leaves to-day for his much loved wife, his position with Geo. Reed being filled by Mr. D. J. Conroy, late of Marysville, Cal.

Mr. O. R. Barlow went to Mr. Villard, a Blue Mountain, on Saturday, a box of splendid apples of different varieties, which were highly appreciated by the party. Through the editor of the STATESMAN Mr. Villard returns his sincere thanks to the considerate donor.

(From the Daily of Tuesday.)

Ed. Short has come to the Sound.

D. M. Jesse leaves this afternoon for the east.

F. P. Allen Esq., left for Wallburg this morning on a professional visit.

Dr. Hodger and Clow leave this afternoon for Montana, intending, we believe, to permanently locate in Helena.

Mr. W. E. Lederger will succeed Mr. Philip in Wells Fargo's office. He bids fair to be as popular as his predecessor.

We have received an invitation to attend the wedding of our friend Mr. Albert Goldman, of the firm of Goldman Bros., of this city, who is to be married on Wednesday, May 23, to the charming Miss Sarah Marx. But for the fact that this is collection day, and our partner being a great financier, we would accept it; as it is, with our blessing we wish the young couple life long happiness and no end of little troubles.

"Come With a Handsome Man."

From a private source, we learn that Ainsworth is just now enjoying a morsel of domestic infelicity, in the way of an elopement. The wife of an engineer on one of the river boats, left the classic shades of that town, last Saturday night, with a well-known brakeman on the railroad. It is supposed that the pair have located at Spokane Falls.

*Lydia E. Pinkham, whose benevolent face is shrouded in almost every paper we pick up, appears to have discovered what Addison calls "The grand elixir, to support the spirits of the human nature." It is quite evident that she has the patent and has secured the contract for making over and improving the invalid corps of American womanhood.—Globe.

USE ROSE PILLS.

Can you find a case of Bright's disease of the kidneys, diabetes, uricary or liver complaint that is curable, that Hop Bitters has not or cannot cure? Ask your neighbors if they can.

Answer This.

Are made palid and unattractive by functional irregularities, which Dr. Pierce's "Favorable prescription" will invariably cure. Thousands of testimonials. By druggists.

Beautiful Women

It is generally believed that had the regular special been at the depot upon the arrival of the train from over the Blue Mountain road, the party would not have stopped over here at all. It was only after some de-

OUR CABINET.

Thanks to Harry Gale, of Lewiston, there has been added to the STATESMAN's cabinet a fine sample of the fleece of the wild mountain goat which grows in the high ranges of the Payette and Salmon rivers. The hair is as white as snow and finer than silk. These animals are very wild and to kill one is very difficult, and from all accounts they prefer a trail across logs, over a precipice, to a solid foundation on firm ground. We have also received from Charles Farnace a sample of sulphur from the Yellowstone park; from the Scholl Brothers, of Pomeroy, the horn and portion of the backbone of a buffalo, found twenty feet under ground, when digging the foundation for a brewery. Our daytons are also due to Ned Harris, the float dynamite, for a rare specimen of fossil cinabar. Thanks to our friends, the STATESMAN's cabinet is getting full of specimens belonging to this upper country, and new arrivals examine them with great interest. Send them on boys.

CAUGHT IN HIS WELL.

M. A. taker now wears the red ribbon as a lion fisherman. Last evening he drew a picher of water from his well, drank some of it and left it on his table until morning, when, in pouring out some with which to perform his ablutions, he discovered a fine trout about six inches long in the picher. It had evidently taken underground passage from the Touchet through some of the numerous veins of water which feed our wells. Mr. Baker says that no fish are ever placed in the well and the above is the only way he accounts for its presence.—Dugan Chronicle.

BRICK MACHINE.

The new brick-making machine of the Wood River Brick Company, which arrived a few days ago, is in working order at the brick yard east of town. Last Saturday afternoon it got down to its work for a couple of hours, and turned out over 1,700 bricks—nice, even blocks, smooth as Baltimore pressed brick. The day was rather too wet for effective work, however, and it will be some time before the machine can be operated to its full capacity, which is 10,000 brick per day. Seven men are required to operate it.—Times.

WORK SUSPENDED.

The O. S. L. Co., says the Hatley Times, of the 14th inst., has withdrawn all the men and suspended operations on the line of the road west from Snohomish. This action, if not temporary, will send eight my hundred men in almost destitute circumstances. The object of suspending the work is not stated, but it is believed to be due to the recent combination of interests by the Central Pacific, Southern Pacific, and Oregon Railway & Navigation company, which may compel the Oregon Short Line to take a new departure.

SIZE WORK.

The fine set of National Book books and County records, manufactured by the Walla Walla Book Bindery and Blank Book Manufacturing Co., Third street, have been photographed by Brodick. The work turned out by this firm creates surprise to all who inspect the same, and it is something of which Walla Walla might well feel proud. Visitors to the manufactory will be cordially welcomed and shown the work in the different stages.

AN ENDEAVOUR.

LEWISTON, I. T. April 27, 1883.

ED. WALLA WALLA STATESMAN.—Dear Sir:—I hereby endorse your article, of date April 23rd, in relation to the nomination of Hon. L. M. Binger. He would be the right man in the right place. Yours, etc., J. HOOPER.

SECRET.

Quick, complete cure, all annoying diseases, all acid and urinary diseases. St. Duggan.

A MUTUAL BENEFIT.

In passing down Main street last evening, we chanced to hear one of our would-be representative men make this remark: "Who is Henry Villard, anyway, and what has he done for this country that he should receive more courtesy than any other man?"

Henry Villard is a purely self-made man. From a poor newspaper correspondent he has risen step by step, to the topmost round of financing fame, and to-day stands with no peer in the United States, and we may say few in the world.

Notwithstanding the present high price and scarcity of cattle, there is no doubt whatever that Washington Territory and Eastern Oregon will in the near future be again the grazing ground of half a continent.

Mr. Sleeper, superintendent of the refrigerator car service of the Northern Pacific road, makes unexpectedly satisfactory showing of the favorable conditions which may be established in Montana for the slaughter of stock and the shipment of dressed beef to St. Paul.

Mr. Sleeper's statistical showing of the saving in dollars and cents simply confirms the general impression. The doubt of the success of the scheme has touched rather the practicability of slaughtering at remote points on the frontier, distant from markets for the large waste, and incalculably valuable products of slaughter houses, which may not ordinarily be shipped with profit.

But Mr. Sleeper shows that in nearly every case these secondary products may be consumed on the ground or shipped with profit. Hides and horns, he points out, can be sold in Montana, on account of their select character and better condition, for more than mixed articles of the same class bring in Chicago.

Hoofs may be made into oil and bones into fertilizer, and sold on the ground. Offal may be used to fatten hogs. Tallow in the only product which must pay the cost of transportation before gaining a market.

Mr. Sleeper's figures bear the test of practical experience, the slaughter of dressed meats promises to be the greatest and most profitable manufacturing industry in Montana, and a notable source of income to the Northern Pacific.

There is very little to encourage our citizens in the speech made to them by Mr. Villard on Saturday night. We were told in plain words that if it was consistent with the other plans of the Company to build a road here, or extend others to connect with Walla Walla, that it would be done, but not a word was uttered that the Company would go out of its way to benefit us.

This is true that the meeting was gotten up more as a compliment for the past works of Mr. Villard by which our producing class has been benefited so immensely, and really our people expected nothing. Still in the speech we can see a gleam of light if we choose to avail ourselves of it.

In speaking of the line across the Cascades to the Sound, Mr. Villard mentioned a tunnel to be built, which would be of immense service to them by overcoming the heavy grade they will experience elsewhere. Now, for years past, the cry throughout this interior country has been, "Give us a railroad to the Sound."

Companies have been formed, surveys made and many hard dollars subscribed and wasted in useless efforts. Our farmers, merchants and people generally have wanted this road and now the STATEMAN fancies it can point out the way they can get it.

In a very few words we say if our people really wish a railroad to Puget Sound, let them, without any disagreement, subscribe as much or even more than given by Seattle and let it be offered with such conditions as may seem best to those who subscribe. By this mean we can show the world that we are a progressive wide-awake people and intend to keep pace with the restless civilization of the Nineteenth Century.

As things look at present Walla Walla is left in the predicament of the Irishman's goat, and must "work out her own salvation."

In answer to many enquiries from parties who take a great interest in what does not concern them the proprietor of the STATESMAN informs them that the telegraphic communication he had with Mr. Villard was purely in the interest of Garfield County, whose delegation depended altogether upon him to arrange a meeting.

As an old war correspondent we got our patches in ahead of those who tried their utmost to prevent an interview and the delegation in depending upon us knew what they were about. They obtained what they came for. Enough said.

Oregon and Washington wool always commands a good price, as it is of better texture than that of most other States offered for sale in the Boston market, and we hope our wool producers will make an extra effort in that direction.—Commercial Reporter.

A LITTLE TOO HASTY.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—[Special.]—Secretary Lincoln has ordered that Chief Moses be put in the guardhouse unless he behaves himself. Mr. Lincoln thinks the chief has been made too much of till he got a notion that he is a bigger man than Secretary Teller, and this idea should be dispelled by some corrective discipline.

The above dispatch from the Oregonian tells its own story. The Indian must go. The fact that Moses has been all along a remarkably good and shrewd Indian appears to make no difference to the War Secretary, "put Moses in the guard-house unless he behaves himself."

Indeed, the son of "Honest Old Abe" informs us in what respect this Indian has done wrong! If only asking reparation for the most flagrant injustice done a tribe for years past is wrong then Moses is a sublime scoundrel.

"Put him in the guard house!" Why does not the gentle Secretary order that Jub, the Apache, be "put in the guard house?" The reason probably is that he is too much respected and can go on murdering Judges, prospectors, helpless women and children just as long as he pleases, and when the grass gets short or he requires a temporary rest the authorities will send out a commission to lead him down with presents of rifles and ammunition and recuperate him for another raid through Apache-riden Arizona and Mexico.

But Moses, asking only that justice be done him, and payment made for land wrested from his tribe solely in behalf of and for the benefit of a few grasping capitalists must be "put in the guard house" unless "he behaves himself." Shame, Mr. Lincoln, shame. In this order you have performed the most cowardly and flagrant wrong in your heretofore good record and the injuries that may accrue to the helpless women and children who will be the chief sufferers, if your order is carried out, will rest upon your shoulders.

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THE AMERICAN HOG IN GERMANY.

The San Francisco Call recently says that articles in German newspapers have demonstrated the fact that the American hog is not popular in that country. There is, in fact, a decided feeling in favor of the native hog. Whether this feeling is the expression of patriotism or is of a more sordid nature, does not much matter. It exists, and in obedience to it the importation of American pork is forbidden in Germany.

The American Minister in Germany, who is keenly alive to American interests, informed his government on what ground the importation of American pork was prohibited. He had ascertained that the ground on which the prohibition was based was mainly an imaginary one.

The Germans contended that American pork was diseased. It is contended, on the other hand, that American pork is as free from disease as the pork of any other country. American Consuls in various European countries have investigated the charge made against American pork and find it false.

The February volume of Consular reports contains a paper from Consul Wilson of Nantes, in which the European war upon American pork is reviewed. "The only danger," he says "from trichina in any pork arises from the barbarous practice of eating it raw."

This view of the case is fortified by an extract from a circular issued by the French Minister of Commerce and Agriculture, issued four days before the French decree of prohibition was issued. The American Minister in Germany gathered together similar arguments to show the injustice of prohibiting the importation of American pork. A German newspaper, however, which is apparently strongly prejudiced in favor of the German hog, makes this correspondence the basis of an attack upon Minister Sargent.

It compares the attitude of the American government in trying to force the American hog on German stomachs to that of England in forcing opium upon the Chinese. The German anti-American-hog journal seems to have overlooked the important difference in the two cases it places in parallel. The qualities of opium are not in doubt. There has never been any question whether or not opium produced the effects attributed to it. But there is no evidence that American pork is injurious in any country where meat is cooked before it is eaten.

The difference between the two cases is therefore radical. It is the difference between white and black or any other opposites. Minister Sargent is severely censured for advocating what is termed a policy of retaliation—of distinguishing against certain importations from Germany until such time as Germany revises its American pork policy. There seems some doubt whether Mr. Sargent has recommended such a policy as is represented, but if he has, he has simply followed in the footsteps of the German government. If American products, harmless in themselves, and only injurious when improperly used, are excluded from Germany, why should not such German products as the American people can well do without be excluded from the United States? One would suppose the European stomach abnormally delicate from the agitation caused by American pork. To disabuse the American mind of any such inference, Consul Wilson collects some statistics showing the kind of food consumed in Paris. Minister Sargent did not forward any statistics of this nature, nor is it necessary to show that in the absence of American pork the Germans resort to varieties of animal flesh not generally regarded as fit for food. The fact, which is pretty clearly made out, is that American pork is as free from disease as German pork, but is excluded because the price at which it is sold in Germany is below the price of German pork. This being the case, the Germans have a clear right to place an import tax on American pork, or to prohibit its importation outright, but it should not complain, as the North German Gazette does, when a like policy is inaugurated by the American government.

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From old records just discovered it appears that there was due the government from George Washington the sum of \$161,339. So it seems they were as careless in those days as now pro rata.

Remember This.

If you are sick Hop Bitters will surely aid Nature in making you well when all else fails.

If you are convulsive or dyspeptic, or are suffering from any other of the numerous diseases of the stomach or bowels, it is your own fault if you remain ill, for Hop Bitters is a sovereign remedy in all such complaints.

If you are wasting away with any form of Kidney Disease, stop tempting Death this moment, and turn for a cure to Hop Bitters. If you are sick with that terrible sickness Nervousness, you will find a "Balm of Gilead" in the use of Hop Bitters.

If you are a frequenter, or a resident of a miasmatic district, barricade your system against the scourge of all countries—malaria, epidemic, bilious, and intermittent fevers—by the use of Hop Bitters.

If you have a rough, pimply, or fallow skin, bad breath, pains and aches, and feel miserably generally, Hop Bitters will give you fair skin, rich blood, and sweetest breath, health, and comfort.

In short they cure all diseases of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver, nerves, kidneys, Bright's Disease. \$500 will be paid for a case they will not cure or help.

That poor, bedridden, invalid wife, sister, mother or daughter, can be made the picture of health, by a few bottles of Hop Bitters, costing but a trifle. Will you let them suffer?

Childhood, manhood, and hoary age exclaim in unison, "Behold the conqueror!"

During a brief visit to the ancient town of Warwick, R. I., recently, our agent extended his trip to the southeastern extremity of the town, to look about among the wonderful improvements which have been made in the appearance of Warwick Neck during a comparatively brief period, and while conferring on this subject with Col. Benjamin S. Hazard, the popular proprietor of the Warwick Neck hotel, he learned that the greater part of the handsome summer residences had been erected inside of a dozen years; and he also learned that Col. Hazard had been a great sufferer from a chronic disease of the kidneys and bladder over fifteen years, the most painful form of it being a stoppage or retention of the urine, which was so very severe at times as to disable him for his accustomed work, and even confine him to his bed, when a surgical assistance would be required to relieve him. He was being doctor'd a large part of the time, but had gotten no permanent relief. At times his sufferings were terrible from sharp, cutting pains through the kidneys and bladder; and he had suffered so long, and so severely that he had become discouraged, and was giving up the idea of getting well again, especially as the doctor stated that it was doubtful if a man of his age, with such a complicated disease, could be cured. But last summer, when our agent met him, although it was a very cold and blustering day, he was in the field with his team at work pulling, and loading turning, hauled and heavy a man as you could wish for, whereas last August he was unable to stand up to oversee the work then going on in this same field.

Hunt's remedy has given him health and strength again, and he recommends it to his relatives and friends, several of whom are suffering from the same complaint, and are now taking it, as he considers it a most excellent medicine for all diseases of kidneys and bladder.

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FIRE PROOF ROOF PAINT. SIMONDS & YOUNG'S FIRE ROOF ROOF PAINT. IS ACKNOWLEDGED by all who have compared this preparation with the various SO CALLED fire-proof paints, to be the best material ever placed upon the market for the preservation of roofing from the ravages of weather, destruction by fire, etc., gathering of moss, which, when parched by the heat of summer, becomes a tinder-box for flame. And last, but not least, for the perfect manner in which, by its peculiar composition, it penetrates the fibrous pores of that to which it is applied, thereby rendering the same impervious to fire as well as protecting it by density of body.

COVERING CAPACITY. For the benefit of those wishing to paint their own roofs or ordering from a distance, and who may not know the quantity they require, we would suggest the following rule, which will prove very generally correct: For first coating on shingle roofs, use one gallon of our FIRE-PROOF ROOF PAINT to each 150 square feet; for each additional coat, one gallon will cover over 200 square feet.

SURFACE. A shingle roof covered with this paint, as generally manufactured by us, presents the appearance of being laid with dark slate tiles, thereby greatly augmenting the beauty of the building, as well as its safety. It has none of the cheap, trashy look given by the application of the SO-CALLED fire-proof paints. It is laid as stone to the touch, and pleasing to the eye. Third Street, Walla Walla. ap20dwif.

Northwestern Manufacturing and Car Co., DEALERS IN Agricultural Implements AT THE WIGWAM, Cor. Second and Alder Sts., Walla Walla, W. T. IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN FIRST-CLASS Knapp, Burrell & Co., Corner Second & Alder St., Walla Walla, W. T.

FARM MACHINERY! Bain Wagons, Hacks & Carriages, Furst & Bradley's (OF GARFIELD CITY) W. T.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS! CONSISTING IN PART OF GANG, SULKY and WALKING PLOWS, CHAMPION REAPERS AND MOWERS, GENUINE HAINES' HEADERS! Buffalo Pitts "Challenger" Threshers.

EUGENE BUCHANAN, Manager. HARNES & SADDLERY. Bridles and Whips, Fine Bits and Spurs. BLANKETS AND LAPROBES, Carriage Trimming of Every Description

ALL WORK WARRANTED. 214 Main Street, Nearly Opposite the Stone House, Walla Walla, W. T. FIFTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Company OF CALIFORNIA. FOR YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1882.

Received for Premiums 8313,476 71 Received Interest, Rents, &c. 61,996 81 Total receipts 8375,472 66 Paid death losses, matured endowments, dividends and surrender 8195,954 38 Paid for expenses of management, including taxes 93,241 31 280,215 77 Balance 806,509 9

ASSETS: Real estate 133,367 0 Loans on real estate, first liens 657,123 0 Collateral loans 13,223 8 Loans to policy-holders on their policies 24,108 9 Bonds and stocks owned by company 53,944 38 Cash in bank and office 48,941 0 Agents' balances 16,000 0 Furniture, fixtures and individual accounts 23,965 6 Merchandise and personal property 17,475 4 Interest due and accrued 38,925 1 Premiums due and deferred (net) 38,857 2 3,000 0 Total gross assets 8127,628 32

LIABILITIES: Not present value of all outstanding policies, computed according to American Table of Mortality with interest at 4 1/2 per cent 8387,518 06 Death losses in process of adjustment 2,300 06 Endowments not called for 2,300 06 Total liabilities 8422,118 06 Gross surplus 375,510 26 Total 8797,628 32

OFFICE—418 CALIFORNIA STREET, SAN FRANCISCO. GEO. A. MOORE, President. W. R. CLUNESS, M. D. Vice-Pres. & Med. Director. J. N. PATTON, Secretary. SAMUEL MARK, Asst. Sec'y.

IN OUR SPRING GARB BEHOLD US NOW. OUR PREPARATION COMPLETE! Every Modern Novelty on View!

ON MONDAY APRIL 2, 1883. We shall inaugurate the season with an exhibition of Spring Fabrics which we openly assert has never been approached in this Territory. DRESS GOODS AND SILKS!

In these departments we are specially prepared to place before the public every conceivable novelty procurable in the eastern markets. In former years our space was limited and our light was bad, but this season everything is changed. Our establishment now is the most commodious in the Territory, and our light cannot be excelled by any store in the United States. Dress Trimmings, Buttons, Gimps, Fringes, Ornaments, Etc.

In former seasons we have carefully noted the numerous complaints of the scarcity of desirable goods of this description in Walla Walla, and this season we made our preparations accordingly. From the leading trimming houses of New York we have selected this season an assortment of those goods which has excited the profound admiration of ladies who have already examined them. French Satens, Percates, Lawns, Sere Suckers, Suitings, Piques, Cetonnes.

In these departments we have on view an elegantly appointed stock of those goods which in brilliancy of appearance has never been approached in this city. Our Specialty—Black Silks, Summer Wraps from New York and Boston. Antique Gulpure and Bunting, Lace Curtains, Hosiery in Endless Variety, Special Novelties in Lace Goods, Persian Table Covers, Etc., Etc. LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES!

In this department we are now prepared to compete with any house on the Pacific Coast. We receive all goods of this description direct from the most celebrated Eastern Manufacturers. We claim that our prices are 25 cents lower than any house in this Territory, and we are anxious to prove it. We have been charged with selling shoes away under regular prices as an "advertisement"—that charge is perfectly true, it is an "advertisement," and what is more, it is going to remain so. Some houses deal exclusively in boots and shoes, and boast of that fact. We sell dry goods, clothing, and boots and shoes, but what we boast of is our prices. It is an undiscovered philosophy that will induce the public to pay \$5 for a pair of shoes in a house that deals exclusively in boots and shoes, while they can buy the same for \$4 in a house that sells dry goods, clothing and boots and shoes. BRILLIANT LIGHT!

Every lady who has ever entered any establishment to purchase dry goods cannot tell of the inestimable boon of having good light. In a dark store it is absolutely impossible for a person to exercise their own judgment at all. You may just as well take what you get and say nothing because in reality you have no choice in the matter. All kinds of goods look well in the dark, and where the goods are "shoddy" a dark store is a great advantage to the store-keeper. In our establishment the light is as perfect as in any dry goods house in America. In this connection we make no assertion whatever, we are dealing with facts that exist as clear as daylight. You can tell the colors of an article in any part of our store as clearly as you could outside in the street. If goods have any defects there is no possible way of concealing them. If goods are soiled, or shop worn, or faded with the sun, you cannot tell anything about it in a dark store, but you find it out when you go home, and perhaps you live so far away that it wouldn't be possible for you to return them. When people pay their money they like to see what they are getting; they are not using on chance, they are not dealing in a lottery, they are paying their money, and they invariably have to work for, and they (unfortunately for dark stores) like a judge for themselves. OUR PRICES AND OUR SYSTEM!

We are assured of the fact that each and every lady who has entered our establishment knows that Doheny & Marum completely demolished the structure of high prices in Walla Walla. We Were Only Half Prepared. In former years with limited space, with bad light and with scanty stock, we were unprepared to meet public requirements. We were hampered in our ambition to remodel the trade of this city. NOW WE ARE PREPARED!

Having now a vast assortment of dry goods, clothing and boots and shoes purchased direct from the manufacturers, we are prepared to guarantee our prices as low as any house in San Francisco. ONE PRICE—All Goods Marked in Plain Figures! These principles were unknown in this territory when we inaugurated them a few years ago, but at present large numbers of storekeepers throughout the country are commencing to "advertise" one price. This is a clear illustration that the business men of this territory are forced to admit that the principles we laid down are the correct ones. On Monday, April 2d, and following days we respectfully invite the public to visit our establishment.

DOHENY & MARUM, 19, 21, 23 Main Street, Four Doors Above the Postoffice—Walla Walla

One year in advance \$3.00
Six months 2.00
Three months 1.50
Single copies 10c

TELEGRAPHIC!

The President and Senator Logan.

New York, April 29.—[Special.]—A special Washington dispatch to the World says: People who know what is going on in and about the White House are very much amused at the elaborate efforts of the press to persuade the country that President Arthur went on the nearly shoulders of Green B. Raum at parting with that dear friend of Logan and pure politics. So far is this from being true that the resignation of Raum was extracted from him like pulling an eye-teeth, and almost under political pressure by direct and indirect agency. The closest personal friends of President Arthur say this is the first step to leading off John A. Logan's somewhat vehement boom for the presidential nomination in 1884.

President Arthur, though he acquiesced for reasons of his own in Logan's treatment of Conkling, is too much of a gentleman to approve of it. He has long been restive under Logan's concealed political aggressiveness, and his friends some time ago made it clear to him, even before Callum's election, which he now regrets he did not prevent, that he could never shake himself free of Logan so long as he allowed Green B. Raum to control and run the revenue, the formidable political machine of the country. There is a reason to believe that the deputation of Raum was resolved upon in private council by the President as long ago as December last. The process by which it was thought to cut off his own head was very characteristic of President Arthur. Raum to-day is a badly discouraged man, and Mrs. John A. Logan is a highly dissatisfied woman.

Crook Cannot Cross the Boundary. WASHINGTON, April 28.—In response to a communication from Secretary Fieflinghuysen, enquiring whether there will be any objection to our troops following Apaches from Arizona over the border, the Mexican minister replied that such action cannot properly be taken without the express consent of the Mexican senate. A telegram was accordingly sent to General Crook this afternoon, by the secretary of war, directing him to be careful to observe this decision, and to restrain all troops under his command from crossing the boundary line into Mexican territory.

THE LATE SELEUCUS GARFIELD. Congressman and Professional Gambler—a Cheeked Career.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—Five years ago Seleucus Garfield left congress and became a professional gambler; he might be located in a little room over a cigar shop. The story of Garfield's life is that of a man who surrendered absolutely to the temptations of Washington. He was here sixty-six years ago in Vermont, went to Kentucky when a boy, was graduated from Augusta College in that state, and began his active life as a lawyer. When he was thirty years old he was a member of the Kentucky legislature, and a year later he was commissioned to codify the laws of the state. In 1850 he was receiver of public moneys for Washington Territory, and in 1859, after serving three years as surveyor-general, he came to congress as delegate. He was here four years, and when his congressional career was over he was a moral wreck. He had lost his ambition, and was as dissolute a gambler as lived in the District of Columbia. Cards had come to be the passion of his life. It is said that he left Kentucky and wandered off into Washington Territory, because he saw his days in the remote and the genial poker players of his adopted state. He fought as long as he feared would come an ruling passion, even to the extent of giving up what promised to be an exceptionally bright future, but his surroundings in Washington finally overcame him completely. He followed congressmen around him, and he lived for the rest of his days on the view of public men. No life in Washington was less than his. The men and women who were his companions were of the very lowest station. For years the man who had once promised to be one of the cleverest public men of Kentucky, and who had single intimate associate who did not belong to the dangerous element of society. He was always, however, a leader among the people with whom he lived. Garfield died alone, except that the woman whom he married a year and a half ago stayed with him till the end. He had no friends, and is left behind only the record of a man whose vice had dragged him from a good public position down to a gambler and a scoundrel.—N. J. Sun.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

A Sure Cure for all FEMALE WEAKNESSES, including Leucorrhoea, Irregular and Painful Menstruation, Inflammation and Obstruction of the Womb, Flooding, Prolapsus Uteri, &c. &c. It is the best medicine for the female sex, and is sold in every part of the world.

TUTT'S PILLS FOR TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Bowels inactive, Pain in the Head, with a sick sensation in the back part, yellowish color of the face, and a general feeling of debility, are the first symptoms of a torpid liver. These symptoms are the result of a disordered liver, and are cured by the use of TUTT'S PILLS.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

Gray Hair on the temples, and on the crown of the head, is the result of a disordered liver, and is cured by the use of TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

What the great restorative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, will do must be gathered from what it has done. It has effected cures in thousands of cases of dyspepsia, bilious disorders, intermittent fever, nervous action, general debility, constipation, sick headache, mental depression, and all the ailments which attend a disordered stomach. It is sold in every part of the world.

THE BEST OF ALL LINIMENTS FOR MAN AND BEAST.

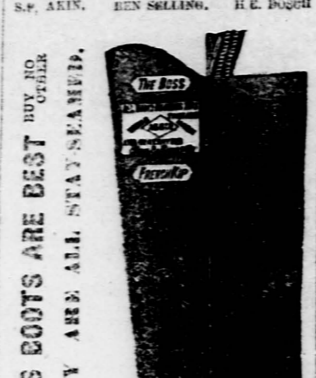
For more than a third of a century the Mexican Mustang Liniment has been the most celebrated and the most successful of all liniments for man and beast. It is a medicine that is sold in every part of the world.

MUSTANG LINIMENT.

Liniment is needed by somebody in every house. Every day brings news of some one who has been cured of some ailment by the use of Mustang Liniment. It is a medicine that is sold in every part of the world.

THE BEST OF ALL LINIMENTS FOR MAN OR BEAST.

To all who are suffering from the effects of rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you. FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a man who lived in the South American States. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D, New York City.



BOSS BOOTS ARE BEST.

EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED TO BE THE BEST. NEW RAILROAD TOWNS. SALE OF LOTS!

THE OREGON IMPROVEMENT CO.

Are now ready to sell lots in the towns of Prescott, Endicot, Plainville.

PALOUSE COUNTRY.

Plainsville is situated on Bellet Flat, two miles north of Colfax, at former site of Whitman City, and east of railroad.

HERREN & HASSELL.

Commission Merchants! Grain, Wool, and Flour Sacks.

MARLIN MAGAZINE RIFLE.

The Best Rifle in the world for Large Game. It is a magazine rifle, and is sold in every part of the world.

Chris. Ennis & Co.

Proprietors of the Pioneer Market.

DEWEY & CO. SOLICITORS.

Scientific Preparation, 332 Market Street, Portland, Ore.

Gentle Women.

Who want glossy, luxuriant and wavy tresses of abundant, beautiful hair must use LYDIA'S KATHARON.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

BAKER'S BUILDING, CORNER OF MAIN AND SECOND STREETS, WALLA WALLA, W. T.

Wheat Bonanza Farm.

FOR SALE! In the best portion of Umatilla county, 340 acres of level land, 1000 acres now in grain, which will on the lowest calculation yield not less than 30 bushels to the acre.

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BETTER THAN GOLD.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT SALT. Pleasant and Efficacious Remedy. It is the people's pop ray remedy. It will cure every form of special or chronic disease without mercury or nauseous drugs.

DR. LIEBIG'S MANHOOD RESTORER.

Continues to Treat every form of special or chronic disease without mercury or nauseous drugs. It is the people's pop ray remedy. It will cure every form of special or chronic disease without mercury or nauseous drugs.

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BEER! BEER! BEER! BEER!

CITY BREWERY. GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES! Everybody Made Mappy! FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE, I propose to sell and deliver within the city limits of Walla Walla, Beer by the Keg, FIVE GALLONS, FOR \$1.50 PER KEG!

Millinery!

Just received a complete assortment of Ladies' Misses' and Children's HATS.

OPENSING DAYS.

From Wednesday, April 4th to Saturday April 7th. Hats Bleached and Colored.

KOSHLAND BROS.

34 N. FRONT ST., 316 SACRAMENTO ST., PORTLAND, OREGON. WOOL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, GRADERS AND PACKERS.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

PACIFIC DIVISION. Leave Kalama at 10:15 A.M. Arrive New Tacoma at 2:30 P.M. Leave New Tacoma at 7:00 A.M. Arrive Kalama at 12:15 P.M.

O. R. & N. CO.

Passenger Train leave Walla Walla for all points west at 3:20 A.M. every except Sunday. PASSENGER trains leave Walla Walla, except Portland, at 7:00 A.M. daily, except Sunday arriving at Walla Walla at 9:30 P.M.

W. W. & P. BRANCH.

Trains will leave Walla Walla daily at 10 A.M. for Milton and Blue Mountain Station.

MILL CREEK.

Flume and Manufacturing Co. Rates by the car-load from several stations to Walla Walla.

Wanted.

EVERYBODY TO KNOW THAT THE WALLA WALLA FOUNDRY AND MACHINE WORKS, is in the hands of Practical Mechanics and is prepared to build and repair.

THOMAS QUINN.

SADDLES, BRIDLES, HARNESS, ETC. Brick Building, Main St., Walla Walla. WILL KEEP AT ALL TIMES A FULL STOCK of Team and Buggy Harness.

W. M. JONES.

Farm Machinery. Hand-screwing Traction Engines, Gear, Scott & Co's Gold Metal Separators, Woodbury's and Pitts' Mowers, Reapers, and Twine Binders, Sulky and Revolving Rakes, Brown Gang and Sulky Plows, Labeled Wagons.

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O'DONNELL & JOHNSON.

HARDWARE, TINWARE, STOVES, RANGES, AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS. A large and complete Stock of everything in the above line. JOB WORK A SPECIALTY.

BRADLEY & DOHENY.

Importers and Dealers in LEATHER AND FINDINGS, Boot and Shoe Uppers, Leather, Belting, Rubber, Rubber Hose, HOSE PIPES & FITTINGS, PLASTERING, HAIR, USUDURAIN PACKING.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

Boot and Shoe Uppers, Leather, Belting, Rubber, Rubber Hose, HOSE PIPES & FITTINGS, PLASTERING, HAIR, USUDURAIN PACKING.

CASH FOR HIDES, FURS, SKINS, PELTS, ETC.

109 East Main Street, Walla Walla, W. T. SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

PAINTS, OILS AND GLASS.

Holmes' Drug Store, Main Street, Walla Walla. 424

GREAT INDUCEMENT TO BUY.

NEW FURNITURE. THE PIONEER FURNITURE STORE. Carries a Large Stock of Household Furniture, all New and of the Best Quality, and is sold as low as by Dealers of Second-Hand Furniture!

E. W. EVERSZ PROPRIETOR.

WALLA WALLA Bakery and Provision Store. O. BRECHTEL, MANUFACTURER OF Bread, Pilot Bread, Cakes, Pies and Cakes.

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O. BRECHTEL, MANUFACTURER OF Bread, Pilot Bread, Cakes, Pies and Cakes. OF ALL KINDS, AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN MERCHANTS, PACKERS AND OTHERS IN WANT OF CRACKERS TO SHIP to the mines, will find it to their advantage to call on me before going elsewhere, as I will sell them.

FAMILY GROCERIES AND CONFECTIONERIES.

Walla Walla Blank-Book MANUFACTORY. NO. THREE PRICES! We are now prepared to do all kinds of BOOK-BINDING, PAPER-RULING, JOB BINDING.

MILL CREEK Flume and Manufacturing Co.

Railway, Freight and Rates by the car-load from several stations to Walla Walla.

Wanted.

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