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NO. 23.

SEATTLE GAZETTE

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HUGH McALEER.

Seattle, W. T., Aug. 26, 1865.

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[FORMERLY "WHEAT CREEK HOUSE."] **Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.**

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THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN AND popular House, having been thoroughly renovated, enlarged and newly furnished, is now prepared to accommodate guests with greater comfort, and in a more accommodating manner than any House in this city.

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always stocked with the BEST WINES, LIQUORS, and CIGARS, in the market.

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Billiard Tables.

We would call the attention of passengers to the sign of the "Big Lantern," which is kept burning as long as the house is open.

Seattle, Aug. 26, 1865.

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TERRY & GREEN**

SEATTLE, W. T.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

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PORT OF ENTRY, PUGET SOUND DISTRICT—VESSELS UNDER 300 TONS.

The port of entry for this district, originally established at Olympia, was, by petition of those interested in the commerce of Puget Sound, removed many years ago to Port Townsend, at the entrance of the Sound. In 1860, the officers of the revenue cutter, and the Collector, Deputy Collector and Hospital Surgeon, all became "settlers" at Ediz Hook, since known as Port Angeles, with the intention of making that place a port for revenue service and pilot station. Upon the advent of the late Victor Smith, a company was formed of himself and his immediate friends, who purchased the rights of nearly all of the former "settlers" at Port Angeles—including that of ex-Collector Frost, purchased for Mr. Plant, of the Treasury Department—and concentrated all the original plans of the first proprietors into one of building a magnificent city. Towards this accomplishment, the first step necessary to give effect to the scheme was, to have that point designated as the port of entry of Puget Sound. A scheme so visionary and wild excited the attention of nobody having knowledge of that neighbor to Cape Flattery. Congress, and especially Secretary Chase, were plying with descriptions highly wrought of the beauty of that place, its adaptability to commercial convenience, and of the "terrific South-easters" of Port Townsend Bay. The people of the East were shown pictures of the future city of Port Angeles, with its many wharves, war-houses, hotels, ships and busy quay. The commercial men of Puget Sound and of San Francisco waked up one morning from their too sound sleep, and read "An Act to change the location of the Port of Entry for the Puget Sound Collection District, passed June 19, 1862," and on the 1st of August, 1862, the Custom House was removed from Port Townsend to Port Angeles. The whole matter had been managed by a master hand. The ingenuity and perseverance of visionary enterprise accomplished a great evil to the commerce of Puget Sound. Scarcely a ship coming from the ocean, bound for Puget Sound, but has freight and passengers for Victoria. After clearing there for Puget Sound, they have to diverge from their course to enter at Port Angeles, where by the surrounding high mountains they are frequently becalmed many days, with fresh breezes outside; to say nothing of the difficulty of getting in. This divergence, even of a steamer, is severely felt in time, and especially of the heavy cross-seas through which they necessarily pass. To save the universal howl of the commerce of Puget Sound, the proprietors of Port Angeles, including the late energetic Collector, besought the Department, and with or without instructions, and against law, established a *clearance office at Port Townsend*, where vessels outward bound obtain clearance only authorized by law to be made at the Port of Entry. But for this violation of law, produce and stock could not be carried from Puget Sound to her great and only market, Vancouver Island and British Columbia. To go thirty-five miles from the outlet of the Sound, to Port Angeles, to clear, and then traverse thirty-five miles to get into track, with all the liabilities of change of wind and the impossibility of carrying cattle on deck in the seas of the Straits of Fuca, was so appalling as for a time to totally suspend the exports other than lumber.

There seems to be but one universal application for Congress to remedy the evil, and yet we hear of no movement to effect it.

There exists another evil of great magnitude to the trade of Puget Sound. We mean the prohibition of import of merchandise in vessels of less than thirty tons burden. The late Collector, Dr. Gunn, we think, dug up section 92 of the collection act of 1799, which provides that "except into the districts hereinbefore described on the Northern, Northwestern and Western boundaries of the United States adjoining the dominions of Great Britain, in *Upper and Lower Canada*, * * no goods, wares or merchandise of foreign growth or manufacture subject to the payment of duties, shall be brought into the United States from any foreign port or place, in any vessel of less than thirty tons burden," &c., and under this view, all the small vessels of the Sound that had not discontinued their trade with our British neighbors in consequence of the removal of the Custom House, were and are shut out from employment. There are not now on Puget Sound one-third as many vessels under thirty tons burden as before this edict, revoking the practice and usage that had existed from the establishment of the Custom House at Olympia to that time. We humbly think that that excellent officer and pure man, Dr. Gunn, erred in this instance, reluctantly and honestly. The 105th section of the same act speaks as plainly as statute law can speak as to this *Collection District*, on that subject. It is a district on the "Northwestern boundary of the United States," which has been established since the act of 1799

and for which the 105th section of that act provided in the following words: "It shall be lawful for citizens of the United States, and for all other persons to import any goods or merchandise of which the importation shall not be entirely prohibited, into the districts which are or may be established on the Northern and Northwestern boundaries of the United States, and on the rivers Ohio and Mississippi, in vessels or boats of any burthen, and in rafts or carriages of any kind or nature whatsoever." Now these are the living laws upon that subject. There is no act to vary, explain, or mystify them, and we hold that goods subject to duty may be brought to and entered at the port of entry whether in canoe, boat, or vessel, under thirty tons, from any part of the British colonies adjoining us, and that they may be brought across the line in wagons, sleds, sleighs, or on horse or man, provided they be duly entered at the Port of Entry.—*Washington Standard.*

THE BRIGHT BRIGADE.

The following parody on Tennyson's "Light Brigade," appears in a late number of the *San Francisco Mercury*, and is well-timed and entitled to credit; but the writer is mistaken when he "lays the flattering unction to his soul," that this "Bright Brigade" is destined for the city of earthquakes. They are bound for a more congenial clime, and our Committees are now, bat in hand, ready to give them an appropriate reception:

Many leagues, many leagues,
Many leagues onward,
Right for the Golden Gate
Sailed the Seven Hundred.
Forward the bright brigade,
After them—who's afraid?
Right for the Golden Gate
Steered the Seven Hundred.

Forward, you bright brigade,
In all your charms arrayed,
See where they stand dismayed—
Some one has blundered;
Their's not to act so shy,
Girls with the looks so sly,
Blue, black and hazel eye;
On to the Golden Gate,
Darling Seven Hundred!

Suitors to right of them,
Suitors to left of them,
Suitors in front of them,
Shouted and thundered;
Dumped on the wharf, pell-mell,
O, what a horrid sell!
Into the joys of fate—
Into their lovers' arms
Dashed the Seven Hundred!

Flashed all their arms so bare,
Brown, black and golden hair,
Startling the loungers there,
Charging an army, while
All the town wondered:
Plunged in the dust and smoke,
Right through the line they broke.
Broker and merchant
Reeled from the charge and broke,
Every tie sundered.

Then they rode off, but, ah!
Not quite Seven Hundred.
Husbands to right of them,
Husbands to left of them,
Husbands behind them
Badgered and thundered &
Stormed at, with words so fell,
Who shall their feelings tell;
There goes the steamer's bell!
Back from the jaws of fate,
Back thro' the Golden Gate,—
All that was left of them,—
Sailed the Seven Hundred.

When can their beauty fade?
O! the wild rush they made,
All the town wondered;
Honor the charge they made,
Honor the Bright Brigade,
Sweet Seven Hundred.

They need to say the way to hell was paved with good intentions. In this country the journey is not made upon paved streets, but upon railroads. Good intentions are only the cross-ties.

The Providence Journal speaks of a squash vine in that city, which grows eighteen inches daily and at last accounts was sixty feet long. It will soon get beyond the limits of the State.

In taking revenge, a man is but even with his enemy; in passing over a wrong, he becomes his superior.

Quill says these are most affectionate times. Everything is about as dear as it can be.

Ladies patronize faro banks at Saratoga this summer. It is the latest sweet style from Paris.

A piano, played by steam, is on exhibition at Paris.

DETAILS OF EASTERN NEWS.

DATES TO OCT. 26th.

Farther Point, Oct. 16.—The Nova Scotia, from Liverpool, October 8th, and Londonderry, October 6th, has arrived. A meeting was called in London of persons interested in such old American securities as have been in arrears previous to, or in consequence of the war, with a view to forming a commission. The securities in respect to which this agitation is commenced, are the bonds of Virginia, Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Mississippi, and the various railway banks in those States, the whole of which represents a very heavy amount. The *Daily News*' city article says, if the indebted States should separately arrange to find the arrears of dividends, it is probable that the creditors will be disposed to meet them halfway. In regard to the published list of persons suffering by the Confederate Loan, additional denials are put forth. The *Times*, in a leading article, calls the list a malicious imposture, and says the statement that the editor of the *Times* is a holder of Confederate stock to the amount of £10,000 in our money, is a complete falsehood; the injurious and insulting comment which the *Star* has based on the original falsehood is, therefore, unfounded. No repudiation can, therefore, be too great for the levity which permits such imputations on the general authorities of the *New York Herald*, and makes them the theme of affected indignation.—The *Morning Star* having included Gladstone in the list, and called on him for an explanation, publishes the following laconic telegram from that gentleman:

"Liverpool, —
"The Chancellor of the Exchequer to the Editor of the *Morning Star*:—I see that my name has been used on the Confederate List. Please remove it."

Hon. E. Ashley writes to the *Times* that at no time had he any share of interest in the Confederate Loan. J. Rideout, proprietor of the *Morning Post*, writes to that journal that he had never applied for any of the loan; that if the rest of the list be like that which refers to him, no dependence can be placed in it.

Oct. 17.—Paris letters assert that the allocation recently delivered by the Pope against secret societies, was due to the suggestion of Archbishop Manning, of London, who wished, in this manner, to obtain a condemnation of Fenianism.

The Pope has again pronounced an allocution, which is making some stir in Europe. This time he fulminates against the Free Masons, reminding his people that several of his predecessors have proscribed and reproved that sect, entrance into which they declared should entail excommunication, which the Pope alone can remove. The Pope denounces Free Masons as instigators of revolutions, and calls on secular governments to suppress them. The *Paris Siecle* says, in Europe more than two million of Catholics are Free Masons. The Pope condemns all societies of a similar kind.

Nashville, Oct. 20.—The notorious guerrilla, Champ Ferguson, was hanged to-day. The execution was strictly private. A stage coach from Lebanon, Tenn., on Tuesday, was attacked by highwaymen. Several shots were fired, but no damage done.

New York, Oct. 20.—The Post's special says the State Department has received a dispatch by the Scotia that the cholera is rapidly on the decline in Italy, at Constantinople and elsewhere.

Alexander H. Stevens called on the President to-day. The interview was of a private character.

A Washington dispatch says the counsel for Jeff. Davis has expressed a desire that his client be accorded an immediate trial.—The desire comes originally from Davis, who, it is said, has declared he had no fears of the issue, and that the Government will do him a great favor by arraigning him at the earliest possible moment.

Another disastrous hurricane has swept over the West India Islands, lifting houses from their foundations, tearing up forests, and killing some two hundred persons. The crops of the Islands are, in many places, totally destroyed. It is supposed a number of vessels were sunken on the coast.

Washington, Oct. 20.—In regard to the unconditional release of John Mitchell, prisoner at Fortress Monroe, reports have been circulated that no order for the purpose will be issued.

Oct. 21.—Dispatches received at the State Department from the United States Consul at Liverpool, Oct. 16th, bring intelligence of the appearance of cholera at Southampton and places adjacent to that city. The weather throughout England continues of a most unseasonable kind.

A disease known as the underpeep has broken out in the neighborhood of Wateres, eighty-seven miles from Liverpool, and carried off quite a number of cattle.

Jackson, Oct. 21.—Judge Sharkey and J. T. Alcorn have been elected United States Senators.

New York, Oct. 21.—The Post's Washington special says a delegation waited on the President to-day to request him to appoint a National day of thanksgiving on account of the restoration of peace.

New York, Oct. 23.—The Herald's Toronto correspondent says: The members of the Provincial Government and supporters of English rule in Canada, are in a state of great agitation in regard to the Fenian movement. The Fenian order has been known to exist for years, but has occasioned but little concern until the occurrence of recent events. Owing to what has transpired in this country, England, Ireland, and Canada, the Government has, it is said, organized and distributed throughout the Province a force of spies. Great activity is reported to prevail in military affairs.—Changes in the disposition of troops are being made. Garrisons are being strengthened in places where Irish predominance. Investigations regarding the loyalty of soldiers have been instituted, and arms distributed among persons known to be opposed to the Fenians. The Custom authorities are nervous over the recent large importations of munitions of war which, it is believed will find their way into the hands of the Fenians. It is rumored that the present movements in Ireland are only a ruse, and a feint to cover the grand design, which is, when England has thrown her troops into that country, an armed force of the Order on this side of the Atlantic shall seize Canada, declare it an independent State and place it under the protection of the United States.

The approaching change in our relations with China is discussed with earnestness in the English papers. The *Shanghai correspondent* of the *London Times*, states that hitherto the American National representatives have been treated with ill-concealed dislike, and in some cases contempt. He attributes this fact partly to the absence of the American fleet in China waters, and partly to the habit of making Consuls of missionaries. Now that a United States fleet is on its way to China, an extraordinary change is anticipated in the mutual diplomatic relations of the two countries. The *Times*' special asks whether the first introduction of the American fleet will not be of a hostile character. The American citizens, Borgeois, for whose restoration an imperative demand had been made by the United States Consuls, is believed to have been either starved or executed.

The *Liverpool Post* believes that in future the English character in China will be considerably affected by American rivalry. New York, Oct. 23.—The Herald's Jackson, (Miss.) correspondent presents an unpleasant picture of the political and social state of affairs in that State. The Legislature, which met last Monday, has some difficult work before it, the worst of which will probably be to renege the finances which are in a shocking condition. The debt of the State is large, but though many people favor a second resort to the expediency of repudiation, it is thought, Mississippi has had enough of this, and will not try it again, except in regard to the satisfaction of the debt contracted to assist rebellion, all of which will doubtless be ignored.

The Commissioners dispatched to treat with the Indians at Fort Sullivan have arrived in that country, but found but few Indians at the fort. A letter from that place, dated Oct. 6th, says the Commissioners arrived two weeks too late to effect a treaty, as the Indians were out hunting buffalo.

The Herald's Raleigh correspondent says the ordinance repudiating the rebel debt passed the North Carolina State Convention by a vote of 85 to 12. The ordinance for the purpose of raising a militia force to suppress outlaws, was also passed. The Convention adjourned Thursday last, to meet again on the 15th of next May.

Election matters are beginning to be agitated. Gov. Holden and Jonathan Worth, the present State Treasurer, are both out again as candidates for Governor. Worth will be supported by the secession element, but he is a strong Union man, and in the Legislature of 1860, voted against calling a Convention to take the State out of the Union.

Lewis Haynes, Private Secretary to Gov. Holden, has resigned, and runs for Congress in the Randolph district, on the Worth ticket.

Those of the secessionists who oppose Holden will probably unite the true Union vote on him and elect him.

California News.

San Francisco, Oct. 26.—A suit is on trial in the 12th District Court, before a jury, the result of which will settle a point of interest to the mercantile community.—In July last, the firm of Wilson & Stevens negotiated, through a broker, a loan for five thousand five hundred dollars, of J. R. Whitney & Co., giving, as collateral security, 536 cases of coal oil, stored in the Pacific Warehouse. The building and goods were subsequently burnt. Wilson & Stevens refuse to pay the note, contending that the goods were in the possession of Whitney & Co., and that the latter must suffer the loss. Whitney & Co., therefore, bring suit.

M. Mayer, lately a banker in Virginia City, Nevada Territory, filed his application in insolvency in the County Court to-day. Liabilities, \$34,500.

P. Hafman, a private in Co. D, 2d Artillery, committed suicide on Tuesday, by shooting himself in the head.

SEATTLE GAZETTE.

SEATTLE, NOV. 4th, 1865.

The Walla Wallains seem to have secession and annexation "on the brain." On the 18th ult. they held a meeting to take into consideration the propriety of having Walla Walla county attached to the State of Oregon. Resolutions were passed requesting the Senators and Representative in Congress from Oregon, and the Delegate from Washington Territory, to use their influence to have an act passed to annex Walla Walla county to the State of Oregon. They also passed a resolution strongly censuring Hon. J. E. Wyche for failure to perform his official duties in that district. The people of Walla Walla have just cause of complaint against Judge Wyche for absenting himself from his district and neglecting his judicial business. We are opposed to keeping in office men who thus leave their posts, and spend their time in Washington city laboring to obtain more desirable positions, instead of applying themselves to the discharge of their official duties. If they must absent themselves, let them resign, and if they will not resign, let the people ask for their removal and the appointment of men who are permanent residents of the Territory, and who will stay at home and honestly perform the duties assigned them.

We give in to-day's issue the prospectus of the "Puget Sound Steam Navigation Company," as also, a communication from Mr. J. L. McDonald, of Steilacoom, urging the necessity of the measure. Whether the present project will meet with a favorable reception or not we cannot say; but of this we are certain, could it be permanently established, creating a healthy competition in the passenger and freight business of the Sound, it would be much to the advantage of the public. The prices of passage and freight are too high, and the accommodations are anything but the best. It may be that there is not business sufficient to profitably engage more vessels on the Sound at the present time, but it will not be long until there will be, and we heartily wish success to any enterprise which is calculated to be a public benefit.

SEIZED.—The steamships *Orizaba* and *Active* were seized lately at Portland for violation of the revenue law. They met just outside of the Columbia bar, as the *Orizaba* was on her way from Portland to San Francisco and the *Active* from Victoria to Portland, and passengers and goods were transferred from the *Active* to the *Orizaba*. On their return to Portland they were seized and appraised, the former valued at \$120,000 and the latter at \$68,000, for which plans they were subsequently bonded by the owners and dispatched on their respective routes.

CASCADE ROAD.—Mr. Wm. Perkins and party, returned this week from the Snoqualmie Road, having had to cease work on account of snow. About twenty miles of the road have been built, and that which remains to be made will by no means be so difficult. The party bring favorable reports of the route, and will resume work at the earliest possible day next spring.

The strong box of the Frigate *Cumberland*, sunk by the rebel ram *Merrimac*, in 1862, in the memorable engagement in Hampton Roads, has been recovered by the submarine workmen employed in raising the hull of that vessel. The sum of money recovered is reported to be very large.

SALE.—A sale of smuggled goods seized by the United States authorities, and condemned to be sold by decree of the U. S. District Court, at the October term for this district, took place on Wednesday last. The proceeds of the sale amounted to about a thousand dollars.

RETURNED.—Mr. Charles Plummer, of the firm of Plummer & Harris, returned to this place on Thursday evening last, from a somewhat lengthy visit to California.

The coinage of the San Francisco Mint for the quarter ending September 30th, amounted to \$4,781,300, the largest ever coined in the corresponding quarter.

The volunteer troops now at the military posts in Oregon, Washington and Idaho, are being relieved, as fast as regular troops arrive, preparatory to being mustered out of service.

The citizens of Clark county are agitating the subject of building a wagon road from the neighborhood of the Dalles, Oregon, to the *Cowlitz* river, Washington Territory.

Rev. Doctor Wythe has arrived at Salem, Oregon, and assumed the position of President of the Willamette University.

The Insane Asylum at Stockton, California, has at the present time 633 patients, one-fourth of whom are females.

The Navy Department has sent a gunboat to the Lakes via the St. Lawrence, thus terminating the treaty so long observed.

The Oregonian says the wife of Judge Stevens, of St. Helens, died suddenly, on the 26th ult. on board the steamer *Fanny Troupe*.

ARRIVED.—The barks *Vidette* and *Devens* were towed up to Freeport, by the *Resolute*, on Thursday last.

The Colonial Parliament has been prorogued till the 16th of November.

LETTER FROM STEILACOOM.

STEILACOOM, W. T., Oct. 23, 1865.
ED. GAZETTE: I forward you for publication the prospectus of the "Puget Sound Steam Navigation Company," now in process of organization. The objects of the Company are simply to render travel and transportation by steam somewhat more certain and cheaper than heretofore.

It is contemplated to ask Congress at its next session to subsidize a safe, speedy and commodious steamer to carry the mails from Union City on Hood's Canal, via Seabeck, Tekalet and Port Ludlow, to Port Townsend. Also to continue the subsidy lately granted for carrying the mails to ports east of Whidby's Island to Whatcom, now so faithfully performed by Captain Libby.

By uniting the promising and fast growing sections bordering on our inland sea, with a powerful and safe steamship at Port Townsend, two trips per week may be performed to Victoria with ease and dispatch. To the end that those desirable measures may be consummated, united efforts, public and private, should be employed to make Port Townsend a Port of Entry and Delivery. Believing that the press have intrinsic interest in this enterprise, I look for your warm and unceasing support. This measure has been agitated for the last ten months, and we have encouraging offers from steamboat owners abroad, thus demonstrating that, "the pen is mightier than the sword."

J. L. McDONALD.

The *Owyhee Avalanche*, gives the following account of the Oro Fino ledge:

This ledge was discovered in July, 1863, by Messrs. Sands, Nelson, Fry, Gilpin and Carroll, and was recorded August 15, of the same year. During the fall Messrs. Moore & Fogus purchased a large interest, and prosecuted work on it until October, 1864, when the first rock was crushed. The shaft sunk on the ledge is one hundred and eighty feet deep, and five by twelve feet in the clear. The rock was raised by man power, yielded over \$100,000 and paid the company a dividend. While on a visit there this week, we picked rock out of the ledge within one foot of the soil, and one hundred feet below it, in which myriads of fine specks of gold could be seen plainly. The same can be done in any portion of the ledge. The main tunnel is five hundred and seventy-five feet in length, and strikes the shaft one hundred and fifty feet below the surface. The mine now furnishes rock for the Morning Star and Mineat mills, and the ledge is well opened, so that three times the amount might be taken out. Timber is plenty at the mine. The mine is about two and a half miles from the mill, to which there is a substantial road.

WIRZ.—The testimony against the man Wirz is accumulating at a fearful rate. Not only the Union prisoners at Andersonville testified to his frightful cruelties, but one James Mahan, who was examined, declared that he as a rebel subordinate official, took thirteen Federal prisoners to a blacksmith's shop to have iron collars and chains fastened on them. Calvin Heneyuth saw Wirz shoot a sick man for not starting up on the line. Capt. J. Heath saw Wirz set the bounds on a fugitive. All these witnesses were in the rebel service. The public feeling against the Andersonville jailer is increasing in intensity day by day. The refusal of the Swiss Consul at Washington to act as his banker for the sums which may be sent to aid in his defense, has attracted some attention. In view of the Consul's social capacity, and the nationality of the accused man, it would not have seemed so much out of place had he accepted the temporary commission. The public will look with curiosity to see what testimony Wirz can bring to bear against the great weight of evidence that is crushing him to the earth. It is understood that the Military Commission will give him every needed assistance to exculpate himself if he can.

NEW DISCOVERIES.—Two days ago the Telegraph Company discharged the greater portion of the men working on the line between this and Stewart's Lake; they have partly suspended operations in that quarter for the present. In cutting the trail, they discovered one of the most beautiful and fertile sections of country that has ever been seen. It lies in a north-west direction from here, distance about 16 miles, grass of the finest quality covers the country, growing to the height of from three to three and a half feet. They report it as being auriferous, having prospected some of the creeks, and getting from four to six cents to the pan. There is a party here who intend going to Gold creek (as it is called) to prospect. Some hopes are entertained of discovering something that will pay, which would not only be the means of opening out a fine section of country but be a general benefit.—*Chronicle*.

The Guatemalan Government has entered into a contract with Don Christian Medina to open a new line of steamers from Panama to San Francisco, touching at the ports of Guatemala. The line is to be monthly, for which the Government pays a subsidy of \$12,000 per annum, and if semi-monthly \$8,000 more. It is to be opened within three years from the 1st of January, 1867, and the contract is to have effect for ten years from the establishment of the line.

ACCIDENT.—Mr. C. H. Hale, of this place, met with a painful accident on Thursday evening last, by a horse stumbling and throwing him off, breaking one of the bones of the right fore-arm, and spraining the elbow. The affliction is doubly severe, owing to the long continued sickness of the family.—*Pacific T. Tribune*.

Miscellaneous Items.

The Post Office Department advertises in the *Idaho Statesman*, for proposals to carry the U. S. Mails from Boise City to Idaho City; Boise City to Esmeralda; Placerville to Payetteville; Lewiston to Florence; The Springs to Elk City; and from Antonie Plante's to Hell Gate. Bidders to have their proposals ready for opening by the 28th of the ensuing February. The contracts are to run from July 1st, 1866, to June 30th, 1870.

Horse-stealing has become very common around Owyhee, and it is believed the whites are responsible for it. The adulteration of gold dust is producing a lively discussion about the means of procuring coin to use in general business operations, and particularly to pay laborers in the mines. Public meetings have been held to devise means to abate the evil.

The Oregon *Statesman* says the California Stage Company has sold out its Oregon route (and we infer sub-let its mail contract also) to the Pioneer Stage Company, its chief rival. Louis McLane, of the latter corporation, went up to Marysville from Sacramento, on the 24th of October, to take formal possession of the property.

The following is the application of the rebel General Cheatham for pardon:

You know me, Mr. President—who I am and what I have done. I am sorry; and if you will pardon me, I will be a good citizen henceforward. And if there is any more fighting to be done, count me in whenever I may be needed.

An Englishman who has resided for a long time on the shores of the Dead Sea, has a work in press, in which he states that many of the stories about the margin of the sea being fatal to animal and vegetable life, to be myths. He suggests that on account of its salt and sulphur springs, it should be adopted as a sanatorium.

In reference to the Vermont election, the *Rutland Herald* publishes a list of representatives elected, one hundred and six of whom are Republicans, six Democrats. The Republican candidate for Governor is elected by 15,000 majority. The Senate will again be unanimously Union, as last year.

An Irishman in describing America said: "I am told that ye might roll England through it an' it wouldn't make a dint in the ground; there's fresh water oceans inside that ye might drown ould Ireland in; an' as for Scotland, ye might stick it in a corner, an' ye'd niver at all be able to find it out except it might be by the smell of bad whisky."

Theodore Winters, owner of Norfolk, says the *Bee*, contemplates taking him East this winter to acclimate and rest him up, preparatory to the spring races. He will run him against either Asteroid or Kentucky for \$30,000 a side, four mile heats; or will run him in a three-head sweepstakes, \$10,000 on each horse.

Mr. Peabody's magnificent donation of \$750,000 for charitable purposes in London, has been used by the trustees to build a block of model lodging houses—sets of apartments in which are rented at two, three and five shillings per week.

Last year the Kentucky election gave McClellan 64,807 votes, to Lincoln's 27,786. This year the anti-slavery candidate for State Treasurer was beaten 68 votes, though the vote of the State was about as large this year as last.

The vigilantes of Montana are particularly active. Five men have been hung in the mines lately. Cann Kirby, brother of Billy Kirby, who killed "Shorty" at Lewiston, was hung on the 2d of October. Cooke, who was hung, was from Umatilla Landing.

The new steam propeller *Lincoln*, built at Baltimore, as a revenue cutter for the Pacific coast was ordered by the Secretary of the Treasury to start for its destination on the 18th of September.

Edmund A. Pollard, formerly editor of the *Richmond Examiner*, has gone to San Domingo to live. This will add an additional "horror" to the place.

The present population of London is 4,015,494; of the borough of Liverpool, 476,368; of the city of Manchester, 354,980.

The Indians have again run off all the stock on the Boise and Chico stage line and destroyed most of the stations.

The Petersburg *Express* says the Confederate notes are there worth about fifty cents on a thousand dollars.

A lady at Plymouth, Mass., knitted four hundred pairs of stockings for our soldiers during the war.

The Government stores at the abandoned military post of Walla Walla have been shipped to Fort Vancouver.

The largest of the Indian tribes of the West is the Camanche. The tribe numbers twenty thousand in all.

A portion of the Territorial records of Idaho which remained at Lewiston, have been removed to Boise City.

The census of Illinois is completed, and the total of its population is in the neighborhood of two million two hundred thousand.

In four years the Government bakery in Washington issued 40,588,798 rations.

The gross receipts of the late State Fair of Oregon is said to have been over eight thousand dollars.

Eleven blocks of Front street, Portland, McAdamsed this season, cost \$28,000.

LATEST NEWS.

Dates to Oct. 26.

Eastern News.

Philadelphia, Oct. 20.—At the session of the Fenian Congress on Wednesday, General Sweeney was assigned a seat on the platform. The General was received with much enthusiasm, but declined to make a speech.

At the afternoon session, a resolution was adopted precluding delegates from taking notes of the proceedings of the Convention. Members were ordered to destroy any already written, for fear they might be lost and give information to the enemy.

Hays, of Massachusetts, Rice, of Michigan, and Capt. Welsh, of Pennsylvania, were appointed a committee of three to prepare a condensed report of the proceedings of the Convention, to be forwarded to the press subject to the inspection of the Head Centre.

The report of the envoy of the brotherhood from abroad was received with enthusiastic demonstration. A resolution was adopted that the members of the Convention, rising to their feet with one accord, pledge the fullest support to their friends abroad.

On Thursday the Head Centre addressed the Congress, advising unanimity, harmony, prudence and caution, in all their deliberations. He counselled the entire revision of the Constitution of the Organization, and read statements in relation to the cause of the delay in the issue of the bonds of the Irish Republic, and also suggested certain changes in the financial management of the Organization.

The Committee on Credentials made a final report, and it was resolved that no more applications for seats in the Convention be received.

New York, Oct. 24.—A Raleigh correspondent says of the North Carolina Convention, that a singular announcement was made by the Chairman, to the effect that, after a diligent search, he was unable to procure a national flag to place over the capitol, and had to send to New York for one.

Resolutions were adopted requesting the President to restore to the people of North Carolina all their Constitutional rights, to remove the military, and transfer civilian prisoners to the civil authorities.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Grant's report of the active military operations for 1864 and 1865, is concluded, and will soon be sent in to the Secretary of War.

It is reported that Wirz has been found guilty of the charges for which he has been on trial, and that he will be sentenced on Monday.

New York, Oct. 25.—The Herald's special from Charleston says James L. Orr, the former Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, received a majority of votes in Charleston, for Governor, and the ticket known as the Mechanic's and Workingman's Ticket, is successful.

The World's correspondent says accounts from every part of the State indicate that Wade Hampton has undoubtedly been elected Governor of South Carolina. In the city of Charleston, the vote for Orr is 785; for Hampton, 661; in the parish the vote stands, for Hampton, 725; for Orr, 61; leaving Hampton, in this district alone, a majority of 600 votes.

New York, Oct. 25.—The State Conventions of Florida and Georgia meet in extra session to day. Texas is the only Southern State, lately in rebellion, that has not elected members of Congress, or called a convention for the purpose of reconstructing under the proclamation of the President.

The London Times says that although there are now no Tappings on Chinese soil, a rebellion in the North has arisen, assuming proportions even more formidable than the Taping revolt. Who these Nienfel rebels are, and what the object of their leader, Nienfei, may be, are at present matters of some uncertainty. It is clear that they have no connection with the extinct Tappings of the south. That the capture of Pekin should be deemed probable, shows, however, that the insurrection has attained a considerable height; though even if the capital be taken, the immediate consequences over the entire empire would be but trifling.

New York, Oct. 26.—The substance of the President's remarks on the subject of the reconstruction of the Southern States, during a late interview with him, has been given, with the President's approval, by Maj. Gen. Stearns, of Massachusetts. In reply to a remark that the Democrats claimed that he had gone over to them, he intimated that the Democracy had discovered that he was in advance of it, and was now trying to come up to his standard. He hoped it would succeed in doing so. He reiterates his doctrine that, notwithstanding the so-called secession of the Southern States, they were never out of the Union, but that, by their rebellious course, they had forced the civil government to re-construct the machinery, which, as soon as possible, he considers the chief duty of the times. This, he says, cannot be done in a moment, but such great and happy progress is being made in it, that the results sometimes appear to him like a dream. He did not expect forever to deprive rebels of their former civil rights, nor even the majority of those excluded in the amnesty proclamation, but intended they should ask for pardon, and thus realize the enormity of their crimes. He is in favor of allowing negroes who served in the army, as well as those who can read and write, and those possessed with either qualification, to vote, but does not think it policy, or that he has the right to force these conditions on the whites of the South. He favors representation in Congress on the basis of the number of qualified voters.

PROSPECTUS OF THE PUGET SOUND STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

If the heroes from the "tented field," statesmen from the halls of Congress; "wise men from the East;" the "widow and the fatherless," seek a "safe lodge in our vast wilderness, may we not reasonably hope for "reaping the fruits" of useful immigrants into our "sequestered vale of life." Our people appreciate the situation. The mountain passes are made passable, and the weary traveler may now bathe body and soul in the "placid waters of Puget Sound." Our prairies abound with superior white pasture oak, which may be had "without money and without price;" excellent fir timber of medium sizes is now offered in quantities at six dollars per thousand feet, while ship-carpenters, joiners and machinists are ready and willing to labor at reasonable wages.

The topography of our smooth inland sea; the absence of hurricanes; the convenience of safe harbors and the prospective travel and commerce on Puget Sound, renders the immediate organization and incorporation of a Steam Navigation Company indispensable.

We have been in correspondence with steamship owners "beyond the sea" for several months, and we have assurances of success, if properly encouraged by our leading merchants and business men residing on the route.

We propose visiting Victoria, via ports on the sound, early in November next, for the sole purpose of organizing the "Puget Sound Steam Navigation Company," which we hope to have incorporated by the Territorial Legislature early in December. It is desirable that the ports on the Sound shall contribute a sufficient amount of stock to entitle said ports to a local director. The amount of stock subscribed to be appropriated to the equipment of one or more first-class steamships, as the directors collectively assembled may determine from time to time. We cordially solicit stockholders, farmers, merchants, mechanics, and all others favorable to safe, cheap and speedy travel, to subscribe to the stock, in timber, provisions, labor, or money, to the end that travel and communication may be facilitated and placed within the reach of all. Clergymen, teachers, editors, and all others having the prosperity of our beautiful and romantic Sound at heart, are cordially invited to agitate this much needed enterprise, in their respective localities.

J. L. McDONALD.

STEILACOOM, Oct. 4, 1865.

CRIBORIES OF THE DESERT.—On the Owyhee river, about one mile south of the crossing, is situated what is known to travelers as the "Castle Ruins." At a distance one might imagine himself standing and viewing the arches, curves, spires, pinnacles and columns of some vast deserted city, of the most magnificent splendor, whose crumbling columns time was gradually leveling to the dust. There is a large area of country on the Owyhee covered with these mouldering columns, some standing alone and some attached to high table mountains, altogether presenting one of the most interesting and weird-like views to be seen anywhere in the land of desert and sagebrush which borders on the northern rim of the great Basin.

In October last we passed over the road from Owyhee, via Queen's River to Humboldt, and after leaving Owyhee ferry, had a continuous desert of forty miles without water. We noticed the bed of an old dry creek, about half-way, but found not a drop of water in it, and no sign of there having been for years. When visiting the same place a few weeks ago, we found in the same old creek bed, a fine stream as large as the Jordan creek at Ruby, and this were sporting and playing in the eddies.—*Owyhee Avalanche*.

THE STORY OF A WILL.—The Portsmouth (N. H.) *Journal* tells this story: "A lady, now residing at Cape Elizabeth, in the vicinity of Portland, two or three years since purchased at auction in Portsmouth, an old mahogany chair with a hair-cloth cushioned seat, tacked round with brass nails. The price paid was fifty cents. After taking it home, she undertook to repair the cushion, and opening it discovered some papers, with the value of which the public have not been made acquainted. It is said that an important will of one of the Earl of Derby family was here brought to light which sent a large estate to different heirs from those who have inherited it. Information, it is said, was sent to England, and a special messenger was sent out, who gave the lady a large reward. How much is not known, but as she was enabled to invest \$50,000 in government stock last year, it is thought that she made a profitable business in her chair speculation. The name of the lady is Mrs. Mayberry.

THE CAUSE AND TREATMENT OF CHOLERA.—In summarizing a communication to the *Medical Times and Gazette* on this important subject, Dr. Chapman, among other conclusions, holds that the "primary cause of cholera is, as a general rule, the excessive heat of hot climates, and of temperate climates in summer, when cholera prevails;" that "the proximate cause of cholera is of precisely the same nature as that of summer or choleraic diarrhoea, but that it is far more developed, and consequently that its action is proportionately more powerful and intense;" that cholera is neither contagious nor infectious in any sense whatever, except through the depressing influence of fear; and "that cholera may be completely averted, and when developed cured, by the persistent application of the spinal ice bag along the vertebral spine so long as any symptoms of the disease continue.

By special dispatch from San Francisco we learn that the ship *Southern Cross* arrived at San Francisco on Saturday last. She brings thirty miles of cable—about twelve of which will be sent to this place by the first opportunity and submerged. The cable will cross from Caddboro Bay to the Station on San Juan Island and thence to Lopez Island and thence to the main land. The work will be completed within three weeks, and we shall then be brought within speaking distance of our friends in other parts of the continent.—*Chronicle*.

AN IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.—A most important discovery, far more so than that of the alleged source of the Nile, has just been made in South America. It is that the great river Amazon has been found to be navigable from one end to the other; that, in fact, a new route has been opened between the Atlantic and the Pacific. The Morona, a Peruvian steamer, which was sent to explore the Amazon, has arrived at Mayro, about three hundred miles from Lima. The Morona navigated more than 2,000 miles of the Amazon proper, and 600 of the Yeayali and Pachitea rivers, which, until then, had seen only Indian canoes. The country is, of course, uninhabited only by savages, but is of wonderful fertility.

We have been favored with a letter, dated Wka, August 18th, written on board the bark Golden Gate, and addressed to a person in this city, which says: "When I joined this expedition I found myself on board of a regular man-of-war. The vessel ahead of us has been taken by the Indians, and we are going up to play the devil with them generally, that is if they do not show us the road."—*Colonist.*

An Irish Journal has discovered that the Atlantic telegraph expedition failed because a national insult was offered to Ireland. In the selection of the superintending staff, Irishmen were passed over, and hence the retributive snapping of the cable.

"Sallie," said a fellow to a girl who had red hair, "keep away from me, you'll set me on fire!" "No danger of that," said Sallie, "you're too green to burn."

At a camp meeting, the officiating clergyman suddenly called out: "If that lady with a blue hat, red hair, and cross-eyes don't stop talking she will be pointed out to the congregation."

Mr. Thayer opens to-day the Saloon on Commercial street formerly known as the "Fashion Saloon," where he will keep the best of liquors, and will be happy to entertain those who may favor him with a call.

The murderer of General McCook in 1862 was recently shot in prison in Nashville by his guard.

The cholera has made its appearance at Southampton, England, and the places adjacent to that town.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—The variable temperature of most climates is always pregnant with colds, catarrhs, tumors, and abscesses, and all scrofulous diseases and glandular affections usually become worse at each variation. Holloway's ointment diligently rubbed upon the skin as near to the affected part as possible, will be found the most safe and efficient means of immediately subduing pain and finally eradicating the seeds of future mischief from the system. Whenever the malady is chronic, constitutional and dangerous, Holloway's Pills should be taken to quicken and increase the curative power. Scurvy, skin diseases, and similar disorders, disappear before the cleansing and healing influence of Holloway's remedies, which, for their successful employment, only require moderate time and fair attention.

PRICES CURRENT.
[CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE GAZETTE.]
SEATTLE, Nov. 4, 1865.

FLOUR—Best quality, \$8 to \$9, per barrel.
BEEF—10 @ 15 cents.
MUTTON—16.
PORK—16.
WHEAT—\$1 25 per bushel.
OATS—50c per bushel, scarce.
BARLEY—2c 1/2 lb.
HAY—\$14 @ \$18 per ton.
POTATOES—35 @ 50c per bushel.
ONIONS—3 @ 2 1/2c per lb.
BUTTER—Fresh, 50 @ 62c per lb.
CHEESE—37c per lb.
EGGS—50 @ 62 1/2 doz.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 25, 1865.

FLOUR—\$6 25 @ \$7 75 bbl.
BUTTER—40, @ 42c per lb.
POTATOES—Best \$1 25 per hund.
SUGAR—10c per lb.
COFFEE—21c per lb.
COAL OIL—\$1 75.
CANDLES—25c per lb.
WHEAT—1 80 @ 1 75 per 100 lb.
OATS—1 40 @ 1 42 per 100 lb.
BARLEY—1 44 @ 1 47c per 100 lb.
HAY—\$10 @ \$14 per ton.

VICTORIA, Oct. 25, 1865.

FLOUR—\$7 50 @ \$10 00 per bbl.
CORN MEAL—7c @ 8c per lb.
BEANS—White, 4 @ 4 1/2c per lb.
HAY—1 1/2 @ 1 1/4c per lb.
WHEAT—3c @ 4c per lb.
BARLEY—2 @ 2 1/2c per lb.
OATS—2 1/2c per lb.
TEA—50 @ 40c per chest.
COFFEE—23 @ 24c per lb.
SUGAR—9 @ 16c per lb.
RICE—7 1/2 @ 8 1/2c per lb.
BUTTER—Fresh, 40 @ 50c per lb.
HAMS—best, 25 @ 28c per lb.
BACON—18 @ 22c per lb.
SYRUP—45c per keg.
ONIONS—4c per lb.
POTATOES—1c @ 1 1/2c per lb.
CANDLES—5c @ 5 1/2c per lb.

PIPER & ALISKEY,
GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.
Wholesale and Retail
Confectioners.

WEDDING PARTIES
supplied upon the shortest notice, and in the best possible manner.

A great variety of
CAKES AND CANDIES
always on hand, and for sale at
SAN FRANCISCO PRICE.
no17 3m

GOOD NEWS!
NORTH PACIFIC BREWERY
JUST ESTABLISHED IN SEATTLE.

This magnificent Brewery having been completed is now manufacturing
PORTER, ALE
AND
LAGER BEER.

Which will be sold at the lowest cash prices
Legal tenders taken at market value.
Give us a Call—try for yourselves.
SCHMEIG & CO.
Seattle, Feb. 1st 1865. no43-1f

THE CHEAPEST CLOTHING IN VICTORIA
—IS AT—
WILLIAM WILSON'S,
GOVERNMENT STREET CLOTHING STORE.
100 \$20 Suits At \$7 75 the Suit.
Victoria, V. I., October 21st, 1865. no31-1f

A. GILMORE,
Merchant Tailor,
YATES STREET,
VICTORIA, V. I.,
is selling off his entire stock of
Fine Clothing,
CLOTHS, GASIMERES AND VESTINGS,
AT COST
in order to close his business.
ALSO
HIS NEW FIRE-PROOF BRICK BUILDING,
ON
Yates Street,
FOR SALE.
Victoria, V. I., Oct. 21, no21-2m

FELLOWS, ROSCOE & CO
YATES STREET,
VICTORIA, V. I.
IMPORTERS OF
Bar & Sheet-Iron.
TIN PLATE,
and other Metals,
BLACKSMITH'S & TINSMITH'S
MATERIALS,
SPEAR & JACKSON'S SAWS,
WORTENHILLER'S CUTLERY,
and a full assortment of
GENERAL HARDWARE.
Liberal arrangements will be made with responsible traders on the Sound. no21-3m
Victoria, Oct. 21, 1865.

E. M. SAMMIS
Photographer,
Mill Street,
SEATTLE, W. T.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,
Seattle, King Co., Wash. Ter.,
JOHN S. GONDON,
M. R. MADDOCKS, PROPRIETORS.
JOHN COLLINS.

THIS NEW AND COMMODIOUS HOTEL is now open for the accommodation of the public. It is fitted up with all the conveniences of a
First Class House,
The rooms being handsomely furnished in the best of style.
THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT
is under the management of an experienced cook, and the table will always be supplied with the best in the market.
OPEN AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT
AN ELEGANT BAR constantly supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c., &c.

—ALSO—
A **ZEPHYRUS BILLIARD TABLE,**
With Marble Bed and Combination Cushions, is connected with the above establishment for the accommodation of its customers and the public generally.

A Livery Stable
is attached to the house, where all who desire them, will find good horses, and where feed can be found for those who wish to stable their animals.
Seattle, Oct. 20, 1865. no54f

CONNOISEUR'S RETREAT.
SEATTLE, W. T.
MONET & HEDGES, Proprietors.

The exigencies of the times induce the proprietors of this popular establishment to convert their Restaurant into a veritable
Oyster Saloon;
and having made arrangements to have a constant supply of the most choice
Olympia Bivalves
their patrons and the public generally can rest assured they will be served up in a style to suit the most fastidious.
In addition to the above, they will put up, in bottles of sizes to suit customers,
SPICED OYSTERS,
—ALSO—
constantly on hand, a supply of Fresh Oysters, opened for the immediate use of
FAMILIES AND HOTELS,
all of which will be sold at reasonable prices.
And, being as ever, grateful for past favors, the proprietors will spare no efforts to merit a continuance of patronage in their new pursuit.
Seattle, Oct. 21, 1865. no21vo24f

LANGLEY & Co.
YATES STREET,
VICTORIA, V. I.,
are constantly receiving from the United States and Europe,
Fresh Drugs,
Chemicals,
Patent Medicines
—AND—
PERFUMERY,
which they offer for sale at greatly reduced prices. All articles warranted
GENUINE, AND OF THE BEST QUALITY.

LANGLEY & CO. are Agents for Holloway's Pills and Ointment, Jayne's Medicines, Culling's Preparations, etc., etc.
no17-3m.

MARSHAL'S SALE!
NOTICE is hereby given that I will sell at public auction, at the Town Clerk's office, in the town of Seattle, on the first Monday in December next, the following described delinquent lands and real estate, the unpaid tax on which, and accruing interest and costs, shall not have been paid before such time according to the provisions of an ordinance levying a Municipal Tax for the year 1865:

Lot	Block	Owner	Tax \$
5	9	Peter Andrews,	50
6	12	Daniel Bagley,	1 00
5	5	"	"
6	Blocks 41, 42, 43, 44, 55, M. G. Bright	"	4 00
	23, 24, 25, 26, J. D. Briggs	"	4 00
	One half of lot 2, block 7, Chas. Brownell	"	3 00
	Lots 1, 2, block 4, T. M. Beche	"	3 00
3, 4	49	"	"
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	block 48	"	"
6	47	A. J. Cain	1 75
4	54	"	"
1	2	J. J. Crow	35
1	21	E. Carr	50
3	16	J. Chapman	50
3	5	W. B. Cheney	75
1	8	Wm. Clendenin	1 00
8	10	E. Evans	75
Lots 4 5	3	L. M. Felker	3 25
" 2 3 6	13	"	"
" 5	13	"	"
One half lot 8	9	Gove & Co	1 00
Lots 3 4 5 6	49	E. Giddings	1 00
" 14	10	Wm. H. Gilliam	1 50
" 6 7 8	18	G. R. Goldborough	12 25
" 8	12	David Graham	75
" 5	38	W. D. Harrison	25
" 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	block 54 S. W. Hovey	"	30
" 5 8	block 10 R. W. Jeffries	"	1 25
" 2	6	G. Kenyon	2 50
" 1	6	J. J. Mose	10 00
" 1 2 3 4	41	W. W. Miller	2 50
" 2 3 4 6	50	"	"
" 2	6	D. S. Maynard	2 50
" 5 6 7 8	21	R. W. Postius	2 50
" 1	9	A. W. Pray	1 25
" 7 8	30	J. Richardson	35
" 3 4 5 6	17	M. S. Roberts	1 75
" 7	12	M. S. Roberts	75
" 8	12	M. S. Roberts	75
" 1 2 7 8	49	D. M. Styles	75
" 12	3	H. A. Smith	4 50
" 6	3	M. Umphreys	50
" 12	19	S. Whitmore	72
" 3	11	R. P. Willis	1 25
" 4	10	"	"
" 9	9	W. H. Wallace	3 00
Half of lots 6 7 5	50	C. Walker	25
Lots 4 6	29	T. M. Ashur	2 50
" 1 2 3 4 5	31	"	"
" 1 2 4 5	34	"	"
" 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	13	"	"
		WM. H. SURBUR, Town Marshal.	
		Seattle, Oct. 17, 1865-3w.	

VICTORIA HOUSE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRAPERY STORE,
CORNER OF FORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS,
VICTORIA, V. I.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE ABOVE Establishment, BY EXPRESS DIRECT from London, the following assortment of Fall Goods:
LINSEYS, POPLINS, French Merinos and Coburgs.
RICHLIY EMBROIDERED LINSEY and POPLIN ROBES.
WINTER PETICOATS, a large variety LADIES' TRIMMED HATS AND BONNETS, newest styles.
LADIES' untrimmed hats and bonnets. CHILDREN'S trimmed and untrimmed Hats.
FLOWERS, FEATHERS and BONNET FRONTS, a large assortment.
BLACK GLACE and MOIRE ANTIQUE SILKS.
Ladies' Merino and Flannel Underclothing.
White, Pink and Blue Flannels.
White and Scarlet Flannels for Petticoats, two-and-a-half yards wide. Ladies' White and Grey Lamb's Wool Hose.
WINTER MANTLES a large assortment of the newest styles, Real SEAL SKIN CLOAKS, and Sable Collars and Cuffs.

—ALSO—
On hand at LOW PRICES a large stock of Staple Goods, such as Horrock's superior Longcloths, Bleached Sheetings, all widths, Blankets, Quilts, Toilet-covers, etc.
Prints, Unbleached Calicoes, Canton Flannels, etc.
Haberdashery Goods, a complete assortment.

Please note the address:—Corner of Fort and Douglas Streets.
Orders from the Sound executed with care and dispatch.
Wm. Denny,
Manager.
no20-1m

WILSON & MURRAY,
GROCCERS,
Provision, Wine,
—AND—
SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
BAKERS AND CONFECTIONERS,
FORT STREET,
Victoria, V. I.
Have on hand a large assortment of
WINE BISCUITS
put up in tins of from two to five pounds, suitable for retailers.
WEDDING CAKES
made to order, and ornamented in the best style.
Butter and Eggs bought. no20-4f

PEOPLE OF PUGET SOUND!
THE
LARGEST, FINEST,
—AND—
THE CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT
—OF—
WATCHES,
JEWELRY,
Solid Silver-Ware
Plated-Ware,
SPECTACLES,
OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS
Ship and Pocket
COMPASSES,
CLOCKS & C.
—AT—
JUNGERMAN'S,
Yates Street, Victoria, V. I.
All orders from the Country and the Sound promptly attended to. no20-4f

E. B. MARVIN,
SAIL MAKER,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
MANNILLA AND HEMP CORDAGE,
Anchors, Chains,
Tar, Pitch,
Rosin, Oakum,
Paints, Oils,
Blocks, Oars, &c.,
WHARF STREET,
Victoria, V. I.
All orders from the Sound promptly attended to. no20-1m

Dissolution of Co-Partnership.
The co-partnership heretofore existing between Joseph Butterfield and Martin Schmeig, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will in future be carried on by Schmeig & Co. All persons indebted to the late firm of Butterfield & Schmeig will settle with Schmeig & Co. and all debts owed by Butterfield & Schmeig will be settled by Schmeig & Co.
JOSEPH BUTTERFIELD,
MARTIN SCHEIG.
Seattle, Oct. 21, 1865-1w

J. H. TURNER & CO.,
LONDON HOUSE.
Government Street, Victoria, V. I.
IMPORTERS OF
ENGLISH AND FRENCH
SILKS, SHAWLS,
Millinery,
Mantles, Dresses,
Hosiery,
Gloves, Blankets,
Flannels,
Prints, Etc., Etc.

Ladies' and Children's
Underclothing.
RIBBONS, TRIMMINGS,
FANCY GOODS,
Curtain Dawasks and Trimmings to match.
Every description of
DRY GOODS.
—THE—
Latest Fashions
received by Express, via Panama, from
LONDON AND PARIS.
Constantly receiving regular supplies by vessels from London and Liverpool.
All goods are selected by the Partner resident in Europe, and are the
very best
that can be purchased.
Particular Attention given to orders.
J. H. TURNER & CO.
no17-3m

SCOTCH HOUSE,
A. McLEAN & CO.
FORT STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

BEG TO INVITE attention to their stock of the undermentioned goods, which they keep constantly on hand, and offer at the lowest possible prices:
a great variety of
CLOTHING,
LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S
Underclothing,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
SCARFS,
TIES,
COLLARS, &c.
Dress, Baitio, and Regatta Shirts,
Scotch Winceys,
Plaids & Tweeds,
Berlin Wool,
TAILORS' TRIMMINGS,
UMBRELLAS,
BLANKETS,
HATS & CAPS,
LADIES', GENTS', CHILDREN'S BOOTS
and every description of
Boot Uppers.
Victoria, Oct. 21, 1865. no21-4f

T. WILSON & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
ENGLISH MERCHANDISE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS, &c.,
YATES STREET,
Victoria, V. I.,
Next door to the Bank of British North America.
LADIES, and the public generally, of Seattle and the neighboring towns on Puget Sound, visiting Victoria, will find this the
LARGEST, CHEAPEST, AND BEST
House for all kinds of
STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS
The stock comprises every description of Material for the Winter.
The above is the oldest establishment in this branch of the trade in Victoria.
no19-3m

SEATTLE CLOTHING STORE.
WELCH & GREENFIELD,
 SEATTLE, W. T.
 KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR sale, a large assortment of Ready Made and Custom **CLOTHING:** GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, LADIES' HATS, CLOAKS, AND RIDING DRESSES, of the Latest Style.
 We have, also, on hand a large assortment of FRENCH, ENGLISH, AND AMERICAN CLOTHS, CASIMERES AND VESTINGS, which we will make up to order on the most reasonable terms.
 Oregon Cloths for sale at the lowest market value.
 Orders from abroad strictly attended to.
Terms Cash.
 Seattle, W. T. Aug. 26, 1865. no13:6m

JULIUS LOEWI & CO.,
 IMPORTERS & JOBBERS,
 WHARF STREET,
Victoria, V. I.
 Have constantly on hand, and offer for sale

DRY GOODS & CLOTHING
 Hosiery, and Furnishing Goods, every variety of

FANCY GOODS,
 Table and Pocket

CUTLERY.
STATIONERY AND PICTURES,

French Casimeres and Broadcloths,
 India Rubber Coats and Leggings,
 Violin, and Guitar Strings,
 Perfumery, Soaps, Pomades,
 Hair-oils, Lubin Extracts,
 Cosmetics, Combs and
 Brushes, of every description, Percussion Caps,

Meerscham
 —AND—
Brier-Root Pipes,
TOBACCO, PIPESTEMS,
Powder Flasks,
FINISH MATERIALS, NOTIONS, ETC.

All of which we import direct from the MARKETS OF EUROPE, and are thereby enabled to offer them at prices that will admit of their EXPORT.

Agents for TILTON & Mc FARLAND'S Safes!
 Seattle, Sept. 30, 1865. no18:2m

NEW GOODS?
NEW GOODS!!
 AT
WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

THE UNDERSIGNED takes this method of informing his customers and the public in general that he is now opening

THE LARGEST STOCK OF GOODS
 that has ever been brought to this Market. Having had twelve years' experience in merchandising, I fancy that my selection will satisfy the desires of the people in general. My stock consists in part as follows:

English, French, and American Prints, French, all wool and English Merinos, Silk and worsted Poplins, Fancy and all-wool Delaines, Red and black cotton Velvets, Twilled, plain and Opera Flannels, Drills, Sheetings, coarse and fine plain and cross-bar Mulls, Jackonets, Ladies' Cloaks and Shawls, Morning Caps, Wool Scarfs and Hoods, Nubias, silk velvet trimmings, Embroideries, &c.

Also, Fine and Heavy **CLOTHING,** **BOOTS AND SHOES,** **Hats and Caps,** Trunks and Valises, Feed-cutters, Georgia and Boston Clipper Plows, Wheelbarrows, and a general assortment of **HARDWARE, GROCERIES,** AND **PROVISIONS,** And many other things too numerous to mention. **CALL AND EXAMINE FOR YOURSELVES.**

To Teachers and those wishing to buy largely I am prepared to sell at reduced prices. **TERMS CASH,** on delivery of Goods. Produce will be taken in exchange for goods at market prices.

In connection with the store I have a large Warehouse where I can store produce for those who may require it.
D. HORTON.
 Seattle Oct. 7th 1865. no19:1f

CHAS. PLUMMER. GEO. W. HARRIS.
GENERAL MERCHANDISE.
 BY RECENT ARRIVALS FROM SAN FRANCISCO, AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR FUTURE SUPPLIES,
PLUMMER & HARRIS,
 CORNER OF MAIN AND COMMERCIAL STREETS,
 Seattle, Washington Territory,
 ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
DRY GOODS,
 READY MADE CLOTHING,
 HATS AND CAPS,
Boots and Shoes

GROCERIES, CROCKERY,
HARDWARE, CUTLERY,
FURNITURE, PAPER-HANGINGS, UPHOLSTERY, &c., &c.
PLOWS,
STOVES

and Tinware,
Wines, Liquors,
Cider, etc., etc.
 which they are determined to sell

Cheap for Cash.
PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS, AND THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID.

Particular attention paid to filling orders from abroad, and examination guaranteed.
 Call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.
 Seattle, Aug. 26, 1865. no13:6m

SEATTLE TANNERY.
 THE UNDERSIGNED have on hand and for sale of their own manufacture a fine stock of

LEATHER,
 consisting of
SOLE LEATHER,
UPPER LEATHER,
HARNESS LEATHER,
BRIDLE LEATHER,
BELTING LEATHER,
SKIRTING LEATHER,
RUSSET LEATHER,
CALF AND KIP SKINS,
BUCKSKINS, &c., &c., &c.

All of which we will sell cheaper than they can be purchased at any other establishment North of San Francisco.
M. D. WOODEN.
 Ira R. WOODEN.

U. S. MAIL LINE!
 to
BELLINGHAM BAY.
 Steamer J. B. Libby

Will leave Seattle every Monday, immediately on the arrival of the Anderson, for

WHATCOM,
 TOUCHING AT
MUCKILTEO, TULALIP, COUPEVILLE AND UTSALADY.

Returning, will leave Whatcom every Wednesday, arriving at Seattle, on Thursday evening. For freight or passage, apply on board.
J. D. LIBBY, Capt.
 Seattle, W. T., Sept. 16, 1865. no16:1f

BAGLEY & SETTLE
 DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
MEN'S CLOTHING,
 Consisting in part of
 Coats, Pants, Vests, Fine Woolen Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers, Overalls, &c. &c., **BOOTS AND SHOES,** And a well selected stock of **BOOKS AND STATIONERY.** ALSO Now on hand and constantly receiving new supplies of

Oregon Cloths, **Blankets, Yarn, Etc., Etc.,** all of which they will sell at **REASONABLE PRICES** Give them a call, an examine their stock.
 Seattle, Sept. 9, 1865.

MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!
MRS. LIBBY & SHOREY,
 Under the Masonic Hall,
 SEATTLE, W. T.
 Have opened a Milliner, Dress Making and Ladies' Furnishing Establishment, where will always be found a fine assortment of **Ladies' Furnishing Goods,** Comprising Bonnets, Hats, Hoop-skirts, Ribbons, Trimmings Flowers, etc., all of the latest styles. Milliner's Work, Plain and Fancy Sewing done to order. The Ladies of Seattle and vicinity are invited to call and see them.
 no16:1f

HOLLOWAYS PILLS.
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT
 THE EFFECT OF THE OINTMENT ON THE SYSTEM.
 To the very core and centre of all diseases which affect the human body, this remarkable preparation penetrates. It disappears under the friction of the hand as salt disappears when rubbed upon meat. The ointment performs its healing errand rapidly, safely, and without pain. Simple eruptions, open sores, hard tumours, scrofulous developments of all kinds, abscesses, cancers, old wounds, and in fact, every species of inflammation or suppuration, whether in the skin, the flesh, the glands, or among the muscles, can be arrested in its destructive course and permanently cured without danger, by rubbing in this inestimable Ointment.
BAD LEGS, BAD BREASTS, SORES AND ULCERS.
 In many Hospitals in Europe this celebrated remedy is now used for the cure of old wounds, sores and ulcers; in Spain and Portugal, and in many parts of Italy, the first Physicians regularly prescribe its use. It is a sovereign remedy for bad breasts and bad legs; and likewise for all skin diseases. It is to be used in the chest of nearly every sailor, soldier and emigrant.

PILES, FISTULAS, STRUCTURES.
 The above class of complaints is surely removed by nightly fomenting the parts with warm water, and then by most effectually rubbing in this Ointment. Persons suffering from these dreadful complaints should lose not a moment in arresting their progress. It should be understood that it is not sufficient to merely smear the Ointment on the affected parts, but it must be rubbed in for some considerable time, two or three times a day, that it may be taken into the system, whence it will remove any hidden sore or wound as effectually as though it were palpable to the eye. Bread and water poultices, after the rubbing in of the Ointment, will do great service. This is the only proper treatment for females in cases of cancer in the stomach, or for those who suffer from a general bearing down.

IMPUDENCIES OF YOUTH - SORES AND ULCERS.
 Blotches, as also swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Ointment be used freely, and the Pills be taken night and morning as recommended in the printed instructions. When treated in any other way these complaints only dry up in one place to break out in another; whereas this Ointment will remove the humour from the system, and leave the patient a vigorous and healthy being. It will require time, aided by the use of the Pills, to insure a lasting cure.

DIPHTHERIA, BRONCHITIS, SORE THROATS, COUGHS AND COLDS.
 Any of the above class of diseases may be cured by well rubbing the Ointment three times a day upon the skin covering the throat, chest and neck of the patient. The ointment will soon penetrate the pores and give immediate relief. To allay the fever and prevent inflammation, eight or ten Pills should be taken night and morning. The Ointment will produce perspiration, which is so essential for removing fevers, sore throats, and those oppressions of the chest which arise from Asthma, Bronchitis, and other causes.

BOTH THE OINTMENT AND PILLS SHOULD BE USED IN THE FOLLOWING CASES: -
 Bad Legs, Corns, (Soft,) Rheumatism, Bad Breasts, Cancers, Scalds, Contracted and Sore Throats, Rubeolas, Stiff Joints, Sore Nipples, Bite of Mosquit, Elephantiasis, Skin Diseases, Toes and Sand Fistulas, Scrofula, Scurvy, Gout, Sore Heads, Cocca-bay, Glandular Swel, Tumours, Chilblains, Hags, Ulcers, Chapped Hands, Piles, Yaws.

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 234 Strand, (near Temple bar,) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices: - 1s, 1 1/2s, 2s, 2d, 4s, 6d, 11s, 22s, and 33s., each Pot.

* * * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
 N. B. - Directions for the guidance of Patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot. [no13:6m]

NIAGARA VARIETY STORE.
 Mill Street, opposite "Occidental Hotel."

THE UNDERSIGNED having permanently established himself in this city, will be happy to accommodate and supply his friends and the public generally, with a fine assortment of

Confectionery,
 and a general assortment of
CIGARS,
TOBACCO,
MEERSCHAUM PIPES,
OYSTERS,
SARDINES,
PLAYING CARDS,
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
PERIODICALS,
 &c., &c., &c., &c.

The above mentioned articles will be sold cheap for cash as long as "Johnny comes marching home."

In connection with the above establishment is an elegant **READING ROOM** for the accommodation of his patrons, or "any other man."
 no10:1f
A. S. PINKHAM.

University of Washington Territory.
 This Institution will re-open on the Third Monday of October:
 Rates of Tuition:
 [Payable in advance per Quarter.]
 COLLEGIATE Course, \$10 00
 ACADEMIC " 8 00
 PRIMARY " 6 00
 INSTRUCTION ON THE PIANO, 15 00

Students can be accommodated on the University grounds in the family of the President, at \$75 per Quarter, in advance. Board, room-rent, washing, fuel, lights and Tuition included. Room-rent and Board, without incidentals, at \$4 per week.
 For further Particulars, address
W. E. BARNARD, President.
 Seattle, W. T., Sept. 30. no18:1y

Residences For Sale.
 LOT No. 4, BLOCK No. 8, situated on Fourth Street, in a very pleasant and commanding locality, near the business part of this city. Upon the above lot is a substantial

DWELLING HOUSE, arranged expressly for the accommodation of two families, with separate entrances and apartments. PRICE, \$700.
THREE LOTS AND A DWELLING HOUSE, immediately in front of the Territorial University; all eligible sites for residences. PRICE, \$500.
 Apply to **W. E. BARNARD.** no16:1f

SEATTLE DRUG STORE,
 HAVING REMOVED OUR STOCK OF **DRUGS AND MEDICINES** TO OUR **NEW STORE,** ON MILL STREET, OPPOSITE OCCIDENTAL HOTEL, and greatly enlarged our assortment, we are prepared to offer greater inducements than ever to our Patrons.

Our relations with Houses in California afford us with facilities for buying up passed by any other House outside of San Francisco.
 Our assortment of Medicines cannot be excelled in variety, consisting of:

Sarsaparillas: AYERS' TOWNSEND'S SANDS' GUYSSOTT'S BRISTOL'S HALL'S GRAEFENBERG'S and LE DOYNE'S.
 ALSO
 Ayers' Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Expectorant Vermifuge, Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, Gargling Oil, Hamburg Tea, Brown's Bronchial Troches, Soothing Syrup, Flea Powder, Mustang Liniment, Hembold's Bala, Pain Killer, Osgood's Collargogue, Ayers' Aque Cure, Clove Anodyne, Seidlitz Powders, Watts Nervous Antidote, Wood's and Fish's Hair Restorative, British and Harlem Oil, Marshall's Uterine Cathartic, Jayne's Carminative Balsam, Hostetter's Bala, Jayne's and Richardson's Bitters,

PILLS: Jayne's Ayers' Graefenberg, Brandreth's, Wright's Mott's, McLane's, Moffatt's, Maynard's and - - - - -
 ALSO
 Graefenberg Children's Panacea, Hyatt's Lark Balsam, Holloway's Ointment and Pills, Radway's Relief, Hunnewell's Cough Remedy, Bala, Pain Panacea, Cod Liver Oil, Barbedale's Hair Dye, Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Bay Rum, Salt Petre, White and Brown Glee, Shellac, Resinax, Honey, Burnett's Corrosive, Rosin Paste, Green Mountain Ointment, Opodeldine, Sulphur, Blue Stone Olive Oil, Strychnine, Iodide Potassium, Schoville's Blood and Liver Syrup, Calcined and Carbonate Magnesia, Pearl Barley, Arrowroot, Concentrated Potash,

Cooking Extracts Hops, Sage, Summer Savory, Sweet Marjoram, Sago, Tapioca, Pearl Barley, Farina, Cooper's Isinglass.

Toilet Articles: Florida Water, Bay Rum, Cologne, Scented Soaps, Pomades, Hair Oils, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, Lubin Extracts, Brown Windsor Soap, Nail Brushes, &c.

MISCELLANEOUS: Brown's Essence Valerian, Wistar's Balsam Wild Cherry, Catarrh Snuff and Mac-coboy Snuff,

Camphene, Turpentine and Alcohol, By the Gallon, Can, or Case;
GENUINE DOWNER'S COAL OIL, Wholesale and Retail,

A large stock of **COAL OIL LAMPS,** all sizes and patterns: **SPIRIT LAMPS, SIDE LAMPS, COAL OIL LANTERNS, &c., &c.**
 Our list of Chemicals embraces everything required by a Physician in his practice and our prices to Dealers and others will defy competition.

The above enumeration comprises but a small portion of the goods now on hand and for sale at the

Lowest Rates for Cash.
G. KELLOGG,
 Seattle, May 18th, 1865. no2:10:1f

WASHINGTON BREWERY.
 SEATTLE, W. T.
M'LOON & SHERMAN,
 (Successors to S. F. Coombs.)
 HAVING taken the above Establishment are now manufacturing the very best quality of **LAGER BEER,** **PORTER,** **PALE, AMBER, STOCK AND CREAM ALE.**
 Orders for the above promptly will be promptly filled at the lowest rates. no11:1f

FOR CASH---NEW GOODS---FOR CASH.
YESLER, DENNY & CO.
 Have just received a new and well selected stock of MERCHANDISE suited to this market, which they offer for sale cheap
FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!
 Thankful for past patronage, they hope for a continuation of the same upon the CASH SYSTEM which they find necessary to adopt to sustain their business. Those who have money to pay for goods will remember where they obtained them when they had none. After this date the credit system is closed with **YESLER, DENNY & CO.**

BATHS!
 AT THE
Hair Dressing and Shaving Saloon,
 Two doors South of Pray's Saloon,
 SEATTLE.
HOT, COLD AND SHOWER BATHS
 Always in readiness.
 no17:1f
Wm. HEDGES, Proprietor.

NEW STORE
 AT
Snohomish City,
SINCLAIR & CLENDENIN.

THE PROPRIETORS of this establishment respectfully inform the citizens of Snohomish and the public generally that they have just received and will continue to receive fresh supplies of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, SUCH AS **DRY GOODS,** **Coarse and Fine CLOTHING,** **BOOTS AND SHOES,** **Groceries,** **Provisions,** **Hardware,** **Cutlery,** **MINERS' AND LOGGERS' TOOLS** and almost every article of consumption **NEEDED IN THIS MARKET.**

In connection with their store Messrs. Sinclair & Clendenin will keep the fast sailing schooner **"NOR. WESTER"** constantly plying between Snohomish Victoria, and other ports on the Sound, carrying their own freight, and that of all who favor them with their patronage. This arrangement will enable them to sell their goods **Cheaper for Cash** than any house on Puget Sound.
CALL AND SEE.
 Snohomish, Nov. 10, 1864.

MARTIN'S BRASS AND IRON WORKS
 SEATTLE, W. T.
ORDERS for Brass and Iron Castings executed with neatness and dispatch.
THOMAS MARTIN,
 Seattle, Sept. 23, 1865. no17:1f

JOSEPH WILLIAMSON
 DEALER IN
DRY GOODS
CLOTHING,
COUNTRY PRODUCE
 —AND—
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
 Commercial Street,
 SEATTLE, W. T.

YESLER, DENNY & CO.,
 SEATTLE LUMBER AND FLOUR MILLS.
 DEALERS IN
LUMBER, FLOUR,
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE
CROCKERY,
FARMING TOOLS, &c., &c., &c.
 Orders from abroad for all kinds of produce filled on the shortest notice at the lowest market rates.
 no1:1f
YESLER, DENNY & CO.

GARFIELD & KENNEDY,
 ATTORNEYS,
 AND
COUNSELLORS AT LAW.
 PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.
 Will attend to Civil and Admiralty business in the Courts of Washington Territory.
 Mr. Garfield will attend to original practice also.
 July 22d 1865. no9