

THE SEATTLE GAZETTE.

VOL. 1.

SEATTLE, KING COUNTY, W. T., MAY 10, 1864.

NO. 21.

THE SEATTLE GAZETTE,

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

By J. R. WATSON & Co.

SEATTLE, W. T.

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THE TWO LABORATORIES.

Cries the tomb to roselet red:
"With these tears upon my head
Dropped each morn, what dost thou, Rose?"

She to him, proud flushing, calls:
"What dost thou with all that falls
In thy jaws which never close?"

"Back to Heaven those tears, O Tomb!
Changed by me to sweet perfume,
Fly, when I my tresses shake."

"Rarer sweets, O Rose! may be;
Of each soul that comes to me,
I for Heaven and angels make."
—From the French of Victor Hugo.

Konsumin' the Lahnin uv the Seckund Edishun uv the Prince uv Wales.

Hale rooyal Babelet! peers like
You come sooner'n you was expected,
Oster this hear maundin globe uv ours,
Little more'n you'd a ketched your muther
A skatin'. What was yer hurry
Any how? Did you think may be
You was wanted? You mite a node
Yer things wusent at frogmore, they
Wus at the other plais where you
Wus eggpected in March too saloot
His royal hiness the prinse uv walls
With yer first holler. I spose likly
Yu cooden sea it, and you cum
When you gott reddy. that's the wa
Kings dux, but now, since youve
Cum to life I'm glad uv it. youre
In time for unkel Abes Am
Nesty proklamashun and a good
Menny other things uv genuil intrust
To the brittishers, and the lundan
Times is glad too, leastwise wus
Wood think sow. Hoo'd a short
Capt heed a red it in the lundan times
That the hole world, and moretu, iz
Inside of Ingland, and no tite fit
Nuther! and hoo'd a thort that
Thar was only wun baby in the world?
Ain't wus got one? Doo you think
Youre better, royal prinse, than our
Baby? are ye more or a sovria?
Twoodent doo for yer muther ta
Tank so in our house; her hare wood
Fill, sartin. Speekin uv yer muther,
She don't treet you nun to well, nobow!
What makes ye hev to take yer meels
Awa from hoam? Is your muther onhealthy?
Or hasn't she gott nothin'
For you? ef that's so, its the first
Dutch wumman ov that kind, shore.
Fact iz, she druther not hev you
'Bent her; hit wood be too kommon,
Hit wood be too much like pore
Foaks! Sbeez a settin a bad egg
Zamp!, fur there's wi' min in this
Kuntry that'll treet thair babess in the
Same wa, thinking it looks bigg
Tu hev them tek thair meels awa
From hoam. Good bl, prinse uv
Walls!

—INDIANAPOLIS JOURNAL.

ABOUT BACHELORS.—Appleton's Cyclo-pedia contains the following hints to bachelors:

"In the good old times it was considered unpatriotic in a citizen to remain a bachelor all his days. By the Spartan laws, those who remained bachelors after middle age were excluded from all offices, civil and military. At certain feasts they were exposed to public derision, and led around the market place. Although generally speaking old age is respected in Sparta, yet this feeling was not manifested toward old bachelors. 'Why should I make way for you,' said a Spartan youth to a gray-headed old bachelor, 'who will never have a son to do me the same honor when I am old?' The Roman law pursued the same policy toward old bachelors. They had to pay extra and special taxes, and under Augustus, a law was enacted by which old bachelors were made incapable of acquiring legacies and devises of real estate by will, except from their near relatives. In cannon law old bachelors were enjoined to marry, or to profess chastity, or in earnest to become monks."

It is not in brutes that we find most brutality.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

The S. F. *Alta* of the 28th ult., reports an important decision lately made by Judge Shephard of the Police Court of San Francisco, in the matter of an assault and battery made by one Martell, who claims to be a real estate agent, against S. W. Smith, one of the conductors on the Omnibus Railroad. Complainant testifies that he got on the car and gave the conductor a single ticket, and that after he had been carried to a point beyond which he could not go without paying a second fare, he was again called on, and instead of handing out another ticket or offering the change which he had in his pocket, he tendered the conductor a one dollar greenback for his fare. He said nothing about taking a dollar's worth of tickets, but expected ninety-five cents in change for a bill worth but sixty-five cents. The bill was refused by the conductor, who answered that he had no change, but would give him tickets to the extent of its market value if he desired it. Complainant refused to do this, or to get off the car, whereupon he was put off by the conductor, who used no more force than was necessary to accomplish his purpose.

The Court ruled that, admitting the fact that the note was a legal tender, under the circumstances the complaint would fail, for the reason that no man can compel the seller to make change, even of a gold dollar, but must tender the exact amount himself; or, in other words, make his own change. To decide otherwise would be to reverse the rule of the Common Law, and to put it in the power of any one to ride free on any conveyance the year round, by simply providing himself with a bill of a denomination so large that the conductor could not readily change it. Again, the Judge was of the opinion, that while a legal tender note was legal tender for "debts," etc., according to the tenor of the Act of Congress, it could be refused by a shopman in advance, before goods were delivered, he having the option of selling or refusing to sell, as he saw fit, and that the same rule, so far as delivering tickets was concerned, would hold good with the Railroad, or other corporations, carrying passengers in California, where that class of currency occupies a peculiar position, entirely unlike that which it occupies in other States of the Union. The case was therefore dismissed.

A WARNING TO HAM EATERS.—The New York papers record the following extraordinary case: A family named Flaig, residing at No. 45, Elizabeth street, has recently been poisoned by eating uncooked ham. One child having died, Coroner Nauman held an inquest thereon, when the testimony of Mrs. Werkmerster, grandmother of the child and of several physicians was taken. Three doctors who had examined the ham, testified that it was alive with microscopic insects known as *trichina spiralis*. This insect is a borer, and when introduced into the human stomach pierces the coat of that organ in order to make its way into the muscles of the body, where it makes itself a nest and lives. Several instances of death from this cause are already recorded in the medical books. It is always unsafe to eat ham uncooked, for the *trichina* haunt that kind of flesh. Says another account: The symptoms were griping in the bowels, causing intense pain, accompanied with a violent diarrhoea. Medical aid was called in and all the family stated that they were taken with the symptoms immediately after partaking of some raw ham. The suspected meat was subjected to a microscopic test, and found to be full of poisonous animalcules. To the naked eye the ham looked perfectly good, and there was nothing in the taste to distinguish it from perfectly good fresh meat.

LATE EASTERN NEWS!

DATES TO MAY 2nd.

New York, May 2.—Information received from the Army of the Potomac to-night states that the troops who went down to Madison Court House on the 28th burned the town to ashes. It is unknown whether this was done by order or not.

Deserters who came in yesterday report Lee's army 80,000 strong, with 22,000 effective cavalry, all in good condition, with ten day's supplies, and rail roads running night and day bringing reinforcements.

The enemy's pickets extend up and down the Rappahannock, and a considerable force is reported at Fredericksburg throwing up more earthworks on the heights.

The rebels are reported withdrawing from Madison Court House and concentrating in front of our left and center. One division of Longstreet's corps, according to deserters, is at Hanover Junction as a reserve.

The Herald's Newbern letter of the 26th says: Information has been received here that the rebel authorities have taken possession of all the railroads in the South for the next sixty days, during which time non-combatants will not be allowed to travel on them. It has also been ascertained that troops from Charleston have been brought to Wilmington to relieve the troops who have since proceeded to Richmond.

New Orleans advices state that a refugee from Shreveport reports that place protected by 14 miles of fortifications, which the rebels consider impregnable against anything short of 150,000 men.

There was a report among the rebels that General Steele was moving toward Shreveport with 22,000 men and that Price with 47,000 was opposing him.

The gunboat Eastport remained ashore 10 miles below Grand Ecore, and two were aground on the falls above Alexandria.

30,000 rebel cavalry were reported in the neighborhood of Clinton, above Fort Hudson. Their intention is supposed to be to lay waste plantations worked by loyalists.

Cairo, May 1.—Advices from Duvall's Bluff, Ark., of the 20th, say that a small band of guerillas are still infesting the country about that place, threatening to interfere with the navigation of White river.

A cavalry force, on the 22d, had a fight with a band of guerillas 30 miles from the Bluff, in which 30 rebels, including several officers, were captured.

On the 22d an ironclad was surprised 2 miles above Yazoo City and captured by the rebels. A number of our men were killed.

Grand Ecore letters say that the feeling against Banks among the soldiers and others was more intense every day. The army has lost confidence in him as a General, and no good result can be hoped for in that department until a new Commander shall be appointed.

Washington, May 2.—The expedition sent from Vienna, on the 28th, is returned, having visited Leesburg and Upperville. At the latter place they encountered a portion of Moseby's guerillas, and after a severe fight the rebels were repulsed with six killed and wounded, and 23 captured. Our loss was seven killed and wounded. The expedition also captured a number of horses, a large quantity of wool and tobacco and other contraband goods.

Fortress Monroe, May 1.—Little Washington, N. C., was evacuated by our forces on the 28th, the troops there being wanted elsewhere.

New York, May 2.—The Commercial's special says that Gen. 'Wessels' command are at Salisbury, en route for Richmond, and the rebels have evacuated Plymouth, and all Eastern North Carolina, to swell the ranks of Lee's army.

Chicago, May 2.—Troops of the 15th, 16th, and 17th corps, who have been encamped at Cairo, have gone to Northern Alabama.

Gen. Ransom has published a card denying that Gen. Stone was in any way responsible for the reverse in Louisiana.

Washington, April 25.—Burnsides has issued a circular, dated Headquarters 8th Army Corps, Annapolis, saying: "This army being on the eve of a movement, no application for a furlough will be granted." It is said that Burnside applied for more time to get more men.

The Navy Department is trying to regain the ground lost at Plymouth. The rebel ram there will be attended to.

Gen. W. P. White, of Georgetown, S. C. was assassinated by his own troops.

Chicago, April 26.—The rebel account of the capture of Fort Pillow acknowledges that an indiscriminate slaughter followed the surrender and that the Fort ran red with blood. Many jumped into the river and were drowned, or were killed while attempting to escape.

New York, April 30.—The new fifty per cent. extra duty on imported goods went into operation at 1 o'clock this afternoon. Merchants who had come forward in extraordinary numbers with their gold and invoices after the new tariff bill was introduced into Congress, were, from the hour above mentioned, quite indifferent as to the withdrawal of their goods. The receipts of the Custom-House for duties during present week have reached the immense figure of nearly \$50,000,000, exclusively in coin.

Washington, April 30.—Advices from the Army of the Potomac state that on the 28th a cavalry brigade under Gen. Devers, went out to Madison Court House on a reconnoissance, and found 30 rebels at that place, most of whom were captured. No force of the rebel army was discovered anywhere in that vicinity, although it was currently reported that they had crossed the Rapidan, and were moving towards our right. The expedition returned without loss.

Washington, May 1.—Specials from Richmond confirm the reports that the rebels are bringing every available soldier from the South into Virginia. Richmond now swarms with troops, some of which are detained for the defense of the rebel Capital, while others have gone to reinforce Lee.

Wade and Gooch, who were sent by the Committee on the Conduct of the War, to visit Fort Pillow and inquire into the facts regarding the treatment of colored troops after the surrender, returned to-day. The published accounts of the barbarities of Forrest's men are fully corroborated by depositions taken by a sub committee. Their report will be completed and laid before Congress at once.

Chicago, May 2.—Specials say that an official dispatch from Gen. Rauks, dated 21st, has been received. They state that the army is in excellent condition, and will shortly resume its march on Shreveport.

Batler telegraphs that the rebel forces have been withdrawn from North Carolina.

New Orleans dispatches state that Gen. Stone had been superseded by Gen. D. W. Smith. General Stone, under order from Washington, is relieved to be assigned to the command of a regiment of regulars.

McGruder's army, reported to be 30,000 strong, is on the Guadalupe, Colorado and Brazos rivers, with the exception of 5,000 at Galveston.

A special to the Times, from Washington, 1st, says that a dispatch was received by the Government from Fortress Monroe, stating that the rear of Beauregard's army had passed through Peterburg yesterday morning. His force is estimated at from 18,000 to 20,000. The same authority states that Lee's strength is upwards of 100,000.

European Intelligence.

The London Times attributes the slight rally in the Confederate loan and the reaction of the Paris Bourse, to the open defiance of France on the Mexican question by the House of Representatives at Washington. The Times thinks, however, there will be some action of the House upon it.

THE SEATTLE GAZETTE.

SEATTLE, W. T., MAY 10, 1864.

A Thing worth Remembering at the Polls.

About a year ago the people of Washington Territory elected Geo. E. Cole a delegate to Congress. In that canvass Mr. Cole professed to be a good Union man, and so far as we know, he was, and still is a sincere patriot, in his own peculiar way of thinking. At the same general election the people elected a Territorial Legislature, and it would naturally be presumed that every member of that body, elected on the same ticket and by the same votes, should prove at least the equal of Mr. Cole in patriotism and devotion to their constituents. But such, in the opinion of Mr. Cole himself, was not the case. The members of the Legislature, in due time, met at the Capital, and the delegate went on his way to Congress. In its very commencement the Territorial Legislature was converted into an institution alternating between a political huckster-shop and a Pandemonium of traitors, while the Congressman went to work to the best of his abilities to serve the Territory and his constituents. But no sooner had the first sound from our Territorial den of nondescripts been wafted over the mountains to our national Capital, than Congressman Cole's "occupation was gone." It was a voice of defiance to the national authorities, of scoffs and jeers at the nation's struggle to defend its life and laws against traitors in arms. What then could Congressman Cole say or do? Could he ask from the hands of that paternal Government, which his political friends at home were mocking and deriding, appropriations, lands, roads, mails and protection for Washington Territory? Not with a reasonable hope of success, nor without the assurance of a practiced demagogue. What did the delegate do in the case? He sat him down and wrote a letter to his political friends at the Capital of this Territory, remonstrating against their whole course and policy in the Legislature. He told them they were acting the part of knaves or fools; that their impotent party squabbles were uncalled for, and their defiant attitude toward the General Government could have no other effect than to ruin the reputation of the Territory for loyalty, close the ears of the Government against every hoped for favor, and destroy his power, as delegate, to serve his constituents and the country. That Geo. E. Cole wrote to his political friends, last winter, a letter substantially to this effect, we have satisfactory evidence; and that he told the truth, the people of this Territory may now find sufficient testimony, in their unanswered petitions, and unsupplied necessities. Congress will soon adjourn, and what shall we have received for our Government patrimony? Just what the unnatural brat which bites the maternal nipple that nourishes it, deserves.

But how do the people like the position in which their party leaders and mis-representatives have placed them? Is it pleasant? Is it good, and does it smell sweetly to a heaven of promise? If so, let them follow their old masters still; let them create another legislature like the last; send scoffers of law, religion and government to represent them, and heap the few poor favors they have to bestow upon the heads of aliens and rebel sympathizers. But if they have had enough of such, let them use the return of that great privilege which distinguishes them from serfs and slaves, to "cleanse the Augean stables" of the Territory; that their stench shall no longer sicken the stomach of the higher power which must and will govern us, by mutual love or mutual hate.

LAST CHANCE.—The Excelsior Minstrel Troupe is in town, and will give a performance at Yesler's Hall this evening, for the last time in this place.

A POOR EXCUSE BETTER THAN NONE.

It is rumored that C. H. Hale, Superintendent of Indian Affairs for this Territory, has been removed from office, "on account of charges of letting beef contracts to friends at exorbitant prices." The report of his removal is not yet confirmed, but if it is true, we think the real cause of his dismissal may be ascribed to the enmity of a certain Oregon Senator and that the charges here alleged are a mere pretext. The facts of this case are entirely creditable to the Superintendent, as an honest man, and deserve to be generally known. A "web-foot" gentleman, supposed to be the owner of an extensive fruit nursery in Oregon, claimed to have rendered valuable services in the election of the aforesaid certain Senator to his seat in the United States Senate, and in remuneration thereof, was promised, or considered himself entitled to a fat government contract. The Indian Superintendent of this Territory was to be one of the parties and victims of this speculation, and the nursery man sought to sell him some forty thousand apple trees at fifty cents apiece—about four times their market value—for the use of the Reservations. Now, it turned out that the aforesaid Senator was largely interested in those apple trees, and, by their sale, it would seem, intended to make the Government pay the expenses of his election to the Senate. The refusal of Mr. Hale to purchase double the number of trees his department needed, at four times their value, is supposed to have brought the Senator "down on him," and it is said he has been ever since trying to oust his intended victim, and threatened to accomplish his purpose if he even had to abolish the office of Superintendent in this Territory, and unite it with that of Oregon. It would seem, therefore, that if Mr. Hale is now removed, the web-foot Senator's vengeance has had more to do with it than the "beef transaction," which transpired a year and a half ago, and is said to have been satisfactorily explained.

We mention this particular case as a matter of common justice, and not because we are under any obligations to the Superintendent of Indian Affairs, or any other Federal official, for favors; on the contrary, we have been compelled, for years, to see public funds, in the Indian Department, as well as in other branches of the public service, lavishly bestowed upon avowed enemies of the Government, to the exclusion of its best friends. We, moreover, regard the whole Indian Department, as managed on this Coast, a stupendous and expensive humbug, that should be radically changed or wholly abolished.

EXCITEMENT AMONG THE IMPORTERS.—The *S. F. Alta* says, the possibility that Congress will accede to the proposition to increase the duties on all imported merchandise, in bond or to arrive, fifty per cent. for the next sixty days, preliminary to the adoption of an almost prohibitory tariff, is causing a tremendous excitement among the importers, and the daily receipts at the Custom House for goods withdrawn from bond, are running up to an unprecedented figure. Yesterday over \$175,000 were paid in, the largest amount ever received at this port in any one day; and the total receipts for the month will probably foot up from \$900,000 to \$1,000,000.

The "Pote" of the Wilderness is evidently anxious we should lift him into notoriety by a newspaper controversy. Every squib of a few lines which we have thought fit to give him, is invariably followed by a whole column of execrating jargon—enough to make a horse leave his oats. Poor fellow! he is a very diminutive measure of very "small potatoes," or Ollapod would peel him.

We are under obligations to CAPT FINCH for late Victoria and Olympia papers.

MEXICAN VISIONS IN FRANCE.—The *Moniteur* publishes a letter from the Mexican Capital, which states that "a man, who has ever played a foremost part in Mexican affairs, has made known his 'adhesion' to Emperor Maximilian, and that he is about to arrive at Vera Cruz." This is no less a personage than Santa Anna. The *Moniteur* asserts that he "wishes to be the first to do homage to his Emperor, and to escort him to the Capital," and adds: "This determination of the President will take no one by surprise. Years ago, General Santa Anna, recognizing the dangers and the 'inanity' of a republican form of government had publicly proclaimed that the restoration of monarchy could alone save Mexico." The *Moniteur* has also the following encouraging words for those who have investments in the new empire. "The rich silver mines which abound in Mexico are now under the protection of the intervention, and being no longer exposed to the exaction of the Jaurists, their working will forthwith be recommenced." It adds that French discipline is penetrating to the Mexican army and people, and that they are all gaining in moral courage. The peasantry are arming and preparing to put an end to the guerrillas and the guerrilla system.

The *Pacific Tribune* publishes the dispatch with reference to the donation of lands in Oregon and Washington Territory which we published last week, and says it is to aid in the construction of a military road in this Territory. We hope it is true, but we can't see it in the wording of the dispatch.

THE WILDERNESS.—Travelers through the Wilderness represent that the three men and a cow which inhabited that region some time since, have dwindled down to one boy and a small dog. The dog is supposed to represent all that is left of the "Star Contractor."

WANTED.—A man to stand on Keach's wharf, at the Wilderness, to take the lines of the water craft which occasionally land their passengers there for necessary purposes. Apply immediately to the "Star" Contractor.

NOTICE TO OWLS AND BUZZARDS.—We think that the lamponing between the Buzzards and Owls is about played out. "Honors are easy" between them now, and any more advertisements of the style published this week must be paid for at the increased rates of three dollars per line.

A Chicago paper gravely remarks that "the longer the present war lasts the more public opinion begins to settle down to the belief that it will by no means be a short one." The editor is quite firm in this belief.

NO LATER.—The *Anderson*, yesterday, brought no later news than that received three days ago, and published on the outside of this paper.

In the story of the courtship of a loving couple, after all had been arranged and matters fixed up, the narrator says: "Here their lips came together, and the report which followed was like pulling a horse's hoof out of the mire."

The name of the *Overland Press* has been changed to the *Pacific Tribune*. Neither the proprietorship nor the policy of the paper has been changed.

The widow of Ex-President William Henry Harrison, died at North Bend, Ohio, on the 25th of February last.

CAPT. LIBBY, of the steamer J. B. Libby, will accept our thanks for late papers, and other favors, from Olympia last week.

To CAPT. SEARS, of the sloop *Narcissus*, we are indebted for late Victoria papers.

The proceeds of the late sale of town lots in Port Angeles were about \$5,000.

EMIGRATION FROM IRELAND.—It is estimated that above 125,000 immigrants have arrived in the Northern States during the past twelve months, from Ireland alone, an unusually large portion of them being able-bodied men. If we suppose only one-fifth of these enter the army, that makes 25,000 men each year to supply the necessary gaps made by war and disease. Should the immigration continue for another year, Ireland will in all probability have furnished 75,000 men, British subjects—a large army in itself—to support the cause of the Federal Government.—*Ex.*

General Election, 1864

NOTICE is hereby given that on the First Monday of June Next, the 6th day, an Election will be held in the several precincts of King County, W. T. for the following named Territorial, County, and Precinct Officers, to wit:

- One Joint Councilman for King and Kitsap counties, to fill a vacancy for the term of two years, on account of W. B. Sinclair's resignation.
- One Joint Representative with Snohomish County.
- One Representative from King County to the Territorial Legislature.
- One County Commissioner from Seattle Precinct.
- One County Auditor.
- One County Coroner, and One County Wreckmaster.
- One Justice of the Peace and Constable for each Precinct.

Polls open at 9 o'clock A. M., and continue open until 6 P. M. of the same day.

Dated at the County Auditor's office this 5th day of May, A. D. 1864.

SAMUEL F. COOMBS,
Clerk of Board of Commissioners for King County, W. T. [no21-td]

UNION COUNTY CONVENTION!

THE UNION MEN OF KING COUNTY are requested to meet, by delegates, in County Convention, at Seattle

On Saturday May, 21st, 1864.

For the purpose of nominating suitable candidates for the several offices elective at the general election in June next.

The voters of each Precinct in the County are requested to meet in their respective precincts, at such places and times, before the 21st, as may be convenient, to choose delegates to said County Convention, the ratio of representation being one delegate for every ten voters, or less, in the Precinct.

May 10th, 1864. [no21-td]

SEATTLE HOTEL.

Main Street, between Commercial and Second.
SEATTLE, W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED has removed from the Union to the Seattle Hotel, situated as above stated, and has fitted up the house the better to accommodate his old friends and customers.

Call and See for Yourself,
L. C. HARMON.
no21tf

Seattle Restaurant AND COFFEE SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED respectfully informs the public of Seattle and vicinity that he has opened a Restaurant and Coffee Saloon opposite Yesler Denny & Co's Store, Commercial Street. From a long experience in the culinary art, he hopes to give general satisfaction, and to merit a share of the public patronage.

MONET.
Seattle May 10th. [no21tf]

ATTENTION! ATTENTION!

To the Knights of the Golden Balsam.
Listen, give ear to the last hoot of the great Balsam Owl!

Notice is hereby given that the greatest efforts must be made by the Schreech Owls to hatch more young, as with the present number they will not be able to carry the election in King County. As an inducement, proselytes should be informed that all expense, such as house-rent, lights &c. are paid by the Governor of the Owl Roost.

H. G. P., Sec.
1w

Buzzards Attend!

Notice is hereby given to the members of the Order of

THE BRAZEN BUZZARDS.

That there will be a meeting of the Order at the Rattle-snake Den, on Saturday evening after the next Confederate victory to congratulate our Southern brethren on their success, and to take into consideration the propriety of immediately recognizing the new Kingdom of Jeff. Davis in the Southern States of America. A full attendance is requested, as after the business of the meeting is concluded, the Contraband Sacrifice will be celebrated, by the massacre of a large-sized African in imitation of our New York friends by suspending the carcass from a lamp post; after which it will be served up on a banquet, at a Fort Pillow, for the Buzzards in attendance.

By order of the Order of the O. B. B.,
Northern Confederates of the Southern Confederacy.
E. T. W.

Proceedings of the Union Democratic Convention.

Pursuant to a notice published last month by the Democratic Central Committee of King County, a Convention was held on Saturday, May 7th, when the following business was transacted:

Meeting called to order by Chas. C. Terry, who briefly stated the object of the meeting to be the nomination of candidates for County offices, for the ensuing year.

On motion of A. B. Rabbeson, Mr. C. C. Terry was called to the Chair, and, on motion of S. F. Coombs, Mr. R. G. Head was elected Secretary.

Mr Coombs offered the following: "That as this is a convention of Union men, we cordially invite all good Union men to participate with us."

On motion of Thos. Russell, the Chair appointed Messrs Coombs, Rabbeson and Smithers a committee to draft resolutions. After due consultation the Committee reported the following resolutions which were unanimously adopted by the Convention:

RESOLVED, That in this critical and momentous period of our Country's history, it is the solemn duty of every loyal and patriotic citizen to take a firm stand in favor of the Constitution of the United States, that great Charter of our civil liberties.

RESOLVED, That the doctrine of Southern Secession is a dastardly infringement on the rights of the States and Government, and, in our opinion, all Constitutional powers should be used to suppress it.

RESOLVED, That we are opposed to all Secret Political Associations of any name or nature; that, in our opinion, they are anti-Democratic and anti-Union.

RESOLVED, That we will use all honorable means to elect our candidates this day nominated. Respectfully submitted, S. F. COOMBS, Ch'mn.

In a minority report the following resolutions were offered, which were rejected by the Convention:

RESOLVED, That the doctrines of Southern Secession and Northern Abolitionism are dastardly infringements upon the rights of the States and government, and, in our opinion, all Constitutional powers should be used to suppress them.

RESOLVED, That the liberty of the Southern slaves, in the United States, is incompatible with the safety and liberties of the European descendant. E. M. SMITHERS.

Nominations being the next business in order, the following gentlemen were nominated:

For Representative, Joseph Foster; for County Commissioner, Thomas Russell; for County Auditor, S. F. Coombs.

[NOTE.—No nominations for the offices of Wreckmaster and Coroner were made.]

On motion, the following gentlemen were appointed a committee to concur with committees appointed on the part of the counties of Kitsap and Suhomish, in the nomination of a Joint Councilman and a Joint Representative: Messrs. Maddox, Plummer and Coombs.

On motion of Frank Matthias, the matter in relation to the election of Joint Councilman and Joint Representative, was left entirely in the hands of the Committee.

On motion, the Secretary was instructed to furnish a copy of the proceedings of this Convention to the SEATTLE GAZETTE for publication.

On motion of M. R. Maddox, the Chair appointed the following gentlemen to act as a Union Democratic Central Committee, for King County:

Seattle Precinct, A. B. Rabbeson; Freeport Precinct, J. R. Williamson; Mox Lapoosh Precinct, E. M. Smithers; Pulp Chalk Precinct, Goddard Keller; Squak Precinct, William Jepson.

On motion, adjourned *sine die*. [Signed,] C. C. TERRY, Chairman. R. G. Head, Sec'y.

OHIO ELECTION.—The Copperhead press have made a great ado about the soldiers' vote in Ohio, charging that Brough was elected by fraud committed under the act of allowing the soldiers to vote. The official returns show that Brough was elected by 21,000 majority without a single soldier's vote. The Copperhead press have tooted their copper horns very loudly on this point, charging fraud and forcing the soldiers to vote for Brough when they would have voted for that personification of treason, Vallandigham. Will these persons now correct their mis-statements, and give their readers the facts.—*Appeal*.

The Portland Argus asserts that an old lady who was admiring the beautiful picture called "Warred" remarked: "It's no wonder that made child soldiers."

UNION MEETING IN ALABAMA.—A meeting of the citizens of Huntsville was held in March, with J. Clemens in the chair. They adopted patriotic resolutions, the first of which denounces the attempt to break down the old Government; the second declares that the only hope of deliverance, is by the people casting off their leaders and acting for themselves; the third and fourth express the belief that all past difficulties can be adjusted under the Constitution of the United States, and the tribunals thereof.—The fifth asserts that it is time for Alabama to look out for herself in a manner to secure peace while it can be had on honorable terms. The sixth declares unwillingness to longer continue a revolution, commenced and continued in crime. The seventh calls on the Governor to convene the Legislature for the purpose of calling a Convention to provide for restoring harmony to the distracted land, and to re-unite the links so mournfully broken, and, on his refusal, pledges the people to act without such authority. The eighth calls for a meeting of all the Union citizens in the adjoining counties in Huntsville, in March. The meeting was well attended and patriotically addressed.

"The Immortal Six Hundred of Balaklava," have enlisted in such numbers in the Union armies, that the Providence Journal thinks at least a thousand out of the six hundred must have survived and come to this country.

AN ACCURATE DESCRIPTION.—A young medical student was thrown from his horse, at a late meeting at Epsom, and upon a friend asking him, a few days afterwards, "where were you hurt, Fred? was it near the vertebra?" he replied immediately, "Oh, no, it was near the race course."

NEW STORE.
D. B. WARD,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
CONFECTIONERY,
—ALSO—
FRUITS, NUTS, CANDIES, RAISIES
PRUNES, FIGS, &c. &c.
Orders for Picnics and Parties filled at short notice and on REASONABLE TERMS.
Always on hand.
CIGARS, AND TOBACCO
Of the best brands.
Store opposite De Lin's Hotel.
SEATTLE, W. T.
April 25th, 1864. no131f.

SELLING OFF AT COST.
THE undersigned agent for the Seattle Union Store, hereby gives notice that he will sell the entire stock, now on hand at the Seattle Union Store, at such prices as can't help but suit customers. The stock consists of
CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES,
\$600 Dollars' worth of School and
BLANK BOOKS; KETTEL'S HISTORY of the REBELLION; Webster's Illustrated Unabridged Dictionary; Miscellaneous Books, and Maps; Stationery; Gold Pens, Jewelry, &c. &c. &c.
—ALSO—
25 Barrels Flour; 200 lbs. good Family Lard, and 12 bushels Seed Pens.
Persons wishing to purchase any of the above articles would do well to call before purchasing elsewhere.
Those indebted to the undersigned would confer a great favor to call and make immediate payment.
S. F. COOMBS.
Seattle, April 25th 1864. no131f.

New Arrival.
PER BARK WM. H. GAULY, Drugs and Patent Medicines, also Fresh Honey, in the
KELLOGG & BRO.,
Seattle Drug Store.
KELLOGG & BRO.,

TERRY & GREEN.
EUREKA BAKERY,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
FLOUR & CONFECTIONERY.
—ALSO—
MANUFACTURERS OF
Hard-bread, Pilot-bread, Navy-bread, Boston, Soda, Water, Butter, and Sugar Crackers, Picnic Crackers, Ginger Snaps, Jenny Lind Cakes, and all kinds of Fancy and Wedding Cakes, made to order at the lowest price for Cash.
Orders from abroad promptly filled.
Seattle, W. T. no131f.

F. J. HOLLISTER,
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.
Gilding, Graining, Glazing, Paper-Hanging etc., done to order.
Business Cards, Notary and Commissioner's Seals, Embroidery and Braiding Patterns
ENGRAVED TO ORDER.
Seattle, W. T. April 12th, 1864. no137

BATHS!
AT THE
Hair Dressing and Shaving Saloon,
Two doors South of the Post Office,
SEATTLE.
HOT, COLD AND SHOWER BATHS
Always in readiness.
no131f Wm. HEDGES, Proprietor.

NOTICE.
Estate of D. S. HOWARD, deceased.
NOTICE is hereby given that Benjamin E. Lombard has been appointed Administrator of the Estate of D. S. Howard, deceased by the Probate Court of the County of Kitsap, W. T. All persons having claims against said Estate are hereby required to present the same, with the necessary vouchers, to the undersigned at his place of residence, Port Madison, W. T., within one year from the date of this notice, or they will be forever barred.
B. E. LOMBARD, Administrator.
Dated April 18th, 1864. no138w

Seattle Drug Store.
JUST RECEIVED per bark W. H. GAULY, a most complete stock of PAINTS and OILS, comprised in part of the following:
White Lead, Raw and Boiled Oil,
Damar Varnish, Coach Black,
Copal do, Paris Green,
Japan do, Chrome Green,
Black Paint, Gold Size,
Fire Proof Paint, Verdigris,
Yellow Ochre, Raw Umber,
Sienna, Burnt do
Burnt Sienna in water, Chinese Blue,
Blue and Black Smalts, Gold Bronze,
Red Lead, Chinese Vermillion,
Venetian Red, Dry Zinc,
Yellow, Crimson and White Gold Bronze
Turpentine, Putty,
C. H. Pencils, Paint Brushes,
Sable do, Varnish do
Sash Tools, &c., &c.
We are prepared to fill orders for dealers, and others, at the lowest market price for cash.
no131f KELLOGG & BRO.

To Housekeepers.
PURE CREAM OF TARTER for Family use for sale by
no131f KELLOGG & BRO.

Notice.
ALL PERSONS indebted to the Firm of A. G. Terry & Co., or C. C. Terry are requested to make

FOR CASH—NEW GOODS—FOR CASH!
YESLER, DENNY & CO.
Have just received a new and well selected stock of MERCHANDISE suited to this market, which they offer for sale cheap.
FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!
Thankful for past patronage, they hope for a continuance of the same upon the CASH-SYSTEM, which they find necessary to adopt to sustain their business. Those who have money to pay for goods will remember where they obtained them when they had none. After this date the credit system is closed with.
YESLER, DENNY & CO.,
Seattle, March 25th, 1864. no131f

WASHINGTON BREWERY,
SEATTLE, W. T.
A. B. RABBESON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PORTER, BEER; PALE, AMBER, STOCK & CREAM ALE.
Orders for the above will be filled promptly at the lowest rates.
April 25th, 1864. no131f

Washing & Ironing.
MRS. CHAS. MAY is prepared to take in Washing. Can be found at the two story dwelling of Williamson & Greenfield on Main street.
March, 22nd, 1864.—4f.

Notice.
IS HEREBY given forbidding all persons cutting Timber on the Claims of Terry & Lander or C. C. Terry in the vicinity of Seattle.
CHAS. C. TERRY.
Seattle, March 22nd '64.—4f

EXCHANGE SALOON
Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.
PRAY & CLANCY, Proprietors,
ESTABLISHED 1858.
This old and well known establishment has recently been thoroughly renovated and elegantly refitted, and is now open to the public under a new proprietorship. The Saloon will always be supplied with the best quality of

WINES, LIQUORS, ALE AND CIDER,
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,
And the proprietors intend to make their house, as heretofore, a quiet and pleasant resort for the public.
A Good BILLIARD TABLE,
is attached to the Saloon. no131f

NEW GOODS.
S. B. HIND
Has just received a fresh invoice of merchandise, consisting of
DRY GOODS,
FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
GROCERIES,
CROCKERY,
GLASSWARE

And every description of merchandise needed in this market.
KEROSENE OIL AND LAMPS,
—ALSO—
A variety of fancy articles for the Ladies

The public will find it to their advantage to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is determined to be unsurpassed in cheapness and quality of his goods.

NEW GOODS ARE RECEIVED EVERY FEW WEEKS.

CHEAP CASH STORE.
CHARLES PLUMMER
 DEALER IN
DRY GOODS
CLOTHING.
HARDWARE, STOVES AND TINWARE,
FURNITURE & UPHOLSTERY,
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS
 &c., &c., &c.

Also keeps constantly on hand a well selected stock of
WINES & LIQUORS,
 All of which he will sell Wholesale or Retail, for CASH. Please call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.
 Produce taken in exchange for goods and the highest cash price paid.
C. PLUMMER,
 Corner Main and Commercial Streets,
 No. 1-tf SEATTLE, W. T.

H. MALEER,
TIN, COPPER, AND SHEET-IRON
MANUFACTURER,
 AND DEALER IN
STOVES,
 SEATTLE, W. T.

A large invoice of Cooking and other Stoves of the latest patterns and best quality, just received and for sale; together with a variety of other articles in his line. The public are invited to call and examine his stock. no-1-en

D. HORTON,
 DEALER IN
STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,
 HEAVY AND FINE

CLOTHING
BOOTS & SHOES.
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

TOBACCO & GIGARS,
HARDWARE & CUTLERY
 Steel Plows, and Feed Cutters, Crockery Glassware, Clocks Looking-Glasses, Carpeting and Oil Cloths, Paints, Oils, Ship Chandlery, Doors, Windows &c., &c.

TERMS CASH.
 Corner Commercial and Washington Streets,
 SEATTLE, W. T.

YESLER, DENNY & CO.,
 SEATTLE LUMBER AND FLOUR MILLS,
 DEALERS IN
LUMBER, FLOUR,
COUNTRY PRODUCE,
DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE,
CROCKERY,
FARMING TOOLS, &c., &c., &c.

Orders from abroad for all kinds of Produce, filled on the shortest notice at the lowest market rates.
 no-1-tf YESLER, DENNY & CO.

G. KELLOGG & BRO., Druggists and Apothecaries, opposite Yesler Denny & Co's Seattle, W. T.

WILLIAMSON & GREENFIELD.
 DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS
CLOTHING,
COUNTRY PRODUCE
 -AND-
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
 Commercial Street,
 SEATTLE, W. T.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
 MAIN STREET, OLYMPIA, W. T.

THIS CAPACIOUS AND ELEGANT HOTEL, having been recently thoroughly renovated and refitted, is now prepared for the accommodation of the public in a style superior to any other house on the Sound. The rooms are large, well lighted, warmed and ventilated, and tastefully furnished, having superior accommodations for Families, and Ladies private Dining Room, also suites of rooms for parties.

THE CULINARY DEPARTMENT is under the management of an experienced Cook and the TABLE will always be found provided with the best the market can afford.

THE BAR.
 Will always be found stocked with the best Wines Liquors and Cigars.

To the public I ever wish to state,
 That for your favors I now wait,
 As I assume to ne'er despise
 To take the chance to ADVERTISE.
S. GALLAHIER.
 Olympia, W. T., Jan. 9th, 1863. no 5-tf

PACIFIC HOTEL
 AND
RESTAURANT,
 OLYMPIA, W. T.

THE ABOVE WELL KNOWN AND POPULAR HOUSE having been thoroughly renovated and newly furnished, is now prepared to entertain guests in greater comfort and in a more accommodating manner than any other house in the place. The house will be conducted on the

Restaurant Principle.
 Meals after Eight o'clock Extra.

An adjoining Cottage has been leased and refitted where a large number can be accommodated with lodging, good clean beds and well-ventilated rooms.
 Call and assure yourselves of the truth of the above.
REBECCA HOWARD,
 Proprietress.
 Jan 9-tf

DE LIN'S
HOTEL,
 Commercial Street 3d door South Yesler's Corner,
 SEATTLE, W. T.

A. P. De LIN, Proprietor.

THIS WELL KNOWN and Popular Hotel now offers superior accommodations to the travelling public, being situated most convenient to the boat landings, and having comfortable rooms, good beds and a table always supplied with the best of every thing the market affords.
GIVE HIM A CALL. no-1-tf

FASHION SALOON,
A. B. RABBESON, PROPRIETOR,
 Next Door to Yesler and Denny's Store,
 SEATTLE, W. T.

THIS POPULAR SALOON has been recently refitted and prepared for the reception of its old customers and as many new ones as may favor it with their custom. The bar is always supplied with the very best quality of French, English and American

LIQUORS,
CHAMPAGNES,
CALIFORNIA WINES,
CLARETS, and BRANDIES,
ALE, PORTER, BEER, CIDER, CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

A GOOD BILLIARD TABLE
 Is attached to the Saloon.
 Dec. 1st, 1863. no-1-tf

UNIVERSITY
 Of Washington Territory.

THE UNIVERSITY established at SEATTLE on Puget Sound by Legislative Enactment and in accordance with an Act of Congress approved July 17th 1854, being completed, now opens its doors to all those who desire to avail themselves of the facilities it affords for acquiring a thorough acquaintance with the common and higher English branches, and also the usual Collegiate course of Study.

The Board of Regents have recently elected W. C. Barnard, A. M., President of the University. Mr. Barnard is a graduate of Dartmouth College, and was for two years at the head of one of the most flourishing Academies of New England. His subsequent experience as Principal of La Creole Academy at Dalles Oregon, and still later, the reputation he acquired while connected with the Willamette University at Salem, as a thorough teacher and disciplinarian, justify the expectation that the University of Washington Territory under his management, will rank second to none on the Pacific Coast.

CALENDAR.
 The School Year will be divided into four Sessions of eleven weeks each:
 First or Fall Session opens, Sept. 7, 1863.
 Second or Winter Session opens Nov. 30, 1863.
 Third or Spring Session opens February 15, 1864.
 Fourth or Summer Session, opens May 9th, 1864.

COURSE OF STUDY.
 The studies that each scholar shall pursue, will be determined by the instructors, while the wishes of the patrons will be complied with, so far as they may not conflict with the systematic progress of the student. All will be required to pursue Reading, Orthography, Writing, Geography and Mental Arithmetic, or pass a satisfactory examination in the same before engaging in more advanced studies. Classes formed at the commencement of the Fall Term, will continue without interruption through the year, or until the subjects considered shall have been mastered. It is therefore very desirable that those purposing to join the School, to do so at the commencement of the year, as those coming later must join classes already formed.

DISCIPLINE.
 No student will be allowed to retain a connection with the school whose habits are such as to render him an unfit companion, or who will not render a ready compliance with the regulations of the School. Frequenting of saloons, and attendance upon theatres and balls, are not allowed, but students are required to be at their respective places of abode at stated hours. A respectful observance of the Sabbath is required.

BOARD.
 A limited number of Students can be accommodated at the Boarding House on the University grounds, by making immediate application, while a few can find accommodations in private families in the town. Price of Board \$3 per week—washing, lights and fuel, extra. Several young ladies can be accommodated with board in the family of the President.

TUITION RATES:
 Primary Department, per Quarter, \$5 00
 Academic, " " " " 8 00
 Collegiate, " " " " 10 00
 Payable in advance. No deductions made for absence except in cases of protracted sickness.
 Books and Stationery can be obtained at the city Book Store.
 For further particulars address the President,
 W. E. BARNARD, A. M.

S. F. COOMBS,
NOTARY PUBLIC
 -AND-
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS
 For the State of Oregon.
 Office at the Union Store, No. 4, Commercial Street
 SEATTLE, W. T. [no-1-tf]

UNITED STATES MAIL YACHT
MARIA,
JOHN COBROVE, COMMANDER,
 Runs regularly, once a week, between Port Madison, Whidby's Island and Utsalady, carrying Freight and Passengers. Apply on board. [no-5-tf]

U. S. MAIL AND STAGE LINE
 BETWEEN
Olympia & Steilacoom,
 TRI-WEEKLY LINE,
LEAVES OLYMPIA every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 8 o'clock, A. M.; Leaves Steilacoom every Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, at 8 o'clock, A. M.
 Jan 9-tf J. D. LAMAN, Proprietor.

JOB WORK.
 Orders for all kinds of Printing such as Posters Cards, Tickets, Bill-heads, &c., will be promptly attended to, at reasonable prices, at the office of the
SEATTLE GAZETTE,
 one door South of Yesler, Denny & Co. Co's Store, UP STAIRS. Entrance, water front, from Yesler's Wharf

SEATTLE UNION STORE.—Clothing, Shoes and Boots and a full assortment of School Book Stationery &c., Seattle, W. T.

SEATTLE
DRUG STORE,

THE ATTENTION OF THE PEOPLE of Puget Sound is called to our **EXTENSIVE STOCK** of
DRUGS, CHEMICALS AND MEDICINES.

Our relations with houses in California afford us facilities for buying unsurpassed by any house outside of San Francisco. Our stock of

Patent Medicines,
 Cannot be excelled in variety, and consists in part of
AYERS' TOWNSEND'S, SAND'S, GUYBOTT'S
BRISTOL'S HALL'S GRAEFEBERG'S and
CRANE & BRIGHAM'S

Sarsaparillas.

Ayers' Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Expectoant Vermifuge, Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, Gargling Oil, Hamburg Tea, Brown's Bronchial Trochees, Soothing Syrup, Flea Powder, Mustang Liniment, Hembold's Buchu, Pala Killer, Osgood's Collagogue, Ayers' Ague Cure, Clove Anodyne, Seidlets Powders, Watts Nervous Antidote, Wood's and Fish's Hair Restorative, British and Harlem Oil, Marshall's Uterine Catholicon, Jayne's Carmine Balsam, Hostetters, Roback's and Richardson's Bitters,

Jayne's Ayers' Graeffenberg, Brandredth's, Wright's, Mott's, McLane's, Moffatts and Lee's

PILLS,

Graefenberg Children's Panacea, Hyatt's Life Balsam, Holloway's Ointment and Pills, Radway's Relief, Hunnewell's Cough Remedy, Bakers Pain Panacea, Cod Liver Oil, Bachelers Hair Dye, Balm of a Thousand Flowers, Bay Rum, Salt Petre, White and Brown Ghee, Shellac Beeswax, Honey, Burnett's Cocaine, Russia Salve, Green Mountain Ointment, Opedeloc, Sulphur, Salts, Blue Stone, Olive Oil, Strychnine, Iodide Potassium, Schoville's Blood and Liver Syrup, Calcined and Carbonate Magnesia, Pearl Barley, Arrowroot, Concentrated Potash,

ACIDS.
 Sulphuric Acid, Muriatic Acid,
 Nitric " Acetic "
 Phosphoric " Citric "
 Tartaric Acid.

Sago, Tapioca, Farina,
 Pearl Barley, Cooper's Isinglass,

A full assortment of cooking extracts.
Hops, Sage, Summer Savory, Sweet
Marjoram, &c. &c.

Brown's Essence of Valerian, Wistar's Balsam Wild Cherry, Catarrh Snuff, Macaboy Snuff,

CAMPENE, TURPENTINE AND ALCOHOL,

By the gallon, can or case;
 Genuine Downer's

COAL OIL,
 Wholesale or Retail.

The above enumeration comprises but a small portion of the goods now on hand and for sale at the
LOWEST RATES FOR CASH.

Our assortment of **TOILET ARTICLES** is unequalled comprising,
 Florida Water, Bay Rum, Cologne, Scented Soaps, Pomades, Hair Oils, Tooth Brushes, Hair Brushes, Combs, Lubin Extracts, Brown Windsor Soaps, Nail Brushes, &c.

Coal Oil Lamps, and Shades, Hanging and Stand Lamps, Hand Lamps, Side Lamps, with Reflectors, &c.

Our stock of **CHEMICALS** is most complete and we are prepared to fill orders from Merchants or Physicians on the most liberal terms.

KELLOGG & BRO.