

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY GAZETTE

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NO. 2.

PUGET SOUND GAZETTE.

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Late of the Western Hotel.

This House is the most commodious in the State, newly furnished, and it will be the endeavor of the Proprietor to make his guests comfortable.

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THE UNDERSIGNED have just received a large assortment of the best French calf and kip leather that was ever exhibited in Seattle, suitable for making from the finest to the heaviest dress boots.

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" pegged, with " 12 00
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" without " 10 00
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Shoes, or boys boots in proportion.

All our work is warranted to give satisfaction.

Please give us a call and examine our stock.

Shop on Commercial street, opposite Mr. Horton's store.

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P. S. All persons wishing to purchase Good Leather are requested to give us a call, as we now have on hand and are constantly receiving from San Francisco, new supplies of French Calf, California Kip, and Santa Cruz Sole Leather.

no42-1f

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317 Washington Street,

Between Battery and Front.

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Fresh Supplies of the New Crop received by every steamer, from the most reliable sources in the East and Europe, making the largest and most complete stock of seeds on this Coast.

The undersigned offers, at wholesale or retail, the following varieties of

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THE Best Remedy for Purifying the Blood. Strengthening the Nerves, Restoring the Lost Appetite, is

PRESE'S HAMBURG TEA.

It is the best preservative against almost any sickness, if used timely. Composed of herbs only, it can be given safely to infants. Full directions in English, French, Spanish and German, with every package. TRY IT!

For sale at all the wholesale and retail drug stores and groceries
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Wholesale Druggist,
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COME HOME, FATHER.

[The following gem is copied from an Eastern exchange. Husbands and fathers who are in the habit of spending their evenings in debauchery are requested to read it.]
Father, dear father, come home with me now!
The clock in the steeple strikes one;
You said you were coming straight home from the shop,

As soon as your day's work was done.
Our fire is all out; our house is all dark,
And mother's been watching since tea,
With poor little Benny, so sick in her arms,
And no one to help her but me.

Come home! come home! come home!
Please father, dear father, come home!
Father, dear father, come home with me now!
The clock in the steeple strikes two;
The night has grown colder, and Benny is worse—

But he has been calling for you.
Indeed he is worse—Ma says he will die,
Perhaps before morning shall dawn!
And this is the message she sent me to bring—
Come quickly, or he will be gone!

Come home! come home! come home!
Please father, dear father, come home!
Father, dear father, come home with me now,
The clock in the steeple strikes three;
The house is so lonely—the hours are so long
For poor weeping mother and me!

Yes, we are alone—poor Benny is dead!
And gone with the angels of light;
And these were the very last words that he said!

"I want to kiss Papa good-night!"
Come home! come home! come home!
Please father, dear father, come home!

A CURIOUS CLOCK.—Many years ago there was a clock made by one Droz, a mechanic of Geneva, which was renowned for its ingenious construction. The clock was so made as to be capable of performing the following movements: There was on it a negro, a shepherd, and a dog. When the clock struck the shepherd played six tunes on his flute, and the dog approached and fawned upon him. The clock was exhibited to the King of Spain, who was greatly delighted with it. "The gentleness of my dog," said Droz, "is his least merit. If your Majesty will touch one of the apples which you see in the shepherd's basket, you will admire the fidelity of this animal." The King took an apple, and the dog flew at his hand and barked so loud that the King's dog, which was in the same room during the exhibition, began to bark also, at which the superstitious courtiers, not doubting that it was an affair of witchcraft, hastily left the room, crossing themselves as they went. Having desired the Minister of Marine, who was the only one who dared to stay behind, to ask the negro what o'clock it was, the Minister asked but received no reply. Droz then observed that the negro had not yet learned the Spanish; upon which the Minister repeated the question in French, and the black immediately answered. At this new prodigy the firmness of the Minister also forsook him, and he retreated precipitately, declaring that it must be the work of a supernatural being. It is probable that in the performance of those tricks Droz touched certain springs in the mechanism, although that is not mentioned in any of the accounts of his clock.

WHY WE SHOULD WEAR BEARDS.—There are more solid inducements for wearing the beard than the mere improvement of a man's personal appearance, and the cultivation of such is an aid to every diplomacy of life. Nature combining, as she never fails to do, the useful with the ornamental, provides us with far better respiration than science could ever make, and one that is never so hideous to wear as that black seal upon the face, that looks like a passport to the realm of suffering and death. The hair of the moustache not only absorbs the moisture and miasma of fogs, but it strains the air from the dust and soot of our great smoky cities. It acts also in the most scientific manner by taking the heat from the warm breath as it leaves the chest and applying it to the cold air taken in. The beard is not only a respirator, but with the beard entire we are provided with a comforter as well, and these are never left at home, like the umbrella and all such appliances, whenever they are wanted for use.

Moffet and Livingstone, the African explorers, and many other travelers say that in the night no wrapper can equal the beard. The remarkable thing, too, is that the beard, like the hair of the head, protects against the heat of the sun; it acts as a thatch does on an ice house; but more than this, it becomes moist with perspiration, and then by evaporation cools the skin. A man who accepts this protection of nature may face the roughest storms and hardest winters. He may go from the hottest room into the coldest air without any dread; and we verily believe he might sleep in a morass with impunity—at least his chances of escaping the terrible fever would be better than his beardless companion.

The rioters who attempted to "clean out" the Chinese in San Francisco recently, have been fined five hundred dollars, and are confined in the county jail for three months and in case of non-payment of the fine to serve it out in prison at the rate of two dollars per day.

VETOED.—The President vetoed the reconstruction bill, and also the bill regulating the tenure of office, and Congress passed both measures over his veto. Reverdy Johnson voted for the bills, to rebuke the President for stubborn refusal to yield to public opinion.

SAILING OF THE HERMANN.—The P. M. S. S. Company's steamship Hermann sailed the other day with passengers and freight bound to Yokohama, Japan. Quite a large crowd collected on the Wharf to see her off—her parting gun being returned by a salute of three guns from the shore. Quite an incident happened as she left, one of her passengers being arrested for a small debt sued out in a Justice's Court. The passenger was taken ashore, and after making some attempts to get away from the constable, finally got into a small boat with him and started after the steamer. When last seen the steamer was under way far out in the bay, the boat with passenger and constable on board being astern from her rudder chains.—[S. F. Bulletin.]

In the San Francisco papers, Wells, Fargo & Co. announce their appointment as the agents of the French company which has chartered the great ship, to run from New York to Brest, in France. The vessel has been thoroughly refitted, provided with new boilers, and refurbished in all departments. She will only carry one class of passengers, and has accommodation for 2,000. With her seven saloons she can dine 1,000 of them at one time. It is expected by the Commander, Sir James Anderson, that the ship will make the passage in nine days. The first trip from New York is fixed for April 9th; from Brest, April 21th.

The following is an extract from Artemus Ward's programme distributed to the audience attending his lectures in London: "Tontes, Oct. 20, 1866. Mr. Artemus Ward; My Dear Sir—My wife was dangerously unwell for sixteen years. She was so weak that she could not raise a teaspoon to her mouth; but in a fortunate moment she commenced reading one of your lectures. She got better at once. She gained strength so rapidly that she lifted the cottage piano quite a distance from the floor, and then tipped it over on her mother-in-law, with whom she had some little trouble. We like your lectures very much. Please send me a barrel of them. If you require any more recommendations you can get any number of them in this place at two shillings each, the price I charge for this one, and I trust you may be ever happy. I am, sir, yours truly, and so is my wife, R. Springers."

We have never seen, in our rounds after "items," anything equal to the following related in an exchange:

A reporter was accused hunting a house for a friend and had called to see a family who were preparing to vacate a cozy dwelling. As the door stood open, the reporter walked in without knocking, and his eyes straightway lighted on the face of the household, who was making frantic lunges with the broomstick at something under the bed. "Good morning, madam. Ah, you have a troublesome cat under the bed?" "Troublesome cat! No sir, it's that pesky husband of mine, and I'll have him out or break every bone in his body!" "You will, eh?" said a faint voice from under the bed. "Now, Susie, you may just pound and rave, but I'll be dogged if I'll come out from under this bed while I've got the spirit of a man about me!"

A distinguished banker, charged with an immense amount of property during the great pecuniary pressure of 1836-37, said: "I should have been a dead man had it not been for the Sabbath. Obligated to work from morning till night, through the whole week, I felt on Saturday afternoon as if I must have rest. It was like going into a dense fog. Everything looked dark and gloomy as if nothing could be saved. I dismissed all and kept the Sabbath in the good old way. On Monday all was sunshine. I could see through, and I got through. But had it not been for the Sabbath I have no doubt I should have been in the grave."

OLD IDEAS.—Von Helmont tells us that Adam was created without a beard, but that after he had fallen and sinned, because of the sinful propensities which he derived from the fruit of the forbidden tree, a beard was made part of his punishment and his disgrace, bringing him thus into nearer resemblance with the beasts, towards whom he made his nature approximate. The same stigma was not inflicted upon Eve, because even in the fall she retained much of her original modesty, and therefore obtained no such opprobrious mark. Von Helmont observes also, that no good angel ever appears with a beard; and this, he says, is a capital sign by which angels may be distinguished.

LOST OVERBOARD.—The bark Vidette, which arrived at San Francisco lately from Newcastle, N. S. W., Australia, reports that on the passage from Puget Sound to Australia, July 16, in latitude 26:22 north, longitude 128:20 west, at 5 p. m., William Post, second mate, fell overboard and was lost. All efforts to rescue him proved fruitless. He was a native of Canada.

LORD DELIVERUS.—Queen Victoria wishes still farther to honor Sir Charles Locock Bart., Her Majesty's family physician and the "earliest friend" of so many of the young British nobility. He is to be created a Baron; but there is a difficulty as to what shall be his title. It has been suggested that he shall be called Lord Deliverus!

The English language is spoken by 75,000,000 of the human race, including "the greatest nation in all creation."

An organ in one of the churches at Augusta, Maine, has a new attachment—it was put on by a sheriff.

TELEGRAPHIC.

DELAYED DESPATCHES.

Congressional.

Hulburd reported the following resolution:

Resolved, That it is the sense of this House that Henry A. Smythe should be immediately removed from the office of Collector of the Port of New York, and that the Clerk of the House cause a certified copy of this resolution to be laid before the President.

Butler, of Massachusetts, opposed the resolution. He said that there was but one way by which the House should demand the removal of a high officer—that was by impeachment.

Randall, of Kentucky, said the resolution was unusual and unwell for.

Butler asked what should be done if the President refused to remove Smythe.

Randall said if the President did what was right he would tell the House to mind its own business. [Laughter.] The resolution went over.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Times' special says Rosecrans sent in his resignation two weeks since. Gen. Grant endorsed the recommendation for acceptance before action on the resignation. A letter is received from Bishop Rosecrans, the General's brother, asking for a suspension of action.

The New York Congressmen recommend the appointment of Sickles as Brigadier General in the regular army if Rosecrans' resignation is accepted.

It is believed that Congress will adjourn on Monday or Tuesday next.

Washington, March 22.—A spicy debate took place in the House yesterday evening over the bill to appropriate one million dollars for the relief of the destitute in the South. Bingham attacked Butler's war record, calling him the hero of Fort Fisher. Butler replied in a salty speech which drew great applause. On the Democratic side of the House the debate was very acrimonious. Several amendments were rejected. The committee reported the bill back to the House. No action was taken. It will probably pass.

Nashville, March 21.—The Supreme Court of Tennessee sustains the franchise law of last session, contrary to the expectations of the Conservatives, and the Radicals are much elated.

Chicago, March 21.—A letter from Fort Rice, Dakota, says the Sioux Indians attacked and captured Fort Buford on the Yellow Stone river, and massacred all the men, women and children of the garrison.

Chicago, March 22.—Gen. Sherman says the troops in his department have been placed in position to afford protection to the telegraph and mail lines across the plains. Troops are placed on the four principal routes of emigration. A portion of the troops will occupy garrisons and the remainder will be detailed as escorts and on expeditions between the posts. Gen. Hancock has organized a special force of 1,500 men with which he will proceed in person to the country of the Cheyennes and Kiowas below Arkansas, and ascertain if their intentions are peaceable. Gen. Gibbons will lead a force of about 2,000 men into the Yellow Stone country, and punish the hostile Sioux who infest that region, and within the past year have killed many people. They are now in open war. No mercy will be shown to these Indians for they grant none.

The Democrats are giving the names of Radical postmasters and asking their removal. The President is in constant communication with English. A canvass has just been completed. The Republican State Committee say there will be substantial gains in most of the towns, and unimportant decrease in any part of the State. Hawley's majority is estimated at 10,000. People in the other States are deeply interested in the Connecticut elections. Patterson, of New Hampshire, Nye, Logan and Van Dyke, will soon canvass the State.

In the Senate Mr. Cole introduced a bill to divide California into two judicial districts.

New York, March 22.—The Herald's special says the impression gains ground that the example of General Hamton and others in South Carolina, in regard to freedmen, will be generally followed in the Southern States. Much good will grow out of this policy to both races. The next speech of this kind is expected from Gov. Wise, of Virginia.

It is said that Gen. Lee favors the call of a Constitutional Convention under the military bill.

A story is told of a soldier who, about one hundred and fifty years ago, was frozen in Siberia. The last expression he made was, "It is ex—!" He then froze stiff as marble. In the summer of 1860 some French physicians found him, after having laid frozen one hundred and fifty years. They gradually thawed him, and then, animation being restored, he concluded his sentence with "ceeding cold."

Rev. James Freeman Clarke, in a recent lecture, said he wondered why young ladies indulged in Italian screams and German moans, under the pretense of singing, and why they did not sing some of the beautiful English melodies which abound in our language—a sentiment which met with the hearty assent of the audience.

MEN OF FEW WORDS.—Some men use words as fishermen use bullets. They say but little. The few words used go right to the mark. They let you talk, and guide with their eye and face, on and on, till what you say can be answered in a word or two, and then they launch out a sentence, pierce the matter to the quick, and are done. Your conversation falls into their mind as rivers into a deep chasm, and is lost to sight by its depth and darkness. They will sometimes surprise you with a few words, that go to the mark like a gunshot, and then they are silent again, as if they were reloading. Such men are safe counselors and true friends in every case where they profess to be such. To them truth is more valuable than gold, while pretension is too gauzy to deceive them. Words without point to them are like titles without merit, only betraying the weakness of the blinded dupes, who are ever used as promoters of other men's schemes.

A STRANGE SCHEME.—The Bangkok Recorder describes a visit to one of the wats, or Buddhist cloisters, of the city, the Wat P'O, which is the largest. It covers ten acres of land, paved with grey granite, and presents the difficulties of a labyrinth. It contains two temples of imposing architecture. In one is an image, twice the size of life, and covered with gold; in the other, ten doors, beautifully inlaid with mother of pearl. The latter contains an image which far exceeds the Colossus of Rhodes in size. It is reclining on the right side, with his head resting on his right hand. He is 135 feet long, about 23 feet round the belt, and the length of the little toe on the right foot is 3 feet 4 inches. The natives say his bowels are full of large water jars. The labor of constructing and gilding this image must have been immense, and have taken years to accomplish.

OMAHA.—Omaha, as the eastern terminus of the Union Pacific Railway, is fast looming up into importance. In 1858 it was the site of an Indian village; in 1857 it had a population of 3,500; it now has a population of 10,000. It is situated about midway between New York and San Francisco, 2,000 miles from each. Since October, 1865, the company have constructed and are running 325 miles of road westerly, and have elided the Chicago and Northwestern Company, since April last, 180 miles, a feat of rail-roading altogether unparalleled. They have also a contract for a bridge over the Missouri river to connect Omaha with Council Bluffs, and in reason expect by July next to have their road in complete running order to the foot of the Rocky Mountains, more than half the distance to San Francisco.

CONTEMPTIBLE MEANNESS.—About four months ago Mr. Louis Fisher, a fresco painter, while engaged in his occupation on the ceiling of a church in Chelsea, accidentally fell from a staging to the pews beneath, a distance of twenty-five feet, breaking several of his ribs and receiving serious internal injuries, which will disable him for life, and from which he is now confined to his home. A few weeks since, the unfortunate man had a bill presented by the trustees of the church for repairing the pews on which he fell, amounting to the sum of \$7 50, and he paid it. We doubt if a parallel case of meanness can be found on the records of any society not calling itself Christian. —Boston Herald.

SPICY.—The editor of an exchange, in making an appeal to his subscribers who were in arrears, to pay up, says: "Not that we want money—oh, no. Our ink is given to us, we steal our paper, and we win our printer's wages at seven up. So it costs us nothing to carry on business. Nevertheless, as a matter of accommodation, and to ease their consciences, we will take what they owe us, provided they send it immediately."

The strong minded women in the East are vigorously contending for their enfranchisement. Equal rights imply equal obligations—therefore if they want to vote they should be obliged to wear breeches, chew tobacco, "cus," and drink mean whisky, as the men do. Let the fair Anna Dickinson then try her hand first, as she appears to be the leader in the female suffrage movement.

The gross revenue of the Girard estate will probably be \$300,000. It includes nearly two hundred properties in Philadelphia, consisting of stores, dwellings, warehouses, lots and farms, besides valuable coal and timber lands in Schuylkill and Columbia counties. Some of the rents have been doubled and others trebled. It is hoped that the fund will soon be able to support twelve hundred orphans.

A California wife writes thus to her husband in the interior:

Dear Sir:—It may be proper, and perhaps my duty to inform you that about two months ago I succeeded in getting a divorce from you, and also that I have since married again. You may continue your monthly remittances, as I may need them for your three children.

An old picture represents a king sitting in state, with a label, "I govern all!"—a bishop with a legend, "I pray for all!"—a soldier with a motto, "I fight for all!"—and a farmer, reluctantly drawing forth a purse with the inscription, "I pay for all!"

CONSOLING.—Mrs. Throckmorton, of Colorado, lately eloped from her husband and left a note urging him not to mourn for the absence of the children as none of them were his.

General Grant lately said that it might be necessary to wage a war of extermination on the Indians on the plains. From present appearances it would seem that General Grant is about right.

A late cable dispatch stated that a proposition to canonize Columbus was being considered at Rome. Who knows but Galileo will also be placed in the catalogue of saints by orders from the Vatican?

OUR AGENTS.

Table listing agents for various locations: San Francisco, Victoria, Tekelet, Port Madison, Snohomish City, Port Discovery, Port Orchard, Port Townsend, Port Taddow, Port Blakely, Compeville, Whatcom.

TYRANNY OF MAJORITIES.

Where government is lodged in the hands of the people, the wishes of a majority must obtain against those of a minority—otherwise, democratic government is a failure.

It is often a matter of policy to conciliate minorities, and as such it is often done; but as a matter of right, majorities may carry out their own views to the fullest extent without any regard whatever to the wishes of minorities.

It may be said that a government of the people may become the most tyrannical of all governments. It is possible that it may, but how can it be helped?

UP-SOUND ITEMS.

The following items are from the Tribune: We are informed that several gentlemen from this place intend forming a party to make the attempt to ascend Mount Ranier some time during the ensuing summer.

From a private letter from Mr. Denny to one of our subscribers, we learn that a bill had been introduced by him into Congress, for an appropriation to indemnify citizens of Oregon and Washington Territory for property destroyed by Indians during and since the Indian war.

Mr. J. M. Scott, of Bush Prairie, met with a severe accident on Thursday last. He fell from a load of hay, breaking two of his ribs.

TELEGRAPHIC.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE GAZETTE.

Washington, March 26.—The Senate has passed the bill to reorganize the Department of the Interior.

New York, March 25.—Recently a misunderstanding occurred between Admiral Tucker and Capt. Stangle, of the U. S. steamer Zoroaster, owing to which the usual courtesies between the United States and Peru were suspended.

Washington, March 27.—Banks, from the Committee of Foreign Affairs, reported a joint resolution, declaring that the people of the United States cannot regard the proposed confederation of the Provinces on the Northern frontier without extreme solicitude.

St. Louis, March 29.—The Missouri river is open to Omaha. The boats are taking emigrants for Montana.

London, March 26.—A Paris correspondent says Stephens and a number of American officers in Paris are quite innocent of the recent rising in Ireland.

London, March 26.—Evening.—The English Government has decided not to permit the return of Lanerande, the French forger, who was taken in Canada under the extradition treaty.

London, March 28, Evening.—It is understood that the Government proposes to guarantee the Canadian Railroad loan.

The Grecian Government has asked the leading powers to intervene for the prevention of further bloodshed in Candia.

San Francisco, March 27.—Sailed—Bark Milan, Puget Sound; schooner Ann Eliza, Yaquina.

San Francisco, March 29.—No change in gold rates or of Legal Tenders.

Sailed—Ship Elizabeth Kimball, Puget Sound; bark Adelaide Cooper, Puget Sound.

Galveston, March 25.—No change in gold rates or of Legal Tenders.

New York, March 26.—The steamer Moro Castle, with Havana dates to March 20, has arrived.

New York, March 29.—Despatches from San Luis Potosi say there is good reason to believe that Maximilian is cornered.

Victoria, March 29.—Gov. Seymour has laid a message before the Legislature in regard to the selection of the future seat of government of British Columbia.

Charleston, S. C., March 25.—General Sickles takes command of this district.

New York, March 25.—Advices from Northern Alabama represent the people living at a distance from the coast as dying of starvation.

The Fenian Senate is supposed to be considering the appointment of a new Secretary of War, in place of Sweeny.

The Tribune's correspondent in Dublin, under date of the 20th, says the leader of the Dublin Fenians disappointed them, hence the failure of the movement there.

Washington, March 24.—The Secretary of State has received information, dated Feb. 14, from the U. S. Consul, at Queenstown, Ireland, that the cholera prevailed to some extent in that section this winter.

New York, March 24.—Judge Russell refused bail in the case of Wall, the alleged marshal of the St. Patrick's Day procession, who cut and slashed a policeman with his sword.

Chicago, March 25.—The city has been in a state of excitement to-day on the occasion of the laying of the corner stone of the new water works.

New York, March 25.—Advices by the mail steamer from Southampton, March 13, state that alarming rumors of an intended uprising prevails in Dublin.

The Montreal Daily News foots up, as it says, for the information of its American friends, the strength of the British army stationed in Canada and the lower province.

An impudent English traveler ventured into a Fenian meeting in Philadelphia through motives of curiosity the other night, and was set upon as a British spy and badly punned.

held together in the west of London 24 hours. The flying columns are producing a good moral effect.

St. Louis, March 25.—The new bridge over Salmon Fork, west of Fort Riley, was completed on the 22d. Locomotives can reach a point 445 miles west of St. Louis. The track is being laid at the rate of one mile per day.

California.

San Francisco, March 25.—9,000 bushels of California wheat were sold in Philadelphia at \$3 25 currency, per 60 pounds.

Judge Deady, of the U. S. Circuit Court, rendered a decision to-day in favor of Bigler, in the Sacramento Assessor case.

Gold sold in New York on Saturday at 134 1/2 sterling, 108 1/2 108 1/2. Legal Tenders at 74 1/2 buying and 75 selling.

The Reese-Clark breach of promise case still occupies the attention of the Fifteenth District Court. Reese's testimony was taken to-day and is rich.

The Panama Star says there is not a word of truth in the report that the yellow fever exists on the Isthmus.

Arrived—Bark Almatia, 8 days from Utsalady.

Sailed—Bark Mary, Puget Sound, March 25—steamer Moses Taylor, San Juan del Sur.

San Francisco, March 26.—The Japanese Commissioners are being feted in this city. They visited the different forts yesterday, and were received with salutes.

The steamer California takes the place of the Active, and leaves on Thursday for Victoria.

San Francisco, March 23.—The steamer Idaho left for Portland this morning.

Sailed—Steamer Oriflamme, Astoria; bark Vidette, Puget Sound; bark W. A. Banks, Puget Sound.

Arrived, March 24.—Steamer Active, from Victoria.

Europe.

Rumors of Ministerial discussions are rife. The Pall Mall Gazette says there is reason to believe that the recent overtures by Sir Frederick Bruce on behalf of the Government, in relation to the matter of arbitration on the Alabama claims, were not received in a conciliatory spirit by Seward.

New York, March 26.—The Opinion Nationale, of Paris, in an article on the Fenian movement, hints that the rebellion in Ireland was concocted in the United States, in the interest of Russia, as a means of embarrassing England at a critical moment in the diplomacy of the eastern question.

The London Post of the 12th instant says the Princess of Wales was then in a very critical state. Her physician was in constant attendance. It was feared she had an abscess on her knee joint.

The Tribune's correspondent at Constantinople, under date of the 20th, says that two important battles had been fought, in one of which the Greeks lost 10,000 killed and wounded.

Turin, March 25.—Kossuth, who is now residing in this city, has written a letter protesting against the arrangements made between Hungary and the Emperor of Austria.

London, March 25, Midnight.—Gladstone spoke in the House of Commons against the Government Reform Bill.

London, March 27—Noon.—In the House of Commons the Reform Bill passed to a second reading without a dissenting voice. The day (for Committee of the Whole?) is fixed for April 8th.

Dublin, March 24.—The trial of the Fenian prisoners for high treason will commence on April 9th in this city.

CANADA.

Ottawa, C. W., March 25.—Important despatches have been recently received with reference to the movement of troops and gunboats, but the facts are withheld for the present.

Some time ago a ragged little urchin called upon one of our East River street merchants and asked him to loan him fifty cents, for which he promised to give him note, bearing interest at the rate of ten per cent.

The merchant, struck with the novelty of the proposition, and with the evident straight-forwardness of the boy, gave him the money and took his note, as the boy insisted upon giving it.

He had almost forgotten the occurrence, when he was surprised to see the little fellow walk into his store and ask to redeem his note.

Upon inquiry the merchant learned from the boy that he had invested the money in papers and oranges, and had already made about forty dollars, which he was about placing in the savings bank.

He had no father or mother, and did chores at a friend's house for board. We regret that we have not his name.—[Milwaukee Sentinel.

The Montreal Daily News foots up, as it says, for the information of its American friends, the strength of the British army stationed in Canada and the lower province.

An impudent English traveler ventured into a Fenian meeting in Philadelphia through motives of curiosity the other night, and was set upon as a British spy and badly punned.

OREGON NEWS.

The following items are from the Oregonian.

A census of Salem, just completed, shows that the population of that city is fully 5,000. This shows a very rapid increase. Salem is destined to be a city of importance, and that speedily. It is now growing as rapidly as any other place in Oregon.

The first freighting of the season, from the Dalles by "prairie schooners," is by C. M. Lockwood, Esq., who loaded four large wagons a few days ago for Camp Logan—located some eighteen miles east of Canyon City. Yesterday, says the Mountaineer of Saturday, we noticed several more teams loading for Canyon City. The ruling price for freight to the John Day valley is seven cents per pound.

On Wednesday last, says the Eugene Journal of the 9th, A. S. Patterson, accompanied by several other gentlemen, visited the bar that has lately formed in the channel of the Willamette some five miles below here.

It was feared by some that it had effectually sealed navigation to Eugene for the season; but Mr. Patterson informs us that there will be no difficulty in removing the obstructions at any time and with but little expense.

We also learn that a large bar has formed in the mouth of the slough leading from the main river to Lancaster, rendering it impossible for steamers to reach that place.

From a private letter from Cape Gregory, mouth of the Umpqua river, we learn that on the 19th of February the schooner Yaquina, Capt. Jackson, from Crescent City, ran in under the lee of the island, anchored, and hoisted her colors Union down. Upon being boarded from the shore it was found that she had sprung a leak, and that her pumping gear was all broken and useless.

Preparations were at once made for repairs to the pumps. During the night of the 19th it came on to blow a gale from the southwest and continued till the 21st, when the schooner parted her cables. The captain immediately hoisted sail and ran her ashore about five hundred yards southeast from the island.

She was loaded with flour—25 tons—dry goods and groceries, all of which was got out in a damaged condition. There were four men on board—all saved. The schooner, at the date of writing, was high and dry on the beach, but it was thought she could be got off.

The steamer Alert, on Friday, brought down an immense freight of flour in quarter sacks. While taking it on, one of her deck-hands received at the end of the chute 80 tons, picking up each sack of 50 pounds and placing it on the trucks standing by. The time consumed in thus handling 80 tons of flour was only 105 minutes. This is at the rate of a little over one sack for every two seconds.

If there is a man anywhere who can manage more than that, he can get a "posh" immediately upon application at headquarters.

Judge Olney, the owner of the town site of Astoria, will put his claim in a lottery of six hundred chances at \$50 each chance. Here is a show for persons desirous of interesting in real estate.

The steamboat men of the upper Willamette say that they have not known the river so low in the month of March for many years as at present. The Reliance, on her up trip, on Monday, ran aground again or twice, and was obliged to tie up during a portion of Monday night, the light of day being necessary to the navigation of the shallow bars below Albany.

On the Wednesday the wind blew so high on the Columbia that the Julia, which was towing a barge loaded with cattle, was unable to proceed. The Cascades, on her way down, went to her assistance, this side of Cape Horn, but the barge had to be abandoned, the Cascades taking off the cattle and transporting them to the portage.

The barge, after being cut adrift, was blown ashore. At the upper wharf the Idaho was blown against the wharf and knocked a hole into her kitchen, and doing some other slight damage.

A band of 540 head of cattle passed through Corvallis last week. The owner was driving them to Walla Walla.

Lieut. Halloran, who came down yesterday from the Dalles, informs us that there are already a good many men at the Dalles fitting out for Crooked River. One party of seven men, with riding horses and four pack animals, started on Wednesday, and others will start as soon as they can equip.

Lieut. H. says there is considerable excitement about the Crooked river region, all the old stories about gold found there by emigrants being revived and probably enlarged to suit the present state of mind.

A Government pack train started from the Dalles on Tuesday to bring in the company of Indian scouts, now in the field somewhere west of the Canyon road. They will be brought in to the Warm Springs and given a month's furlough, for the purpose of allowing them to assist in putting in spring crops, and then they will be sent into the Boise district for service against the Snakes.

Never spank your children with a hand-saw or box their ears with the sharp edge of a hatchet, as it is apt to effect the brain.

A California paper tells of a lady in that State who became a grandmother on her 24th birthday.

The cotton crop of Egypt this year is estimated at \$100,000,000.

VANCOUVER ITEMS.

The following items are from the Register.

We are glad to be able to record that a corporation has been formed for the purpose of building a woolen factory on Salmon Creek, in this county. The articles of incorporation will be filed in a few days. The largest portion of the stock has already been subscribed, and the project may be considered as having become a fixed certainty. We will give fuller particulars next week.

Annie Smith, Carrie, and Mattie Stewart, three women of bad repute, were locked in jail the other night by Marshal Brady for disorderly conduct and disturbing the peace. They were fined \$20 and costs by the Recorder and admonished to leave the town, which, for the sake of good order, we hope they will do.

We are informed that no less than 68 prisoners are now confined at the guard-house at this post, charged with the commission of various offenses. This number comprises nearly one half of the number of soldiers stationed at this post. They are kept at labor, but it seems that they are not very well satisfied with their condition, a majority of them having reported themselves sick and unable to do work. The Doctor, however, couldn't see it in that light, but remanded them to the guard house.

The Grand Jury on Thursday returned into Court an indictment against the notorious Tom Wilson for highway robbery. He will be probably put on trial some time next week.

The center of the United States is one hundred miles west of Fort Riley, Kansas.

Marriage and Celibacy, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men. Also, Diseases and Abuses which prostrate the vital powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of charge in sealed letter envelopes. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUTON, 230-ly. Howard Association, Philadelphia Pa.

STOP THAT COUGHING.

Some of you can't, and we pity you. You have tried every remedy but the ONE destined by its intrinsic merit to supersede all similar preparations. It is not surprising you should be reluctant to try something else, after the many experiments you have made of trashy compounds—factors on the public as a certain cure; but

NEWELL'S PULMONARY SYRUP is really the VERY BEST remedy ever compounded for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, and Consumption. Thousands of people in California and Oregon have already benefited by the surprising curative powers of NEWELL'S PULMONARY SYRUP and with one accord give it their unqualified approbation. We now address ourselves to all those who are unacquainted with the great Panacea of the age, for the healing of all diseases of the throat and lungs, assuring you that NEWELL'S PULMONARY SYRUP has cured thousands, and will cure YOU if you will try it.

This valuable medicine is pleasant to the taste; soothing, healing, and strengthening in its effects; entirely free from all poisonous or deleterious drugs, and perfectly harmless under all circumstances.

Certificates from many prominent citizens of San Francisco accompany every bottle of NEWELL'S PULMONARY SYRUP. Redington & Co., Agents, San Francisco, Cal.

GRAFENBERG'S UTERINE CATHOLICON.

if faithfully used according to directions will cure every case of Diabetes, and greatly mitigate the troublesome effects caused by a relaxation of the outlet of the bladder. It is a most successful remedy for gravel and other diseases of the Kidneys and bladder, and for Female Diseases is unequalled. The CATHOLICON uniformly cures Prolapsus Uteri, Whites, all irregularities of the Monthly Turns, Suppression, Incontinence of the Urine, Bloating and Dropsical Swellings, and all Discharges of Pregnancy. The specific action of this medicine is immediate and certain upon the Uterine and Abdominal Muscles and Ligaments; restoring them to so healthy a state as those of childhood and youth, so that patients who have used the GRAFENBERG COMPANY'S UTERINE CATHOLICON cannot sufficiently express their gratitude for the relief afforded. Redington and Co., Agents, 416 and 418, Front St., San Francisco, March 18, 1867. no32-lyr

REDINGTON & CO'S ESSENCE OF JAMAICA GINGER.

This valuable preparation containing in a highly concentrated form all the properties of the Jamaica Ginger, has become one of the most popular domestic remedies for all diseases of the stomach and digestive organs.

As a tonic it will be found invaluable to all persons recovering from debility, whether produced by fever or otherwise, for whilst it imparts to the system all the glow and vigor that can be produced by wine or brandy, it is entirely free from the reactionary effects that follow the use of spirits of any kind.

It is also an excellent remedy for females who suffer from difficult menstruation, giving almost immediate relief to the spasms that so frequently accompany that period.

It gives immediate relief to nausea, caused by riding in a railroad-car, or by sea-sickness, or other causes.

It is also valuable as an external application for Gout, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, etc. REDINGTON & CO. SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC COAST. no 52-lyr

Notice is hereby given that no person, except myself, is in any manner whatever connected with the control and management of this paper, nor has any other person any interest in the proceeds of the publication thereof.

DEADLY AFFRAY.—A correspondent of the Walla Walla Statesman, writing from Colville, says that Judge Stewart was killed by one of a party of soldiers in a saloon. It seems that one of the soldiers had previously had a difficulty with one Shaw, and that he with his comrades went to the saloon to chastise him. The assault was made upon him. Stewart, in the meantime being behind the bar, stooped down for some purpose, when a soldier, thinking he was reaching for his revolver, shot him with his musket, killing him instantly.

Mr. Gleason, of the steamer New World, will please accept our thanks for files of Victoria dailies.

The steamer California left San Francisco on the 28th ult., and is expected at Victoria to-day.

Again we are constrained to express our gratitude to the obliging Purser of the New World for files of Victoria dailies.

The New World received 65 tons of freight at Port Madison, for Olympia. She was detained two hours in consequence.

Our thanks are due to Mr. Williamson for late copies of the Portland dailies.

A Convention met at Port Ludlow on Saturday, March 23rd, 1867, pursuant to notice. F. Freeman was appointed President, and O. J. McCausland, Secretary. The President having explained the object of the Convention, it was moved and carried that the Convention proceed to elect a delegate to attend the Territorial Union Convention, to be held at Vancouver, Apr. 16th, 1867, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Delegate to Congress, whereupon W. Snyder, of Port Ludlow, was unanimously elected delegate from Port Ludlow Precinct, Jefferson county, to said Convention.

Moved and carried, that the proceedings of this Convention be published in the Puget Sound Gazette.

On motion Convention adjourned.

F. FREEMAN, President, O. J. McCAUSLAND, Secretary.

Mr. W. F. Robertson, who has for a number of years been engaged in photographing, on the Sound, will open a gallery in the rooms over the drug store of Kellogg & Maddocks the latter part of this week. Having examined many specimens of Mr. Robertson's skill, we can safely recommend him to the public.

PASSENGERS BY THE NEW WORLD TO SEATTLE.—Mr Reynolds, D W Houston, G Robinson, H M McGill, A Fox, W F Robertson, L L Andrews, Shannon, M R Johns, Jno. Quayle, Miss Ordway, Mrs Stone, Cheong Chong, H James, C Watkinson, 2 Klutchmen, 1 Indian.

COAL.—The demand upon this Colony for coal is becoming greater every day. The supply from Australia, which at one time almost flooded the San Francisco market, has, from some cause, fallen off. It is also reported that the Mount Diablo mines show indications of shortly giving out. These two circumstances, no doubt, are the cause of the fresh interest which is being taken in the Queen Charlotte and Comox mines, and which will lead to their soon being opened and becoming productive. A schooner has already gone to Queen Charlotte with miners and other workmen, and the next steamer from California will probably bring a supply of men and money to proceed to operate at Comox.—[Victoria News.

The Mountaineer learns that the troops at Camp Watson are already preparing for a spring campaign. Lieutenant Kistler, with a detachment of infantry started on the "war path" last Monday. The efficiency which has hitherto characterized efforts of that post in ridding the country of the hostile Snakes, is sufficient guarantee that they will render a good account of themselves.

AGROUND.—The schooner Growler left this city yesterday morning for Puget Sound. The captain of the Ranger reported her aground, when he came up in the afternoon, at Swan Island bar. She was, however, far out of the channel. She was loaded with fifty tons of flour, small lots of butter, and general merchandise, and two or three wagons.—[Oregonian.

The Walla Walla Statesman learns that about fifty men have wintered in the Palouse mines, and have taken out from \$4 to \$6 per day to the hand. Considering that the mines are so near a market, these figures will always pay.

We learn that Walla Walla flour is being brought to the Dalles. One firm in the last named place received, during last week, about 12,000 pounds from Isaac's mill at Walla Walla.

CHANGED HANDS.—The P. S. WEEKLY has again changed hands, Mr. Jke M. Hall, a former proprietor, once more assuming control. We welcome friend Hall back to the fold.—[Pacific Tribune.

A leading English journal asserts that "nine out of ten intelligent men in every country in Europe miscalculated as to the issue of the American war."

ADAM INVENTED "LUV at the first sight," one of the greatest labor saving machines the world has ever seen.—[Josh Billings.

Union County Convention.

The Union Men of King County are hereby requested to meet at the usual place of voting in each Election Precinct, on Saturday, the 23d day of March, 1867, to elect Delegates to attend a County Convention to be held at Seattle on Saturday, the 30th day of March, 1867, to elect Delegates to the Territorial Union Convention to be held at Vancouver on the 16th day of April, 1867, and also to nominate Candidates for the Territorial Legislature and the various County Offices. Each precinct is entitled to one Delegate for every ten (10) votes and fractional part thereof.

By Order of the County Committee, JOHN J. MCGILVRA, Chairman.

W. H. ROBERTSON, M. D. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, SEATTLE, W. T.

Offers his professional services to the Inhabitants of Seattle and vicinity in the various branches of Medicine and Surgery.

Thankful for past patronage he hopes to merit a continuance of the same. April 5th, 1866. no1-1f

PORT TOWNSEND SHIPPING OFFICE.

THE undersigned are prepared at all times to furnish crews for vessels on the most reasonable terms. Vessels at the various mills wanting hands, will please send in orders stating the time the vessels will leave.

NEWTON & TRIPP, Shipping Agents, Port Townsend, Oct. 25, 1866-no2-1y

JOSIAH SETTLE, DEALER IN MEN'S CLOTHING,

Consisting in part of Coats, Pants, Vests, Fine Woolen Shirts, Undershirts, Drawers, Overalls, &c. &c.,

DRY GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES,

And a well selected stock of BOOKS & STATIONERY.

CROCKERY, Groceries, Provisions,

Etc., etc. ALSO

Now on hand and constantly receiving new supplies of Oregon Cloths Blankets, Yarn, etc.,

all of which he will sell at REASONABLE PRICES.

JOSEPH WILLIAMSON DEALER IN

DRY GOODS CLOTHING,

COUNTRY PRODUCE AND GENERAL

MERCHANDISE. Commercial Street, SEATTLE, W. T.

April 5th, 1866 no1-1f

H. L. YESLER & CO, SEATTLE LUMBER & FLOUR MILLS.

DEALERS IN LUMBER, FLOUR, COUNTRY PRODUCE,

DRY GOODS GROCERIES,

HARDWARE, CROCKERY,

FARMING TOOLS, &c. Orders from abroad for all kinds of Produce filled on the shortest notice at the lowest market rate.

H. L. YESLER, & CO. April 5th, 1866. no1-1f

FRENCH MEDICAL OFFICE.

DR. JULIEN PERRAULT, Doctor of Medicine of the Faculty of Paris, Graduate of the University, Queen's College, and Physician of the St. John Baptist Society of San Francisco.

DR. PERRAULT has pleasure to inform patients, and others seeking confidential medical advice, that he can be consulted daily at his office, Amory Hall Building, North-East corner Montgomery and Sacramento streets, San Francisco. Rooms No. 9, 10, 11, first floor, upstairs, entrance on either Montgomery or Sacramento streets.

DR. PERRAULT'S studies have been almost exclusively devoted to the cure of the various forms of Nervous and Physical Debility, the results of injurious habits acquired in youth, which usually terminate in impotence and sterility, and permanently induce all the concomitants of old age. Where a secret intimacy exists involving the happiness of a life and that of others, reason and morality dictate the necessity of its removal, for it is a fact that premature decline of the vigor of manhood, matrimonial unhappiness, compulsory single life, etc., have their sources in causes, the germ of which is planted in early life, and the bitter fruit tasted long afterward: patients, laboring under this complaint, will complain of one or more of the following symptoms: Nocturnal Emissions, Pains in the Back and Head, Weakness of Memory and Sight, Discharge from the Urethra on going to stool or making water, the Intellectual Faculties are weakened, Loss of Memory ensues, Ideas are clouded, and there is a disinclination to attend to business, or even to reading writing or the society of friends, etc.

The patient will probably complain of Dizziness, Vertigo, and that Sight and Hearing are weakened and sleep disturbed by dreams, melancholy, sighing, palpitations, faintings, coughs and slow fever; while some have external rheumatic pain, and numbness of the body. Some of the most common symptoms are pimples in the face, and aching in different parts of the body. Patients suffering from this disease, should apply immediately to Dr. PERRAULT, either in person or by letter, as he will guarantee a cure of Seminal Emissions and Impotence in six to eight weeks.

Patients suffering from venereal diseases in any stage, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Strictures, Bubo Ulcers, Cutaneous Eruptions, etc., will be treated successfully. All Syphilitic and Mercurial Taints entirely removed from the system.

DR. PERRAULT'S diploma is in his office, where patients can see for themselves that they are under the care of a regularly educated practitioner. The best references given if required.

Patients suffering under chronic diseases, can call and examine for themselves. We invite investigation; claim not to know everything, nor to cure everybody, but we do claim that in all cases under treatment we fulfill our promises. We particularly request those who have tried this boasted doctor, and that advertised physician, till worn out and discouraged, to call upon us.

Low charges and quick cures. Ladies suffering from complaint incident to their sex, can consult the doctor with the assurance of relief.

FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. DR. PERRAULT is the only agent in California for Dr. Bot's Female Monthly Pills. Their immense sale has established their reputation as a female remedy, unapproached, and far in advance of every other remedy for suppressions and irregularities, and other obstructions in females. On the receipt of five dollars, these Pills will be sent by mail or express to any part of the world, secure from curiosity or detection.

Persons at a distance can be cured at home, by addressing a letter to Dr. PERRAULT, corner of Sacramento and Montgomery streets, Rooms 10 and 11, or Box 973, P. O. San Francisco, stating the case as fully as possible, general habits of living, occupation, etc., etc. All communications confidential. no1-1y

WE THINK THERE IS no Medicine so efficacious in removing humors from the blood as SCOVILL'S BLOOD & LIVER SYRUP.

It is recommended by Physicians in all parts of the country, for the cure of Scrofula, and other diseases of the Cuticle. Pimples or Sores indicate that the system is out of order. Unless something is done to cleanse the blood of these impurities, the result may be a more serious disease, such as Scrofula, Syphilis, etc. Those who wish to find a most efficacious remedy, and yet have no confidence in Patent Medicines generally, will never regret a trial of Scovill's Blood and Liver Syrup.

REDINGTON & Co., Agents, 416 and 418 Front St. San Francisco. March 18, 1867-no2-1y

CIGAR MANUFACTORY Commercial Street, SEATTLE, W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform Traders and the public generally that he has, and keeps constantly on hand for sale,

CIGARS, of all brands, WHOLESALE & RETAIL.

At prices to compete with the San Francisco market. Orders from abroad promptly attended to Terms cash. no1-1f

CHEN CHEONG, HENRY M. MCGILL, ATTORNEY

AND COUNSELOR AT LAW, PORT TOWNSEND W. T. 18,3mo



WARD'S PERFECT FITTING SHIRTS

FOR SALE BY ALL RESPECTABLE DEALERS IN MEN'S WEAR.

ASK FOR WARD'S TAKE NO OTHERS.

See that the above Trade Mark is stamped on the Yoke.

ALSO, WARD'S INDIA RUBBER ENAMELED Paper Collars

For Ladies and Gentlemen. WHOLESALE & RETAIL AT WARD'S SHIRT STORE, 323 MONTGOMERY STREET, San Francisco. Sept. 28, 1866-no2-6m.

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINES.

Copy of the Report of the Committee of Awards at the Fall of the AMERICAN EXHIBITION, NEW YORK, 1865. To the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE CO., for the Best Family Sewing Machine.

Highest Premium! Gold Medal REASONS:

1st. Its simplicity and great range of work. 2d. The reversible feed motion. 3d. The perfect finish and substantial manner in which the machine is made. 4th. The rapidity of its working, and the quality of work done. 5th. The self-adjusting tension.

The "Florence" was awarded the First and Highest Premium at the State Fair of California, the only Fair on the Pacific Coast at which any two double thread Sewing Machines were exhibited in competition in 1865.

The Florence received the only premium awarded by the Mechanics' Institute, of San Francisco, in 1864 and 1865, to any Sewing Machine, Sewing Machine Co., or Agent. The claim of a competitor to a medal is without any foundation whatever.

Wherever the Florence has been brought in competition with other Sewing Machines, it has always been declared the best. It is the most simple, the most substantial, the most efficient, and its use is easily learned. Every machine sold is guaranteed in the full sense of the word. Send for Circulars and Samples of Work.

SAMUEL HILL, General Agent, 111, Montgomery St., San Francisco. no1-1y

NEW STORE J. P. BLUMBERG & CO., PORT TOWNSEND, W. T., Wholesale and Retail Dealers in GROCERIES

Flour, Provisions, Hardware, Crockery, Lamps, Lamp Oil, Paints, Boiled Oil, Wines, Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, Hats, Caps, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Ladies' and Children's Shoes, Stationery, AND A GENERAL ASSORTMENT of Merchandise.

The highest market price paid for Wool, Hides, Deer skins, Etc., Mr. BLUMBERG is engaged in the Commission business in San Francisco, and will attend to any orders to purchase merchandise, or will dispose of any articles produced in the Puget Sound country which may be consigned to him, at the lowest rates of commission.

All orders will be attended to promptly at the lowest market prices. H. O. HALLER, J. P. BLUMBERG, Port Townsend, No. 210 Sacramento St. W. T. San Francisco. 41y

Ahead of All Others is the "MARTHA WASHINGTON" HAIR RESTORER.

It is used by all and is acknowledged to be superior to any preparation in market. It keeps the hair soft and glossy. It changes the hair to its original color. It prevents the hair from falling out. It prevents premature baldness. It makes old heads look young, and in fact, it will do all expected of a good genuine Hair Restorer. Do not be humbugged by buying any other preparation. Try it, by all means try it, and you will never regret it. N. B.—Be sure to ask for the "MARTHA WASHINGTON HAIR RESTORER," and take no other. REDINGTON & Co., Sole Agents, 416 and 418 Front St., San Francisco. March 18th, 1867. no2-1yr

REDINGTON'S FLAVORING EXTRACTS

are made from Fresh Fruits Each bottle holds twice as much as any other brand in the market, consequently they are the cheapest and best. USE NO OTHER. REDINGTON & Co., Agents for the Pacific Coast. March 18th, 1867-no2-1y.

Executors' Notice.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, County of King. Estate of Charles C. Terry, deceased. NOTICE is hereby given that the undersigned have been appointed Executors of the estate of Charles C. Terry, deceased, by the Probate Court of King county, W. T. All persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them with the necessary vouchers to Franklin Matthias, at Seattle, in said county, within one year from the date of the first publication of this notice, or their claims will be forever barred. All persons indebted to said estate are notified to settle immediately. MRS. MARY J. TERRY, Executrix, FRANKLIN MATTHIAS, ERASMUS M. SMITHERS, Executors. no2-4t Seattle, March 4th, 1867.

GARFIELD & KENNEDY ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, OLYMPIA AND PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Will attend to Civil and Admiralty business in the Courts of Washington Territory. Mr. Garfield will attend to criminal practice also, and having settled permanently in Olympia, he will attend to causes in the Supreme Court. Attorneys residing at a distance and desiring his services in the Supreme Court, will send briefs of their cases. April 5th, 1866. no1-4

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES!

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF COOKING, BOX, AND PARLOR STOVES

ever offered for sale on Puget Sound, —ALSO—

a general and extensive assortment of KITCHEN FURNITURE,

FRENCH AND ENGLISH ENAMELED WARES, BRITANIA AND JAPAN WARES, TIN, COPPER AND SHEET IRON WARES.

TIN AND METAL ROOFING. Job Work.

All job work pertaining to the business done at the shortest notice, and in the most workmanlike manner. Terms cash. Call and examine my stock. HUGH McALEER, no1t Seattle, W. T., April 5th.

WM. DE SHAW, DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE AT THE

POINT AGATE STORE, KEEPS ON HAND DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, PROVISIONS, BOOTS & SHOES, CLOTHING, CIGARS, WINES AND LIQUORS, etc., etc. Wm. De Shaw, Point Agate, Feb. 16, 1866.

