

# PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

VOL. 1.

SEATTLE, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, JULY 9, 1866.

NO. 16.

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY, PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY BY HALL & M'NAMARA SEATTLE, W. T.

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ADVERTISING RATES: One square (ten lines or less) first insertion \$2 00 Each subsequent insertion 1 00 Monthly advertisements inserted at liberal rates by special contract.

## Occidental HOTEL,

Seattle, King Co., W. T.

JOHN B. CONDON, M. R. MADDOCKS, JOHN COLLINS, PROPRIETORS.

THIS NEW AND COMMODIOUS HOTEL is now open for the accommodation of the public. It is fitted up with all the conveniences of a

## FIRST CLASS HOUSE

The rooms being handsomely furnished in the best of style. The

CULINARY DEPARTMENT is under the management of an experienced cook, and the table will always be supplied with the best in the market.

OPEN AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT,

AN ELEGANT BAR constantly supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors Cigars, &c., &c.

A LIVERY STABLE is attached to the house, where all who desire them, will find good horses, and where feed can be found for those who wish to stable their animals.

## REMOVAL, CONNOISEUR'S RETREAT.

SEATTLE, W. T.

The progressive age teaches us to keep pace with the times, therefore frequent changes are not astonishing; and, knowing, also, that "procrastination is the thief of time," on these terms, the

ORIGINAL MONET takes this method of informing his former patrons and the public generally, of his removal.

Oyster Saloon The Old Stand, one door south of the Liquor Saloon, where he will be served up the best OLYMPIA BIVALVES, and the most fashionable and best as ever, prepared for past and future patrons will spare no efforts to secure the continuance of patronage.

## GEN SALOON.

Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.

ANDERSON & STONE, Proprietors.

Having opened the above elegant Saloon, now offer to the public a choice selection of the best brands of

## WINES, LIQUORS,

Cigars, etc.

Give them a call. April 6th 1866. nol-18

## MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT!

MRS. LIBBY & STEELE Commercial Street, SEATTLE, W. T.

Have opened a Milliner, Dress Making and Ladies' Furnishing Establishment, where will always be found a fine assortment of

## Ladies' Furnishing Goods,

Comprising Bonnets, Hats, Hoop-skirts, Ribbons, Trimmings Flowers, etc., all of the latest styles.

Milliner's Work, Plain and Fancy Sewing done to order. The ladies of Seattle and vicinity are invited to call and see them. April 6th. nol-17

## SEATTLE DRUG STORE.

HAVING REMOVED OUR STOCK OF DRUGS AND MEDICINES

TO OUR NEW STORE,

ON MILL STREET, OPPOSITE OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,

and greatly enlarged our assortment, we are prepared to offer greater inducements than ever to our Patrons.

Our relations with Houses in California afford us with facilities for buying unsurpassed by any other House outside of San Francisco.

Our assortment of Medicines cannot be excelled in variety, consisting of:

## Sarsaparillas:

AYERS', TOWNSEND'S, SAND'S, GUYSON'S BRISTOL'S HALL'S GRAEFENBERG'S and LE DOYNE'S.

ALSO

Ayers' Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Expecto- rant Vermifuge, Hall's Balsam for the Lungs, Gargling Oil, Hamburg Tea, Brown's Bronchial Trochees, Soothing Syrup, Flea Powder, Mustang Liniment, Hemlock Balm, Pain Killer, Osgood's Collagogue.

Ayers' Ague Cure, Clove Anodyne, Seidlitz Powders, Watta Nervous Antidote, Wood's and Fish's Hair Restorative, Britton's and Harlan Oil, Marshall's Uterine Catholicon, Jayne's Carminative Balm, Hostetter's, Ro-back's and Richardson's Bitters,

## COOKING EXTRACTS:

Hops, Sage, Summer Savory, Sweet Marjoram, Sago, Tapioca, Pearl Barley, Farina, Cooper's Isinglass.

## MISCELLANEOUS:

Brown's Essence Valerian, Wistar's Balsam Wild Cherry, Catarrh Snuff and Macoboy Snuff,

Camphene, Turpentine and Alcohol,

By the Gallon, Can, or Case;

## GENUINE DOWNER'S COAL OIL,

Wholesale and Retail; SPIRIT LAMPS, SIDE LAMPS, COAL OIL LANTERNS.

A large stock of COAL OIL LAMPS,

All sizes and patterns;

Our list of Chemicals embraces everything required by a Physician in his practice and our prices to Dealers and others will defy competition.

The above enumeration comprises but a small portion of the goods now on hand and for sale at the

Lowest Rates for Cash. G. KELLOGG. Seattle, May 18th, 1866. nol-17

CLAS. PLUMMER. WILLIAM DE SHAW

## GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

By recent arrivals from San Francisco, and arrangements for Future Supplies,

## PLUMMER & DE SHAW,

Corner of Main and Commercial streets, Seattle, Washington Territory, ARE NOW PREPARED TO FURNISH AT

## WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

Dry Goods,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Hats and Caps

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES,

CROCKERY,

HARDWARE,

CUTLERY,

FURNITURE,

UPHOLSTERY,

PAPER HANGINGS,

Plows,

Stoves,

Iron and Tin Ware,

WINES, LIQUORS, CIDER,

&c., &c., &c.,

which they are determined to sell

## CHEAP FOR CASH

HIGHEST CASH PRICE

PAID FOR

## HIDES, SKINS, AND FURS.

Produce

TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR

## GOODS,

And the highest Market Price paid.

Particular attention paid to orders from abroad and satisfaction guaranteed.

Call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Seattle, April 5th, 1866. nol-17

## Wm. De Shaw

DEALER IN

## GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

AT THE

POINT AGATE STORE,

KEEPS ON HAND

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

HARDWARE,

PROVISIONS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

CLOTHING,

CIGARS,

WINES AND LIQUORS,

etc., etc.

Mr. T. O. Williams has charge of the above establishment, and will be glad to accommodate all who may favor him with a call. Wm. De Shaw. Point Agate, Feb. 16, 1866. nol

The Law of Newspapers.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions.

2. If subscribers order their papers discontinued without paying up, publishers may continue them until all arrears are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the office or place to which they are sent, they are responsible until they settle their bills and give notice to discontinue them.

4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, and the paper is sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The courts have decided that refusing to take a paper or periodical from the office, or removing and leaving it uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

## United States Official Directory.

President..... Andrew Johnson

Vice President.....

Sec'y of State..... Wm. H. Seward

Sec'y of Treasury..... Hugh McCulloch

Sec'y of War..... Edwin M. Stanton

Sec'y of the Navy..... Gideon Welles

Sec'y of the Interior..... Jas. Harlan

Postmaster General..... Wm. Dennison

Att'y General..... Jas. Speed

## Territorial Official Directory.

Governor..... Wm. Pickering

Ch. Clk Ex. Dep't..... A. W. Moore

Chief Justice..... O. C. Hewitt

Associate Justice..... J. E. Wyche

Associate Justice..... Chas. P. Downs

U. S. Dist. Atty..... Leander Holman

Marshall..... Wm. Huntington

Secretary..... Elwood Evans

Auditor..... John M. Murphy

Treasurer..... Benj. Harned

Librarian..... S. N. Woodruff

Adjutant..... Tripp

Quartermaster Gen'l..... J. M. Murphy

Commissary Gen'l..... McAnally

Surveyor Gen'l..... S. Garbald

Ch. Clk to Sur. Gen'l.....

Col. Inf. Revenue..... E. D. Moore

Ass't Int. Revenue..... S. D. Howe

Col. Os'ma Paget S'd. F. A. Wilson

Register L. O. Olympia..... E. Marsh

Receiver L. O. Olympia..... J. Cushman

Register L. O. Vancouver.....

Receiver L. O. Vancouver..... Jos. M. Fletcher

Receiver L. O. Vancouver.....

Paymaster W. T. & O. Maj. S. Francis

Sup't Ind'n Aff's..... W. H. Waterman

Ch. Clk to Sup't..... C. P. Huntington

Indian Agent, Simcoe..... J. E. Wilber

Ind'n Ag't, Medicine Crk..... A. R. Elder

Indian Agent, Tulaip.....

Ind'n Ag't, Neah Bay..... H. A. Webster

Sub-Agent, Skokomish.....

## County Official Directory

Probate Judge..... Thomas Mercer

Sheriff..... L. V. Wyckoff

Auditor..... Gardner Kellogg

Treasurer..... O. G. Sherry

Assessor..... L. V. Wyckoff

School Sup't..... E. Carr

Coroner..... J. Settle

Surveyor..... E. Richardson

County Commissioners..... H. Burnett, E. L. McMillan, R. M. Stewart

## Meeting of the Courts.

Supreme Court, C. C. Hewitt, C. J., J. E. Wyche and C. P. Downs, Associate Justices.—1st Monday in December. Special term, 2nd Monday in June. R. H. Hewitt, Clerk.

District Court, (3d Judicial Dist.) Charles P. Downs, Judge.—2d Monday in April and October at Seattle for counties of King, Kitsap and Snohomish. J. K. Kennedy, District Atty., L. T. B. Andrews, Clerk.

Probate Court. Thomas Mercer, Judge.—4th Monday in January, April, July and October. Board of Co. Commissioners.—1st Monday in May and November.

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

MONDAY, July 9, 1866.

## THE VERY LATEST, By Telegraph

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY.]

### PORTLAND (ME.) DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Portland, Me., July 5.—A fire occurred yesterday in J. B. Brown & Son's sugar house on Commercial street, destroying a part of the city a mile and a half long by a quarter of a mile wide. Half of the city is destroyed and that half includes nearly all the business portion. All the banks, newspaper offices, all jewelry and wholesale dry goods stores, several churches, telegraph offices and a majority of the business houses are destroyed. Many buildings, perhaps fifty, were blown up to check the flames but the inhabitants could scarcely do more than flee with their families to the upper part of the city, saving such goods as they could carry. The Custom House, being fire-proof, escaped though it was greatly damaged. The splendid city and county building on Congress street, nearly fire-proof and considered safe, was filled full of furniture by the neighboring residents and then it was swept away with all its contents. The fire is still raging below Cumberland street, ranging back to the westward, the wind having changed. Capt. Innes has telegraphed for 1,500 tents to accommodate homeless families.

### ANOTHER FIRE.

New York, July 5.—Early this morning, a fire burst from the steamboat freight depot at Blankslip and in a short time, the whole of the buildings were destroyed with the steamer Baltimore and also two boats loaded with freight. Loss, \$250,000.

### MURDER.

Columbia, S. C., July 4.—Mr. Barnwell Rhett, a distinguished citizen of this State, was shot yesterday, while going to his plantation near Charleston. He received two loads from a double-barrelled shot gun. About twenty minutes after receiving the wounds, he fell from his horse and died. It is not definitely known who murdered him, but he is supposed to be a negro who had expressed strong animosity against his family.

### CONGRESSIONAL.

Washington, July 3.—The Senate debated the Indian Appropriation bill and rejected amendment placing the Indian Bureau under the War Department.

The Freedmen's Bureau bill has passed both Houses and is now in the hands of the President.

Washington, July 5.—Both Houses have agreed to the Conference report on the Army Appropriation bill which is, therefore, passed.

The House debated the bill, explanatory of the Pacific Railroad act and adopted the amendment

that this act shall not interfere with any right conferred on the Central Pacific Railroad Co. of California.

### NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, July 3.—Transactions in Wall Street are very light without important change in money, gold or stocks.

Cotton—Very dull—nominal at 36 $\frac{1}{2}$ 38.

Flour is less active and heavy. Wheat is dull with a downward tendency.

New York, July 7.—The Post's money article says that owing to the excessive heat, there was little doing.

Gold—Quiet and more plentiful.

Cotton—36 for middling.

Flour rules heavy.

### FROM WASHINGTON.

Washington July 6th.—The President has signed the Pacific Rail Road Bill. The report of the Committee of conference on the Tax Bill imposes three cents tax on cotton and retains the provision allowing gas companies and horse railroads to charge taxes to customers until the 30th of next April. Democratic Senators and Representatives republish an address endorsing a call for a National Union Convention at Philadelphia on the 4th of August.

### FURTHER FROM PORTLAND, (ME.)

Portland Me., July 6th.—Generous contributions of relief are arriving for the sufferers by the late fire. Already the work of rebuilding has begun. Total loss is estimated at ten or twelve millions of dollars and will involve some of the insurance companies in ruin. The whole passage of the fire through the city was made in less than 12 hours, and it was only stopped at open pastures. Fire-proof buildings were no safer than wooden ones. The custom house buildings in which are the Post office and United States Stores, built by government and thought to be entirely fire proof with nothing inflammable in them except the furniture and contents, with quite an open space in front, and open streets on two sides, was ruined inside in the upper part and masses of stonework are falling from the outside. In some cases wooden buildings were saved while brick buildings on each side were burned. On the east corner of Myrtle and Cumberland streets, a wooden building was saved while every brick building on the square was destroyed. Heretofore we have considered the city particularly safe from conflagrations; our fire department is excellent; the celerity with which dangerous fires have been subdued seemed sometimes marvellous. All the old dangerous buildings are swept out clean, and the city will be rebuilt with the greatest attention to future security. Our shade trees were a protection on the outskirts, and to them some houses entirely owe their protection. The Athenaeum library was destroyed. The city buildings and court house all this morning occasioned alarm

The city was in darkness last night owing to the gas being cut off. Rain is falling now, but is scarcely needed.

### CALIFORNIA NEWS.

San Francisco, July 7th.—As there is great concern in regard to the sufferings of the people of Portland, Maine, by a terrible conflagration that swept over that city, the Mayor of San Francisco has sent the following message by telegraph, and requests the citizens will wait till an answer is received when general and public action will be taken:

"San Francisco, July 7th.—Are the people of Portland suffering for our help? Signed, H. P. COON, Mayor."

Advices from Foo Chow, China, dated in May, favorably represent the tea crop this season, as regards quality; prices paid, however, indicate an advance from last year of six teals on Congous, and ten teals on Oolong. The first vessel of the coffee fleet in the Ochostek sea, arrived today, with 31,000 fish equal to about 45 tons. The fleet this season numbers about sixteen vessels against nine last season and three years before.

General trade during the past week has been remarkably light, and the week closed quiet in commercial circles. The arrival of eight or ten vessels last night and to-day, principally from Europe, with general merchandise, it is hoped will give a new impetus to trade. The latest gold dispatch from New York, dated at a late hour yesterday gave the price at 154 @ 154 $\frac{1}{2}$ , showing a little more firmness which is probably accounted for by the fact that Friday was steamer day in that city, and there was consequently more or less demand for Europe. For Sterling Exchange the last price given was 108 @ 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ .

### SHIPPING.

Arrived.—July 6th, Br. Alpine, 164 days from Shields; Br. ship Explorer, 127 days from Liverpool; Br. ship Aranca, 144 days from Glasgow; Br. barque Cap Sing, Moore, 51 days from Hongkong; Hamburg barque De Capo, 72 days from New Castle; barque C. Mitchel, 18 days from Port Madison; barque Iconium, 23 days from Freeport; Br. barque, Speedwell, fifty-five days from Junta Arenas; barque Ohering, 19 days from Honolulu; ship Horatio Harris, 124 days from Boston; Br. ship Clifford, 128 days from Liverpool; Ocean Spray, fifteen days from Port Blakeley.

Sailed.—July 7th, ship Don Pedro, Hongkong; ship Amethyst, Bellingham Bay; Gold Hunter, Puget Sound. The steamship Sierra Nevada left for Victoria at 4 o'clock P. M.

### WARM WEATHER.

Washington, June 7.—The heat has been excessive all over the country and reports of sun-stroke are frequent. There are no reports of undue sickness in any part.

### THE TARIFF BILL.

The Tariff bill has undergone such extensive amendments in the House, generally tending to higher rates, that hopes are entertained the whole bill will be postponed upon the strength of the aggregate unpopularity.

### LATER FROM PORTLAND (ME)

Portland, July 7.—Fears are entertained that gangs of thieves from other cities may attempt to

rob some of the banks. The citizens have armed themselves for the protection of property.

### BLOODY AFFRAY AT NASHVILLE

Chicago, July 7.—The Tennessee Legislature met on the 4th, but adjourned until next week.

There were several very serious disturbances among negroes at Nashville during the 4th and 5th, in which some 30 were killed and many wounded. In one case, 50 white soldiers and more than double that number of blacks (late soldiers) had a regular pitched battle and several were killed and wounded on both sides. It is thought that this will lead to another Congressional investigation committee.

### ANOTHER FIRE

The Odd Fellow's Hall, the most massive and magnificent building in New Orleans except the St. Charles Hotel, was burned on the 5th. The building, including the furniture, was valued at \$300,000 and was insured for \$95,000.

### THE FENIANS

General Sweeney, under date of St. Albans, 4th, publishes an address to the Fenian Brotherhood in America. He defends his conduct in the recent raid on Canada and recommends the organization of Circles, and the formation of military companies by members under chosen leaders.

### THE ANNEXATION SCHEME

The bill introduced into Congress to establish the conditions of the admission of the British North American provinces into the Union, aroused angry feeling in Government circles in Canada. The bill is looked upon as a bid to the provinces to throw off their allegiance to Great Britain and join what is termed the "political confusion" of the United States.—The popular feeling is against any such steps.

### MEXICAN NEWS.

The Herald's Mexican correspondent, writing from the City of Mexico, June 23d, shows that the Mexican people are becoming more and more united in the cause of the independence of their country. The Imperial forces, French and native, have sustained a number of defeats of greater or less severity and the cause of Maximilian was looking gloomy in consequence. Santa Anna has engrossed a large share of public attention and the Mexican Liberals have proclaimed the theory that an understanding has been come to between the Emperor Napoleon and the ex-President, by which Maximilian would be removed and Santa Anna restored and elected President, the United States holding itself ready to approve of the eventualities arising from the change of election.

A man sued another for kicking his shins. The offender was fined three dollars. He very properly paid the fine in shinplasters.

It is very wrong to persist in kissing a pretty girl when she resolutely declares she wishes you not to. It looks just as though you wouldn't take her word.

### Adjourned.

The Preliminary Meeting of the Agricultural Society of King County met agreeable to notice, and adjourned until the 25th of August.  
C. CLYMER, President.  
By D. S. MAYNARD, Secretary.  
Seattle, June 16th, 1866. 13 td

NEW DISCOVERY.—They have just found out that Men's Clothing, made by hand, and warranted to STAY MADE, at prices competing with slop work, can be bought at GOODWIN'S TAILOR SHOP, Seattle, W. T.

None but his own work dealt in, and hence the warrantee. 13:3m

**JOHN McDONALD,**  
BOOT AND SHOE  
Manufacturer

Mill street, opposite Occidental Hotel,  
SEATTLE, W. T.

Repairing done to order. 201 f  
April 5th, 1866. 201 f

**WASHINGTON BREWERY.**

SEATTLE, W. T.

**M'LOON & SHERMAN**

(Successors to S. F. Coombs.)

HAVING taken the above Establishment are now manufacturing the very best quality of

**L A G E R B E E R ,  
P O R T E R ,  
P A L E , A M B E R , S T O C K A N D  
C R E A M A L E .**

Orders for the above will be promptly filled at the lowest rates.  
April 5th. 201 f

**Good News!**

**NORTH PACIFIC  
BREWERY,**

Just established in Seattle.

This magnificent Brewery having been completed is now manufacturing

**P O R T E R ,  
A L E**

**L A G E R B E E R .**

Which will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

Legal tenders taken at market value.

Give us a Call—try for yourselves.

**SCHMIEG & BROWN.**  
Seattle, Ap. 1st, 1865. 201 f

**SEATTLE TANNERY.**

TYPES UNDESIGNED have on hand and for sale of their own manufacture, a fine stock of

**L E A T H E R .**  
consisting of

**SOLE LEATHER,**

**UPPER LEATHER,**

**HARNESSE LEATHER,**

**BRIDLE LEATHER,**

**BELTING LEATHER,**

**SKIRTING LEATHER,**

**RUSSET LEATHER,**

**CALF and KIP SKINS,**

**BUCKSKINS, &c.**

All of which we will sell cheaper than they can be purchased at any other establishment North of San Francisco.  
M. D. WOODEN,  
114 N. WOODEN,  
Seattle, April 5th, 201 f

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.  
MONDAY, July 9, 1866.

**DEPRAVED TASTE.**—As incidents illustrating the times and fashion at the French Imperial Court, our readers may be glad, or sorry, to know that, at the late grand fancy ball at the Tuileries, the Count de Nieuwerkerke appeared and danced as Pontius Pilate.—The Count de Choiseul—whose mother, the Duchess of Prussia, was murdered by his father, the Duke—dressed as old Time, appeared after the well known Countess de Castiglione, and of course, failed to overtake her. But more conspicuous than all was the young Marchioness of Gaillet as the Archangel Gabriel. She wore a short, gold-embroidered petticoat of white cashmere, with glittering gold scale-armor, fitting tight to the shape. Above her long, flowing golden hair blazed a diamond star, which literally seemed to hang unsupported in the air. Her wings arched over head, and reached to beneath her knees.—As she danced, she brandished the sword of the archangel in her hand, and, altogether, perhaps, made the master of the rout look as thoughtful as he is said to have looked.

**COLUMBIA RIVER FREIGHTS.**—The Walla Walla Statesman says: An effort is being made to induce the ocean steamers to deliver freight, destined for the Upper Columbia, at Vancouver. If an arrangement of that kind can be effected, our merchants will be saved the "lighterage" tax which in former years was so oppressive. The time has come when it is necessary to practice economy in all branches of trade, and however well disposed our merchants may feel towards Portland, still they cannot afford to be taxed for no other purpose than that of aiding in building up a town that happens to be off the direct line of trade and travel.

**GUERRILLAS IN MISSOURI.**—A concurrence of testimony indicates that the ex-rebels of Missouri are preparing to renew the guerrilla warfare. Many of the better disposed class of rebels in widely different parts of the State have evinced of late a disposition to move to other States. Sixty late rebel soldiers, now in St. Louis, en route for Montana, state that they expect trouble from the acts of reckless men lately in the service of the rebels, and they wish to escape before the trouble which is sure to follow commences. Seven ex-rebels from St. Francis county en route to Iowa to settle, give the same reason. An ex-rebel testified before the Grand Jury of Jackson county, last week, that many of the more desperate threaten to take to the bush in the spring.

At a recent railroad dinner, complimentary to the fraternity, the toast was given: "An honest lawyer, the noblest work of God!" but an old farmer in the back part of the hall, rather spoiled the effect by adding in a loud voice, "and the scarcest."

J. J. Ayres has retired from the publication of the San Francisco Morning Call, and the paper has assumed a new dress.

The amount now in the treasury of the Lincoln monument association is reported to be a fraction short of eight thousand dollars.

**A DULL TOWN.**—The travelling correspondent of the San Francisco Bulletin, under date of April 25th, gives the following:

"We arrived at Dalles City about 5 o'clock p. m., and passed the night at a miserable hotel called the \* \* \* although perhaps this is as good as the present condition of the place will support. Business at this point is exceedingly dull. Half the buildings are vacant and of course real estate is on the decline. While there was a portage, the town was flourishing. It was then necessary for merchants who had freight for the upper country to remain several days, but this the railroad has oviated, and the place at present has no visible means of support."

**DRUNK OR NOT?**—"I don't say, Judge, that the defendant was drunk. No, not by no means; but this I will say—when I last seen him, he was washing his face in a mud-puddle, and drying it on a door mat. Whether a sober man would do this, in course I can't say." The court thought he wouldn't. The consequence was, the "defendant" went up for sixty days.

George N. Patchen, Jr., the celebrated trotter, who left San Francisco about four months ago, has given a good account of himself, having beaten Vanderbilt on Friday, May 25th, at Long Island, in an important race—time, 2:27 1/2.

It is reported that all the volunteer organizations, white or colored, serving in the different Southern military departments, will be soon relieved and discharged the service, and regular troops are to be detailed to fill the vacancies thus occasioned.

**PRINTING TELEGRAPH.**—Two London telegraphers claim to have contrived a printing telegraph, by which with one wire, 300 words a minute can be printed. This is important, if true.

Guatemala declines to unite with the South American Republics against Spain. It is supposed that all the Central American governments will do the same.

**UNHAPPY FATHER.**—Mrs. Patington, reading an account of the death of a venerable lawyer, who was stated to be the "Father of the bar," exclaimed, "Poor, dear man! he had a dreadful noisy set of children."

A heavy fall of snow took place on the 30th of May throughout most of the North of Ireland, which remained for several hours on the ground.

Gen. McClellan is still in Europe. He proposed returning to America last fall, but impassable mud prevented his moving.

A coquette is said to be a perfect incarnation of Cupid, as she always keeps her beau in a quiver.

Last year freight from the Missouri river to Salt Lake was 30 cents. This year only 12 cents.

The reason that policemen are never run over is that they are never in the way.

The American income tax, \$251,000,000; English income tax, \$1,250,000.

QUANTRELL, the guerrilla, is reported to have gone to Mexico.

**THE WICKEDEST "SHE" EVER READ OF.**—A case of female instability has just turned up in Brooklyn, (Williamsburg of old,) that causes some fond lover's hair to bristle. The narrative is authentic and runs thus: One of the fairest of the thousand fair damsels of the "burg," moving in respectable circles, became the toast of the town. Her hand was sought by half a hundred despairing swains; but one, whose initials are E. W., sighing like a furnace, comely and genteel, after a brief courtship, with an abundance of coquetry on both sides, won the prize.

The honeymoon like lightning flew. No second brought its transports too; For at the end of the first honeymoon the fond husband absconded to parts unknown. The wife did not mourn his taking off; but immediately renewed a former courtship with Mr. J. V.; regretted she had once given him the mitten, and plead absence in the country and ill health. J. N. accepted the apology and renewed his former offer of marriage. The young lady, after fainting away, just to convince him of her sensibility, blushing accepted his hand and heart, and was at once married to him. Very soon after this J. V. woke up one morning only to find himself a (grass) widower. Time roiled on and his bride did not reappear. He made certain she had come to some untimely end, and sure enough she had. The last heard from her she was traveling with her third husband, a bold soldier boy, who had achieved greatness in the army, perhaps on the Potomac. Ignorant of his wife's first escapade, J. V. the second husband, applied for a divorce, when to his horror he learned he was the husband of another man's wife. Still he is industriously putting himself through a New York divorce with all the solemnity of a bona fide husband; while madam rumor has it that the false fair one is on her road to Utah. All this happened within one month.—*Cor. Bulletin.*

**Clippings.**

The Pope ordered the thirty-five American Bishops to denounce Fenianism. It is said but four have done so.

The proud have no friends—not in prosperity; for then they know nobody; nor in adversity, for then nobody knows them.

**Wanted, by a bachelor jeweler.**—A wife with a neck of pearl, ruby lips, "brilliant" eyes, golden hair, a silvery tongue, and a perfect jewel of a temper.

**Cowardly.**—A man was recently convicted for stealing his neighbor's cow and hiding it in his cellar. It was a cowardly mode of cow-hiding.

An Irishman visiting a churchyard with a friend, pointed to a shady, quiet nook, saying: "There is the spot where I intend to be laid if I'm spared."

An act by which we make one friend and one enemy, is a losing game; because revenge is a much stronger principle than gratitude.

Fanny Fern says "the men like to pick the ladies to pieces." We have certainly found it very pleasant to take one of them apart.

By the last census of London it appears that there are more Scotchmen there than in Edinburgh, more Irishmen than in Dublin, and more Jews than in Palestine.

An eminent physician has discovered that the nightmare, in nine cases out of ten, is produced by owing a bill for a newspaper.

Avoid early rising. "The early bird catches the worms;" then he has to take verminage and all sorts of disagreeable medicines.

Mr. Wilson, of Meridian, Vermont, was recently boiled to death in his maple syrup vat.

"Sir, you have broken your promise," said one gentleman to another. "Oh, never mind I can make another just as good."

One Austin was recently killed at Boise City by falling upon a circular saw when in motion.

If you would live happy, be constantly doing good.

**Wanted.**

At this office, immediately, a printer.

**MARINE INTELLIGENCE.**

**PORT OF PORT ANGELOS.**

**ENTERED**

June 22—Str Sir James Douglass  
Str Eliza Anderson  
June 23—Br ship Belmont from Rio Janeiro.  
Sch Live Yankee  
Br sch Laura from Victoria  
June 28—Br brk Eastern Chief from Victoria  
Str Diana from Victoria  
Str Eliza Anderson  
June 29—Slp Letitia  
June 30—Bk H. L. Rutgers  
Str Mary Woodruff (new papers)  
Italian brk Brigardillo  
Sch Nor' Wester  
July 2—H L Tibbals

**CLEARED**

June 21—Brk Constitution for Honolulu  
Str Mumford for Victoria  
June 23—Str Sir James Douglass  
June 30—Brk Victor for Honolulu  
Ship Coquimbo for San Francisco  
Sch Laura for Victoria  
Str Diana

**Notice.**

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON, County of Jefferson, ss  
In the United States District Court, Third Judicial District, holding Terms at Port Townsend, Jefferson County, W. T.

To FRANKLIN SHERMAN: You are hereby notified that L. B. HASTINGS has filed a complaint against you in said Court, which will come on to be heard at the first term of the Court which shall commence more than two months after the 9th day of July, A. D. 1866, and unless you appear at said term and answer, the same will be taken as confessed and the prayer thereof granted.

The object and prayer of said complaint is to obtain judgment against you for the balance of account, amounting to the sum of two hundred and thirty-seven dollars and fifty-six cents due from you to the said L. B. Hastings, with interest and costs of suit.

GARFIELD & KENNEDY, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Complaint filed July 21, 1866. Date of publication July 9th, 1866. (50 cent Revenue Stamp cancelled.) [not 2m]

**Tax Notice.**

Notice is hereby given that the Municipal Tax List for the year 1866, has been placed in my hands for collection. All taxes not paid before the first day of September, 1866, will be returned as delinquent and twenty-five per cent. added. By order of the Board of Trustees, CHAS. EAGAN, Collector. 55-166f

**Caution.**

Notice is hereby given that my wife, Mariah Weeks, has left my bed and board in Seattle, W. T., without any just cause or provocation. All persons are hereby notified not to trust or harbor her on my account as I will not be responsible therefor. 16-1w-pd J. W. WEEKS.

**I. M. HALL, ATTORNEY AT LAW,**

**AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,**

Seattle, W. T. Will practice in the Courts of Washington Territory. Particular attention given to collections. OFFICE—Upstairs over Fashion Saloon. [so-]

**E. M. SAMMIS, PHOTOGRAPHER,**

1111 Street, SEATTLE, W. T.

**JOSEPH WILLIAMSON**

DEALER IN

**DRY GOODS**

**CLOTHING,**

**COUNTRY PRODUCE**

AND GENERAL

**MERCHANDISE.**

Commercial Street,

SEATTLE, W. T.

April 5th, 1866. [not 1f]

**GARFIELDE & KENNEDY, ATTORNEYS**

AND

**COUNSELLORS AT LAW,**

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Will attend to Civil and Admiralty business in the Courts of Washington Territory.

Mr. Garfielde will attend to criminal practice also. April 5th, 1866. [not 1f]

**M. W. WAITT & CO.**

**Booksellers**

AND

**Stationers,**

Government Street,

VICTORIA V. I.

DEALERS IN

**FANCY GOODS,**

**Sheet Music,**

**PERIODICALS,**

**GOLD PENS, CUTLERY, ETC.**

April 5th, 1866. [not 1f]

**CIGAR MANUFACTORY**

Commercial Street,

SEATTLE, W. T.

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform Traders and the public generally that he has, and keeps constantly on hand for sale,

**CIGARS,**

of all brands,

**WHOLESALE & RETAIL.**

At prices to compete with the San Francisco market.

Orders from abroad promptly attended to. [not 1f] CHEN CHEONG.

**Notice.**

IN the matter of the Claim of Andrew B. Keller under the Homestead Act to land in the County of King in the Territory of Washington.

To ANDREW B. KELLER:—You are hereby notified that I will appear before the Register at the Land Office in Olympia, in said Territory, on the 4th day of August, 1866, at 10 o'clock a. m., and offer proof of abandonment by you for more than six months at one time of all that tract of land described upon the plats of the public surveys, as Homestead Claim No. 473, being the N. E. quarter of Section No. 1, in Township No. 22 North of Range 4 East, Willamette Meridian, when and where you are requested to appear and show cause why said entry by you as a Homestead should not be vacated and said land revert to the United States. M. H. LEE, King County, W. T., June 19th, 1866. [14-1d]

**W. H. ROBERTSON, M. D.**

**PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,**

SEATTLE, W. T.

Offers his professional services to the inhabitants of Seattle and vicinity in the various branches of Medicine and Surgery.

Thankful for past patronage he hopes to merit a continuance of the same. April 5th, 1866. [not 1f]

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

MONDAY, July 9, 1866.

## OUR AGENTS.

L. P. Fisher, - - - San Francisco.  
 M. W. Waitt, - - - Victoria.  
 R. G. Head, - - - Portland.  
 A. S. Pinkham, - - - Seattle  
 J. H. Munson, - - - Olympia  
 E. A. Light, - - - Steilacoom City  
 James Seavey, - - - Port Townsend  
 W. H. Llewellyn, - - - Trekalet  
 S. F. Coombs, - - - Port Madison  
 W. B. Sinclair, - - - Snohomish City  
 Simeon Hackley, - - - Port Discovery  
 N. Hale, - - - Port Orchard  
 W. E. Barnard, - - - Port Angeles  
 Parker Hinkley, - - - Port Ludlow  
 David Livingstone, - - - Port Blakely  
 Marshall Blinn, - - - Seabeck

## LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

From the DAILY of Tuesday, 3.

The steamer Eliza Anderson, Capt. Finch, arrived yesterday on her down trip from Olympia to Victoria. Yesler's wharf, where she usually lands, was so completely surrounded by steamers and vessels of all kinds that she was compelled to land at Plummer's old wharf, where she was accessible only by the aid of small boats, a part of the wharf having fallen in. She did not bring the mail, which was truly annoying. We wait patiently, however, the arrival of the new mail steamer, which should have received the mail at Olympia this morning. Every thing is behind time in Washington Territory, as a general rule, and the arrival of the Josie McNear, on time, would have been almost the only exception. The J. B. Libby, Capt. Libby, will, perhaps, bring the mail down this evening.

YESTERDAY, we were shown through the new residence of Hon. A. A. Denny, our Delegate in Congress. It is an irregular, Gothic cottage, the plan of which was executed by S. B. Abbott, who has superintended the work throughout. Messrs. Abbott & Dort were the contractors for the carpenter's and joiner's work; Mr. J. T. Jordan for the brick work and plastering; Messrs. Crins & Bagley for the painting; and Mr. McAleer for the plumbing and tin work. The building is a credit to the workmen and an ornament to our growing town. Mr. Abbott has shown himself master of his business. In conjunction with Mr. Dort, he contemplates establishing himself in the sash and door business in Portland. We recommend them to the citizens of Portland.

ARRIVED—The schooner Nor Wester, Capt. Wright, 4 days from Victoria, with a cargo of lime, arrived here yesterday.

THE MARY WOODRUFF.—The steamer Mary Woodruff, Capt. Cosgrove, sailed yesterday on her first trip under the new contract of Capt. Cosgrove to carry the mails on the Seattle and Whatcom route.

THE steamer Pioneer towed the barque Geo. Washington, Capt. Lennon, to Freeport yesterday, where she will receive a cargo of lumber and proceed to San Francisco.

From the DAILY of Wednesday, 4.

NO TELEGRAPHIC.—The telegraph lines are out of repair.—We are therefore without later dispatches.

THE CELEBRATION.—The preparations have gone vigorously forward for having the best demonstration possible, on this, the 90th anniversary of our Nation's birth day. Every indication tends to the belief that the celebration will be a decided success. The pavilion is completed; the Invincibles are trained; the big, and various smaller guns, and every body are ready, and nothing now remains to be done but to proceed; and, although some things have happened that we cannot but wish had not happened, yet we shall be truly surprised if the affair does not prove a credit to our city and all concerned. Every body, who professes to be a patriot, should join in celebrating this day, and, therefore, it has been determined, in solemn conclave, that, come what will, every member of every department of the PUGET SOUND DAILY office will discharge his duty in the premises. No paper, therefore, will issue from this office to-morrow.

ARRIVED.—The steamer Anderson, Capt. Finch, from Victoria and way ports, steamer Libby, Capt. Libby, from Olympia and way ports, and the sloop Mischief, from Whidby Island, arrived last evening with passengers to the celebration.

THE Pixley Family gave one of their entertainments last evening at Plummer's Hall. It is worth the price of admission.—Another entertainment will be given to-morrow evening.

From the DAILY of Friday, 6.

MISTAKE.—Through mistake, in the notice to the Masonic Fraternity, which appeared in this paper on the Fourth of July, a request to the citizens, not members of the fraternity, to join in procession, was omitted. It was the intention to include such request in the notice, and so read the copy given us for publication, but, in putting it in type, it was accidentally omitted. We regret that so important a matter should have been omitted.

HORRIBLE MURDER.—News was received here on the evening of the 4th inst. that the wife of one William Powell, formerly a seaman on board the U. S. war steamer Saranac, had been killed, it was supposed murdered, at Alki Point, where she resided with her husband on the farm of Dr. D. S. Maynard. Dr. Maynard and Mr. J. J. Waggoner at once procured a boat and went over to see about the matter. On arriving at the house, they found a gun lying on the portico, the floor of which was stained with blood. On entering the house, they found the body of the woman lying on the floor and also on the floor, lying with his head upon the woman's breast and apparently asleep, they found her husband.—

Horror struck at the horrible sight, they retreated outside the door to consider what course to pursue. While standing outside, they heard footsteps within, and fearing that the man, who, they doubted not, was the murderer, might escape, Mr. Waggoner hastily cut off a portion of a clothes line, stretched near, and the two rushed in, when to their surprise, they found the man lying as before, although they were confident they had heard him walk to the window, as if to ascertain who they were. They bound him and with difficulty aroused him from his pretended slumber. He refused to walk, so they dragged him down to the boat and brought him to Seattle and delivered him to the sheriff, L. V. Wyckoff, who confined him in jail, where he now lies. The Coroner, Dr. Settle, went over to hold an inquest over the body, but owing to the difficulty of procuring the attendance of Jurors and witnesses at that place, the body was, yesterday, brought to this place, where the inquest was held. The body was buried this morning. She was shot apparently with a shot gun, the charge entering the head at the extreme left side of the forehead, passing through the head, causing instant death. It is believed that the killing took place at about three o'clock P. M. on the 4th inst. and the arrest of Powell, by Dr. Maynard and Mr. Waggoner, as above stated, was made during the night following. It is stated that the prisoner has often threatened to kill the deceased and had fired his gun close to her head to frighten her. They were both hard cases and much given to drunkenness and quarrelling.

SHIPPING.—The steamer Cyrus Walker, Capt. Gove, from Teekalet, and the steamer Colfax, Capt. Miller, from Seabeck, arrived here on the Fourth of July, with passengers to the celebration. The Colfax returned to Seabeck at 8 o'clock P. M.; the Cyrus Walker returned to Teekalet on the morning of the 5th; and the steamer Eliza Anderson, Capt. Finch, sailed for Olympia on the morning of the 5th.

THE following is the verdict of the Coroner's Jury in the case of Mrs. Mary Ann Powell, who was found dead at Alki Point:

"We the Jurors convened to inquire into the cause of the death of Mrs. Mary Ann Powell, find that she was a native of Claxton, Essex county England, aged 80 years, and that she came to her death from a gunshot wound caused by the discharge of a double-barrel shot gun in the hands of her husband, Wm. Powell, late seaman of the U. S. Steamer, Saranac, on Wednesday July 4th, at Alki Point, near Seattle, W. T. S. B. ABBOTT, Foreman,  
 M. R. MADDOCKS,  
 W. T. FICKLE,  
 J. S. BENSON,  
 D. D. DENNY,  
 JOSHUA SETTLE, Coroner.

Every anniversary of a birth day is the dispelling of a dream.—Zehoke.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY.]

## CALIFORNIA NEWS.

San Francisco, July 1.—A dispatch received yesterday, from Salt Lake City, announces a sale by Jack McKendry, an old broker of this city, of a quartz claim located by himself near Helena, in Montana, to a New York company for \$300,000.

The Evening Tribune is a little new paper, which issued on Thursday last. It is intended to be political in character, sustaining the Radical element in Congress.

The trial trip of the steamer S. M. Whipple yesterday was a success. Over four hundred ladies and gentlemen participated in the excursion.

Miss Rosa Celeste walked today from the Cliff House to Seal Rock. Thousands witnessed the feat.

The Bank of California filed its certificate of increase of capital stock to five million dollars.

The steamship Orizaba left for Portland yesterday.

Weather clear and cool.

DEATH OF JAMES H. LANE.

Leavenworth, July 2d.—Senator James H. Lane, shot himself through the head last evening in this city, and died to-day.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

Washington, July 2d.—In the House Mr. Banks introduced a bill establishing conditions for the admission of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Canada East and Canada West into the Union as States, and for the organization of the Territories of Selkirk, Katchewan and Columbia by proclamation of the President whenever notice is deposited in the Department of State that the Governments of Great Britain and the Provinces have accepted the propositions made in the second section, which are to assume the Provincial debt, including ten millions to the Hudson Bay Company.

## MONETARY.

New York July 2d.—The Post's money article says European news had little effect in Wall street except to give an upward tendency to gold. The Bank statement shows an increase in loans of two and a half millions and a decrease of specie of seven hundred thousand, an increase of deposits of two and one third millions, increase of legal tenders one million dollars.

## SOUTH AMERICAN AFFAIRS.

New York July 2d.—The Northern Light arrived with San Francisco dates to the 10th and Panama to the 22d. Business is brisk on the South American coast since the departure of the Spanish fleet, whose destination was not known. All the other republics of South America were driving away Spanish residents. Congress met at San Diego on the 1st. President Perez's message was received with hisses. A revolution is waiting favorable opportunity to burst forth among Chileans, Valparaiso being strongly fortified.

## CALIFORNIA MARKETS.

San Francisco, July 3d.—Butter—Shipment of Eastern by the steamer of the 30th, was 1850 firkins, including invoice on steamer now due, there are over 9000 firkins on the way to this port from the East; market dull; 50cts. for choice.

Coffee—Sales 1000 bags Rio, private; quotable at 21½.

Coal Oil—Sales Eastern standard, 77½ @ 80; California refined, same.

Flour—Market dull, except jobbing sales; 4000 bbls. Oregon extra, in sacks, \$4 62½ @ \$4 75½.

Wheat—New, freely offered at \$1 50, old, \$1 60.

Barley—Sales of 1000 sacks good brewing at 87½; 800 sacks choice 90; 200 feed, 80; 600 light feed, 77½cts. per hundred.

Oats—Sales of 450 sacks fair, for export \$1 42½,—will bring \$1 50.

Potatoes—200 sacks sold at 75 @ 80cts.; 200 sbs Bay, 70 @ 75 cents per hundred.

Hay—Sales of 50 tons new ordinary \$8 50; 22 tons inferior, \$6 50 per ton.

## GOLD.

Gold in New York July 2d, 154; Exchange 108 @ 109½. Private despatches represent New York dry goods market firm for standard good; general trade, dull.

## SHIPPING.

Arrived—June 30th, Sierra Nevada from Victoria; barque Carlotta from Seabeck.

Sailed—July 2d, brig Tanner, for Puget Sound; barque Charles Devens, Puget Sound; Hamburg barque Joachim Christean, Sydney; 3d, barque Anna, Melbourne.

TIME'S CHANGES.—Thirty-two years ago, in the counting-room of a New Bedford merchant, a boy just out of school was writing at a desk. The merchant, formerly a shipmaster was there, as were his brother, still a sea captain, and another captain, the father of the boy. There was also with them at the time another merchant, much the senior of them all, and one of the richest, if not the richest, citizen of New Bedford. The daughter of the latter was married to the brother of the merchant first named.

"Mr. P." said his son-in-law to the rich merchant, who had just built a splendid house, to-day one of the finest in this city, "Capt. B. (the boy's father) has brought home with him a couple of pictures which I want you to buy for that new house of yours; they are just right for the hall."

"Pictures," nervously replied the rich man; "pictures! what do I want of pictures?"

They will be fine ornaments for your beautiful hall," was the answer.

"And I will sell them to you for \$1,000," said the owner. "You know I am too poor to keep them, and I must sell them to somebody."

"One thousand dollars for two pictures!" exclaimed the astounded millionaire. "Why Capt. B. wouldn't take long at that rate to spend all the old Phoenix made last voyage."

The rich merchant did not buy the pictures. But both of them, valuable portraits of Peter the Great and Catharine, now hang in the house and hall which the merchant built, and both house and pictures are the property of the poor boy who was writing at the desk.—New Bedford Mercury.

Quilp thinks Prof. Agassiz is an honorable man, but admits that he has been engaged in a scaly business in Brazil.

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

MONDAY, July 9, 1866.

Earl Russell's Government are determined to make an effort to remove some of the causes of Irish dissatisfaction. Mr. Fortescue, the Irish Secretary, has introduced a Tenant Right Bill which although not going to the lengths necessary, is still a step in the right direction, and will be supported by nearly all the Irish members. The measure is, indeed, based on the draft of a bill which had been previously submitted by several Irish members. At present the great cause of discontent in many parts of Ireland is the utter helplessness of the tenant in enforcing claims of compensation for improvements on the farm. The consequence is that in one case we have agrarian outrages and in another we have land allowed to go to waste and ruin, because the tenant will make no effort to improve the "holding" for the especial benefit of the landlord. The Government bill gives the tenant the right to compensation, unless there be a written agreement to the contrary. The compensation is to be equivalent to the letting value given to the land, that value in the event of dispute to be settled by the Commissioners of Public Works, with appeal to the Chairman of Quarter Sessions. The maximum award must not exceed £5 an acre. The right of distress is abolished, except under written agreement, the effect of the two provisions being to make written agreements absolutely essential to the landlord's protection, a great inducement to grant leases, which again, can under this bill be granted by the life-tenant for forty one years, or, in the case of building land, for sixty years.—[British Colouist.

**INJURED INNOCENCE.**—Times are very fast; but some women ("if they be ladies, I don't think I") get a good way ahead of them, speedy as they are. One of these fast ones lives in Chicago; is fair, fat, and forty, and united to an aged husband, whom she married for his wealth. That's the way the fuss began. She sued for a divorce, claiming division of spoils matrimonial. Like some others we wot of, she makes out an extreme case of beating, starving, and want of raiment. One's own story is good until the other side is heard. To the petition for divorce the persecuted husband answered that his wife had been guilty of extreme cruelties practiced on him, such as knocking him down with fists, sticks, flat-irons, gunning him out of the house, smashing his hat over his eyes, kicking him out of bed, making him sleep on the doorsteps without covering, only a mattress to rest on, using chairs and three legged stools on him, tearing most of the hair out of his head, besides breaking his constitution, and

More that's horrible and awful, which e'en to name would be unlawful. But all of which the suffering husband bore up under until she attempted to make him eat murrain beef, which he resisted, whereupon the wife, with all the indignation of injured innocence, packed up most of the traps in his house and fled with them to her father's domicile. From this sanctum-sanctorum, she proceeded to a lawyer and started in for a divorce. The hoary old villain had only bought her one thousand dollars worth of property in six months and she wants his property for alimony.—*Cor. Bulletin.*

**A WOMAN OF NERVE.**—A gentleman, while riding out with his wife in the Boise country, says the Mendocino Democrat, was shot dead by the Indians. The lady picked up the reins and drove into town with her husband's dead body by her side.

LOCAL WAR NEWS.

Fourth of July campaign of the Seattle Invincibles, commanded by General Stonewall Stone. The forces concentrated on Arlington Heights, the right resting on Plummer's barn, the left, covered by the Artillery, under the command of Brig. General Clineher. The forces moved out of their entrenchments at 3 P. M., in echelon order, that is, to say, in stair's stare-stepping order, the strategic point being Castle Denny, which surrendered at once, with the honors of war. The enemy being found in force at Battery Occidental, was carried by a terrific movement on the whisky bottles, the artillery throwing shells from the rear. Battery Pray was next carried under a terrific draught of grape and lager, the sick and wounded being sent to the rear. Batteries Sires and Baxter was stormed at the point of the bayonet, with small loss on our side. The commanding general then ordered Brig. Gen. Walch to attack, and at all hazards, to carry Fort Alexander, the same being under command of Generals Alcohol and Hostetter. This division advanced under a galling fire of XXX. Owing to a misunderstanding of orders and the General receiving several shots in the neck, this division flagged badly, but immediately rallied and pitched forward with their accustomed bravery. The conflict at this time became very sharp, hundreds falling at every round, but their noble and gallant General fell early in the action, and the commanding General seeing the perilous position of this division, led, in noble person, his reserves forward—that is to say, all who could stand. After a tremendous hand-to-hand fight they were driven out, Hostetter and Alcohol making good their retreat to Fortress Gem. Our forces were then permitted to enjoy their wind-pie rations, after which a Council of War was called to devise plans as to the capture of Fort Gen. The enemy having concentrated all his forces in this strong hole, commanded by Major Generals Bourbon, Cognac, Hostetter, Sansevain and Alcohol. Our artillery then commenced a brisk fire, and after a heavy canonading of two minutes and three seconds, the Engineers pronounced the breach practicable. Gen. Rooney, claiming the honor of leading the forlorn hope, in his usual gallant style, led forward his veteran corps. The enemy then made a sally, and Rooney's division was repulsed with great slaughter, the enemy capturing Commissariat General McLoon and train. The enemy then retired to their works. Brig. Gen. Abbott then advanced with his whole Brigade. This gallant officer led his troops forward, sword in hand, and soon arrived at the breach under a galling fire of Hennesy's Golden Gate Bitters. The slaughter now commenced in earnest. This officer with his few remaining men pushed into the breach; the enemy then sprung a puncheon of London Dock, and drowned the brave and valiant officer and his command. At this most intense moment of the state of affairs the Commander in Chief, driven to desperation at the loss of two of his best Generals, began to quake in his brogans, and as the last resort, ordered Maj. General Rabb, the hero of one thousand battles, with his codfish brigade, to take the Fortress, which he pledged his manly honor to do, or do the other thing—die at the hole. This renowned General moved forward with the entire army,

And like the ocean's mighty swing, When heaving to the tempest's wing, They gobbled up the foe.

and after a sharp and severe conflict succeeded in gaining a position in the enemy's works, which were finally carried by a grand rush. The troops conducted themselves with great bravery. The General being exhausted by the arduous duties of the day was borne home to his quarters in the arms of his noble Vets, Signed, Aj't. Gen. of the JONES FAMILY, N. G. H.

**CANDOR.**—There is nothing that sheds so fine a light upon the human mind as candor. It was called whiteness by the ancients, to denote its purity; and it has always won the esteem due to the most admirable virtues. The man whose opinions make the deepest impressions upon his fellow man, whose influence is most lasting and efficient, whose friendship is instinctively sought where all others have proved faithless, is not the man of brilliant parts, or flattering tongue, or splendid genius, but he whose lucid candor and indigenous truth transmit the heart's feeling pure and without refraction. There are other qualities that are more showy, and other traits that have a higher place in the world's code of honor, but none wear better or gather less tarnish by use, or claim deeper homage in the silent reverence which mind pays to virtue.

**A COLD IN THE HEAD.**—A Dr. Falion of St. Foy, France, has discovered a new method for curing cold in the head. Herewith is the description:

It consists in inhaling through the nose the emanations of ammonia contained in a smelling bottle. If the sense of smell is completely obliterated the bottle should be kept under the nose until the pungency of the volatile alkali is felt. The bottle is then removed, but only to be reapplied after a minute; the second application, however, should not be long, that the patient may bear it. This easy operation being repeated seven or eight times in the course of five minutes, but always very rapidly, except the first time, the nostrils become free, the sense of smell is restored, and the secretion of the irritating mucus is stopped. This remedy is said to be peculiarly advantageous to singers.

About the first of April last, J. J. Newkirk was robbed of a certificate of deposit for \$1,500 and \$250 in gold in Albany, Oregon. He had given the money to his wife while stopping at a hotel there, who concealed them in a bed while she left the room for a few minutes, but on her return they were gone. The certificate was on Able Guy's Banking House, San Francisco, which paid the money, on Newkirk's bond for the amount. On Monday morning, week before last, a dirty looking Chinaman came into the bank, and presented the identical certificate for payment.—*O. Statesman.*

**DON'T SELL 'EM HERE.**—The amiable Ward was sitting in the box office at the Boston Theatre, the other day, when the window was suddenly eclipsed by a sable visage, which made a demand for "Two preserved seats for dis evening, sah!" "Preserved seats?" said the astonished treasurer; "go down to the market, if you want a ham; we don't sell 'em here." The eyes of the bewildered darkey rolled like the orbs of the Sphinx, as he shuffled away, while John chuckled at his success in evading a discussion on the "rights of the freedmen."

A true picture of despair is a pig reaching through a hole in the fence to get a cabbage that lies a few inches beyond his reach.

In a mile of the Atlantic cable now being made, there are, besides the Manilla which holds the composition, seven miles of copper wire, four miles of gutta-percha, ten miles of galvanized wire, and fifty miles of Manilla spun yarn. That is to say, again excluding the loose Manilla which laps the gutta-percha, in every mile of cable there are seventy-one miles of material.

**HELD FOR TREASON.**—Ex Rebel Brig. General Bradley T. Johnson, of Maryland, who was one of the rebel invaders of his native State, was arrested in Baltimore, March 27th, on an indictment for treason found against him by the Grand Jury last August, and held to bail in \$10,000 for appearance for trial by Judge Giles, who refused to entertain a motion for his discharge on the ground that his parole exempted him from civil prosecution.

**DROWNED.**—Yesterday morning while a small detachment of U. S. soldiers were on the wharf waiting to take passage on the Fideleter for the Sound, one of them named Kennedy being intoxicated fell asleep and rolled from the wharf into the river. Another soldier who was near and also drunk, jumped on him when in the water and caused him to sink at once, to rise no more. The other was saved with difficulty.—*Oregon Statesman.*

Three venerable ladies still survive who were of the choir of young ladies that, dressed in white, greeted Washington as he entered Trenton in 1789, on his way to assume the Presidency, and who strewed his pathway with flowers. One yet lives in Trenton, another is the mother of the Hon. Mr. Chestnut, formerly Senator from South Carolina, and the third, Mrs. Sarah Hand, resides in Cape May county, N. J.

**CIVIL RIGHTS.**—In accordance with the provision of the Civil Rights Law, says the Mariposa Free Press, a Chinaman the other day attempted to overawe a man in this town, who unfortunately happened to be white, by giving him the lie and squaring himself for a fight. Melican man couldn't see it, and very deliberately "whaled" the rice consumer.

The Boston Commercial of April 10th says: "We were shown a letter this morning which one of our ship owners mailed here in February 1864, for a captain in his employ, who was expected to meet it at Ak-yab. The captain had left that port when the letter arrived, and it has since passed through the dead letter offices of Bengal, Bombay and Washington, arriving back in Boston last night, after an absence of two years and two months."

The New York Commercial expresses the opinion that "however much President Johnson may differ with the party which elevated him to power, it is evident that he has no intention of throwing himself into the arms of any organization which has even the smell of disloyalty upon its garments."

A dispatch from Washington says the Supreme Court of the United States having decided that the Military Commission for the trial of civilians to be illegal, and the persons convicted by it having in consequence been discharged, there is no doubt that steps will be taken to procure the release of Dr. Mudd, Arnold, O'Laughlan and Spangier, convicted of conspiracy against the life of President Lincoln.

**HEAVY SHIPMENT.**—The shipment of gold from New York, for the week ending May 19th, reaches \$9,000,000, chiefly supplied Government at 180.

Clippings.

On Secretary Stanton's visit to the late Senator Foote, he asked if in any way he could serve him. "Yes," said Mr. Foote, with characteristic emphasis, "there is one thing you can do for me, and that is to remain in the War Department to protect the interests of the people."

The question, does getting drunk ever advance one's happiness? would seem to be put at rest by the Irishman who went courting when drunk, and was asked what pleasure he found in whiskey? "O, Nelly! it's a tratio intirely to see two of your swate, purty faces instead of one."

Of the \$25,000 to be raised for the erection of an equestrian monument to Col. Robert G. Shaw, of the 5th (colored) Regiment, Massachusetts Volunteers, \$12,000 have already been voluntarily subscribed, and it is thought the Committee will soon secure the whole amount.

**WON'T WORK.**—Thirteen divorce suits are pending in the pretty village of Santa Rosa, Sonoma County. "Love in a cottage" sounds well; but, it would appear is impossible of practical application.

**ABOUT TO RESIGN.**—General Meagher is about to resign his official position as Governor of Montana Territory, and take up his quarters on his rancho in Meagher county. A sense of duty alone keeps the General at his post until the new Governor arrives.

**SHENANDOAH.**—The underwriters in Bremen have decided that the burning of the Hawaiian whaling bark Ascension Island, in April last, by Waddell of the Shenandoah, was an act of piracy, and on this ground have agreed to pay the loss.

The military commission which tried G. B. Lamar, Sr., for cotton frauds, some weeks ago, have sentenced him to three years' imprisonment, and \$25,000 fine. Lamar has been released on bail until the President can examine the evidence in the case.

The Red River Nor'-Wester announces the discovery of gold on the Athabasca river, which flows northward to the arctic ocean. The Saskatchewan, and other rivers on which mining has hitherto been carried on, flow into the Winnepeg Basin. This discovery, therefore, points to a new field.

The body of George Rodgers, the missing Sheriff of Lincoln county, in the Pabranagat mining district, who was supposed to have been killed by the Mormons, last January, has been found. The circumstances indicate his having been killed by the Shoshone Indians.—*Statesman.*

A Mrs. Lyster died in Philadelphia on Monday, from stopping the action of the heart, produced by chloroform administered by a dentist, at her own request. It was proven at the coroner's inquest that the chloroform was not used in excessive quantity, and was inhaled in the usual manner. No blame was, therefore, attached to the dentist.

**CALIFORNIA PRODUCTION.**—The Marysville Appeal of the 5th inst. says: Nineteen Glanawouou (prostitutes) left San Francisco for Oregon by the steamer Sierra Nevada, Saturday, to avoid prosecution now going on against their class.

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY.

MONDAY, July 9, 1866.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

From the DAILY of Saturday, 7.  
HELD TO ANSWER.—William Powell, charged with the murder of his wife, was yesterday committed by Judge Ross, before whom the examination took place to await the action of the Grand Jury. The officer started yesterday with the prisoner for Fort Steilacoom, in which he will be confined until the next term of the District Court.

We desire to express our gratitude to J. W. Sullivan, News Agent, 518 Washington street, San Francisco, for a large package of late papers, pictorials, &c. He makes the announcement that he takes greenbacks at par.

THE FOURTH.—"I think," says Brown to us, late yesterday evening, after yesterday's paper was out, not having previously expressed himself since the celebration of the Fourth, "that the celebration of the Fourth of July at Seattle last Wednesday, was a big thing—the very biggest kind of a big thing. The shipping on the bay with their flags—the town full of people and every body as jolly as you please—Mr. Garfield's—I wish Mr. Garfield had been well, for if he makes such speeches when he isn't well, I am exceedingly anxious to hear him when he is in proper condition for speaking. The Seattle Invincibles were on hands at exactly the proper time; and their martial and thirsty appearance, to say nothing of the peculiarity of their costume and their perfect adaptation to the arms they bore and to their mode of warfare, added not a little to the general enjoyment and hilarity of the day. The colored gentleman and lady who appeared in the buggy ought to attach themselves to a negro minstrel troupe. They'd make an independent fortune and world-wide fame. Every thing went off exactly it should go off. But the ball at the pavilion, in the evening, was a little the biggest thing of the day. The men were happy—the heavenly music—magnificently angelic women—in short, the affair was a success in the fullest acceptation of the term. These Masonic ebbs seem to know what they are about when they undertake to get up a good time. And that supper at—But what's the use. I might talk for a week and, if you had not been there yourself, you would not have the remotest conception of the magnificence of that celebration." The entire affair was worthy of Brown's high estimation of it.

Our thanks are due to Major Jack Stratman, News Dealer, San Francisco, for a liberal supply of late pictorials, and other papers. May the Major's "shadow never grow less."

AMUSEMENTS.—The Pixley Fam-

ily will give another of their highly entertaining performances at Plummer's Hall, this evening.—Every lover of song ought to improve this opportunity, as it will probably be the last one given in this place.

This office acknowledges itself under obligations to Mr. M. L. King of Suohomish City, for a nice lot of strawberries and gooseberries of superior quality. We appreciate a favor of this kind.

We have received the June number of Beadle's Monthly, a journal devoted to a class of literature very popular at the present time.

We publish to-day a communication from "Defeated Candidate." If any thing has been published, in our columns, that did him injustice in any respect, we regret it exceedingly.

SEIZED.—The British steamer Henrietta, Capt. Dodge, was seized, we learn, at Port Angeles, recently, for coming over to the American side without papers.—She ran over to escape British creditors.

FOOT RACE.—An amusing foot race came off on the evening of the Fourth, between mine host of the "Sires' Hotel" and Capt. Thaine of Victoria. Mr. Sires carried, on his shoulder, a scantling twelve feet long and four inches thick and four inches in width. The distance run was one hundred yards, and Mr. Sires came out about thirty feet in advance of his opponent amid the acclamations of the spectators.

## TELEGRAPHIC.

[SPECIAL TO THE DAILY.]

EUROPEAN—WAR DECLARED.  
New York, July 2.—Steamer Bremen, from Southampton the 20th, has arrived.

Prussia, on the 18th, formally declared war against Austria.—Italy, also, on the same day, declared war.

The entrance of the Prussians into Saxony, was preceded by a formal declaration of war against the kingdom. The King of Saxony responded by a proclamation to his faithful people and left Dresden to join the army in Bohemia.

It is rumored that the Saxons effected a junction with the Austrians, and that the Prussians occupied Dresden and overrun the entire kingdom, rushing to Bohemia.

The Austrians had made a demonstration on the Silesian frontier near Neitz, and the entry of the Austrians into Saxony was hourly expected.

The King of Hanover had joined the army at Gottirzon.

New York, July 2.—The City of Boston brings dates to June 21st.

No serious collision had as yet taken place in Germany.

The ministerial crisis in England, it was believed, would end

in the resignation of Ministers and the dissolution of Parliament.

Halifax, July 2.—The steamer Cuba from Liverpool via Queens-town the 24th, has arrived.

The Italian army crossed the Mincio on the 24th and entered unopposed.

The Prussians left a small garrison in Dresden and marched into Bohemia without resistance.

A slight collision had occurred between the Austrians and Prussians in Silesia, when the former retired.

The Prussians have entered Austria Silesia.

St. Petersburg advices deny that there has been any movement of Prussian troops, and says that nonintervention continues to be the policy of Russia.

Nothing authentic has been made known of the communication by France to Austria, but the Vienna Press says that France denies having made any agreement with Prussia, and if Austria does not menace the existing Kingdom of Italy, and, if successful, does not advance beyond Milan, France will not interfere but will assist in the conclusion of a definite peace and, further, propose to Italy to pay indemnity for Austrian expenses for the war.

Paris Bourse closed unsettled at 62½ and 85c.

The Liverpool cotton market closed, on the 23d, with an advance of 1½d. and 3l. under favorable advices from India. Up-land quoted at 13½.

Breadstuffs—Inactive but firm.

Provisions—Quiet and steady.

Consols—Closed on Saturday at 86½ and 85½ for money.

5-20's—65½ and 66½.

Victor Emanuel had issued a stirring manifesto to the Italians, recapitulates the effects of the last war on Italy, and reiterates that for supreme reasons, the noble Province of Venetia was then allowed to remain in the hands of the Austrians; but that a favorable opportunity had now arrived to accomplish the independence of Venetia from Austrian rule. He charges Austria with having assumed a hostile and threatening attitude on the Italian frontiers, to disturb the pacific task of reorganization in Italy, and he had replied by taking up arms, nevertheless showed a desire for peace by accepting the proposal for a conference, and Austria having refused, affords fresh proof that if she confides in her strength, she does not rely equally upon the goodness of her cause and her rights. The manifesto concludes with the patriotic declaration of assurance that Italy has the sympathy of Europe, and he hands over the Government and State to the Princess Cléto.

Postnango of Callisto or Callisto Marino, and Victor Emanuel also issued proclamations to the National Guards confiding to them the guardianship of public security and order.

The Italian military Declaration of War was issued June 20th, from the headquarters of the Italian army at Cremona, and is addressed by Gen. Caldina to Arch Duke Albert, commanding the Austrian army at Venetia. It gives notice that hostilities will commence in three days unless the Arch Duke declines to accept delay. Victor Emanuel left

Florence for camp on the 21st, was received enthusiastically, and had ovations on his way. He arrived at Cremona same day. The Declaration of War against Austria carried great rejoicing throughout Italy. The Chamber of Deputies adopted by a large majority the bill granting extraordinary financial power to the government.

Prince Careguano had arrived at Florence and opposed the government. He was well received. The Nord describes the position. The Austrians opposed the Prussian army under Gen. Benedick which is in position on the Prussian frontier or side of Silesia, as being in two semicircles of which the extremities formed by Prussia are supported by the frontiers of Thiersdat and by Cracow which being strengthened by a company lately formed there while the contour of the aras is defined by three fortresses of which two are very strong, Josephstadt and Olmay.

The Austrian Commander in Chief appears to have concentrated a great part of his army in upper Silesia, by which he may commence the attack on the Prussians. Silesia on the Prussian side. The strictest orders are given against surprise, and the advance guards are doubled. The Videttes are placed on rising ground whence they look into Bohemia. Patrols are constantly watching the frontier and signal lights are ready to announce the appearance of the enemy. On the side of Austria the guard of the frontier is not so strict.

It is stated that nine States whose levies congregated at Frankfort are much discouraged at the aspect of affairs, and are greatly disposed to complain that Austria thrust them into the war before she was able to protect them. It is rumored that Bavaria hesitates at present to take an active part in the campaign on the grounds that Austria is not ready. The London Times, speaking of the apparent delay of Austria, observes that it is her obvious interest to be successful in the beginning of the campaign.

CALIFORNIA NEWS.  
San Francisco July 5th.—The 90th anniversary was celebrated yesterday in a manner worthy the steadfast patriotism of the people of San Francisco and creditable alike to thousands of citizens who joined the military and civil procession, and to tens of thousands who turned out to witness the spectacle. The fireworks in the evening was the most successful exhibition ever given here. It is estimated that 40,000 people witnessed the display.

The steamship Sacramento, which left Panama June 21st where she connected with the steamer leaving New York 11th, arrived at ten this morning. Legal tenders 70½ bid; 71 asked.

San Francisco July 6th.—Eastern line out of order, beyond Laramie, no report to-day.  
Chun-Yong the first Chinaman ever executed in San Francisco suffered the death penalty in the county jail this afternoon, for the murder of his mistress.

Col. Drum this morning received the first official notification of the death of Gen. Winfield Scott. The circular was dated May 30th and came by yesterday's steamer. After giving a brief sketch of the career of General Scott it closes with an order that guns be fired by each military post at intervals of thirty minutes, from sunrise to 1 o'clock, P. M., on the day, succeeding the receipt of the news. Troops will be paraded at

10 A. M. and the order read to them after which labor for the day will cease, and flags be draped at half mast, during the day. In accordance with the above order, half-hour guns will be fired between sunrise and 1 o'clock P. M., to-morrow from the Presidio, Fort Point, San Jose and Alcatraz.

The newly invented steam machine intended to extinguish fire exploded about two o'clock P. M., while cold water was being pumped into it, severely scalding Wm. P. Paul, the inventor, who was experimenting with it at the time.

A gentleman had his leg broken on car No. 2, of Central R. R. Co., by the sudden starting of the car while standing on the platform.

Opposition steamer America sails on the 14th instant.

MEXICO.  
Information from San Blas, via Acapulco says republicans had taken the city of Santiago, threatening San Blas and Tepic.

SHIPPING.  
Arrived—July 3d, French bark Orixa, 160 days from Bordeaux; July 4th, British bark Jeddo, 185 days from London.

Sailed—July 3d, bark Kutusoff, Bellingham Bay; July 5th, bark Almatia, Portland. Steamships Oriflamme and Montana left for Portland at 5 P. M. No vessels arrived.

Mr. Editor.—In your article relative to the "election in Pierce," in your issue of the 11th of June last, you state that the election "resulted in the election of the entire Democratic ticket, except one representative, who was defeated, we are informed, on account of his great unpopularity." This statement is false and your informant knew it to be false when he wrote it. You will please inform me of the name of your informant as justice to our community requires the exposure of so blatantly a scoundrel, who dare not give his name, but requests it to be kept secret.

DEFEATED REPRESENTATIVE.  
July 5th, 1866.

OREGON ELECTION.—The Oregonian of the 23d ult. says:

At length, we are able to make the definite announcement that Hon. George L. Woods is elected Governor of Oregon for the next four years. His majority, according to our figures, is 205. There are only three counties from which we have not received official returns. When the full official vote is counted, Gov. Wood's majority will be more likely to exceed than fall below the above figures. The balance of the Union State ticket is elected by majorities ranging from 350 to 600 votes.

GARIBALDI has written a letter to the Democratic Society in Greece, in which he says: "I will serve the cause of Greece with the same devotion as that of my own country, and I regard you as brothers. Let the ancient classic land of Leonidas shake off the yoke of its oppressors, and the brightest day of my life will be that in which I am able to take a place in your ranks."

A gentleman at Indianapolis, somewhat addicted to the argot on the sly, made a raid upon a private jug, in the house of a friend, the other day and hastily swallowing a mouthful, discovered to his profound disgust, that it was deodorized coal oil. His friends have been boring him ever since—but not for oil.

Sothorn, the actor, has an income of \$70,000 per month.



**Table of Stamp Duties.**

AS AMENDED BY ACT OF JUNE 30, 1864.

Acknowledgment of deeds or other instruments, Exempt	
Affidavit, \$ 0 05	
Agreement or Appraisal, for each sheet, 5	
Assignment or transfer of mortgage or lease, or policy of insurance, or the renewal of an agreement, contract or charter, is subject to same duty as original instrument.	
Assignment, ordinary, as of bond without guarantee Ex'mt	
Bank checks, drafts, orders etc., at sight or on demand, for all sums of money exceeding \$10 2	
Bills of Exchange (inland) draft or order for payment of any sum of money, and any promissory note (except bank notes issued for circulation) or any memorandum, check, receipt, or other written or printed evidence of an amount of money, upon every sum not exceeding \$100 5	
For every additional \$100 or fraction thereof 5	
Bills of exchange (foreign) drawn in sets of three or more, for every bill of each set, where the sum does not exceed one hundred dollars or its equivalent in foreign currency. 2	
For every additional \$100 or fraction thereof 2	
If drawn single or in duplicate, same rates of duty as inland bills of exchange	
The acceptor of a foreign bill of exchange payable in the U. S., must, before paying the same, place thereupon a stamp indicating the duty. 2	
Bills of lading of vessels for ports of the U. S., or British North America Ex'mt	
For any foreign port, on every bill of each set 10	
Bill of sale of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed \$500 50	
For every additional \$500 or fraction thereof 50	
Bill of sale of personal property 50	
Bond for indemnifying any person where the sum does not exceed \$1,000 50	
For every additional \$1,000 or fraction thereof 50	
Bond for due execution of duties of office 1 00	
Bond for deed or conveyance of land 25	
Bonds of any description other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged 25	
Cards, playing, per pack, price not exceeding 18 cents 2	
Over 18 and not over 25 cents per pack, 4	
Over 25 and not over 50 cents, 10	
Over 50 cents and not over \$1 15	
For each additional 50 or fraction, 05	
Certificate of loan same as promissory note 50	
Certificate of Deposit in bank, not over \$100 Exceeding \$100 2	
Certificate of stock in incorporated company 25	

Certificate of profits in incorporated company, for a sum not less than \$10 nor over \$50 10	
Over \$50 and not over \$1,000 25	
For every additional \$1,000 or fraction 25	
Certificate of Record upon the instrument recorded, Ex'mt	
Certificate of Record upon the book Ex'mt	
Certificate of weight or measurement Ex'mt	
Certificate of Damage and other documents issued by port warden or marine surveyor 25	
Certificate of any other description than those specified 5	
Certified transcript of judgment, and of all other papers recorded, and of papers on file, each 5	
Charter Party, or other writing relating to the charter, if the registered tonnage of the vessel does not exceed 150 tons 1 00	
Exceeding 150 and not exceeding 300 tons 3 00	
Exceeding 300 and not exceeding 600 tons 5 00	
Exceeding 600 tons 10 00	
Clearance same as manifest Contract see Agreement Contract, Brokers' 10	
Conveyance, Deed or other instrument conveying real property, the actual value of which exceeds one hundred and does not exceed five hundred dollars 50	
For every additional five hundred or fraction 50	
Disp'ch, telegraphic, where the first ten words does not exceed twenty cents Exceeding 20 cents, 3	
Documents made in foreign countries (power of attorney, deed, or other document) to be used in the United States, shall pay same duty as if issued in the U. S.	
Entry of goods or wares at the Custom House, either for consumption or warehousing, not exceeding \$100 in value 25	
Exceeding \$100 and not exceeding \$500 50	
Exceeding \$500 in value 1 00	
Withdrawal of goods from bonded warehouse 50	
Insurance (marine, inland and fire) where amount paid does not exceed ten dollars. 10	
From ten to fifty dollars 25	
Exceeding fifty dollars 50	
Insurance, (life,) when amount insured does not exceed one thousand dollars 25	
Over one thousand and not over five thousand dollars 50	
Over five thousand dollars 1 00	
Lease of lands or tenements where rental value does not exceed three hundred dollars per annum 50	
For every additional two hundred dollars or fraction 50	
Clause of guarantee of payment of rent five or additional 10	
Legal Documents, writ or other original process to commence suit in court of law or equity 50	
Where amount claimed in court not of record is over one hundred dollars 50	
Upon every confession of judgment, or cognovit for one hundred dollars or over 50	

Appeals from justices and other inferior courts to a court of record 50	
Warrants of Distress when amount of rent does not exceed one hundred dollars 25	
Exceeding one hundred dollars 50	
Letters of Credit, see Bills of Exchange, Foreign Letters of Administration see Probate of Will	
Manifest of Custom House entry or clearance of cargo of any vessel not exceeding three hundred tons 1 00	
From three hundred to six hundred tons 3 00	
Exceeding six hundred tons 5 00	
Matches in packages of one hundred or less 1	
For every additional one hundred in a package 1	
Match cigar lights and tapers, double the above rates	
Mortgages of real or personal property for a sum over one hundred and not over five hundred dollars 50	
For every additional five hundred dollars or fraction thereof 50	
Pawners' checks 5	
Pension papers, all papers relating to Ex'mt	
Passage ticket to a foreign port, costing not over \$35 50	
From \$35 to \$50 1 00	
For every additional fifty dollars or fraction 1 00	
Power of attorney to sell or transfer stock, bonds or scrip, or collect dividends thereon, 25	
To vote a election of incorporated company 10	
To receive or collect rent 25	
To convey real estate, or rent or lease the same 1 00	
For any other purpose 50	
Photographs, upon each picture the price of which does not exceed 25 cents 3	
From 25 to 50 cents 3	
From 50 cents to \$1 5	
For every additional one dollar or fraction thereof 5	
Probate of will, or letters of administration, where the value of both personal and real estate does not exceed \$2,000 1 00	
For every additional \$1000 or fraction thereof 50	
Bond of executors, administrators, trustees and guardians 50	
Letter of appointment Ex'mt	
Certificate of appointment 5	
Protest on note, bill of exchange, draft, etc., 25	
Promissory note not over \$100 5	
For every additional \$100 or fraction thereof 5	
Renewal of promissory note subject to same stamp duty 50	
Quitclaim deed should be stamped same as conveyance, except when given as release of mortgage, in which case it is Ex'mt	
Release, discharge, and satisfaction of mortgage. Ex'mt	
Receipt for sum exceeding \$20 2	
Returns, Gaugers', for quantity not exceeding 500 gallons 10	
Exceeding 500 gallons 25	
Returns, Measurers', for quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels 10	
Exceeding 1000 bushels 25	
Returns, Weighers' for weight not exceeding 5000 pounds 10	
Exceeding 5000 pounds 25	
Sheriff's return on writ or other process Ex'mt	
Trust deed made to secure a debt, same as mortgage.	
Conveying an estate, same as conveyance. 50	
Warehouse receipts for property or goods, not exceeding \$500 50	
From \$500 to \$1000 20	
For every additional \$1000 10	
Warehouse receipts not otherwise provided for 25	

**EUREKA BAKERY.**

**C. O. Terry,**  
SEATTLE, W. T.,

MANUFACTURER OF

**Ship Bread,**

ALL KINDS OF

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Fresh supplies received by every steamer, which are warranted to be pure and to give entire satisfaction. We would invite the attention of Dairymen, Ranchmen and others to our stock of

- White Sugar Beet, Ruta Baga.
- Mangel-Warzel, Field Pumpkin,
- Long Orange Carrot, Mam. Squash,
- Long White Belgium, Field Peas, etc.

Also to our stock of

- GRASSES AND CLOVERS.
- Kentucky Blue Grass, Italian Rye Grass, Creeping Bent Grass, Mixed Lawn Grass, Timothy, Millet, Alfalfa, White and Red Clover,

**GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS,**

of every variety, and in fact every article in the seed line worthy of cultivation are kept constantly on hand and offered for sale in quantities to suit purchasers. Packages of seeds weighing not over four pounds, can be forwarded by mail.

Orders by mail or express will receive prompt and faithful attention. Address, **GEO. F. SYLVESTER,** Seedman, 317 Washington street, between Battery and Front, San Francisco. [vol-3m]

**SEATTLE**

**FOUNDRY.**

**IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS**

Done at short notice by

**JAS. TIMON.**

Mr. JAMES TIMON begs leave to call the attention of the inhabitants of Seattle, and the Sound generally, that he has bought out the business heretofore carried on by Mr. Th. Martin, and is now prepared all kinds of work pertaining to business in a workmanlike manner and at shortest notice.

Terms Cash.

**SIRE'S HOTEL,**

[FORMERLY "WHAT CHURN HOUSE."] Commercial Street, Seattle, W. T.

DAVID SIRE'S, Proprietor

THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN and popular House, having been thoroughly renovated, enlarged and furnished, is now prepared to accommodate guests with greater comfort, and in a more accommodating manner than any House in this city.

The House will be conducted on the

**RESTAURANT PRINCIPLE**

BREAKFAST, from 6 to 11 o'clock  
DINNER, " 12, 2 "  
SUPPER, " 6, 8 "

Persons arriving on boats, accommodated at all hours, day or night.

Connected with the Hotel is

**A SPLENDID BAR**

always stocked with the BEST WINE, LIQUORS and CIGARS, in the market. —ALSO— one of Phelan's New Style Four Feet

**BILLIARD TABLES**

We would call the attention of passengers to the sign of the "Big Lantern" which is kept burning as long as the house is open.

Seattle, April 5th, 1866. sold

**STOVES! STOVES!**

**STOVES!**

**THE LARGEST AND BEST**

ASSORTMENT OF

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**WARES, TIN,**

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**WARES;**

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Others, the actor, has an income of \$70,000 per month.