

PUGET SOUND WEEKLY ARGUS.

VOL. 9.

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T., THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1879.

NO 27.

PUGET SOUND ARGUS

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ALLEN WEIR,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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All Accounts Settled Monthly.

COMMUNICATED.

PORT ANGELES, W. T., Aug. 8, '79.

EDITOR ARGUS:—
As little has been said about the funeral of the old ship Washington Libby, I think she deserves a few passing notes. At one time she was considered a fine ship, and many watched her departure and arrival—some with hopes of gain, others with hopes of seeing long absent friends. A wise Providence picked out a place to rest her old bones, so that none who composed her crew would lose their lives. When will our government take notice of the many old ships that are condemned by the assurance companies and then fitted out to carry coal or other cargoes which will founder them the first gale they meet? I have no doubt but that the sweet little cherub that sits aloft was wide awake, and took the first opportunity to save the life of poor Jack, for, had the vessel continued in the coal trade, you would have soon been called upon to chronicle her loss with "all hands on board," like the Grace Darling and many others I could mention. It is time all those old hulks had a general overhauling and were sent to the "honeyard" instead of being painted and puttied up to become coffins for many poor fellows. Many old vessels are being fitted out from our various sea-ports, with no care to their safe return, or for the many poor sailors who may be drowned. There will be a terrible reckoning some day, when all the murdered sailors and passengers meet their ship-owners and agents before that tribunal which takes no bribe.

IN MEMORIAM.

Shaky and rotten,
Soon to be forgotten—
Old ship Washington Libby.
What sadness surrounds her,
A wreck on the ground here
On Port Angeles Spit.
What hopes, joys and sorrows
That old ship has carried,
When an emigrant ship!
Thank that sweet little cherub
Who thought she had carried
Precious lives long enough,
So traced out a track
To save the life of poor Jack,
Which the old ship instinctively

followed.
RUSTLER.

QUILEUT, W. T., Aug. 6, '79.

EDITOR ARGUS:—
I notice that Port Townsend is taking some steps towards true greatness. To furnish reliable information to the hardy pioneers who will develop the vast, rich, hidden resources of the country surrounding, and pour its treasures into her lap, should not be neglected. A road from Clalam Bay to the Quileut would open a rich and fertile country. In time we will have a road from Port Townsend which will be our nearest and best market, but until that is done we must ship to Quileut river, or Clalam Bay. Wishing success to the enterprise, we commend it to public favor.

We have been haying for the past three weeks. I never saw better weather for the business, in any state. No rain; bright warm sun. The ocean fog has coursed up and down the coast, and, during a few nights, made its way inland; but it has dispersed before a burning sun in time to go to work, mornings. An inquirer writes me, "I am told it always rains in Quileut; that you never see the sun for fog; that crops will not grow; that wheat will not ripen." I came here Apr. 15, '78; have been disappointed in favor of this country. It is true that we have rain and fog here, but it is equally true that we have a good

share of fair weather—more than all men are willing to improve in labor. Good crops are grown, and grain will ripen. Yours, &c., A. J. SMITH.
P. S.—For two weeks past the nights have been so clear that the Allamabra by moonlight can't compare with our Mt. Olympic, for beautiful scenery, tho' it is said to be 65 miles away. A. J. S.

EDITOR ARGUS:—
Men who are advanced in life need not read the following lines about the filthy practice of using tobacco. It is addressed to young men, and boys especially. They may read, or sing if they choose, and it will make them wiser and better men:

Air—"Susanna."

I've thrown away my quid and plug,
I'll bid my pipe farewell;
I am resolved I will be free
From all tobacco smell.

[CHORUS.]

Farewell tobacco;
I'm no more your slave—
A free man I henceforth shall be;
My cash I'm bound to save.

The man who chews for twenty years,
Has a hard task to do;
Full half a ton! of this vile stuff,
The man has got to chew. [CHO.]

The quids, if all were saved, would be
A mountain pile to view!
The juice would fill nine hogheads full;
Hear this, all ye that chew!! [CHO.]

Two hundred dimes a year 'twill cost
Me, to support this vice;
I cannot stand such figures now,
I will not pay the price. [CHO.]

It costs so much, 'tis nasty too;
The practice I abhor!
And all that use the weed do look
As tho' they were sent for! [CHO.]

Come, one and all who hear my call,
And sign the pledge today;
'Twill save your dimes in these hard
times, [CHORUS.]

I'm sure it's going to pay.
Fare the well, Tobacco, &c.

[The piece may be sung, without the chorus, to "Auld Lang Sine."]
A. J. SMITH.
Quileut, W. T., Aug. 6, '79.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

WASHINGTON D. C., July 25, 1879.

A loud comment on the democratic cry "Fair and free elections," the "stop thief" cry of the democratic thief comes up very loud just now from Mississippi. The armed mobs of Democratic law breakers, so fearful of the lay out when in hands of honest and loyal citizen, are again at work to prevent the 35,000 Republican majority in Mississippi from having a chance to express itself. It appears that an independent political movement was started in Yazoo county, Miss., where 2000 Republican majority had been overcome by Democratic shot guns, whips, torches and halters. There was danger in this movement. It might result in preventing the success of the fraud and force with which the Democratic party carries elections. Mr. Otto R. Lingleton, who now represents a small minority of the voters of that District in Congress, got out their shot guns, whips and bowie knives, and halters and other democratic symbols of freedom and fairness in elections, and held a meeting. The following, which exhibits the result, is from a special dispatch from Yazoo city:

"The best men of the county—the merchants, the planters, the farmers and those engaged in other occupations—gathered together in town today to the number of several hundred, and considering as they did that the longer continuance of the Independent party in Yazoo was detrimental in the highest degree to the interests of the county (seeing a race issue had arisen in consequence of it) a committee was appointed to wait upon Capt. H. M. Dixon, the head of the Independent movement in this

county, and requested him to retire from the canvass. This he at first refused to do, giving reasons for the ground of his refusal, which were not deemed satisfactory to the great assembly of earnest, determined men. He finally, however, decided to quit the canvass now and forever, as the following card will show, so the political canvass in this county may be considered at an end. The democratic flag now waves over this glorious old county, uncontaminated and unchallenged; and long may it wave

"TO THE PUBLIC.

"For the sake of the peace and harmony of the county, and the affection I bear for my family and friends, I agree to withdraw from the political canvass or race issue in the future, provided, I will be protected in my rights as any other citizen; and my friend, R. A. Flannagan, is to be unmolested in his rights, &c.

H. M. DIXON,
Yazoo city, July 25, 1879."

And so the political canvass in that county may be considered at an end and the democratic flag waves uncontaminated and unchallenged. The votes are cast, counted and declared three months in advance of the date of election and the 2,000 Republican majority in Yazoo county will by their Democratic representatives in the Mississippi legislature vote for Jeff Davis for U. S. Senator.

This is one of the steps of preparation for the second rebellion to be inaugurated after the next Presidential election in an attempt by force to install the Democratic candidate in the Presidential office, with the stop thief cry of force and fraud for a pretext. This is undoubtedly the programme of the unrepentant rebels who rule the Democratic party, and who at the last session of Congress boasted of their treason and declared that their sentiments are now just what they were when they began their rebellion in 1861. And Northern doughfaces in the Democratic party are as subservient to their Southern masters as they were before the rebellion.

Now comes a plan for building a railway across the Isthmus, in place of digging a canal. The road is to be of capacity to carry loaded vessels. Capt. Eads, of the Mississippi jetties, originates the schemes and will ask the government for a force of engineers to examine into it. LEO.

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Skagit City, Washington Territory. [23in]

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ALLEN WEIR, : : Editor and Proprietor.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1879.

TELEGRAPHIC.

EASTERN STATES.

The Laboring Classes.

New York, Aug. 11.—The Times prints three columns of comparative labor statistics for this country and Europe, and says in every case it will be found that the American laborer is paid better and can maintain himself and family at less cost than the European workman in a similar branch of industry...

The Southern Scourge.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—The national board of health has the following dispatch from the U. S. consul at Matanzas:

Reliable information from Tampico to Aug. 1st says: We have a yellow fever epidemic worse than New Orleans last year. People die like flies. Quarantine at Bagdad against Tampico is still efficient. Medical inspector Somers Robinson, of the navy, and Mr. Daniel M. Burgess, several years resident of Havana, will perform the duties of inspectors—the former at Matanzas, the latter at Havana.

A Duel

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Frank T. Taylor, aged 19, and Robt. E. Barnard, age 16, the former clerk in the office of Casey Young, of Tennessee, a representative, and the latter Young's nephew and private secretary, had a duel this morning near Bladensburg. Shots were exchanged when Mr. Young appeared and put an end to further hostilities. It was then stated that the pistols were fixed with blank cartridges.

The Sprague Scandal.

PROVIDENCE, Aug. 14.—An extract from a private letter from Mrs. Sprague to a friend, given for publication, makes reference to the now notorious outbreak at the mansion near Narragansett pier. She says: "Sprague's causeless persecution of the children's teacher is literally true as he tells the story. The attempt to complicate Conkling with this matter is absurd. The guests of the house were removed under Governor Sprague's threats of 'murder to be done.'"

Reported Drownings.

Boston, Aug. 13.—It is reported here tonight that the yacht Startle, which had been hired by a party from Haverhill, Mass., capsized off Lenox's Ledge in the harbor, this afternoon, and several persons drowned.

Arizona Mines.

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—General Fremont, who started on his return to Arizona several days ago, has made arrangements for the introduction of considerable capital into Arizona mining enterprises, provided experts, recently dispatched thither, shall report favorably.

The Fever.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 14.—Twenty-six cases were reported to the board of health up to noon, 19 of whom were colored. Nine interments have been reported by undertakers. Weather warm.

Forty new cases in all were reported to the board of health to-day, 30 of whom are colored. But one additional interment was reported.

A Lightning Flash.

PARKER, Pa., Aug. 14.—This morning at 5 o'clock lightning struck the iron tank on the united pipe line opposite this city, owned by Wm. Memhall, of Pittsburg, and containing 18,000 barrels of oil. The tank was torn to pieces, and the burning oil flowed down the hill-side, destroying several oil wells and five dwellings, and communicated to a tank of 5,000 barrels, owned by L. R. Brown, which, together with the loading rack of the united pipe line, was destroyed. Total loss, \$40,000.

Fatal Railroad Smash-Up.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 14.—A collision on the Atlantic City Narrow Gauge Railroad this afternoon between an excursion train of nine cars and a freight train from Atlantic City, resulted in the death of five persons and slightly injuring two others. The freight train was expected to reach Clementon to allow the excursion train to pass, but when nearing Clementon came in sight, and the engineers whistled down brakes. The freight train slowed up considerably, but the excursion train was going at about 15 miles per hour. When the engines came together the freight train was partly thrown over an embankment but the excursion remained on the track. Engineers and firemen, finding the collision inevitable, saved themselves by leaping. When the whistles blew the conductor on the excursion train rushed to one of the brakes and two brakemen to two others and these were jammed to death, together with a deaf mute boy and a passenger standing upon a platform. Passengers in the cars were not injured except two, slightly. The 300 passengers, men, women and children, were taken from the cars through the windows. Some continued the trip to the seaside, but far the greater number returned home. The bodies of the dead were taken to their former residences.

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Chili vs. Peru.

New York, Aug. 14.—The Star and Herald of Panama says: Chili loses over one million dollars by recent raids of the Peruvian war ship Huascar. Calama has been evacuated by Chilians, and all their forces are concentrated at Antofagasta. Peruvians, it is said, to a descent upon the Peruvian coast. Business in Peru and on the whole coast is utterly demoralized.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Cholera and Collisions.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—Two fatal cases of cholera occurred here last week.

The steamer Corsica from Cardiff for New York and the steamer Semiramide from Boston for Liverpool, came in collision 100 miles off Fasnet, and the Semiramide went down. The crew were saved. Both vessels were iron.

English Crops and Markets.

The Mark Lane Express says that there have been some intervals of sunshine during the past week which have been beneficial to growing crops and hay making. Cold nights, however, militated much against ripening of cereals, and it is only in the south that wheat is changing color. Even under the most favorable conditions it is improbable that any home grown wheat will be seen in Mark Lane before the first week in September. In 1878 first sample appeared in Mark Lane on the 11th of August. Some of the hay crop has been secured, but in many instances in a very unfit state. The condition of the root crop is very variable. Potatoes appear to be thriving fairly in Scotland and Ireland, and the consumption of maize in Ireland has consequently decreased. In the midland counties of England a disease has appeared and the condition of the potato crop is deplorable. In short, the improvement of the agricultural situation is very slight, and the harvest cannot be otherwise than deficient. Very little English wheat was offered during the week either at Mark Lane or at county exchanges.

Business has been to a great extent of a holiday character, but in most instances sellers had no difficulty in obtaining last week's prices. Imports of foreign wheat continue on a liberal scale, and in consequence of recent improvement in the weather, business ruled quiet but steady without any material alteration in prices. A further advance however, is by no means improbable, as a recurrence of a rain storm might render the English crop a total failure. For some weeks hence the weather will govern the market even in the face of large summer supplies and the knowledge of a large surplus possessed by America. There has been a steady falling demand during the week for American and Russian descriptions. Finer sorts of foreign white wheat, such as Australian and New Zealand, have also been in good request. The scarcity of maize has caused a raise of a shilling per quarter. All other descriptions of feeding corn also tended against buyers. Arrivals at ports of call have been small. Wheat off coast quiet and declined about six pence per quarter.

Another circular says: Forward wheat was firmly held by the first hand seller, and but little business was done. A few resales of Red Winter cargoes for August and September shipment were effected at 43s 6d per quarter. Maize has been in large request the past few days, chiefly for October and November shipment, at an improvement of fully 1s per quarter. Barley has also advanced 6d to 1s. Sales of English wheat last week amounted to 15,857 quarters at 49s 7d per quarter, against 34,400 quarters at 44s 1d per quarter for the same week last year. Imports into the United Kingdom for the week ending August 2d were 945,273 cwt wheat, and 211,223 cwt flour. Another week of fine weather has wrought considerable improvement in the harvest prospects of France. Harvest has terminated in the south, but even in the most favored localities the yield of wheat does not exceed an average. In some of the southwestern departments the yield is decidedly deficient. In the center, if not, indeed, of a bountiful harvest, but of a yield certainly surpassing that of 1878.

On Mark Lane Monday, the samples of English wheat on offer were firmly held for last week's prices, but without attracting much attention. Foreign arrivals were large and with finer weather the market was quiet with a moderate consumptive demand at 6d to 1s decline on fortnight. Flour steady and unchanged in price. Barley six pence per quarter higher. Maize one shilling to one shilling and six pence higher on fortnight. Oats advanced six pence.

Stanley, the Explorer.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—Harry M. Stanley arrived at Sierra Leone on the 24th of July and started for the river Congo.

On the War Path.

The News' St. Petersburg correspondent reports that Turcomans are retiring on Mero and the Northern desert. They have sent several thousand sheep to Khiva to exchange for corn for the coming campaign. It is reported that an English merchant has sold to Tekke Turcomans, 1,800 Martini rifles.

They Want War.

Advices from Tainina state that slight encounters have already taken place near the Greek frontier. The tone of the newspapers in Athens is becoming warlike.

More Damage to Crops.

A severe thunder storm yesterday damaged crops in the midland counties.

The Darien Canal.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 14.—Of 800,000 shares of the Panama canal scheme put on the market, about 20,000 shares have been applied for, and these chiefly through the syndicate supporting scheme. Despite this undoubted failure, it is known in financial circles at London that De Lesseps, backed by the members of the French syndicate, is determined to persevere with the project.

PACIFIC COAST.

Hot Times in Arizona.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 12.—A Phoenix, Arizona dispatch says: Out of many conflicting reports of so-called Indian depredations, the facts are that a raiding party composed of Americans, Mexicans and Indians, the latter long residents of Chihuahua, stole nearly 200 animals. The raiders were followed to South Mule pass and three of the Americans and two Mexicans were killed. The troops are continuing the pursuit.

Baldwin's Dodge.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 13.—E. J. Baldwin, whose distillery at Santa Anita ranch, Los Angeles county, was seized and himself arrested for violation of the revenue laws, waived examination and was held to answer in the sum of \$3,000. In examining witnesses in order to fix the amount of bail, Baldwin's agent stated that it had been the regular custom to re-fill stamped packages for retail business and that Baldwin said he was paying the government well enough, and it stood him in hand to get the best of them when he could.

San Francisco Politics.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 14.—The Democratic county convention nominated Robert Howe, ex-senator for sheriff; P. Saunders for county treasurer, Edward F. Drumm for superintendent of streets, and D. L. Smoot for district attorney. Smoot was already nominated for the same office by the W. P. C.

The H. Bs. and Democrats have fused. Committees of ten on conference have been appointed to adjust terms of compromise. The H. Bs. got a decided advantage in the bargain. They secured a majority of the water commissioners, the mayor and auditor, and three out of five election commissioners, which consists of the mayor, auditor, tax collector, city and county attorney and surveyor. They secured the office of city and county attorney, which official is the legal adviser of the water commissioners, and by whose legal instructions they are governed. By this arrangement they gain complete and absolute control of the city government. It was stipulated by the Democrats of the conference that no man should be nominated by the bills for mayor, who has already received a nomination and was agreed to. Of the supervisors the H. Bs. got 7 out of 12.

Trade Trouble Settled.

VERMONT, Aug. 13.—The difficulty between the mechanics' union and the V. & T. Railroad, was settled to-day. The union gains all its points, and Tom Clark is disposed from the engine to-morrow to make room for a union man.

Mad Termination.

VALLEJO, Aug. 14.—A party of officers and ladies from Benicia barracks, accompanied by the 8th infantry band, embarked on the steamer Rival, from Benicia, on the evening of the 12th inst., for a visit to the navy yard, Mare Island. Everything went smoothly until the return. When near the south end of the island, in the morning, the boat shipped a heavy sea, which came near capsizing her, and washed overboard two musicians, and every effort made to rescue the men proved unavailing.

We All Know Him

The editor was sitting in his sanctum when a man, laboring under considerable apparent excitement, walked in with a paper in his hand, and pointing to a small paragraph said:

"The genial Col. Mumblechock thinks of taking an eastern journey soon. May he enjoy a pleasant trip, is the wish of many friends."

"Now, sir," said the excited man, "I am Colonel Mumblechock, and I have called to inquire by what authority you make use of my name in your paper?"

"First time I ever saw it," replied the editor, glancing at the item, "but I suppose it is all right. My local reporter is quite enterprising in his pursuit of news."

"But I never gave him permission to use my name in this manner," replied the Colonel.

"Very likely," said the editor, "but you are going East soon, are you not?"

"Certainly."

"And you haven't any objection to your friends wishing you a pleasant trip?"

"That is all right, but I don't want my name in the paper, and in the future you will oblige me by leaving it out."

"Of course," said the editor, "if you desire it," and the Colonel bowed himself stiffly out.

"John," said the editor to his office boy, "follow that man and see where he goes, and come back and report to me."

John did as he was requested, and shortly after he came back and reported that Colonel Mumblechock went to the counting-room and bought twenty-five papers which, after marking something in them, he ordered put in wrappers, and was busy in directing them.

Cincinnati is chuck full of Mumblechocks. They prefer to be highly indignant if their names appear in some trifling item—wonder how the reporter got hold of it, and bluster about terribly, and yet they are secretly delighted at seeing their names in print, and invest heavily in papers to send to friends. The only way to really offend them is, not to mention them at all.—[Cincinnati Saturday Night.

To render a MSS. suitable to the editor, always roll it up, write on both sides of the paper in pure red ink, and tie it with a small rope which requires hours of effort to untie. It will be sure of an early insertion—in the waste basket.—[Yates County Chronicle.

Mexico is at it again, and President Diaz is greatly encouraged in the hope that his country will yet be able to make 3000 revolutions a minute without slipping her eccentric

Highly-Seasoned Food

As long as the American people consume such quantities of stimulating and highly-seasoned food as they do, they will want to imbibe stimulating drinks. Stimulating food and stimulating drinks go necessarily together. The one is the concomitant of the other. Many a man who seasons his dinner liberally with the contents of the castor excites in his system a thirst for something stronger than cold water. Not that cold water would not be the best thing with which to extinguish the fire he has kindled within the vital domain by the use of such hot, stimulating condiments; but that it is too insipid. Having partaken of such highly-seasoned food, he craves a drink equally stimulating. * * * Now, it is not true that everyone who eats inordinately and of stimulating and highly-seasoned food is a drunkard, but I hold that such a one, by his manner of living, supplies a very important condition for becoming a drunkard. That he does not become one is, perhaps, because of a moral principle, acting in conjunction with a great will power to restrain his appetite for diffusible stimulants; for we hold that in such a case this appetite, to a greater or less extent, exists. The converse of this proposition, however, is true—that, as a general thing, men who are fond of stimulating drinks are also fond of stimulating and highly-seasoned food. On the other hand, it was the opinion of Liebig, founded upon observation, that persons who live mostly upon farinaceous and amyloaceous food cannot take wine; all kinds of alcoholic drink seem to be repugnant to such. It is only those whose daily diet consists largely of animal food who can relish spirituous liquors. Savage nations living in tropical regions, where they have subsisted mostly upon fruits and vegetables, the spontaneous productions of mother earth, have rarely, upon coming into contact with the white man and his fire-water, fallen victims to intemperance like the North American Indian, who, living by the chase, has subsisted wholly upon animal food.—Sunday Afternoon for August.

Eugenie's Souvenirs of Her Son.

The poor Empress, writes a correspondent of the Boston Journal, in her melancholy seclusion of Camden House, has the sympathy of everybody, including the old ladies who are her enemies, and who would not admit once upon a time that she was a good wife and mother. She received the Queen of England the other day in the famous blue boudoir, where she has collected all the souvenirs which may hereafter have only a tragical interest to her. There under a glass can she keep the casts of the right hand of the Emperor and the young Prince, and these two hands are represented as holding the adoption of the law ordering the reconstruction of the column in the Place Vendome. There also, on a dainty shelf, is a little white satin rosette that the Prince Imperial wore on the day of his first communion. By a singular stroke of luck this tiny piece of ribbon was found intact in the midst of the ruins of the Tuileries, preserved in some miraculous manner from even a single stain. And there, too, on a pedestal, and carefully shielded from harm, is a marble bust of the Prince, which was likewise uninjured by the fire. The grief of the ex-Empress is overwhelming, and she wanders from room to room weeping the whole day long. As the bed chamber and the study of the Emperor have been kept exactly as they were on the day of his death, so are the rooms of the young Prince left precisely as he quitted them, never to return, and the beds of both the Emperor and the Prince are constantly covered with fresh violets. In the chamber of the Emperor stands a large wardrobe which contains every object which Napoleon III. took from the Tuileries when he went to the war that on the 4th of September, 1870, he would call his own, namely, his uniform. What a comment on the insecurity of human greatness.

The Upbringing of Children.

It is the duty of every parent to do everything in their power to bring up their children to be gentle, kind, and with a love for home. One of the easiest ways to do this is to give the boy a horse, a dog, or some kind of animal, or give him the entire control of a fine lot of poultry—not mongrels, but something that he will value, and so care for. You will in this way create a love for home, and thus keep him from loafing on the street or at the store, leading for years an almost purposeless existence, in which the seeds of vice, dissipation and after wretchedness are so thickly sown.

The most treacherous memory in the world belongs to a young man with a new watch

A young man may do worse things than write poetry; but other bad habits do not so generally afflict his neighbors.

News by Mail.

Reno, Nev., is to have a \$14,000 school house.

One warehouse alone in Woodland, Cal., is receiving 200 tons of wheat daily.

The export of wheat from Russia is diminishing enormously, but the export of rye is increasing.

Statistics of the silk crop of France, Italy, Spain and Portugal show an immense deficit compared to former years.

Nine thousand six hundred and forty-two and one-half tons of water now flow daily through the Sutro tunnel from the Comstock.

The American hop crop will be from one-third to one-half less than last year, and a like deficiency exists in England, France and Bavaria.

Ex-Governor Downey, of California, has made a deed of gift of several lots in West Los Angeles for the purpose of establishing a Methodist University there.

Secretary Schurz expects to leave Washington about the 20th inst. for Cincinnati, where he will deliver a speech. Before returning he will visit Indian agencies.

The average rate paid for farm labor west of the Mississippi is \$23 81 monthly. In the Pacific States the average is \$38 32, an increase of 4 1/2 per cent. over last year's average.

A peculiar race inhabiting the north-eastern portion of Siberia has been discovered. They are small, have brownish, yellow skin, coal black eyes and hair, a joyless, almost frozen expression of face, live in tents, dress in skins and feed on seal fish.

Newman Hall, the eminent Congregational pulpit orator of London, has obtained a decree of divorce from his wife on account of her adultery with one Richardson, a stable-keeper. The trial created great sensation. The wife brought counter charges of the same character.

A visit of the United States ship Kearsage to the Gulf of St. Lawrence is earnestly asked for by the local papers on the fishery coast. A Gloucester, Mass., dispatch, says: "Matters have come to an intolerable pass down there. We are worse off than before the five millions were paid."

Bride Cake.

It is not generally known that the custom of having bride-cake, without which, even in this day, any wedding within the domain of civilization would be counted as incomplete, is derived from the most solemn of the three connubial ceremonies observed by the ancient Romans. This was called confarreatio, the other ceremonies being comemptio, the pretended purchase by which the parties bought one another with a bit of coin, and usus, the consummation or taking home of the bride. The latter two are alone mentioned by Cicero, which shows that the first form had grown obsolete before his time. Confarreatio was performed by the chief priest or priests of Jupiter; a formula was pronounced in the presence of 10 witnesses, and the man and woman ate of a cake of salted wheaten bread, throwing part of it on the sacrifice, which was that of a sheep. The cake was termed far, or panis farreus, (corn or wheaten bread); whence the name of the ceremony. By this form the woman was said to be possessed of her husband by the sacred laws, and became a partner of all his substance and sacred rites, those of the Penates as well as Lares. If he died intestate and without children, she inherited all his property. If she had children she received an equal share with them. The offspring of this form of marriage were designated as patrimi or matrimi, from whom were chosen priests and priestesses, especially the priests of Jupiter and the vestal virgins. The Emperor Tiberius wanted three priests of this pure lineage, but could not get them owing to the general disuse of the ceremony in his reign. Confarreatio was dissoluble only by a form of divorce, disfarreatio, regarded as its equivalent in solemnity. That bride-cake is a relic of confarreatio is evident from the fact that until two centuries since it was made of wheat or barley, without fruit. We should think that, with the present revival of, and love for, the old, young women of classic culture and taste would insist that the bride-cake should be of the ancient sort. It might add to the serious and sacred character of the occasion.

A young lady graduate in a neighboring county read an essay entitled "Employment of Time." Her composition was based on the text, "Time wasted is existence; used, is life." The next day she purchased eight ounces of zephyr of different shades and commenced working a sky blue dog with sea-green ears and a pink tail on a piece of yellow canvas. She expects to have it done by next Christmas.—Norristown Herald.

The Child's Influence.

"There is 'Whisky Bill,' who used to drive the old white horse in front of a 25-cent wagon," repeated the man in tones of surprise.

"Yes!" "Well, now, it's a curious case," he slowly continued. "We all thought he had gone to the dogs, for sure, for he was drinking a pint of whisky a day, but a few months ago he braced right up, stopped drinking, and now I hear he's in good business and saving money. It beats all, for the last time I saw him he was half underground."

When you go home at night and find that all is well with your own flesh and blood, do you go to sleep reasoning that the rest of the world must care for itself? Do you ever shut your eyes and call up the hundreds of faces you have met during the day, and wonder if the paleness of death will cover any of them before the morrow? When you have been once attracted to a face, even if it be a stranger's, do you let it drop from memory with your dreams, or do you call it up again and again as night comes down and hope it may lose none of its brightness in the whirling mist of time?

No Whisky Bill was hunted down. And inquiry here and there finally traced him to a little brown cottage on a by street. He sat on the steps in the twilight, a burly, broad-shouldered man of fifty, and in the house three or four children gathered around a lamp to look over a picture-book.

"Yes, they used to call me 'Whisky Bill,' down town," he replied, as he moved along and made room. "But it is weeks since I heard the name. No wonder they think me dead, for I've not set eyes on the old crowd for months, and I don't want to for months to come."

"They tell me you have quit drinking. One could see that by your face." "I hope so. I haven't touched a drop since February. Before that I was half drunk day in and day out, and more of a brute than a man. I don't say that my wife's death set me to thinking; but I didn't stop my liquor. God forgive me, but I was drunk when she died, half drunk at the grave, and I meant to go on a regular spree that night. I was low down, sir, and I was no better than a brute those days."

"And so you left your motherless children at home and went out and got drunk."

"No. I said I meant to, but I didn't. The poor things were crying all day, and after coming home from the burial I thought to get 'em tucked away in bed before I went out. Drunk or sober I never struck one of 'em a blow, and they never ran from me when I staggered home. There's four of 'em in there, and the youngest isn't quite four years yet. I got the older ones in bed all right, and then came little Ned. He had cried himself to sleep, and he called for mother as soon as I woke him. Until that night I never had the boy on my knee, to say nothing of putting him to bed, and you can guess these big fingers made slow work with the hooks and buttons. Every minute he kept saying, mother didn't do that way; and the big children were hiding their heads under the quilts to drown their sobs. When I had his clothes off and his nightgown on I was ashamed and put him down, and when the oldest saw tears in my eyes, and jumped out of bed to put her arms around my neck, I dropped the name of 'Whisky Bill' right then and forever."

"And little Ned?" "Mebbie I'd have weakened but for him," replied the man as he wiped his eyes. "After I got the child's nightgown on, what did he do but kneel right down beside me and wait for me to say the Lord's Prayer to him! Why, sir, you might have knocked me down with a feather! There I was mother and father to him, and I couldn't say four words of that prayer to save my life! He waited and waited and waited for me to begin as his mother had, and the big children were waiting, and when I took him in my arms and kissed him, I called heaven to witness that my life should change from that hour. And so it did, sir, and I've been trying hard to lead a sober, honest life. God helping me, no one shall call me 'Whisky Bill' again."

The four children, little Ned in his nightgown, came out for a good-night kiss, and the boy cuddled in his father's arms and said:

"Good night, pa—good night, everybody in the world—good night, ma, up in Heaven—and don't put out the light 'till we get to sleep!"—Detroit Free Press.

The Paris Mint has commenced the coining of 14,800,000 francs in gold, silver and bronze pieces for the Servian Government. The die adopted is that of the Latin Union. Servia has no national money yet, and business has hitherto been transacted in the coins of the adjoining countries.

Old Sol wins every heat in the Summer rays.

The Gourmand.

The individual gourmand is not yet an extinct being. There are few dinner tables which his presence does not offend. The waiters know him of old; they scent him from afar. He is acquainted with the excellence and the defects in the cooking of every tavern of note in the city. He knows the quality of every dish upon the menu; there is no mystery for him in the most incomprehensible of French names. He takes his seat at the table with the manner of one who has a great duty before him, and who intends fulfilling it to the uttermost. He opens his menu, places it against the decanter in front of him, and tucks his napkin under his chin. By these preliminaries you may know him, and it will be well that you should recognize him at first, so as to spare yourself the trouble of trying to engage him in conversation, for he is there not to talk, but to eat. Running his eye down the card, he ticks his favorite dishes, and, buttonholing the waiter, begins to worry him forthwith: "Now, don't forget; and mind, I can't touch it underdone. Crisp, you know, crisp and brown. What's that you say—no more asparagus? Why, you've only brought me twice! Ah! guinea fowls, eh? Well, if there's one thing I have a weakness for, it's a larded guinea fowl; but where are the peas? Oh, hang it, waiter, you know this will never do—guinea fowl and no peas! Why, you'll want me to eat Spring chickens without York ham next time I come here. There; take it away. I shan't get over this for a week; no peas, eh? Oh, yes! Look here; I'll have some of these peaches a la Condi, and let them be a la Condi, and not a la anything else. It's not a week ago that a fool of a waiter brought me the souflee de creme and swore it was ice pudding. He thought I didn't know an ice pudding when I saw an ice pudding; but he made a mistake. And I say, none of your new Stilton for me, you know; don't try to come any fresh stuff over me, because it won't do; real ripe, and with a dash of old port over it, that's about my form." Heaven help the waiter! His assailant won't give him more than sixpence.—The University Magazine.

Useful Bees.

There are few persons who have any idea of the immense agricultural and horticultural service rendered by bees, but a calculation just made by Rev. M. Sauppe, a great bee master, of Zucken-dorf, Saxony, goes far to prove the utility and importance of bee culture. His calculation is that out of each of the 17,000 hives to be met with in Saxony, 10,000 bees fly per day—equal to 170,000,000—each bee four times, equal to 680,000,000 of flights, or in 100 days, equals to 680,000,000,000. Each bee before flying homeward visits fifty flowers, therefore the assemblage has visited no less than 3,400,000,000,000 of flowers. If out of ten only one flower has become fertilized, 340,000,000,000 of fertilized flowers would be the result. Supposing the value of the fertilization of 5,000 flowers to be only a German pfennig (one-tenth of a penny), the united bees of Saxony have earned per annum the sum of 68,000,000 pfennigs—\$80,000 marks, or about \$170,000. Thus each hive is calculated to do a national service to the value of \$10 per annum, and this they do while paying more than the expenses of their keeping by the honey they gather. Upon these figures M. Sauppe recommends that more bees should be reared and kept in Saxony, but his recommendation will do for this country as well.—Boston Com. Bulletin.

Woman's Perfidy.

Here is a fearful instance of woman's perfidy. A young man in the country went to take his girl for a walk, but found that she had not done her milking. With a gallantry that does credit to the young man, he volunteered to do the milking for her while she was making her toilet. After he had got her milking done, had hung the milk stool on the bars, and set the pail of milk in the kitchen, washed his hands at the pump with soft soap, and wiped them on the tail of his duster, he discovered that she had gone to a circus with another young man who did know enough to extract milk from a milk wagon. The deserted young man kicked over the milk pail, and went his way a sadder man.

Steps are being taken to put in operation the plans for improving the navigation of the Seine in the interior of Paris. The project consists in raising by a yard the weir of Suresnes, and dredging in certain places. The engineers consider that by these operations a depth of three metres may be obtained as high as Point National. The expense is calculated at 10,500,000 francs.

Many men resemble the clam, for you can see all there is in them when they open wide their mouths.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

PORTLAND, August 15 1874. Legal tenders in Portland, buying, par, and selling Silver coin in Portland the banks quote at 1 per cent. discount to par. Coin exchange on New York, 1 per cent. premium. Coin exchange on San Francisco, par to 1/2 per cent. premium. Telegraphic transfers on New York, 1 per cent. premium.

Home Produce Market. The following quotations represent the wholesale rates from producers or first hands: FLOUR—Quotable in jobbing lots at: Standard brands, \$4 75@5 00; best country brands, \$4 00@4 75; superfine, \$3 00@3 75. WHEAT—Valley, 15@21; Umpqua, 22@23; Eastern Oregon, 14@17c. Very choice of Valley, Umpqua and Eastern Oregon command an advance on these terms. WHEAT—\$1 52@1 57 1/2 for average; milling, \$1 00@1 45; walls Walla Walla from 2 1/2@3 50 cts. less. POTATOES—Quotable at 90c@1 00 per 100 lbs, as to description and quality. MIDDINGS—Jobbing at feed, \$20@25; fine, \$25@27 1/2 per ton. BRAN—Jobbing at per ton, \$15. OATS—Feed, per cental, \$1 20@1 25; choice a shade higher. BACON—Sides, \$7@8; hams, 10@12c; shoulders, 6@7c. HAY—Timothy baled, buying at \$10@12 per ton; weak. LARD—In kegs none; new in tins, 9@10c. BUTTER—We quote choice dairy at 25c; good fresh roll, 20@22c; ordinary, 15@18c, whether brine or sold; common, 12@15c; market steady; California fresh roll, 22@25. GREEN FRUITS—Apples, good to choice, 50c@55 per box; Limes, \$1@1 50 per box; Oranges, \$2 50@3 per 100. DRIED FRUITS—Apples, sun dried, 4@5c; machine dried, 6@8c. Peas, machine dried, 7@8c. Plums, machine dried, 15@18c; pitted, 10@12c; with pits, no sale. EGGS—25c per dozen. POULTRY—Hens and roosters, \$4@4 50; chickens \$2 75@3. CHICKENS—Oregon, 10@12c; California, 10@15c. HOGS—Dressed, 5c per foot, 3c. BEEF—Live weight, 2 1/2@3c, for good to choice. SHEEP—Live weight, 2 1/2@3c. HIDES—Quotable at 13@14c for all over 16 lbs, one-third off for under that, also one-third off for culls. TALLOW—Quotable at 5@5 1/2c.

General Merchandise. RICE—Market quoted at China mixed, 5 1/2@6; Japan, 6@7 1/2; Sandwich Island, 7@8 1/2. COFFEE—Costa Rica, 16@17 1/2; Java, 25c; Rio, none; Guatemala, 16@17c. TEAS—We quote Japan in flowered boxes 35@40c; Langued boxes, 45@50c; nap. r. 30@37c. CGARS—Sandwich Island, 7 1/2@9c; Golden C. in bbls 9c; hf bbls 5c; Crushed bbls, 10c; hf bbls, 10c; Pulverized bbls 11c, hf bbls 11c; Granulated bbls 10c, hf bbls 10c. SYRUPS—Quotable at 47c in bbls, 50c in hfs, and 55c in kegs. SARDINES—Qr boxes, \$1 00; hf boxes, \$2 1/2@3. YEAST POWDER—Donnelly, 19@20c gross; Dooley, 20@22c gross; Preston & Merrill, 24c gross. WINES—Sherry, foreign in bbl, \$2 50@3; in cs, \$7@8. Sherry, domestic in bbl, \$1 50@2 50; in cs, \$4 50@6. Port, foreign in bbl, \$2 50@3; in cs, \$7@8. Port, domestic in bbl, \$1 50@2; in cs, \$4 50@6. Angelica, domestic in bbl, \$1 50@2 50; in cs, \$4 50@6. Muscatel, domestic in bbl, \$1 75@2 50. Raisins, domestic in bbl, \$1 00@1 25. Nonpareil White, domestic in bbl, \$1 00@1 25; in cs, \$4 00@5 00. Claret, foreign in bbl, \$1 50@2 00; in cs, \$4 50@6. Claret, domestic in bbl, 75c; in cs, \$2 1/2@4. CANDLES—Emery, 12 1/2c; Pick & Shovel, 15c; Hawk nose, 20c; Grant, 16c; wax, 21c. SPIRITS AND MALT LIQUORS—The following are the prices current of certain brands of whiskies and beer: J. H. Cutler, old Bourbon whisky, manufactured by C. P. Moorman & Co., Kentucky, \$3 25@3 75; M. M. Marshall, Kentucky, \$3; other brands, \$1 50@2 75. OILS—Ordinary brands of coal, 25c; high grades, Dwyer & Co., 35@42c; boiled linseed, 80c; raw linseed, 80c; pure lard, 11@11 1/2; tallow, \$1 25@1 50; terepentine, 30@35c.

SAN FRANCISCO PRODUCE MARKET

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 13. FIRST DISPATCH. WHEAT—Dull and weak. BARLEY—Quiet and steady for choice. COGNAC—Large yellow sold for 82 1/2c. FLOUR—Quiet but very firm. WOOL—Steady, with fair demand. SECOND DISPATCH. WHEAT—Milling, California choice, \$1 67 1/2 is offered. Shipping, California good, \$1 65. Receipts are larger. Demand is for choice and is of a slow and cautious character. Market weak and dull. The general impression is that values are too high for season, others think a sharp advance is near. Buyers are few, and all manifest the same indisposition. FLOUR—Market about bare of Walla Walla. Demand good. Local delivery dull. NEW YORK MARKETS. NEW YORK, Aug. 13. WHEAT—Quiet. FLOUR—Steady. WOOL—Quiet. CHICAGO MARKETS. CHICAGO, Aug. 13. WHEAT—85 1/2c asked for September. BACON—Short rib sides, \$4 42 1/2. PORK—\$8 30 asked for September. LARD—\$5 47 1/2@5 50 asked for September. ENGLISH COTTON MARKET. LIVERPOOL, Aug. 13. COTTON—Firm. Uplands, 6 7/16. Orleans, 6 1/4. English Wheat Market. LONDON, August 13.—Floating cargoes, rather easier. Cargoes on passage and for shipment, rather easier. Mark Lane, quiet. Quotations of good cargoes off coast 480 lbs, sea damage for sellers' account, less usual 2 1/2 per cent. commission: Med. Ch. or Mil., 42s 6d@43s; Red Winter, 47s 6d; Cala., 500 lbs, 47s 6d. Good shipping Cala. wheat on passage, per 500 lbs, Queenstown for orders, just shipped or to be promptly shipped, 46s; nearly due, 46s 6d@47s; Oregon for shipment, 47s. Fair average Chicago or Milwaukee, for shipment during present month and following one, per 480 lbs, Am. terms, 41s. Imports of wheat into U. K. during past week, 395,000@400,000 qrs. Imports of flour into U. K. during past week, 100,000@105,000 bbls. Weather in England, cloudy. LIVERPOOL, August 13.—Wheat, on spot, rather easier. Red Winter, 9s 1d. White Michigan, 9s 6d. No. 1 standard, 9s 9d. No. 2 standard, 9s 4d. Red Am. Spring, No. 3 to No. 2, shipping, per cental, 8s@8s 9d. Peter Cooper says: "I made it a point to put away something every day. When I worked for a dollar a day I saved money, and have always done so. That is the secret of wealth. Save something every day."

A man would rather live with a cross-eyed woman than with a cross mouthed one.

OLYMPIA ADVERTISEMENTS.

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PUGET SOUND ARGUS.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF JEFFERSON CO

THURSDAY, AUGUST 21, 1879.

A CHAPTER OF LOCAL HISTORY.

New York has its dark side; so has Port Townsend. In every community, in the character of almost every individual, there is something to deprecate; yet the faithful chronicler does not hesitate to speak truly, and present all of the different phases of human life in their proper light. Two years ago, a new journal was established in this city, the outgrowth of a morbid desire on the part of its proprietors for a place at the public crib. The immediate cause of the creation of the new, illegitimate journal, was in the fact that we had, a few months previous, purchased the ARGUS—taking it from hypocritical management which had changed it from one political faith to another as often as contending parties would raise its bribes—and making of it a sound, conscientious, republican paper. Some of those interested in the newly established paper were formerly republicans (or claimed to be) so we are informed; they have respectable connections (who, by the way, are republicans), but 'tis said there are black sheep in every flock, if not wolves in sheep's clothing, so these fellows did not adhere to their party longer than until they became convinced that Democracy would "boost" them into position. One of them secured a nomination on the democratic ticket, for Prosecuting Attorney in the 3d judicial district in this Territory, but soon retired, as was said, "the worst beaten man in the district," and learned the sad lesson that others at least suspected his true character. Chagrined at defeat, and believing himself, with his pals, qualified to lead the party by the nose, obedient to their own sweet will, started in with them to do just that thing.

The "Democratic Press," that great to-be vehicle by which the owners were to ride rough shod over all opposition, was ushered into being with a great flourish of trumpets—promising all sorts of impossible things in the name of Democracy, arrogating to itself all the virtues in the calendar, and claiming a longevity co-equal with Mount Baker. (It has since "tooted its own horn" until the latter has worn down to a mere penny whistle, and either Mt. B. will soon topple over or the "Press" will prove a false prophet). Having medical aid in case of "fainting spells," it essayed herculean tasks, among which was the annihilation of some of our best citizens. One of its first bold lunges for glory was an attempt to rid Democracy of such men as Messrs. J. A. Kuhn, B. S. Miller and others, of this city. The weapon used was a fabricated letter from an ex-convict and ex-brothel keeper. What did it signify if the said letter was refused publicity in the Argus, an offer of liberal remuneration being spurned, and that the "Press" inserted it for hire? Had any one a right to ascribe to that journal other motives than those which sought public good? Starting out with such a despicable transaction, this remarkable sheet rapidly included among those it had determined to consign to oblivion—the Customs officials at this place, the Federal officials at Olympia, the Marine Hospital manager, our worthy County Commissioners, and any and every one who dared to oppose its mad career. Its astounding success (?) may be noted in the facts, as follows: Its editor was compelled to retract libelous attacks on Governor Ferry, to avoid being mulcted for heavy damages; Dr. Minor has gained ground in the esteem of the public, in consequence of its slanderous utterances against him; Messrs. Kuhn and Miller were re-elected by overwhelming majorities, as was each and every man it opposed at last fall's county election in this county; it has raised several

local issues, and always been ignominiously beaten; the newspapers upon which it waged its bitterest warfare, foremost among which is the ARGUS, have been immensely benefited by its sickly slurs and flings—the public having long since come to accept its hostility as evidence of the worth of the victims of its venom.

We might continue enumerating, but the cases cited are enough to illustrate the character of the sheet. Its methods of working have been sufficiently peculiar to its style to be consistent with its general character. For instance, it hoisted the name of Hon. N. T. Caton at the head of its columns, as its candidate for Delegate, during the last Territorial contest, and then its backers and managers quietly supported Mr. Brents; its editor voluntarily denounced an ex-journalist as a man he "wouldn't believe under oath," &c., and yet, a few months afterward, announced his name as the candidate of the paper for Representative in the Legislature; claiming to represent nothing but "bed-rock democracy," it industriously worked to secure the election of a ticket made up almost wholly of republicans—among said republicans being the nominees for Delegate, Prosecuting Attorney, Councilman, County Probate Judge, Commissioner and others. Truly it has a varied record, for a paper for which its editor, in his valedictory, has the audacity to claim "trustworthiness, reliability," &c. Yes, it is "successfully established," as a "much needed advocate of the cause of Democracy in Western Washington"—much needed by republicans whose success at the polls has been doubly assured by the divisions and bickerings it has created among democrats. Its assaults on the ARGUS, because we were confessedly independent in local politics and not being loth to support democrats of worth and ability, together with its double dealing while boasting such unrivaled integrity, have gained for its managers the merited contempt of good citizens throughout this and adjoining counties.

But time changes all things mutable, and the managers of the "Press" have disposed of their interest in it to another who has "demonstrated his ability," they affirm, "to successfully conduct a Democratic newspaper." The last named individual certainly brings to his present position peculiar qualifications. Among other things, which we presume were included in the sweeping indorsement volunteered him by his predecessors, is the fact that until quite recently we are told he claimed fidelity to republican principles, and, as a matter of fact, did conduct a republican newspaper in Oregon. During his recent brief career as a local writer in this place, he has seen fit to berate us soundly for what he is pleased to term our "inconsistency" as a Good Templar, although affirming in conversation with us that he would do just as we were doing, were he in our place. Of course this action adds to the lustre of his "qualifications."

We must ask pardon of our readers for thus lengthily noticing such a disgusting though unimportant object as the "Press" has made of itself, but we hope to aid its present editor in profiting by the experiences of the past. For the retiring managers we have more of pity than anger—because that they should have so far forgotten their duty to society and to themselves as to have been guilty of their past conduct. Mr. Blanchard, while he mourns in sad requiem over the grave of his failures as a journalist, may now bestir himself to win back the esteem of honest men, which we fear he has forever forfeited.

Messrs. Woodruff & VanEpps are out this week in an "ad" setting forth the advantages of the Olympia Broom Factory under their supervision. We commend them to the public, as young men of known integrity and eminently deserving of patronage.

MR. C. C. BARTLETT arrived home again yesterday, after a protracted absence, and was welcomed back again by a number of old friends. He is still weak and far from his former self, in consequence of the severe sickness undergone.

The Port Townsend people do not approve of Victorians making Sunday excursion to their city. It tends to demoralize their good little Sunday school children. We agree with them.—"Olympia Standard."

READ advt of sloop "Jennie" for sale.

COMMISSIONERS' PROCEEDINGS.

Jefferson county, Monday, Aug. 11, '79. Board met at 10 a. m., as per adjournment of Aug. 4th. Present—N D Hill, Wm. Bishop and A I Smith. The following proposals for maintenance of Jefferson county poor: "To the hon. board of county com., &c.—I propose to keep the county poor for 74 cents for each person. I am prepared to give the necessary bonds if required. [Signed] Alexander Vincent."

"To the Hon., the county com., &c.—Gentlemen—I hereby agree to assist and maintain the county poor of Jefferson Co., including the furnishing of medicine and medical attendance as per advertisement in the weekly ARGUS, dated April 7th, 1879, for the sum of eighty-five (85) cents per day for each and every pauper, the contract to be for one year and payment to be made quarterly. [Signed] Very respectfully F. W. James."

Gentlemen:—In accordance with advertisement for proposals for care of indigent sick of Jefferson county, I have the honor to make the following bid, to-wit: I will care for all persons as heretofore and furnish them with clothing (to a reasonable amount), board, medicines, medical attendance, washing, &c., &c., for ninety cents (90 cts) per day for each person. Bonds to any reasonable amount will be given to insure a satisfactory performance of the above agreement. [Signed] I am, gentlemen, Very respectfully, Thomas T. Minor."

It is ordered by the board of Co. commissioners of Jefferson Co., W. T., that the bid of Thomas T. Minor be and is accepted; And it is further ordered that the said Thomas T. Minor execute and file with the auditor of said county a good and sufficient bond to said county in the sum of \$2000. The following bills approved and ordered paid:

Tery vs Chas Clawson	13.06
T T Minor, sev for Clawson, in jail	2.50
W H White, salary as post aty, 1878	66.87
N D Hill for stationery	6.37
J F Sheehan for pump in county jail	8.50
J J H Van Bokkelen taking evidence in Clawson case	13.50
W H Roberts, do	13.00
D W Smith, acting pros attorney	21.00
C C Bartlett, stationery	3.25
J A Kuhn, rent office fr probate court	35.00
J G Swan, do	36.00
A Wair, printing blanks for Co	6.00
James Seavy, auditor, fr endg July 31	210.25
Tery vs E Whyte, cost in J P court	11.50
B S Miller, keeping Whyte 13 days	13.00
Masonic Lodge, rent of office	30.00
T T Minor, keeping poor, fr to July 31	445.00
J S Wyckoff, coffin W. Gilson	6.00

Board adjourned to tomorrow at 9 a. m. TUESDAY, 12TH—9 A. M.

Full board present. Ordered that \$88 be paid out of general road fund to dist no. 1, bal of 2/3 of money due said dist for 1878.

Ordered that a grocery license to sell lager beer be granted J J H Van Bokkelen, to be used in building known as the Bank Exchange.

Ordered that the petition for road from western boundary of city of Port Townsend via Albert Briggs donation claim, to Chimsacum bridge, be laid over, and that the petitioners may correct said petition and notice and present same at next meeting.

The books and vouchers of the treasurer of Jefferson Co. being presented for the annual settlement, the same were examined and approved by the board and the following sums shown to be in the treasury.

County fund	\$1186.40
School	1383.01
Territorial	295.81
Road fund	522.55
	\$3387.77

SLOOP FOR SALE.

The sloop JENNIE of 10 tons burden, with sails, rigging and tackle complete, is offered for sale at a bargain. This sloop is almost new, and in A 1 condition. For particulars, apply to J. A. KUHN, Port Townsend, W. T.

THE OLYMPIA Broom Factory

Takes pleasure in announcing that they are now prepared to fill orders for All styles of Brooms OF A GOOD Quality and at LOW RATES. Send for prices. Address all orders to WOODRUFF & VANEPPS, 273m Olympia, W. T.

NOTICE.

Bark "Gem of the Ocean" AT AUCTION.

Notice is hereby given of the sale at public auction of the hull of the stranded bark GEN OF THE OCEAN, as she now lies, at the beach of Vancouver's Island, B. C., about nine miles east of the entrance of San Juan harbor, for cash in U S gold coin, in front of Rothschild's store in Port Townsend, on Thursday, Aug. 21, '79, at 10 o'clock A. M.

ALSO—At the same time and place will be sold her anchors, cable, chains, snits, rigging, and everything belonging to her. The barometer, chronometer, thermometer, telltale compass, and patent log, are private property. D. B. HAWES, ex-master. D. C. H. ROTHSCHILD & CO., agts. Port Townsend, Aug. 18, 1879.

WARNING.

I HEREBY warn everybody, and particularly ball players, not to jump over my fence and trample down my garden, (without permission) as I will otherwise prosecute them for trespass—from this date henceforth. R. DELION, Port Townsend, W. T., July 30, 1879.

GOOD INVESTMENT.

BEING on the eve of closing out my General Mercantile Establishment at

Coupeville, W. T., and retiring from business, I now offer for sale the entire business, and a large stock of General Merchandise, together with the buildings and grounds, at a great bargain. The business has been established for fifteen years. Persons desirous of purchasing will please address my attorney, G. Morris Haller, Esq., at Port Townsend W. T.

GRANVILLE O. HALLER, Dated at Coupeville, W. T., July 31st 1879.

NOTICE

Of Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION issued out of the District Court of the Third Judicial District of Washington Territory, holding terms at Port Townsend, in the suit of Marshall Blinn against B. F. Dennison, duly attested the 23d day of July, A. D., 1879, I have levied upon the following described Real Estate in Jefferson County, to-wit:

The E 1/2 of NE qr of Sec. 5 Tp 30 N R 1 W containing 73 acres. W 1/2 of NW qr Sec 4 Tp 30 N R 1 W; SE qr of SE qr Sec 32 Tp 31 N R 1 W; and Lot 6 Sec 33 T 31 N R 1 W—containing 150 33-100 acres.

The property of B. F. Dennison. Notice is hereby given that on Wednesday, 3d day of Sept.

1879, at the hour of ten o'clock A. M. at the door of the court house in Port Townsend, Jefferson Co., W. T., I will sell at public auction the above described real estate to the highest bidder for cash, to satisfy the said execution of the amount of six hundred and eleven 66-100 (\$611.66) dollars, with interest at the rate of one per cent. per month from the 11th day of June, A. D. 1874, amounting to three hundred and sixty-six 99-100 (\$366.99) dollars; and costs of suit amounting to ten (\$10) dollars and increased costs.

B. S. MILLER, Sheriff of Jefferson county, W. T. Port Townsend, July 28, 1879. 24

NOTICE.

Sale of Real Estate.

Probate Court of Jefferson County, W. T. In the matter of the estate of

Dennis High, dec'd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T., duly made on the 30th day of July, A. D. 1879, the undersigned, administrator of the estate of Dennis High, dec., will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, and subject to confirmation by said Court

On the 8th day of Sept., 1879, at the hour of 12 M.

At the Court house door in Port Townsend, in Jefferson county, W. T., the following described real estate, to-wit: 3 1/2 acres in lot No. six (6) in section No. five (5), and 5 1/2 acres in lot No. seven (7); all in township No. twenty-nine (29) north range one east, containing 92 1/2 acres more or less, lying and being in Jefferson county, W. T.

Terms of sale as follows:—Cash in gold coin of the United States; one-half of the purchase money to be paid to the Administrator on the day of sale, balance on confirmation of the sale by said Probate Court Deed at expense of purchaser. Dated July 30, 1879.

WM. H. H. LEARNED, Administrator of estate of Dennis High, dec. Bradshaw & Inman, attys for est. 244w

Custom House Sale.

CUSTOM HOUSE DIST OF PUGET SOUND, Port Townsend, August 13, 1879

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE following described articles, seized for violation of the United States revenue laws, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Custom House in Port Townsend, Washington Territory, September 18, 1879, at 2 o'clock, P. M.:

- No. 111. 5 prs. brogans, 3 prs. shoes, 1 pr. gaiters, 1 pr. gents' shoes, 2 jumpers, 1 under shirt, 1 pr. drawers, 3 calico shirts, 7 pieces calico, 1 white blanket, 1 pr. boy's pants, 13 prs. cotton socks, 1 pr woolen socks, 4 prs. children's hose, 1 pr. ladies' stockings, 4 towels, 2 handkerchiefs, 1 lb thread, 22 spools thread, 6 hanks braid, 8 pkgs. pins, 9 cakes soap, 1 pkg. candy, 2 papers tacks, scales, 6 pkgs. toilet paper, 1 gross matches, 6 bottles hair oil, 1 pkg. tobacco, 7 boxes percussion caps, 4 1/2-lb cans powder, 2 boxes blueing, 4 1/2-lb cans pepper, 8 bars soap, 4 papers saleratus, 14 pkgs. fire crackers, 2 cans lard, 1 coffee pot, 1 tin bucket, 2 chest black tea, 32 1/2-lb papers tea, 2 sacks flour, 1 mat rice (50 lbs.), 1 5-gal. can coal oil, 1 box nails, 1 ax, 1 old rifle, 9 deer horns, 3 other socks, 10 sacks wool (200 lbs.), 1 sloop, 29 lbs. bacon, 1 jug, 1 lb. beads, yeast powder, toilet powder, spice, lampwick. Seized July 30, 1879, at San Juan Island.

No. 112. 1 pr. shoes, 1 1/2 lbs. Chinese tobacco, 4 yds. damask, 2 1/2 lbs. cinnamon, 3 prs. Chinese shoes. Seized August 4, 1879, at Port Townsend.

Persons claiming any of the above mentioned articles are required to file their claim therewith with the Collector of Customs of this District, within twenty days from the first publication of this notice.

H. A. WEBSTER, Collector of Customs. 25.

Administrator's Sale

Of Personal Property.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That pursuant to an order of the Hon. Probate Court of Kitsap county, W. T., bearing date August 2, 1879, in the matter of the estate of Joseph Bates, deceased, the undersigned administrator of said estate, will sell at PUBLIC AUCTION to the highest bidder for cash, on

Thursday the 28th day of August, '79, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

On Union wharf in Port Townsend, W. T. the following personal property to-wit:

- Sloop "H. L. Tibbals," with the sails, rigging, anchors and cable;
- 1 skiff, 2 pairs oars,
- 1 cook stove and fixtures,
- 1 lot crockery, 1 rifle and cartridges,
- 1 clock, lot of clothing, bedding, &c.

D. C. H. ROTHSCHILD, Admin. of est. Joseph Bates, dec. J. A. Kuhn, att'y for estate 25-1t Port Townsend, Aug. 6, 1879.

Probate Notice.

In the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T.

In the matter of the estate of

Arthur Phinney deceased,

Notice of hearing petition for order of settlement of account and distribution

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN That

George W. Harris, sole surviving executor of the estate of Arthur Phinney, deceased, has rendered and presented for settlement and allowance, and filed in the Probate court of Jefferson county, his account and vouchers of all his transactions, doings and business relating to said estate, and has also presented and filed a petition praying for distribution of \$5,000 to each of the heirs and persons entitled to a share in the distribution of the estate of said Arthur Phinney under the will and to determine who such persons are. And that the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T., does hereby appoint the 4th day of September, 1879, at 10 o'clock A. M. of that day, at the court room of said court, in said county, as the time and place of hearing and settling said petition and account wherefore it is ordered that all persons interested in said estate or entitled to a share in the distribution thereof, be, and they are required to appear at said time and place and show cause if any they have why said account should not be allowed and settled and said distribution made. And further, that a copy of this notice be posted by the clerk as required by law, and also published in the Puget Sound Weekly Argus for four weeks before the time of hearing the same.

J. A. KUHN, Probate Judge.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON } SS.

County of Jefferson, W. T. I—J. A. KUHN, Judge, and ex-officio clerk of the Probate Court in and for Jefferson county, W. T., do hereby certify the foregoing to be true copy of said notice, ordered by said Probate Court of said county, to be given and that the same is of record in said court.

[SEAL] Witness my hand and the seal of said court this 5th day of August, 1879. J. A. KUHN, Judge, 25-4t] and ex-officio clerk of said court.

Probate Notice

In the Probate Court of Jefferson county, W. T.

In the matter of the estate of

ARTHUR PHINNEY, dec.

Petition for order to sell real estate.

ON READING AND FILING the petition of George W. Harris, sole surviving executor of the last will and testament of Arthur Phinney, deceased, praying for authority to sell the real estate belonging to the said estate, and it appearing to the Court from said petition that there is real estate belonging to said estate unsold; that said estate cannot be settled, divided and distributed without a sale of said decedent's property; that said will authorizes the executors of said estate to sell all of said property whenever a sale in their judgment will be for the best interest of said estate; and it appearing to this court that it will be for the interest of said estate to sell said property, it is therefore ordered that Thursday, the 4th day of September, 1879, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the court room of the Probate Court in Port Townsend, W. T., be the time and place for the hearing of said petition for an order of sale, at which time and place all persons interested in said estate are required to appear and show cause, if any they have, why an order should not be made authorizing Geo. W. Harris, executor, to sell all of the real estate belonging to the estate of Arthur Phinney, deceased, remaining unsold.

And further, that a copy of this notice be posted by the clerk as required by law, and published in the Puget Sound Weekly ARGUS for four weeks before time of hearing the same. J. A. KUHN, Probate Judge.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON } SS.

County of Jefferson, W. T. I—J. A. KUHN, Judge and ex-officio clerk of the Probate Court in and for Jefferson county, W. T., do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of an order made by the said Probate court of said county, and that the same is entered of record in said court.

[SEAL] Witness my hand and the seal of said court, this 4th day of August, 1879. J. A. KUHN, Judge and ex-officio clerk of said Court.

DO NOT FAIL to send for our NEW PRICE LIST. More complete than ever. Contains descriptions of every thing required for personal or family use, with over 1000 illustrations. Send nine cents for it. (Stamps will do.) We sell all goods at wholesale prices in quantities to suit the purchaser. The only institution in America who make this their special business. Address, MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., 227 & 229 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

BRIEF LOCAL ITEMS.

The lagoon drain is approaching completion.

The hull of the stranded bark Gem of the Ocean will be sold today. See advt.

MAJ. J. R. Hayden, collector of Internal revenue, at Olympia, was in town last week.

ANOTHER large lot of job work was turned out from the ARGUS office last week.

The editor hereof went to Seattle yesterday, to attend a meeting of the Board of Regents of the University.

MR. G. M. Haller returned yesterday from a few days' attendance upon the district court at Seattle.

Mr. Hunt is preparing a place at the head of Union wharf, to receive the coal from the wreck of the Washington Libby.

OUR friend Mr. J. A. Merrill, a commissioner of San Juan Co., came from his home on Lopez Island, last week, and went up to Olympia.

DR. Thomas T. Minor, of this place, has been appointed Surgeon and Medical Examiner of the Traveler's Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn.

SOME little complaint is being made made about the Chinese who, by the near proximity of one of their opium dens to the post office, very much offend the olfactory nerves of the public.

CAPT. John Morris, of Dungeness, has been appointed auditor of Clallam county by the commissioners of that county, to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. Al. Bartlett's removal of residence.

CAPT. H. L. Tibbals and Mr. A. H. Tucker, both of this place, and a few others received a free bath this week, while attempting to land a small boat in the surf near the wreck of the bark Gem of the Ocean.

The steamers Mary Taylor and Favorite started out on Monday morning, for a trial of speed on the route from this place to Neah bay. The opposition bid-fair to be lively when the Dispatch returns to duty.

Miss Ella Hall, adopted daughter of Mr. R. L. Doyle, of this city, left Jacksonville, Indiana, on the afternoon of the 1st inst., and arrived here on the afternoon of the 13th, making the through trip in twelve days.

The steamship City of Chester arrived in this port on Wednesday evening last, bringing a number of passengers for the Sound, and freight as follows: Port Townsend, 39 tons; Seattle, 63 tons; Tacoma, 32 tons; Olympia, 6 tons.

WE learn that ex-treasurer Downey, of Pierce county, was acquitted upon the criminal indictment, only, for embezzlement. The civil suit for damages is still pending, and the defalcation to the amount of about \$1,050 still a matter of fact.

EVERY fair minded man will reprobate the spirit that could perpetrate a wanton attack upon a gentleman like Judge Lewis—just because of the mortification felt over continued defeat as an attorney at the bar. The ex-journalist who penned the insulting attack referred to directed his last expiring kick at the objects of his spite—just as though THEY were responsible for his stupidity and loss of cases.

THE evening services in the M. E. church, last Sunday, were given up by common consent in favor of Dr. Lindsay, of Portland, who had just returned from a visit to Alaska, on the California. Services were held in the Good Templars' hall, and, although the notice was very brief, a fair sized audience attended. There will be services as usual in the M. E. church next Sunday evening, to which all are cordially invited.

THE COUNTY POOR.—One would infer, from the injured air a local correspondent assumes, and from the open charges of favoritism, against our worthy county commissioners, that a very great wrong had been done by these last named gentlemen. One bid was doubtless considered totally inadequate in its specifications, as a man might "keep" the poor on a ten-acre lot by guarding them, and yet claim his pay, under such a proposed contract, whether he fed and clothed them or not. The other unsuccessful bid did not specify CLOTHING, which Dr. Minor's did, and this fact—taken in connection with former experience with a gentleman who is "quite responsible"—doubtless led our commissioners to incur expense of a few cents per day more in accepting the bid which, in their estimation, would insure the proper care of our paupers. As they unquestionably have the right to reject any or all bids, their action was certainly legitimate. They are men well known to be conscientious, and careful in their dealings, and evidently supposed that the county was able and willing to take reasonable care of its poor, and so acted accordingly.

SUNDAY PICNICS.

Because we have seen fit to deprecate Sabbath day desecration, a certain respectable sheet makes haste to show its true colors, and to bid for favor from all those who are pleased to scoff and sneer at everything of a moral or religious nature, by trying to raise an issue on the subject of picnics, base-ball games, &c., on Sunday. One ground of its defense is that the excursionists from Victoria "left about \$400 in town." Now, we are willing to admit that some would regard this as a very potent argument; that they would be willing to have almost anything done if it would bring MONEY into the town. To such persons (among whom is the sapient (?) editor of the "Press") we would deem it a waste of time to address an argument, for the simple reason that the question of RIGHT or WRONG in any particular action matters nothing to them—the only question of importance being, "how much can we MAKE by it?" However, thanks to Christian teachings, there ARE those in the land, and in Port Townsend, too, who take a higher view of passing events; and such persons, we are pleased to know, understood perfectly well that the ARGUS was simply combatting the PRINCIPLE of Sunday excursions when it disapproved of the recent one, instead of "insulting" the 250 excursionists who visited our town. Myers evidently thought he was making a big point when he penned the "insulting" assertion referred to; and no doubt its fallacious reasoning was about as high as his mighty (?) intellect could reach, but to the average reader it seemed simply on a par with much of the other puerile productions emanating from the same source. Another logical and trumped up reason for the defense was given in the statement that "a large number of clerks and laborers could not have chosen any other day for their excursion without incurring a loss of wages and probably their situations." To call this statement simply erroneous would be but half telling the truth about it, for its writer knew full well that there is not an employee, clerk or laborer of any kind in the country who cannot easily get a day's leave of absence occasionally without endangering the "loss of his situation". Any statement to the contrary, on the part of a person of common sense, is nothing short of a willful falsehood—so we must either be charitable enough to suppose that Myers is an idiot, or, we must hold him accountable, according to the actual position in which he has placed himself. So much for that. We affirmed our pleasure in meeting our Victoria friends, at any time, but suggested that they could just as well come on a week day as to desecrate the Sabbath. That suggestion, we still adhere to—because there is no good reason why an excursion must take place, if at all, on Sunday. We will not endorse, or even excuse, anything of which our conscience does not approve, even though the overwhelming argument should be adduced that so august a personage as Capt. L. M. Starr originated it, or because as many as 250 (!) persons participated. Capt. Starr, though a most estimable man, is but human after all, and we do not regard it as any phase of the "unpardonable sin" to question the propriety of his actions; and besides this, there are doubtless many in Victoria who would participate in a Sunday excursion if they saw no prospect of any other than Sunday excursions being gotten up.

Christianity is wide-spread, in fact almost universal, in its influences. The lowest "scrub" who writes against it—even the local scribbler, for noticing whom we are almost tempted to apologize—is indebted to Christian civilization, for everything which affords him an opportunity to rise above the barbarians who originally populated our country. The Sabbath day is essentially a Christian institution, as far as the command to "keep it holy" is concerned. Any willful violation of its sanctity is, therefore, a violation of the principles embodied in this very civilization which has done so much for the world. By history we are abundantly justified in asserting that Christianity is a sens crime in the exact proportion to its adoption by the masses; anything, therefore, which opposes Christianity or its institutions, tends to increase crime and panders to the lowest instincts of Man. Start the present younger generation out into the world without respect for the Christian Sabbath, without respect for morality and Christianity, and you have laid the foundation for the future retrogression of the race in the exact proportion to the influence of the teachings which result in sneers such as have been so freely indulged in by our cotemporary.

We have never expected aught but abuse from those who oppose morality. The old spirit of depravity which mocked at the saints and Apostles, crucified the Savior himself and still later burned his followers at the stake, is still manifested in the jeers and contumely heaped upon those who dare advocate right and oppose wrong. We are willing always to support everything which tends to elevate the human race, and take the railings of those who oppose such agencies as the best possible evidence of the genuine character of our profession.

COMMUNICATED.

MALICIOUS TRESPASS. For some time past, portions of Jefferson County have been infested with men that have nothing to loose—unwilling to work, and at the same time ready to destroy the property of our settlers.

Some of said class, only a few days ago, after camping in my building near the Station, deliberately set fire to the same and destroyed it. Again, a short time ago, at Point Ringold, on my claim, (where two wells were sunk for the purpose of supplying travelers, and Jas. Nichols—to whom I had given permission to let his cattle range there—with water) maliciously rolled logs in said wells, to deprive travelers and cattle of water.

It has become dangerous for a settler to leave his claim, for fear of this worthless gang. It should be the duty of our coming grand jury to enquire into the matter, and punish the offenders. I am informed that a number of Mr. Nichols' cattle have been killed in the neighborhood of the wells, and the carcasses carried away.

J. J. H. VAN BOKKELEN.

\$50 REWARD.

We will pay FIFTY DOLLARS for the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who rolled obstructions into and filled up the wells belonging to Maj. VanBokkelen, near our farm at Scow Bay, in the month of October, 1878.

JAMES NICHOLLS, ANN NICHOLLS.

LOCAL NOTICES.

A fine assortment of legal blanks at Holcomb's.

GO to Waterman & Katz for the best carpets, at reasonable prices.

The ARGUS is kept for sale, regularly, at Mr. Holcomb's Variety Store.

Two first-class sewing machines, a Wilson and a Singer, NEW, for sale. Apply at the ARGUS office.

Sarsaparilla and Soda Water, for the millon, at Holcomb's Variety store.

JUST received, at "Bartlett's Jewelry Store," a small assortment of Chromos, Pictures, Picture frames, Picture mouldings, etc., which will be sold cheap Call around and examine them.

CHEW Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco.

For Good cigars, go to Holcomb's

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

Services will be held in St. Paul's church on Sunday next at 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Sunday school at 2 P. M. Evening prayer on Wednesday, at 7 o'clock. Litany on Friday morning, at 10.

Regular services in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday next, by Rev. D. W. Macfie, pastor. Sabbath School as usual.

Am. bark Willard Mudgett.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS of the above named vessel will be responsible for debts contracted by the officers or crew.

I. S. STAPLES, Master. ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents. Port Townsend, July 19 1879.

LOST.

A Pearl stud (spiral) set in gold. Please return to Rothschild & Co. Suitable reward paid. Port Townsend, Aug. 1. 1879.

Hall for Sale.

The undersigned offers at private sale lot 3 block 45 of Port Townsend, W. T., with the improvements thereon, consisting of "Masonic Hall". Said hall is 30x80 feet, two stories, hard finished throughout and in good condition; title perfect. Bids will be received for said property up to 12 o'clock M., Aug. 27, 1879.

J. A. KUHN, Att'y in fact.

NOTICE.

TO LEASE

The Saloon formerly occupied by J. G. Sternling, with TWO BILLARD Tables and one MARBLE TOP COUNTER. This saloon is 24x65 feet; sitting room and Store-room, ten good rooms on second floor.

The best location in the city for business. Apply to H. L. TIBBALS. Port Townsend, Aug. 6, 1879. 3w

CHIMACUM TRIBE, NO. 1, I. O. R. M.

Hold regular meetings at their hall, every Wednesday evening. 23

\$100 REWARD.

We will pay ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS Reward for the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who killed our cattle at Scow Bay, in Jefferson Co., W. T. Of the said cattle a work ox was killed about two weeks ago, two steers and a cow were killed in December last, and the other—a fat cow—was killed on about July 4, 1873.

We will also pay FIFTY DOLLARS for the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who broke and set adrift a boat belonging to us, under Waterman & Katz' lumber pile, between the hours of 8 P. M., June 29, 1878 and 3 A. M., of June 30, 1878. JAMES NICHOLLS, ANN NICHOLLS. Port Townsend, July 17, 1879. 22

ROTHSCCHILD & CO.,

SHIPPING and COMMISSION MERCHANTS

—O AND DEALERS IN O—

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, WHOLESALE and RETAIL.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and shoes,

Ship chandlery, Hardware, Groceries Tobacco, cigars, Wines, & liquors

Exchange Bought and Sold.

Liberal Advances made on Consignments.

The Highest Price Paid for Wool, Hides, Furs and Produce.

CALIFORNIA WINES, PORT, SHERRY, ANGELICA, AND MUSCATEL, and Wine Vinegar, Imported direct by us from the vineyards, in pipes and barrels, and for sale at San Francisco rates by

ROTHSCCHILD & CO.

One 3 1-4 inch FISH wagon for sale at a bargain by

ROTHSCCHILD & CO.

Port Townsend, March 27, 1879.

Vessels Consigned to Rothschild & Co.

Am. bark C. H. Kenney.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS of the above named vessel will be responsible for debts contracted by the officers or crew. CAPT. PIKET, Master. ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents. Port Townsend, Aug. 6, 1879.

German barque F. H. Drews.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS of the above named vessel will be responsible for debts contracted by the officers or crew. CAPT. W. VORSATZ, Master. ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agent. Port Townsend, Aug. 2, 1879.

Bol. bark Surprise-

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS of the above named vessel will be responsible for debts contracted by the crew. C. F. CURTIS, Master. ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents. Port Townsend, Aug. 5, 1879.

Cos'a Rican ship Mathilde.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS of the above named vessel will be responsible for debts contracted by the officers or crew. ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents. CAPT. R. H. JONES, Master. Port Townsend, June 23, 1879.

British bark Lady Bowen.

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS of the above named vessel will be responsible for debts contracted by the officers or crew. ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents. CAPT. J. W. BARNES, Master. Port Townsend, June 23, 1879.

Honduras barque Chielayo

NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR THE UNDERSIGNED AGENTS of the above named vessel will be responsible for debts contracted by the crew. CAPT. G. JULIO BOLLO, Master. D. C. H. ROTHSCCHILD & CO., Agents. Port Townsend, Feb. 18, 1879.

D. C. H. ROTHSCCHILD,

Consular agent of FRANCE; " " " " PERU; Vice-Consul of " " NICARAGUA; " " " " URUGUAY.

Genuine straight Bourbon

Whiskey.

From Kentucky.

Virginia Rye Whiskey

From Richmond, Va., direct from the distilleries.

Rock Cove Bourbon Whiskey—1873 and 1876.

Miller Stewart & " " —Of 1879.

Durham Old Virginia Rye Whiskey—1873.

For sale by ROTHSCCHILD & Co.

SALT.

WE OFFER FOR SALE, IN LOTS TO SUIT, A BRAND OF

Peruvian Salt

EQUAL in every respect to the best Liverpool Salt for all purposes for which a spotless whiteness is not required.

Buyers will find it stronger and cheaper than any other by calling for samples. 7 ROTHSCCHILD & CO.

FARMERS' STORE.

NEW DUNGENESS, W. T.

C. F. CLAPP, - Proprietor.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT HAS JUST OPENED WITH A FULL AND COMPLETE Stock of General Merchandise, consisting in part of

Hardware, Groceries, Provisions, Crockery, Boots, and Shoes, Dry Goods, Notions, &c., &c., Which will be sold at Port Townsend Prices, for Cash.

PRODUCE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR CASH AND GOODS. Also

WOOL HIDES, FURS, AND OIL

For which the highest market price will be paid. Farmers will find it to their interest to call and examine goods at this establishment Before purchasing elsewhere. NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS

NELLY.

Not long ago—perhaps—not long—
My soul heard no discordant tone,
For love and youth's sweet matin song
It hearkened to, and that alone;

George Clement's Wife.

"Of all things this is the worst! If
I ever in my life expected to hear such
news! Why, our George has gone and
got married! D'ye hear?"

A graceful, dainty little lady, in a
garnet poplin and ruffled apron, with a
small, proudly-poised head, covered with
short, dusky curls, having a pair of dark
blue eyes, so wistful and tender, a tiny
rosebud of a mouth, and a dimple in
each pink cheek.

That was Mrs. Marion Clements.
Was it any wonder that George had
fallen in love with her?

She sat in the bright little parlor,
close beside the lace-curtained window,
watching for the loved husband's return;
and then, when she heard the click of
the latch-key in the hall, flew for the
welcome kiss. Looking up, she asked—

"Haven't you the letter this time
George? I've felt sure of it all day.
Indeed, I've quite decided what dresses
to take with me."

He smiled and shook his head. A
cloud passed over her pretty face.

"Oh, George! isn't it too bad? And
I do believe they won't write because
they are sorry you married me."

"And supposing such be the case, do
you think it would make any difference
with me?"

"Oh, no, no! only it would grieve me
so if I knew I had alienated your own
parents from you."

"And a one-sided alienation it would
be, too! They have never seen you.
And when they know you they can't
help loving you."

"Oh, George!"

The exclamation was caused by the
kiss accompanying his own flattery.

"That's true as preaching. By-the-by,
my dear, what would you say if the firm
sent me off on a traveling tour of six
weeks?"

A little dismayed cry answered him.
"You won't stay here alone, eh?
But Marion, it would be \$500 clear gain
to us."

"What need we care for money? I'd
rather have you."

A mischievous smile played over the
young man's lips; he was more matter-
of-fact than this romantic, tender little
wife of his.

"I think the addition to our balance
at the banker's would be very consoling
for the absence. But never mind, little
pet. Let's go down to dinner. I hope
we'll get a letter from home soon."

And soon it was; for Marion snatched
it from his pocket the very next night.
But her husband's face looked very
grave and stern, and his eyes looked
angry when she looked gleefully over
the envelope.

"My dear, you must remember I care
very little what the letter contains. Re-
member I did not write it; that you are
dearer to me than ever before. Kiss
me, first, while I watch you."

says, that a man shall leave father and
mother, and cleave to his wife. You
are my precious wife, Marion, and to
you I turn for all the happiness my life
will ever hold."

He dried her tears and then they
talked it over.

"Just because I am city-bred, she
thinks I am lazy, and haughty, and
dainty, and—"

"Never mind, Marion. She will find
out some day. My father—"

"Yes, bless the dear old man! He
has added: 'My love to my daughter
Marion.' Oh, I know I should love
him, and your mother, too, if she would
let me."

"We will invite them down when I
come home. By the way, Marion, I will
stop at the farm on my way home and
invite them down, and bring them home
with me."

"George, dear, I've been thinking about
that trip West. I think you had bet-
ter go and leave me at home. It won't
be so very long."

Marion was eating her egg while she
spoke across the cosy little tete-a-tete
breakfast table.

"Spoken like my true little Marion,
and when I come back I'll bring you a
present. What shall it be, dearest?"

"Your mother and father from the
farm." It shall be that hope that shall
bear me company when you are gone."

A fortnight after that Marion Clem-
ents ate her breakfast alone, the traces
of a tear or so on her pink cheeks; then
she dashed them away with a merry,
joyous little laugh.

"This will never do, and now that
George has gone for six weeks to pre-
pare for his return. And I pray Heaven
that it shall be such a coming as shall
delight his soul."

"I'm sure I don't know what to say.
The land knows I need help bad enough,
but it pears to me that such a slender
little midget as you couldnt earn your
salt. What did you say your name was?"

"Mary Smith. And, indeed, if you
will try me for a week, I'm sure you
will keep me till the season's over."

Mrs. Clements looked out of the win-
dow at the great clouds that were piling
gloomily up; and then the wind gave a
great wailing shriek around the corners
of the house.

"You can cook, ken you? or shake
up feather beds—good big ones, forty
pounders?"

A gleeful little laugh came Mary's
lips.

"Indeed I can. I may not cook to
suit you, but I can learn."

Mrs. Clements walked out to the huge
open fireplace in the kitchen, where the
deacon was shelling corn.

"What d'ye say, deacon; keep her
or not? I kind o' like her looks, and
the dear knows it 'nd be a good lift
while we're killin', if she couldn't do no
more'n set the table or make mush for
the bread."

"Take her, of course, Hannah. You
are hard driv', I know. Let her stop a
week or so, anyhow."

So Mrs. Clements came slowly back
and sat down again.

"You can't get away to-night, any-
how—there's a snowstorm been brewin'
these three days, and it is on us now,
sure enough. See them ere flakes fine
and thick. You may as well take your
things up stairs to the west garret, and
then come down and help me get supper."

Then followed directions to the west
garret, and when she was gone Mrs.
Clements turned to the deacon and said:

"I never saw a girl before I'd trust
up stairs alone. But such as her don't
steal. I can tell you that if nothing
else."

Directly she came down in a purple
print dress and white apron; her hair
brushed off from her face into a net; a
narrow linen collar, fastened with a sail-
or's loop of narrow ribbon. It seemed
as if she had life, too, so handily she
flitted in and out of the pantry, and then
down the cellar. Then, after the meal,
she gathered the dishes in a neat, quiet
way, that was perfect bliss to old Mrs.
Clements's ears.

"She's determined to earn her bread,
anyhow, and I like her turn, too."

And the deacon had "taken a shine"
to Mary Smith. One by one the days
were on; the hog-killing was over and
done; long strings of sausages hung in
fantastic rings, arranged by Mary's deft
fingers; sweet hams and shoulders were
piled away in true housewifely manner,
and now Mary and Mrs. Clements were
sitting in the sunny dining room, darn-
ing, patching and mending.

"I don't know what I'm going to do
without you, Mary. I dread to see you
pick up your clothes."

A blush of pleasure overspread Mary's
face.

"I am so glad you have been suited
with my work. Indeed I have tried."

"It's so uncommon lonesome since the
boy left the farm," she went on: "but
it's worse since he got married. It
seems like deserting us altogether."

"Have you a son? You never men-
tioned him."

"No, George has gone his way, and
we must go ours. Yes, he married one
of those crack-headed boarding-school
people, who can't tell the difference be-
tween a rolling-pin and a milk pan."

But despite her scorn, Mrs. Clements
dashed off the tears with her brown
hand.

"Is his wife pretty? I suppose you
love her dearly."

"I don't know anything about her,
and never want to know. He's left us
for her, and us old folks will leave him
for her, too. Mary, just turn them
cakes around; seems as if they're burn-
ing."

When Mary had turned the cakes,
Mrs. Clements was leaning on the arm
of her chair.

"Mary, supposin' you stop with us
another month yet, anyhow. The dea-
con will make it all right."

"It isn't the money I care for, Mrs.
Clements. I only wish I might stay al-
ways. You don't know how much I
love you."

"Love us! do you? Bless your heart.
If poor George had only picked you out,
what a comfort it would be to us all!
But it can't be helped now."

She sighed wearily, then glanced out
of the window, looked a moment and
then threw down her work.

"Bless my soul, if there ain't our son
George coming up the lane! Deacon!
deacon! George is coming!"

With all her mother-love rushing to
her heart she hurried out to meet him.
Oh, the welcoming, the reproaches, the
caresses, the determination to love him
still, despite poor, innocent little Marion!

Then, when the table had been set in
the next room by Mary's deft fingers,
and she had returned to her "west gar-
ret," Mrs. Clements opened her heart.

"There's no use talkin', George, this
fine, fancy lady o' yours'll never suit
me. Give me a smart girl like Mary
Smith, and I'll ask no more. Come in
to supper now. Mary, Mary!"

She raised her voice to call the girl,
when a low voice near surprised her.

"Oh, you dressed up in honor o' my
boy! Well, I must confess I never
knew you had such a handsome dress,
and you look like a picture with your
net off, and them short, bobbing curls!

George, this is Mary Smith, my—"

George came through the door and
glanced carelessly at the corner where
the young woman stood. Then, with a
cry, sprang with outstretched arms to
meet the little figure that sprang into
them. The deacon and Mrs. Clements
now stood in speechless amazement.

Then Marion, all blushes and tearful
smiles, went over to the old pair and
took both their hands.

"I am George's wife. I was so afraid
you would never love me, so I came de-
termined to win you if I could. Mother,
father, may I be your daughter?"

And a happier family, when they had
exhausted their powers of surprise,
amazement and pride in the beautiful
Marion, never gave thanks over a supper
table.

Labor-Saving Machinery.

What is to be the ultimate result of
the constant "improvement" in ma-
chinery? It is easy to answer that by
cheapening processes of production, ar-
ticles which only the wealthy could for-
merly enjoy are brought within the reach
of the poor, and that is the way the
consumption is greatly increased, and a
market opened for the increased supply.
Up to a certain point that works admir-
ably, but may there not be a point be-
yond which it will not work? Does
the demand increase in a ratio sufficient
to furnish employment to those whom
improvements in labor-saving machines
throw out of work, and if it has done so
in the past, will it continue to do so in
the future? A person visiting a cotton
mill will be struck by the loneliness of
the vast halls in which the weaving is
done. Busy minds are constantly seek-
ing means to make it more lonely—that
is, to reduce the number of persons nec-
essary to do the work. A vast change
has been made within the past decade,
and the end is not yet, by any means,
indeed; in some branches of manufacture
it is claimed that the machinery has
been made so nearly perfect that one
person can tend a roomful of machinery
and have but little to do at that.
Should the advance in that direction of
labor-saving be as great in the next de-
cade as in that which has passed, it is
difficult to believe that the old arguments
will hold good. There is much food for
earnest thought in this—Causaur, in
Boston Transcript.

Talmage forever! He is proving him-
self a friend of the poor down-trodden
producer! Listen—"Every time you
throw a brickbat at me I will pour oil on
your head till it runs down on your coat
collar. Our prayer now is that the stock
of bricks may not run out."

BARTLETT'S COLUMN.

CHAS. C. BARTLETT!

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.

Wholesale and Retail
DEALER IN—

GROCERIES, GROCERIES, GROCERIES,

DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, CLOTHING, CLOTHING,

BOOTS, SHOES,
BOOTS, SHOES,
BOOTS, SHOES,

HATS,
CAPS,

FANCY GOODS,

Hardware,
Hardware,
Hardware,

Ship Chandlery.

Crockery,
Crockery,
Crockery,

TOBACCO CIGARS TOBACCO,

Doors and Windows,
Farming Implements,
Furniture,
Wall Paper,
Plows,

And a Large assortment of Goods not
enumerated, which we
will sell at

The Lowest Prices.

BARTLETT'S Jewelry Store

Central Hotel building,
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Port Townsend, W.T.

The Finest Stock of

SOLID GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES WATCHES

JEWELRY JEWELRY

ON PUGET SOUND.

Also a fine assortment of

Clocks, Spectacles, Spectacles, Solid and Plated Silver Ware,

Eye, Field and Marine Glasses, Musical Instruments, Etc., Etc.

Goods Warranted as represented.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY

Cleaned and repaired by a first class
workman and warranted
for one year.

C. C. BARTLETT, Prop'r

Port Townsend Boot and Shoe Store

Men's, Boys',
Ladies', Misses',
and Children's

Boots and Shoes

Of the very latest qualities and of the
Latest Patterns.

GENTS AND LADIES'

Arctic Over-Shoes.

Gent's, Ladies', Misses' and Children's

Rubber Over-Shoes.

This is the Largest and Best selected
stock of Boots and Shoes on
Puget Sound, comprising

Bronze and Satin Dressing,
Mason's Challenge Blacking,
Frank Miller's
Water-Proof Blacking,

Machine Silk and Needles
Shoe Findings of every description,
Rigging and Harness Leather,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

A complete assortment of
MISCELLANEOUS STOCK.

CUSTOM WORK

And Repairing executed as usual and
satisfaction guaranteed.

A Fair Share of patronage of the Public
is solicited.

I have a GREAT REVERENCE
for Cash Customers.

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AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Vessels Discharged,
Freights Collected,
Teaming of all kinds done,
At reasonable rates and satisfaction
guaranteed.

Forwarding and Commission Business
promptly attended to.

Good Dry and Green Wood
always on hand. Also, good Bark.

TIMOTHY HAY ALWAYS ON HAND.

AGENTS FOR—
Steellacomb Beer,
Seattle Beer, and Levy Bro.'s
Soda Water and Root Beer.

All business entrusted to our care will receive
prompt attention.

To the Merchants of Port Townsend we will
say that we receive all your goods on
advance the coin for your freight bills, for which we
certainly expect your patronage, as we have
attended to receiving, shipping, and delivering
your goods for many years past.
We are still prepared to do all your work at
fair and reasonable prices.

H. L. TIBBALS & CO.,
Port Townsend, W. T.

U. S. Marine Hospital!

PORT TOWNSEND, W. T.
Any sick sailor who has paid Hospital dues for
two months preceding his application
for admission, is entitled to
Hospital relief.

Port Townsend Hospital.

The above institution having been placed on
a permanent footing, as the United States Hos-
pital for Marine Patients on Puget Sound, the
proprietor takes pleasure in announcing that
no pains or expense will be spared in main-
taining to the comfort and convenience of pri-
vate patients.

This is the largest General Hospital north of
San Francisco, and by far the most complete
in equipment. It has been thoroughly re-
fitted and refurnished, its general wards have
accommodations for about one hundred patients
and are peculiarly adapted for cases requiring
the most careful treatment and constant su-
pervision at limited expense. Those who de-
sire them will be furnished with private rooms,
entirely separate and distinct, at a slight addi-
tional cost.

The attention of Mill owners, and those
interested in shipping, is called to the fact that
sailors suffering from contagious diseases will
be treated outside the Hospital without ex-
pense to the vessel.

Thomas T. Minor, M. D.,
Managing Surg. Gen.

JOHN T. NORRIS,

IMPORTER OF—

Stoves, Tinware,

PUMPS, — (IRON PIPE,
PUMPS, — (IRON PIPE,
PUMPS, — (IRON PIPE,

AND GENERAL—

House-Furnishing Hardware.

PRIME QUALITY,
AND A FAIR MARKET PRICE
For every article made or sold.

Lawyers' Charges.

Recently the New York Press informed its readers through a special telegram from New York of certain high fees charged by lawyers in the Vanderbilt will case.

We learn that Mr. Vanderbilt declines to pay Mr. Clinton's tremendous bill, and we don't blame him, for it is utterly absurd that any lawyer should receive in one case, and that only of short duration, a larger sum than one lawyer in a million makes in a lifetime of hard work.

We learn that Scott Lord, the counsel for the contestant of the will, received \$100,000. These immense fees are beyond anything ever known or heard of, not only in this country but in foreign lands.

Erskine, the leader of the English bar in his time and one of the most brilliant lawyers Great Britain ever produced, never received a greater yearly income than \$60,000 and not more than £5,000 in any one case.

America takes the lead in big lawyers' fees, and it is only within a dozen years or so that our lawyers have been so lucky. Pinckney, Webster, Choate, or any of our great lawyers in times past never dreamed of such extravagant bills.

To come to our own city, which is seldom far behind in anything, the late Henry Burden paid his lawyers upwards of \$75,000 in the famous Spike case, and Ex-Chancellor Walworth, the referee in that case, received \$50,000 referee's fees.

Coddling a Streak of Lightning.

A Western wife writes to the waste column of a Chicago paper: At night my husband comes home with a rush, hangs his hat upon the floor, throws his coat upon the first chair, sends his boots flying in another direction, works his feet into his slippers while unfolding his paper, reads, eats, reads again until bed-time, throws his paper down for some one else to pick up, and rushes off to bed.

The Giant Cacti of Arizona.

A writer in the Philadelphia Times describing a trip through Arizona says, "We soon entered the land of giant cacti. I was never more surprised than at seeing the wonderful development of this plant in this region."

"There are fifteen or twenty different species of cacti growing in this region. The pole cactus grows much like a large cornstalk. Each year's growth is indicated by a joint, and a rich tenacious gum exudes from the surface, causing it to burn like pine when it is entirely green."

Was the Prince Imperial Married?

The following is translated from Le Petit Lyonnais: A short time, then, before the outbreak of the Zulu war, a youthful couple made their appearance in the town of Bath. One was a sickly young gentleman, of about twenty-two or twenty-three, who wore the uniform of the Woolwich Artillery.

A drunkard's motto—Retreat.

A Queer Anniversary

The celebration of the eighteen hundredth anniversary of the destruction of Pompeii, to take place at Naples the coming August, seems to be rather a novel idea. Why should people celebrate the anniversary of what they regard as a calamity?

A Valuable Medicine.

Dr. FRAZIER—"My constitution was very much broken down for years. My digestion, bowels and nervous system were in a very bad condition. My system was not properly nourished. After eating I was distressed, and my food would not assimilate properly, so that I received little benefit."

Dr. FRAZIER—"I have had a splendid trade on your Root Bitters. They entirely cured one of my customers, a woman, of Dyspepsia, who had used all kinds of medicines without any good results."

If you are going to paint your house, barn, wagon or machinery, the wonderful Imperishable Mixed Paint is surely the best, for it is warranted by their agents in your own town not to crack, peel or blister; to cover better and work easier than any other paint.

Write in making any purchase or in writing in response to any advertisement in this paper you will please mention the name of the paper.

TRENKMANN & WOLFF, MACHINISTS.

Tools for Planing, Molding and Turning, Cattle Brands, Iron House Work, and all kinds of Brewery Work done to order.

ST. HELEN'S HALL, Portland, Oregon.

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WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1879. With a corps of Twelve Teachers. For further particulars address Bishop Harris, or Miss Rodney, Portland, Oregon.

DuBOIS & KING, General Agents.

Commission and Forwarding Merchants, 105 F. out street, 411 Washington street, Portland, Ogn., San Francisco, Cal.

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65 CENTS

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To any part of the United States, postage paid.

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The Most Valuable Medical Discovery Known to the World—No More Use for Quinine, Calomel or Mineral Poisons—Life for the Blood, Strength for the Nerves, and Health for All.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE PUBLIC.

Believing that by cleansing the blood and building up the constitution was the only true way of banishing disease, and being troubled with weakness of the lungs, catarrh, very much broken down in constitution, etc., and after trying the best physicians and paying out money for many kinds of medicines, I was tired without finding a permanent cure.

Thousand s of persons in all parts of the country are already using the ROOT BITTERS. They have saved many lives. I prepared a compound of and bottling the Root Bitters in large quantities, and I now devote all my time to this business.

No matter what your feelings or symptoms are, what disease or ailment is, use Root Bitters. Don't wait until you are sick, but if you only feel bad or miserable, use the Bitters at once. It may save your life.

Ask your druggist or merchant for FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS, the great Blood Cleanser, and take no substitute he may recommend because he makes a larger profit.

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Tools for Planing, Molding and Turning, Cattle Brands, Iron House Work, and all kinds of Brewery Work done to order.

THE Semi-Weekly Bee.

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IN EVERY TOWN ON THE PACIFIC COAST Special Judgements. Write for terms. D. H. STEARNS, PUBLISHER, PORTLAND, OGN.

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Lard Oil, Castor Oil, China Nut Oil, Dog Fish Oil, Salmon Oil, Paraffine Oil, Downer's spindle Oil.

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Which is superior to all others. Send in your orders. JY 23-11

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THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE AND BEAUTIFIER OF THE COMPLEXION IN USE. CURES PIMPLES, BOILS, BLOTCHES, NEURALGIA, SCROFULA, GOUT, RHEUMATIC AND MERCURIAL PAINS, AND ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STATE OF THE BLOOD AND LIVER.

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A Wonderful Remedy. There is no comparison between it and the common slow acting porous plaster. It is in every way superior to all other external remedies, including liniments and the so-called electrical appliances.

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Berlin's, Winchester, Remington's, Sharps and Winchester Rifles. And Cartridges of all kinds at reduced prices, BY WM. BECK & SON, 617 1/2

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TALKS ON TEMPERANCE.

"Woe unto him that giveth his neighbor drink."

WHO KILLED HIM?

BY REV. J. A. CRUZAN.

"At the last it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder."--Prov. XXIII. 32.

Portland packed New Market Theater from pit to dome, Friday night, June 25th, in honor of a great actor. The mimic tragedy of Julius Caesar held the great audience breathlessly intent. A few hours earlier, in a hardware store on First street, occurred the last act in a tragedy of real life. How many acts are there in a tragedy? Five in Julius Caesar. We'll make five of this real tragedy.

ACT I.—A pleasant home. A proud mother holds her baby-boy in her arms, rains kisses upon his lips, looks into his eyes, and wonders what high station he is born to fill; looks dreamily into the future, sees herself aged, gray-haired, leaning upon her son as a tower of strength. Ring the bell, and let the curtain drop.

ACT II.—A printing office. Boy at the case; thinks of Franklin, and Greeley, and the Bennets, and the Harpers, and as the type rattle into the "stick," ambition is set up with them. But the foul atmosphere of a printing office poisons his soul as well as his blood. The weary hours, past midnight, when he toils at the case to give unthinking thousands their morning paper with their coffee, jade his body. He must spur it to unnatural power. He takes in his hand that scorpion whip, Rum!

ACT III.—Tented fields. The battle's hellish carnival! Chiamauga! Stone river! A wounded soldier! Andersonville and its horrors! Peace, and home alive at last!

ACT IV.—A desert of red-hot sands. A drunkard's heavy feet dragging a shrieking soul across that terrible waste to that awful "at last!" His soul acutely sensitive, his will-power gone! Chained! "Quit drink! Quit drink! Why, I would walk into that saloon, when the fit is on me, and drink if I knew that the next moment I should drop into hell! I am in hell! Every day I suffer the torments of the damned! There can be no more horrible hell!"

ACT V.—A hardware store! "It's a good pistol—well suited to carry in the pocket!" "Let me try it!" Crash! Thud! There lies that proud mother's boy! Quick! What is that in his pocket? A card! What does it say? "From a man who is about to die. Bury me as I am, without a shroud. I've been drunk three weeks, and can't keep sober!" Dead! By his own hand! "At the last, truly, it does bite like a serpent and sting like an adder!" Quick! Ring down the curtain! The tragedy is ended! No! No! It is not! The suicide's grave is not the end! There is one act more! God's own hand raises the curtain!

ACT VI.—Eternity! Something is written over the door of the future: "No drunkard shall inherit the kingdom of God!" A destroyed soul! No light! No music! No hope! Despair coiling around the heart, with unutterable anguish! Blackness of darkness forever! Woe! Woe! My soul sickens at this last act of this life tragedy! Quick! Quick! O merciful Father! Let the curtain drop, and hide this eternity of horror!

[Continued next week.]

The Grand Lodge, I. O. G. T., (loyal) of New South Wales, held its sixth annual session at Sydney, commencing April 11, '79. Representatives from nearly all the subordinate lodges in the Colony were present. The report of the G. W. C. T. showed that great progress had been made during the past year, the lodges having increased 100 per cent., in spite of many obstacles.

DIRECTORY.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.

GRAND LODGE OF WASHINGTON AND BRITISH COLUMBIA.

- Officers: NAMES, OFFICES, P. O. ADDRESS. N. D. Hill, G. W. C. T., Port Townsend W. T. S. L. C. Calvert, G. W. V. T., Seattle, " W. H. Roberts, G. W. Treas., Port Townsend " Allen Weir, G. W. Sec'y., Port Townsend " S. S. Porter, G. A. Sec'y., Olympia, " F. Kennedy, G. S. Juv. Tem., Kamilleh, " Rev. B. J. Sharp, G. Chap., White River, " W. J. Collett, G. W. Mar., Coupeville, " S. L. McAlmond, G. D. M., Dungeness, " S. A. M. Hinds, G. Guard., Pt. Townsend, " Jno. H. Carr, G. Messenger, Lopez, " E. Calvert, G. Sentinel, Seattle, " W. Raybould, G. Conn., Nainaimo, B. C.

Subordinate Lodge Directory.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY

- No. Name of Lodge Postoffice Lodge Dep'y 2 Forward, Semiahmoo, Annie E. Craig 3 Mount Adams, Goldendale, W. A. McFarland 4 Tacoma, Olympia, Jos. Chiliberg 5 Pomerooy, Pomeroy, A. E. O'Dell 6 Seattle, Seattle, John Webster 7 Pataha, Pataha, Jas. McKanase 8 Eureka, Walla Walla, W. P. Harton 9 San Juan, San Juan, Rev. T. J. Weekes 10 Rising Star, Seattle Coal Mines, N. H. Martin 11 Jefferson, Port Townsend, N. D. Hill 12 Ludlow, Port Ludlow, Lewis Poole 13 Virtue, Pataha Prairie, S. F. Williams 16 Pioneer, Wabburg, S. F. Booth 17 Fountain, Tenino, S. N. Wilkes 18 La Conner, La Conner, F. W. Hanson 19 Shakespeare, Port Madison, Alex. Ross 20 Whidby, Coupeville, A. D. Blowers 21 Excelsior, Dayton, H. A. Burge 23 Cascade, Cascades, S. B. Jones 25 Beacon, New Dungeness, E. N. Pileher 26 Orient, White River, Mrs. C. Willis 44 Wilderness, Arada, Chas. T. Huntley 46 Colfax, Colfax, Adrian Wisner

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

- 1 Perseverance, Victoria, D. S. McDonald 2 Onward, Nanaimo, Samuel Gough 3 Star of Hope, Comox, B. K. McEiman 4 Dominion, Ne Westminster, J. Lord 11 Cedar Hill, Victoria, Wm. Irvine

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of Timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," Robert D. Attridge, of Jefferson county, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the lots 3, 4 and 8W 1/4 of NW 1/4 of section No. 2, in township No. 28, north, range No. 1 west of the Willamette Meridian. Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 1st day of August, A. D. 1879. J. T. BROWN, Register of the Land Office.

Administrator's Notice To Creditors.

In the Probate court of Kitsap county. In the matter of the estate of Joseph Bates, deceased. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY the undersigned administrator of the estate of Joseph Bates, deceased, to the creditors and all persons having claims against said deceased to present them with the necessary vouchers within one year after the date of this notice, to said administrator, at his place of business in Port Townsend, W. T., or to his attorney, J. A. Kuhn, Esq., at his office in Port Townsend, W. T., or to be forever barred. Dated this 30th day of July, A. D. 1879. D. C. H. ROTHSCHILD, Adm. of estate of Joseph Bates, dec.

The First-class steamship CALIFORNIA

CAPT. THORN, WILL LEAVE Port Townsend for Sitka, Alaska Terr'y, and Way Ports, On or about the 1st of each Month.

WILL LEAVE Port Townsend for Portland, Ogn. On about the 15th of each Month. For Freight or Passage, Apply on Board, 20 Or to ROTHSCHILD & CO, Agents.

U. S. Mail Steamer DISPATCH,

CAPTAIN MONROE, Will leave Port Townsend every Thursday morning, at nine o'clock, for San Juan and Lopez Islands, Schome, Semiahmoo and Saamish Returning on Saturday evening. Will also leave Port Townsend for Neeah Bay, and way ports On Sunday mornings, at nine, returning Tuesday.

The National Gold Medal was awarded to Bradley & Rutolson for the best Photographs in the United States, and the Vienna Medal for the best in the world 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco

New Goods

RECEIVED! A LARGE STOCK OF GROCERIES

PROVISIONS Which are on sale at The Lowest Rates for Cash.

CHARLES EISENBEIS, PROPRIETOR Pioneer Bakery, PORT TOWNSEND, T. W.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT. The splendid sidewheel Steamship DAKOTA 2100 Tons. H. G. MORSE, COMMANDER. WILL LEAVE ON THE DATES HERE after mentioned:

Table with columns: SAN FRANCISCO, PT. TOWNSEND, VICTORIA. Dates: July 10, July 18, July 21, July 30, Aug 8, Aug 11, Aug 20, Aug 28, Sept 10, Sept 18, Sept 20.

STEAMSHIP CITY OF CHESTER

1,400 tons. PETER MACKIE, COMMANDER WILL LEAVE ON THE FOLLOWING dates: SAN FRANCISCO, PT. TOWNSEND, VICTORIA. 1879 July 19, On arrival, July 10, Aug 9, " " Aug 20, Sept 30, " " Sept 10, " " Sept 30.

These steamships leave Victoria at noon on the day advertised. Tickets are good only on the steamer for which they are purchased, and are not transferable. Fare from Port Townsend to San Francisco First Cabin, \$20, Steerage \$10 Reduction in Freight. — Hereafter the freights which, as per tariff, have been \$5 per ton will be charged at \$5 per ton. From and after this date all BAGGAGE of Puget Sound passengers by P. M. S. Co's steamers via Victoria, will be under Custom House seal, and will NOT be subject to examination by Custom House authorities in San Francisco. For freight or passage apply on board, or to H. L. TIBBALS, General Agent for Puget Sound, Port Townsend.

APPROVED SOLDIER'S ADDITIONAL HOMESTEADS can be located upon any lands, either single or double minimum lands, subject to homestead whether timbered or not, and having the only first class paper in the country, have made arrangements with the following gentlemen in Western Washington: A. Mackintosh, Seattle, John R. Wheat, Olympia, G. Morris Haller, Port Townsend, Henry Jackson, Snohomish City. Who will have on hand, at all times, my scrip for the accommodation of those desiring to purchase, at the rate of \$3.25 per acre for 80s and 120s, and \$3.75 per acre for 40s; fractions special. Another fraudulent class of scrip known as 'floats' can be gotten at much less rates; but no title can be given, and is, of course, not so valuable. A deed can be gotten from the original applicant of any land located by scrip purchased of me, as I in no case buy from other than the original homesteader, and know where to address him for a deed if one be required. Full investigation is asked that the worth of my paper may be known. Call upon or write any of the gentlemen named above, who will sell you the Talbot additional homestead scrip which will ensure you a patent to your land as well as a perfect title, and also as cheap as you can buy it of me. D. H. TALBOT, Gen'l Land-scrip and Warrant Broker, Sioux City, Iowa.

PATENTS and how to obtain them. Pamphlet of 60 pages free, upon receipt of stamps for postage. Address GILMORE, SMITH & CO., Solicitors of Patents, Box 44, Washington, D. C.

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WATERMAN & KATZ, SHIPPING AND COMMISSION

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And will Sell CHEAPER FOR CASH, Than any House on Puget Sound!

AGENTS FOR Wells, Fargo & Company's Express

Our Facilities for Purchasing in the Leading Markets are Superior to any.

We will give and take Exchange on SAN FRANCISCO AND NEW YORK At the most Liberal Discount.

WATERMAN & KATZ.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON TERR'y Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provision of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of Timber Lands in the State of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," William Payne, of Clallam county, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the E 1/2 of NW 1/4 of section No. 28, in township No. 31 North, Range No. 8 west of the Willamette Meridian. Any and all persons claiming adversely the said described land, or any portion thereof, are hereby required to file their claims in this office within sixty (60) days from date hereof. Given under my hand, at my office, in Olympia, W. T., this 18th day of June A. D. 1879. J. T. BROWN, Register of the Land Office.

PEOPLE'S MARKET,

Opposite Washington Hotel

Constantly on Hand the Choicest of Meats AND Vegetables. Also, Corned Beef and Pork, Smoked Meats, Pork and Bologna Sausages, Head Cheese, Tripe, &c., &c. L. SMITH & F. TERRY

NEW STORE General Merchandise C. W. MORSE, OAK HARBOR, W T Produce bought, and supplies of all kinds unshipped at the lowest cash price.

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THE NEW WILSON Oscillating Shuttle SEWING MACHINE

Is wonderful in its conception, unprecedented for doing a large range of sewing in textile fabrics and leather. Its motions are continuous, admitting of an extraordinary rate of speed, either by steam or foot power. Every motion of the treadle makes six stitches, thus producing about one-third more work in a day than other Sewing Machines. It has no stop motions, and tightens the stitch with the needle out of the fabric. It uses the well-known Wilson Compound Feed on both sides of the needle. It has two-thirds less parts than any other first-class Sewing Machine. Its arm is fully eight and one-half inches long and five and one-half inches high, and the whole Machine is very compactly and scientifically constructed in proportions, elegance, design and appearance. Its simple, powerful and perfect mechanism places it as far in advance of all other Sewing Machines as the telephone is superior to the tin speaking tube. The WILSON MENDING ATTACHMENT, for repairing all kinds of textile fabrics WITHOUT PATCHING, furnished FREE with all WILSON SEWING MACHINES, together with a Tucker, Ruffler, Corder, Set of Hemmers, Binder, etc. Prices furnished with freight charges prepaid, and machines furnished on trial to responsible parties, to be used with steam-power, in places where we have no agents. Send for illustrated Catalogue and Price List, No. 230.

AGENTS WANTED. Address WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, U. S. A. CHAS. C. BARTLETT, Agent, Port Townsend.