





what amount of money collected by him on the execution was collected from the bail, and the time when the same was received.

Sec. 90. After the return of such execution, the bail shall be entitled on application to the justice, to have the judgment, or so much thereof as may have been collected from him in satisfaction of the execution, transferred to his use; and he may collect the same from the defendant by execution, together with interest at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum.

Sec. 91. If a judgment be stayed in the manner above provided, after an execution has been issued thereon, the justice shall revoke such execution in the same manner, and with like effect as he is hereinbefore directed to revoke an execution after an appeal has been allowed; and if the defendant have been committed, shall order him to be discharged from custody.

SETTING OFF JUDGMENTS.

Sec. 92. If there be mutual justice's judgments between the same parties, upon which the time for appealing has elapsed on judgment on the application of either party, and reasonable notice given to the adverse party, one may be set off against the other, by the justice before whom the judgment, against which the set-off is proposed, may be.

Sec. 93. If the judgment proposed as a set-off was rendered before another justice, the party proposing such set-off shall produce before the justice a transcript of such judgment upon which there is a certificate of the justice before whom such may be, that it is unsatisfied, in whole or in part; and that there is no appeal; and that such transcript was obtained for the purpose of being set-off against the judgment to which it is offered as a set-off.—The justice granting such transcript, shall make an entry thereof on his docket, and all further proceedings on such judgments shall be stayed, unless such transcript be returned with the proper justice's certificate thereon, that it has not been allowed in set-off.

Sec. 94. If any justice shall set-off one judgment against another, he shall make an entry thereof in his docket, and execution shall issue only for the balance which may be due after such set-off. If a justice shall allow a transcript of a judgment rendered by another justice, to be set-off, he shall file such transcript among the papers relating to the judgment in which it is allowed in set-off. If he shall refuse such transcript as a set-off, he shall so certify on the transcript, and return the same to the party who offered it.

OF EXECUTIONS AND PROCEEDINGS THEREON.

Sec. 95. Execution for the enforcement of a judgment in a justice's court, may be issued on the application of the party entitled thereto, in the manner hereinbefore prescribed; but after the lapse of five years from the date of the judgment, no execution shall issue except by leave of the justice before whom such judgment may be, upon reasonable notice to the defendant.

Sec. 96. When any judgment shall have been rendered by any justice of the peace, and the same shall not be satisfied, during his continuance in office, and the docket of such justice shall have been transferred to another justice, or to the successor of the justice rendering such judgment, the justice to whom the docket shall be delivered, shall issue execution upon such unsatisfied judgment in the same manner, and with like effect, as if he himself had rendered the judgment.

Sec. 97. If the defendant have not goods and chattels in the county in which judgment was rendered, sufficient to satisfy the execution, the justice before whom such judgment may be, shall, at the request of the party entitled, make out a certificate transcript of the same, which may be delivered to a justice in any other county, who shall make an entry thereof in his docket, and issue execution thereon for the amount of the judgment, or such part as shall be unsatisfied, with costs as in other cases.

Sec. 98. The execution shall be directed (except when it is otherwise specially provided) to the sheriff or any constable of the county where the justice resides; shall be dated on the day it is issued, and made returnable within thirty days from the date; and it shall be against the goods and chattels of the person against whom the same is issued.

Sec. 99. Before any execution shall be delivered, the justice shall state in his docket, and also on the back of the execution the amount of the debt, or damages and costs, and of the fees due to each person separately, and the officer receiving such execution shall endorse thereon the time of the reception of the same.

Sec. 100. If an execution be not satisfied, it may, at the request of the plaintiff, be renewed from time to time by the justice who issued the same, or the justice to whom his docket is transferred, by an endorsement thereon to that effect, signed by him, and dated when the same shall be made. If any part of such execution has been satisfied, the endorsement of renewal shall express the sum due on the execution. Every such endorsement shall renew the execution in full force in all respects for thirty days, and no longer; and an entry of such renewal shall be made in the docket of the justice.

Sec. 101. The officer, after taking goods and chattels into his custody, by virtue of an execution, shall, without delay, give public notice by at least three advertisements, put up at three public places in the county, of the time and place, when and where they will be exposed for sale. Such notice shall describe the goods and chattels taken, and shall be put up at least ten days before the day of sale.

Sec. 102. At the time and place so appointed, if the goods and chattels be present for the inspection of bidders, the officer shall expose them to sale at public vendue to the highest bidder. He shall return the execution and have the money before the justice at the time of making such return, ready to be paid over to the persons respectively entitled thereto.

Sec. 103. No officer shall directly or indirectly purchase any goods or chattels at

any sale made by him upon execution, and every such purchase shall be absolutely void.

Sec. 104. If the action be one in which the defendant might have been arrested upon a warrant, an execution against the person of such defendant may be issued after the return of an execution against his property unsatisfied in whole or in part. An execution against the person may likewise be issued after such return, where the defendant has been arrested upon a warrant and not discharged according to law.

Sec. 105. If there be no property found or, if the goods and chattels levied on be not sufficient to satisfy such execution, the officer shall, on demand of the plaintiff, summon in writing as garnishees such persons as may be named to him by the plaintiff or his agent to appear before the justice on the return day of the execution, to answer such interrogatories as may be put to them, touching their liabilities as garnishees and the like proceeding shall be had thereon before the justice to final judgment, as in proceedings by attachment.

Sec. 106. Any justice of the peace may issue an execution against the prevailing party to collect fees and costs for which such party may be liable, after an execution has been first issued against the other party, and returned "no property found."

Sec. 107. If any property levied on be claimed by any person other than the defendant in the execution, the sheriff or constable shall summon from his county six persons, qualified as jurors between the parties, to try the validity of the claim, such officer shall give reasonable notice of the claim, and of the time of trial to the plaintiff, who may appear and contest the claim before the jury. The jury and the witnesses of the parties shall be sworn by the officer, and if their verdict be in favor of the claimant, the officer may relinquish the levy unless the plaintiff give him a sufficient indemnity for proceeding thereon. The fees of the jury, the sheriff or constable and the witnesses shall be the same as for similar services in a justice's court, and shall be paid by the claimant if the verdict be against him, otherwise by the plaintiff. On the trial the defendant and the claimant may be examined as witnesses by the plaintiff.

Sec. 108. Nothing contained in the last two sections shall be so construed as to prevent the claimant of property levied on by execution from resorting to any legal remedy he may choose to pursue instead of proceeding in the manner therein prescribed.

OF REPLEVIN.

Sec. 109. The plaintiff in an action to recover the possession of personal property may at the time of issuing the summons or at any time before answer, claim the immediate delivery of such property as provided in this act.

Sec. 110. When a delivery is claimed an affidavit shall be made by the plaintiff or by some one in his behalf, showing

1. That the plaintiff is the owner of the property claimed, (particularly describing it,) or is lawfully entitled to the possession thereof by virtue of a special property therein, the facts in respect to which shall be set forth.
2. That the property is wrongfully detained by the defendant.
3. The alleged cause of the detention thereof according to his best knowledge, information and belief.
4. That the same has not been taken for a tax assessment or fine, pursuant to a statute, or seized under an execution or attachment against the property of the plaintiff, or if so seized, that it is by statute exempt from such seizure, and
5. The actual value of the property.

Sec. 111. The justice shall thereupon, by an endorsement in writing upon the affidavit, order the sheriff or any constable of the county, to take the same from the defendant and deliver it to the plaintiff upon receiving a proper bond.

Sec. 112. Upon the receipt of the affidavit and order with a bond, executed by two or more sufficient sureties, approved by the sheriff or constable, to the effect, that they are bound in double the value of the property as stated in the affidavit, for the return of the property of the defendant, if return thereof be adjudged, and for the payment to him of such sum as may for any cause be recovered against the plaintiff, the sheriff or constable shall forthwith take the property described in the affidavit, if it be in the possession of the defendant or his agent, and retain it in his custody. He shall also without delay, serve on the defendant a copy of the affidavit, order and bond, by delivering the same to him personally, if he can be found within the county, or to his agent from whose possession the property is taken, or if neither can be found in the county, by leaving them at the usual abode of either within the county, with some person of suitable age and discretion; or if neither have any known place of abode in the county, by putting them into the post office, directed to the defendant at the post office nearest to him.

Sec. 113. The defendant may within two days after the service of a copy of the affidavit, order and bond, give notice to the officer that he excepts to the sufficiency of the sureties. If he fail to do so, he shall be deemed to have waived all objection to them. When the defendant excepts, the sureties shall justify upon one day's notice before the justice; and the officer shall be responsible for the sufficiency of the sureties, until the objection to them is either waived as above provided, or until they justify or new sureties be substituted, and they justify. If the defendant except to the sureties, he cannot reclaim the property as provided in the next section.

Sec. 114. At any time before the delivery of the property to the plaintiff, the defendant may, if he do not except to the sureties of the plaintiff, require the return thereof upon giving to the officer a bond, executed by two or more sufficient sureties, to the effect that they are bound in double the value of the property as stated in the

affidavit of the plaintiff, for the delivery thereof to the plaintiff, if such delivery be adjudged, and for the payment to him of such sum as may for any cause be recovered against the defendant. If a return of the property be not so required, within two days after the taking and serving of notice to the defendant, it shall be delivered to the plaintiff, except as provided in this act.

Sec. 115. The defendant's sureties, upon one day's notice, to the plaintiff, or his attorney, shall justify before the justice, and upon such justification, the officer shall deliver the property to the defendant.—The officer shall be responsible for the defendant's sureties until they justify, or until the justification is complete, or expressly waived, and may retain the property until that time, but if they, or others in their place, fail to justify at the time appointed, he shall deliver the property to the plaintiff.

Sec. 116. If the property, or any part thereof, be concealed in a building or enclosure, the officer shall publicly demand its delivery, and if it be not delivered, he shall cause the building or enclosure to be broken open and take the property into his possession.

Sec. 117. When the officer shall have taken property as in this act provided, he shall keep it in a secure place, and deliver it to the party entitled thereto, upon receiving his lawful fees for taking, and his necessary expenses for keeping the same.

Sec. 118. If the property taken be claimed by any other person than the defendant or his agent and such person make affidavit of his title thereto, or his right to the possession thereof, stating the grounds of such title or right and serve the same upon the officer before the delivery of the property to the plaintiff, the sheriff shall not be bound to keep the property or deliver it to the plaintiff unless the plaintiff, on demand of him or his agent, indemnify the officer against such claim by a bond executed by two sufficient sureties accompanied by their affidavits, that they are each worth double the value of the property as specified in the affidavit of the plaintiff over and above their debts and liabilities exclusive of property exempt from execution, and freeholders or leaseholders of the county, and no claim to such property by any other person than the defendant or his agent, shall be valid against the officer unless made as aforesaid, and notwithstanding such claim, when so made, he may retain the property a reasonable time to demand such indemnity.

Sec. 119. The officer shall return the order and affidavit with his proceedings thereon, to the justice within five days after taking the property mentioned therein.

FORCEFUL ENTRY AND DETAINER.

Sec. 120. No person shall make entry into lands, tenements or other possessions, but in cases where entry is given by law; and in such cases he shall not enter with force, but only in a peaceable manner.

Sec. 121. When any forcible entry shall be made, or when an entry shall be made in a peaceable manner, and the possession shall be unlawfully held by force, the person entitled to the premises may be restored to the possession thereof in the manner thereafter provided.

Sec. 122. The person entitled to the possession of the premises, may make complaint in writing, on oath to a justice of the peace of the county in which the premises are situated, setting forth that the person complained of is in possession of the lands or tenements in question—describing them; and that he entered into the same with force, or that he unlawfully holds the same by force, as the case may be, and the time when.

Sec. 123. Upon receiving such a complaint, the justice shall issue a summons directed to the sheriff or any constable of the county, commanding him to summon the person or persons against whom such complaint shall have been made, to appear before the justice on a day in such summons named.

Sec. 124. The summons shall be served by the officer as in other cases, and at the same time a copy of the complaint shall in like manner be served on the defendant. The officer shall in his return state the time and manner of such service.

Sec. 125. The justice shall at the time of issuing the summons, issue a venire to the sheriff or constable, commanding him to summon six good and lawful men, qualified to serve as jurors, to appear at the time and place appointed for the trial of the complaint, to be a jury in the case. Such venire shall be returned on or before the day appointed for the trial; and the officer shall endorse thereon the list of the jurors summoned.

Sec. 126. If a sufficient number of jurors do not attend, or attending are set aside by challenging peremptorily, or for cause, the justice may order the sheriff or constable to complete the number by summoning other jurors.

Sec. 127. If the plaintiff fail to attend at the time appointed for hearing the complaint in person, by agent or attorney, and prosecute his action, he shall be nonsuited, and the defendant shall recover his costs.

Sec. 128. If the defendant fail to appear at the time appointed for hearing the complaint, the justice may proceed ex parte, or continue the cause at his discretion; but he shall not continue it for a longer time than ten days, nor to any other place than that named in the summons for the hearing of the cause.

Sec. 129. If the defendant appear, he shall before the trial, file his answer in writing, and under oath, in which he shall set forth his defence.

Sec. 130. The jury shall consist of six persons unless the parties agree on a less number, and when duly empaneled and sworn, the justice shall cause the complaint to be read to them and then call on the plaintiff to support the same by proof, but the plaintiff shall not be required to make further proof of the forcible entry and detainer than that he was lawfully possessed of the premises, and that the defendant unlawfully entered and detains the same.

Sec. 131. If the jury on the trial find

the defendant guilty, the justice shall record the verdict and give judgment thereon with costs, and also issue a writ of restitution, directed to the sheriff or constable to cause the plaintiff to be repossessed of the premises to which shall be added a clause commanding the officer to levy the costs of the goods and chattels of the defendant.

Sec. 132. The verdict of the jury shall be in writing, and shall be in the form or to the effect, following:

"We, the jury find the defendant guilty, or if in favor of the defendant 'not guilty,' of said forcible entry and detainer in manner and form as the plaintiff in his complaint hath alleged," or the jury may find the defendant guilty as to part and not guilty as to the balance of the charge as laid in the plaintiff's complaint, if so they shall state it specially in the verdict.

Sec. 133. When the jury find a verdict of "not guilty," generally for the defendant, the verdict shall be so recorded, and the justice shall enter judgment against the plaintiff for costs and issue execution thereon against his goods and chattels.

Sec. 134. In all cases of forcible entry and detainer, the justice shall have power to grant a new trial if the same be applied for on the day the verdict is rendered and good cause be shown on affidavit therefor, which shall be within ten days after granting the same, but not more than one new trial shall be granted to either party.

Sec. 135. The title shall in no issue be enforced into on any complaint, for a forcible entry or detainer.

Sec. 136. One year's quit possession of the premises immediately preceding the filing of the complaint by the party complained of, or those under whom he holds may be pleaded by any defendant, in bar of the plaintiff's demand of possession unless his estate therein be ended.

Sec. 137. The person entitled to any premises may recover possession thereof in the manner hereinbefore provided in the following cases:

1. When any person shall hold over any lands or tenements after the time for which they are demised or let to him or to the person under whom he holds, or contrary to the conditions or covenants of any lease or agreement under which he holds.
2. When any rent shall have become due or any such lease or agreement, and the tenant or person in possession shall have neglected or refused for ten days after demand of the possession, made in writing, to deliver up possession of the premises or pay the rent so due.
3. When any person shall continue in possession of any premises sold by virtue of any mortgage or execution after the sheriff's deed therefor shall have been recorded.
4. When any tenant at will or by sufferance, shall hold over after the determination of his estate by a notice to quit as provided by law.

Sec. 138. When the plaintiff shall file a complaint for an unlawful detainer, for any one of the causes mentioned in the last section, it shall not be necessary for the justice to issue a venire for a jury at the time of issuing the summons, but the justice shall at the time of trial proceed to hear and determine the complaint unless either party shall call for a trial by jury, in which case the justice shall issue a venire in the same manner, and the same proceedings shall thereupon be had as in cases of forcible entry and detainer.

Sec. 139. When the action shall be brought to recover the possession of premises demised or let for the reason that the tenant or person in possession has refused or neglected to pay the rent due, it shall be lawful for the defendant at any time before judgment to pay to the justice for the plaintiff, the rent then in arrear with interest, and the costs of the action and thereupon no writ of restitution shall be awarded.

Sec. 140. The justice shall have the same power to continue actions for forcible entry and detainer, as in other cases.

Sec. 141. Neither the judgment nor anything contained in this act, shall bar or prevent the party injured from bringing an action to recover the possession of the premises or to recover damages for the trespass or injury committed against the aggressor or party offending.

ACTION TO RECOVER POSSESSION OF A MINING CLAIM.

Sec. 142. Any person claiming the right to the occupancy and possession of a mining claim, withheld by another may make complaint in writing, and on oath to a justice of the peace of the county in which the mining claim is situated, setting forth the facts constituting his right to such possession and occupancy and such a description of the mining claim as can conveniently be given and that the defendant wrongfully withholds the possession from him.

Sec. 143. Upon filing such complaint, the same proceeding shall be had before the justice as in actions for a forcible entry and detainer and if judgment be rendered for the plaintiff, a writ of restitution may in like manner be issued to place the plaintiff in possession of such mining claim.

Sec. 144. In an action to recover possession of a mining claim, proof shall be submitted of the customs, usages, or regulations established and in force at the bar or diggings embracing such claim; and such usages, customs and regulations, when not in conflict with the laws of the United States or of this Territory, shall govern the decision of the action.

PROCEEDINGS FOR CONTEMPT BEFORE JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Sec. 145. In the following cases and no others, a justice of the peace may punish for contempt:

- 1st. Persons guilty of disorderly, contemptuous and insolent behavior towards such justice, while engaged in the trial of a cause, or in rendering judgment, or in any judicial proceedings which tend to interrupt such proceedings, or impair the respect due to his authority.
- 2d. Persons guilty of any breach of the peace, noise or disturbance, tending to

interrupt the official proceedings of such justice.

3d. Persons guilty of resistance or disobedience to any lawful order or process made or issued by him.

Sec. 146. Punishment for contempt may be by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding two days, at the discretion of the justice, unless otherwise provided by statute.

Sec. 147. No person shall be punished for a contempt before a justice of the peace, until an opportunity shall have been given to him, to be heard in his defence; and for that purpose the justice may issue his warrant to bring the offender before him.

Sec. 148. If the offender be present, he may be summarily arraigned by the justice, and proceeded against in the same manner as if a warrant had been previously issued, and the offender arrested thereon.

Sec. 149. The warrant for contempt may be in the following form:

Territory of Washington, } ss.  
County of \_\_\_\_\_ }  
To the sheriff or any constable of said county:

In the name of the United States, you are hereby commanded to apprehend A. B. and bring him before J. P., one of the justices of the peace of said county, at his office in said county, to show cause why he should not be convicted of a contempt alleged to have been committed on the day of A. D. 18\_\_\_\_ before the said justice while engaged as a justice of the peace in judicial proceeding.

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ A. D. 18\_\_\_\_  
J. P.,  
Justice of the Peace.

Sec. 150. Upon the conviction of any person for contempt, an entry thereof shall be made in the docket of such justice, stating the particular circumstances of the offence, and the judgment rendered thereon, and may be in the following form:

Territory of Washington, } ss.  
County of \_\_\_\_\_ }  
Whereas, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of A. D. 18\_\_\_\_, while the undersigned, one of the justices of the peace of the said county, was engaged in the trial of an action between C. D., plaintiff, and E. F., defendant, in said county, A. B., of the said county, did interrupt the said proceedings, and impair the respect due to the authority of the undersigned, by (here describe the cause particularly.) And whereas, the said A. B. was thereupon required by the undersigned to answer for the said contempt, and show cause why he should not be convicted thereof. And whereas, the said A. B. did not show cause against the said charge—he is therefore ordered, that the said A. B. is adjudged to be guilty, and is convicted of the contempt aforesaid, and is adjudged by the undersigned to pay a fine of \_\_\_\_\_ dollars, (or be imprisoned, &c.)

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ A. D. 18\_\_\_\_  
J. P.,  
Justice of the Peace.

Sec. 151. If any person convicted of a contempt be adjudged to be imprisoned, a warrant of commitment shall be issued by the justice. If he be adjudged to pay a fine, process may be issued to collect the same; and when so collected, it shall for the same be paid by the justice in the county treasury.

CERTIORARI AND PROCEEDINGS THEREON.

Sec. 152. If any person shall conceive himself injured by error in any process, proceeding or judgment, or order given by any justice of the peace within this Territory, it shall be lawful for such person to remove such process, proceeding, judgment or order, to the district court, as hereinafter provided.

Sec. 153. Within twenty days after the rendition of the judgment, or if the error be committed after judgment then within twenty days after such error was committed, the party applying for such certiorari, his agent or attorney, shall file in the office of the clerk of the district court for the proper county, an affidavit, stating that in his belief there is reasonable cause for granting such certiorari, for error in such judgment or proceeding, (setting forth the ground of error alleged,) and that the application is made in good faith, and not for the purpose of delay, and further shall execute a bond to the adverse party, with one or more sureties, to be approved by the clerk in double the amount of the judgment and costs rendered before the justice, to the effect that the party applying will prosecute the writ of certiorari to final judgment, and abide any order of the court, may make therein.

Sec. 154. The writ of certiorari shall be served on the justice within ten days after it has been issued; and if a bond be executed in pursuance of the last section, and a certificate of the clerk to that effect be served on the justice, all further proceedings in law in such case shall cease; and if the execution shall have issued on such judgment, the justice shall immediately recall the same.

Sec. 155. Upon the service of a writ of certiorari to reverse a judgment, it shall be the duty of the party serving the same, to deliver at the same time to the justice, a copy of the affidavit on which the certiorari was procured, and the justice shall make a special return as to all the facts contained in such affidavit, and of the proceedings in the case, and annex a copy thereof to the writ, and shall file the same with the clerk of the district court, within ten days after the service of the writ, together with all the papers in the action; and he shall also certify the time when the writ was served upon him.

Sec. 156. The district court shall have power to compel such justice to make or amend such return by rule, attachment or mandamus, as the case may require.

Sec. 157. When the writ of certiorari and return shall be filed with the clerk, the case may be brought on to argument before the district court at any time thereafter, according to the statutes relating thereto.

Sec. 158. The district court shall, after hearing the case, give judgment as

the right of the matter, may appear without regarding technical objections, imperfections or defects in the proceedings before the justice, which did not affect the merits and may affirm or reverse the judgment in whole or in part and issue execution upon other judgments rendered before said court.

Sec. 159. If a judgment rendered before a justice be collected, and afterwards be reversed by the court above, such court shall award restitution of the amount so collected with interest from the time of collection, and execution may issue therefor.

OF APPEALS TO THE DISTRICT COURT.

Sec. 160. Any person considering himself aggrieved by any judgment or decision of a justice of the peace, may in person or by his agent appeal therefrom to the district court of the same county where the judgment was rendered or the decision made.

Sec. 161. Such appeal shall be taken within twenty days after the judgment is rendered or the decision made and shall be by filing a notice of appeal with the justice and serving a copy thereof on the adverse party or his attorney.

Sec. 162. No appeal shall be allowed in any case, unless a bond shall be executed on part of the appellant by one or more sureties in the sum of one hundred dollars to the effect that the appellant will pay all costs which may be awarded against him on the appeal, or if a stay of proceeding before the justice be claimed, a bond with two or more sureties in a sum equal to twice the amount of the judgment, to the effect that the appellant will pay the costs and judgment, provided the sum appealed from be affirmed, or if affirmed only in part, then to the extent in which it may be affirmed.

Sec. 163. If the judgment appealed from direct the delivery of the possession of premises in an action of forcible entry and detainer, or if a mining claim, a writ of restitution may be issued and executed unless a bond be entered into on the part of the appellant with two or more sureties to the effect that during the possession of such premises or mining claim by the appellant, he will not commit nor suffer to be committed any waste, destruction or injury thereon, and that if the judgment be affirmed he will pay the value of the use and occupation of the premises or mining claim, from the time of the appeal until the delivery of possession thereof, and all costs of the appeal. The amount of such bond shall be fixed by the justice before whom the action was tried.

Sec. 164. Upon appeal being made, and a bond filed to stay all proceedings, the justice shall allow the same, and make an entry of such allowance in his docket, and all further proceedings on the judgment before the justice shall thereupon be suspended; and if, in the meantime, execution shall have been issued, the justice shall give the appellant a certificate that such appeal has been allowed.

Sec. 165. On such certificate being presented to the officer holding the execution, he shall forthwith release the property of the defendant that may have been taken on execution; and if the body of the defendant have been taken on execution, he shall be discharged from imprisonment.

Sec. 166. On or before the first day of the term of the district court, next after the appeal has been taken, the appellant shall furnish the district court with a transcript of all the entries made in the justice's docket relating to the case, together with all the process and other papers relating to the action, and filed with the justice, which shall be certified by such justice to be correct, and upon the filing of such transcript the district court shall become possessed of the cause, and shall proceed in the same manner as near as may be, as in actions originally commenced in that court, except as herein otherwise provided.

Sec. 167. The issue before the justice shall be tried in the district court without other or new pleadings, unless otherwise directed by the court.

Sec. 168. Upon an appeal being made and allowed, the district court may by rule and attachment compel the justice to make and deliver to the appellant a certified transcript of the proceedings upon paying to such justice the fees allowed by law for making such transcript, and whenever the court is satisfied that the return of the justice is substantially erroneous or defective, it may be ruled and attachment compelled to amend the same.

Sec. 169. No appeal allowed by a justice shall be dismissed on account of the bond being defective, if the appellant will, before the noon of the day of the next term of the district court such a bond as he should have executed by the allowance of the appeal, and pay all costs that shall be incurred by reason of such defect.

Sec. 170. In all cases of appeal to the district court if on the trial issue in such court the judgment be against the appellant, in whole or in part, such judgment shall be rendered against him and his sureties in the bond for the appeal.

FORM IN CIVIL ACTIONS IN JUSTICES COURT.

The following, or equivalent forms, may be used by justices of the peace in civil actions and proceedings under this chapter, to wit:

Territory of Washington, }  
County of \_\_\_\_\_ }  
To my sheriff or any constable of said county:

In the name of the United States, you are hereby commanded to summons C. D., if he be found in your county, to be and appear before the undersigned justice of the peace in and for said county, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_ o'clock in the \_\_\_\_\_ noon at his office in \_\_\_\_\_ to answer to A. B. in a civil action, and have you then and there this writ.

Given under my hand this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_  
J. P.,  
Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF WARRANT.

Territory of Washington, } ss.  
County of \_\_\_\_\_ }  
To the sheriff or any constable of said county:



In the name of the United States, you are hereby commanded to take the body of C. D. if he be found within your county, and bring him forthwith before the undersigned, one of the justices of the peace in and for said county, at his office in the County of Washington, to answer A. B. in a civil action; and you are hereby commanded to give due notice thereof to the plaintiff, his agent or attorney; and have you then and there this writ.

Given under my hand this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF SUBPOENA. Territory of Washington, County of To the sheriff or any constable of said county:

In the name of the United States, you are hereby required to appear before the undersigned, one of the justices of the peace in and for said county, on the day of 18 at o'clock in the noon at his office in to give evidence in a certain case, then and there to be tried between A. B., plaintiff, and C. D., defendant, on the part of the plaintiff, (or defendant as the case may be).

Given under my hand this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF AN EXECUTION. Territory of Washington, County of To the sheriff or any constable of said county:

Whereas, judgment against C. D., for the sum of dollars and for dollars, costs of suit, was recovered on the day of 18 before the undersigned, one of the justices of the peace in and for said county, at the suit of A. B. There are therefore in the name of the United States, to command you to levy on the goods and chattels of the said C. D. (excepting such as the law exempts) and make sale thereof according to law, to the amount of the said sum and the costs upon this writ, and the same return to me within thirty days to be rendered to the said A. B., for his debt, interest and costs.

Given under my hand this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF A VENIRE FOR A JURY. Territory of Washington, County of To the sheriff or any constable of said county:

In the name of the United States, you are hereby commanded to summon six good and faithful men of your county, to be and appear before the undersigned, one of the justices of the peace in and for said county, on the day of 18 at o'clock in the noon of said day, at his office in to make a jury for the trial of a civil action between A. B., plaintiff, and C. D., defendant, and have you then and there this writ.

Given under my hand this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF EXECUTION AGAINST THE BODY. Territory of Washington, County of To the sheriff or any constable of said county:

Whereas, judgment against C. D. for the sum of dollars, and for dollars costs of suit, was recovered on the day of 18 before the undersigned, one of the justices of the peace in and for said county, at the suit of A. B. and an execution against his property returned unsatisfied; these are therefore in the name of the United States, to command you to take the body of the said C. D., and bring him to the place of the said C. D., and keep him in custody in prison, until the said sum, and all legal expenses be paid and satisfied, or until he be discharged therefrom by due course of law, and of this writ make due return within thirty days.

Given under my hand this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF EXECUTION AGAINST PRINCIPAL AND SURETY, AFTER EXPIRATION OF STAY OF EXECUTION. Territory of Washington, County of To the sheriff or any constable of said county:

Whereas, judgment against C. D. for the sum of dollars, and for dollars costs of suit, was recovered on the day of 13 before the undersigned, one of the justices of the peace, at the suit of A. B. And whereas, on the day of 18 E. F. became surety to pay the said judgment and costs in month from the date of the judgment aforesaid, agreeable to law, in the payment of which the said C. D. and E. F. have failed. These are therefore in the name, &c., (as in the common form.)

Given under my hand this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF WRIT OF ATTACHMENT. Territory of Washington, County of To the sheriff or any constable of said county:

In the name of the United States, you are hereby commanded to take the personal property mentioned and described in the within affidavit, and deliver the same to the plaintiff upon receiving a paper undertaking, unless before such delivery the defendant enter into a sufficient undertaking for the delivery thereof to the plaintiff, if delivery be adjudged.

Given under my hand this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF WRIT OF ATTACHMENT. Territory of Washington, County of To the sheriff or any constable of said county:

In the name of the United States, you are hereby commanded to attach and safely keep the goods and chattels, money, effects and credits of C. D. (excepting such as the law exempts), or so much thereof as shall satisfy the sum of dollars, with interest and costs of suit, in whatsoever hands or pos-

session the same may be found in your county, and to provide that the goods and chattels so attached, may be subject to further process thereon, as the law requires; and of this writ make legal service and due return.

Given under my hand this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF SUMMONS IN FORCIBLE ENTRY AND DETAINER. Territory of Washington, County of To the sheriff or constable of said county:

Whereas A. B. of hath exhibited unto the undersigned, one of the justices of the peace in and for said county, a complaint against C. D. for a forcible entry and detainer of the following premises, to wit: he has been found in your county, to appear before the undersigned on the day of 18 at o'clock in the noon, at his office in then and there to make answer to and defend against the complaint aforesaid. And you also hereby command to serve a copy of this said complaint on the said C. D., and of this writ make due return, with your doings thereon.

Given under my hand this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF WRIT OF RESTITUTION IN FORCIBLE ENTRY AND DETAINER. Territory of Washington, County of To the sheriff, or any constable of said county:

Whereas, A. B. did make complaint in writing to the undersigned, a justice of the peace in and for said county, against C. D. of the said county, that he had been guilty of a forcible entry and detainer of a certain tract of land (or other possessions) of the said A. B., and whereas a jury was empaneled and sworn to inquire of said complaint, and did return their verdict, that the said C. D. was guilty of a forcible entry and detainer of the following described tract of land to wit: (here describe the premises of which the defendant is found guilty) of forcibly entering and detaining; and whereas judgment was entered thereon by said justice and that the said A. B. should have restitution of the premises; therefore in the name of the United States, you are hereby commanded to cause the said C. D. to be removed forthwith from the premises aforesaid, and that the said A. B. have peaceable restitution of the same, and also that you levy of the goods and chattels of C. D. found in your county the sum of dollars (e.g. the amount of costs on the trial aforesaid, together with dollars for this writ and also your own fees, and make return of this writ within thirty days next after the date hereof.

FORM OF UNDERTAKING FOR AN ARREST. Whereas, an application has been made by A. B., plaintiff, to J. P., one of the justices of the peace in and for county, for a warrant to arrest C. D., defendant, founded upon an affidavit of the said plaintiff, setting forth that C. D. (here state the cause for arrest): Now, therefore, we A. B., plaintiff, and E. F., acknowledge ourselves bound to C. D., in the sum of dollars, to pay all costs that may be awarded to the said defendant, and all damages which he may sustain by reason of the arrest, not exceeding the sum of dollars.

Dated this day of 18 A. B., E. F.

FORM OF UNDERTAKING IN REPLEVIN. Whereas, A. B., plaintiff, has commenced an action before J. P., one of the justices of the peace in and for county, against C. D., defendant, for the recovery of certain personal property, mentioned and described in the affidavit of the plaintiff, to wit (here set forth the property claimed): Now, therefore, we, A. B., plaintiff, E. F. and G. H., acknowledge ourselves bound unto C. D., in the sum of dollars, for the prosecution of the action, for the return of the property to the defendant, if return thereof be adjudged and for the payment to him of [such] sum, as may for any cause be recovered against the plaintiff.

Dated this day of 18 A. B., E. F., G. H.

FORM OF UNDERTAKING IN ATTACHMENT. Whereas, an application has been made by A. B. plaintiff, to J. C., one of the justices of the peace in and for County for a writ of attachment against the personal property of C. D., defendant, (a foreign corporation a non resident, or because he has assigned, secreted, &c.): Now, therefore, we, A. B., plaintiff and E. F., acknowledge ourselves bound to C. D. in the sum of dollars that if the defendant recover judgment in this action, the plaintiff will pay all costs that may be awarded to the defendant, and all damages which he may sustain by reason of the said attachment not exceeding the sum of dollars.

Dated the day of 18 A. B., E. F.

FORM OF UNDERTAKING TO DISCHARGE ATTACHMENT. Whereas, a writ of attachment has been issued by J. P., one of the justices of the peace in and for county against the personal property of C. D., defendant, in an action in which A. B. is plaintiff: Now, therefore, we, C. D., defendant, E. F. and G. H., acknowledge ourselves bound unto J. K., constable in the sum of dollars, (double the value of the property,) engaging to deliver the property attached, to wit, (here set forth a list of the articles attached), or pay the value thereof to the sheriff or constable, to whom execution upon a judgment obtained by the plaintiff in the aforesaid action may be issued.

Dated this day of 18 C. D., E. F., G. H.

FORM OF UNDERTAKING TO INDEMNIFY CONSTABLE ON CLAIM OF PROPERTY BY A THIRD PERSON. Whereas, L. M. claims to be the owner of, and have the right to possession of certain personal property, to wit (here describe it) which has been taken by J. K., constable in county, upon an execution by J. P., justice of the peace in and for the county of upon a judgment obtained by A. B., plaintiff, against C. D., defendant: Now, therefore, we, A. B., plaintiff, E. F. and G. H., acknowledge ourselves bound unto the said J. K., constable, in the sum of dollars, to indemnify the said J. K. against such claim.

A. B., E. F., G. H.

CRIMINAL JURISDICTION. Sec. 171. The jurisdiction of the justices of the peace in criminal prosecutions, shall be co-extensive with their respective counties, and they shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the district court, in affrays, assaults, assaults and battery, violation of estray laws, obstructing of highways and bridges, charging extra tolls at ferries and bridges, neglect of roads by supervisors, public indecency, having obscene books pamphlets for exhibition or otherwise, forcible entry and detainer, malicious trespass, and on conviction shall have power to fine the person so offending, in any sum not exceeding thirty dollars.

Sec. 172. Any justice shall, on complaint made on oath in writing before him charging any person with the commission of any crime or misdemeanor, of which he has jurisdiction, issue a warrant for the arrest of such person, and cause him to be brought forthwith before him for trial.

Sec. 173. Where any offense is committed in view of any justice, he may, by verbal direction to any constable, or if no constable be present, to any citizen, cause such constable or citizen to arrest such offender, and keep him in custody for the space of one hour, unless such offender shall sooner be taken from such custody by virtue of a warrant issued on complaint on oath. But such person so arrested, shall not be confined in jail, nor put upon any trial, until arrested by virtue of such warrant.

Sec. 174. On the return of any warrant issued by him, it shall be the duty of the justice to docket the cause, and unless continuance be granted forthwith to hear and determine the cause, and either acquit, convict and punish, or hold to bail the offender, if the offence be bailable and prove to be one which should be tried in the district court, or in default of bail commit him to jail, as the facts and the law may justify.

The prisoner or the Territory may demand a jury, which may be empaneled and sworn as in civil cases, or he may be tried by the justice.

Such justice or jury, if they find the prisoner guilty, shall assess his punishment, or if in their opinion the punishment they are authorized to assess, is not adequate to the offence, they may so find; and in such case, the justice shall order such defendant to enter into recognizance to appear at the next term of the district court, and shall also recognize the witnesses, and proceed as provided by the act regulating criminal proceedings in like cases.

The defendant may plead guilty to any offence charged, but no justice shall assess a fine or enter judgment thereon, until a witness or witnesses have been examined, to state the circumstances of the transaction; and he shall have power either to enter judgment and assess a fine or order the defendant to enter into recognizance to appear at the next term of the district court; and where the offence charged is an injury to the person or property, the party injured in person or property must be present and examined as a witness, unless prevented by sickness or beyond the reach of process.

Sec. 175. In all cases arising under this act, it shall be the duty of the justice of the peace to summon the injured party, and all others whose testimony may be deemed material, as witnesses at the trial, and to enforce their attendance by attachment, if necessary.

Sec. 176. Continuance may be granted, either on application of the prisoner, or the prosecuting attorney, or prosecuting witness, under the same rules as in civil cases; the costs of such continuance shall abide the event of the prosecution in all cases, and the justice shall recognize the defendant and the witnesses to appear from time to time in the same manner as is provided in other criminal examinations before him.

In all cases of conviction, under the provisions of this act, the justice shall enter judgment for the fine and costs against the defendant, and may commit him to jail until the judgment is satisfied, or the payment thereof be secured, and further proceedings therein shall be had as in like cases in the district court.

Every defendant may stay the execution for the fine and costs for thirty days by procuring sufficient sureties to be approved by the justice to enter into recognizance before him for the payment of the fine and costs, the entry of such recognizance shall be made on the docket of the justice, and signed by the sureties, and shall have the same effect as a judgment, and if the same be not paid in thirty days, the justice shall proceed as in like cases in the district court.

Sec. 177. Every person convicted before a justice of the peace of any offence, may appeal from the sentence within ten days thereafter to the district court then next to be held in the same county, and such appellant shall be committed to abide the sentence of said justice, until he shall recognize to the territory in such reasonable sum, with such sureties as said justice shall require, with condition to appear at the court appealed to, and there to prosecute his appeal, and to abide the sentence of the court thereon, and in the mean time to keep the peace, and be of good behavior.

The justice shall also recognize the wit-

nesses or if they are not present, endorse their names on the copy of proceedings.

Sec. 178. The justice on such appeal shall make a copy of the conviction and other proceedings in the case, and transmit the same together with the recognizance and an abstract bill of the costs to the clerk of the court appealed to, who shall issue a subpoena for the witnesses if they are not under recognizance.

Sec. 179. The appellant shall not be required to advance any fees in claiming his appeal, nor in prosecuting the same, but if convicted in the district court, or if sentenced for failing to prosecute his appeal, he may be required, as a part of the sentence to pay the cost of the prosecution.

If the appellant shall fail to enter and prosecute his appeal, he shall be defaulted on his recognizance, if any was taken, and the district court may award sentence against him for the offence whereof he was convicted in like manner, as if he had been convicted thereof in that court, and if he be not then in custody, process may be issued to bring him into court to receive sentence.

Sec. 180. It shall be the duty of every justice, on the first Mondays in January and July in each year, and on going out of office, to pay over to the treasurer of his county, all money he may have received on account of fines, and all fees which may have remained unclaimed in his hands for twelve months, and he shall at the same time deliver to such treasurer a statement in writing, showing by items the sources from which such money was derived, and shall append thereto an affidavit, that he has received no other money for fines, not before paid over to such treasurer, and has no other fees unclaimed for twelve months, in his hands; and the treasurer's receipt therefor, he shall file with the auditor, who shall give him a quietus.

FORMS OF PROCEEDINGS IN CRIMINAL CASES. Sec. 181. The following, or equivalent forms, may be used by justices of the peace in criminal proceedings under this act:

Territory of Washington, County of To the sheriff or any constable of said county:

Whereas, A. B. has this day complained in writing under oath to the undersigned, one of the justices of the peace in and for said county, that on the day of 18 at in said county (here insert the substance of the complaint, what ever it may be.) Therefore, in the name of the United States, you are commanded forthwith to apprehend the said C. D. and bring him before me, to be dealt with according to law.

Given under my hand this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF SEARCH WARRANT. Territory of Washington, County of To the sheriff or any constable of said county:

Whereas, A. B. has this day made complaint on oath, to the undersigned, one of the justices of the peace in and for said county, that the following goods and chattels, to wit: (here describe them), the property of the said A. B. have within days past, or were on the day of, by some person or persons unknown, been stolen, taken and carried away out of the possession of the said A. B., in the county aforesaid; and also that the said A. B. verily believes that the said goods or a part thereof, are concealed in or about the house of C. D., in said county, (describing the premises to be searched). Therefore in the name of the United States, you are commanded that with the necessary and proper assistance, you enter into the said house, (describe the premises to be searched) and there diligently search for the said goods and chattels; and if the same, or any part thereof, be found on such search, bring the same and also the said C. D. forthwith before me, to be disposed of according to law.

Given under my hand this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF COMMITMENT WHERE JUSTICE ON TRIAL SHALL FIND THAT HE HAS NOT JURISDICTION OF THE CASE. Territory of Washington, County of To any constable and to the keeper of the common jail of said county:

Whereas, C. D. of, &c., has been brought this day before the undersigned, one of the justices of the peace in and for said county, charged on the oath of A. B., with having on the day of 18 in said county, committed the offence of (here state the offence charged in the warrant) and in the progress of the trial of said charge, it appearing to the said justice that the said C. D. has been guilty of the offence of (here state the new offence found on the trial) committed at the time and place aforesaid; and whereas, the said C. D. has failed to give bail in the sum of dollars, for his appearance to answer at the next term of the district court, as required by me—therefore, in the name of the United States, &c., (as in the last form) to receive the said C. D. into your custody in the said jail, and him there safely kept until he be discharged by due course of law.

Given under my hand this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF COMMITMENT TO ANSWER IN THE DISTRICT COURT. Territory of Washington, County of To any constable and to the keeper of the common Jail of said county:

Whereas, on the day of 18 A. B. made complaint in writing and on oath before the undersigned one of the justices of the peace, in and for said county, charging C. D. with having on the day of 18 committed the crime of larceny (or other crime as the case may be,) and the said C. D. having been brought before and examined by me, and it being sufficiently proved to me that the said C. D. has in said county, committed the crime of larceny (or other crime) by stealing

one bay horse of the value of dollars of the goods and chattels of the said A. B., and he the said C. D. having failed to give bail for his appearance to answer at the next term of the district court in the sum of dollars as required by me; therefore, in the name of the United States, you the said constable are commanded forthwith to convey and deliver the said C. D. to the said keeper and you the said keeper, are hereby commanded.

FORM OF WARRANT TO KEEP THE PEACE. Territory of Washington, County of To the sheriff or any constable of said county:

Whereas, A. B. has this day complained in writing and under oath, to the undersigned, one of the justices of the peace in and for said county, that he has just cause to fear, and does fear that C. D., late of said county, will (here state the threatened injury or violence, as sworn to). Therefore, in the name of the United States, you are commanded to apprehend the said C. D., and bring him forthwith before me, to show cause why he should not give surety to keep the peace and be of good behavior towards all the people of this Territory, and the said A. B. especially, and further to be dealt with according to law.

Given under my hand this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF COMMITMENT UPON SENTENCE. Territory of Washington, County of To any constable and the [keeper of the] common jail of said county:

Whereas, at a justice's court held at my office in said county, for the trial of C. D. for the offence hereinafter stated, the said C. D. was convicted of having on the day of 18 in said county, committed (here state the offence) and upon conviction, the said court did adjudge and determine that the said C. D. should be imprisoned in the common county jail of said county, for days, there you, the said constable, are commanded in the name of the United States, forthwith to convey and deliver the said C. D. to the said keeper; and you, the said keeper, are hereby commanded to receive the said C. D. into your custody in the said jail, and him there safely kept until the expiration of said days, or until he shall thence be discharged by due course of law.

Given under my hand this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the Peace.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE OF CONVICTION. Territory of Washington, County of At a justice's court, held at my office in said county before me, one of the justices of the peace, in and for said county, for the trial of C. D. for the offence hereinafter stated, the said C. D. was convicted of having on the day of 18 at in said county of (here insert the offence,) and upon conviction the said court did adjudge and determine that the said C. D. should pay a fine of dollars, or be imprisoned as the case may be,) and the said fine has been paid to me.

Given under my hand, this day of 18 J. P. Justice of the peace.

FORM OF AN EXECUTION. Territory of Washington, County of To the Sheriff or any constable of said county:

Whereas, at a justice's court held at my office in said county for the trial of C. D. for the offence hereinafter stated, the said C. D. was convicted of having on the day of 18 in said county committed (here state the offence,) and upon conviction the said court did adjudge and determine that the said C. D. should pay a fine of dollars, and dollars costs; and whereas the said fine and costs have not been paid; these are therefore in the name of the United States, to command you to levy on the goods and chattels &c., as in execution in civil cases.

Passed April 28th, 1854. I certify the foregoing is a true copy of the original act.

C. H. MASON, Secretary of the Territory of Washington.

MEN DROWNED.—We are informed by Judge ROUNDELL, who has just returned from Gray's Harbor, that the Indians of that place say that about six weeks ago they found a boat and one drowned man in it, which drifted ashore at Gray's Harbor—and that about the same time they found the bodies of four men drifted ashore in the same vicinity. They also say they found "big" gold dollars in their pockets. The Indians buried the bodies.

EPHRAIM PALM SERMON. Bishop Scott, of the Episcopal Church, will preach at Olympia, in the Hall of the House of Representatives, on to-morrow, (Sunday) 26th inst., at 10 o'clock, a. m., and at 3 o'clock p. m.

Rev. Dr. McCarthy, of the same Church, will preach on the same day and at the same hours at Stella, on.

MARRIED. On the 22d inst., at the house of Asher Sargent, Esq., by Rev. Charles Blevins, Mr. C. G. SAYLOR and Miss MATHILDA J. SARGENT, both of this county.

DEATH. At the residence of his father, Chamber's Prairie, Thurston county, W. T., on the 12th inst., GEORGE W. GUTHRIE.

HANDS WANTED! FIFTY MEN can find employment at Fayward's Saw Mill, Port Ludlow, Washington Territory. For terms, apply to ELWOOD EVANS, Olympia. May 27, 1854. 3w38

J. S. SMITH, ATTORNEY AT LAW. FENN'S COVE, WHISKEY ISLAND. WILL attend to any business entrusted to him in the courts of the Territory or before the Surveyor General of Oregon.

For Sale Cheap. TWO Concord Coaches, with Harness complete for sixteen horses, also a pair of harnesses, for particulars apply at Van Winkle & Duncan's, 4th between 1 and J streets, Sacramento, or to L. S. Van Winkle, No. 10 Carwell House, Sansome Street, San Francisco, or address Van Ward, "Sun Office." May 29, 1854. 3w37

IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC. Goldman & Rosenblatt. HAVE recently received an assortment of wholesale and retail, at prices to suit purchasers.

DRY GOODS. A complete assortment, such as Merinos, Alpacaes, Fig'd Mouseline and Barège de Laine; French, English and American prints; Ginghams; Lawns; Plaid; Linen Diapers; Holland; Curtain Damask; Flannels; White Beans and Seaming; Toweling; No. Broad Cloth; Cottons; Red Tick; superior white Jeans; Cambric; Swiss Mull; Checked and Satin striped Muslins; Embr. Curtain Muslin. Mar. shes, white and colored Cantonment; S. W. Chemises, Collars and underclothes; Vest, Morning Gowns and Shawls; Silk and Cashmere; Ladies' Silk, Cashmere, and Cotton Hose. An assortment of Gloves, Perfumery and Fairy articles.

CLOTHING. Cloth Coat; Pants; Black Satin Vest; Silk and Fawn Cravat; Blue and Scarlet Flannel over Shirt; Merino and Silk; L. B. Shirts; Silk vest; Check and Calico Suits; Mole skin, Cashmere, Beaver, Fur and Panama Hats; Boys' Hats of various Hues; Embr. Curtain Muslin.

BOOTS & SHOES. Calif. skin and kip Boots; Gents' and Boys' P. Lea Brogan; Ladies' B. shoes, Gaiters and a variety of Boots—Gaiters, and small profits. A large and great number of articles not mentioned. The above named goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices. Call, examine our stock and convince yourselves. O. R. Mendenhall, Stationery and Hardware, and a great number of articles not mentioned. Our system—Equal justice to all.

GOLDMAN & ROSENBLATT. Olympia, W. T., May 27, 1854. 3w35

SURVEYOR GENERAL'S NOTICE TO SETTLERS. In Township 3 North Range 1 East in W. T. In " 4 " " 1 West in do In " 5 " " 1 " do In " 2 " " 1 East in O. T. In " 3 " " 1 West in do In " 4 " " 1 " do In " 5 " " 1 " do

The above townships having been surveyed, and the plats thereof approved on the 4th inst., all persons who have claims or parts of claims therein before the date of such approval, are required to present the affidavits of their claims, respectively at this office, within THREE MONTHS from the date hereof, where I shall be prepared to receive the north halves of their claims, and enter upon the same, and the settlement of boundary lines may be found to exist among them.

And every person who has settled, or shall settle within such townships, after the date of approval aforesaid, is required by law to file at this office the notification of his claim, specifying the precise tract or tracts claimed by him, within THREE MONTHS from the date of his settlement, and he hereby is requested to do so at any convenient time, and to file the same. Given under my hand at Oregon City, this 5th day of May, 1854.

C. K. GARDNER, Surveyor General of Public Lands in Oregon. May 20, 1854. 4w37

SAMUEL HOLMES, DAGUERRETYPE, OLYMPIA, W. T. Will attend to all orders for the taking of Daguerreotypes, LIKENESSES, and all other matters connected with the art. Rooms over the Cabinet Shop of D. C. Beatty. May 13, 1854. 3w37

NOTICE IN RELATION TO THE REMOVAL OF THE OFFICE OF THE SURVEYOR GENERAL FROM OREGON CITY TO SALEM, IN OREGON TERRITORY. In virtue of the authority vested in the President of the United States by the 23d section of the Act of Congress, approved September 27, 1850, entitled "An act to create the office of Surveyor General of the public lands in Oregon," &c., and in accordance with the request of the Legislature of said Territory, Notice is hereby given, that the office of Surveyor General of Oregon will be removed from Oregon City to Salem, in Oregon Territory.

On the first day of August next. Given under my hand, at the city of Washington, this fifteenth day of March, A. D. 1854. FRANKLIN PIERCE. By the President: JOHN WILSON, Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Great Inducements! THE subscriber has just received, ex LONDON a full and desirable assortment of goods, consisting in part of the following articles: Flour, Pork, Rye Syrup, Lard, Cheese, Bread, Butter, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Corn Meal, &c. &c. B. S. vest and full assortment of Trimmings. Boots, coarse and fine, and Ladies' Shoes, Ladies' Gaiters and Socks, Pantaloon, coarse and fine, Shirts, Double Barrel Guns, Powder, Shot, Dr'd Apples, Candles, &c., &c., &c.

Being anxious to leave for the Atlantic States, I will sell the present cheaply, and can be purchased elsewhere in the Territory. Please call and examine. Terms Cash. C. C. TERRY. Alki, April 26, 1854. 4

NEW GOODS! ARRIVAL OF THE TARQUINA! Silk Piques; Barege and Barege de laine; French and Scotch Ginghams; French Calicoes; Silk Ribbons and Trimmings; Mar. shes and Silk Bed Spreads; Ketchik Jeans and Sateens; Ladies' and Gents' Cashmere Gaiters; Crime Dress Lines; Irish Linen; Wadding; M-Jackin Hats, &c., &c., &c.

The subscribers take this method to inform the public in general, Ladies particularly, that in addition to their former stock they have received a variety of goods too numerous to mention, but which they will show without any extra charges, and will on terms to suit all. Come all! Our motto: Small profits and quick sales! Our system: One price and no quibbling!

M. LOUISON & CO. M. LOUISON, I. LIGHTNER, A. FRANKEL. Olympia, W. T., April 19, 1854. 3w37

Drugs & Medicines. THE subscriber having located at Seattle, King Co., W. T., takes this opportunity to inform the citizens of the Territory, that he has opened and will sell the most complete assortment of GENUINE DRUGS AND MEDICINES to be found in the country. Persons in want of good medicines, will do well to call on him, at the Seattle Drug Store, corner of Main and Commercial Streets, Seattle. Orders by mail attended to. Seattle, W. T., May 3d, 1854. HOBACE MORSE.

AT TEEKALET, Harbor of Port Cambie-Hood's Canal, THE PUGET MILL CO. HAVE a Steam Saw Mill—ganging and single saws—and Shingle machine in operation, and have on hand and are manufacturing a variety of sizes and lengths, of a superior quality for building and shipping purposes. All orders promptly attended to by J. P. KELLER, at Teekelet, Washington Territory, or A. J. POPE, San Francisco, California's. Teekelet, March 14, 1854. 3w37



**List of Counties and Officers.**  
The following constitutes a list of the counties of this Territory and the officers appointed by the Legislature to hold their offices until their successors are elected at the next annual election. The officers appointed are required to qualify the same as those elected at an annual election:

**Walla Walla County.**  
County Commissioners—Geo. C. Bamford, Jno. Owen, Dominic Pemberton.  
Sheriff—Naicies Raymo.  
Judge of Probate and Justice of the Peace—Lloyd Brook.

**Skamania County.**  
County Commissioners—S. M. Hamilton, Joseph Robbins, Jacob W. Scroder.  
Sheriff—E. F. McNoll.  
Judge of Probate—Cornelius Salmer.  
Treasurer—J. H. Bush.  
Auditor—Geo. W. Johnson.  
Justices of the Peace—N. H. Gales, B. B. Bishop.

**Clarke County.**  
County Commissioners—William Dillon, C. C. Stiles, Capt. Fanchilde.  
Sheriff—Geo. W. Hart.  
Judge of Probate—Henry Gullifer.  
Auditor—Wm. Ryan.  
Treasurer—Henry Burlingame.  
Justices of the Peace—Solomon Strong, Michael Tubbs.

**Cowlitz County.**  
County Commissioners—Thomas Lor, A. A. Abernethy, Seylor Rue.  
Justice of the Peace for Monticello precinct—Nathaniel Stone.  
Constable for said precinct—R. C. Smith.  
Judge of Probate—Nathaniel Ostrander.  
Auditor—Chas. Holman.  
Treasurer—Alex. Crawford.  
Sheriff—James Huntington.  
Assessor—Benjamin Huntington.  
Justice of the Peace for Oak Point precinct—W. H. Harris.  
Constable for Oak Point precinct—F. A. Smith.

**Wahkiakum County.**  
County Commissioners—James Birnie, Thompson Dray, Austin Nye.  
Auditor—Newel Boria.  
Treasurer—James Birnie, jr.  
Sheriff—Wm. Stilwell.  
Judge of Probate and Justice of the Peace—Solomon Stilwell.

**Pacific County.**  
County Commissioners—George T. Eastbrook, P. J. McEwen, Daniel Wilson.  
Judge of Probate—George P. Newel.  
Justice of the Peace—Ezra Weston.  
Constable—Wm. Edwards.

**Lewis County.**  
County Commissioners—Henry R. Stillman, Thomas Metcalf, J. C. Davis.  
Judge of Probate—James Gardiner.  
Auditor—Horace H. Pints.  
Justices of the Peace—Charles F. White, O. Small, Henry N. Sterns.  
Constables—Baptist Bone, Wm. C. Many.  
Sheriff—J. L. Mitchell.  
Assessor—Martin Hudson.  
Treasurer—C. C. Pageot.  
Coroner—G. B. Roberts.  
Superintendent of Common Schools—A. B. Dillibough.

**Thurston County.**  
County Commissioners—Sydney S. Ford, Sen., David J. Chambers, James McAlister.  
Auditor—U. E. Hicks.  
Sheriff—Franklin Kennedy.  
Assessor—Whitfield Kirtley.  
Judge of Probate—Stephen D. Ruddell.  
Treasurer—Daniel R. Bigelow.  
Justices of the Peace—Nathan Eaton, Joseph Broshars, W. Plumb.  
Superintendent of Schools—Elwood Evans.

**Chehalis County.**  
County Commissioners—Geo. Watkins, Jno. Vail, Jno. Brady.  
Auditor—A. O. Houston.  
Treasurer—D. K. Walden.  
Judge of Probate—James H. Roundtree.  
Sheriff—M. A. Fairfield.  
Justices of the Peace—Wm. M. Ballard, C. L. Russell, I. L. Scammond.

**Savannah County.**  
County Commissioners—Wesley Gonnell, Charles Graham, Lee Hancock.  
Sheriff—Finnis K. Simmons.  
Judge of Probate—Alfred Hall.  
Auditor—V. P. Morrow.  
Treasurer—Orington Cushman.  
Justice of the Peace—Aaron M. Collins.

**Pierce County.**  
County Commissioners—Wm. P. Dougherty, L. A. Smith, Wm. N. Savage.  
Treasurer—H. C. Perkins.  
Sheriff—C. Dunham.  
Assessor—Hugh Patterson.  
Coroner—Anthony Laughlin.  
Justices of the Peace—M. H. Frost, Geo. Brown, Samuel McCaw.  
Auditor—G. Bowlin.  
Judge of Probate—H. C. Moseley.  
Constables—Wm. McLucas, William Sherwood.

**King County.**  
County Commissioners—Thomas Mercer, G. W. W. Loomis, L. M. Collins.  
Judge of Probate—Wm. A. Strickler.  
Sheriff—C. D. Baren.  
Auditor—H. L. Ysler.  
Treasurer—Wm. P. Smith.  
Superintendent of Schools—Henry A. Smith.  
Assessor—John C. Holgate.  
Justices of the Peace—John A. Chas., S. L. Grow, S. W. Russell.  
Constables—B. L. Johns, S. B. Simmons, James N. Roberts.

**Jefferson County.**  
County Commissioners—J. P. Keller, Wm. Dunn, F. W. Pettygrove.  
Treasurer—J. K. Thorndike.  
Sheriff—W. T. Sayward.  
Judge of Probate—L. B. Hastings.  
Auditor—A. A. Plummer.  
Justices of the Peace—J. P. Keller, Wm. Webster, F. W. Pettygrove, J. K. Thorndike.  
Assessor—Clinger.

**Clallam County.**  
County Commissioners—E. H. McClelland, E. Price, Daniel F. Brownfield.  
Sheriff—Chas. Bradshaw.  
Justice of the Peace—G. H. Gerrish.  
Assessor—J. C. Brown.  
Treasurer—Fitzgerald.  
Judge of Probate—John Margrave.  
Auditor—G. B. Moore.

**Island County.**  
County Commissioners—John Alexander, John Crockett, I. B. Powers.  
Sheriff—Hugh Crockett.  
Auditor—R. H. Lansdale.  
Assessor—Humphrey Hill.

**Whatcom County.**  
County Commissioners—William Cullen, H. C. Page, R. V. Peabody.  
Sheriff—Elis Barnes.  
Auditor—A. M. Poe.

**P. KEACH & CO.**  
HAVE just received Ex G. W. KENDALL and now offer for sale Wholesale and Retail, the largest assortment of Goods on Puget Sound.  
**COMPRISING IN PART THE FOLLOWING GOODS,**  
Pork, Shoulders, Sugar, crushed and powdered, Sugar China, No. 1, E. B. Syrup in kegs, No. 1 Molasses, Tea, every variety, Coffee, old Java and Rio, Chili Beans, Apples, Butter, Lard, Preserved Fruits. Also, 150 bbls. excellent Flour.

**WINE, LIQUORS AND SEARS,**  
EVERY VARIETY.  
**DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING.**  
Fancy Prints, Calicoes, Mous de Lanes, Alpacaes, figured and plain, Shirting and Sheeting, Flannels, Red and white, Cassimers, Veltres, muslins, figured and embroidered Handkerchiefs, Irish Linen, Thread, Silk, &c., &c.

**COATS,**  
Frock and Dress, heavy Beaver and Pilot Overcoats, Pants, black and fancy, Dressing, Cloth, Sateen and Silk vests, extra fine Shirts, Calico, Linen, Check, and Hickory do., and a large assortment of under and over Shirts.

**BOOTS AND SHOES,**  
30 Cases Boots and Shoes, for Gents, Ladies, Boys and Misses.  
**HATS AND CAPS.**  
Lima, Molekin, and Kosouth, Mexican and Brush Hats, Navy and Boston glazed Caps.  
**A Very Large Supply**  
Of cooking stoves, Premium and Western World, Office and Parlor stoves, stove pipe, Zinc, &c.

**Hard Ware.**  
Cutlery, Log Chains, Carpenter's tools, Glass-ware, Wooden-ware, Powder, Shot, Tobacco, Pipes, Knives and Forks, &c. Besides hundreds of other articles too numerous to mention.  
We would respectfully invite the inhabitants of this Territory, to call before purchasing elsewhere at our New Store in STELLACOOM CITY, March 15, '54. 24tf

**CHEAP STORE!**  
**WHOLESALE & RETAIL.**  
THE undersigned having permanently located himself at Olympia, in the mercantile business, has now on hand and is constantly receiving goods adapted to the wants of the country. Among his assortment may be found:  
**DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE,**  
BOOTS, SHOES, TIN WARE, CUTLERY, CLOTHING, &c.  
All of which will be sold "Cheaper than the cheapest."  
Persons desirous of purchasing goods will do well to call before making their purchases.  
A word to the wise is sufficient.  
G. A. BARNES.  
Olympia, Sept. 7, 1853.—ly1.

**JUST RECEIVED**  
PER bark "Carib," invoice Dry Goods, Groceries and Indian trade, which we offer low for cash.  
GEORGE & CO.  
Alki, Dewampah Day, April 13, 1854. 32tf

**WOODFORD C. HOLMAN,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANT & SHIPPING AGENT,  
FIRE PROOF BRICK BUILDING,  
No. 86 Sacramento Street,  
March 1, 1851. W.31 SAN FRANCISCO.

**Groceries, Provisions, &c.,**  
—EX TARQUINA—  
Flour—Chili and Gallego;  
Pork—in hogs and whole bbls;  
Hams & Bacon, choice;  
Butter, New York Goshens;  
Ale, Read's draught;  
Ale, Tennant's Bottled;  
Lard, Ad. Candles;  
Pilot Bread, Cav. Tobacco;  
White lead and lined oil;  
Nails and Window sash;  
Powder, shot, caps and lead.  
Just received and for sale at  
OLYMPIA, April 22, 1854. 33tf  
PARKER'S

**GOLDMAN & ROSENBLATT,**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN  
**Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries,**  
STATIONERY, HARDWARE, &c.,  
OLYMPIA, W. T.  
BERNARD GOLDMAN, SAMUEL ROSENBLATT.  
April 29, 1854. 24tf

**WASHINGTON HOTEL.**  
(THE LONG FINE TREE IN FRONT.)  
CORNER OF MAIN AND SECOND STREETS,  
OLYMPIA, W. T.  
THE proprietors of this hotel having erected an additional building, and completed other extensive improvements, are now prepared to offer as good accommodations and fare as any hotel in our own or neighboring territory.  
The Bar will always be supplied with the best liquors and Cigars.  
A good stable is attached to the premises.  
Our motto—Clean Beds and Warm Rooms.  
CORLISS & ENSIGN.  
October 1, 1853. 4tf

**OLYMPIA BAKERY**  
AND  
**BEEF MARKET!**  
THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to furnish Bread, Cakes, and Pies of every description, on reasonable terms. Balls and parties furnished on the shortest notice.  
Also Beef, Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, &c.  
J. K. HURD.  
Olympia, Sept. 1, 1852. 1tf

**FOR SALE.**  
20 TONS Liverpool Salt in sacks;  
200 new Salmon barrels;  
100 boxes for smoked Salmon.  
Apply to  
B. P. BARSTOW, Penn's Cove.  
All those wishing to engage in the Salmon business this season, will do well to call on B. P. B. before engaging salt and barrels elsewhere.  
April 29, 1854. 24tf

**W. H. WALLACE,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
STELLACOOM, W. T.  
Nov. 5, 1853. 9tf

**LAFAYETTE BALCH,**  
**MERCHANT,**  
STELLACOOM, WASHINGTON TERRITORY.  
Oct. 1853. 34f

**GEORGE L. STORY,**  
**DRUGGIST,**  
DENNISON'S BUILDING, FRONT STREET,  
PORTLAND, OREGON.  
Dec. 3, 1853.

**C. H. MASON,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
OLYMPIA, W. T.  
**GEORGE GALLAGHER,**  
DEALER IN STOVES, HARD-WARE, TIN-WARE,  
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &c.,  
OLYMPIA, W. T.  
Nov. 5, 1853. 9tf

**I. N. EBEL,**  
**Attorney and Counselor at Law,**  
AND SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,  
Office at the Custom House.  
Sept. 30, 1853. 4tf

**G. A. BARNES,**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN DRY GOODS,  
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, HARD-WARE, &c.,  
OLYMPIA, W. T.  
Sept. 10, 1853.

**H. C. MOSELEY,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
STELLACOOM, PIERCE COUNTY, W. T.  
July 9, 1853. 1f

**F. A. CHENOWETH,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
Will attend the several District Courts of the Territory of Oregon.  
Cascadia City, Dec. 15, 1852.

**DOCTOR L. C. BROY,**  
**French Physician and Surgeon.**  
OFFICE—POSTLAND HOSPITAL, FRONT STREET,  
Portland, Oregon.

**PILLOW & DREW,**  
**Watch Makers and Working Jewelers,**  
FRONT, BETWEEN STARK AND OAK STREETS,  
PORTLAND, OREGON.  
Watches and Clocks cleaned and repaired in a workmanlike manner, and warranted.  
Rings and Pins made to order, of California Gold.  
Portland, Sept. 10, 1853.

**NEW ARRIVAL!**  
**NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.**  
GREAT AS THIS ONE!  
THE subscriber would inform the public that he has received direct from San Francisco and is now opening at the Post Office building on Second street, one door east of the Washington Hotel, a large and well selected assortment of  
**DRY GOODS,**  
SHOES, BOOTS, KATS,  
CAPS, &c., AND A SPLENDID LOT OF  
**READY MADE CLOTHING.**  
As the above goods were selected from personal inspection, the association in recommending his assortment as of a superior quality, and from his long experience in the business, he considers himself competent to judge judiciously in making purchases to suit the wants and demands of the people of this part of the country. The above stock will be sold on as reasonable terms, as can be obtained elsewhere in the Territory.  
W. M. RUTLEDGE.  
Olympia, Jan. 21, 1853. 20tf

**J. O. MARTIN,**  
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, AND  
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY,  
Chesterville, Near Penn's Cove,  
Whidby's Island, W. T.  
mh 25, '54-ly.]

**LARGE CARGO FOR SALE.**  
THE UNDERSIGNED, direct from the Sandwich Islands, has opened at the store room formerly occupied by G. A. Barnes, on First street, Olympia, the following articles designed for the supply of the trade generally:  
2000 lbs first quality Goshen butter,  
1500 lbs Lard in tins,  
3000 lbs Hawaiian Coffee,  
2000 gallons Hawaiian Molasses in half barrels,  
1700 gallons Torbet Syrup,  
1500 lbs Sugar in half barrels and barrels,  
8000 lbs coarse salt,  
2000 lbs Sugar-cured Hams,  
2000 lbs extra chewing tobacco, in 21 lb packages,  
850 lbs Tallow Candles, in 25 lb boxes,  
30 doz. boxes Martell's Brandy,  
44 gallons Spirits Turpentine, in 6 gallon tins,  
95 iron pots,  
80 pairs heavy pants,  
25 doz. looking glasses,  
10 pairs heavy hangers,  
All of which will be sold in quantities to suit purchasers on reasonable terms.  
SAMUEL C. ALLEN.  
Olympia, March 25, 1854. 29tf

**DE SHUTES STORE.**  
GROCERIES, Dry Goods, Beef, Vegetables, Bread, Cakes and Pies, can all be had cheap for cash at the Falls of Deshutes River.  
WILSON & HURD.  
De Shutes, April 8, 1854. n31.

**LIVERY STABLE.**  
**NEW ARRANGEMENT!**  
THE undersigned, having completed their large and commodious stable in Olympia, are now prepared to stable at one time ONE HUNDRED HORSES, and intend keeping a number of excellent horses for hire.  
Also horses kept by the day or week.  
For terms and other particulars, inquire at the Pacific House.  
A. J. Baldwin will be found in the office attached to the stable night and day, ready at all times to attend to any call in the line of his business.  
In connection with the above business, a team will always be on hand to accommodate those who may want teaming done on reasonable terms.  
All persons indebted to Edmund Sylvester on account, are requested to call at my office and settle the same.  
A. J. BALDWIN & CO.  
Olympia, Feb. 11, 1854.

**NOTICE.**  
THE workmen upon the western portion of the Cascade Mountains are hereby notified that the amount due them upon the contract with Capt. George B. McClellan, can be had by presenting certificates of time to  
EDWARD J. ALLEN.  
Olympia, April 8, 1854. n31

**Schictwoot.**  
THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that the above named saw has been finished, and put in readiness to convey goods from points below to this city. She is capable of carrying a large amount of freight, and is perfectly water-tight. Orders from all parts received and promptly attended to at the lowest rates.  
A. J. BALDWIN.  
Olympia, Sept. 10, 1853. 1f

**COOPERING.**  
THE undersigned has located himself at the Puyallup Fishery Station where he is prepared to fill orders for Coopering at the shortest notice.  
March 11, 1854. W  
C. BAIRD

**M. LOUSSON & CO.,**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN  
**Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes,**  
Hats, Caps, Groceries, Crockery Ware,  
&c., &c.  
Olympia, W. T. San Francisco, Cal.  
No. 101 FRONT ST. LIGHTNER, A. FRANKEL  
April 22, 1854. 33tf

**Williams & Waterman,**  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN  
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS AND LIQUORS,  
Main Street, Olympia, W. T.  
April 15, 1854. 3m32

**CHIPS & ETHRIDGE,**  
**ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS,**  
OLYMPIA, WASHINGTON TERRITORY.  
BEING the pioneers in Olympia, we take this method of informing the public generally that we are prepared to contract and furnish materials for buildings on the improved "rat plan," which cannot be surpassed "nary time."  
Terms—Cash.  
Olympia, Nov. 12, 1853. 10tf

**ALLAN, LOWE & CO.,**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANTS,**  
123 CLAY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.  
Allan, McKinlay & Co. Oregon City and Umpqua, Oregon.  
June 25, 1853. 6m42

**PUYALLUP**  
**SALMON FISHERY.**  
THE UNDERSIGNED are now prepared to enter into contract with persons desiring to pack Salmon—deliverable on the beach, from the net—in any quantity to suit. Apply to  
RILEY & SWAN, Puyallup,  
or to PHILIP KEACH, Esq., Stellacoom City,  
August 12, 1853. 50tf

**THE OFFICE OF**  
**JNO. B. PRESTON,**  
IS over PRESTON, O'NEILL & CO'S store,  
Main street, Oregon City, where he is prepared to attend to any business pertaining to Land or Land laws in Oregon.  
Oregon City, Dec. 1854. 16tf

**STOVES.**  
JUST RECEIVED ex brig Tarquina, a large and splendid assortment of  
**PARLOR AND COOK STOVES,**  
Hardware, Hollow ware, Plows  
CARPENTERS TOOLS, SCYTHES,  
CUTLERY, &c.  
Also on hand a large and varied assortment of plain and japanned Tin ware.  
We are prepared to manufacture to order, and at the shortest notice, all articles in our line of business.  
GEORGE GALLAGHER.  
Olympia, Nov. 5, 1853. 9tf

**FOR SALE.**  
A FIRST RATE TWO HORSE WAGON for sale, on reasonable rates,  
by  
GEORGE GALLAGHER.  
Olympia, April 1, 1854. 30tf

**JAMES C. STRONG,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
WILL, in connection with Hon. Wm. Scroggs, practice in the courts in Washington Territory.  
**NOTICE TO SETTLERS.**  
By arrangement with John B. Preston, Esq., Land Surveyor General, I will attend to the preparation of notices, and all business connected with the Land Office. Business at the office at Oregon City will be attended to by Mr. Preston personally. This will insure to claimants a prompt and correct attention to their business.  
Office, for the present, on Third street, three doors from Main, Olympia, Washington Territory.  
Olympia, March 25, 1854. 6m29

**WATCHES AND JEWELRY!**  
**G. COLLIER ROBBINS,**  
**WATCH MAKER & JEWELER,**  
(LATE OF ST. LOUIS, MO.)  
TAKES pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Oregon and Washington that he has permanently located in Portland, where he is prepared to repair all kinds of  
**WATCHES AND JEWELRY.**  
G. C. R. hopes by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit a share of the patronage of the public.  
Front street, next door to Ladd & Co's. Third door below the Columbian Hotel.  
Sept. 10, 1853.

**CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.**  
THE undersigned have this day entered into partnership in the Livery Stable business, and will continue to carry it out under the firm of  
ANDREW J. BALDWIN,  
EDMUND SYLVESTER.  
Olympia, Feb. 1, 1854.

**FOR SALE!**  
I WILL SELL the Columbian Hotel (the best property in Olympia) and a cottage on the corner of Front and Third streets, also any land claim, on which there is a splendid oyster bed, and a good dry dock for shipping, situated seven miles and a half from Olympia, at a very great sacrifice for ready money. The hotel and other particulars inquire at my house on the claim.  
HERBERT JEAL.  
Olympia, June 4, 1853. 33tf

**NOTICE.**  
NOTICE is hereby given that the purchase from Indians of guns, utensils of husbandry or cooking utensils of the kind commonly obtained by them in their intercourse with white people, or of blankets or any article of clothing except shins or furs, is strictly forbidden by law under a penalty of FIFTY DOLLARS for each and every offence, and that such offences will be hereafter strictly prosecuted.  
The system of private reprisals in case of thefts committed by Indians, is also strictly forbidden by law. The Superintendent will be at all times ready to compel indemnity where it can be obtained from the tribe, and on failure, the act provides for remuneration otherwise. In case of violation of this provision, the right to indemnity is forfeited, and the penalty will be enforced in addition.  
ISAAC I. STEVENS,  
Gov. & Supt. Indian Affairs,  
Office Superintendent Indian Affairs,  
Olympia, W. T., Feb. 22, 1854.

**FRUIT TREES.**  
**MELBAURNE WHERRY,**  
H. S. LUELLING, PROPRIETORS.  
WE have had a number of our varieties bear fruit, and we find the size and flavor to exceed any in the United States. We have greatly extended our Nursery by the introduction of many new varieties of Apples, Pears, Plums, Peaches, &c., and a variety of Flowering and ornamental Trees, many of which shall be able to furnish fall. We have further extended our nursery business by establishing three Branch Nurseries in the upper country; one at Alfred Stanton's Marion county, four miles north-east of Salem; one at Mr. Knox's, Knox's Butte, Lincoln county; and one at Joseph Kelsey's near Starr's Point, Benton county.  
March 11, 1853.

**L. E. MORGAN & CO.,**  
SUCCESSORS TO  
**T. ADAMS & CO.,**  
**Peoria Premium Steel Plow**  
MANUFACTURERS,  
CORNER BROADWAY AND BATTERY STREETS,  
San Francisco, California.  
The above named plows are kept for sale in Olympia by  
GEO. GALLAGHER,  
March 18, 1854. 29tf

**FOR COWLETTZ LANDERS.**  
PERSONS desirous of procuring good horses to ride to the Cowlitz Landing, can be accommodated by leaving orders at the Columbian Hotel, Olympia, or calling on the farm of Judge Young.  
Travelers overland from Oregon will also find good horses at the Cowlitz Landing by calling at the residence of  
F. A. CLARKE.  
Cowlitz Landing, July 2, 1853. 43tf

**SEATTLE STEAM SAW MILL.**  
H. L. YESLER & CO. are now manufacturing a superior article of sawed lumber.  
H. L. YESLER & CO. 11f.  
Seattle, Sept. 3, 1853.

**NEW MUSIC STORE.**  
PILLOW & DREW,  
**Watchmakers and Jewelers,**  
HAYB in connection with their regular business, opened a music store and have on hand Piano Fortes of the most celebrated makers. We also have on hand piano forte, flute, accordion and melodeon music and music books. All orders filled with promptness.  
Dec. 3, 1853. 6m.

**NEW BLACKSMITH SHOP.**  
THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of Stellacoom city and vicinity, that he is prepared to do all work in the Blacksmithing line lower than at any other establishment on Puget Sound. All orders from a distance executed with neatness and dispatch.—PLOW, MILL IRONS, &c., of a superior quality can be obtained upon short notice, and at very reasonable rates.  
Shop, corner of Second and Columbia streets.  
S. F. LIKEN'S.  
Stellacoom city, Sept. 5, 1853.—2tf

**DR. J. R. CARDWELL,**  
DENTAL SURGEON,  
PORTLAND, OREGON.  
DR. C. is prepared to insert the improved Porcelain Gum Teeth on the atmospheric pressure principle, which may be worn with comfort, answering every end of the natural teeth.  
Particular attention paid to the plugging of decayed teeth with gold or tin foil, thereby preventing further decay. Teeth extracted with improved forceps, giving the least possible pain.  
All operations warranted to give entire satisfaction, or no charge made. Ladies visited at their residence if requested.  
Feb. 18, 1854. 24tf

**QUINCY A. BROOKS,**  
**BIGELOW & BROOKS,**  
**ATTORNEYS AT LAW,**  
OLYMPIA, THURSTON COUNTY,  
WASHINGTON TERRITORY.  
Advice given in regard to filing notifications of land claims, and all Agencies of Town property, entrusted to our care, belonging to non-residents, faithfully and promptly attended to according to order.  
Olympia, Dec. 17, 1853.

**Stellacoom Ship Yard.**  
**BOLTON & WILSON,**  
SHIP CARPENTERS AND CHANDLERS,  
STELLACOOM, PUGET SOUND.  
VESSELS of all classes built, rigged and fitted for sea. Sails, spars, rigging, netting, chandlery &c., supplied to order. Caulking and all other repairs made in the most satisfactory manner. Ship carpenters will be despatched to any part of the Sound whenever required. The patronage of persons wishing to build, owners, consignees and masters of vessels, is respectfully solicited.  
Stellacoom, Aug. 6th, 1853.—ly 48.

**CARTER & PAGETT,**  
DEALERS IN  
**PRODUCE, MERCHANDISE,**  
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,  
**Cowlitz Landing, W. T.**  
Also, proprietors of the  
**COWLITZ HOTEL,**  
where travellers can find good fare and accommodations.  
Dec. 3, 1853. 13-

**DISSOLUTION.**  
THE copartnership existing under the name and style of L. B. Hastings & Co., have this day dissolved by mutual consent, and the business will be continued by L. B. Hastings and Alfred A. Plummer, under the name and style of Hastings and Plummer, who will settle up all the business of the late firm of L. B. Hastings & Co.  
F. W. Pettygrove will remain in the Office until the business is settled up.  
I. B. HASTINGS,  
F. W. PETTYGROVE,  
A. A. PLUMMER.  
Port Townsend, Feb. 20, 1854. 24tf

**HOLMAN HOUSE,**  
DUBOIS & BOONE, PROPRIETORS,  
NEAR THE STEAMBOAT LANDING,  
SALEM, MARION COUNTY, OREGON.  
Feb. 18, 1854. 24tf

**B. P. BARSTOW'S LINE OF**  
**PACKETS,**  
BETWEEN San Francisco and Penn's Cove, consisting of the Clipper Bark "Mary McCall," "Brig" Kingsbury, and a new clipper now on the passage from the States, will run regularly during the season, and will take freight and passengers to all points on the Sound.  
B. P. Barstow will be in San Francisco much of the time during the season, and will fill all orders he may be entrusted with for goods, or any other business.  
Address B. P. Barstow, San Francisco, or B. P. B. & Co., Penn's Cove.

**B. P. BARSTOW & CO.**  
WILL keep constantly on hand Provisions and Groceries of all kinds; also Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Cooking Stoves, &c., &c. They are receiving by each of their vessels from San Francisco large supplies, and can furnish to the people and merchants of the Sound, goods lower than they can be procured at any other point.  
Feb. 10, 1854. 23

**Sayward's Line**  
OF PACKETS, consisting of the ship Sarah Parker, Berkehanman, and schooner, William will run regularly between Puget Sound and San Francisco. All orders for goods will be promptly attended to.  
July 30, 1853. 47y

**W. T. SAYWARD,**  
HAS established himself at Port Ludlow, where he has now, and will keep constantly on hand the largest assortment of  
**PROVISIONS, GROCERIES,**  
AND DRY GOODS.  
to be found in Washington Territory—and will sell at wholesale or retail at the lowest price possible. And having a very large Launch, Clipper built, will forward them to any point on Puget Sound.  
Port Ludlow, July 30, 1853.—47y.

**STEAMER FASHION.**  
THE FASHION is now plying and will continue to ply regularly between  
**MONTICELLO AND PORTLAND,**  
twice a week, connecting with the boats and canoes on the Cowlitz river, and with the PEYTONA, Capt. Hatch, from Portland to Oregon City.  
Passengers may confidently expect to meet the Fashion at Portland every Monday and Thursday mornings, and at Monticello on the evenings of the same days.  
Dec. 1, 1853.

**COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.**  
THE undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership under the name and style of GOLDMAN & ROSENBLATT, for the transaction of a general merchandise business.  
BERNARD GOLDMAN,  
SAMUEL ROSENBLATT.  
Those who have claims against the late firm of B. Goldman are requested to hand in their bills for payment. All those who are indebted to the same will please make immediate settlement.  
Olympia, W. T., April 20, 1854.

**E. D. WARBASS,**  
DEALER IN  
**Produce and Merchandise.**  
COWLEY FARM, W. T.  
September, 1852.

**THOMAS LAMBERT & Co.,**  
WASHINGTON STREET,  
BETWEEN BATTERY AND BANSKOME.  
GENERAL Commission Merchants and Importers of  
Cigars, Tobacco and Segars, Hardware and Cutlery, Crockery and Glass ware,—Boots and Shoes, Hosiery, Ruffs and Gums, Seals, Pens, and all articles suitable to the Puget Sound trade, the prices of which will be found very moderate.  
San Francisco, Feb. 10, 1853.

**PILLOW & DREW,**  
**Watch Makers and Jewelers,**  
NEXT DOOR SOUTH OF ADAMS CO'S, EXPRESS OFFICE,  
PORTLAND, OREGON.  
KEEP constantly on hand, and are receiving by every steamer, new and rich invoices of  
**Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,**  
which they offer at the lowest prices.  
—CONSISTING OF—  
Gold and Silver Watches of Every Variety,  
Clocks of all kinds, Gold Fob and Breast Chains, Guard Chains, Seals, Keys, and all articles suitable to the Puget Sound trade, the prices of which will be found very moderate.  
Oregon Gold, Ladies' & Gentlemen's  
BOSOM PINS, GOLD AND SILVER THIMBLES,  
Silver plated Tea and Table spoons, German silver and Wire strengthened spoons,  
Butter knives & salt spoons,  
Britannia Tea and Coffee Pots,  
Fea Bells, Shell Ivory and Buffalo Combs, American Music Boxes, Britannia Casters, Pocket Cutlery; every variety of Coral Necklaces and Armlets, Fancy Beads for Indian Trade, Fancy Hair, Bags and Purse, French Felt Manners, &c., &c., &c.

**HENRY JOHNSON & CO.,**  
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,  
140, Washington Street, near Montgomery,  
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.  
OFFER for sale, for cash, at the lowest wholesale price, a large and well selected assortment of East India, Mediterranean and European Drugs and Medicines, French, English and American Chemicals of all kinds; and also, an extensive variety of Fancy Goods, such as, Perfumery, Soaps, Brushes, and Oils, Dye Stuffs, Labels, Window Glass, Extra Brackets, Trusses, Leeches, Surgical Instruments, Druggists' Glassware, Hatters' Goods, and all kinds of Goods, together with every article contained in the stock of a Druggist or Physician.  
H. J. & Co. are the proprietors of Wholesale Agents for Dr. J. C. Family Medicines, Sarsaparilla, Old Townsend's Sarsaparilla, Moxie, and Pills, Davis' Pain Killer, Congress Spring Water, &c., &c.  
Henry Johnson & Co. have made such arrangements in New York, Boston and Philadelphia as to enable them to purchase their stock at the lowest rates, and they are determined to give their customers the benefit of low prices, and at the same time the best quality of goods.  
July 23, 1853.—44ly.

**GEORGE L. STORY,**  
DENNISON'S BUILDING, FRONT STREET,  
PORTLAND, OREGON.  
OFFER AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL the following articles:  
**DRUGS AND MEDICINES.**  
50 doz Sand's Sarsaparilla; 500 lbs Saltpetre;  
50 doz P. Townsend's Sarsaparilla; 500 lbs Alum;  
75 doz Dr Jacob do do; 255 lbs Balsam Capivi;  
30 "Jayne's Expecto- 400 lbs Spanish Brandy;  
rant; 100 lbs Agave Annua;  
20 "Jayne's Alterna- 50 lbs Cream of Tartar;  
tive; 350 lbs Tartaric