

THE PUGET SOUND MAIL.

VOL. X.

LA CONNER, WASHINGTON TERRITORY, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1882.

NO 12.

THE PUGET SOUND MAIL.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

LA CONNER, WASHINGTON TERRITORY,
BY
JAMES POWER, Proprietor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
One Year, in Advance..... \$2 50
Six Months..... 1 50
Legal Advertising Rates:
One Square, (12 Lines), first insertion \$1 00
Each subsequent insertion..... 50
A liberal reduction to regular advertisers.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JAS. McNAUGHT, R. F. FERRY, J. McNAUGHT,
M'NAUGHT, FERRY & M'NAUGHT,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

Offices—Nos. 1, 2 and 3, Opera House, Commercial street,
SEATTLE, W. T.

HALLER & ENGLE,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW.

PROCTOR IN ADMIRALTY,
SEATTLE, W. T.
Office—in Coleman's Block, corner Mill and
Commercial streets, up stairs.

Practice in all the Courts in Washington Territory. One of the firm will be in La Conner on the third Tuesday in every month.
C. H. HANFORD,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
SEATTLE, W. T.

Will attend the terms of the District Court for Whatcom county.
WM. W. TINKHAM,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LA CONNER, W. T.

Connected with the McNaught Law Firm of Seattle.
ELWOOD EVANS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Prosecuting Attorney Third Judicial District,
NEW TACOMA, W. T.

Will practice in all the Courts and Land Offices of the Territory.
W. H. WHITE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
SEATTLE, W. T.

Office on the corner of Front and Columbia streets, up stairs.
Will practice in all the Courts of Washington Territory.
ROBERT STRUVE, J. C. HAINES, JOHN LEARY,
STRUVE, HAINES & LEARY,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

Will practice in all the Courts of Washington Territory. Rooms 1, 3 and 5, first floor, Post Building, Seattle, W. T.
BELLINGHAM BAY NURSERY,
JOHN BENNETT,
Proprietor.

The undersigned offers for sale a very choice collection of
FRUIT TREES,
—CONSISTING OF—
Apples, Pears, Plums, Cherries, and Bearly Early Figs, Peaches. It is always ripe from the middle of August to the first of September. The tree is hardy and very prolific.
My collection of hardy perennial Border Flowers is very choice. Flower Seeds, Roses, and other Ornamental Trees and Shrubbry.
JOHN BENNETT,
Whitcomb, Whatcom Co., W. T.

L. P. SMITH & SON,
WATCHMAKERS,
JEWELERS
—AND—
ENGRAVERS,
SEATTLE, W. T.
—DEALERS IN—
Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware of the Best Quality.
All kinds of work in the line of repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewelry done in a satisfactory manner, and Warranted. Orders for goods or work, from all parts of the Sound, solicited. Give us a trial and satisfy yourselves.
Notarial Seals made to order. Price, \$5. Store on Front street, in Sullivan's Block.
S. BAXTER & CO.,
Importers of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
WINES,
LIQUORS,
TOBACCOS
AND
CIGARS.
Sole Agents for the
FAIR OAKS BOURBON WHISKY.
—ALL OF WHICH—
We offer to the Trade at San Francisco Prices.
—DEALERS IN AND IMPORTERS OF—
Wool, Hides, and Furs,
For which we will pay
The Highest Market Prices. Please send for Price-List.
S. BAXTER & CO.,
Seattle, W. T.

GENERAL NEWS.

Arabi Pasha can mass 40,000 men. In a recent battle the Egyptian loss was 4000.
The revolution is impending in Sonora, Mexico.
The effective force of the British in Egypt is \$25,000.
The stallion Barnes has been sold at Saratoga for \$12,000.
The first cast of pig-iron was made at Ogden on the 29th.
The uneducated Musselmen sympathize with Arabi Pasha.
In a battle on the 26th the British were repulsed by a severe loss.
Numerous followers of the Egyptian rebel are deserting their former leader.
Bon Eddin, a Texas town, has been devastated by flood on the 27th.
The fishery inspector has stopped American fishing boats from fishing in Canadian waters.
A fusion of Democratic and Greenback parties of Michigan has been arranged.
A Dublin dispatch states that Charles J. Kirkham, the Fenian, is dying of paralysis.
An association of English ladies goes to Alexandria to administer to the poor and sick.
Postoffice is established at New Jerusalem, Ventura county, with Simon Cohen as postmaster.
Henry J. Hall, a Providence, R. I. bank cashier has gone wrong to the extent of \$21,000.
On the 27th, at Leland, Ill., Mrs. J. M. Stratton shot her husband and then herself, both dying.
Infidential citizens of Chicago propose buying the widow of John Brown a home in California.
The Free Thinkers are in convention at Watkins, N. Y. Mrs. H. F. Lake represents California.
At Plainfield, O., two boys fourteen years old fought a duel, dangerously wounding each other.
Dr. Bliss has presented his bill for attendance on the late President. It is moderate—only \$25,000.
The National Prohibition Convention met at Chicago on the 24th. Three hundred delegates were present.
General Sherman states his intention of retiring from the army before the law retiring him goes into effect.
Mrs. Peck, a remarkably handsome woman, the wife of a Yamhill county, Or., farmer, has been assassinated; by whom it is not known.
A mass of horn silver weighing 10,000 pounds and valued at \$95,000, has been taken from the Sierra Grande mine, in New Mexico.
At Matamoros and Brownsville, Texas, the yellow fever is still carrying off patients. The doctors say many persons are frightened to death.
The Queen of England's action with regard to the despoiling of measures for the protection of American timber, is in session at Montreal, Can.
A fever within the past week there have been eighteen attempts at suicide and five persons succeeded in shuffling off life's coil in that period.
There is talk of the United States being invited to confer to assist in a settlement of the question of the neutralization of the Suez Canal.
An Oregon schooner, the finest steamship afloat, intended for the San Francisco and Oregon trade, has arrived at Port Harford, Cal., 52 days from Philadelphia.
Three hundred women were made to burn Nevada City, Cal., on the morning of the 24th. Little damage was done, however, not over \$200 worth of property being destroyed.
Over one hundred women are on trial at Gross Leokerek, Hungary, charged with poisoning their husbands. The guilt of thirty-five of these women has been proved.
The military and army officers do not get along well together, owing to the Secretary desiring to control appointments which the officers think belong to them.
Lucky (E. J.) Baldwin is in the East with several of his racers. He has lost considerable money since going there, his flyers not winning any of the events in which they have taken part.
A picnic held near Chicago, on the 22d, for the purpose of raising funds to be used in the erection of a monument to the memory of John Brown, was a miserable failure, not over 300 persons being present.
Le France, a Paris paper, devoted a leader to the late John Brown's action with regard to the Suez Canal. He may one day be used against her by the United States in support of a demand for the exclusive control of the Panama Canal.
France is quietly getting ready for what may be, although the fact is denied by French journals. Troops are being concentrated near Marseilles, while 9 vessels with an aggregate armament of 126 guns and a complement of 4800 men, are ready to go into action at a moment's warning.
A company of Chinese actors, who recently arrived at San Francisco from Panama were denied permission by the collector to land. Secretary Folger has ordered the collector to reverse his decision, as actors can not be turned inland within the meaning of the restriction.
A few miles out of Globe, A. T., on the 23d, C. B. Hawley, L. V. Grimes and a brother of the latter stopped the stage and robbed W. Fargo & Co. box of \$340. Afterward they killed the messenger, Andy Hall, and W. P. Vail. The murderers were arrested, but the one day named will never be tried, owing to the fact that the citizens of Globe very properly hanged them, thus saving the county time and expense.
Recently, the home of ex-Governor Sprague was sold under an execution. The sale was bitterly opposed by Sprague, who drove the Sheriff and his party off the property. A telegram of the 25th gives this as the condition of affairs at present: Francis D. Moulton attempted to visit his recent purchase (Canonah) yesterday, but was repulsed by ex-Governor Sprague, who was armed with his traditional shotgun. To-day Sprague's Chaffee drove Moulton to the place and attempted to put the letter in possession. They found the place occupied by men hired and armed by Sprague. An enormous flag was flying on the house and there were armed men on the roof, on the lawn and at the various entrances. After an interview with Willie Sprague, who said the entrance would be resisted by rifles, Gatling guns and mitrailleuses, Chaffee decided to withdraw.

The czar Alexander, the telegraph informs us, has expressed himself as being highly dissatisfied with England's course in Egypt. Poor fellow! How badly he must feel to be sure. However, a monarch whose throne is so shaky that he can hardly sit on it, or whose continued cohesiveness between whose autonomy nor respectable insurance company would take a risk upon, is hardly the man to expect his dissatisfaction to affect anybody. If he'd just make up his timorous mind to name a day for his coronation, it would be more to the point.
The happiness of your life depends upon the quality of your thoughts; therefore, guard accordingly, and take care you entertain no notion unsuitable to virtue, and unreasonable to nature.

THE TRYST.

There was not a cloud in the deep blue sky. Not a forming crest on the sea. The winds were asleep in the arms of the deep.
And their breath came noiselessly. The soft sweet rays of the harvest moon, the heaving waters kissed, and the light was shed on the Abbey lead. And the constellations that watch the quiet dead.
And in calm, I keep our tryst.
The blank black sky, and the blank black sea.
Bent in the angry night: The wild winds met, where the waters fret, in a belt of luminous light. They thundered along the hollow strand, where the rain like a python hissed; And near and far, from rock and sea, rang the mighty challenge of Nature's war.
White, veiled and abashed, they crept the fog. Over river and moor, and coast; Each fast-moored boat, on the harbor float.
Loomed like a threatening ghost. The sea lay muttering sullenly, Under the veiling mist; And the busy bell rang, with its ominous tongue.
Where the tide on the lip of the rock was ebbing.
And in silence, I kept our tryst.
For while holy grief, and loving trust, With love, we watch together, I seek not, I, of sea or sky; Our hearts hold tranquil weather. I may claim you, an I list; So may many reach, in its silent speech, To the spirit greeting whom each meets In faith, I keep our tryst.

"MR. CHARLES"

Among other letters which Lord Lydbrook found at the club on a return from a six months' yachting cruise, was one from his sister, Lady Julia Marchmont, containing the startling news that her daughter Eva had actually engaged herself to the second coachman. Lord Lydbrook very rarely allowed anything to disturb his equanimity, and his sister's letter caused him genuine uneasiness. He knew that his niece Eva was a wilful, headstrong girl, with romantic notions, and a strong minded contempt for conventionalities. Considerable sensation had been caused last season by a young lady of good family eloping with her father's groom, and Lord Lydbrook did not wish a niece of his to disgrace herself by a similar escapade. He considered his sister the silliest woman of his acquaintance, and as utterly devoid of tact and discretion as she was amiable, weak and indolent. He trembled to think of the risk of leaving his niece under the sole control of her mother in such an emergency, and mindful of the promise he made to his bosom friend, John Marchmont, on his death-bed, to befriend his children when he was gone, Lord Lydbrook summoned sufficient energy to take the next train to Highnam Hall.

Highnam Hall is in Hertfordshire, within two hours of London. By the time he arrived there Lord Lydbrook had decided on his course of action, and had resumed his usual placid, unperturbable frame of mind. It had a long conversation with Lady Julia, whose complete helplessness convinced him of the necessity for his interference. It appeared that when Lady Julia and her family were in London last season, Miss Eva used to ride in the park every morning, attended by the second coachman as groom. The man was a good-looking young fellow, superior to his class both in manners and appearance, with some little education. His civility attracted the notice of his young mistress, who got in the habit of exchanging a few words with him during their rides. Some good-natured friend warned Lady Julia of the danger, real or imaginary, to which her daughter was exposed, and the anxious mother, by her injudicious remonstrances and reproaches, succeeded in raising Miss Eva's defiant temper. The groom was immediately dismissed with ignominy, and Miss Eva Marchmont, who probably had not thought much about him before, began to fancy she had a regard for him. The young man worked upon the girl's feelings, and at length persuaded her to listen to his ardent protestations of love and devotion, until she one day horrified her mother by announcing that she was engaged to him. Lady Julia left London in the middle of the season, in the hope of removing the daughter out of the man's reach, but the young fellow followed his lady-love into the country, and was at present staying in the village. The girl seemed so determined to have her own way, and so indifferent to her mother's remonstrances, that Lady Julia had almost abandoned herself to despair, and talked in the most foolish manner of the possibility of a marriage actually taking place.

Having learned all the details of the unfortunate affair, Lord Lydbrook joined his young nephews and nieces at luncheon. Lady Julia had several children, all plain and uninteresting except Eva, whose face was decidedly intellectual. If not handsome. She was her uncle's favorite, perhaps because he was the only person who could manage her. But Lord Lydbrook owed this ascendancy rather to his tact and coolness than to the respect due to his age and relationship. Miss Eva's rebellious spirit and passionate temper made her resent the authority of her elders, and her uncle was perfectly alive to the delicate nature of the task which lay before him.

Lord Lydbrook's manner was charming when his favorite niece made up her appearance. The young lady had heard of her uncle's arrival, and was prepared to defy him, as she had done her mother and sisters. She entered the room with flushed cheeks and

glistering eyes, ready to hold her own against all the uncles in the world. To her surprise, however, Lord Lydbrook greeted her affectionately, and paid her a flattering compliment. He even inquired after "Mr. Charles," and hoped to have the pleasure of making his acquaintance. There was no suspicion of sarcasm in her uncle's tone, so the girl was forced to believe his sincerity. "Mr. Charles" sounded contemptuous, but when she reflected that she herself did not know the surname of her lowly admirer, she could not accuse her uncle of disrespect. Lord Lydbrook did not embarrass his niece by asking further questions, but proceeded to give an interesting account of his recent expedition, describing the places he had visited and the people he had seen in that imitable vein of dry humor for which he was famous among his friends.

After lunch, Lord Lydbrook lit a cigar and strolled leisurely across the park to the village. He called at the "Three Cups" and asked for "Mr. Charles," and inquired after him very civilly at ease when he saw the peer. But when his lordship politely said he had called on purpose to make his acquaintance, and offered him a cigar, "Mr. Charles" recovered himself a little. Lord Lydbrook ordered a bottle of wine to be brought into the coffee-room, and while waiting for this refreshment he had time to take stock of the young man's appearance. "Mr. Charles" was quite a good-looking fellow, with a head of a young and impressive girl, but there was an expression of low cunning on his face which convinced Lord Lydbrook that he was shrewd and unscrupulous in short—a dangerous man to deal with.

"Mr. Charles" showed his wisdom by leaving his lordship to explain the object of his visit. Most men of Lord Lydbrook's situation would have felt embarrassed, but the cool headed peer was quite unperturbed. He said, with charming frankness, that his niece's family could not pretend to be gratified at the choice she had made. On the other hand, it was impossible to ignore the fact that she was old enough to know her own mind. Her family objected very much to the young lady carrying on a clandestine love affair, and yet they were not prepared to recognize the engagement. Under the circumstances, Lord Lydbrook suggested that the best course would be for "Mr. Charles" to visit at the house as a friend of the family, and perhaps in the time the engagement might be declared. Lord Lydbrook concluded, saying that Lady Julia would be delighted if "Mr. Charles" would dine at the Hall that evening.

It was easy to see that "Mr. Charles" was both gratified and astonished by Lord Lydbrook's suggestion; but he hesitated to accept the invitation, and endeavored to excuse himself on the ground that he had no clothes fit to come in. Lord Lydbrook immediately replied that he would send him a suit of the best, and that he would send it down at once. There was no resisting his lordship's cordiality, and fortified by the wine he had been drinking, the young man promised to dine at the Hall at seven o'clock.

When Lord Lydbrook told his sister what he had done, her ladyship nearly had a fit. The peer was obliged to use all his influence to persuade her to his project. Any other evening protested poor Lady Julia, in floods of tears, would not have mattered so much, but to-night when Mr. and Mrs. Travers were dining at the house, and young Mr. Mapleton, who admired Eva so, and would be such an excellent match! But Lord Lydbrook prevailed, as usual. Mr. and Mrs. Travers replied, very much to the point, that they would do anything that could be explained, and he would make the necessary apologies to young Mapleton, if any such was needed. Lady Julia calmed down after awhile, and just before dinner was announced, when all the other guests had arrived, the astonished butler ushered in "Mr. Charles."

Lord Lydbrook advanced to meet his guest with perfect affability. The young man looked so sheepish and awkward, that his appearance was quite pitiable. All his good looks seemed to have vanished; his face shone with soap, his hair glistened with pomatum, his clothes—or rather Lord Lydbrook's—did not fit him, and his hands looked painfully large and red. Poor Lady Julia shuddered as she gave him the tips of her fingers, and her daughters bowed and said fairly horror-stricken. "Mr. Charles" arrival was a surprise to everyone but Lord Lydbrook and Lady Julia, and especially to Eva. The poor girl was covered with confusion, and though she gallantly lied and went and sat beside her lover, it was evident to her uncle's keen eyes that she was as much shocked as any one.

The dinner was like a dreadful nightmare to the hostess and her daughters, whose anticipations were realized by "Mr. Charles" behavior. If he had only the sense to keep silence, the innumerable social sores he committed might have escaped notice; but whether from extreme nervousness, or from the idea that he ought to exert himself, he persisted in talking loudly to everyone, and every word he uttered was a flagrant offense against good taste and the Queen's English. Lord Lydbrook was in his wickedest mood, and to his sister's horror, amused himself by drawing out the unsophisticated guest. Affecting a deep interest in the young man's opinions on all subjects his lordship mercilessly caused him to betray his ignorance,

and his coarseness of mind with hideous distinctness. Flattered by the notice he received, "Mr. Charles" soon became offensively familiar, and as dinner proceeded, showed symptoms of intoxication. He grew quarrelsome and noisy, contradicted Lady Julia, let fall an oath, for which he had sense to apologize, and even snubbed Eva herself when she attempted to restrain him. The unfortunate girl sat upon thorns the whole evening, and never felt so bitterly humiliated in her life. But she was too proud and too loyal to desert her lover, and though inexpressibly shocked by the exhibition he was making of himself, she addressed her conversation to him and did her best to smother matters over. Her uncle was so touched by her ardent distress, that he signaled to Lady Julia to lead the way to the drawing room immediately after dinner.

Lord Lydbrook did not allow "Mr. Charles" to join the ladies in the drawing room; in fact, the young man was not in a fit state to do so. With some difficulty he persuaded him to leave the house, and sent him back to the "Three Cups" under the escort of the stable boys. The look of intense relief upon his niece's face when the other gentlemen entered the drawing room alone, gave him strong hopes as to the success of his experiment.

But Lord Lydbrook was by no means easy in his mind, and next morning when he awoke and reflected on what had passed. However upset his niece might have been at the conduct of her lover, she was the sort of a girl who would revenge herself upon her relatives, for the humiliation she had suffered, by marrying the man in spite of everything. His lordship was therefore more disgusted than surprised when his maid brought him the news that the house was in a commotion, because Miss Eva had disappeared, and was supposed to have run away in the night.

Without losing a moment Lord Lydbrook dressed himself and rode down to the "Three Cups." He was very much relieved to find that "Mr. Charles" was still in bed and asleep, but his uneasiness revived when he recognized his niece's handwriting on a note addressed to the young man, which had been brought by one of the railway porters. If ever Lord Lydbrook felt inclined to violate the sanctity of a letter it was on that occasion. He restrained his first impulse, however, and carried the letter to "Mr. Charles" in person. The young man was sleeping heavily when Lord Lydbrook woke him and put the missive in his hand. "Mr. Charles" was evidently dull of comprehension after the previous night's dissipation, for he read the letter once or twice with a very blank expression, and then handed it to Lord Lydbrook and asked him, peevishly, what the deuce it meant. The note ran thus:

"Miss Marchmont presents her compliments to Charles, and regrets that she has mistaken her feelings towards him. Miss Marchmont is sure Charles will agree with her that they had better not meet again. Miss Marchmont is leaving home for a long time to stay with her sister, and trusts Charles will forget her, and inclose a bank note for ten pounds. "What the — does it mean?" repeated the young man, using expletive, and eying Lord Lydbrook savagely.

"It means," said his lord quietly, tearing the letter into shreds, and laying the bank note on the bed, "that you have made a most confounding fool of yourself; you deserve to be thrashed for your impertinence. My niece has been obliged to leave home on purpose to avoid you, and if you ever attempt to annoy her again, or any of her family, I'll horsewhip you."

JOHN BROWN'S CHILDREN. In a neat white cottage among vineyards on Put-in-Bay Island, Lake Erie, there is now living John Brown, Jr., the oldest son of John Brown, the famous Abolitionist. The son is a man of sixty years of age; strong and vigorous-looking, with long silvery hair. Residing with him is Owen Brown, a younger son, who was with his father when the latter made his attack on Harper's Ferry. A daughter of John Brown, named Ruth Thompson, lives near by, and another son, Jason Brown, at Akron, Ohio. Mrs. Brown is still living at Saratoga, Cal., and a daughter is in the San Francisco Mint.

Since the organization of the Veterans Home Association in May, 1881, it has received from subscriptions, proceeds of entertainments of various kinds and cash donations, \$37,066 28. Of this amount about one-sixth, or \$6250 in round numbers, has been expended. Stationery and printing appear, from the books of the Association, to be the heaviest debtors to the cash account, in one day an item of \$580 appearing charged to that account. In addition to this source of expense, postage and entertainments have drawn largely on the resources of the Association, one charge for postage being somewhat over \$100. Rent, salaries and sundry other minor items help to make up the sum total of the expenditures. In the fund of the Association there is now a balance of \$30,820 55.

There are 437 fountainpens and 592 troughs in London which, it is estimated, supply water for 250,000,000 drinkers each year. The society which provides these humane conveniences reports that nearly twice as many drinking places were prepared the past year as in any previous twelve months.

Sending a Telegram.

Doubtless every telegraph operator can tell an incident similar to the following, and many readers will remember how very much their first telegram resembled Mr. Follinsbee's. Well, my tall man with the thick neck got along a little better than that when he handed the operator the following explicit message: "Mrs. Sarah H. Follinsbee, Dallas Centre, Ia.—My Dear Wife: I left the city early this morning after eating breakfast with Prof. Morton, a live man in the temperance cause. I expected to eat dinner with you at home, but we were delayed by a terrible railroad accident, and I narrowly escaped being killed; one passenger was terribly mangled and has since died, but I am alive. The conductor says I cannot make connection so as to come to Dallas Centre this morning, but I can get there by 8 o'clock this evening. I hate to disappoint you, but cannot help it. With love to mother and the children, I am your loving husband.

ROGER K. FOLLINSBEE.
The operator read it, smiled, and said: "You can save considerable expense and tell all that is really necessary. I presume, by shortening this message down to ten words, we will have to send this message part of the way over another line, which adds largely to the cost of transmission. Shall I shorten this for you?" "No, O no," the man with the thick neck replied, "I'll fix it myself. Ten words, you say?" "Yes, sir." It was a stunner, for a fact, and the man heaved a despairing sigh as he proceeded to boil his "letter" down to ten words. He sighed again after reading it through once or twice, and then scratched out "Dallas Centre, Ia." as though everybody knew where he lived. "No, O no," the man with the thick neck replied, "I'll fix it myself. Ten words, you say?" "Yes, sir." It was a stunner, for a fact, and the man heaved a despairing sigh as he proceeded to boil his "letter" down to ten words. He sighed again after reading it through once or twice, and then scratched out "Dallas Centre, Ia." as though everybody knew where he lived. "No, O no," the man with the thick neck replied, "I'll fix it myself. Ten words, you say?" "Yes, sir." It was a stunner, for a fact, and the man heaved a despairing sigh as he proceeded to boil his "letter" down to ten words. He sighed again after reading it through once or twice, and then scratched out "Dallas Centre, Ia." as though everybody knew where he lived.

And at last, after much scratching and erasing and with some sighs, he came to the window and said, "Here is this telegraphic dispatch to my wife. I have not been able to condense it into ten words, and do not see how it can be done without garbling the sense of the dispatch, but if you can do it, you would oblige me greatly, as I do not wish to incur any really unnecessary expense." And with that he handed the operator the original message.

"Mrs. Sarah H. Follinsbee My Dear Wife: I left the city this morning after eating Prof. Morton alive—cause I expected to eat you at home. But we were delayed by a terrible railroad accident on the railroad. I being killed—terribly mangled and since died; but I am the conductor. I cannot come to Dallas Centre—but I can. I hate mother and the children. Your loving husband.

ROGER K. FOLLINSBEE.
The operator smiled once more, and in his quick, nervous way that grows out of his familiar association with the lightning, made a few quick dashes with his pencil, and without adding or changing a letter in the original message, shoved it down to its ivory sinews, like this:

"Sarah A. Follinsbee, Dallas Centre, Iowa: Left city 'morning; delayed by accident; all right; home 'evening." "There, that is all right," he said in the cheery, magnetic way these operators have. "Fifty cents, sir; only 25 cents if we had our own wire to Dallas, sir; we'll have one next spring, too; saves you several dollars, sir. That's right, thank you." And the man went and sat down on a chair by the stove and stared at the operator until the resulting train came along next though he were a worker of miracles. And when he got off the train at the junction for Dallas I heard him whispering softly to himself: "Shollinsbee—clish morning; nothin' smarter; home 'afternoon." And I knew that he was practicing his lesson and had 'caught on."

Turning Out a Jewish Colony.

A strange scene was witnessed in Nottingham place, Whitechapel, Eng., when a large number of Jews were evicted from some houses there. The owner of the property in question has for a long time been unable to obtain any rent, and the number of his "tenants" had greatly increased. Notices to quit were perfectly useless, and the threat of "putting in the broker" was laughed at, seeing that the residents belonged to the very poorest class of Jews—some of them refugees—who possessed nothing more than they stood upright in, and lived nobody knows how. At last magisterial aid was sought, and warrants of ejection against the whole of the parties obtained. Police constables went to the houses, and, in the presence of the landlord, proceeded to turn the whole of the tribe—men, women and children—into the street. The scene which ensued almost boggles the description: some hundreds of people, most of them Polish and German Jews, had gathered about the place, and fraternized with their unfortunate compatriots as they were turned out of their late residences. The shouting and gesticulating of the men, the chattering of the women, and the crying of the children, went to make up a scene which is indescribable. The police used the very greatest forbearance in the discharge of their unpleasant task.

Longevity and Sudden Deaths.

The number of men who die in California in what may be called the prime of their years, occasionally arrests attention. The proportion of these sudden deaths appears to be large. They occur not among men born on the soil, but those who have been subjected to the varying conditions of poverty and affluence. It is not climate that kills them, since the climate is favorable to longevity. Native Californians live to an extreme old age; the centenarians are numerous. But those men have lived out of doors nearly all their lives. They have lived on simple food; indeed, the native Californian never walks if he can get a Mustang to carry him. In early days they were cheap. They are cheap now. The forty dollar saddle horse is, for the money, the best saddle horse in the country. He is a scrub, and his owner may not be much better. But he lives out of doors, never dies of apoplexy or heart disease, and generally lives to a good old age. His physical powers gradually fail, and he lies down to sleep as one lies down to sleep. He falls asleep and does not awaken. This is a natural death. Those which occur from disease are unnatural. Yet, as a matter of fact, the greater part of the deaths which occur are from diseases.

The majority of those who immigrate do not seem to reach extreme old age. The pioneers of the gold era. They have checked lives for the most part. Ups and downs kill a great many people. The excitement is not good for them. It is neither good for the score of longevity, to meet with sudden losses, nor to make fortunes rapidly. The exceptions are those whose great equality of temper has been preserved. Quakers generally have good longevity. They are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous vitality. Business is carried on in an explosive sort of a way. The business man is for the most part in a hurry. He gets up in a hurry, eats his breakfast in a hurry, rushes to the ferry or to the country, and they are not subject to great excitements. The serene life is the one most favorable to longevity. Yet most of the business of the world is transacted with the heat of excitement and with a sort of explosiveness not at all favorable to old age. Great draughts are made on the nervous system. The methods of selling gold in the Exchange, while they facilitate large business transactions, are not favorable to the preservation of nervous

THE PUGET SOUND MAIL.

La Conner, W. T.

JAMES POWELL, PROPRIETOR.

SAURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1882.

ABOLISH WEST POINT, where officers of the Army are graduated into position for life at public expense, and establish a system of promotion from the ranks to the General of the Army, based upon meritorious conduct and proper qualifications, and our word for it the country will have no difficulty in getting an intelligent and ambitious body of men for the rank and file of the Army.

THE Port Townsend Argus says: Capt. Morse, of the schooner Granger, states that on his recent voyage to Alaska, he saw quite a number of icebergs, or hummocks varying in size from one to two hundred feet in length to pieces as large as a bale of hay.

The California Republican Convention, which met in Sacramento on the 30th of August and remained in session four days, adopted an Anti-Monopoly and Sunday Law platform, and nominated the following State ticket: For Governor, M. M. Estee; for Lieutenant-Governor, A. B. Conkling; for Secretary of State, F. A. Pooley; for Treasurer, John Weil; for Controller, E. F. Davis; for Attorney-General, Wm. McIntire; for Superintendent of Public Instruction, S. D. Watterson; for Clerk of Supreme Court, Frank Gross.

The British War Office is impressing upon General Sir Garnet Wolseley the necessity of a short and decisive campaign in Egypt, in order to spare the British troops from the ravages of the epidemic hemorrhagic disease caused by drinking water from the various canals in Egypt, and more particularly that of the Water Canal, near Suez Canal.

Sir Garnet Wolseley, the British Commander in Egypt, is like Admiral Seymour, an Irishman. He has been noted throughout his life for his bull-dog pluck. When quite a lad he was climbing a tree for an apple. The limb broke, and falling he broke one of his arms. Despite the accident, he was determined to have the apple, and with one arm hanging limp by his side he again ascended the tree, plucked the forbidden fruit, and faintled from pain.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," WILLIS H. HOWARD of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW/4 of Section No. 24, in Township No. 33 N. and Range No. 1 East of the Willamette Meridian.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office. Sept. 16-10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," ROBERT L. HUGENIN of King County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW/4 of Section No. 24, in Township No. 33 N. and Range No. 1 East of the Willamette Meridian.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office. Sept. 16-10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," ZYRAME FRENCH of Seattle, King County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW/4 of Section No. 24, in Township No. 33 N. and Range No. 1 East of the Willamette Meridian.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office. Aug. 29-10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," MAURICE COLEMAN of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW/4 of Section No. 24, in Township No. 33 N. and Range No. 1 East of the Willamette Meridian.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office. Aug. 19-10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," DENNIS O'KEEFE, of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW/4 of Section No. 24, in Township No. 33 N. and Range No. 1 East of the Willamette Meridian.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office. Aug. 19-10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," WILLIAM P. WHITE of King County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW/4 of Section No. 24, in Township No. 33 N. and Range No. 1 East of the Willamette Meridian.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office. August 12-10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," PHILIP G. FERWOOD of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW/4 of Section No. 24, in Township No. 33 N. and Range No. 1 East of the Willamette Meridian.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office. August 5-10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," PHILIP G. FERWOOD of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW/4 of Section No. 24, in Township No. 33 N. and Range No. 1 East of the Willamette Meridian.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office. August 5-10w.

Notice of Application to Purchase Timber Land.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT LAND OFFICE, Olympia, Washington Territory. Notice is hereby given that, in compliance with the provisions of the Act of Congress approved June 3, 1878, entitled "An Act for the sale of Timber Lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," HENRY S. STEWART of Whatcom County, Washington Territory, has this day filed in this office his application to purchase the SW/4 of Section No. 1, in Township No. 23 S. and Range No. 1 East of the Willamette Meridian.

JOHN F. GOWEY, Register of the Land Office. July 29-10w.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE GREAT SAN FRANCISCO STORE! SEATTLE, W. T.

ON OR ABOUT SEPT. 1ST

TOKLAS & SINGERMAN

WILL REMOVE TO THEIR VAST ESTABLISHMENT NOW BEING ERECTED FOR THEM ON COMMERCIAL ST., CORNER OF WASHINGTON.

TOKLAS & SINGERMAN

Propose to enter their new building with only NEW GOODS. Not a vestige of their old stock will be carried away from their present establishment if possible. The public know that our Goods are all Fresh, desirable and of this season's importations.

TOKLAS & SINGERMAN.

Fresh Goods Received by Every Steamer

FASHION STORE, SEATTLE, W. T.

JOSEPH THATCHER, Proprietor.

JOBBER AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES, PROVISIONS AND POULTRY.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR TURKEYS, CHICKENS and

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Don't forget the place— FASHION STORE, IN COLEMAN'S BRICK BLOCK, SEATTLE.

WASHINGTON FURNITURE COMPANY,

CLARKE, ANDERSON & CO.,

SEATTLE, W. T.

BEDDING, LOUNGES, CHAIRS, HARDWOOD CHAMBER SETS, VERY CHEAP.

MOULDINGS, PICTURE FRAMES, &c., &c. Special Attention given to Orders.

J. SCHRAM & CO.,

COMMERCIAL ST., SEATTLE, W. T.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

STOVES, RANGES, TIN & GRANITE WARE

PUMPS, PIPES, SHEET IRON & COPPER.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated.

MEDALLION RANGE, OLD STANDARD BUCK STOVE, WESTERN EMPIRE, BISMARCK, and a Large Variety of Other Cooking and Heating Stoves.

Administrator's Notice. FRED. BORIES, (Successor to W. H. Shoudy) DEALER IN

Harness, Saddles, Bridles, COLLARS, WHIPS, SPURS, &c.

Repairing done on short notice. Coleman Block, Front St., SEATTLE, W. T.

Where he will be pleased to see his many friends and the public generally. GOODS in his line at Bed Rock prices for coin.

SAMUEL KENNY, MERCHANT TAILOR SEATTLE, W. T.

Suits made to order from the most serviceable and stylish goods. Samples of goods, with directions for self-measurement, sent to any address on application.

Has also on hand an extensive assortment of ready made clothing and Gents Furnishing Goods. All at Moderate Prices

LA CONNER BUTCHER SHOP

Wm. Hewitt hereby informs the public that he has opened a butcher shop at La Conner, and until further notice will keep a supply of fresh meats on hand for the town and surrounding country.

NO LIQUORS SOLD. Everything neat and clean about the premises. Special efforts will be made to keep the table supplied with the best market can afford, and to see that the food is cooked and served second to no other house in the Territory.

JOHN MCGLENN, Administrator of the Estate of Howell Powell, deceased.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

S. T. VALENTINE, LA CONNER, W. T., Dealer In STOVES & TINWARE.

All kinds of Tin or Sheetiron Work done on short notice. Repairing a Specialty.

J. F. DWELLEY, Carpenter and Builder, DEALER IN FURNITURE, LA CONNER, W. T.

House-building and all kinds of carpenter work promptly attended to. Keeps constantly on hand a full line of FURNITURE at Seattle prices.

LUKE BURKE, General Blacksmith, La Conner, W. T.

I hereby notify the public that I have opened a Blacksmith Shop at La Conner, and will do all Logging Work, Repairing Machinery, Etc., on short notice, as cheap as the cheapest.

JOHN E. DAVIS, Blacksmith and Machinist, LA CONNER, W. T.

Will Repair on Shortest Notice FARMING MACHINES & IMPLEMENTS of all kinds.

W. T. STOLL, Attorney at Law, LA CONNER, W. T.

Will practice in all the Courts, Conveyancing, Collections &c., promptly attended to.

THE ARLINGTON HOTEL, SEATTLE, W. T.

This new and elegant Hotel is now open for business and is first class in every respect. Free Baths; Free Cough and from the Hotel.

WADDELL & MILES, Wholesale and Retail Dealers IN RANGES, COOKING & HEATING STOVES.

BRIGHTON RANGES, CROCKERY, Glass & Stone Ware, CHURNS of all descriptions.

THE STEAMER CITY OF QUINCY, CAPT. CURTIS BROWNFIELD, Master.

WILL LEAVE SEATTLE Every Sunday evening at 10 o'clock for WHATECOM, calling at Mukwonago, Tullyville, Conville, Oak Harbor, Utsalady, LA ROSER, Phelan, Aniverson, Guymer, Samish & belone, connecting at UTSALADY on Monday morning with the Steamer Daisy for points on the SNAKE RIVER.

WADDELL & MILES, Seattle, W. T.

SAMUEL KENNY, MERCHANT TAILOR SEATTLE, W. T.

Suits made to order from the most serviceable and stylish goods.

LA CONNER BUTCHER SHOP

Wm. Hewitt hereby informs the public that he has opened a butcher shop at La Conner, and until further notice will keep a supply of fresh meats on hand for the town and surrounding country.

NO LIQUORS SOLD. Everything neat and clean about the premises. Special efforts will be made to keep the table supplied with the best market can afford, and to see that the food is cooked and served second to no other house in the Territory.

JOHN MCGLENN, Administrator of the Estate of Howell Powell, deceased.

The Leading Cigar & Tobacco House is the CALIFORNIA CIGAR STORE.

DAN WERTHEIMER, IMPORTER & JOBBER OF IMPORTED & DOMESTIC CIGARS,

MILL ST., NEXT TO POST BUILDING, SEATTLE, W. T.

Our Factory in San Francisco, 518 Front St., where all orders from the Sound will be promptly filled.

CLOTHIER & ENGLISH,

DEALERS IN GENERAL

MERCHANDISE,

CONSISTING OF A FULL LINE OF

Groceries, Hardware, Dry-Goods, Boots & Shoes.

WE CARRY A LARGE STOCK OF LOGGING CAMP SUPPLIES,

And make a Specialty of Furnishing the same on Reasonable Terms.

CLOTHIER & ENGLISH,

Mount Vernon, Skagit River.

J. & G. GACHES.

LA CONNER, W. T.

Realizing the Immense Advantages accruing alike to both Buyer & Seller through the medium of

A STRICT CASH BUSINESS!

We hereby give notice that from this date we extend no more Credit.

BUT OFFER CHEAP FOR CASH

OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF GOODS,

Now on Hand and in Constant Receipt by Steamer,

CONSISTING OF

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hardware

Crockery, Tobacco, Glassware, Groceries,

Provisions, Sashes, Doors, Paints,

Oils, Tinware and

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Sole Agents for the Schuttler Celebrated WAGONS, BUCKEYE REAPERS, MOLINE PLOWS, DELING TWINE BINDERS, &c.

COME WITH YOUR CASH AND SECURE BARGAINS

BETTER THAN CAN BE SECURED ELSEWHERE.

WHY?

BECAUSE WE BUY FOR CASH.

BECAUSE ALL OUR GOODS ARE SELECTED by our own Buyers.

BECAUSE Our Stock is the Best Assorted and Cheapest on the Sound.

BECAUSE Buying for Cash and Securing Great Bargains,

We can afford to divide the Profit with Our Customers.

AND Don't Rate Our Goods at High Prices

To Make You Pay for Bad Debts.

HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR HIDES, TALLOW, OIL,

And all Good Merchantable Produce.

AGENTS for the Imperial, Northern, Queen and London Insurance Companies, Capital, \$36,000,000.

C. G. STEINWEG, Seattle. W. L. STEINWEG, Whatcom.

W. L. STEINWEG & CO.,

WHATCOM, W. T.,

JOBBER AND DEALERS IN

GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, CLOTHING AND HARDWARE.

We Carry a Large and Well-selected Stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

FOR SALE

AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

The Highest Price Paid for Market Produce, Furs, Hides and Oil.

F. W. WUSTHOFF'S

GRAND DISPLAY OF

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

BUCKEYE SELF-BINDERS, with Tujue or Wire.

Buckeye Self Rake Reapers,

BUCKEYE NEW MODEL MOWERS.

Pitts Threshers, with Vertical or Horizontal Engines.

Furst & Bradley Sulky Rakes; Bullard Improved Hay Tedders;

Patent Hay Carriers; Harpoon Horse Hay Forks; Schlatter Firm, Freight and Spring Wagons; Garden City Clipper Plows, from 6 to 20 inches.

Builder's Material, Brick and Lime.

COMPLETE STOCK OF HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL.

MECHANIC'S TOOLS My Specialty; GUNS, Rifles, Revolvers, and Ammunition; The Largest Stock of Fishing Tackle and Seine Twine ever brought to the Territory; Giant and all grades of Sporting Powder.

A Complete Stock of EXTRA PARTS for All Lending MACHINES kept constantly on hand.

COUNTRY CORRESPONDENCE promptly attended to.

F. W. WUSTHOFF, Front St. SEATTLE, W. T., Box 14

THE PUGET SOUND MAIL.

LOCAL COMMENTS.

THE MAIL AND CHRONICLE.

THE MAIL has entered into arrangements with the San Francisco Chronicle whereby subscribers may obtain both papers for one year for \$14.00.

Whatcom County Republican Ticket.

JOINT REPRESENTATIVE for Whatcom and San Juan—Orin Kineaid. COMMISSIONERS—B. H. Brans, John J. Eden and Isaac Dunlap. COUNTY AUDITOR—H. P. Downs. SHERIFF—Thomas P. Haasie. TREASURER—Win. T. Coupe. PROBATE JUDGE—H. J. White. SCHOONER SUFF.—G. E. Hartson. COBBER AND WHEELMASTER—G. N. Crandall.

TIMBER INSPECTOR McTAGGART has during the past month scaled five and a half million feet of logs on the Skagit. In round numbers, he scaled some fifteen million feet during the last three months. These fifteen million feet, at the rate of \$6.50 per thousand, will bring to the Skagit loggers nearly one hundred thousand dollars—or to be precise about it, \$97,500. Besides these there are about fifteen million feet more on hand, awaiting scaling and sale in the river. It is fair to estimate that some twenty thousand additional feet will be put in during the remainder of the season, making, say, a total for the year of fifty million feet, or \$325,000.

Two STEAM THRESHERS from the well known firm of Seymour, Sabin & Co., arrived here last Monday, consigned to J. E. Davis, our machinist. One of these threshing outfits has already been taken by Alexander & Douglass of Stanwood, and the other will doubtless be purchased by La Conner parties.

Speaking of steam threshers, we observe they are all getting ready for the "racket," and it is no exaggeration to say that a dozen steam threshers, working almost within view of each other, can get up quite a racket, particularly morning, noon and evening, when they blow their whistles. They make things lively and no mistake, and most of them will be in full blast next week.

The DEMOCRACY of Whatcom County held their primaries last Saturday. At La Conner they elected as delegates Messrs Dwellley, Stoll, Kelley, Leamer, Childburg, Harrison, Moore and Biebel. Spanish sends Allen, McElroy and Brown; Nooksack, W. R. Moulton and G. D. Goodwin; Lynden, H. A. Judson and H. W. Smith; Ferndale, M. T. Tave, John North Kirman and A. McDougall; Mt. Vernon, M. McNamara, H. Cooper, J. Sterling, Jasper Gates, E. L. Stephenson, B. Bartel, J. K. Hawkins, H. Clothier and E. G. English; Upper Skagit, Otto Klemund and A. R. Williamson; Baker, Geo. Savage.

And precinct nominations as far as heard from are as follows: At La Conner, J. F. Dwellley, Justice of the Peace; Nooksack, S. Caldwell, J. P. and D. Kiteup, Constable.

DIED.—We exceedingly regret to learn of the death of Mr. G. W. L. Allen, the beloved wife of ex-Sheriff Allen of this County, which ad event took place on last Monday evening, Sept. 11, 1882. The deceased had for the past few years been in delicate health, but none suspected she would be called away so early in life. The funeral took place at Padilla on Wednesday, Rev. Mr. Taylor officiating; and many were the sympathetic tears dropped as the remains were lowered and the sobs of a father and seven minor children now bereft of the tender care of a fond mother.

The Carlson & Morrison new building, mentioned a week or two ago as in contemplation, has been commenced and is now under way, and will be ready for occupancy in about three weeks. This building, opposite McGinnis' hotel and adjoining the post-office and drugstore, will be 20 by 40 feet and two stories high, and when finished will lend quite an attraction to that already popular part of town.

It is a noticeable fact that the travel on our local steamers this season is unprecedented in our history, which fact goes to show that a great boom in immigration is setting in, and that land is or will be in great demand.

The Republican Central Committee should note the fact of Mr. Tennant's declination as candidate for County Surveyor and select another to fill the vacancy on the ticket.

The Snohomish Republicans have nominated Capt. Ben Stretch for Sheriff; J. H. Plasket for Auditor and Isaac Cathcart for Treasurer; and the following delegates to the Vancouver Convention: Ben Stretch, H. Jackson and Chas. Pierce.

The rains of the past week have somewhat interfered with harvesting.

The Republican Convention of King County on last Saturday nominated the following ticket: For Probate Judge, I. M. Hall; Auditor, S. C. Harris; Sheriff, J. H. McGraw; Treasurer, Capt. Geo. D. Hill; Assessor, Frank Seidel; Commissioners, C. M. Van Doren, John Keenan and J. M. Colman; School Supt., Rev. J. T. Ellis; Surveyor, F. W. Whitworth.

H. G. Straus for the Council. D. B. Ward and John Alexander for Representatives. And the following delegates to the Territorial Convention: J. H. Lewis, S. Baxter, I. P. Calhoun, W. A. Jennings, Geo. D. Hill, G. S. Dudley, W. H. Pumphrey, O. Jacobs and M. Korn.

Coupeville Correspondence.

COPEVILLE, Sept. 10, 1882. EDITOR MAIL: A mass convention was held by the Republicans on the 8th for the purpose of electing two delegates to the Territorial Convention at Vancouver. R. B. Hollbrook and John M. Izett were nominated and duly elected. They go unopposed by the County, though I believe they prefer a man from the Sound. There is an apparent shade of unfriendship in a man's convention, which was expressed by Mr. Noyes from Utsalady. He came with several proxies from the several precincts of his island, but could not use them. I think it would be well for the committee to take the matter under consideration, and if they think it for the best, conform to the rules practiced in other counties. Right wrongs no one, and a fair and free expression by the whole public is what is wanted.

Harvesting is progressing finely, though help is very scarce. The mill is still here, and I don't know whether or not it will be moved. Ex-Governor Ferry and wife, B. Gatzert and wife, John Lenny and wife, accompanied by several young lady friends, have with Major Hayden, been pleasantly picnicking on the island. They brought their own turkeys, and so were prepared to walk or ride as the spirit moved them. All, except Major Hayden, have returned to their several homes.

WHATCOM NOTES.

WHATCOM, Sept. 10, 1882.

Ed. Mail: We hope the readers of the Mail will pardon our delinquency. We hope to do better in future.

Senator Canfield, of Illinois, is here looking after his interests in the vicinity of Whatcom. He thinks favorably of the prospects of the future city of Whatcom. Austin & Gilman have completed the surveying of the town-site and will return to Seattle soon.

The steamer Daisy came into port yesterday morning. She is to make a trip up the Nooksack to Lynden.

When a young man gets out of a canoe to lead it across a sand bar he should be careful that the rope don't break, which a young man of Whatcom failed to do on a certain occasion not long since. The canoe was stolen, the young man pulled, the rope broke, and the old adage, United we stand, divided we fall, was verified, for that young man sat down right on the water. The young man didn't laugh any, as might be expected he would do over such a funny occurrence.

A large party of Whatcom boys went on a hunting excursion to Lummie and Ocas Islands last Wednesday, in Wm. Uter's sleep. They had no success hunting, but as far as pleasure was concerned they had plenty.

A stern-wheel boat, propelled by man power, was in port last Saturday. It was built by J. A. Delander and R. Hawley, for the purpose of plying between Lummie and Lynden on the Nooksack. On leaving here it took on a load of household goods belonging to the Cutworth Bros., who are moving to Lynden.

Mr. Tennant Declines.

FERNDALE, Sept. 11, 1882. ERROR MAIL: Will you be so good as to insert this card in your valuable paper? To the public: Learning that my name has been put forward for County Surveyor, I take this means of stating that my time is fully occupied with other matters, and I therefore respectfully but positively decline the position.

JOHN A. TENNANT. DENTIST STOLL has returned to town from the river and will remain at his office for a week or ten days, after which he will visit Whatcom.

OSBORNE SELF-BINDER.

The undersigned is agent in this part of the Sound for the Osborne Self-Binder, and is prepared to fill all orders for that standard machine at short notice. Will warrant every machine to do perfect work. Will visit La Conner occasionally during the season to take orders or give any information desired regarding prices or working qualities. Terms low and reasonable. JOHN CHASE, Coupeville, W. T.

CALCUTTA SACKS.

I am prepared to furnish the genuine Calcutta Grain Sacks. Farmers should call early and secure bargains. B. L. MARTIN.

MARIETTA HOTEL.

LA CONNER, W. T. Mrs. Wm. Hewitt, Lessee. Having recently taken charge of the above well known hotel (formerly kept by Mr. B. Cook) and completely renovated and refurnished the same for the reception of guests, a share of the public patronage is solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed at reasonable rates. Meals at all hours.

A Saloon and Billiard Room.

In charge of Mr. J. A. Biebel, connected with the hotel, where the guests and the public generally will always find on hand a choice stock of liquors and cigars.

MONAUGHT & TINKHAM.

Attorneys at Law, LA CONNER, W. T. Will attend to all District Court and Land Office business. OFFICE next door to PUGET SOUND MAIL.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., August 10, 1882. Notice is hereby given that SAMUEL BIEBEL has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 8, 1882. Notice is hereby given that PATRICK O'BRIEN has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 415, for the S.E. 1/4 of Section 30, and S.W. 1/4 of Section 31, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice of intention to make final proof before the Judge, or in his absence, the Clerk of the District Court, at his office in La Conner, W. T., on Saturday, the 21st day of October, A. D. 1882, on Homestead application No. 224, for the N.E. 1/4 of Section 21, and N.W. 1/4 of Section 22, Township 3 North, Range 1 East, of the Willamette Meridian.

NOTICE OF FINAL PROOF. U. S. LAND OFFICE AT OLYMPIA, W. T., Sept. 15, 1882. Notice is hereby given that JOHN F. GOWEY has filed notice

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.	
Wool	..... \$1.05 1/2
Superior	..... \$1.05 1/2
Interior Extra	..... \$1.05 1/2
Interior Standard	..... \$1.05 1/2
Wool	..... \$1.05 1/2
Superior	..... \$1.05 1/2
Interior Extra	..... \$1.05 1/2
Interior Standard	..... \$1.05 1/2
Wool	..... \$1.05 1/2
Superior	..... \$1.05 1/2
Interior Extra	..... \$1.05 1/2
Interior Standard	..... \$1.05 1/2
Wool	..... \$1.05 1/2
Superior	..... \$1.05 1/2
Interior Extra	..... \$1.05 1/2
Interior Standard	..... \$1.05 1/2
Wool	..... \$1.05 1/2
Superior	..... \$1.05 1/2
Interior Extra	..... \$1.05 1/2
Interior Standard	..... \$1.05 1/2
Wool	..... \$1.05 1/2
Superior	..... \$1.05 1/2
Interior Extra	..... \$1.05 1/2
Interior Standard	..... \$1.05 1/2
Wool	..... \$1.05 1/2
Superior	..... \$1.05 1/2
Interior Extra	..... \$1.05 1/2
Interior Standard	..... \$1.05 1/2

Intelligence.

SAN FRANCISCO ITEMS.

Deaths during the week were 88. Miss Mary Stafford has taken the black veil, and is to be married to Edward J. Hooper, a veteran journalist on the 29th.

A new canning and packing company has been incorporated in the city. The total city and county receipts for the past year were \$3,876,070.30.

The cost of the telegraph line from the city for the past year was \$15,000.

A case of violation of the Sunday law has been decided against the defendant. Effort is being made to compel astrologers and "spirit-healers" to pay a city license.

Mrs. Henrietta McManis, widow, forty years of age, died on Monday, the 27th. Jonathan Moffit for fatally beating Dennis Reardon, has been found guilty of manslaughter.

Louis A. Garzell and John Howerton sue F. L. Low for damages by libel to the amount of \$100,000.

Adolph Schander, charged with manslaughter in the killing of James Adams, has been declared not guilty.

Charles E. Locke, formerly of the Bush Street Theater, has been arrested in Chicago on a charge of bigamy.

Mrs. Thomas Thompson, widow, had two ribs broken and several other injuries in a street-car accident on the 24th.

The grand jury, which for several years past has been out of favor, is again becoming a favorite with the city. Footage for the Supreme Court decides that the Attorney General has the right to be heard in all cases involving the revenue of the State.

The act of the Legislature in creating a new granting salaries to principal directors is declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court.

The Chamber of Commerce of San Francisco has created an invitation to the tariff commission to hold some of its sittings in that city.

Edward Farrell, a blacksmith, in a brawl with Hugh McHugh on the 24th, suffered a dislocation of the jaw and spine, resulting in his death.

Scandalous electric and magnetic healers are getting their dealers, A. Mallion, one of this class, lately had a case decided against him by a court.

James Smith, a native of Ireland, and 69 years of age, committed suicide on the 26th. Seven hundred dollars was found on the body of the deceased.

A stranger named Tilley, about 40 years of age, was charged with having shot and killed Michael McKenna in a drunken brawl, and has just been adjudged not guilty.

An annual registration, and is a charge and ceremony as if he were half a century younger.

Mrs. Flint, a young married woman, has just come to the city, and is the wife of a disappointed man who was known to be suffering under a temporary aberration of the mind.

Albert Hansel was thrown from a wagon on the 24th and killed. Also, in another similar accident on the same date, Thos. E. Kennedy, an eight-year-old lad, met his death.

The auditor's report shows the total valuation of San Francisco property to be \$291,028,182, including \$215,150,000 for personal property, \$42,906,626 money, \$7,195,328 city and town lots, \$108,477,048, and improvements thereon, \$44,122,223.

After months of labor, the holding of entertainments all over the coast for its benefit, lectures, talk and newspaper articles and bills, the Mexican Veterans' Association has had \$20,000 to credit for the purpose of a home.

In a suit to recover a bet, where the plaintiff sought to withdraw his part of the bet, Justice Ryan has decided that a person has the right to demand from the bet-holder a return of his money previous to the bet being decided.

The City of Sydney arrived two weeks ago from Australia with several Chinese immigrants. These, the collector of the port refused permission to land on the ground that the restrictions act would not permit it. Justice Field, before whom the matter was tried, decided the collector's act unlawful.

A conference of Union Pacific and Central Pacific officials, held during the week, decided that California shippers be guaranteed the same rates on freight from Omaha as is given to points in Nevada, Utah, Idaho and Montana. Also, that Colorado freights may be shipped over the Northern line at the same rate as by the southern route.

In 1780, Patrick McKean enlisted in the United States Army and served until after the close of the Mexican war, coming to Oregon in 1848. At the outbreak of the rebellion he again entered the service and bore a musket during the civil war. Now he is selling apples on a San Francisco street corner, and is, deceptively, almost sightless, and 67 years old.

August 21st, B. B. Redding, land agent of the Central Pacific Railroad, died from the effects of an apoplexy. Mr. Redding came to California in '48; mined on Pittsburg Bar, was a member of the Assembly from 1861 to 1865, and was one of the joint owners of the Sacramento State Journal; in '69 Mayor of Sacramento, and in 1868 was elected Secretary of State.

Judge Wynyard decides that acts of corporations by its officers, where the common seal of the organization is attached to papers therein, is binding. The decision is rendered in the case of the mortgage against the steamer Ferndale sought to be foreclosed. The defense relied upon the fact that the President and Secretary were not authorized by the company to make the mortgage.

In last week's items was mentioned the case of a person being taken to the City Hospital with a fractured skull, and with nothing but a couple of dollars. The patient lay in an unconscious state for five days, at the end of which time he died. Until then the medical men could find nothing but a mystery surrounding the case, but after his death it was discovered that the fatal injuries were inflicted by a California, probably with a hammer. The dead man's name was Geo. Koek.

A new political party known as the American Republic has been organized in San Francisco. At present little is generally known regarding this organization. F. J. Merwin is spoken of as its president here, and from him comes the information that the new party "will not take part in the coming State election, but before the next Presidential campaign will be organized in every State in the Union." The party is supposed to have had its inception in New England.

Sometimes since a captain of one of the Chinese immigrants arriving at San Francisco was fined \$11,000 for carrying an excess of passengers. Before the matter was decided the captain desired to depart with his ship, and her owners filed a bond to cover all claims the government might have against the vessel. But the fine against the captain and the ship is not responsible for its payment and cannot be held; the master is now without the jurisdiction of the court, and hence is no likelihood the money will ever be recovered.

A crusty old fellow once asked: "What is the reason that griffins, dragons and devils are ladies' favorite subjects for embroidery designs?" "Ah, because they are continually thinking of their husbands," was the lady's quick retort.

Deacon Smith of the Mount Calvary Baptist Church was fined \$2 and costs at Hartford for whipping a brother Baptist, who had changed him with a fondness for policy shops.

"I've a bang-up Christian and Brudger Lane's a liar," was the deacon's defense.

Somnambulism in Dogs.

There is something peculiar about somnambulism when considered from a scientific and philosophical standpoint. The sleep-walker, it will be found, still retains a dim idea, even while he strolls, of the condition of affairs which he went to sleep. For instance, if he leaves his clothes in a certain part of the room on retiring, he knows when he rises just where to find them, even in the dark. This is a question which opens up a wonderful field for physiological and mental research. While young and giddy we became a somnambulist, and we had a great deal of curiosity by our strange freaks during sleep, and this one question of the slumbering mind and its memory of facts existing prior to sleep, was the most remarkable thing about it all to us. We puzzled over that a good deal. At night we would retire to rest, and the next morning we would find, or rather we would know, we would wake up in a contiguous melon patch, and there would be two or three other somnambulists there in the same patch, and as much surprised as we were. Still there is the same truth staring us in the face. Every somnambulist there had through his sleep retained in his semi-conscious state perfect recollection of where every article of his clothing was, and how to get out of the melon patch, and by the owner of the melon patch procured, at great expense, a large, humorous bulldog, who was also a somnambulist. He walked in his sleep a good deal. That is why we are told that a bulldog, when he goes to sleep, he can do so, and he will hold to him, we made this resolution one night just after we had plugged a watermelon. While stooping over in the act, we felt a pang of conscience, and heard our suspenders break.

Perhaps the casual reader has never sat down on a buzz saw and felt him self gradually fading away. If so, he does not know what it is to form the acquaintance of a somnambulist bulldog in the prime of life. *Boomerang.*

A Large Deficit.

The London News estimates, the European deficit in food supplies for the current year at 793,000 tons of meat and 343,000,000 bushels of grain. The production and consumption are thus tabulated:

GRAIN—MILLION BUSHELS.	
United Kingdom	Production, 1,222,000; Consumption, 1,222,000.
Continental	Production, 1,430,000; Consumption, 1,430,000.
Europe	Production, 2,652,000; Consumption, 2,652,000.

MEAT—TONS.

Production.	
United Kingdom	1,740,000
Continental	6,572,000
Europe	8,312,000

This deficit must be made up almost wholly by America, and should mean good prices for us this season.

The Lost Locomotive.

There is now being retold the story of the locomotive which ran through a broken bridge on the Kansas Pacific railway across Kiowa Creek, several years ago, sinking in the mud at the bottom and has never since been heard from, though repeated efforts have been made, by digging and boring, to recover so valuable a property. The bottom is a quicksand, but even quicksands have limits, and it seems very singular that the longest boring rod has failed to find any trace of the sunken engine. By and by the story of the locomotive will train the quicksands and harden it into rock, and then long after the Kansas Pacific road has been forgotten, and the Kiowa Creek has vanished from the map, some future scientist will discover a curious piece of mechanism, undoubtedly the work of human hands, lying under so many hundred feet of undisturbed sandstone, and will use the fact as a basis for calculating how many million years old the human race must be. Thus history will repeat itself as it has done and will continue to do.

Rhode Island is the State that has the largest population in proportion to its area—the extreme smallness of the latter giving it an exceptional density of inhabitation. Massachusetts follows with its 222 to the square mile. No other is near it; but New Jersey is next conspicuous with its 152 to the square mile, and the 120 New York's great cities bring her fifth in the list, with 108 persons, in spite of her great extent. Five States only have a population between 100 and 50 to the square mile, these being Pennsylvania and Maryland, with about 95 each, Ohio with 78, Indiana and Illinois with 55. At the other end of the scale of States is Oregon, which contains 3 to the square mile, while even California and Nebraska are not quite 6. The Territories are all, of course, very thinly peopled in proportion to their areas, except the District of Columbia, if indeed this can be classified among them. The District naturally is far more densely populated than any of the States, having 2900 to the square mile; but obviously it is to be compared in this respect rather with cities, or communities containing cities. The first telegraphic message.—A letter written by Thomas Morse to his cousin, Mr. Thomas R. Walker, in 1844, a dozen years after the event alluded to, thus explained the selection of the Scriptural text, "What hath God wrought" which was the first telegraphic message sent from Washington to Baltimore: "This sentence was the first sentence transmitted by telegraph from Washington to Baltimore, and was the first sentence transmitted to him with a fondness for policy shops."

Steam Navigation on the Lakes.

Mr. T. C. Purdy, now special agent in charge of the statistics of navigation for the tenth census, has furnished some interesting facts in regard to the early progress of steam navigation on the northern lakes. The facts were obtained from the records in the office of the register of the treasury, which are somewhat incomplete, as that office was burned by the British soldiers August 24, 1814. Some surprise is expressed that the people along the northern lakes were so slow to adopt the use of steam, but it is not unlikely to have been due to the want of good harbors. Up to 1830 there had been built, according to these records, on the lakes, 11 steamers measuring 2128 tons, against 293 steamers measuring 50,860 tons on the western rivers, and 196 measuring 35,678 tons on the Atlantic and Gulf coast.

It appears that the steamer Ontario, built at Sackett's Harbor in 1816, was the first steamer that came out on the American side, and the Frontene was launched about the same time on the Canadian side. The Ontario measured 231 tons and had been engines, thirty four inch cylinders of four feet stroke, and she ran in 1827. The next steamer was the Superior, built at Sackett's Harbor in 1818, and the Walk in the Water, built at Black Rock in the same year. She measured 342 tons, and had low pressure engines, and she made her first trip up to Detroit in August 1818, and afterward traded as far as Mackinaw, and was finally wrecked on Nov. 1, 1820, at Buffalo. This steamer was built at Sackett's Harbor in 1820, and measured 623 tons, while at that date there were at least 70 on the western rivers, and 46 had been built on the Atlantic coast. In 1832 the Superior, measuring 346 tons, was built at Buffalo, and in the following year the Martha Ogden, of 48, was launched at Black Rock. The Pioneer, of 124 tons, came out in 1825 at Buffalo, followed in 1828 by the Niagara, of 156 tons, the Henry Clay, of 301 tons, and the Enterprise at Cleveland, measuring 219 tons. This, it appears was the first steamer built at Cleveland. The William Penn, of 214 tons, also came out in this year at Erie. One small steamer of 98 tons completes the list for this decade, making eight steamers, measuring 1595.13 tons.

The next decade followed in 1829 a total of 59 steamers, measuring 14,705 tons. In the first year of the decade no steamers were built on the lakes. In 1832 there were built three at Erie and one at Cleveland; in 1833, 1 at Oswego, 1 at Detroit, one at Sandusky, 1 at Sackett's Harbor; in 1834, 1 at Oswego, 1 at Erie, 5 at Detroit, 2 at Sandusky, and 1 at Cleveland; in 1835, 1 at Erie and 2 at Cleveland; in 1836, 1 at Oswego, 1 at Detroit; in 1837, 1 at Detroit, 1 at Miami (Toledo), 1 at Sandusky, and 3 at Cleveland; in 1838, 5 at Detroit, 2 at Miami, 1 at Sandusky, and 4 at Cleveland; in 1839, 1 at Oswego, 4 at Detroit, 2 at Sandusky, and 2 at Miami; in 1840, 3 at Detroit and 3 at Miami.

In 1855 the steamboat inspection service reports the number of steamers as follows: Licensed steamers, 128; measuring 68,989 tons; unlicensed, 112, measuring 21,252 tons. The next authentic statement for the northern lakes was in 1870, at which time there were 642 steamers, measuring 142,973,000 tons. In 1880 there were 973, measuring 224,857,69 tons, according to the records of the census office.

"The" Bank of the Coast.

In accordance with this to the Pacific Bank, corner of Pine and Sansome streets, we feel that we are doing an act of simple justice which business men will ratify without dissent. In all the elements of command and commanding success, the Pacific Bank stands the list. It has ample resources, yields its dividends with the regularity of the seasons, and is adding every year from the residue of its profits to its assets. Its progress in the last fifteen years has been constant. In the year, the volume of its business increased nearly sixty per cent. These things, together with its continuance under the able management of Dr. R. H. McDonald and its able Directory, are an earnest of the continued success of this Bank in this great and growing Pacific country.

AN OPEN LETTER.

SAN FRANCISCO, AUGUST 24, 1882.
GENTLEMEN: NEW ENGLAND BAKING POWDER (purchased by me in open market). I have carefully analyzed. I find it properly compounded and free from all adulterations. Its only constituents, bicarbonate of soda and cream of tartar, are present in correct chemical proportions, so that it gives off the greatest possible quantity of carbon-acid gas.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER I have also carefully analyzed from samples bought in this city in open market, and I find it composed of Bi-Carbonate of Soda and Cream of Tartar—and also, in addition, a large percentage of Starch and Ammonia Carbonate. The starch naturally reduces the strength of the powder, but this is partially made up by ammonia gas evolved.

I have no hesitation in stating emphatically that the NEW ENGLAND BAKING POWDER—judged from chemical or medical standpoint—is **THE BEST**, being perfectly wholesome and possessing the greatest strength. (Signed),
Wm. D. JOHNSON, M. D.
Analytical Chemist.

We submit the above reliable testimony—in addition to that already given—on the merits of the NEW ENGLAND BAKING POWDER.

Dr. Johnston is a chemist of high standing in this community, and his certificate carries more weight here than scores of others from Eastern chemists, of whom Californians know nothing. The NEW ENGLAND POWDER is a Cream of Tartar powder. We claim that a baking powder should consist of these two ingredients only, and contend that powders which contain Ammonia, Alum, Starch, Flour, Tartaric Acid or any other cheap substances, cannot properly be called Cream of Tartar and Bi-Carb Soda Powders. It is an imposition on consumers to represent them as such.

Can any Eastern manufacturer, whose Powder is sold in this market, truthfully claim that it is composed of Cream of Tartar and Bi-Carb Soda only?

NEWTON BROS. & Co.

SARBORO & Co.
The popular grocers, 521 Washington street, San Francisco, Cal., supply many of the Catholic and non-Catholic institutions both here and beyond the city. It is noticeable that all who deal with their knowledge to a saving of ten per cent. Country orders made promptly and supplied free of charge. Send for our price list and judge for yourselves.

It affords us pleasure to refer to the successful introduction of the Hot-Water System, by C. D. Harvey, of 213 Mission street, San Francisco, Cal., in heating and warming and ventilating of public and private buildings. Over 170 private residences in San Francisco, and 27 public buildings, including 6 State buildings, 8 schools and 3 hospitals testify of its merits. To-day the Harvey System stands foremost on this coast—superceding steam and hot air.

WILLIAM D. JOHNSTON'S ASSAY OFFICE

CHEMICAL LABORATORY
Nos. 118 and 120 Hallock Street
(Near Leidesdorff, San Francisco.)

Careful Analysis made of Ores, Metals, Soils, Waters, Etc. Medical-legal investigations a specialty. Devoting special attention to all work entrusted to my care, my patrons may confidently rely on always obtaining the best results.

HEATING APPARATUS.
Plans with estimate of cost for warming and Ventilating Public or Private Buildings Furnished on Application.
5013 MISSION ST., San Francisco, Cal.

ANTISELL PIANOS AND ORGANS

10,000 Pianos
1,000 Organs
Rheumatism, Neuritis, General Debility, Sleeplessness, Head or Back Ache, Incipient or Partial Paralysis, Cramps, and Deficient Circulation of the Blood.

GRAY'S GALVANIC GIRDLE

This belt has stood trial and been found superior to any offered. It is not an assertion, but a fact as proven. It is the only girdle constructed on purely scientific principles, and the only one through which the electric current can be conducted so as to affect the body in a manner which will give relief, and in most cases complete cure. The following testimonials should speak for itself. It is from a number of our best and largest mail contracting firms in San Francisco, and therefore, its genuineness can not be questioned. Mr. Patton is of the firm of J. B. White & Co., Mill Contractors, 230 Pine street.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 19, 1882.
Dr. Gray's—Dear Sir: Having used your Galvanic Girdle for rheumatism in my hip, I can heartily recommend it for that class of diseases, as it gave me immediate relief, and great relief from the pain of rheumatism in rheumatism, where I have advised its use.
Yours,
THOS. J. PATTON.

Communications regarding this belt should be addressed, "W. C. Brown," 622 Clay St.

HALL'S SARSAPARILLA

THE BEST BLOOD PURIFIER AND Tonic Alternative in use.

It quickly cures all diseases originating from a disordered state of the Blood or Liver. RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, BLOTCHES, BOILS, PIMPLES, SCROFULA, GOUT, DROPSY, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, AND MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, readily yield to its purifying properties. It leaves the BLOOD PURE the LIVER and KIDNEYS healthy, the COMPLEXION BRIGHT and CLEAR.

For Sale by all Druggists.
J. R. GATZERT, Sole Proprietors, San Francisco, Cal.

SEVENTEENTH EXHIBITION OF THE MECHANICS' INSTITUTE

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Opens August 15, Closes September 16.

This will be the time to visit the city.
P. B. CORNWELL, J. H. CULVER, President, Secretary.

BUCKLAND Patent Buggy Gear

PAINTED AND READY FOR USE. PRICE \$30.00. Invered on the cars. Patented March 15 and August 2, 1881. In use 2 years. Gives perfect satisfaction.

USED FOR BUGGIES, BUCKBOARDS and SPRING WAGONS.
Shop, County and State Rights For Sale for All Territory not sold.

BEST, SILENT and CHEAPEST GEAR IN THE WORLD!
Selling fast. Send in orders early. Will trade patent rights for cash or any good property.
W. H. MATTHEWS & Co., Agents for sale of Patents, 84 Kearny St., So. Fr., Cal.
GEO. G. BUCKLAND, Sole Manufacturer and Patentee, Tular City, California.

NEW ENGLAND BAKING POWDER

Established 1863.
CAPITAL STOCK \$1,000,000.00
Surplus 460,800.76

San Francisco, Cal. July 1, 1882.

We take pleasure in presenting for your consideration the following Thirty eighth Annual Statement of the condition of this Bank:

RESOURCES.	
Bank Premiums	..... \$150,000.00
Silver Rent Estate	..... 12,955.93
United States Bonds	..... 636,507.60
Loans and Discounts	..... 15,181.55
Land Association Stock	..... 1,745,000.00
Due from Banks	..... 527,379.00
Money on Hand	..... 62,305.19
Total	..... \$2,390,909.27

LIABILITIES.	
Capital paid up	..... \$1,000,000.00
Surplus	..... 400,800.76
Due Depositors	..... 637,491.39
Dividends unpaid	..... 1,517.12
Total	..... \$2,390,909.27

From our long experience in this city, we have a thorough knowledge of banking in all its details. Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to us.

Correspondence invited.

We keep on hand 143 grades in the Wheat, Grain and Flour market, and are prepared at all times to furnish the highest quality of Flour and other approved merchandise in warehouse. Investments made on Commission, and special attention given to the negotiation of first-class loans of cities, counties, and other corporations.

Bills of Exchange bought and sold on the principal cities of the United States, Europe, Mexico and Central America.

Telegraphic transfers made with New York, London, Liverpool, and the great ports of the United States; also cable transfers to Europe.

Letters of Credit and Commercial Credits issued payable all over the Union.

Loans made on good collateral or approved names. Good Real Estate Notes and Bonds discounted at lowest market rates.

This Bank has special facilities for making collections on all points, which will be remitted to you.

R. H. McDonald, President.

R. H. HERRING, MANUFACTURER OF FINE FURNITURE

Mantels, House, Bank AND Office Fittings, IN PACIFIC COAST WOODS A SPECIALTY.
429 and 431 FOURTH ST., CORNER of SILVER. --- SAN FRANCISCO. DESIGNS FURNISHED.

WILLIAM D. JOHNSTON'S ASSAY OFFICE

Established 1854.
HAY AND GRAIN
Commission Merchants

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED.

39 CLAY STREET, San Francisco, California.

WILLIAM D. JOHNSTON'S ASSAY OFFICE
CHEMICAL LABORATORY
Nos. 118 and 120 Hallock Street (Near Leidesdorff, San Francisco.)

WILLIAM D. JOHNSTON'S ASSAY OFFICE

39 CLAY STREET, San Francisco, California.

WILLIAM D. JOHNSTON'S ASSAY OFFICE
CHEMICAL LABORATORY
Nos. 118 and 120 Hallock Street (Near Leidesdorff, San Francisco.)

PHENOLINE.

FOR THE CURE OF DIPHThERIA, SORE THROAT, QUINZY, AND TONSILLITIS.

This wonderful compound embraces all the virtues of Phenol, Iodine and Eucalyptol, and is GUARANTEED to effect a safe and PERMANENT CURE.

OF the above disease.

The researchers of Pasteur, Koch and Talamon have proven that the morbid poison which gives rise to diphtheria is a parasitic organism. This parasitic organism is found in the throat of the patient suffering from the disease, and after death in the kidneys. The PHENOLINE acts as a safe and efficient destroyer of these germs, both in the throat and blood, and its application is being sufficient to remove the diphtheric membrane and assure the life of the patient.

May feel perfectly safe in the attacks of Diphtheria, which has destroyed the lives of so many patients, by using this Phenoline. It kills the parasites of the throat, and immediately subdues the inflammation, and every trial will suffice to secure it a welcome in every family.

Directors for use accompany each box.

PRICE..... \$3.00
Wholesale Agents, REDINGTON & CO., 529 and 531 MARKET ST. S. F.

JOHN WIGMORE

Hardwood Lumber, Cabinet Woods, Veneers SHIP TIMBER, LOCUST TREENAILS, DECK PLUGS, 120 to 147 Spear St. AND 26 and 28 Howard Street, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

FOR THE BEST IMPROVED ARTIFICIAL LIMBS MENZIO SPRING, 9 Geary St., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. OFFICE 5.

This shows the

BUCKLAND Patent Buggy Gear

PAINTED AND READY FOR USE. PRICE \$30.00. Invered on the cars. Patented March 15 and August 2, 1881. In use 2 years. Gives perfect satisfaction.

USED FOR BUGGIES, BUCKBOARDS and SPRING WAGONS.
Shop, County and State Rights For Sale for All Territory not sold.

BEST, SILENT and CHEAPEST GEAR IN THE WORLD!
Selling fast. Send in orders early. Will trade patent rights for cash or any good property.
W. H. MATTHEWS & Co., Agents for sale of Patents, 84 Kearny St., So. Fr., Cal.
GEO. G. BUCKLAND, Sole Manufacturer and Patentee, Tular City, California.